2001 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assen	ably Substitu	ute Amendn	ent (ASA	-AB217)	•		
Received: 09/06/2001					Received By: agary		
Wanted: As time permits					Identical to LRB:		
For: Rick Skindrud (608) 266-3520					By/Representing: Alan Colvin (aide)		
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO					Drafter: agary		
May Contact:					Addl. Drafters:		
Subject: Beverages - miscellaneous					Extra Copies: RCT		
Submit	via email: NO						
Pre Top	oic:				· · ·		,
No spec	ific pre topic g	iven					
Topic:	<u> </u>						
Fruit-bas	sed intoxicating	g liquor					
Instruc	tions:						<u> </u>
See Atta	ched. Was so	130 but reentere	ed to obtain	new number	because of lost sub	jacket.	
Draftin	g History:			,			-
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required
/?	agary 09/06/2001	jdyer 09/06/2001					
/1			pgreensl 09/06/20	01	lrb_docadmin 09/06/2001	lrb_docadn 09/06/2001	
FE Sent	For:		÷				

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FE Sent For:

2001 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assembly Substitute Amendment (ASA-AB217)

Received: 09/06/2001 Received By: agary Wanted: As time permits Identical to LRB: For: Rick Skindrud (608) 266-3520 By/Representing: Alan Colvin (aide) This file may be shown to any legislator: NO Drafter: agary May Contact: Addl. Drafters: Beverages - miscellaneous Subject: Extra Copies: **RCT** Submit via email: NO Pre Topic: No specific pre topic given Topic: Fruit-based intoxicating liquor **Instructions:** See Attached. Was s0130 but reentered to obtain new number because of lost sub jacket. **Drafting History:** Vers. **Drafted** Reviewed Proofed Submitted **Jacketed** Required /? agary



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State of Misconsin 2001 - 2002 LEGISLATURE

5000 plot

CO166/ LRBs013012-ARG:jld:kjf

ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT,

TO 2001 ASSEMBLY BILL 217



J. Note

AN ACT to amena 125.52 (1) and 125.68 (2); and to create 125.52 (1) (c) 1., 125.52

(1) (c) 2. and 125.52 (1) (c) 3. of the statutes; relating to: sales of fruit-based intoxicating liquor for consumption off the premises where manufactured or rectified, and taste samples for consumption on the premises.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 125.52 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.52 (1) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES. (a) The department shall issue manufacturers' and rectifiers' permits which authorize the manufacture or rectification, respectively, of intoxicating liquor on the premises covered by the permit. A person holding a manufacturer's or rectifier's permit may manufacture, bottle or wholesale wine, pursuant to the terms of the permit, without procuring a winery permit.

- (b) A manufacturer's or rectifier's permit entitles the permittee to sell intoxicating liquor to wholesalers from the premises described in the permit. Holders of rectifiers' permits may also sell intoxicating liquor rectified by the permittee to retailers without any other permit. No sales may be made for consumption on the premises of the permittee.
- (d) Possession of a permit under this section does not authorize the permittee to sell tax-free intoxicating liquor and wines brought into this state under s. 139.03 (5).

SECTION 2. 125.52 (1) (c) 1. of the statutes is created to read:

125.52 (1) (c) 1. Subject to subd. 3., a manufacturer's or rectifier's permit authorizes the retail sale from the premises covered by the permit to a person who does not hold a license or permit under this chapter, for consumption off the premises where sold, of intoxicating liquor that is manufactured or rectified on the premises and that is manufactured or rectified exclusively from fermented fruit juice. The department may prescribe additional regulations for the sale of intoxicating liquor under this subdivision, if the additional regulations do not conflict with the requirements applicable to holders of "Class B" licenses.

SECTION 3. 125.52 (1) (c) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

125.52 (1) (c) 2 Subject to subd. 3. and notwithstanding s. 125.09 (1), a manufacturer's or rectifier's permit also authorizes the provision from the premises covered by the permit of taste samples, for consumption on the premises where provided, of intoxicating liquor that is manufactured or rectified on the premises and that is manufactured or rectified exclusively from fermented fruit juice. A permittee may only provide taste samples under this subdivision between the hours of 10 a.m. and 7 p.m. No permittee may provide more than 3 taste samples per day to any one

person, and each taste sample shall be provided separately and may not exceed one—half fluid ounce. Any taste sample provided under this subdivision shall be provided free of any direct or indirect charge. Notwithstanding s. 125.07 (1) (a) 1., no permittee may provide taste samples under this subdivision to any underage person.

