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WANTED by TVE 3/20

2001 BILL

AN ACT to repeal 7.08 (2) (c) and (cm), 7.70 (3) (e) 1., 8.16 (5), 11.21 (15), 11.26 (9) (c), 11.26 (10) and (13), 11.31 (2) and (2m), 11.31 (3), 11.31 (3m), 11.31 (6), 11.50, 14.58 (20), 20.855 (4) (b), 25.17 (1) (ys) and 71.10 (3); to renumber and amend 11.12 (6); to amend 5.02 (18), 5.62 (1) (a), 5.62 (3), 5.62 (5), 8.16 (1), 8.35 (4) (b), 10.02 (3) (b) 2m., 10.06 (1) (e), 10.06 (1) (i), 11.06 (1) (a), 11.06 (1) (g), 11.06 (1) (jm), 11.16 (5), 11.26 (2) (a), 11.26 (9) (a), 11.26 (9) (b), 11.26 (17) (a), 11.31 (title), 11.31 (1) (intro.), 11.31 (4), 11.31 (7) (b), 11.31 (7) (c), 11.31 (8) and 11.31 (10); to repeal and recreate 20.510 (1) (q) and 25.42; and to create 11.12 (6) (b), 11.31 (9), 11.51, 20.855 (4) (ba) and 25.17 (1) (aw) of the statutes; relating to: public financing of elections for certain state offices, providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures, granting rule—making authority, providing a penalty, and making appropriations.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

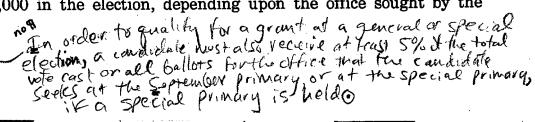
Currently, a candidate for state office other than court of appeals judge, circuit judge, or district attorney may qualify to receive a grant from the Wisconsin election

campaign fund for use in an election campaign only. No funding is provided for primary campaigns. In order to qualify for a grant, a candidate must qualify to have his or her name appear on the general or spring election ballot and must have an opponent who qualifies to have his or her name appear on that ballot. In addition, a candidate for a partisan office at the general election must receive at least six percent of the total vote cast on all ballots at the September primary election, and a candidate for a partisan office at a special election must either represent a political party whose candidate for the office that the candidate seeks received at least six percent of the total vote cast for that office at the most recent general election at which the office was contested or must receive at least six percent of the total vote cast for that office at the special election.

Currently, the maximum amount of a grant that a candidate may receive is 45% of the disbursement (spending) level or limit for the office that the candidate seeks. This amount is not subject to any cost of living adjustment. In addition, this amount is reduced by the total amount of contributions received by a candidate from committees other than political party or legislative campaign committees and this amount may not be fully funded in a particular year if there are not sufficient moneys in the Wisconsin election campaign fund to provide full financing for all qualifying candidates. Grants may only be used to purchase services from a communications medium, printing, graphic arts, or advertising services, office supplies, or postage. A candidate must agree to abide by disbursement and self—contribution limits in order to receive a grant, but this agreement does not apply if the candidate has an opponent who could have qualified for a grant but declines to do so and declines to file an affidavit of voluntary compliance with disbursement and self—contribution limits. Grant moneys that are not spent by a candidate after the date of an election must be returned by the candidate to the state.

This bill replaces the Wisconsin election campaign fund with a new fund called the clean elections fund. Under the bill, a candidate for the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly may qualify to receive a grant from the Separate grants are provided for primary and election clean elections fund. campaigns. Candidates for other state offices are not eligible to receive grants. In order to qualify for a grant, a candidate must qualify to have his or her name appear on the ballot at a spring, September, or special primary or a spring, general, or special election for which the grant money will be used and must have an opponent in that primary or election. In addition, in project equalify for a gradup a candidate must raise and deposit with the state treasurer a specified number of qualifying contributions in the amount of \$5 each. Each qualifying contribution must be received from an elector of this state and, in the case of a candidate for legislative office, an elector of the district in which the candidate seeks office, and the name and address of the contributor must be reported to the state elections board. The number of qualifying contributions ranges from 2,500 to 50, depending upon the office sought by the candidate.

Under the bill, the maximum amount of a grant that a candidate may receive ranges from \$500,000 in the primary and \$1,000,000 in the election to \$18,000 in the primary and \$36,000 in the election, depending upon the office sought by the





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Only unencombard seed money ate on the above The total seed money contributions to contributions held by the condidate not the contributions held by the condidate receives not the contributor. In a condidate From any the condidate receives grant.

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Candidate vertication for a grant. 2001-2002 Legislature - deposit with the board LRB-1100/2 JTK&RJM:cs:rs Of accepted by a candidate From candidate These amounts are subject to a biennial cost—of-living adjustment. In order to receive a grant, a candidate must affirm that he or she has not accepted and agrees not to accept a contribution from any source other than qualifying contributions or seed money contributions, which may be accepted by a candidate before the candidate qualifies to receive a grant in amounts of \$100 or less tranging in total amount from \$50,000 to \$500, depending upon the office sought by the candidate. Fany obligation is incurred or any disbutsessond is unade by an individual or committee to advocate the defeat of a candidate who accepts a grant or the election of his or her apponent independently of any condidate who is supported or apposed the candidate who accepts a grant qualifies to receive an additional grant equal to the amount of the ebligations independently incurred and disbursements independently-made of If a candidate who accepts a grant is opposed by a candidate who does not accept a grant or who violates his or her agreement, any complying candidate for the same office who accepts a grant qualifies to receive an additional grant equal to the amount by which disbursements by the other candidate exceed the original amount of the grant received by that candidate. The sum of all additional grants made to a single candidate may not exceed 2.5 times the original amount of a candidate's grant. The bill permits grants to be spent for any lawful purpose. To facilitate matching of independent disbursements made and obligations incurred in opposition to a candidate or in support of a candidate's opponent, the bill revises current requirements for individuals and committees making such disbursements to report disbursements exceeding \$20 cumulatively if they are made within 15 days of an election to require, instead, reporting of all independent disbursements and obligations to make such disbursements in support of or in opposition to a candidate for the office of governor, state senator or representative to the assembly if the disbursements are made or obligations incurred within days of an election. The bill also deletes the disbursement and self-contribution limitations currently applicable to candidates who accept grants from the Wisconsin election campaign fund, as well as the affidavit of voluntary compliance with those

limitations. Under the bill, grant moneys that are not spent by a candidate on the day after an election must be returned by the candidate to the state, except that a candidate for the office of representative to the assembly may retain an amount equal to five percent of the grant received by the candidate, a candidate for the office of state senator may retain an amount equal to three percent of the grant received by the candidate, and a candidate for the office of governor may retain an amount equal to one percent of the grant received by that candidate

The bill provides that if a candidate does not adhere to the agreement required to obtain a grant, the candidate is subject to a forfeiture (civil penalty) equivalent to the amount of the grant that the candidate received, and in addition may be fined not more than three times the amount of any contributions received by the candidate excluding the amount of any grant and any qualifying or seed money contributions that are permitted to be received under the bill.

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For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows: The Offices of State Security **SECTION 1.** 5.02 (18) of the statutes is amended to read: 5.02 (18) "September primary" means the primary held the 2nd Tuesday in September to nominate candidates to be voted for at the general election, and to determine which candidates for state offices other than district attorney restance participate in the Wisconsin election campaign func **Section 2.** 5.62 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 5.62 (1) (a) At September primaries, the following ballot shall be provided for the nomination of candidates of recognized political parties for national, state and the office of governor, county offices and independent candidates for state office in each ward, in the same form as prescribed by the board under s. 7.08 (1) (a), except as authorized in s. 5.655 The ballots shall be made up of the several party tickets with each party entitled to participate in the primary under par. (b) or sub. (2) having its own ballot, except as The independent candidates for state office other than district attorney/shall have a separate ballot for all such candidates as under s. 5.64 (1) (e). except as authorized in s. 5.655. The ballots shall be secured together at the bottom. The party ballot of the party receiving the most votes for president or governor at the last general election shall be on top with the other parties arranged in descending order based on their vote for president or governor at the last general election. The ballots of parties qualifying under sub. (2) shall be placed after the parties qualifying under par. (b), in the same order in which the parties filed petitions with the board. Any ballot required under par. (b) 2. shall be placed next in order. The ballot listing

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the independent candidates shall be placed at the bottom. At polling places where voting machines are used, each party and the independent candidates shall be represented in one or more separate columns or rows on the ballot. At polling places where an electronic voting system is used other than an electronic voting machine, each party and the independent candidates may be represented in separate columns or rows on the ballot.

**Section 3.** 5.62 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.62 (3) The board shall designate the official primary ballot arrangement for statewide offices and district attorney within each prosecutorial district by using the same procedure as provided in s. 5.60 (1) (b). On each ballot and on each separate column or row on the ballot, the candidates for office shall be listed together with the offices which they seek in the following order whenever these offices appear on the September primary ballot: governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state, state treasurer, U.S. senator, U.S. representative in congress, state senator, representative to the assembly, district attorney and the county offices.

South of the independent candidates shall appear the party or principle.

Below the names of the independent candidates shall appear the party or principle of the candidates, if any, in 5 words or less, as shown on their nomination papers.

SECTION 4. 5.62 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.62 (5) At the September primary, an elector may vote for the candidates of only one party, or the elector may vote for any of the independent candidates for state office listed; but the elector may not vote for more than one candidate for a single office. A space shall be provided on the ballot for an elector to write in the name of his or her choice as a party candidate for any office, including a party candidate of a recognized political party whose name appears on the ballot, column or row

designated for independent candidates, as provided in that does not qualify for a

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separate ballot, or column or row on the ballot, under sub. (1) (b) 2. or (2) (b) but no space shall be provided to write in the names of independent candidates. y estore SECTION 5. 7.08 (2) (c) and (cm) of the statutes are repealed. SECTION 6. 7.70(3)(e) 1. of the statutes is repealed. **SECTION 7.** 8.16 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 8.16 (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), the person who receives the greatest number of votes for an office on a party ballot at any partisan primary, regardless of whether the person's name appears on the ballot, shall be the party's candidate for the office, and the person's name shall so appear on the official ballot at the next election. All independent candidates shall appear on the general election ballot **1**0 or on any special election ballot regardless of the number of votes received by such candidates at the September 11 12 primary. restore Section 8. 8.16 (5) of the statutes is repealed. 13 **SECTION 9.** 8.35 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 8.35 (4) (b) Notwithstanding par. (a), any unspent and unencumbered moneys received by a candidate from the Wisconsin election campaign clean elections fund 16 shall be immediately transferred to any candidate who is appointed to replace such 17 candidate, upon filing of a proper application therefor under s. 11.50 (2). If there is 18 no candidate appointed or if no proper application is filed within 7 days of the date 19 on which the vacancy occurs, such moneys shall revert to the state as provided in s. 20 <del>11.50 (8)</del>. SECTION 10. 10.02 (3) (b) 2m. of the statutes is amended to read: 10.02 (3) (b) 2m. At the September primary, the elector shall select the party ballot of his or her choice or the ballot containing the names of the independent 24 candidates for state office; and make a cross (x) next to or depress the lever or button 25 the office of governor, state senator ?
and representative to the restore

Draw reprete BILL 1 . next to the candidate's name for each office for whom the elector intends to vote or 2 insert of write in the name of the elector's choice for a party candidate, if any. In order to qualify for participation in the Wisconsin election campaign fund, a candidate for state office at the September primary, other than a candidate for district attorney, must receive at least 6% of all votes cast on all ballots for the office for which he or she is a candidate, in addition to other requirements. **SECTION 11.** 10.06 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read: **78**0 10.06 (1) (e) As soon as possible following the state canvass of the spring primary vote, but no later than the first Tuesday in March, the board shall send a type B notice certifying to each county clerk the list of candidates for the spring e19 election. When no primary is held, this notice shall be sent under par. (c). The board shall also in any case send a certified list of candidates under s. 11.50/to the state treasurer pursuant to s. 7.08 (2) (c). When there is a referendum, the board shall send type A and C notices certifying each question to the county clerks as soon as possible, (S) 45°C but no later than the first Tuesday in March. **SECTION 12.** 10.06 (1) (i) of the statutes is amended to read: 16 10.06 (1) (i) As soon as possible after the state canvass, but no later than the 17 18 4th Tuesday in September, the board shall send a type B notice certifying the list of candidates and type A and C notices certifying each question for any referendum to 19 20 each county clerk for the general election and a certified list of candidates under s. restore 21 11.50 to the state treasurer pursuant to s. 7.08 (2) (c) SECTION 13. 11.06 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 11.06 (1) (a) An Except as required under s. 11.51 (2), an itemized statement giving the date, full name and street address of each contributor who has made a

contribution in excess of \$20, or whose contribution if \$20 or less aggregates more

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than \$20 for the calendar year, together with the amount of the contribution and the cumulative total contributions made by that contributor for the calendar year.

**SECTION 14.** 11.06 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.06 (1) (g) An Except as required under s. 11.51 (9), an itemized statement of every disbursement exceeding \$20 in amount or value, together with the name and address of the person to whom the disbursement was made, and the date and specific purpose for which the disbursement was made.

**SECTION 15.** 11.06 (1) (jm) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.06 (1) (jm) A copy of any separate schedule prepared or received pursuant to an escrow agreement under s. 11.16 (5). A candidate or personal campaign committee receiving contributions under such an agreement and attaching a separate schedule under this paragraph may indicate the percentage of the total contributions received, disbursements made and exclusions claimed under s. 11.31 (6) without itemization, except that amounts received from any contributor pursuant to the agreement who makes any separate contribution to the candidate or personal campaign committee during the calendar year of receipt as indicated in the schedule shall be aggregated and itemized if required under par. (a) or (b).

SECTION 16. 11.12 (6) of the statutes is renumbered 11.12 (6) (a) and amended to read:

11.12 (6) (a) If Except as provided in par. (b) All any disbursement of more than \$20 cumulatively is made to advocate the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate by an individual or committee later than 15 days prior to a primary or election in which the candidate's name appears on the ballot without cooperation or consultation with a candidate or agent or authorized committee of a candidate who is supported or opposed, and not in concert with or at the request or suggestion of

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such a candidate, agent, or committee, the individual or treasurer of the committee shall, within 24 hours of making the disbursement, inform the appropriate filing officer of the information required under s. 11.06 (1) in such manner as the board may prescribe. The information shall also be included in the next regular report of the individual or committee under s. 11.20. For purposes of this paragraph, disbursements cumulate beginning with the day after the last date covered on the preprimary or preelection report and ending with the day before the primary or election. Upon receipt of a report under this paragraph, the filing officer shall, within 24 hours of receipt, mail a copy of the report to all candidates for any office in support of or opposition to one of whom a disbursement identified in the report is made irosh does not apply to any dissurrement that is required **SECTION 17.** 11.12 (6) (b) of the statutes is created to read: pers on makes and exercise expenditure or incurs independent 11.12 (6) (b) If any disbursement is made or obligation incurred to advocate to and logation to make an independent expenditive election or defeat of a clearly identified eandidate for the office of governor, state senator of representative to the assembly by an individual or committee later than se ame is referenced in the common which do days prior to a primary or election in which the candidate appears on the ballet without cooperation or consultation with a candidate or agent or authorized committee of a candidate who is supported or opposed, and not in concert with or at the request or suggestion of such a candidate, agent, or committee, the individual or independent expandity the person treasurer of the committee shall, within 24 hours of making the disbursement or incurring the obligation inform, the appropriate filing officer of the information #3. ILthe person is a his Painagraph (board required under s. 11.06 (1) in such manner as the board may prescribe? The voported ender 30 bld. 2. information shall also be included in the next regular report of the individual or committee under s. 11.20. For purposes of this paragraph, disbursements cumulate beginning with the day after the last date covered on the preprimary or preelection report and ending with the day before the primary or election. Upon receipt of a

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a copy of the report to all candidates for any office in support of or opposition to one of whom a disbursement or obligation identified in the report is made.

