#### Bill

Received: 09/26/2001				Received By: jkreye				
Wanted	l: Soon				Identical to LRB:			
For: Da	miel Vrakas (6	By/Representing:	brian					
This file	e may be shown	to any legislat	or: NO		Drafter: jkreye			
May Co	ontact:				Addl. Drafters:			
Subject	: Tax - co	orp. inc. and fi	ran.		Extra Copies:			
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Appren	ticeship tax crec	lit						
Instruc	ctions:		:					
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Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	<u>Required</u>
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FE Sent For: 10/05/2001.

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#### Bill

Received: <b>09/2</b> 6	5/2001				Received By: jkr	eye		
Wanted: Soon					Identical to LRB:			
For: <b>Daniel Vra</b>	akas (6	08) 266-3007			By/Representing:	brian		
This file may be	shown	to any legislate	or: NO		Drafter: jkreye			
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Receive	d: <b>09/26/2001</b>				Received By: jkr	eye			
Wanted: Soon					Identical to LRB:				
For: Da	niel Vrakas (6	508) 266-3007			By/Representing:	brian			
This file	e may be shown	n to any legislato	or: NO		Drafter: jkreye				
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#### Bill

Received: 09/26/2001					Received By: jkreye			
Wanted: Soon					Identical to LRB:			
For: Da	niel Vrakas (6	(08) 266-3007			By/Representing	: brian		
This file	e may be shown	to any legislate	or: NO		Drafter: jkreye			
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Bill

Received: <b>09/26/2001</b>	Received By: j	ikreve

Wanted: Soon Identical to LRB:

For: Daniel Vrakas (608) 266-3007 By/Representing: brian

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO**Drafter: **jkreye** 

May Contact: Addl. Drafters:

Subject: Tax - corp. inc. and fran. Extra Copies:

Submit via email: NO

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

**Topic:** 

Apprenticeship tax credit

**Instructions:** 

See Attached

**Drafting History:** 

Vers. <u>Drafted</u> <u>Reviewed</u> <u>Typed</u> <u>Proofed</u> <u>Submitted</u> <u>Jacketed</u> <u>Required</u>

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FE Sent For:

<END>

#### Kreye, Joseph

From:

Pleva, Brian

Sent:

Wednesday, September 26, 2001 2:32 PM

To: Cc:

Subject:

Kreye, Joseph Conlin, Robert Apprentice Tax Credit

Joe, I am requesting an LRB draft that is similar to the apprentice tax credit provision within the Joint Legislative Council Special Committee on Labor Shortage's bill (2001 Assembly Bill 516) with a few differences. The provision within AB 516 will be deleted through a *separate* substitute amendment, which is being handled by Rep. Jean Hundertmark. *This bill*, which will eventually be introduced on 10/10/01 as an Assembly Committee on Labor and Workforce Development bill, should address the following "plain" language:

The bill creates an income tax and franchise tax credit for an employer that pays wages to an apprentice who is participating in a two- to five year-year apprenticeship program in which the apprentice is receiving instruction leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman in the industrial manufacturing, private sector service occupation or construction trades. However, the credit would only apply to the top five trades of each category that are identified by the Department of Workforce Development's Labor Market Information division as experiencing the most shortages. The amount of the credit is 5% of the wages that are paid to an apprentice in a taxable year, but cannot exceed \$1,400, except that, in the taxable year in which the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program, the amount of the credit is 8% of the wages that are paid to an apprentice, but cannot exceed \$3,000. Generally, no employer may claim the credit for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004; if the number of employers training apprentices does not increase by more than 40% from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2004.

Joe, as you can see, the "Internet posting" provision is not in this proposal.

If you have any questions, please let me know.

Rep Viahar

#### Kreve, Joseph

From:

Pleva, Brian

Sent:

Wednesday, September 26, 2001 4:39 PM

To:

Kreye, Joseph

Subject:

RE: Apprentice Tax Credit

Joe, just to be sure, I mean the five trades with the most shortages within each category (i.e. the five industrial manufacturing trades with the most shortages; the five private sector service trades with the most shortages and the five construction trades with the most shortages).

----Original Message----

From: Pleva, Brian

Sent:

Wednesday, September 26, 2001 4:07 PM

To:

Kreye, Joseph

Subject:

RE: Apprentice Tax Credit

AB 516 is LRB-3844/1. Also, you are correct in that those two changes being the only ones.

Thanks again, Joe!

----Original Message-----From: Kreve, Joseph

Sent: Wednesday, September 26, 2001 4:00 PM

To: Cc: Pleva, Brian Malaise, Gordon

Subject:

RE: Apprentice Tax Credit

Brain,

What is the LRB number of AB 516? Also, just to clarify, are the following provisions the only changes to AB 516 that you want in a new bill: 1. Limit the credit to the five trades with the most shortages, as identified by DWD; 2. Eliminate the Internet posting provision.