SECTION 4. 125.52 (1) (c) 3. of the statutes is created to read:

125.52 (1) (c) 3. This paragraph applies only to a permittee that annually produces no more than 25,000 liters of intoxicating liquor manufactured or rectified exclusively from fermented fruit juice on the premises covered by the permit.

SECTION 5. 125.68 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.68 (2) OPERATORS' LICENSES; "CLASS Az," "CLASS BZ-OR," "CLASS C," AND OTHER PREMISES. Except as provided under s. 125.07 (3) (a) 10., no premises operated under a "Class A" or "Class C" license or under a "Class B" license or permit may be open for business, and no person who holds a manufacturer's or rectifier's permit may allow the sale or provision of taste samples of intoxicating liquor on the manufacturing or rectifying premises as provided in s. 125.52 (1) (c) 1. or 2., unless there is upon the premises either the licensee or permittee, the agent named in the license or permit if the licensee or permittee is a corporation or limited liability company, or some person who has an operator's license and who is responsible for the acts of all persons selling or serving any intoxicating liquor to customers. An operator's license issued in respect to a vessel under s. 125.51 (5) (c) is valid outside the municipality that issues it. For the purpose of this subsection, any person holding a manager's license issued under s. 125.18 or any member of the licensee's or permittee's immediate family who has attained the age of 18 shall be considered the holder of an operator's license. No person, including a member of the licensee's

or permittee's immediate family, other than the licensee, permittee or agent may serve or sell alcohol beverages in any place operated under a "Class A" or "Class C" license or under a "Class B" license or permit unless he or she has an operator's license or is at least 18 years of age and is under the immediate supervision of the licensee, permittee or agent or a person holding an operator's license, who is on the premises at the time of the service.

(END)

SO166/1 du LRBs018072dn ARG:jld:kjf

September 4, 2001

The attached draft reorganizes and makes two substantive changes to proposed s. 125.52(1)(b) 2. as it appears in LRBs0130/1:

- 1. A sentence is added to clarify that the taste samples must be provided free of any direct or indirect charge.
- 2. A sentence is added restricting the privileges afforded by this provision (now paragraph (c)) to manufacturers or rectifiers that annually produce no more than 25,000 liters of the specified intoxicating liquor on the premises covered by the permit. As requested, this 25,000 liter limit is a per premises limit, not an aggregate limit. A manufacturer or rectifier with production volume approaching the limit could commence operations at another location and, between the two locations, produce an aggregate of more than 25,000 liters without forfeiting the privileges afforded by this provision. However, the language of the provision restricts the privileges to intoxicating liquor produced on the premises. Accordingly, a manufacturer or rectifier could not produce the specified intoxicating liquor from a second location and sell it at the first. In addition, each separate location must have its own permit issued by the department of revenue (DOR), and under s. 125.52 (7), DOR may not issue more than two such permits to any person.

The attached draft also makes a clarification change to amended s. 125.52 (1) (b) of the draft by inserting the term "to wholesalers" to avoid any confusion between those sales permissible to all intoxicating liquor manufacturers and rectifiers under par. (b) of the draft and those sales permissible only to specified and qualifying manufacturers and rectifiers under par. (c) of the draft.

If you have any questions, comments, or concerns, please call.