**SECTION 18.** 11.16 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.16 (5) Escrow agreements. Any personal campaign committee, political party committee or legislative campaign committee may, pursuant to a written escrow agreement with more than one candidate, solicit contributions for and conduct a joint fund raising effort or program on behalf of more than one named candidate. The agreement shall specify the percentage of the proceeds to be distributed to each candidate by the committee conducting the effort or program. The committee shall include this information in all solicitations for the effort or program. All contributions received and disbursements made by the committee in connection with the effort or program shall be received and disbursed through a separate depository account under s. 11.14 (1) that is identified in the agreement. For purposes of s. 11.06 (1), the committee conducting the effort or program shall prepare a schedule in the form prescribed by the board supplying all required information under s. 11.06 (1) and items qualifying for exclusion under s. 11.31 (6) for the effort or program, and shall transmit a copy of the schedule to each candidate who receives any of the proceeds within the period prescribed in s. 11.06 (4) (c).

**SECTION 19.** 11.21 (15) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 20. 11.26 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.26 (2) (a) Candidates for governor, licutenant governor, secretary of state, state treasurer, attorney general, state superintendent or justice, 4% of the value of the disbursement level specified in the schedule under s. 11.31 (1), as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9).

1	SECTION 21. 11.26 (9) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	11.26 (9) (a) No individual who is a candidate for state or local office may receive
3	and accept more than 65% of the value of the total disbursement level determined
4	under s. 11.31 (1), as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9), for the office for which he or she is
5	a candidate during any primary and election campaign combined from all
6	committees subject to a filing requirement, including political party and legislative
7	campaign committees.
8	SECTION 22. 11.26 (9) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	11.26 (9) (b) No individual who is a candidate for state or local office may receive
10	and accept more than 45% of the value of the total disbursement level determined
11	under s. 11.31 (1), as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9), for the office for which he or she is
12	a candidate during any primary and election campaign combined from all
13	committees other than political party and legislative campaign committees subject
14	to a filing requirement.
15	SECTION 23. 11.26 (9) (c) of the statutes is repealed.
16	SECTION 24. 11.26 (10) and (13) of the statutes are repealed.
17	SECTION 25. 11.26 (17) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	11.26 (17) (a) For purposes of application of the limitations imposed in subs.
19	(1), (2), and (9) and (10), the "campaign" of a candidate begins and ends at the times
20	specified in this subsection.
21	SECTION 26. 11.31 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	11.31 (title) Disbursement levels and limitations; calculation.
23	SECTION 27. 11.31 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	11.31 (1) SCHEDULE. (intro.) The following levels of disbursements are
25	established with reference to the candidates listed below. Except as provided in sub-

	(2), such The levels are subject to adjustment under sub. (9). The levels do not
	operate to restrict the total amount of disbursements which are made or authorized
	to be made by any candidate in any primary or other election.
	SECTION 28. 11.31 (2) and (2m) of the statutes are repealed.
	SECTION 29. 11.31 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
	SECTION 30. 11.31 (3m) of the statutes is repealed.
	Section 31. 11.31 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
	11.31 (4) Allocation. Except as provided in sub. (3m), whenever Whenever a
,	separate disbursement level is specified for a primary and election under sub. (1), a
	candidate who disburses less than the authorized level in the primary may not
	reallocate the balance to increase the level in the election. Whenever a separate
	disbursement level is not specified for a primary and election under sub. (1), a
	candidate may allocate disbursements between the primary and election campaign
	within the total level of disbursements specified in sub. (1) in any proportion desired,
	and may carry over unexpended contributions from a primary campaign to an
	election campaign.
	SECTION 32. 11.31 (6) of the statutes is repealed.
	<b>SECTION 33.</b> $11.3\overset{\checkmark}{1}(7)$ (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
	11.31 (7) (b) Disbursements which are made before a campaign period for goods
	to be delivered or services to be rendered in connection with the campaign are
	charged against the disbursement limitation level for that campaign.
-	SECTION 34. 11.31 (7) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
	11.31 (7) (c) Disbursements which are made after a campaign to retire a debt
•	incurred in relation to a campaign are charged against the disbursement limitation
	level for that campaign.

SECTION 35. 11.31 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.31 (8) CERTAIN CONTRIBUTIONS EXCLUDED. The limitations imposed <u>levels</u> specified under this section do not apply to a gift of anything of value constituting a contribution made directly to a registrant by another, but the <u>limitations levels</u> shall apply to such gift when it is received and accepted by the recipient or, if received in the form of money, when disbursed.

**SECTION 36.** 11.31 (9) of the statutes is created to read:

- 11.31 (9) Adjustment of disbursement levels. (a) In this subsection, "consumer price index" means the average of the consumer price index over each 12—month period, all items, U.S. city average, as determined by the bureau of labor statistics of the U.S. department of labor.
- (b) The dollar amounts of all disbursement levels specified in sub. (1) shall be subject to a cost-of-living adjustment to be determined by rule of the board in accordance with this paragraph. To determine the adjustment, the board shall calculate the percentage difference between the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of each odd-numbered year and the consumer price index for calendar year 2003. For each biennium, the board shall adjust the disbursement levels specified under sub. (1) by that percentage to the extent required to reflect any difference, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$25 in the case of amounts of \$1 or more, which amounts shall be in effect until a subsequent rule is promulgated under this subsection. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), and (3), determinations under this paragraph may be promulgated as an emergency rule under s. 227.24 without providing evidence that the emergency rule is necessary for the public peace, health, safety, or welfare, and without a finding of emergency.

SECTION 37. 11.31 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	11.31 (10) SURPLUS MATERIALS EXCLUDED. Disbursements constituting surplus
2	materials acquired in connection with a previous campaign of a candidate are not
3	subject to limitation by included in the levels specified in this section, if the materials
4	were previously reported as a disbursement by that candidate.
5	SECTION 38. 11.50 of the statutes is repealed.
6	SECTION 39. 11.51 of the statutes is created to read:
7	11.51 Clean elections fund grants. (1) Any candidate for the office of
8	governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly may qualify to receive a
9	grant from the clean elections fund by fulfilling the requirements of this section.
0	(2) In order to qualify to receive a grant from the clean elections fund, a
<b>1</b>	candidate must have an opponent who has qualified to have his or her name certified
2	for placement on the ballot at the election for which the grant is to be applied. In
ر ا <b>3</b>	addition, the candidate shall obtain and deposit with the state treasurer the number
4	of qualifying contributions specified in this subsection, in the amount of \$5 each, each
15	of which shall be received from an elector of this state and, in the case of a candidate
16	for legislative office, an elector of the district in which the candidate seeks office. The
17	name and address of each elector making a qualifying contribution shall be identified
18	in a report filed with the board as provided in s. 11.06 (1) (a). The number of required
19	qualifying contributions for a candidate for state office is:
20	Governor, 2,500.
21	State senator, 150.
<u>33</u> ,	Representative to the assembly, 50.
23	Prior to notification that a candidate has qualified to receive a grant from

the clean elections fund under sub. (7), a candidate may accept seed money from individuals other forms when convibitions accepted by a candidate contributions from an individual in the amount \$100 or less, but the total of such

money contributions made by a candidate to his on her own campaign, may exceed

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contributions accepted by a candidate during the candidate's campaign, as defined in s. 11.26 (17), may not exceed, in the aggregate, the following amount for the office sought by candidate:

- (a) Governor, \$50,000.
- (b) State senator, \$1.500.
- (c) Representative to the assembly, \$500.
- (6) No candidate who accepts a grapt from the clean elections fund may accept any seed money contributions under sub. after receiving notification of qualification for a grant under sub. (7).
- In order to qualify to receive a grant from the clean elections fund, a candidate shall file an application with the board, no later than a time specified by the board by rule, in which the candidate shall affirm that he or she has not accepted and agrees not to accept a contribution from any source other than a contribution required under sub. (2), a contribution authorized under sub. (2), and the candidate's grant from the clean elections fund during the campaign of the candidate, as defined in s. 11.31 (7). The board shall notify each candidate who qualifies to receive a grant from the clean elections fund as promptly as possible following qualification.
- The board shall distribute primary election grants from the clean elections fund to each candidate who qualifies to receive a grant under this section as soon as possible preceding the date that the primary election is held for the office which the candidate seeks or the date on which the primary election would be held if a primary election were required to be held.
- (b) The board shall distribute grants for the general or for a special election from the clean elections fund to each candidate who qualifies to receive a grant under this section as soon as possible after the date of the primary election for the office

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sought by the candidate, or the date on which the primary election would be held if a primary election were required to be held, except that, in the case of a candidate of a recognized political party for a partisan office, the board shall distribute a grant to a candidate for an office for which a primary election was held only if the candidate was nominated at that election.

(9) A candidate who receives a grant from the clean elections fund shall file with the board reports of all disbursements made in the manner provided under s. 11.06 (1) (g), without regard to the amounts thereof.

(10) Except as provided in sub. (12), a candidate who qualifies to receive a grant from the clean elections fund under this section shall receive a grant in the following amount for the election specified, less the aggregate amount of contributions accepted by the candidate under sub. (5):

13 Primary General, or Office 14 Election **Special Election** 15 Governor \$500,000 \$1,000,000 TWS/6-16 (2)(14) State senator 36,000 72,000  $(\epsilon)\lambda$ Representative to the assembly 18,000 36,000 17/6-17 or any doligat **###**) If any **b**ôligat disbursement is made by an individual any person in apposition to vocate the defeat of a candidate who receives a grant from the independent 19 clean elections fund or to advocate the election of an opponent of such a candidate 20

whose name is certified to appear on the same ballot, and the obligation is incurred in curred

or the disbursement is made without cooperation or consultation with any candidate

who is supported or opposed or such a candidate's agent or authorized committee,

and not in concert with, or at the request or suggestion of any such candidate, agent,

or authorized committed then the candidate who receives a grant shall receive an

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additional grant in the total amount of the obligations incurred and the disbursements made that were not previously reported as obligations, as reported to the appropriate filing officer under s. 11.12 (6), less any amounts for the same purposes that were previously reported, but not to exceed, in combination with any additional grant payable to that candidate under sub. (10), 2.5 times the amount payable to the candidate under sub. (10), 345 adjusted on deer sub. (11) If a candidate who receives a grant from the clean elections fund is opposed on a primary or election ballot by another candidate who does not receive a grant or by another candidate who the board determines has violated his or har agreement

on a primary or election ballot by another candidate who does not receive a grant or by another candidate who the board determines has violated his or her agreement under sub. (7), the candidate who receives a grant shall receive an additional grant in the amount by which the disbursements made by the other candidate exceed the amount of the grant payable for the office sought by the candidate in that election under sub. (10), but not to exceed, in combination with any additional grant payable to that candidate under sub. (10), 2.5 times the amount payable to the candidate under sub. (10). If a candidate who receives a grant from the clean elections fund is opposed on a primary or election ballot by more than one candidate who does not receive a grant or who the board determines has violated his or her agreement under sub. (7), the amount of the grant payable under this subsection is the largest amount that would be payable by reason of any candidate's opposition.

If a candidate who makes an agreement under sub. (7) does not adhere to the agreement, the candidate shall forfeit an amount equivalent to any grant from the clean elections fund that is provided to the candidate and the candidate may be fined not more than 3 times the amount of any contributions received by the candidate in his or her campaign, as defined in s. 11.26 (17), exclusive of the amount of any grant or any contributions deposited under sub. (2) or received under sub. (5).

1	No later than December 1 of each even-numbered year, a candidate who
2	received a grant from the clean elections fund in that year or the preceding year shall
3	return to the state treasurer the amount of any grant remaining in the candidate's
4	campaign depository account, except that a candidate may retain an amount equal
3	to not more than the following specified percentage of the grant for the office sought
6	by the candidate:
	(a) Governor, 1%
8	(b) State senator, 3%.
9	(c) Representative to the assembly, 5%
10	The board may promulgate rules required to implement this section.
H That	SECTION 40. 14.58 (20) of the statutes is repealed.
12	SECTION 41. 20.510 (1) (q) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
13_	20.510 (1) (q) Clean elections fund payments. From the clean elections fund,
14	a sum sufficient to make the payments to candidates required under s. 11.51.
15	SECTION 42. 20.855 (4) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
16	SECTION 43. 20.855 (4) (ba) of the statutes is created to read:
17	20.855 (4) (ba) Clean elections fund supplement. A sum sufficient equal to the
18	amounts required to make the payments to candidates required under s. 11.51, to be
19	transferred to the clean elections fund.
20	SECTION 44. 25.17 (1) (aw) of the statutes is created to read:
21	25.17 (1) (aw) Clean elections fund (s. 25.42);
22	SECTION 45. 25.17 (1) (ys) of the statutes is repealed.
23	SECTION 46. 25.42 of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
24	25.42 Clean elections fund. All moneys deposited with the state treasurer
25	under s. 11.51 (2) or returned to the state treasurer under s. 11.51 (2) and all moneys

1	transferred to the clean elections fund under s. 20.855 (4) (ba) constitute the clean
2	elections fund.
3	Section 47. 71.10 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
4	SECTION 48. Initial applicability.
(5)	(1) The treatment of section 11.31 (9) of the statutes first applies to adjustments
6	for the biennium beginning on January 1, 2004.
7	(END)

per candidate

### 2001–2002 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

**INSERT 3A:** 

, except if a candidate has no opponent whose name is certified to appear on the ballot. Under the bill, an unopposed candidate at a primary election receives a grant equal to the average total disbursements made in primary elections for the office that the candidate seeks during the 4-year period preceding the date of the primary election, and an unopposed candidate at a general or special election receives a grant equal to the average total disbursements made in general and special elections for the office that the candidate seeks during the 4-year period preceding the date of the general or special election, except that a candidate for the office of governor receives a grant of \$12,500 for a primary election and \$12,500 for a general or special election. Grant

INSERT 3B:

If any person makes an expenditure independently of a candidate or incurs an obligation to make such an expenditure for the purpose of making a mass communication containing a reference to a candidate for the office of governor, state senator or representative to the assembly within 60 days preceding a primary or election for that office, the person must report that expenditure or obligation to the board. Upon receipt of the report by the board

INSERT 6-4:

SECTION 1. 7.08 (2) (c) and (cm) of the statutes are amended to read:

7.08 (2) (c) As soon as possible after the canvass of the spring and September primary votes vote, but no later than the first Tuesday in March and the 4th Tuesday in September, transmit to the state treasurer a certified list of all eligible candidates for state office who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) 11.51 (7) and whom the board determines to be eligible to receive to ayments from the Wisconsin election campaign clean elections fund. The list shall contain each candidate's name, the mailing address indicated upon the candidate's registration form, the office for which

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the individual is a candidate and the party or principle which he or she represents, if any.