#### Joseph T. Kreye

Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau (608) 266-2263

----Original Message----

From:

Pleva, Brian

Sent:

Wednesday, September 26, 2001 2:32 PM

To:

Kreye, Joseph

Cc:

Conlin, Robert

Subject:

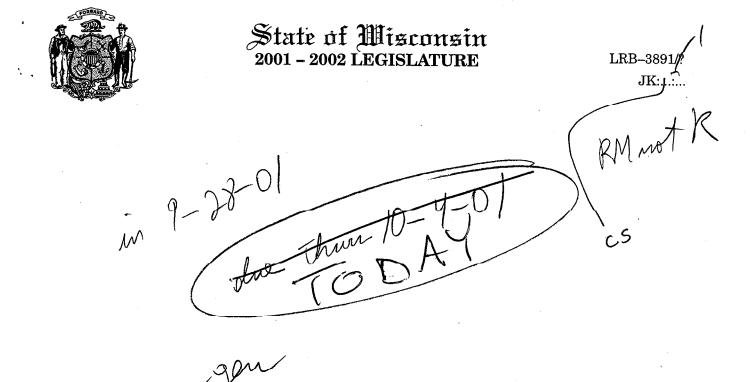
Apprentice Tax Credit

Joe, I am requesting an LRB draft that is similar to the apprentice tax credit provision within the Joint Legislative Council Special Committee on Labor Shortage's bill (2001 Assembly Bill 516) with a few differences. The provision within AB 516 will be deleted through a separate substitute amendment, which is being handled by Rep. Jean Hundertmark. This bill, which will eventually be introduced on 10/10/01 as an Assembly Committee on Labor and Workforce Development bill, should address the following "plain" language:

The bill creates an income tax and franchise tax credit for an employer that pays wages to an apprentice who is participating in a two- to five year-year apprenticeship program in which the apprentice is receiving instruction leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman in the industrial manufacturing, private sector service occupation or construction trades. However, the credit would only apply to the top five trades of each category that are identified by the Department of Workforce Development's Labor Market Information division as experiencing the most shortages. The amount of the credit is 5% of the wages that are paid to an apprentice in a taxable vear, but cannot exceed \$1,400, except that, in the taxable year in which the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program, the amount of the credit is 8% of the wages that are paid to an apprentice, but cannot exceed \$3,000. Generally, no employer may claim the credit for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, if the number of employers training apprentices does not increase by more than 40% from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2004.

Joe, as you can see, the "Internet posting" provision is not in this proposal.

If you have any questions, please let me know.



An Act ...; relating to: an income and franchise tax credit for training apprentices.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill creates an income tax and franchise tax credit for an employer that pays wages to an apprentice who is participating in a two-year to five-year apprenticeship program in which the apprentice is receiving instruction leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman in any of the five industrial manufacturing trades; any of the five private sector service occupations; or any of the five construction trades; with the most employee shortages, as determined by the department of workforce development. The amount of the credit is five percent of the wages that are paid to an apprentice in a taxable year, but cannot exceed \$1,400, except that, in the taxable year in which the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program, the amount of the credit is eight percent of the wages that are paid to an apprentice, but cannot exceed \$3,000. Generally, no employer may claim the credit for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, if the number of employers training apprentices does not increase by more than 40% from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2004.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

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49.175 (1) (zp) Idb retention skills development programs. For the transfer of 1 moneys to the technical college system beard for implementation costs for job 2 retention skills development programs under s. 38.34 \$200,000 in fiscal year 3 2001402

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SECTION 13. 71.05 (6) (a) 15. of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16, is amended to read:

71.05 (6) (a) 15. The amount of the credits computed under s. 71,07 (2dd), (2de), (2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2dr), (2ds), (2dx), (3g), and (3s), (5d), passed through by a partnership, limited liability company or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, company's or tax-option plain comma corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1) (g).

**SECTION 14.** 71.07 (5d) of the statutes is created to read:

71.07 (5d) Industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit. (a) In this subsection:

- 1. "Apprentice" means a person who participates in a 2-year to 5-year apprenticeship program, as determined and approved by the department, in which the person receives instruction leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman in any industrial manufacturing trade or private sector service occupation or receives instruction in the construction trades leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman carpenter, including a floor coverer, millwright, or pile driver; laborer; ironworker; or painter, including a taper
- 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection and who is a trades trainer, as determined and approved by the department.
  - 3. "Department" means the department of workforce development.

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(b) Subject to the limitations provided in this subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.02 an amount that is equal to 5% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year, but not to exceed \$1,400, except that a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.02 an amount that is equal to 8% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year in which the apprentice completes an apprenticeship program, but not to exceed \$3,000.

No claimant may receive a credit under this subsection unless the claimant enters into an agreement with the department permitting the department to post on the department's Internet site the claimant's name and address and the number of apprentices and journeymen employed by the claimant during the calendar year.