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6926

2001 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assembly Substitute Amendment (ASA-AB217)				
Received: 05/23/2001	Received By: agary			
Wanted: As time permits	Identical to LRB:			
For: Rick Skindrud (608) 266-3520	By/Representing: Russ Whitesel - LC Drafter: agary			
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO				
May Contact:	Addl. Drafters:			
Subject: Beverages - miscellaneous	Extra Copies: RCT			
Submit via email: NO				
Requester's email:				
Pre Topic: No specific pre topic given				
Topic: Fruit-based intoxicating liquor				
Instructions:				
Want free taste samples on premises only for consumption on p manufacturer/rectifier to make sales to consumers only, not to r premises only to be carried away from the premises, not for con are to be one-half ounce each, and limited to 3 separate samples Time period is 10-7.	etailers, and sales must be made from the sumption on the premises. Taste samples			
Drafting History:				
<u>Vers.</u> <u>Drafted</u> <u>Reviewed</u> <u>Typed</u> <u>Proofed</u>	Submitted Jacketed Required			
/1 agary jdyer pgreensl	lrb_docadmin			

05/31/2001 12:10:35 PM Page 2

FE Sent For:

<END>

2001 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assembly Substitute Amendment (ASA-AB217)

. Received: 05/23/2001

Received By: agary

Wanted: As time permits

Identical to LRB:

For: Rick Skindrud (608) 266-3520

By/Representing: Russ Whitesel - LC

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: agary

May Contact:

Alt. Drafters:

Subject:

Beverages - miscellaneous

Extra Copies:

RCT

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Fruit-based intoxicating liquor

Instructions:

Want free taste samples on premises only for consumption on premises only. Want to allow manufacturer/rectifier to make sales to consumers only, not to retailers, and sales must be made from the premises only to be carried away from the premises, not for consumption on the premises. Taste samples are to be one-half ounce each, and limited to 3 separate samples. Can't ask for all 3 samples in one glass. Time period is 10-7.

Drafting History:

Vers.

Drafted

Reviewed

Proofed

Submitted

Jacketed

Required

/P1

agary

FE Sent For:

<END>

2001 - 2002 LEGISLATURE

Assembly Substitute Amendant,

ARG:jld:pg

70 2001 ASSEMBLY BILL 217

5000 m 5/30/01

March 15, 2001 - Introduced by Representatives Skindrud, Amsworth, Berceau, Black Plouff and Place, cosponsored by Senator Erpenbach Referred to Committee on State Affairs.

Regen

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AN ACT to amend 125.52 (1) and 125.68 (2); and to create 125.52 (1) (b) 2. of the

statutes; relating to: sales was sales for fruit-based intoxicating liquor

for consumption of the premises where manufactured or rectified for taste samples for consumption on the premises

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, alcohol beverages are generally distributed to consumers under a three-tier distribution system: the manufacturer may sell only to a wholesaler or rectifier (a person who blends, refines, or purifies distribed spirits or wines); the wholesaler or rectifier may sell only to a wholesaler or to a retailer; the retailer may sell only to the consumer. With specific exceptions, no person may sell outside the three-tier system and no person may sell alcohol beverages to a consumer unless the seller possesses a license or permit authorizing the sale.

This bill creates an exception to allow a manufacturer or rectifier to sell, or provide free taste samples, directly to consumers, for consumption on or off the premises where sold, intoxicating liquor that is manufactured or rectified on the premises, if the intoxicating liquor is manufactured or rectified exclusively from fermented fruit juice, such as brandy. Intoxicating liquor made from or containing grain may not be sold under this exception. Like the requirements that apply to the sale of alcohol beverages to be consumed on the premises where sold, this bill requires that the licensed person, or a person possessing an operator's license or manager's license, be on the premises whenever such sales are made. The bill also allows the department of revenue to regulate sales under this exception, but the regulations must be consistent with requirements that apply to "Class B" licensees

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(persons licensed to sell intoxicating liquor to be consumed on the premises, such as taverns).

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 125.52 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.52 (1) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES. (a) The department shall issue manufacturers' and rectifiers' permits which authorize the manufacture or rectification, respectively, of intoxicating liquor on the premises covered by the permit. A person holding a manufacturer's or rectifier's permit may manufacture, bottle or wholesale wine, pursuant to the terms of the permit, without procuring a winery permit.

- (b) 1. A manufacturer's or rectifier's permit entitles the permittee to sell intoxicating liquor from the premises described in the permit. Holders of rectifiers' permits may sell intoxicating liquor rectified by the permittee to retailers without any other permit. No plain sales may be made for consumption on the premises of the permittee.
- 3. Possession of a permit under this section does not authorize the permittee to sell tax—free intoxicating liquor and wines brought into this state under s. 139.03 (5).