History: 1971 c. 242; 1973 c. 334 s. 6, 57; 1975 c. 85, 93, 94, 199; 1977 c. 29, 107, 394, 427; 1979 c. 89, 177, 260, 311; 1981 c. 377; 1983 a. 51, 484; 1985 a. 120, 304; 1989 a. 192; 1993 a. 140; 1995 a. 16s. 2; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 49, 182; s. 13.93 (2) (c).

(cm) As soon as possible after the canvass of a special primary, or the date that the primary would be held, if required, transmit to the state treasurer a certified list of all eligible candidates for state office who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2)

11.51 (7) and whom the board determines to be eligible to receive a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign clean elections fund prior to the election. The board shall also transmit a similar list of candidates, if any, who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) and whom the board determines to be eligible to receive a grant under s. 11.50 (1) (a) 2. after the special election. The list shall contain each candidate's name, the mailing address indicated upon the candidate's registration form, the office for which the individual is a candidate and the party or principle which he or she represents, if any.

History: 1971 c. 242; 1973 c. 334 s. 6, 57; 1975 c. 85, 93, 94, 199; 1977 c. 29, 107, 394, 427; 1979 c. 89, 177, 260, 311; 1981 c. 377; 1983 a. 51, 484; 1985 a. 120, 304; 1989 a. 192; 1993 a. 140; 1995 a. 16 s. 2; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 49, 182; s. 13,93 (2) (c).

SECTION 2. 7.70 (3) (e) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

7.70 (3) (e) 1. After each September primary and special primary for the office of governor, state senator or representative to the assembly, the name of each candidate not defeated in the primary who receives at least 6% of the total vote cast for all candidates on all ballots at the primary for each separate state office except district attorney the office of governor, state senator or representative to the assembly, and the percentage of the total vote received by that candidate. Such percentage shall be calculated within each district in the case of legislative candidates.

### INSERT 6-13:

SECTION 3. 8.16 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.16 (5) Any candidate for a partisan state the office except district attorney of governor, state senator or district attorney may also qualify for payments a grant under s. 11.50 11.51 if the candidate meets the requirements specified in s. 11.50 11.51; however, a candidate who qualifies under this section for placement on the official ballot at the general election or a special election shall appear on such ballot regardless of whether he or she qualifies for payments a grant under s. 11.50 11.51.

History: 1975 c. 41, 93, 199; 1977 c. 107, 383, 427, 447; 1983 a. 484; 1985 a. 304; 1987 a. 391; 1989 a. 31.

#### INSERT 6-21:

**SECTION 4.** 8.50(1)(d) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.50 (1) (d) When the election concerns a national or state office, the board shall transmit to each county clerk at least 22 days before the special primary a certified list of all persons for whom nomination papers have been filed in its office. If no primary is required, the list shall be transmitted at least 42 days prior to the day of the election. If a special primary for the office of state senator or representative to the assembly is held, the board shall send a certified list of candidates funder s. 11.51 to the state treasurer pursuant to s. 7.08 (2) (cm). Immediately upon receipt of the certified list of candidates from the board, the county clerk shall prepare his or her ballots. For a county special election, the county clerk shall certify the candidates and prepare the ballots. If there is a primary, the county clerk shall publish one type B notice in a newspaper under ch. 10. When a primary is held, as soon as possible after the primary, the county clerk shall certify the candidates and prepare the

ballots for the following special election. The clerk shall publish one type B notice in a newspaper under ch. 10 for the election.

History: 1971 c. 1, 40; 1973 c. 334 ss. 22, 57; 1973 c. 336, 275 c. 80, 93, 199, 369; 1977 c. 26, 107, 187, 340, 427, 445, 447, 449; 1979 c. 27, 32, 260, 311; 1983 a. 484; 1985 a. 304; 1987 a. 391; 1989 a. 31, 359; 1993 a. 184; 1995 a. 16s. 2; 1999 a. 182.

SECTION 5. 8.50 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.50 (3) (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions for September primaries under s. 8.15 are applicable to all partisan primaries held under this section, and the provisions for spring primaries under s. 8.10 are applicable to all nonpartisan primaries held under this section. In a special partisan primary or election, the order of the parties on the ballot shall be the same as provided under s. 5.62 (1) or 5.64 (1) (b). Independent candidates for state office the office of governor, state senator or representative to the assembly at a special partisan election shall not appear on the primary ballot. No primary is required for a nonpartisan election in which not more than 2 candidates for an office appear on the ballot or for a partisan election in which not more than one candidate for an office appears on the ballot of each recognized political party. In every special election except a special election for nonpartisan state office where no candidate is certified to appear on the ballot, a space for write—in votes shall be provided on the ballot, regardless of whether a special primary is held.

History: 1971 c. 1, 40; 1973 c. 334 ss. 22, 57; 1973 c. 336; 1975 c. 80, 93, 199, 369; 1977 c. 26, 107, 187, 340, 427, 445, 447, 449; 1979 c. 27, 32, 260, 311; 1983 a. 484; 1985 a. 304; 1987 a. 391; 1989 a. 31, 359; 1993 a. 184; 1995 a. 16 s. 2; 1999 a. 182.

### INSERT 9-21:

2. Each report under this subsection shall contain the following information:

in a. The name of each candidate who is identified in each communication financed with the independent expenditure or obligation.

# ANS 7-21:1

## 9 SERNA. (n; 11.0) (4m) and (11m)

LRB-1551/8 JTK&RJM:w/j:kjf SECTION 17

#(11.01) (B)

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14

"Communication" means a message transmitted by means of a printed advertisement, billboard, handbill, sample ballot, radio or television advertisement, telephone call, or any medium that may be utilized for the purpose of disseminating or broadcasting a message, but not including a poll conducted solely for the purpose of identifying or collecting data concerning the attitudes or preferences of electors.

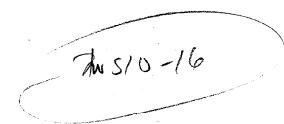
3ms 7-21:2

LRB-1551/3 JTK&RM:wlj:kjf SECTION 18

	/ GONELUAY
	If IIIm
	If M/m)
6	"Independent expenditure" means an expenditure made for the purpose
7	of making a communication that is made during the day period preceding any
8	primary for the office of justice and the date of the spring election, or if no
9	primary is held, during the 60-day period preceding the ass efficient
10	contains a reference to a clearly identified candidate for the office of the
11	election; that is made without cooperation or consultation with such a candidate, or
12	any authorized committee or agent of such a candidate; and that is not made in
13	concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, such a candidate, or any authorized
14	committee or agent of such a candidate.
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	committee or agent of such a candidate.  Rection  For the other ef  For the senator taken  State senator taken  or representative  Primary  Pleation t
	the assor
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	those offices

(END INSERT 7-21)

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LRB-1551/E JTK&RJM:wlj&kmg:km



(NOP)

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grant payments

If the candidate desires to receive publication benefits by electronic transfer, the candidate shall include in his or her application sufficient information and authorization for the state treasurer to transfer payments to his or her campaign depository account.

7-

-ms 16-17

SECTION 35. 11.31 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.31 (8) CERTAIN CONTRIBUTIONS EXCLUDED. The <u>limitations imposed levels</u> specified under this section do not apply to a gift of anything of value constituting a contribution made directly to a registrant by another, but the <u>limitations levels</u> shall apply to such gift when it is received and accepted by the recipient or, if received in the form of money, when disbursed.

Section 36. 11.31(9) of the statutes is created to read:

"consumer price index" means the average of the consumer price index over each 12-month period, all items, U.S. city average, as determined by the bureau of labor statistics of the U.S. department of labor.

subject to a cost-of-living adjustment to be determined by rule of the board in accordance with this paragraph. To determine the adjustment, the board shall calculate the percentage difference between the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of each odd-numbered year and the consumer price index for calendar year 2003. For each biennium, the board shall adjust the required specified index specified index specified by that percentage to the extent required to reflect any difference, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$25 in the case of amounts of \$1 or more, which amounts shall be in effect until a subsequent rule is promulgated under this subsection. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), and (3), determinations under this paragraph may be promulgated as an emergency rule under s. 227.24 without providing evidence that the emergency rule is necessary for the public peace, health, safety, or welfare, and without a finding of emergency.

Section 37. 11.31 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

receive a grant of \$12,500 for a primary election and a grant of \$12,500 for a general or special election.

A contributor who makes a qualifying contribution may also make a seed money contribution in the full amount authorized under sub. (3).

by the candidate that are unencumbered on the day the candidate receives notification of qualification for a grant under sub. (7). The total shall deposit all seed money contributions received under this subsection in the clean elections fund.

- b. A statement as to whether the communication is intended to support or oppose that candidate.
- c. The total amount or value of the independent expenditure or obligation and the cumulative independent expenditures made and obligations to make independent expenditures incurred by the person with respect to that election.

#### INSERT 14-22:

(b) In addition to the requirements imposed under par. (a), a candidate does not qualify to receive a grant for a general or special election unless the candidate receives at least 5% of the total vote cast for all candidates on all ballots for the same office at the September primary, or at a special primary if a special primary is held.

INSERT 15-6:

(b) If a candidate does not have an opponent who has qualified to have his or her name appear on the ballot at the election for which a grant is to be applied, the candidate shall receive a grant for a primary election equal to the average total disbursements made in primary election campaign periods, as determined by the board traders. II.31 (5), for the office that the candidate seeks during the 4-year period preceding the date of the primary election, or a grant for a general or special election equal to the average total disbursements made in general and special

election equal to the average total disbursements made in general and special for reports hed by or on behalf of those candidates in a coordance with election campaign periods, as determined by the board forces s. 11.31 (5), for the office that the candidate seeks during the 4-year period preceding the date of the general or special election, except that a candidate for the office of governor shall

### 2001–2002 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1100/3ins2
JTK & RJM...:...

INSERT 18-11:

**SECTION 1.** 14.58 (20) of the statutes is amended to read:

14.58 (20) ELECTION CAMPAIGN FUND. Make disbursements to each candidate certified under s. 7.08 (2) (c) or (cm) by the elections board as eligible to receive moneys a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign clean elections fund.

History: 1971 c. 164 s. 90; 1973 c. 333; 1975 c. 180, 189, 198, 421; 1977 c. 107; 1977 c. 196 s. 131; 1979 c. 34, 221; 1981 c. 20; 1983 a. 27; 1983 a. 36 s. 96 (2); 1983 a. 51; 1983 a. 36 s. 329 (21); 1983 a. 36 s. 408, 524, 538; 1985 a. 29; 1989 a. 31; 1991 a. 39, 189, 299, 316; 1995 a. 201.

### DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1100/3dn JTK & RJM ........

### Representative Pocan:

- 1. Under proposed s. 11.51 (5) of the /2 draft, seed money contributions were limited to a maximum of \$100. This draft clarifies this provision slightly and expressly states that this limitation applies to a candidate's contributions to his or her own campaign.
- 2. Under the /2 draft, seed money and qualifying contributions were separately limited. However, for clarification purposes, this draft, in proposed s. 11.51 (4), provides that a contributor who makes a qualifying contribution may also make a seed money contribution in the full amount permitted under the draft.
- 3. You are correct that the cost of living adjustment in the /2 draft applied only to disbursement levels. Under this draft, the adjustment is also applied to grant amounts.
- 4. This draft permits grants to be received by unopposed candidates. You requested that the Maine model be followed, which you said was based on the average amount of expenditures for the immediately preceding 2 uncontested elections. The Maine statute, in section 16–951 A. 3. and D., provides for a grant of \$5 times the number of qualifying contributions received. This draft provides for grants for legislative candidates to be based upon total disbursements in uncontested elections for the same office during the 2-year period preceding the date of the election, but since there have been no uncontested elections for the office of governor, the draft uses the Maine model, which yields a grant of \$12,500 for an election for that office (2,500 qualifying contributions times \$5).
- 5. You requested that independent candidates not be permitted to receive a grant for a general or special election unless they receive at least 5% of the total vote cast at the primary election preceding that election. In order to avoid an equal protection issue, this draft, in proposed s. 11.51 (2) (b), applies this requirement to all candidates, not just independent candidates. Because there is not always a special primary preceding a special election, the requirement applies in special elections only if a special primary is held.

ANS DIA

Jeffery T. Kuesel Managing Attorney Phone: (608) 266–6778

Robert J. Marchant Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–4454

E-mail: robert.marchant@legis.state.wi.us

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Read

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LRB-1551/1dn JTK&RJM:wlj:pg

Currently, ch. 11., stats., generally requires unclosured individuals and committees seeking to influence the election or defeat of candidates for individuals and committees seeking to influence the election or defeat of candidates for individuals and committees seeking to influence the election or defeat of candidates for individuals and committees seeking to influence the election or defeat of candidates for individuals and committees seeking to influence the election or defeat of candidates for individuals and committees seeking to influence the election or defeat of candidates for individuals and committees seeking to influence the election or defeat of candidates for individuals and committees seeking to influence the election or defeat of candidates for individuals and committees seeking to influence the election or defeat of candidates for individuals and committees seeking to influence the election or defeat of candidates for individuals and committees seeking to influence the election or defeat of candidates for individuals and committees are included in the committee of the election of the committee of the election of the election of the committee of the election of the Currently, ch. 11., stats., generally requires disclosure of financial activity by state or local office [see ss. 11.01 (6), (7), (11), and (16), 11.05, and 11.06, stats.], unless a disbursement is made or obligation incurred by an individual other than a candidate or by a committee that is not organized primarily for political purposes, the disbursement is not a contribution as defined in the law, and the disbursement is not made to expressly advocate the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate [see s. 11.06 (2), stats.]. This language pretty closely tracks the holding of the U.S. Supreme Court in Buckley v. Valeo, et al., 96 S. Ct. 612, 656-664 (1976), which prescribes the boundaries of disclosure that may be constitutionally enforced (except as those requirements affect certain minor parties and independent candidates). Proposed ss. 11.501 (10) and 11.513, which require reporting by persons that make certain communications during certain periods containing a reference to a candidate for the office of fustice, appears to extend beyond the boundaries that the court permitted in 1976. As a result, its enforceability at the current time appears to rest upon a shift by the court in its stance on this issue. In this connection, see also North Carolina Right to Life, Inc., v. Bartleft, 168F. 3d 705 (4th Cir. 1999), cert. denied, 120 S. Ct. 1156 (2000), in which the court/voided North Carolina's attempt to regulate issue advocacy as inconsistent with Buckley.

