2001 ASSEMBLY BILL 500

September 19, 2001 – Introduced by Representatives Ladwig, Starzyk, Huebsch, Duff, Musser, Albers, Owens, Olsen, Urban, Plale, Hahn, Ott, Grothman, Nass, Krawczyk and Stone, cosponsored by Senators Huelsman and Roessler. Referred to Committee on Education.

AN ACT *to amend* 48.396 (2) (g), 118.125 (5) (b), 938.396 (2) (a), 938.396 (2) (ag),
 938.396 (2) (am), 938.396 (2) (gm), 938.396 (2) (h), 938.396 (4), 938.396 (7) (am)
 and 938.396 (7) (c); and *to create* 938.342 (1r) of the statutes; relating to:
 dispositional orders for truancy or habitual truancy and the disclosure of
 juvenile records by a juvenile court or a municipal court.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, if school attendance is a condition of a dispositional order of the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under the Children's Code and the Juvenile Justice Code (juvenile court) for a juvenile who is delinquent or in need of protection or services, the order must specify what constitutes a violation of the condition and must direct the school board of the school district, or the governing body of the private school, in which the juvenile is enrolled to notify the county department of human services or social services that is responsible for supervising the juvenile of any violation of that condition.

This bill requires a dispositional order of the juvenile court or of a municipal court that requires school attendance of a person who is truant or habitually truant to specify what constitutes a violation of that disposition and to direct the school board of the school district, or the governing body of the private school, in which the person is enrolled to notify the agency that is responsible for supervising the person or, if the person is not under the supervision of an agency, the juvenile court or municipal court of any violation of that disposition.

ASSEMBLY BILL 500

Under current law, records of the juvenile court and of a municipal court exercising jurisdiction over a juvenile for a violation of a municipal ordinance, subject to certain exceptions, are not open to inspection and their contents may not be disclosed except by order of the juvenile court. Current law, however, requires the juvenile court to open its records of a juvenile for inspection by the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the juvenile or the juvenile, if 14 years of age or over, upon request of the parent, guardian, legal custodian, or juvenile; by any third person, upon the written permission of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the juvenile or the juvenile, if 14 years of age or over; by any other juvenile court, a district attorney, or corporation counsel for purposes of proceedings in that other juvenile court; and by a family court or an attorney or guardian ad litem for a party for purposes of considering the custody of the juvenile.

This bill requires a municipal court to open its records of a juvenile for inspection by the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the juvenile or the juvenile, if 14 years of age or over, upon request of the parent, guardian, legal custodian, or juvenile; by any third person, upon the written permission of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the juvenile or the juvenile, if 14 years of age or over; by any juvenile court, municipal court, district attorney, corporation counsel, city, village, or town attorney, or attorney or guardian ad litem for a party for purposes of proceedings in that juvenile court or municipal court; or by a family court or an attorney or guardian ad litem for a party for purposes of the juvenile.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1	SECTION 1. 48.396 (2) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	48.396 (2) (g) Upon request of any other court assigned to exercise jurisdiction
3	under this chapter and ch. 938, <u>any municipal court exercising jurisdiction under s.</u>
4	<u>938.17 (2), or</u> a district attorney or, corporation counsel <u>, or city, village, or town</u>
5	<u>attorney</u> to review court records for the purpose of any proceeding in that other court
6	or upon request of the attorney or guardian ad litem for a party to a proceeding in
7	that court to review court records for the purpose of that proceeding, the court shall
8	open for inspection by any authorized representative of the requester the records of
9	the court relating to any child who has been the subject of a proceeding under this
10	chapter.

ASSEMBLY BILL 500

1	SECTION 1. 118.125 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	118.125 (5) (b) Law enforcement officers' records obtained under s. 48.396 (1)
3	or 938.396 (1) or (1m) and, records of the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under
4	chs. 48 and 938 obtained under s. 938.396 (7) <u>(a), (am), (ar), (b), or (bm), and records</u>
5	<u>of a municipal court obtained under s. 938.396 (7) (ar)</u> may not be used by a school
6	district as the sole basis for expelling or suspending a pupil or as the sole basis for
7	taking any other disciplinary action, including action under the school district's
8	athletic code <u>, against a pupil</u> .
9	SECTION 2. 938.342 (1r) of the statutes is created to read:
10	938.342 (1r) If a person is ordered to attend school as a disposition under sub.
11	(1d) (a) or (1g) (g), the order shall specify what constitutes a violation of the
12	disposition and shall direct the school board of the school district, or the governing
13	body of the private school, in which the person is enrolled to notify the court or, if the
14	person is under the supervision of an agency under sub. (1g) (j), the agency that is
15	responsible for supervising the person within 5 days after any violation of the
16	disposition by the person.
17	SECTION 3. 938.396 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	938.396 (2) (a) Records of the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this
19	chapter and ch. 48 and of <u>municipal</u> courts exercising jurisdiction under s. 938.17 (2)
20	shall be entered in books or deposited in files kept for that purpose only. They <u>Those</u>

21 <u>records</u> shall not be open to inspection or their contents disclosed except by order of

the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 or aspermitted under this section.