This subsection does not apply to taxable years that begin after December 31, 2004, if the number of employers training apprentices in department—approved programs does not increase by more than 40% from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2004, as determined by the department, except that a claimant who has claimed a credit for an apprentice's wages in any taxable year beginning before January 1, 2005, may continue to claim a credit for the apprentice's wages in succeeding taxable years, until the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program. As soon as practicable after December 31, 2004, the department shall certify to the department of revenue the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on January 1, 2002, and the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on December 31, 2004.

(e) The carry-over provisions of s. 71.28 (4) (e) and (f), as they apply to the credit under s. 71.28 (4), apply to the credit under this subsection.

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**ASSEMBLY BILL 516** 

(f) Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option corporations may not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount of, the credit are based on their payment of wages under par. (b). A partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation shall compute the amount of credit that each of its partners, members, or shareholders may claim and shall provide that information to each of them. Partners, members of limited liability companies, and shareholders of tax-option corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their ownership interests.

(g) Section 71.28 (4) (g) and (h), as it applies to the credit under s. 71.28 (4), applies to the credit under this subsection.

#### **SECTION 15.** 71.07 (5r) of the statutes is created to read:

(1.07 (5r) Education credit. (a) In this subsection:

"Claimant" means a sole proprietor, a partner, a member of a limited liability company, or a shareholder of a tax-option corporation who files a claim under this subsection.

- 2. "Degree-granting program" means an educational program for which an associate, a bachelor's, or a graduate degree is awarded upon successful completion.
  - 3. "Family member" has the meaning given in s. 157.061 (7).
- 4. "Managing employee" means an individual who wholly or partially exercises operational or managerial control over, or who directly or indirectly conducts, the operation of the claimant's business.
  - 5. "Poverty line" has the meaning given in s. 49.001(5).
  - Qualified postsecondary institution" means all of the following:

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#### **ASSEMBLY BILL 516**

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g) No credit may be claimed under this subsection for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009. Credits claimed under this subsection for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2010, may be carried forward to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, as provided under s. 71.28 (4) (f).

SECTION 17. 71.08 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

71.08 (1) IMPOSITION. (intro.) If the tax imposed on a natural person, married couple filing jointly, trust or estate under s. 71.02, not considering the credits under ss. 71.07 (1), (2dd), (2de), (2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dr), (2ds), (2dx), (2fd), (3m), (3s), (5v), (6), and (9e), 71.28 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1ds), (1dx), (1fd), (2m) and, (3), and (5v), and 71.47 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1ds), (1dx), (1fd), (2m) and, (3), and (5v) and subchs. VIII and IX and payments to other states under s. 71.07 (7), is less than the tax under this section, there is imposed on that natural person, married couple filing jointly, trust or estate, instead of the tax under s. 71.02, an alternative minimum tax computed as follows:

SECTION 18. 71.10 (4) (cd) of the statutes is created to read:

71.10 (4) (cd) Education eredit under s. 71.07 (5r).

SECTION 19, 71.10 (4) (cp) of the statutes is created to real

71.10 (4) (cp) Industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit under s. 71.07 (5d).

SECTION 20, 71.10 (4) (k) of the statutes is created to read:

1.40 (4) (k) Productivity enhancement training credit under s 71.07 (5v)

SECTION 21. 71.21 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16, is amended to read:

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1	71.21 (4) Credits computed by a partnership under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de), (2di),
2	(2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2ds), (2dx), (3g), and (3s), (3g), and (3s), (2dx) and passed through
3	to partners shall be added to the partnership's income.
4	SECTION 22. 71.26 (2) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16,
5	is amended to read:
6	71.26 (2) (a) Corporations in general. The "net income" of a corporation means
7	the gross income as computed under the Internal Revenue Code as modified under
8	sub. (3) minus the amount of recapture under s. 71.28 (1di) plus the amount of credit
9	computed under s. 71.28 (1), (3), (4), (5), plus the amount of the credit computed
10	under s. 71.28 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), and (3g) (1dx), (3g), (5d)
11) *	and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or
12	tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, limited
13	liability company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1)
14	(g) plus the amount of losses from the sale or other disposition of assets the gain from
15	which would be wholly exempt income, as defined in sub. (3) (L), if the assets were
16	sold or otherwise disposed of at a gain and minus deductions, as computed under the
17	Internal Revenue Code as modified under sub. (3), plus or minus, as appropriate, an
18	amount equal to the difference between the federal basis and Wisconsin basis of any
19	asset sold, exchanged, abandoned, or otherwise disposed of in a taxable transaction
20	during the taxable year, except as provided in par. (b) and s. 71.45 (2) and (5).
21	SECTION 23. 71.28 (1dx) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
22	71.28 (1dx) (b) 1. Fifty percent of the amount expended by the person for
23	environmental remediation in a development zone.