(11.01 (4m) and (1/m) and 11.12 (6) (b)

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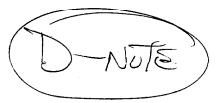
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### State of Misconsin 2001 - 2002 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1100/3
JTK&RJM:cs:jf
Shays

### 2001 BILL





AN ACT to repeal 11.21 (15), 11.26 (9) (c), 11.26 (10) and (13), 11.31 (2) and (2m), 11.31 (3), 11.31 (3m), 11.31 (6), 11.50, 20.855 (4) (b), 25.17 (1) (ys) and 71.10 (3); to renumber and amend 11.12 (6); to amend 5.02 (18), 5.62 (1) (a), 5.62 (3), 5.62 (5), 7.08 (2) (c) and (cm), 7.70 (3) (e) 1., 8.16 (1), 8.16 (5), 8.35 (4) (b), 8.50 (1) (d), 8.50 (3) (b), 10.02 (3) (b) 2m., 10.06 (1) (e), 10.06 (1) (i), 11.06 (1) (a), 11.06 (1) (g), 11.06 (1) (jm), 11.16 (5), 11.26 (2) (a), 11.26 (9) (a), 11.26 (9) (b), 11.26 (17) (a), 11.31 (title), 11.31 (1) (intro.), 11.31 (4), 11.31 (7) (b), 11.31 (7) (c), 11.31 (8), 11.31 (10) and 14.58 (20); to repeal and recreate 20.510 (1) (q) and 25.42; and to create 11.01 (4m) and (11m), 11.12 (6) (b), 11.31 (9), 11.51, 20.855 (4) (ba) and 25.17 (1) (aw) of the statutes; relating to: public financing of elections for certain state offices, providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures,

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granting rule-making authority, providing a penalty, and making appropriations.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Currently, a candidate for state office other than court of appeals judge, circuit judge, or district attorney may qualify to receive a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund for use in an election campaign only. No funding is provided for primary campaigns. In order to qualify for a grant, a candidate must qualify to have his or her name appear on the general or spring election ballot and must have an opponent who qualifies to have his or her name appear on that ballot. In addition, a candidate for a partisan office at the general election must receive at least six percent of the total vote cast on all ballots at the September primary election, and a candidate for a partisan office at a special election must either represent a political party whose candidate for the office that the candidate seeks received at least six percent of the total vote cast for that office at the most recent general election at which the office was contested or must receive at least six percent of the total vote cast for that office at the special election.

Currently, the maximum amount of a grant that a candidate may receive is 45% of the disbursement (spending) level or limit for the office that the candidate seeks. This amount is not subject to any cost of living adjustment. In addition, this amount is reduced by the total amount of contributions received by a candidate from committees other than political party or legislative campaign committees and this amount may not be fully funded in a particular year if there are not sufficient moneys in the Wisconsin election campaign fund to provide full financing for all qualifying candidates. Grants may only be used to purchase services from a communications medium, printing, graphic arts, or advertising services, office supplies, or postage. A candidate must agree to abide by disbursement and self—contribution limits in order to receive a grant, but this agreement does not apply if the candidate has an opponent who could have qualified for a grant but declines to do so and declines to file an affidavit of voluntary compliance with disbursement and self—contribution limits. Grant moneys that are not spent by a candidate after the date of an election must be returned by the candidate to the state.

This bill replaces the Wisconsin election campaign fund with a new fund called the clean elections fund. Under the bill, a candidate for the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly may qualify to receive a grant from the clean elections fund. Separate grants are provided for primary and election campaigns. Candidates for other state offices are not eligible to receive grants. In order to qualify for a grant, a candidate must qualify to have his or her name appear on the ballot at a spring, September, or special primary or a spring, general, or special election for which the grant money will be used. In order to qualify for a grant at a general or special election, a candidate must also receive at least 5% of the total vote cast on all ballots for the office that the candidate seeks at the September primary, or at the special primary, if a special primary is held. In addition, a candidate must

raise and deposit with the state treasurer a specified number of qualifying contributions in the amount of \$5 each. Each qualifying contribution must be received from an elector of this state and, in the case of a candidate for legislative office, an elector of the district in which the candidate seeks office, and the name and address of the contributor must be reported to the state elections board. The number of qualifying contributions ranges from 2,500 to 50, depending upon the office sought by the candidate.

Under the bill, the maximum amount of a grant that a candidate may receive ranges from \$500,000 in the primary and \$1,000,000 in the election to \$18,000 in the primary and \$36,000 in the election, depending upon the office sought by the candidate, except if a candidate has no opponent whose name is certified to appear on the ballot. Under the bill, an unopposed candidate at a primary election receives a grant equal to the average total disbursements made per candidate in primary elections for the office that the candidate seeks during the four—year period preceding the date of the primary election, and an unopposed candidate at a general or special election receives a grant equal to the average total disbursements made per candidate in general and special elections for the office that the candidate seeks during the four—year period preceding the date of the general or special election, except that a candidate for the office of governor receives a grant of \$12,500 for a primary election and \$12,500 for a general or special election. Grant amounts are subject to a biennial cost—of—living adjustment.

In order to receive a grant, a candidate must affirm that he or she has not accepted and agrees not to accept a contribution from any source other than qualifying contributions or seed money contributions, which may be accepted by a candidate before the candidate qualifies to receive a grant. The total seed money contributions accepted by a candidate from one contributor, including contributions by a candidate to his or her own campaign, may not exceed \$100. The total seed money contributions accepted by a candidate from all contributors range from \$50,000 to \$500, depending upon the office sought by the candidate. A candidate must deposit with the board any unencumbered seed money contributions held by the candidate on the day the candidate receives notification of qualification for a grant. If any person makes an expenditure independently of a candidate or incurs an obligation to make such an expenditure for the purpose of making a mass communication containing a reference to a candidate for the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly within 60 days preceding a primary or election for that office, the person must report that expenditure or obligation to the board. Upon receipt of the report by the board, each candidate who accepts a grant qualifies to receive an additional grant equal to the amount of the independent expenditures and outstanding obligations made in opposition to that candidate or in support of his or her opponent. If a candidate who accepts a grant is opposed by a candidate who does not accept a grant or who violates his or her agreement, any complying candidate for the same office who accepts a grant qualifies to receive an additional grant equal to the amount by which disbursements by the other candidate exceed the original amount of the grant received by that candidate. The sum of all additional grants made to a single candidate may not exceed 2.5 times the original

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amount of a candidate's grant. The bill permits grants to be spent for any lawful purpose. To facilitate matching of independent disbursements made and obligations incurred in opposition to a candidate or in support of a candidate's opponent, the bill revises current requirements for individuals and committees making such disbursements to report disbursements exceeding \$20 cumulatively if they are made within 15 days of an election to require, instead, reporting of all independent disbursements and obligations to make such disbursements in support of or in opposition to a candidate for the office of governor, state senator or representative to the assembly if the disbursements are made or obligations incurred within 60 days of an election.

The bill also deletes the disbursement and self-contribution limitations currently applicable to candidates who accept grants from the Wisconsin election campaign fund, as well as the affidavit of voluntary compliance with those limitations. Under the bill, grant moneys that are not spent by a candidate on the day after an election must be returned by the candidate to the state.

The bill provides that if a candidate does not adhere to the agreement required to obtain a grant, the candidate is subject to a forfeiture (civil penalty) equivalent to the amount of the grant that the candidate received, and in addition may be fined not more than three times the amount of any contributions received by the candidate excluding the amount of any grant and any qualifying or seed money contributions that are permitted to be received under the bill.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

### The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 5.02 (18) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.02 (18) "September primary" means the primary held the 2nd Tuesday in September to nominate candidates to be voted for at the general election, and to determine which candidates for state offices other than district attorney the offices of governor, state senator, and representative to the assembly may participate in the Wisconsin election campaign receive grants from the clean elections fund.

**SECTION 2.** 5.62 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.62 (1) (a) At September primaries, the following ballot shall be provided for the nomination of candidates of recognized political parties for national, state and county offices and independent candidates for state office the office of governor, state

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senator, and representative to the assembly in each ward, in the same form as prescribed by the board under s. 7.08 (1) (a), except as authorized in s. 5.655. The ballots shall be made up of the several party tickets with each party entitled to participate in the primary under par. (b) or sub. (2) having its own ballot, except as authorized in s. 5.655. The independent candidates for state office other than district attorney the offices of governor, state senator, and representative to the assembly shall have a separate ballot for all such candidates as under s. 5.64 (1) (e), except as authorized in s. 5.655. The ballots shall be secured together at the bottom. The party ballot of the party receiving the most votes for president or governor at the last general election shall be on top with the other parties arranged in descending order based on their vote for president or governor at the last general election. The ballots of parties qualifying under sub. (2) shall be placed after the parties qualifying under par. (b), in the same order in which the parties filed petitions with the board. Any ballot required under par. (b) 2. shall be placed next in order. The ballot listing the independent candidates shall be placed at the bottom. At polling places where voting machines are used, each party and the independent candidates shall be represented in one or more separate columns or rows on the ballot. At polling places where an electronic voting system is used other than an electronic voting machine, each party and the independent candidates may be represented in separate columns or rows on the ballot.

**Section 3.** 5.62 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.62 (3) The board shall designate the official primary ballot arrangement for statewide offices and district attorney within each prosecutorial district by using the same procedure as provided in s. 5.60 (1) (b). On each ballot and on each separate column or row on the ballot, the candidates for office shall be listed together with the

offices which they seek in the following order whenever these offices appear on the September primary ballot: governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state, state treasurer, U.S. senator, U.S. representative in congress, state senator, representative to the assembly, district attorney and the county offices. Below the names of the independent candidates for the offices of governor, state senator, and representative to the assembly shall appear the party or principle of the candidates, if any, in 5 words or less, as shown on their nomination papers.

**SECTION 4.** 5.62 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.62 (5) At the September primary, an elector may vote for the candidates of only one party, or the elector may vote for any of the independent candidates for state effice the offices of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly listed; but the elector may not vote for more than one candidate for a single office. A space shall be provided on the ballot for an elector to write in the name of his or her choice as a party candidate for any office, including a party candidate of a recognized political party whose name appears on the ballot, column or row designated for independent candidates, as provided in sub. (1) (b) 2. or (2) (b), but no space shall be provided to write in the names of independent candidates.

**Section 5.** 7.08 (2) (c) and (cm) of the statutes are amended to read:

7.08 (2) (c) As soon as possible after the canvass of the spring and September primary votes vote, but no later than the first Tuesday in March and the 4th Tuesday in September, transmit to the state treasurer a certified list of all eligible candidates for state office who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) 11.51 (7) and whom the board determines to be eligible to receive payments grants from the Wisconsin election campaign clean elections fund. The list shall contain each candidate's name, the mailing address indicated upon the candidate's registration form, the office for

which the individual is a candidate and the party or principle which he or she represents, if any.

(cm) As soon as possible after the canvass of a special primary, or the date that the primary would be held, if required, transmit to the state treasurer a certified list of all eligible candidates for state office who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) 11.51 (7) and whom the board determines to be eligible to receive a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign clean elections fund prior to the election. The board shall also transmit a similar list of candidates, if any, who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) and whom the board determines to be eligible to receive a grant under s. 11.50 (1) (a) 2. after the special election. The list shall contain each candidate's name, the mailing address indicated upon the candidate's registration form, the office for which the individual is a candidate and the party or principle which he or she represents, if any.

**SECTION 6.** 7.70 (3) (e) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

7.70 (3) (e) 1. After each September primary and special primary for the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly, the name of each candidate not defeated in the primary who receives at least 6% of the total vote cast for all candidates on all ballots at the primary for each separate state office except district attorney the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly, and the percentage of the total vote received by that candidate. Such percentage shall be calculated within each district in the case of legislative candidates.

**SECTION 7.** 8.16 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.16 (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), the person who receives the greatest number of votes for an office on a party ballot at any partisan primary, regardless of

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SECTION 7

whether the person's name appears on the ballot, shall be the party's candidate for the office, and the person's name shall so appear on the official ballot at the next election. All independent candidates shall appear on the general election ballot or on any special election ballot regardless of the number of votes received by such candidates at the September or at any special primary.

**SECTION 8.** 8.16 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.16 (5) Any candidate for a partisan state the office except district attorney of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly may also qualify for payments a grant under s. 11.50 11.51 if the candidate meets the requirements specified in s. 11.50 11.51; however, a candidate who qualifies under this section for placement on the official ballot at the general election or a special election shall appear on such ballot regardless of whether he or she qualifies for payments a grant under s. 11.50 11.51.

**SECTION 9.** 8.35 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.35 (4) (b) Notwithstanding par. (a), any unspent and unencumbered moneys received by a candidate from the Wisconsin election campaign clean elections fund shall be immediately transferred to any candidate who is appointed to replace such candidate, upon filing of a proper application therefor under s. 11.50 (2). If there is no candidate appointed or if no proper application is filed within 7 days of the date on which the vacancy occurs, such moneys shall revert to the state as provided in s. <del>11.50 (8)</del>.

**SECTION 10.** 8.50 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.50 (1) (d) When the election concerns a national or state office, the board shall transmit to each county clerk at least 22 days before the special primary a certified list of all persons for whom nomination papers have been filed in its office. If no

primary is required, the list shall be transmitted at least 42 days prior to the day of the election. If a special primary for the office of state senator or representative to the assembly is held, the board shall send a certified list of candidates who are eligible to receive grants under s. 11.51 to the state treasurer pursuant to s. 7.08 (2) (cm). Immediately upon receipt of the certified list of candidates from the board, the county clerk shall prepare his or her ballots. For a county special election, the county clerk shall certify the candidates and prepare the ballots. If there is a primary, the county clerk shall publish one type B notice in a newspaper under ch. 10. When a primary is held, as soon as possible after the primary, the county clerk shall certify the candidates and prepare the ballots for the following special election. The clerk shall publish one type B notice in a newspaper under ch. 10 for the election.

**SECTION 11.** 8.50 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.50 (3) (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions for September primaries under s. 8.15 are applicable to all partisan primaries held under this section, and the provisions for spring primaries under s. 8.10 are applicable to all nonpartisan primaries held under this section. In a special partisan primary or election, the order of the parties on the ballot shall be the same as provided under s. 5.62 (1) or 5.64 (1) (b). Independent candidates for state office the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly at a special partisan election shall not appear on the primary ballot. No primary is required for a nonpartisan election in which not more than 2 candidates for an office appear on the ballot or for a partisan election in which not more than one candidate for an office appears on the ballot of each recognized political party. In every special election except a special election for nonpartisan state office where no candidate is certified

to appear on the ballot, a space for write-in votes shall be provided on the ballot, regardless of whether a special primary is held.

**SECTION 12.** 10.02 (3) (b) 2m. of the statutes is amended to read:

10.02 (3) (b) 2m. At the September primary, the elector shall select the party ballot of his or her choice or the ballot containing the names of the independent candidates for state office, the office of governor, state senator, and representative to the assembly, and make a cross (\*) next to or depress the lever or button next to the candidate's name for each office for whom the elector intends to vote or insert or write in the name of the elector's choice for a party candidate, if any. In order to qualify for participation in the Wisconsin election campaign a grant from the clean elections fund, a candidate for state office the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly at the September primary, other than a candidate for district attorney, or a special primary, if a special primary is held, must receive at least 6% 5% of all votes cast on all ballots for the office for which he or she is a candidate, in addition to other requirements.

#### **SECTION 13.** 10.06 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

10.06 (1) (e) As soon as possible following the state canvass of the spring primary vote, but no later than the first Tuesday in March, the board shall send a type B notice certifying to each county clerk the list of candidates for the spring election. When no primary is held, this notice shall be sent under par. (c). The board shall also in any case send a certified list of candidates under s. 11.50 11.51 to the state treasurer pursuant to s. 7.08 (2) (c). When there is a referendum, the board shall send type A and C notices certifying each question to the county clerks as soon as possible, but no later than the first Tuesday in March.

**SECTION 14.** 10.06 (1) (i) of the statutes is amended to read:

10.06 (1) (i) As soon as possible after the state canvass, but no later than the 4th Tuesday in September, the board shall send a type B notice certifying the list of candidates and type A and C notices certifying each question for any referendum to each county clerk for the general election and a certified list of candidates under s. 11.50 11.51 to the state treasurer pursuant to s. 7.08 (2) (c).

