1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assembly Amendment (AA-AB174)

Received: 10/27/1999					Received By: olsenje			
Wanted	: Soon		Identical to LRB:					
For: David Travis (608) 266-5340 This file may be shown to any legislator: NO					By/Representing: Bill Drafter: olsenje			
Subject: Criminal Law - guns and weapons					Extra Copies: MGD			
Pre To	pic:							
No spec	cific pre topic gi	iven						
Topic:								
Absolut	te sobriety							
Instruc	ctions:		*				-	
See Atta	ached							
Draftin	ng History:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u></u>	
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required	
/1	olsenje 10/27/1999	jgeller 10/28/1999	kfollet 10/28/19	99	lrb_docadmin 10/28/1999	lrb_docadr 10/28/1999		
FE Sent	t For:							

<END>

1999 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assembly Amendment (AA-AB174)

Received By: olsenje Received: 10/27/1999 Identical to LRB: Wanted: Soon By/Representing: Bill For: David Travis (608) 266-5340 Drafter: olsenje This file may be shown to any legislator: NO Alt. Drafters: May Contact: Extra Copies: Criminal Law - guns and weapons **MGD** Subject: **Pre Topic:** No specific pre topic given Topic: Absolute sobriety **Instructions:** See Attached **Drafting History:** Reviewed **Submitted Jacketed** Required Vers. **Drafted**

FE Sent For:

olsenje

/1

<END>

STATE OF WISCONSIN – **LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU** – LEGAL SECTION (608–266–3561)

				(a0859)
Travis	-by Bill	AB-174	Simple	ameniment ODBAL cintex. Hun alcohol
	J		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
FY.	off- Ledy	Officer o	loing this	O.O. Bre
		U	<i></i>	catex.
	0.0 Ba			
	Dupawnent	for out	hing other	Huan alcohol
	V		<i>J</i> —	
•				
2				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
6				

340.01(1v)

(1v) (intro.) "Alcohol concentration" means any of the following:

340.01(1v)(a)

(a) The number of grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of a person's blood.

340.01(1v)(b)

(b) The number of grams of alcohol per 210 liters of a person's breath.

340.01(46m)

(46m) (intro.) "Prohibited alcohol concentration" means one of the following:

340.01(46m)(a)

(a) If the person has one or no prior convictions, suspensions or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), an alcohol concentration of 0.1 or more.

340.01(46m)(b)

(b) If the person has 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.

885.235

885.235 Chemical tests for intoxication.

885.235(1)

(1) (intro.) In this section:

885.235(1)(a)

(a) "Alcohol concentration" means the number of grams of alcohol in 100 milliliters of a person's blood or the number of grams of alcohol in 210 liters of a person's breath.

885.235(1)(b)

(b) "Controlled substance" has the meaning specified in s. 961.01 (4).

885.235(1)(bd)

(bd) "Controlled substance analog" has the meaning given in s. 961.01 (4m).

885.235(1)(c)

(c) "Drug" has the meaning specified in s. 450.01 (10).

885.235(1g)

(1g) (intro.) In any action or proceeding in which it is material to prove that a person was under the influence of an intoxicant or had a prohibited alcohol concentration or a specified alcohol concentration while operating or driving a motor vehicle or, if the vehicle is a commercial motor vehicle, on duty time, while operating a motorboat, except a sailboat operating under sail alone, while operating a snowmobile, while operating an all-terrain vehicle or while handling a firearm,

evidence of the amount of alcohol in the person's blood at the time in question, as shown by chemical analysis of a sample of the person's blood or urine or evidence of the amount of alcohol in the person's breath, is admissible on the issue of whether he or she was under the influence of an intoxicant or had a prohibited alcohol concentration or a specified alcohol concentration if the sample was taken within 3 hours after the event to be proved. The chemical analysis shall be given effect as follows without requiring any expert testimony as to its effect:

885.235(1g)(a)

(a)

885.235(1g)(a)1.

1. The fact that the analysis shows that the person had an alcohol concentration of more than 0.0 but less than 0.08 is relevant evidence on the issue of being under the combined influence of alcohol and a controlled substance, a controlled substance analog or any other drug, but, except as provided in par. (d) or sub. (1m), is not to be given any prima facie effect.

885.235(1g)(a)2.

2. The fact that the analysis shows that the person had an alcohol concentration of more than 0.0 but less than 0.1 is relevant evidence on the issue of being under the combined influence of alcohol and a controlled substance, a controlled substance analog or any other drug but, except as provided in par. (d) or sub. (1m), is not to be given any prima facie effect.

885.235(1g)(b)

(b) Except with respect to the operation of a commercial motor vehicle as provided in par. (d), the fact that the analysis shows that the person had an alcohol concentration of more than 0.04 but less than 0.1 is relevant evidence on the issue of intoxication or an alcohol concentration of 0.1 or more but is not to be given any prima facie effect.