SECTION 2. 125.52 (1) (b) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

125.52 (1) (b) 2. Motwithstanding s. 125.09 (1), a munufacturer's or rectifier's permit authorizes the retail sale and the provision of taste samples free of charge of intoxicating liquor that is manufactured or rectified on the premises and that is manufactured or rectified exclusively from fermented fruit juice, for consumption on



ASSEMBLY BILL 217

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The department may prescribe additional regulations for the sale of intoxicating liquor under this subdivision, if the additional regulations do not conflict with the requirements applicable to holders of "Class B" licenses.

SECTION 3. 125.68 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.68 (2) OPERATORS' LICENSES; "CLASS A", " "CLASS B" OR " "CLASS C," AND OTHER PREMISES. Except as provided under s. 125.07 (3) (a) 10., no premises operated under a "Class A" or "Class C" license or under a "Class B" license or permit may be open for business, and no person who holds a manufacturer's or rectifier's permit may allow the sale or provision of taste samples of intoxicating liquor on the manufacturing or rectifying premises as provided in s. 125.52 (1) (b) 2., unless there is upon the premises either the licensee or permittee, the agent named in the license or permit if the licensee or permittee is a corporation or limited liability company, or some person who has an operator's license and who is responsible for the acts of all persons selling or serving any intoxicating liquor to customers. An operator's license issued in respect to a vessel under s. 125.51 (5) (c) is valid outside the municipality that issues it. For the purpose of this subsection, any person holding a manager's license issued under s. 125.18 or any member of the licensee's or permittee's immediate family who has attained the age of 18 shall be considered the holder of an operator's license. No person, including a member of the licensee's or permittee's immediate family, other than the licensee, permittee or agent may serve or sell alcohol beverages in any place operated under a "Class A" or "Class C" license or under a "Class B" license or permit unless he or she has an operator's license or is at least 18 years of age and is under the immediate supervision of the licensee,

ASSEMBLY BILL 217

1 permittee or agent or a person holding an operator's license, who is on the premises

2 at the time of the service.

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(END)

2001–2002 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

(ingr.

A manufacturer's or rectifier's permit authorizes the retail sale from the premises covered by the permit to a person who does not hold a license or permit under this chapter, for consumption off the premises where sold, of intoxicating liquor that is manufactured or rectified on the premises and that is manufactured or rectified exclusively from fermented fruit juice. Notwithstanding s. 125.09 (1), a manufacturer's or rectifier's permit also authorizes the provision from the premises covered by the permit of taste samples free of charge, for consumption on the premises where provided, of intoxicating liquor that is manufactured or rectified on the premises and that is manufactured or rectified exclusively from fermented fruit juice. A permittee may only provide taste samples under this subdivision between the hours of 10 a.m. and 7 p.m. No permittee may provide more than 3 taste samples per day to any one person, and each taste sample must be provided separately and may not exceed one—half fluid ounce. Notwithstanding s. 125.07 (1) (a) 1., no permittee may provide taste samples under this subdivision to any underage person.

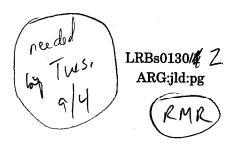
Meeting with Russ Whitesel of LC. 6-0922. Need two changes to draft:

1. Page 2, line 16. Modify "free of charge" to clarify that there cannot be any direct or indirect charge. For example, cannot circumvent restrictions by imposing a door charge or other hidden or indirect charge and then calling it a "free" taste sample.

2. Limit who is entitled to the exception based upon volume - no more than 25,000 liters produced per site per year. But this limit is per location, not aggregate. Same person could have two locations produce 25,000 each.

ARG

2001 - 2002 LEGISLATURE



ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT, TO 2001 ASSEMBLY BILL 217



Regen

AN ACT to amend 125.52 (1) and 125.68 (2); and to create 125.52 (1) (b) 2. of the statutes; relating to: sales of fruit-based intoxicating liquor for consumption off the premises where manufactured or rectified, and taste samples for consumption on the premises.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 125.52 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.52 (1) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES. (a) The department shall issue manufacturers' and rectifiers' permits which authorize the manufacture or rectification, respectively, of intoxicating liquor on the premises covered by the permit. A person holding a manufacturer's or rectifier's permit may manufacture, bottle or wholesale wine, pursuant to the terms of the permit, without procuring a winery permit.

to wholesalers

(b) A manufacturer's or rectifier's permit entitles the permittee to sell intoxicating liquor from the premises described in the permit. Holders of rectifiers' permits may sell intoxicating liquor rectified by the permittee to retailers without any other permit. No sales may be made for consumption on the premises of the permittee.