SECTION 24. 71.28 (1dx) (b) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

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71.28 (1dx) (b) 1m. Fifty percent of the amount expended by a municipality, as defined in s. 292.01 (11), or an organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code for environmental remediation in a development zone, if the municipality or organization has entered into an exclusive written agreement with the person claiming the credit that approves of the person claiming the credit based on the expenditures of the municipality or organization. The department shall promulgate rules to implement this subdivision.

SECTION 25. 71,28/1dx) (f) of the statutes is created to read:

71.28 (1dx) (f) Transfer of credits. Any person who is eligible to claim a credit under par (b) 1. may transfer the right to claim the credit under par. (b) 1. to any other person who is subject to taxation under this subchapter. The department shall promulgate rules to implement this paragraph

**Section 26.** 71.28 (5d) of the statutes is created to read:

71.28 (5d) Industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit. (a) In this subsection:

- "Apprentice" means a person who participates in a 2-year to 5-year apprenticeship program, as determined and approved by the department, in which the person receives instruction leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman in and industrial manufacturing trade or private sector service occupation or receives instruction in the construction trades leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman carpenter, including a floor coverer, millwright, or pile driver; laborer; ironworker; or painter, including a taper
- 24 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection and who is a trades trainer, as determined and approved by the department. 25

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- 3. "Department" means the department of workforce development.
- (b) Subject to the limitations provided in this subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.23 an amount that is equal to 5% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year, but not to exceed \$1,400, except that a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.23 an amount that is equal to 8% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year in which the apprentice completes an apprenticeship program, but not to exceed \$3,000.
- (c) No claimant may receive a credit under this subsection unless the claimant enters into an agreement with the department permitting the department to post on the department's Internet site the claimant's name and address and the number of apprentices and journeymen employed by the claimant during the calendar year.

This subsection does not apply to taxable years that begin after December 31, 2004, if the number of employers training apprentices in department—approved programs does not increase by more than 40% from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2004, as determined by the department, except that a claimant who has claimed a credit for an apprentice's wages in any taxable year beginning before January 1, 2005, may continue to claim a credit for the apprentice's wages in succeeding taxable years, until the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program. As soon as practicable after December 31, 2004, the department shall certify to the department of revenue the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on January 1, 2002, and the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on December 31, 2004.

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(4) The carry-over provisions of sub. (4) (e) and (f), as they apply to the credit under sub. (4), apply to the credit under this subsection.

Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option corporations may not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount of, the credit are based on their payment of wages under par. (b). A partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation shall compute the amount of credit that each of its partners, members, or shareholders may claim and shall provide that information to each of them. Partners, members of limited liability companies, and shareholders of tax-option corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their ownership interests.

(g) Subsection (4) (g) and (h), as it applies to the credit under sub. (4), applies to the credit under this subsection.

SECTION 27. 71.28 (5r) of the statutes is created to read:

71.28 (5r) EDUCATION CREDIT. (a) In this subsection:

- 1. "Claimant" means a corporation that files a claim under this subsection.
- 2. "Degree-granting program" means an education program for which an associate, a bachelor's, or a graduate degree is awarded upon successful completion.
  - 3. "Family member" has the meaning given in s. 157.061 (7).
- 4. "Managing employee" means an individual who wholly or partially exercises operational or managerial control over, or who directly or indirectly conducts, the operation of the claimant's business.
  - 5. "Poverty line" has the meaning given in s. 49.001 (5).
  - 6. "Qualified postsecondary institution" means all of the following

A.

**Section 30.** 71.30 (3) (dm) of the statutes is created to read:

2 71.30 (3) (dm) The industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit

3 under s. 71.28 (5d).

SECTION 31. 71.30 (3) (g) of the statutes is created to read.

71.30 (3) (g) Productivity enhancement training credit under s 71.28 (5)

SECTION 32. 71.34 (1) (g) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16,

7 is amended to read:

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71.34 (1) (g) An addition shall be made for credits computed by a tax-option corporation under s. 71.28 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), (1dx), (3), and (3g), (5d) Manual and passed through to shareholders.

Section 33. 71.45(2)(a) 10. of the statutes is amended to read:

71.45 (2) (a) 10. By adding to federal taxable income the amount of credit computed under s. 71.47 (1dd) to (1dx), (5d) (5d) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, limited liability company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1) (g) and the amount of credit computed under s. 71.47 (1), (3), (4), and (5).

SECTION 34. 71.47 (5d) of the statutes is created to read:

71.47 (5d) Industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit. (a) In this subsection:

1. "Apprentice" means a person who participates in a 2-year to 5-year apprenticeship program, as determined and approved by the department, in which the person receives instruction leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman in any industrial manufacturing trade or private sector service occupation or receives instruction in the construction trades leading to qualification as a skilled

journeyman carpenter, including a floor coverer, millwright, or pile driver; laborer; ironworker; or painter, including a taper.