**SECTION 15.** 11.01 (4m) and (11m) of the statutes are created to read:

11.01 (4m) "Communication" means a message transmitted by means of a printed advertisement, billboard, handbill, sample ballot, radio or television advertisement, telephone call, or any medium that may be utilized for the purpose of disseminating or broadcasting a message, but not including a poll conducted solely for the purpose of identifying or collecting data concerning the attitudes or preferences of electors.

of making a communication that is made during the 60-day period preceding any September or special primary election for the office of governor, state senator, representative to the assembly and the date of the general or special election following that primary election, or if no special primary election for the office of state senator or representative to the assembly is held, during the 60-day period preceding a special election for one of those offices; that contains a reference to a clearly identified candidate for the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly at that election; that is made without cooperation or consultation with such a candidate, or any authorized committee or agent of such a candidate, or any authorized committee or suggestion of, such a candidate, or any authorized committee or agent of such a candidate, or any authorized committee or agent of such a candidate.

SECTION 16. 11.06 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.06 (1) (a) An Except as required under s. 11.51 (2), an itemized statement
giving the date, full name and street address of each contributor who has made a
contribution in excess of \$20, or whose contribution if \$20 or less aggregates more
than \$20 for the calendar year, together with the amount of the contribution and the
cumulative total contributions made by that contributor for the calendar year.

**SECTION 17.** 11.06 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.06 (1) (g) An Except as required under s. 11.51 (9), an itemized statement of every disbursement exceeding \$20 in amount or value, together with the name and address of the person to whom the disbursement was made, and the date and specific purpose for which the disbursement was made.

**SECTION 18.** 11.06 (1) (jm) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.06 (1) (jm) A copy of any separate schedule prepared or received pursuant to an escrow agreement under s. 11.16 (5). —A candidate or personal campaign committee receiving contributions under such an agreement and attaching a separate schedule under this paragraph may indicate the percentage of the total contributions received, disbursements made and exclusions claimed under s. 11.31 (6) without itemization, except that amounts received from any contributor pursuant to the agreement who makes any separate contribution to the candidate or personal campaign committee during the calendar year of receipt as indicated in the schedule shall be aggregated and itemized if required under par. (a) or (b).

**SECTION 19.** 11.12 (6) of the statutes is renumbered 11.12 (6) (a) and amended to read:

11.12 (6) (a) If any disbursement of more than \$20 cumulatively is made to advocate the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate by an individual or committee later than 15 days prior to a primary or election in which the candidate's

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name appears on the ballot without cooperation or consultation with a candidate or agent or authorized committee of a candidate who is supported or opposed, and not in concert with or at the request or suggestion of such a candidate, agent, or committee, the individual or treasurer of the committee shall, within 24 hours of making the disbursement, inform the appropriate filing officer of the information required under s. 11.06 (1) in such manner as the board may prescribe. The information shall also be included in the next regular report of the individual or committee under s. 11.20. For purposes of this paragraph, disbursements cumulate beginning with the day after the last date covered on the preprimary or preelection report and ending with the day before the primary or election. Upon receipt of a report under this paragraph, the filing officer shall, within 24 hours of receipt, mail a copy of the report to all candidates for any office in support of or opposition to one of whom a disbursement identified in the report is made. This paragraph does not apply to any disbursement that is required to be reported as an independent expenditure under par. (b).

**Section 20.** 11.12 (6) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

- 11.12 (6) (b) 1. If any person makes an independent expenditure or incurs an obligation to make an independent expenditure, the person shall, within 24 hours of making the independent expenditure or incurring the obligation to make the independent expenditure, report to the board the information required under this paragraph in such manner as the board may prescribe.
  - 2. Each report under this paragraph shall contain the following information:
- a. The name of each candidate who is identified in each communication financed with the independent expenditure or obligation.

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b. A statement as to whether the communication is intended to support or oppose that candidate.

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- c. The total amount or value of the independent expenditure or obligation and the cumulative independent expenditures made and obligations to make independent expenditures incurred by the person with respect to that election.
- 3. If the person is a registrant, the person shall also include the information reported under subd. 2. in the next regular report of the person under s. 11.20. Upon receipt of a report under this paragraph, the board shall, within 24 hours of receipt, mail a copy of the report to all candidates for any office in support of or opposition to one of whom an independent expenditure or obligation identified in the report is made.

### **SECTION 21.** 11.16 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.16 (5) ESCROW AGREEMENTS. Any personal campaign committee, political party committee or legislative campaign committee may, pursuant to a written escrow agreement with more than one candidate, solicit contributions for and conduct a joint fund raising effort or program on behalf of more than one named candidate. The agreement shall specify the percentage of the proceeds to be distributed to each candidate by the committee conducting the effort or program. The committee shall include this information in all solicitations for the effort or program. All contributions received and disbursements made by the committee in connection with the effort or program shall be received and disbursed through a separate depository account under s. 11.14 (1) that is identified in the agreement. For purposes of s. 11.06 (1), the committee conducting the effort or program shall prepare a schedule in the form prescribed by the board supplying all required information under s. 11.06 (1) and items qualifying for exclusion under s. 11.31 (6)

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1 for the effort or program, and shall transmit a copy of the schedule to each candidate 2 who receives any of the proceeds within the period prescribed in s. 11.06 (4) (c). **Section 22.** 11.21 (15) of the statutes is repealed. 3 **Section 23.** 11.26 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 5 11.26 (2) (a) Candidates for governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state. 6 state treasurer, attorney general, state superintendent or justice, 4% of the value of 7 the disbursement level specified in the schedule under s. 11.31 (1), as adjusted under 8 s. 11.31 (9). 9 **SECTION 24.** 11.26 (9) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 10 11.26 (9) (a) No individual who is a candidate for state or local office may receive and accept more than 65% of the value of the total disbursement level determined 11 under s. 11.31 (1), as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9), for the office for which he or she is 12 a candidate during any primary and election campaign combined from all 13 committees subject to a filing requirement, including political party and legislative 14 campaign committees. 15 16 **SECTION 25.** 11.26 (9) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 11.26 (9) (b) No individual who is a candidate for state or local office may receive 17 18 and accept more than 45% of the value of the total disbursement level determined 19 under s. 11.31 (1), as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9), for the office for which he or she is 20 a candidate during any primary and election campaign combined from all

23 **Section 26.** 11.26 (9) (c) of the statutes is repealed.

to a filing requirement.

SECTION 27. 11.26 (10) and (13) of the statutes are repealed.

committees other than political party and legislative campaign committees subject

**Section 28.** 11.26 (17) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	11.26 (17) (a) For purposes of application of the limitations imposed in subs.
2	(1), (2), and (9) and (10), the "campaign" of a candidate begins and ends at the times
3	specified in this subsection.
<b>4</b> ·	SECTION 29. 11.31 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	11.31 (title) Disbursement levels and limitations; calculation.
6	SECTION 30. 11.31 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	11.31 (1) Schedule. (intro.) The following levels of disbursements are
8	established with reference to the candidates listed below. Except as provided in sub.
9	(2), such The levels are subject to adjustment under sub. (9). The levels do not
10	operate to restrict the total amount of disbursements which are made or authorized
11	to be made by any candidate in any primary or other election.
12	SECTION 31. 11.31 (2) and (2m) of the statutes are repealed.
13	Section 32. 11.31 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
14	SECTION 33. 11.31 (3m) of the statutes is repealed.
15	<b>Section 34.</b> 11.31 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	11.31 (4) Allocation. Except as provided in sub. (3m), whenever Whenever a
17	separate disbursement level is specified for a primary and election under sub. (1), a
18	candidate who disburses less than the authorized level in the primary may not
19	reallocate the balance to increase the level in the election. Whenever a separate
20	disbursement level is not specified for a primary and election under sub. (1), a
21	candidate may allocate disbursements between the primary and election campaign
22	within the total level of disbursements specified in sub. (1) in any proportion desired
23	and may carry over unexpended contributions from a primary campaign to an
24	election campaign.

SECTION 35. 11.31 (6) of the statutes is repealed.

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1	SECTION 36. 11.31 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	11.31 (7) (b) Disbursements which are made before a campaign period for goods
3	to be delivered or services to be rendered in connection with the campaign are
4	charged against the disbursement limitation level for that campaign.
5	<b>SECTION 37.</b> 11.31 (7) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	11.31 (7) (c) Disbursements which are made after a campaign to retire a debt
7	incurred in relation to a campaign are charged against the disbursement limitation
8	level for that campaign.
9	SECTION 38. 11.31 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	11.31 (8) CERTAIN CONTRIBUTIONS EXCLUDED. The limitations imposed levels
11	specified under this section do not apply to a gift of anything of value constituting
12	a contribution made directly to a registrant by another, but the limitations levels
13	shall apply to such gift when it is received and accepted by the recipient or, if received
14	in the form of money, when disbursed.
15	Section 39. 11.31 (9) of the statutes is created to read:
16	11.31 (9) Adjustment of disbursement levels. (a) In this subsection,
17	"consumer price index" means the average of the consumer price index over each
18	12-month period, all items, U.S. city average, as determined by the bureau of labor
19	statistics of the U.S. department of labor.
20	(b) The dollar amounts of all disbursement levels specified in sub. (1) shall be
21	subject to a cost-of-living adjustment to be determined by rule of the board in
22	accordance with this paragraph. To determine the adjustment, the board shall

calculate the percentage difference between the consumer price index for the

12-month period ending on December 31 of each odd-numbered year and the

consumer price index for calendar year 2003. For each biennium, the board shall

adjust the disbursement levels specified under sub. (1) by that percentage to the extent required to reflect any difference, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$25 in the case of amounts of \$1 or more, which amounts shall be in effect until a subsequent rule is promulgated under this subsection. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), and (3), determinations under this paragraph may be promulgated as an emergency rule under s. 227.24 without providing evidence that the emergency rule is necessary for the public peace, health, safety, or welfare, and without a finding of emergency.

**SECTION 40.** 11.31 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.31 (10) SURPLUS MATERIALS EXCLUDED. Disbursements constituting surplus materials acquired in connection with a previous campaign of a candidate are not subject to limitation by included in the levels specified in this section, if the materials were previously reported as a disbursement by that candidate.

**SECTION 41.** 11.50 of the statutes is repealed.

**Section 42.** 11.51 of the statutes is created to read:

- 11.51 Clean elections fund grants. (1) Any candidate for the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly may qualify to receive a grant from the clean elections fund by fulfilling the requirements of this section.
- (2) (a) In order to qualify to receive a grant from the clean elections fund, a candidate shall obtain and deposit with the state treasurer the number of qualifying contributions specified in this subsection, in the amount of \$5 each, each of which shall be received from an elector of this state and, in the case of a candidate for legislative office, an elector of the district in which the candidate seeks office. The name and address of each elector making a qualifying contribution shall be identified in a report filed with the board as provided in s. 11.06 (1) (a). The number of required qualifying contributions for a candidate for lattace office is:

1 1.	Governor,	2,500.
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- 2. State senator, 150.
- 3. Representative to the assembly, 50.
  - (b) In addition to the requirements imposed under par. (a), a candidate does not qualify to receive a grant for a general or special election unless the candidate receives at least 5% of the total vote cast for all candidates on all ballots for the same office at the September primary, or at a special primary if a special primary is held.
  - (3) Prior to notification that a candidate has qualified to receive a grant from the clean elections fund under sub. (7), a candidate may accept seed money contributions from individuals. The total seed money contributions accepted by a candidate from one contributor, including any seed money contributions made by a candidate to his or her own campaign, may not exceed \$100. The total seed money contributions accepted by a candidate during the candidate's campaign, as defined in s. 11.26 (17), may not exceed, in the aggregate, the following amount for the office sought by candidate:
    - (a) Governor, \$50,000.
    - (b) State senator, \$1,500.
    - (c) Representative to the assembly, \$500.
  - (4) A contributor who makes a qualifying contribution may also make a seed money contribution in the full amount authorized under sub. (3).
  - (5) A candidate shall remit to the state treasurer all seed money contributions received by the candidate that are unencumbered on the day the candidate receives notification of qualification for a grant under sub. (7). The state treasurer shall deposit all seed money contributions received under this subsection in the clean elections fund.

- (6) No candidate who accepts a grant from the clean elections fund may accept any seed money contribution under sub. (3) after receiving notification of qualification for a grant under sub. (7).
  - (7) In order to qualify to receive a grant from the clean elections fund, a candidate shall file an application with the board, no later than a time specified by the board by rule, in which the candidate shall affirm that he or she has not accepted and agrees not to accept a contribution from any source other than a contribution required under sub. (2), a contribution authorized under sub. (3), and the candidate's grant from the clean elections fund during the campaign of the candidate, as defined in s. 11.31 (7). If the candidate desires to receive grant payments by electronic transfer, the candidate shall include in his or her application sufficient information and authorization for the state treasurer to transfer payments to his or her campaign depository account. The board shall notify each candidate who qualifies to receive a grant from the clean elections fund as promptly as possible following qualification.
  - (8) (a) The board shall distribute primary election grants from the clean elections fund to each candidate who qualifies to receive a grant under this section as soon as possible preceding the date that the primary election is held for the office which the candidate seeks or the date on which the primary election would be held if a primary election were required to be held.
  - (b) The board shall distribute grants for the general or for a special election from the clean elections fund to each candidate who qualifies to receive a grant under this section as soon as possible after the date of the primary election for the office sought by the candidate, or the date on which the primary election would be held if a primary election were required to be held, except that, in the case of a candidate of a recognized political party for a partisan office, the board shall distribute a grant

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to a candidate for an office for which a primary election was held only if the candidate was nominated at that election.

- (9) A candidate who receives a grant from the clean elections fund shall file with the board reports of all disbursements made in the manner provided under s. 11.06 (1) (g), without regard to the amounts thereof.
- (10) (a) Except as provided in par. (b) and subs. (11) to (13), a candidate who qualifies to receive a grant from the clean elections fund under this section shall receive a grant in the following amount for the election specified, less the aggregate amount of contributions accepted by the candidate under sub. (3):

10		Primary	General or
11	Office	Election	Special Election
12	1. Governor	\$500,000	\$1,000,000
13	2. State senator	36,000	72,000
14	3. Representative to the assembly	18.000	36,000

(b) If a candidate does not have an opponent who has qualified to have his or her name appear on the ballot at the election for which a grant is to be applied, the candidate shall receive a grant for a primary election equal to the average total disbursements made per candidate in primary election campaign periods, as determined by the board from reports filed by or on behalf of those candidates in accordance with s. 11.31 (5), for the office that the candidate seeks during the 4–year period preceding the date of the primary election, or a grant for a general or special election equal to the average total disbursements made per candidate in general and special election campaign periods, as determined by the board from reports filed by or on behalf of those candidates in accordance with s. 11.31 (5), for the office that the candidate seeks during the 4–year period preceding the date of the general or special

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election, except that a candidate for the office of governor shall receive a grant of \$12,500 for a primary election and a grant of \$12,500 for a general or special election.