Possession of a permit under this section does not authorize the permittee to sell tax-free intoxicating liquor and wines brought into this state under s. 139.03

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SECTION 125.52 (1) (c)/.
Section 125.52 (1) (d)//... of the statutes is created to read:

Subject to subd. 3., a

125.52 (1) manufacturer's or rectifier's permit authorizes the retail sale from the premises covered by the permit to a person who does not hold a license or permit under this chapter, for consumption off the premises where sold, of intoxicating liquor that is manufactured or rectified on the premises and that is manufactured or rectified exclusively from fermented fruit juice. Notwithstanding s. 125.09 (1), a manufacturer's or rectifier's permit also authorizes the provision from the premises covered by the permit of taste samples are of charge, for consumption on the premises where provided, of intoxicating liquor that is manufactured or rectified on the premises and that is manufactured or rectified exclusively from

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fermented fruit juice. A permittee may only provide taste samples under this 20 subdivision between the hours of 10 a.m. and 7 p.m. No permittee may provide more

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than 3 taste samples per day to any one person, and each taste sample must be

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provided separately and may not exceed one-half fluid ounce. Notwithstanding s.

125.07 (1) (a) 1., no permittee may provide taste samples under this subdivision to

any underage person. The department may prescribe additional regulations for the

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INSERT D cont (move to p.2, line 14)

sale of intoxicating liquor under this subdivision, if the additional regulations do not conflict with the requirements applicable to holders of "Class B" licenses.

SECTION 125.68 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

125.68 (2) Operators' licenses; "Class $A_{,,,}$ " "Class $B_{,,}$ " "Class $C_{,,}$ " <u>and other</u> PREMISES. Except as provided under s. 125.07 (3) (a) 10., no premises operated under a "Class A" or "Class C" license or under a "Class B" license or permit may be open for business, and no person who holds a manufacturer's or rectifier's permit may allow the sale or provision of taste samples of intoxicating liquor on the manufacturing or rectifying premises as provided in s. 125.52 (1) unless there is upon the premises either the licensee or permittee, the agent named in the license or permit if the licensee or permittee is a corporation or limited liability company, or some person who has an operator's license and who is responsible for the acts of all persons selling or serving any intoxicating liquor to customers. An operator's license issued in respect to a vessel under s. 125.51 (5) (c) is valid outside the municipality that issues it. For the purpose of this subsection, any person holding a manager's license issued under s. 125.18 or any member of the licensee's or permittee's immediate family who has attained the age of 18 shall be considered the holder of an operator's license. No person, including a member of the licensee's or permittee's immediate family, other than the licensee, permittee or agent may serve or sell alcohol beverages in any place operated under a "Class A" or "Class C" license or under a "Class B" license or permit unless he or she has an operator's license or is at least 18 years of age and is under the immediate supervision of the licensee, permittee or agent or a person holding an operator's license, who is on the premises at the time of the service.

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(END)



LRBs0130/2ins

2001–2002 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

INSERT A:

SECTION 1. 125.52 (1) (c) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

INSERT B:

Any taste sample provided under this subdivision shall be provided free of any direct or indirect charge.

INSERT C:

SECTION 2. 125.52 (1) (c) 3. of the statutes is created to read:

125.52 (1) (c) 3. This paragraph applies only to a permittee that annually produces no more than 25,000 liters of intoxicating liquor manufactured or rectified exclusively from fermented fruit juice on the premises covered by the permit.

LRBs0130/2dn
ARG: N:...