- 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection and who is a trades trainer, as determined and approved by the department.
  - 3. "Department" means the department of workforce development.
- (b) Subject to the limitations provided in this subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.43 an amount that is equal to 5% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year, but not to exceed \$1,400, except that a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.43 an amount that is equal to 8% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year in which the apprentice completes an apprenticeship program, but not to exceed \$3,000.

No claimant may receive a credit under this subsection unless the claimant enters into an agreement with the department permitting the department to post on the department's Internet site the claimant's name and address and the number of apprentices and journeymen employed by the claimant during the calendar year.

This subsection does not apply to taxable years that begin after December 31, 2004, if the number of employers training apprentices in department—approved programs does not increase by more than 40% from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2004, as determined by the department, except that a claimant who has claimed a credit for an apprentice's wages in any taxable year beginning before January 1, 2005, may continue to claim a credit for the apprentice's wages in succeeding taxable years, until the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program. As soon as practicable after December 31, 2004, the department shall certify to the department

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of revenue the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on January 1, 2002, and the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on December 31, 2004.

(e) The carry-over provisions of s. 71.28 (4) (e) and (f), as they apply to the credit under s. 71.28 (4), apply to the credit under this subsection.

(f) Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option corporations may not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount of, the credit are based on their payment of wages under par. (b). A partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation shall compute the amount of credit that each of its partners, members, or shareholders may claim and shall provide that information to each of them. Partners, members of limited liability companies, and shareholders of tax-option corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their ownership interests.

(g) Section 71.28 (4) (g) and (h), as it applies to the credit under s. 71.28 (4), applies to the credit under this subsection.

SECTION 35. 71.47 (5r) of the statutes is created to read:

17 71.47 (5r) EDUCATION CREDIT. (a) In this subsection:

- 1. "Claimant" means a corporation that files a claim under this subsection.
- 2. "Degree-granting program" means an educational program for which an associate, a bachelor's, or a graduate degree is awarded upon successful completion.
  - 3. "Family member" has the meaning given in s. 157.061 (7).
  - 4. "Managing employee" means an individual who wholly or partially exercises operational or managerial control over, or who directly or indirectly conducts, the operation of the claimant's business.
    - 5. "Poverty line" has the meaning given in s. 49.001 (5).

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- beginning before January 1, 2010, may be carried forward to taxable years beginning 1
- $\mathbf{2}$ after December 31, 2009 as provided under s. 71.28 (4) (f).
- SECTION 37. 71.49 (1) (dg) of the statutes is created to read: 3
- 71.49 (I) (dg) Education credit under s. 71.47 (51).
- **Section 38.** 71.49 (1) (dm) of the statutes is created to read: 5
- 6 71.49 (1) (dm) Industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit 7 under s. 71.47 (5d).

SECTION 39. 71.49 (1) (g) of the statutes is greated to read:

11.49 (1) (g) Productivity enhancement training credit under s 71.47 (5v)

Section 40. 77.92 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16, is amended to read:

77.92 (4) "Net business income", with respect to a partnership, means taxable income as calculated under section 703 of the Internal Revenue Code; plus the items of income and gain under section 702 of the Internal Revenue Code, including taxable state and municipal bond interest and excluding nontaxable interest income or dividend income from federal government obligations; minus the items of loss and deduction under section 702 of the Internal Revenue Code, except items that are not deductible under s. 71.21; plus guaranteed payments to partners under section 707 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code; plus the credits claimed under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de), (2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2dr), (2ds), (2dx), and (3g), and (3s), (5d) (5d) (4dx) plus or minus, as appropriate, transitional adjustments, depreciation differences, and basis differences under s. 71.05 (13), (15), (16), (17), and (19); but excluding income, gain, loss, and deductions from farming. "Net business income", with respect to a natural person, estate, or trust, means profit from a trade or business for federal

broot 2001 WIS Act £ 2248

income tax purposes and includes net income derived as an employe as defined in section 3121 (d) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

SECTION 41. 106.01 (11) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16, is amended to read:

shall provide a trade masters pilot program to recognize advanced training and postapprenticeship achievements in 3 trades, crafts, or businesses, one of which shall be in the industrial sector, one in the construction sector, and one in the service sector of the economy. In selecting the trades, crafts, or businesses to be included in the program, the department shall seek to maximize participation in the program of persons who are minority group members, as defined in s. 560.036 (1) (f). By July 1, 2004, the department shall submit to the legislature under s. 13.172 (2) an evaluation of the effectiveness of the program.