- (11) (a) In this subsection, "consumer price index" means the average of the consumer price index over each 12-month period, all items, U.S. city average, as determined by the bureau of labor statistics of the U.S. department of labor.
- (b) The dollar amounts of the grants specified in sub. (10) (a) and the grants specified for the office of governor in sub. (10) (b) shall be subject to a cost-of-living adjustment to be determined by rule of the board in accordance with this paragraph. To determine the adjustment, the board shall calculate the percentage difference between the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of each odd-numbered year and the consumer price index for calendar year 2003. For each biennium, the board shall adjust the grant amounts specified in sub. (10) by that percentage to the extent required to reflect any difference, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$25 in the case of amounts of \$1 or more, which amounts shall be in effect until a subsequent rule is promulgated under this subsection. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), and (3), determinations under this paragraph may be promulgated as an emergency rule under s. 227.24 without providing evidence that the emergency rule is necessary for the public peace, health, safety, or welfare, and without a finding of emergency.
- (12) If any independent expenditure is made or any obligation to make an independent expenditure is incurred by any person in opposition to a candidate who receives a grant from the clean elections fund or in support of an opponent of such a candidate whose name is certified to appear on the same ballot, then the candidate who receives a grant shall receive an additional grant in the total amount of the obligations incurred and the independent expenditures made that were not

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previously reported as obligations, as reported to the appropriate filing officer under s. 11.12 (6) (b), less any amounts for the same purposes that were previously reported; but not to exceed, in combination with any additional grant payable to that candidate under sub. (13), 2.5 times the amount payable to the candidate under sub. (10), as adjusted under sub. (11).

(13) If a candidate who receives a grant from the clean elections fund is opposed on a primary or election ballot by another candidate who does not receive a grant or by another candidate who the board determines has violated his or her agreement under sub. (7), the candidate who receives a grant shall receive an additional grant in the amount by which the disbursements made by the other candidate exceed the amount of the grant payable for the office sought by the candidate in that election under sub. (10), as adjusted under sub. (11), but not to exceed, in combination with any additional grant payable to that candidate under sub. (12), 2.5 times the amount payable to the candidate under sub. (10), as adjusted under sub. (11). If a candidate who receives a grant from the clean elections fund is opposed on a primary or election ballot by more than one candidate who does not receive a grant or who the board determines has violated his or her agreement under sub. (7), the amount of the grant payable under this subsection is the largest amount that would be payable by reason of any candidate's opposition.

(14) If a candidate who makes an agreement under sub. (7) does not adhere to the agreement, the candidate shall forfeit an amount equivalent to any grant from the clean elections fund that is provided to the candidate and the candidate may be fined not more than 3 times the amount of any contributions received by the candidate in his or her campaign, as defined in s. 11.26 (17), exclusive of the amount of any grant or any contributions deposited under sub. (2) or received under sub. (3).

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(15) No later than December 1 of each even-numbered year, a candidate who
received a grant from the clean elections fund in that year or the preceding year shall
return to the state treasurer the amount of any grant remaining in the candidate's
campaign depository account.
(16) The board may promulgate rules required to implement this section.
<b>SECTION 43.</b> 14.58 (20) of the statutes is amended to read:
14.58 (20) Election campaign fund. Make disbursements to each candidate
certified under s. 7.08 (2) (c) or (cm) by the elections board as eligible to receive
moneys a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign clean elections fund.
SECTION 44. 20.510 (1) (q) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
20.510 (1) (q) Clean elections fund grants. From the clean elections fund, a sum
sufficient to make the grants to candidates required under s. 11.51.
SECTION 45. 20.855 (4) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 46. 20.855 (4) (ba) of the statutes is created to read:
20.855 (4) (ba) Clean elections fund supplement. A sum sufficient equal to the
amounts required to make the grants to candidates required under s. 11.51, to be
transferred to the clean elections fund.
Section 47. 25.17 (1) (aw) of the statutes is created to read:
25.17 (1) (aw) Clean elections fund (s. 25.42);
Section 48. 25.17 (1) (ys) of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 49. 25.42 of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
25.42 Clean elections fund. All moneys deposited with the state treasurer
under s. 11.51 (2) and (5) or returned to the state treasurer under s. 11.51 (15) and
all moneys transferred to the clean elections fund under s. 20.855 (4) (ba) constitute
the clean elections fund.

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l	<b>SECTION 50.</b> 71.10 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
2	SECTION 51. Initial applicability.
3	(1) The treatment of sections 11.31 (9) and 11.51 (11) of the statutes first applies
4	to adjustments for the biennium beginning on January 1, 2004.

(END)

# DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1100/3dn JTK&RJM:ejs:jf

March 19, 2001

# Representative Pocan:

- 1. Under proposed s. 11.51 (5) of the /2 draft, seed money contributions were limited to a maximum of \$100. This draft clarifies this provision slightly and expressly states that this limitation applies to a candidate's contributions to his or her own campaign.
- 2. Under the /2 draft, seed money and qualifying contributions were separately limited. However, for clarification purposes, this draft, in proposed s. 11.51 (4), provides that a contributor who makes a qualifying contribution may also make a seed money contribution in the full amount permitted under the draft.
- 3. You are correct that the cost of living adjustment in the /2 draft applied only to disbursement levels. Under this draft, the adjustment is also applied to grant amounts.
- 4. This draft permits grants to be received by unopposed candidates. You requested that the Maine model be followed, which you said was based on the average amount of expenditures for the immediately preceding two uncontested elections. The Maine statute, in section 16–951 A. 3. and D., provides for a grant of \$5 times the number of qualifying contributions received. This draft provides for grants for legislative candidates to be based upon total disbursements made by candidates in uncontested elections for the same office during the four—year period preceding the date of the election, but since there have been no uncontested elections for the office of governor, the draft uses the Maine model, which yields a grant of \$12,500 for an election for that office (2,500 qualifying contributions times \$5).
- 5. You requested that independent candidates not be permitted to receive a grant for a general or special election unless they receive at least 5% of the total vote cast at the primary election preceding that election. In order to avoid an equal protection issue, this draft, in proposed s. 11.51 (2) (b), applies this requirement to all candidates, not just independent candidates. Because there is not always a special primary preceding a special election, the requirement applies in special elections only if a special primary is held.
- 6. Currently, ch. 11., stats., generally requires disclosure of financial activity by individuals and committees seeking to influence the election or defeat of candidates for state or local office [see ss. 11.01 (6), (7), (11), and (16), 11.05, and 11.06, stats.], unless a disbursement is made or obligation incurred by an individual other than a candidate

or by a committee that is not organized primarily for political purposes, the disbursement is not a contribution as defined in the law, and the disbursement is not made to expressly advocate the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate [see s. 11.06 (2), stats.]. This language pretty closely tracks the holding of the U.S. Supreme Court in Buckley v. Valeo, et al., 96 S. Ct. 612, 656-664 (1976), which prescribes the boundaries of disclosure that may be constitutionally enforced (except as those requirements affect certain minor parties and independent candidates). Proposed ss. 11.01 (4m) and (11m) and 11.12 (6) (b), which require reporting by persons that make certain communications during certain periods containing a reference to a candidate for the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly, appears to extend beyond the boundaries that the court permitted in 1976. As a result, its enforceability at the current time appears to rest upon a shift by the court in its stance on this issue. In this connection, see also North Carolina Right to Life, Inc., v. Bartlett, 168 F. 3d 705 (4th Cir. 1999), cert. denied, 120 S. Ct. 1156 (2000), in which the court voided North Carolina's attempt to regulate issue advocacy as inconsistent with Buckley.

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# DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1100/3dn JTK&RJM:cjs:jf

March 19, 2001

# Representative Pocan;

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- 3. You are correct that the cost of living adjustment in the /2 draft applied only to disbursement levels. Under this draft, the adjustment is also applied to grant amounts.
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- 6. Currently, ch. 11., stats., generally requires disclosure of financial activity by individuals and committees seeking to influence the election or defeat of candidates for state or local office [see ss. 11.01 (6), (7), (11), and (16), 11.05, and 11.06, stats.], unless a disbursement is made or obligation incurred by an individual other than a candidate

or by a committee that is not organized primarily for political purposes, the disbursement is not a contribution as defined in the law, and the disbursement is not made to expressly advocate the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate [see s. 11.06 (2), stats.]. This language pretty closely tracks the holding of the U.S. Supreme Court in Buckley v. Valeo, et al., 96 S. Ct. 612, 656-664 (1976), which prescribes the boundaries of disclosure that may be constitutionally enforced (except as those requirements affect certain minor parties and independent candidates). Proposed ss. 11.01 (4m) and (11m) and 11.12 (6) (b), which require reporting by persons that make certain communications during certain periods containing a reference to a candidate for the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly, appears to extend beyond the boundaries that the court permitted in 1976. As a result, its enforceability at the current time appears to rest upon a shift by the court in its stance on this issue. In this connection, see also North Carolina Right to Life, Inc., v. Bartlett. 168 F. 3d 705 (4th Cir. 1999), cert. denied, 120 S. Ct. 1156 (2000), in which the court voided North Carolina's attempt to regulate issue advocacy as inconsistent with Buckley.

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# Kuesel, Jeffery

From: Sent: Wavrunek, Glenn

Sent: To: Wednesday, March 21, 2001 9:28 AM

Kuesel, Jeffery

Subject:

LRB 1100/3 -- one small change and we're done

Jeff,

The bill looks great, but we have one small change. On point #4 in the drafter's note you talk about the funding formula for uncontested races and how it does not work for the Governor's race because we've never had an uncontested Governor's race.

Anyway, Mark was wondering if we could change the \$12,500 figure to 20% of the contested general election fund, which would then put the figure at  $$200,000 (.20 \times $1,000,000 = $200,000)$ ?

Please call if you have any questions, and thanks for your work on this.

Glenn Wavrunek Office of Rep. Mark Pocan



State of Misconsin 2001 - 2002 LEGISLATURE

JTK&RJM:cs:jf

LRB-1100/3

WANTED THU3/12-AM

**2001 BILL** 

seepp.

AN ACT to repeal 11.21 (15), 11.26 (9) (c), 11.26 (10) and (13), 11.31 (2) and (2m), 1 11.31 (3), 11.31 (3m), 11.31 (6), 11.50, 20.855 (4) (b), 25.17 (1) (ys) and 71.10 (3); 2 3 to renumber and amend 11.12 (6); to amend 5.02 (18), 5.62 (1) (a), 5.62 (3), 5.62 (5), 7.08 (2) (c) and (cm), 7.70 (3) (e) 1., 8.16 (1), 8.16 (5), 8.35 (4) (b), 8.50 4 5 (1) (d), 8.50 (3) (b), 10.02 (3) (b) 2m., 10.06 (1) (e), 10.06 (1) (i), 11.06 (1) (a), 11.06 6 (1) (g), 11.06 (1) (jm), 11.16 (5), 11.26 (2) (a), 11.26 (9) (a), 11.26 (9) (b), 11.26 (17) 7 (a), 11.31 (title), 11.31 (1) (intro.), 11.31 (4), 11.31 (7) (b), 11.31 (7) (c), 11.31 (8), 11.31 (10) and 14.58 (20); to repeal and recreate 20.510 (1) (q) and 25.42; and 8 9 to create 11.01 (4m) and (11m), 11.12 (6) (b), 11.31 (9), 11.51, 20.855 (4) (ba) and 10 25.17 (1) (aw) of the statutes; relating to: public financing of elections for 11 certain state offices, providing an exemption from emergency rule procedures.

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granting rule-making authority, providing a penalty, and making appropriations.

# Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Currently, a candidate for state office other than court of appeals judge, circuit judge, or district attorney may qualify to receive a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund for use in an election campaign only. No funding is provided for primary campaigns. In order to qualify for a grant, a candidate must qualify to have his or her name appear on the general or spring election ballot and must have an opponent who qualifies to have his or her name appear on that ballot. In addition, a candidate for a partisan office at the general election must receive at least six percent of the total vote cast on all ballots at the September primary election, and a candidate for a partisan office at a special election must either represent a political party whose candidate for the office that the candidate seeks received at least six percent of the total vote cast for that office at the most recent general election at which the office was contested or must receive at least six percent of the total vote cast for that office at the special election.

Currently, the maximum amount of a grant that a candidate may receive is 45% of the disbursement (spending) level or limit for the office that the candidate seeks. This amount is not subject to any cost of living adjustment. In addition, this amount is reduced by the total amount of contributions received by a candidate from committees other than political party or legislative campaign committees and this amount may not be fully funded in a particular year if there are not sufficient moneys in the Wisconsin election campaign fund to provide full financing for all qualifying candidates. Grants may only be used to purchase services from a communications medium, printing, graphic arts, or advertising services, office supplies, or postage. A candidate must agree to abide by disbursement and self-contribution limits in order to receive a grant, but this agreement does not apply if the candidate has an opponent who could have qualified for a grant but declines to do so and declines to file an affidavit of voluntary compliance with disbursement and self-contribution limits. Grant moneys that are not spent by a candidate after the date of an election must be returned by the candidate to the state.

This bill replaces the Wisconsin election campaign fund with a new fund called the clean elections fund. Under the bill, a candidate for the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly may qualify to receive a grant from the clean elections fund. Separate grants are provided for primary and election campaigns. Candidates for other state offices are not eligible to receive grants. In order to qualify for a grant, a candidate must qualify to have his or her name appear on the ballot at a spring, September, or special primary or a spring, general, or special election for which the grant money will be used. In order to qualify for a grant at a general or special election, a candidate must also receive at least 5% of the total vote cast on all ballots for the office that the candidate seeks at the September primary, or at the special primary, if a special primary is held. In addition, a candidate must

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raise and deposit with the state treasurer a specified number of qualifying contributions in the amount of \$5 each. Each qualifying contribution must be received from an elector of this state and, in the case of a candidate for legislative office, an elector of the district in which the candidate seeks office, and the name and address of the contributor must be reported to the state elections board. The number of qualifying contributions ranges from 2,500 to 50, depending upon the office sought by the candidate.

Under the bill, the maximum amount of a grant that a candidate may receive ranges from \$500,000 in the primary and \$1,000,000 in the election to \$18,000 in the primary and \$36,000 in the election, depending upon the office sought by the candidate, except if a candidate has no opponent whose name is certified to appear on the ballot. Under the bill, an unopposed candidate at a primary election receives a grant equal to the average total disbursements made per candidate in primary elections for the office that the candidate seeks during the four-year period preceding the date of the primary election, and an unopposed candidate at a general or special election receives a grant equal to the average total disbursements made per candidate in general and special elections for the office that the candidate seeks during the four-year period preceding the date of the general or special election, except that a candidate for the office of governor receives a grant of the primary election and the second for a general or special election. Grant amounts are subject to a biennial cost-of-living adjustment.

In order to receive a grant, a candidate must affirm that he or she has not accepted and agrees not to accept a contribution from any source other than qualifying contributions or seed money contributions, which may be accepted by a candidate before the candidate qualifies to receive a grant. The total seed money contributions accepted by a candidate from one contributor, including contributions by a candidate to his or her own campaign, may not exceed \$100. The total seed money contributions accepted by a candidate from all contributors range from \$50,000 to \$500, depending upon the office sought by the candidate. A candidate must deposit with the board any unencumbered seed money contributions held by the candidate on the day the candidate receives notification of qualification for a grant. If any person makes an expenditure independently of a candidate or incurs an obligation to make such an expenditure for the purpose of making a mass communication containing a reference to a candidate for the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly within 60 days preceding a primary or election for that office, the person must report that expenditure or obligation to the board. Upon receipt of the report by the board, each candidate who accepts a grant qualifies to receive an additional grant equal to the amount of the independent expenditures and outstanding obligations made in opposition to that candidate or in support of his or her opponent. If a candidate who accepts a grant is opposed by a candidate who does not accept a grant or who violates his or her agreement, any complying candidate for the same office who accepts a grant qualifies to receive an additional grant equal to the amount by which disbursements by the other candidate exceed the original amount of the grant received by that candidate. The sum of all additional grants made to a single candidate may not exceed 2.5 times the original

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amount of a candidate's grant. The bill permits grants to be spent for any lawful purpose. To facilitate matching of independent disbursements made and obligations incurred in opposition to a candidate or in support of a candidate's opponent, the bill revises current requirements for individuals and committees making such disbursements to report disbursements exceeding \$20 cumulatively if they are made within 15 days of an election to require, instead, reporting of all independent disbursements and obligations to make such disbursements in support of or in opposition to a candidate for the office of governor, state senator or representative to the assembly if the disbursements are made or obligations incurred within 60 days of an election.