The attached draft reorganizes and makes two substantive changes to proposed s. 125.52 (1) (b) 2. as it appears in LRBs0130/1:

- 1. A sentence is added to clarify that the taste samples must be provided free of any direct or indirect charge.
- 2. A sentence is added restricting the privileges afforded by this provision (now paragraph (c)) to manufacturers or rectifiers that annually produce no more than 25,000 liters of the specified intoxicating liquor on the premises covered by the permit. As requested, this 25,000 liter limit is a per premises limit, not an aggregate limit. A manufacturer or rectifier with production volume approaching the limit could commence operations at another location and, between the two locations, produce an aggregate of more than 25,000 liters without forfeiting the privileges afforded by this provision. However, the language of the provision restricts the privileges to intoxicating liquor produced on the premises. Accordingly, a manufacturer or rectifier could not produce the specified intoxicating liquor from a second location and sell it at the first. In addition, each separate location must have its own permit issued by the department of revenue (DOR), and under s. 125.52 (7), DOR may not issue more than two such permits to any person.

The attached draft also makes a clarification change to amended s. 125.52 (1) (b) of the draft by inserting the term "to wholesalers" to avoid any confusion between those sales permissible to all intoxicating liquor manufacturers and rectifiers under par. (b) of the draft and those sales permissible only to specified and qualifying manufacturers and rectifiers under par. (c) of the draft.

If you have any questions, comments, or concerns, please call.

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6926

LRBs0130/2dn ARC:jld:kjf

September 4, 2001

The attached draft reorganizes and makes two substantive changes to proposed s. 125.52 (1) (b) 2. as it appears in LRBs0130/1:

- 1. A sentence is added to clarify that the taste samples must be provided free of any direct or indirect charge.
- 2. A sentence is added restricting the privileges afforded by this provision (now paragraph (c)) to manufacturers or rectifiers that annually produce no more than 25,000 liters of the specified intoxicating liquor on the premises covered by the permit. As requested, this 25,000 liter limit is a per premises limit, not an aggregate limit. A manufacturer or rectifier with production volume approaching the limit could commence operations at another location and, between the two locations, produce an aggregate of more than 25,000 liters without forfeiting the privileges afforded by this provision. However, the language of the provision restricts the privileges to intoxicating liquor produced on the premises. Accordingly, a manufacturer or rectifier could not produce the specified intoxicating liquor from a second location and sell it at the first. In addition, each separate location must have its own permit issued by the department of revenue (DOR), and under s. 125.52 (7), DOR may not issue more than two such permits to any person.

The attached draft also makes a clarification change to amended s. 125.52 (1) (b) of the draft by inserting the term "to wholesalers" to avoid any confusion between those sales permissible to all intoxicating liquor manufacturers and rectifiers under par. (b) of the draft and those sales permissible only to specified and qualifying manufacturers and rectifiers under par. (c) of the draft.

If you have any questions, comments, or concerns, please call.

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6926

LRBs0166/1dn ARG:jld:pg

September 6, 2001

The attached draft reorganizes and makes two substantive changes to proposed s. 125.52 (1) (b) 2. as it appears in LRBs0130/1:

- 1. A sentence is added to clarify that the taste samples must be provided free of any direct or indirect charge.
- 2. A sentence is added restricting the privileges afforded by this provision (now paragraph (c)) to manufacturers or rectifiers that annually produce no more than 25,000 liters of the specified intoxicating liquor on the premises covered by the permit. As requested, this 25,000 liter limit is a per premises limit, not an aggregate limit. A manufacturer or rectifier with production volume approaching the limit could commence operations at another location and, between the two locations, produce an aggregate of more than 25,000 liters without forfeiting the privileges afforded by this provision. However, the language of the provision restricts the privileges to intoxicating liquor produced on the premises. Accordingly, a manufacturer or rectifier could not produce the specified intoxicating liquor from a second location and sell it at the first. In addition, each separate location must have its own permit issued by the department of revenue (DOR), and under s. 125.52 (7), DOR may not issue more than two such permits to any person.

The attached draft also makes a clarification change to amended s. 125.52 (1) (b) of the draft by inserting the term "to wholesalers" to avoid any confusion between those sales permissible to all intoxicating liquor manufacturers and rectifiers under par. (b) of the draft and those sales permissible only to specified and qualifying manufacturers and rectifiers under par. (c) of the draft.

If you have any questions, comments, or concerns, please call.

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6926