SECTION 42. 106.0 (12) of the statutes is created to read:

department shall allocate \$150,000 in each fiscal year for apprenticeship marketing activities, including the development and distribution of promotional materials directed at encouraging employers to hire apprentices, educating high school career counselors on careers available in the skilled trades, encouraging the youth of this state to consider a career in the skilled trades, and otherwise promoting the availability and benefits of careers in the skilled trades. The department shall solicit contributions from private sources to assist in the provision of those promotional materials and shall credit any contributions received to the appropriation account under s. 20.445 (1) (g). The department shall seek the advice of and consult with the

	TIVE REFERENCE BUREAU - LEGAL SECTION 389/// -266-3561)
and if the appentices	hig grogram grovider
	the 5 manufacturing trader;
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shortages, as determined	I by the desartment
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#### Barman, Mike

From:

Pleva, Brian

Sent:

Tuesday, October 02, 2001 9:14 AM

To: Cc: Kreye, Joseph Barman, Mike

Subject:

**RE: Apprentice Tax Credit** 

\* Jacket \* Send for FE

#### Yeah, that would be great!

----Original Message-----From: Kreye, Joseph

**Sent:** Tuesday, October 02, 2001 9:13 AM

To: Pleva, Brian

Cc: Barman, Mike

Subject:

**HE: Apprentice Tax Credit** 

Brian,

The draft will be finished today. Besides requesting a fiscal estimate, to you want the bill jacketed when it is done?

#### Joseph T. Kreye

Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau (608) 266-2263

----Original Message----

From:

Pleva, Brian

Sent:

Tuesday, October 02, 2001 8:54 AM

To: Kreye, Joseph Cc: Barman, Mike

Subject:

RE: Apprentice Tax Credit

Also, Joe, and I'm sorry to do this to you, Rep. Hundertmark (Chair of Labor Crite.) is looking to exec on this on the 10<sup>th</sup>. I don't know if there's a way to put this on the fast-track, especially for fiscal estimate purposes, I but I thought I'd check in on that.

----Original Message-----

From:

Kreye, Joseph

Sent: \

Wednesday, September 26, 2001 4:40 PM

To: Pleva, Brian

Subject:

RE: Apprentice Tax Credit

Thanks.

#### Joseph T. Kreye

Legislative Attorney

Legislative Reference Bureau

(608) 266-2263

----Original Message----

From:

Pleva, Brian

Sent:

Wednesday, September 26, 2001 4:39 PM

To:

Kreye, Joseph

Subject:

RE: Apprentice Tax Credit

Joe, just to be sure, I mean the five trades with the most shortages within each category (i.e. the five industrial manufacturing trades with the most shortages; the five private sector service trades with the most shortages and the five construction trades with the most shortages).

----Original Message-----

From: Pleva, Brian

Sent: Wednesday, September 26, 2001 4:07 PM

**To:** Kreye, Joseph

Subject:

RE: Apprentice Tax Credit

AB 516 is LRB-3844/1. Also, you are correct in that those two changes being the only ones.

Thanks again, Joe!

----Original Message----From: Kreye, Joseph

Sent: Wednesday, September 26, 2001 4:00 PM

To: Pleva, Brian Cc: Malaise, Gordon

Subject: RE: Apprentice Tax Credit

Brain,

What is the LRB number of AB 516? Also, just to clarify, are the following provisions the only changes to AB 516 that you want in a new bill: 1. Limit the credit to the five trades with the most shortages, as identified by DWD; 2. Eliminate the Internet posting provision.

Joseph T. Kreye Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau (608) 266-2263

----Original Message----

From:

Pleva, Brian

Sent:

Wednesday, September 26, 2001 2:32 PM

To: Cc: Kreye, Joseph Conlin, Robert

Subject:

Apprentice Tax Credit

Joe, I am requesting an LRB draft that is similar to the apprentice tax credit provision within the Joint Legislative Council Special Committee on Labor Shortage's bill (2001 Assembly Bill 516) with a few differences. The provision within AB 516 will be deleted through a *separate* substitute amendment, which is being handled by Rep. Jean Hundertmark. *This bill*, which will eventually be introduced on 10/10/01 as an Assembly Committee on Labor and Workforce Development bill, should address the following "plain" language:

The bill creates an income tax and franchise tax credit for an employer that pays wages to an apprentice who is participating in a twoto five year-year apprenticeship program in which the apprentice is receiving instruction leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman in the industrial manufacturing, private sector service occupation or construction trades. However, the credit would only apply to the top five trades of each category that are identified by the Department of Workforce Development's Labor Market Information division as experiencing the most shortages. The amount of the credit is 5% of the wages that are paid to an apprentice in a taxable year, but cannot exceed \$1,400, except that, in the taxable year in which the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program, the amount of the credit is 8% of the wages that are paid to an apprentice, but cannot exceed \$3,000. Generally, no employer may claim the credit for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, if the number of employers training apprentices does not increase by more than 40% from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2004.

Joe, as you can see, the "Internet posting" provision is  $\underline{\text{not}}$  in this proposal.

If you have any questions, please let me know.

#### Kreye, Joseph

From:

Pleva, Brian

Sent:

Wednesday, October 03, 2001 10:41 AM

To:

Kreye, Joseph

Subject:

RE: A copy of 01-3891/1, as requested.

Joe, I noticed something I forgot to tell you about. Instead of including conditions of applicability for the construction apprentices (floor coverer, millwright, or pile driver...), please just write it so it's wide open (like in 1999 AB 875). I'm sorry, I totally forgot to include this in my original request.