The bill also deletes the disbursement and self-contribution limitations currently applicable to candidates who accept grants from the Wisconsin election campaign fund, as well as the affidavit of voluntary compliance with those limitations. Under the bill, grant moneys that are not spent by a candidate on the day after an election must be returned by the candidate to the state.

The bill provides that if a candidate does not adhere to the agreement required to obtain a grant, the candidate is subject to a forfeiture (civil penalty) equivalent to the amount of the grant that the candidate received, and in addition may be fined not more than three times the amount of any contributions received by the candidate excluding the amount of any grant and any qualifying or seed money contributions that are permitted to be received under the bill.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 5.02 (18) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.02 (18) "September primary" means the primary held the 2nd Tuesday in September to nominate candidates to be voted for at the general election, and to determine which candidates for state offices other than district attorney the offices of governor, state senator, and representative to the assembly may participate in the Wisconsin election campaign receive grants from the clean elections fund.

Section 2. 5.62 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.62 (1) (a) At September primaries, the following ballot shall be provided for the nomination of candidates of recognized political parties for national, state and county offices and independent candidates for state office the office of governor, state

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senator, and representative to the assembly in each ward, in the same form as prescribed by the board under s. 7.08 (1) (a), except as authorized in s. 5.655. The ballots shall be made up of the several party tickets with each party entitled to participate in the primary under par. (b) or sub. (2) having its own ballot, except as authorized in s. 5.655. The independent candidates for state office other than district attorney the offices of governor, state senator, and representative to the assembly shall have a separate ballot for all such candidates as under s. 5.64 (1) (e), except as authorized in s. 5.655. The ballots shall be secured together at the bottom. The party ballot of the party receiving the most votes for president or governor at the last general election shall be on top with the other parties arranged in descending order based on their vote for president or governor at the last general election. The ballots of parties qualifying under sub. (2) shall be placed after the parties qualifying under par. (b), in the same order in which the parties filed petitions with the board. Any ballot required under par. (b) 2, shall be placed next in order. The ballot listing the independent candidates shall be placed at the bottom. At polling places where voting machines are used, each party and the independent candidates shall be represented in one or more separate columns or rows on the ballot. At polling places where an electronic voting system is used other than an electronic voting machine, each party and the independent candidates may be represented in separate columns or rows on the ballot.

**SECTION 3.** 5.62 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.62 (3) The board shall designate the official primary ballot arrangement for statewide offices and district attorney within each prosecutorial district by using the same procedure as provided in s. 5.60 (1) (b). On each ballot and on each separate column or row on the ballot, the candidates for office shall be listed together with the

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offices which they seek in the following order whenever these offices appear on the September primary ballot: governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state, state treasurer, U.S. senator, U.S. representative in congress, state senator, representative to the assembly, district attorney and the county offices. Below the names of the independent candidates for the offices of governor, state senator, and representative to the assembly shall appear the party or principle of the candidates, if any, in 5 words or less, as shown on their nomination papers.

**SECTION 4.** 5.62 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.62 (5) At the September primary, an elector may vote for the candidates of only one party, or the elector may vote for any of the independent candidates for state effice the offices of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly listed; but the elector may not vote for more than one candidate for a single office. A space shall be provided on the ballot for an elector to write in the name of his or her choice as a party candidate for any office, including a party candidate of a recognized political party whose name appears on the ballot, column or row designated for independent candidates, as provided in sub. (1) (b) 2. or (2) (b), but no space shall be provided to write in the names of independent candidates.

SECTION 5. 7.08 (2) (c) and (cm) of the statutes are amended to read:

7.08 (2) (c) As soon as possible after the canvass of the spring and September primary votes vote, but no later than the first Tuesday in March and the 4th Tuesday in September, transmit to the state treasurer a certified list of all eligible candidates for state office who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) 11.51 (7) and whom the board determines to be eligible to receive payments grants from the Wisconsin election campaign clean elections fund. The list shall contain each candidate's name, the mailing address indicated upon the candidate's registration form, the office for

which the individual is a candidate and the party or principle which he or she represents, if any.

(cm) As soon as possible after the canvass of a special primary, or the date that the primary would be held, if required, transmit to the state treasurer a certified list of all eligible candidates for state office who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) 11.51 (7) and whom the board determines to be eligible to receive a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign clean elections fund prior to the election. The board shall also transmit a similar list of candidates, if any, who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) and whom the board determines to be eligible to receive a grant under s. 11.50 (1) (a) 2. after the special election. The list shall contain each candidate's name, the mailing address indicated upon the candidate's registration form, the office for which the individual is a candidate and the party or principle which he or she represents, if any.

**Section 6.** 7.70 (3) (e) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

7.70 (3) (e) 1. After each September primary and special primary for the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly, the name of each candidate not defeated in the primary who receives at least 6% of the total vote cast for all candidates on all ballots at the primary for each separate state office except district attorney the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly, and the percentage of the total vote received by that candidate. Such percentage shall be calculated within each district in the case of legislative candidates.

SECTION 7. 8.16 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.16 (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), the person who receives the greatest number of votes for an office on a party ballot at any partisan primary, regardless of

whether the person's name appears on the ballot, shall be the party's candidate for the office, and the person's name shall so appear on the official ballot at the next election. All independent candidates shall appear on the general election ballot or on any special election ballot regardless of the number of votes received by such candidates at the September or at any special primary.

**SECTION 8.** 8.16 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.16 (5) Any candidate for a partisan state the office except district attorney of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly may also qualify for payments a grant under s. 11.50 11.51 if the candidate meets the requirements specified in s. 11.50 11.51; however, a candidate who qualifies under this section for placement on the official ballot at the general election or a special election shall appear on such ballot regardless of whether he or she qualifies for payments a grant under s. 11.50 11.51.

**Section 9.** 8.35 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.35 (4) (b) Notwithstanding par. (a), any unspent and unencumbered moneys received by a candidate from the Wisconsin election campaign clean elections fund shall be immediately transferred to any candidate who is appointed to replace such candidate, upon filing of a proper application therefor under s. 11.50 (2). If there is no candidate appointed or if no proper application is filed within 7 days of the date on which the vacancy occurs, such moneys shall revert to the state as provided in s. 11.50 (8).

SECTION 10. 8.50 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.50 (1) (d) When the election concerns a national or state office, the board shall transmit to each county clerk at least 22 days before the special primary a certified list of all persons for whom nomination papers have been filed in its office. If no

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primary is required, the list shall be transmitted at least 42 days prior to the day of the election. If a special primary for the office of state senator or representative to the assembly is held, the board shall send a certified list of candidates who are eligible to receive grants under s. 11.51 to the state treasurer pursuant to s. 7.08 (2) (cm). Immediately upon receipt of the certified list of candidates from the board, the county clerk shall prepare his or her ballots. For a county special election, the county clerk shall certify the candidates and prepare the ballots. If there is a primary, the county clerk shall publish one type B notice in a newspaper under ch. 10. When a primary is held, as soon as possible after the primary, the county clerk shall certify the candidates and prepare the ballots for the following special election. The clerk shall publish one type B notice in a newspaper under ch. 10 for the election.

**SECTION 11.** 8.50 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

8.50 (3) (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the provisions for September primaries under s. 8.15 are applicable to all partisan primaries held under this section, and the provisions for spring primaries under s. 8.10 are applicable to all nonpartisan primaries held under this section. In a special partisan primary or election, the order of the parties on the ballot shall be the same as provided under s. 5.62 (1) or 5.64 (1) (b). Independent candidates for state office the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly at a special partisan election shall not appear on the primary ballot. No primary is required for a nonpartisan election in which not more than 2 candidates for an office appear on the ballot or for a partisan election in which not more than one candidate for an office appears on the ballot of each recognized political party. In every special election except a special election for nonpartisan state office where no candidate is certified

to appear on the ballot, a space for write—in votes shall be provided on the ballot, regardless of whether a special primary is held.

**SECTION 12.** 10.02 (3) (b) 2m. of the statutes is amended to read:

ballot of his or her choice or the ballot containing the names of the independent candidates for state office, the office of governor, state senator, and representative to the assembly, and make a cross (\*) next to or depress the lever or button next to the candidate's name for each office for whom the elector intends to vote or insert or write in the name of the elector's choice for a party candidate, if any. In order to qualify for participation in the Wisconsin election campaign a grant from the clean elections fund, a candidate for state office the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly at the September primary, other than a candidate for district attorney, or a special primary, if a special primary is held, must receive at least 6% 5% of all votes cast on all ballots for the office for which he or she is a candidate, in addition to other requirements.

# **SECTION 13.** 10.06 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

10.06 (1) (e) As soon as possible following the state canvass of the spring primary vote, but no later than the first Tuesday in March, the board shall send a type B notice certifying to each county clerk the list of candidates for the spring election. When no primary is held, this notice shall be sent under par. (c). The board shall also in any case send a certified list of candidates under s. 11.50 11.51 to the state treasurer pursuant to s. 7.08 (2) (c). When there is a referendum, the board shall send type A and C notices certifying each question to the county clerks as soon as possible, but no later than the first Tuesday in March.

**Section 14.** 10.06 (1) (i) of the statutes is amended to read:

10.06 (1) (i) As soon as possible after the state canvass, but no later than the 4th Tuesday in September, the board shall send a type B notice certifying the list of candidates and type A and C notices certifying each question for any referendum to each county clerk for the general election and a certified list of candidates under s. 11.50 11.51 to the state treasurer pursuant to s. 7.08 (2) (c).

**SECTION 15.** 11.01 (4m) and (11m) of the statutes are created to read:

11.01 (4m) "Communication" means a message transmitted by means of a printed advertisement, billboard, handbill, sample ballot, radio or television advertisement, telephone call, or any medium that may be utilized for the purpose of disseminating or broadcasting a message, but not including a poll conducted solely for the purpose of identifying or collecting data concerning the attitudes or preferences of electors.

of making a communication that is made during the 60-day period preceding any September or special primary election for the office of governor, state senator, representative to the assembly and the date of the general or special election following that primary election, or if no special primary election for the office of state senator or representative to the assembly is held, during the 60-day period preceding a special election for one of those offices; that contains a reference to a clearly identified candidate for the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly at that election; that is made without cooperation or consultation with such a candidate, or any authorized committee or agent of such a candidate, or any authorized committee or suggestion of, such a candidate, or any authorized committee or agent of such a candidate,

**SECTION 16.** 11.06 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.06 (1) (a) An Except as required under s. 11.51 (2), an itemized statement giving the date, full name and street address of each contributor who has made a contribution in excess of \$20, or whose contribution if \$20 or less aggregates more than \$20 for the calendar year, together with the amount of the contribution and the cumulative total contributions made by that contributor for the calendar year.

**SECTION 17.** 11.06 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.06 (1) (g) An Except as required under s. 11.51 (9), an itemized statement of every disbursement exceeding \$20 in amount or value, together with the name and address of the person to whom the disbursement was made, and the date and specific purpose for which the disbursement was made.

**SECTION 18.** 11.06 (1) (jm) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.06 (1) (jm) A copy of any separate schedule prepared or received pursuant to an escrow agreement under s. 11.16 (5). A candidate or personal campaign committee receiving contributions under such an agreement and attaching a separate schedule under this paragraph may indicate the percentage of the total contributions received, disbursements made and exclusions claimed under s. 11.31 (6) without itemization, except that amounts received from any contributor pursuant to the agreement who makes any separate contribution to the candidate or personal campaign committee during the calendar year of receipt as indicated in the schedule shall be aggregated and itemized if required under par. (a) or (b).

SECTION 19. 11.12 (6) of the statutes is renumbered 11.12 (6) (a) and amended to read:

11.12 (6) (a) If any disbursement of more than \$20 cumulatively is made to advocate the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate by an individual or committee later than 15 days prior to a primary or election in which the candidate's

name appears on the ballot without cooperation or consultation with a candidate or agent or authorized committee of a candidate who is supported or opposed, and not in concert with or at the request or suggestion of such a candidate, agent, or committee, the individual or treasurer of the committee shall, within 24 hours of making the disbursement, inform the appropriate filing officer of the information required under s. 11.06 (1) in such manner as the board may prescribe. The information shall also be included in the next regular report of the individual or committee under s. 11.20. For purposes of this paragraph, disbursements cumulate beginning with the day after the last date covered on the preprimary or preelection report and ending with the day before the primary or election. Upon receipt of a report under this paragraph, the filing officer shall, within 24 hours of receipt, mail a copy of the report to all candidates for any office in support of or opposition to one of whom a disbursement identified in the report is made. This paragraph does not apply to any disbursement that is required to be reported as an independent expenditure under par. (b).

**Section 20.** 11.12 (6) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

- 11.12 (6) (b) 1. If any person makes an independent expenditure or incurs an obligation to make an independent expenditure, the person shall, within 24 hours of making the independent expenditure or incurring the obligation to make the independent expenditure, report to the board the information required under this paragraph in such manner as the board may prescribe.
  - 2. Each report under this paragraph shall contain the following information:
- a. The name of each candidate who is identified in each communication financed with the independent expenditure or obligation.

- b. A statement as to whether the communication is intended to support or oppose that candidate.
- c. The total amount or value of the independent expenditure or obligation and the cumulative independent expenditures made and obligations to make independent expenditures incurred by the person with respect to that election.
- 3. If the person is a registrant, the person shall also include the information reported under subd. 2. in the next regular report of the person under s. 11.20. Upon receipt of a report under this paragraph, the board shall, within 24 hours of receipt, mail a copy of the report to all candidates for any office in support of or opposition to one of whom an independent expenditure or obligation identified in the report is made.