SECTION 4. 938.396 (2) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:

ASSEMBLY BILL 500

1	938.396 (2) (ag) Upon request of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of a
2	juvenile who is the subject of a record of a court specified in par. (a) assigned to
3	exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 or of a municipal court exercising
4	jurisdiction under s. 938.17 (2), or upon request of the juvenile, if 14 years of age or
5	over, the court <u>that is the custodian of the record</u> shall open for inspection by the
6	parent, guardian, legal custodian <u>,</u> or juvenile the <u>its</u> records of the court relating to
7	that juvenile, unless the <u>that</u> court finds, after due notice and hearing, that
8	inspection of those records by the parent, guardian, legal custodian, or juvenile
9	would result in imminent danger to anyone.
10	SECTION 5. 938.396 (2) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	938.396 (2) (am) Upon the written permission of the parent, guardian, or legal
12	custodian of a juvenile who is the subject of a record of a court specified in par. (a)
13	assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 or of a municipal court
14	exercising jurisdiction under s. 938.17 (2), or upon written permission of the juvenile
15	if 14 years of age or over, the court <u>that is the custodian of the record</u> shall open for
16	inspection by the person named in the permission any records specifically identified
17	by the parent, guardian, legal custodian, or juvenile in the written permission,
10	

- 4 -

unless the that court finds, after due notice and hearing, that inspection of those
records by the person named in the permission would result in imminent danger to
anyone.

21

SECTION 6. 938.396 (2) (gm) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.396 (2) (gm) Upon request of any other court assigned to exercise
jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48, <u>any municipal court exercising</u>
jurisdiction under s. 938.17 (2), or a district attorney or, corporation counsel, or city,
village, or town attorney to review court records for the purpose of any proceeding

ASSEMBLY BILL 500

in that other court or upon request of the attorney or guardian ad litem for a party
to a proceeding in that court to review court records for the purpose of that
proceeding, the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48
or the municipal court exercising jurisdiction under s. 938.17 (2) shall open for
inspection by any authorized representative of the requester the its records of the
court relating to any juvenile who has been the subject of a proceeding under this
chapter.

8

SECTION 7. 938.396 (2) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 938.396 (2) (h) Upon request of the court having jurisdiction over an action 10 affecting the family or of an attorney for a party or a guardian ad litem in an action 11 affecting the family to review court records for the purpose of considering the custody 12 of a juvenile, the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 13 48 or a municipal court exercising jurisdiction under s. 938.17 (2) shall open for 14 inspection by an authorized representative of the requester the its records of the 15 court relating to any juvenile who has been the subject of a proceeding under this 16 chapter.

SECTION 8. 938.396 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.396 (4) When a court <u>assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter</u> 18 and ch. 48 or a municipal court exercising jurisdiction under s. 938.17 (2) revokes, 19 20 suspends, or restricts a juvenile's operating privilege under this chapter, the 21 department of transportation shall may not disclose information concerning or 22 relating to the revocation, suspension, or restriction to any person other than a court, 23 assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48, a municipal court 24 exercising jurisdiction under s. 938.17 (2), a district attorney, county corporation 25 counsel, <u>or</u> city, village, or town attorney, <u>a</u> law enforcement agency, or the juvenile

- 5 -

ASSEMBLY BILL 500

whose operating privilege is revoked, suspended, or restricted, or his or her the
 juvenile's parent or guardian. Persons entitled to receive this information may not
 disclose the information to other persons or agencies.

4

SECTION 9. 938.396 (7) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 938.396 (7) (am) Notwithstanding sub. (2) (a) and subject to par. (b), if a 6 juvenile is adjudged delinquent, within 5 days after the date on which the dispositional order is entered, the court clerk shall notify the school board of the 7 8 school district, or the governing body of the private school, in which the juvenile is enrolled or the designee of the school board or governing body of the fact that the 9 10 juvenile has been adjudicated delinquent, the nature of the violation committed by 11 the juvenile, and the disposition imposed on the juvenile under s. 938.34 as a result 12 of that the violation.

13 (ar) Notwithstanding sub. (2) (a), if school attendance is a condition of a 14 dispositional order under s. 938.355 (2) (b) 7. or 938.342 (1d) (a) or (1g) (g), within 5 15 days after the date on which the dispositional order is entered, the court clerk of the 16 court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 or of the 17 municipal court exercising jurisdiction under s. 938.17 (2) shall notify the school 18 board of the school district, or the governing body of the private school, in which the 19 juvenile is enrolled or the designee of the school board or governing body of the fact 20 that the juvenile's school attendance is a condition of a dispositional order.

21

SECTION 10. 938.396 (7) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.396 (7) (c) No information from the juvenile's court records, other than
information disclosed under par. (a), (am), (ar), (b), or (bm), may be disclosed to the
school board of the school district, or the governing body of the private school, in
which the juvenile is enrolled or the designee of the school board or governing body

ASSEMBLY BILL 500

except by order of the court. Any information provided under this subsection to the 1 2 school board of the school district, or the governing body of the private school, in 3 which the juvenile is enrolled or the designee of the school board or governing body 4 shall be disclosed by the school board, governing body, or designee to employees of 5 the school district or private school who work directly with the juvenile or who have 6 been determined by the school board, governing body, or designee to have legitimate 7 educational interests, including safety interests, in the information. A school district 8 or private school employee to whom information is disclosed under this paragraph 9 may not further disclose the information. A school board shall may not use any 10 information provided under this subsection as the sole basis for expelling or 11 suspending a juvenile or as the sole basis for taking any other disciplinary action, 12 including action under the school district's athletic code, against the juvenile. A 13 member of a school board or of the governing body of a private school or an employee 14 of a school district or private school may not be held personally liable for any damages 15 caused by the nondisclosure of any information specified in this paragraph unless 16 the member or employee acted with actual malice in failing to disclose the 17 information. A school district or private school may not be held liable for any 18 damages caused by the nondisclosure of any information specified in this paragraph 19 unless the school district, private school, or its agent acted with gross negligence or 20 with reckless, wanton, or intentional misconduct in failing to disclose the 21 information.

- 7 -

22

(END)