----Original Message----

From:

Kreye, Joseph

Sent:

Wednesday, October 03, 2001 8:54 AM

To:

Pleva, Brian

Subject:

A copy of 01-3891/1, as requested.

<< File: 01-3891/1 >>

Joseph T. Kreye Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau (608) 266-2263

Brown returning the jacket



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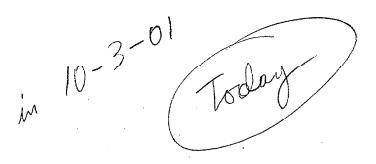
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### State of Misconsin 2001 - 2002 LEGISLATURE

JK:cs:jf

### **2001 BILL**



AN ACT to amend 71.05 (6) (a) 15., 71.21 (4), 71.26 (2) (a), 71.34 (1) (g), 71.45 (2)

- (a) 10. and 77.92 (4); and to create 71.07 (5d), 71.10 (4) (cp), 71.28 (5d), 71.30
- (3) (dm), 71.47 (5d) and 71.49 (1) (dm) of the statutes; **relating to:** an income tax and franchise tax credit for training apprentices.

#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill creates an income tax and franchise tax credit for an employer that pays wages to an apprentice who is participating in a two—year to five—year apprenticeship program in which the apprentice is receiving instruction leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman in any of the five industrial manufacturing trades; any of the five private sector service occupations; or any of the five construction trades; with the most employee shortages, as determined by the department of workforce development. The amount of the credit is five percent of the wages that are paid to an apprentice in a taxable year, but cannot exceed \$1,400, except that, in the taxable year in which the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program, the amount of the credit is eight percent of the wages that are paid to an apprentice, but cannot exceed \$3,000. Generally, no employer may claim the credit for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, if the number of employers training apprentices does not increase by more than 40% from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2004.

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For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 71.05 (6) (a) 15. of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16, is amended to read:

71.05 (6) (a) 15. The amount of the credits computed under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de), (2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2dr), (2ds), (2dx), (3g), and (3s), and (5d) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1) (g).

**SECTION 2.** 71.07 (5d) of the statutes is created to read:

71.07 (5d) Industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit. (a) In this subsection:

1. "Apprentice" means a person who participates in a 2-year to 5-year apprenticeship program, as determined and approved by the department, in which the person receives instruction leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman in an industrial manufacturing trade or private sector service occupation or receives instruction in the construction trades leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman carpenter, including a floor coverer, millwright, or pile driver; laborer, ironworker, or painter, including a taper, if the apprenticeship program provides instruction related to any of the 5 manufacturing trades; any of the 5 construction trades; or any of the 5 private sector service occupations; with the most employee shortages, as determined by the department.

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- 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection and who is a trades trainer, as determined and approved by the department.
  - 3. "Department" means the department of workforce development.
  - (b) Subject to the limitations provided in this subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.02 an amount that is equal to 5% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year, but not to exceed \$1,400, except that a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.02 an amount that is equal to 8% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year in which the apprentice completes an apprenticeship program, but not to exceed \$3,000.
  - (c) This subsection does not apply to taxable years that begin after December 31, 2004, if the number of employers training apprentices in department—approved programs does not increase by more than 40% from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2004, as determined by the department, except that a claimant who has claimed a credit for an apprentice's wages in any taxable year beginning before January 1, 2005, may continue to claim a credit for the apprentice's wages in succeeding taxable years, until the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program. As soon as practicable after December 31, 2004, the department shall certify to the department of revenue the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on January 1, 2002, and the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on December 31, 2004.
  - (d) The carry—over provisions of s. 71.28 (4) (e) and (f), as they apply to the credit under s. 71.28 (4), apply to the credit under this subsection.

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1	(e) Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option corporations may
2	not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount of,
3	the credit are based on their payment of wages under par. (b). A partnership, limited
4	liability company, or tax-option corporation shall compute the amount of credit that
5	each of its partners, members, or shareholders may claim and shall provide that
6	information to each of them. Partners, members of limited liability companies, and
7	shareholders of tax-option corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their
8	ownership interests.
9	(f) Section 71.28 (4) (g) and (h), as it applies to the credit under s. 71.28 (4),
10	applies to the credit under this subsection.
11	Section 3. 71.10 (4) (cp) of the statutes is created to read:
12	71.10 (4) (cp) Industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit
13	under s. 71.07 (5d).
14	SECTION 4. 71.21 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16, is
15	amended to read:
16	71.21 (4) Credits computed by a partnership under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de), (2di),
17	(2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2ds), (2dx), (3g), and (3s), and (5d) and passed through to
18	partners shall be added to the partnership's income.
19	Section 5. $71.26(2)(a)$ of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16,
20	is amended to read:
21	71.26 (2) (a) Corporations in general. The "net income" of a corporation means
22	the gross income as computed under the Internal Revenue Code as modified under
23	sub. (3) minus the amount of recapture under s. 71.28 (1di) plus the amount of credit
24	computed under s. 71.28 (1), (3), (4), (5), plus the amount of the credit computed

under s. 71.28 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), and (3g) (1dx), (3g), and