## **Section 21.** 11.16 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.16 (5) Escrow agreements. Any personal campaign committee, political party committee or legislative campaign committee may, pursuant to a written escrow agreement with more than one candidate, solicit contributions for and conduct a joint fund raising effort or program on behalf of more than one named candidate. The agreement shall specify the percentage of the proceeds to be distributed to each candidate by the committee conducting the effort or program. The committee shall include this information in all solicitations for the effort or program. All contributions received and disbursements made by the committee in connection with the effort or program shall be received and disbursed through a separate depository account under s. 11.14 (1) that is identified in the agreement. For purposes of s. 11.06 (1), the committee conducting the effort or program shall prepare a schedule in the form prescribed by the board supplying all required information under s. 11.06 (1) and items qualifying for exclusion under s. 11.31 (6)

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1	for the effort or program, and shall transmit a copy of the schedule to each candidate
2 .	who receives any of the proceeds within the period prescribed in s. 11.06 (4) (c).
3	SECTION 22. 11.21 (15) of the statutes is repealed.
4	SECTION 23. 11.26 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	11.26 (2) (a) Candidates for governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state,
6	state treasurer, attorney general, state superintendent or justice, 4% of the value of
7	the disbursement level specified in the schedule under s. 11.31 (1), as adjusted under
8	<u>s. 11.31 (9)</u> .
9	SECTION 24. 11.26 (9) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	11.26 (9) (a) No individual who is a candidate for state or local office may receive
11	and accept more than 65% of the value of the total disbursement level determined
12	under s. 11.31 (1), as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9), for the office for which he or she is
13	a candidate during any primary and election campaign combined from all
14	committees subject to a filing requirement, including political party and legislative
15	campaign committees.
16	SECTION 25. 11.26 (9) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	11.26 (9) (b) No individual who is a candidate for state or local office may receive
18	and accept more than 45% of the value of the total disbursement level determined
19	under s. 11.31 (1), as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9), for the office for which he or she is
<b>20</b> .	a candidate during any primary and election campaign combined from all
21	committees other than political party and legislative campaign committees subject
22	to a filing requirement.
23	SECTION 26. 11.26 (9) (c) of the statutes is repealed.
24	SECTION 27. 11 26 (10) and (13) of the statutes are renealed

SECTION 28. 11.26 (17) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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11.26 (17) (a) For purposes of application of the limit	ations imposed in	subs.
(1), (2), and (9) and (10), the "campaign" of a candidate begin	ns and ends at the	times
specified in this subsection.		
SECTION 29 11 31 (title) of the statutes is amended t	o read:	

11.31 (title) Disbursement levels and limitations; calculation.

**Section 30.** 11.31 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.31 (1) SCHEDULE. (intro.) The following levels of disbursements are established with reference to the candidates listed below. Except as provided in sub. (2), such The levels are subject to adjustment under sub. (9). The levels do not operate to restrict the total amount of disbursements which are made or authorized to be made by any candidate in any primary or other election.

**Section 31.** 11.31 (2) and (2m) of the statutes are repealed.

Section 32. 11.31 (3) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 33.** 11.31 (3m) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 34.** 11.31 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.31 (4) ALLOCATION. Except as provided in sub. (3m), whenever Whenever a separate disbursement level is specified for a primary and election under sub. (1), a candidate who disburses less than the authorized level in the primary may not reallocate the balance to increase the level in the election. Whenever a separate disbursement level is not specified for a primary and election under sub. (1), a candidate may allocate disbursements between the primary and election campaign within the total level of disbursements specified in sub. (1) in any proportion desired, and may carry over unexpended contributions from a primary campaign to an election campaign.

**SECTION 35.** 11.31 (6) of the statutes is repealed.

1.	2	SECTION 36.	11.31 (7) (b)	of the statutes is	amended to read:
	4.4	the state of the s	and the second s		· ·

11.31 (7) (b) Disbursements which are made before a campaign period for goods to be delivered or services to be rendered in connection with the campaign are charged against the disbursement limitation level for that campaign.

**SECTION 37.** 11.31 (7) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.31 (7) (c) Disbursements which are made after a campaign to retire a debt incurred in relation to a campaign are charged against the disbursement limitation level for that campaign.

**SECTION 38.** 11.31 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.31 (8) CERTAIN CONTRIBUTIONS EXCLUDED. The limitations imposed levels specified under this section do not apply to a gift of anything of value constituting a contribution made directly to a registrant by another, but the limitations levels shall apply to such gift when it is received and accepted by the recipient or, if received in the form of money, when disbursed.

SECTION 39. 11.31 (9) of the statutes is created to read:

- 11.31 (9) Adjustment of disbursement levels. (a) In this subsection, "consumer price index" means the average of the consumer price index over each 12-month period, all items, U.S. city average, as determined by the bureau of labor statistics of the U.S. department of labor.
- (b) The dollar amounts of all disbursement levels specified in sub. (1) shall be subject to a cost-of-living adjustment to be determined by rule of the board in accordance with this paragraph. To determine the adjustment, the board shall calculate the percentage difference between the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of each odd-numbered year and the consumer price index for calendar year 2003. For each biennium, the board shall

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adjust the disbursement levels specified under sub. (1) by that percentage to the extent required to reflect any difference, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$25 in the case of amounts of \$1 or more, which amounts shall be in effect until a subsequent rule is promulgated under this subsection. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), and (3), determinations under this paragraph may be promulgated as an emergency rule under s. 227.24 without providing evidence that the emergency rule is necessary for the public peace, health, safety, or welfare, and without a finding of emergency.

SECTION 40. 11.31 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.31 (10) Surplus materials excluded. Disbursements constituting surplus materials acquired in connection with a previous campaign of a candidate are not subject to limitation by included in the levels specified in this section, if the materials were previously reported as a disbursement by that candidate.

**Section 41.** 11.50 of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 42.** 11.51 of the statutes is created to read:

- 11.51 Clean elections fund grants. (1) Any candidate for the office of governor, state senator, or representative to the assembly may qualify to receive a grant from the clean elections fund by fulfilling the requirements of this section.
- (2) (a) In order to qualify to receive a grant from the clean elections fund, a candidate shall obtain and deposit with the state treasurer the number of qualifying contributions specified in this subsection, in the amount of \$5 each, each of which shall be received from an elector of this state and, in the case of a candidate for legislative office, an elector of the district in which the candidate seeks office. The name and address of each elector making a qualifying contribution shall be identified in a report filed with the board as provided in s. 11.06 (1) (a). The number of required qualifying contributions for a candidate for each office is:

1	1,	Governor,	2,500.

- 2 2. State senator, 150.
  - 3. Representative to the assembly, 50.
    - (b) In addition to the requirements imposed under par. (a), a candidate does not qualify to receive a grant for a general or special election unless the candidate receives at least 5% of the total vote cast for all candidates on all ballots for the same office at the September primary, or at a special primary if a special primary is held.
    - (3) Prior to notification that a candidate has qualified to receive a grant from the clean elections fund under sub. (7), a candidate may accept seed money contributions from individuals. The total seed money contributions accepted by a candidate from one contributor, including any seed money contributions made by a candidate to his or her own campaign, may not exceed \$100. The total seed money contributions accepted by a candidate during the candidate's campaign, as defined in s. 11.26 (17), may not exceed, in the aggregate, the following amount for the office sought by candidate:
      - (a) Governor, \$50,000.
      - (b) State senator, \$1,500.
      - (c) Representative to the assembly, \$500.
      - (4) A contributor who makes a qualifying contribution may also make a seed money contribution in the full amount authorized under sub. (3).
    - (5) A candidate shall remit to the state treasurer all seed money contributions received by the candidate that are unencumbered on the day the candidate receives notification of qualification for a grant under sub. (7). The state treasurer shall deposit all seed money contributions received under this subsection in the clean elections fund.

- (6) No candidate who accepts a grant from the clean elections fund may accept any seed money contribution under sub. (3) after receiving notification of qualification for a grant under sub. (7).
- (7) In order to qualify to receive a grant from the clean elections fund, a candidate shall file an application with the board, no later than a time specified by the board by rule, in which the candidate shall affirm that he or she has not accepted and agrees not to accept a contribution from any source other than a contribution required under sub. (2), a contribution authorized under sub. (3), and the candidate's grant from the clean elections fund during the campaign of the candidate, as defined in s. 11.31 (7). If the candidate desires to receive grant payments by electronic transfer, the candidate shall include in his or her application sufficient information and authorization for the state treasurer to transfer payments to his or her campaign depository account. The board shall notify each candidate who qualifies to receive a grant from the clean elections fund as promptly as possible following qualification.
- (8) (a) The board shall distribute primary election grants from the clean elections fund to each candidate who qualifies to receive a grant under this section as soon as possible preceding the date that the primary election is held for the office which the candidate seeks or the date on which the primary election would be held if a primary election were required to be held.
- (b) The board shall distribute grants for the general or for a special election from the clean elections fund to each candidate who qualifies to receive a grant under this section as soon as possible after the date of the primary election for the office sought by the candidate, or the date on which the primary election would be held if a primary election were required to be held, except that, in the case of a candidate of a recognized political party for a partisan office, the board shall distribute a grant

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- to a candidate for an office for which a primary election was held only if the candidate was nominated at that election.
  - (9) A candidate who receives a grant from the clean elections fund shall file with the board reports of all disbursements made in the manner provided under s. 11.06 (1) (g), without regard to the amounts thereof.
  - (10) (a) Except as provided in par. (b) and subs. (11) to (13), a candidate who qualifies to receive a grant from the clean elections fund under this section shall receive a grant in the following amount for the office sought by the candidate and for the election specified, less the aggregate amount of contributions accepted by the candidate under sub. (3):

11		Primary	General or
12	Office	Election	Special Election
13	1. Governor	\$500,000	\$1,000,000
14	2. State senator	36,000	72,000
15	3. Representative to the assembly	18,000	36,000

(b) If a candidate does not have an opponent who has qualified to have his or her name appear on the ballot at the election for which a grant is to be applied, the candidate shall receive a grant for a primary election equal to the average total disbursements made per candidate in primary election campaign periods, as determined by the board from reports filed by or on behalf of those candidates in accordance with s. 11.31 (5), for the office that the candidate seeks during the 4-year period preceding the date of the primary election, or a grant for a general or special election equal to the average total disbursements made per candidate in general and special election campaign periods, as determined by the board from reports filed by or on behalf of those candidates in accordance with s. 11.31 (5), for the office that the

andidate seeks during the 4-year period preceding the date of the general or speci-	al
election, except that a candidate for the office of governor shall receive a grant \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	of
12,500 for a primary election and a grant of 22,500 for a general or special election	n.

- (11) (a) In this subsection, "consumer price index" means the average of the consumer price index over each 12-month period, all items, U.S. city average, as determined by the bureau of labor statistics of the U.S. department of labor.
- (b) The dollar amounts of the grants-specified in sub. (10) (a) and the grants specified for the office of governor in sub. (10) (b) shall be subject to a cost—of—living adjustment to be determined by rule of the board in accordance with this paragraph. To determine the adjustment, the board shall calculate the percentage difference between the consumer price index for the 12—month period ending on December 31 of each odd—numbered year and the consumer price index for calendar year 2003. For each biennium, the board shall adjust the grant amounts specified in sub. (10) by that percentage to the extent required to reflect any difference, rounded to the nearest multiple of \$25 in the case of amounts of \$1 or more, which amounts shall be in effect until a subsequent rule is promulgated under this subsection. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), and (3), determinations under this paragraph may be promulgated as an emergency rule under s. 227.24 without providing evidence that the emergency rule is necessary for the public peace, health, safety, or welfare, and without a finding of emergency.
- (12) If any independent expenditure is made or any obligation to make an independent expenditure is incurred by any person in opposition to a candidate who receives a grant from the clean elections fund or in support of an opponent of such a candidate whose name is certified to appear on the same ballot, then the candidate who receives a grant shall receive an additional grant in the total amount of the

obligations incurred and the independent expenditures made that were not previously reported as obligations, as reported to the appropriate filing officer under s. 11.12 (6) (b), but not to exceed, in combination with any additional grant payable to that candidate under sub. (13), 2.5 times the amount payable to the candidate under sub. (10), as adjusted under sub. (11).

on a primary or election ballot by another candidate who does not receive a grant or by another candidate who the board determines has violated his or her agreement under sub. (7), the candidate who receives a grant shall receive an additional grant in the amount by which the disbursements made by the other candidate exceed the amount of the grant payable for the office sought by the candidate in that election under sub. (10), as adjusted under sub. (11), but not to exceed, in combination with any additional grant payable to that candidate under sub. (12), 2.5 times the amount payable to the candidate under sub. (10), as adjusted under sub. (11). If a candidate who receives a grant from the clean elections fund is opposed on a primary or election ballot by more than one candidate who does not receive a grant or who the board determines has violated his or her agreement under sub. (7), the amount of the grant payable under this subsection is the largest amount that would be payable by reason of any candidate's opposition.

(14) If a candidate who makes an agreement under sub. (7) does not adhere to the agreement, the candidate shall forfeit an amount equivalent to any grant from the clean elections fund that is provided to the candidate and the candidate may be fined not more than 3 times the amount of any contributions received by the candidate in his or her campaign, as defined in s. 11.26 (17), exclusive of the amount of any grant or any contributions deposited under sub. (2) or received under sub. (3).

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	(15) No later than December 1 of each even-numbered year, a candidate who
recei	ved a grant from the clean elections fund in that year or the preceding year shall
retur	n to the state treasurer the amount of any grant remaining in the candidate's
camp	paign depository account.
	(16) The board may promulgate rules required to implement this section.
	SECTION 43. 14.58 (20) of the statutes is amended to read:
	14.58 (20) Election campaign fund. Make disbursements to each candidate
certi	fied under s. 7.08 (2) (c) or (cm) by the elections board as eligible to receive
mone	eys a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign clean elections fund.
	SECTION 44. 20.510 (1) (q) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
	20.510(1)(q) Clean elections fund grants. From the clean elections fund, a sum
suffi	cient to make the grants to candidates required under s. 11.51.
	SECTION 45. 20.855 (4) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
	SECTION 46. 20.855 (4) (ba) of the statutes is created to read:
	20.855 (4) (ba) Clean elections fund supplement. A sum sufficient equal to the
amo	unts required to make the grants to candidates required under s. 11.51, to be
tran	sferred to the clean elections fund.
	SECTION 47. 25.17 (1) (aw) of the statutes is created to read:
÷	25.17 (1) (aw) Clean elections fund (s. 25.42);
:	SECTION 48. 25.17 (1) (ys) of the statutes is repealed.
· .	SECTION 49. 25.42 of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
	25.42 Clean elections fund. All moneys deposited with the state treasurer
und	ler s. 11.51 (2) and (5) or returned to the state treasurer under s. 11.51 (15) and
all ı	moneys transferred to the clean elections fund under s. 20.855 (4) (ba) constitute
the	clean elections fund.

1	SECTION 50. 71.10 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
2	SECTION 51. Initial applicability.
3	(1) The treatment of sections 11.31 (9) and 11.51 (11) of the statutes first applies
4	to adjustments for the biennium beginning on January 1, 2004.
5	(END)



## STEPHEN R. MILLER CHIEF

# State of Misconsin

#### LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

100 NORTH HAMILTON STREET 5TH FLOOR MADISON, WI 53701-2037

LEGAL SECTION: LEGAL FAX: (608) 266-3561 (608) 264-6948

March 21, 2001

### **MEMORANDUM**

To:

Representative Pocan

From:

Jeffery T. Kuesel, Managing Attorney

Re:

LRB-1100 Public financing of campaigns for state office

The attached draft was prepared at your request. Please review it carefully to ensure that it is accurate and satisfies your intent. If it does and you would like it jacketed for introduction, please indicate below for which house you would like the draft jacketed and return this memorandum to our office. If you have any questions about jacketing, please call our program assistants at 266-3561. Please allow one day for jacketing.



If you have any questions concerning the attached draft, or would like to have it redrafted, please contact me at (608) 266-6778 or at the address indicated at the top of this memorandum.

If the last paragraph of the analysis states that a fiscal estimate will be prepared, the LRB will request that it be prepared after the draft is introduced. You may obtain a fiscal estimate on the attached draft before it is introduced by calling our program assistants at 266-3561. Please note that if you have previously requested that a fiscal estimate be prepared on an earlier version of this draft, you will need to call our program assistants in order to obtain a fiscal estimate on this version before it is introduced.

Please call our program assistants at 266-3561 if you have any questions regarding this memorandum.