885.235(1g)(bd)

(bd) Except with respect to the operation of a commercial motor vehicle as provided in par. (d), the fact that the analysis shows that the person had an alcohol concentration of more than 0.04 but less than 0.08 is relevant evidence on the issue of intoxication or an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, but is not to be given any prima facie effect.

885.235(1g)(c)

(c) The fact that the analysis shows that the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.1 or more is prima facie evidence that he or she was under the influence of an intoxicant and is prima facie evidence that he or she had an alcohol concentration of 0.1 or more.

885.235(1g)(cd)

(cd) In cases involving persons who have 2 or more prior convictions, suspensions or revocations, as counted under s. 343.307 (1), the fact that the analysis shows that the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more is prima facie evidence that he or she was under the influence of an intoxicant and is prima facie evidence that he or she had an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.

885.235(1g)(d)

(d) The fact that the analysis shows that the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more is prima facie evidence that he or she was under the influence of an intoxicant with respect to operation of a commercial motor vehicle and is prima facie evidence that he or she had an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more.

885.235(1m)

(1m) In any action under s. 23.33 (4c) (a) 3., 30.681 (1) (bn), 346.63 (2m) or (7) or 350.101 (1) (c), evidence of the amount of alcohol in the person's blood at the time in question, as shown by chemical analysis of a sample of the person's blood or urine or evidence of the amount of alcohol in the person's breath, is admissible on the issue of whether he or she had an alcohol concentration in the range specified in s. 23.33 (4c) (a) 3., 30.681 (1) (bn), 346.63 (2m) or 350.101 (1) (c) or an alcohol concentration above 0.0 under s. 346.63 (7) if the sample was taken within 3 hours after the event to be proved. The fact that the analysis shows that the person had an alcohol concentration of more than 0.0 but not more than 0.1 is prima facie evidence that the person had an alcohol concentration in the range specified in s. 23.33 (4c) (a) 3., 30.681 (1) (bn), 346.63 (2m) or 350.101 (1) (c) or an alcohol concentration above 0.0 under s. 346.63 (7).

885.235(2)

(2) The concentration of alcohol in the blood shall be taken prima facie to be three-fourths of the concentration of alcohol in the urine.

885.235(3)

(3) If the sample of breath, blood or urine was not taken within 3 hours after the event to be proved, evidence of the amount of alcohol in the person's blood or breath as shown by the chemical analysis is admissible only if expert testimony establishes its probative value and may be given prima facie effect only if the effect is established by expert testimony.

885.235(4)

(4) The provisions of this section relating to the admissibility of chemical tests for alcohol concentration or intoxication shall not be construed as limiting the introduction of any other competent evidence bearing on the question of whether or not a person was under the influence of an intoxicant, had a specified alcohol concentration or had an alcohol concentration in the range specified in s. 23.33 (4c) (a) 3., 30.681 (1) (bn), 346.63 (2m) or 350.101 (1) (c).



State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

1999-2000 LEGISLATURE

10:00 am

10:00 am

LRBa0859/1 JEO:_X.....

ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT, TO 1999 ASSEMBLY BILL 174

1	At the locations indicated, amend the bill as follows:
2	1. Page 2, line 1: delete that line and substitute:
3	"Section 1g. 167.31 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
4	167.31 (1) (am) "Alcohol concentration" has the meaning given in s. 340.01 (1v).
5	SECTION 1h. 167.31 (1) (ft) of the statutes is created to read:
6	167.31 (1) (ft) "Under the influence of an intoxicant" means that the actor's
7	ability to handle a firearm is materially impaired because of his or her consumption
8	of a controlled substance, as defined under s. 961.01 (4), a controlled substance
9	analog, as defined in s. 961.01 (4m), or any other drug, as defined in s. 450.01 (10),
10	or because of his or her consumption of any combination of an alcohol beverage, a
11	controlled substance, a controlled substance analog or any other drug.
12	SECTION 1m. 167.31 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:"

	2. Page 2, line 10: after "roadway" insert "if, at the time that he or she places,
,	possesses, transports, loads or discharges the firearm, the peace officer does not have
	an alcohol concentration of more than 0.0 and is not under the influence of an intoxicant".
	3. Page 2, line 19: delete that line and substitute "discharges a firearm from
	a vehicle if, at the time that he or she discharges the firearm, the peace officer does
	not have an alcohol concentration of more than 0.0 and is not under the influence of
	an intoxicant, as defined in s. 167.31 (1) (ft).".
	4. Page 3, line 3: delete lines 3 to 5 and substitute:
	"941.235 (2) (intro.) This section Subsection (1) does not apply to peace officers
	or armed any of the following:"
	5. Page 3, line 10: after that line insert:
	"Section 7d. 941.235 (2) (a) of the statutes is created to read:
	941.235 (2) (a) A peace officer if, at the time that he or she goes armed with the
	firearm, the peace officer does not have an alcohol concentration of more than 0.0 and
	is not under the influence of an intoxicant, as defined in s. 167.31 (1) (ft).".

(END)