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(5d) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, limited liability company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1) (g) plus the amount of losses from the sale or other disposition of assets the gain from which would be wholly exempt income, as defined in sub. (3) (L), if the assets were sold or otherwise disposed of at a gain and minus deductions, as computed under the Internal Revenue Code as modified under sub. (3), plus or minus, as appropriate, an amount equal to the difference between the federal basis and Wisconsin basis of any asset sold, exchanged, abandoned, or otherwise disposed of in a taxable transaction during the taxable year, except as provided in par. (b) and s. 71.45 (2) and (5).

**Section 6.** 71.28 (5d) of the statutes is created to read:

71.28 (5d) Industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit. (a) In this subsection:

- 1. "Apprentice" means a person who participates in a 2-year to 5-year apprenticeship program, as determined and approved by the department, in which the person receives instruction leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman in an industrial manufacturing trade or private sector service occupation or receives instruction in the construction trades leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman carpenter, including a floor coverer, millwright, or pile driver; laborer, ironworker; or painter, including a taper, if the apprenticeship program provides instruction related to any of the 5 manufacturing trades; any of the 5 construction trades; or any of the 5 private sector service occupations; with the most employee shortages, as determined by the department.
- 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection and who is a trades trainer, as determined and approved by the department.

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- 3. "Department" means the department of workforce development.
- (b) Subject to the limitations provided in this subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.23 an amount that is equal to 5% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year, but not to exceed \$1,400, except that a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.23 an amount that is equal to 8% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year in which the apprentice completes an apprenticeship program, but not to exceed \$3,000.
- (c) This subsection does not apply to taxable years that begin after December 31, 2004, if the number of employers training apprentices in department—approved programs does not increase by more than 40% from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2004, as determined by the department, except that a claimant who has claimed a credit for an apprentice's wages in any taxable year beginning before January 1, 2005, may continue to claim a credit for the apprentice's wages in succeeding taxable years, until the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program. As soon as practicable after December 31, 2004, the department shall certify to the department of revenue the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on January 1, 2002, and the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on December 31, 2004.
- (d) The carry-over provisions of sub. (4) (e) and (f), as they apply to the credit under sub. (4), apply to the credit under this subsection.
- (e) Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option corporations may not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount of, the credit are based on their payment of wages under par. (b). A partnership, limited

	liability company, or tax-option corporation shall compute the amount of credit that
	each of its partners, members, or shareholders may claim and shall provide that
	information to each of them. Partners, members of limited liability companies, and
	shareholders of tax-option corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their
•	ownership interests.
	(f) Subsection (4) (g) and (h), as it applies to the credit under sub. (4), applies
	to the credit under this subsection.
	SECTION 7. 71.30 (3) (dm) of the statutes is created to read:
	71.30 (3) (dm) The industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit
.*	under s. 71.28 (5d).
	SECTION 8. 71.34 (1) (g) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16,
	is amended to read:
	71.34 (1) (g) An addition shall be made for credits computed by a tax-option
	corporation under s. 71.28 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), (1dx), (3), and
	(3g), and (5d) and passed through to shareholders.
	SECTION 9. 71.45 (2) (a) 10. of the statutes is amended to read:
	71.45 (2) (a) 10. By adding to federal taxable income the amount of credit
	computed under s. 71.47 (1dd) to (1dx), and (5d) and not passed through by a
	partnership, limited liability company or tax-option corporation that has added that
	amount to the partnership's, limited liability company's, or tax-option corporation's
	income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1) (g) and the amount of credit computed under
	s. 71.47 (1), (3), (4), and (5).
	SECTION 10. 71.47 (5d) of the statutes is created to read:
	71.47 (5d) Industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit. (a)
	In this subsection:

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1. "Apprentice" means a person who participates in a 2-year to 5-year apprenticeship program, as determined and approved by the department, in which the person receives instruction leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman in any industrial manufacturing trade or private sector service occupation or receives instruction in the construction trades leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman carpenter, including a floor coverer, millwright, or pile driver, laborer; ironworker; or painter, including a taper, if the apprenticeship program provides instruction related to any of the 5 manufacturing trades; any of the 5 construction trades; or any of the 5 private sector service occupations; with the most employee shortages, as determined by the department.

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- 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection and who is a trades trainer, as determined and approved by the department.
  - 3. "Department" means the department of workforce development.
- (b) Subject to the limitations provided in this subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.43 an amount that is equal to 5% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year, but not to exceed \$1,400, except that a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.43 an amount that is equal to 8% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year in which the apprentice completes an apprenticeship program, but not to exceed \$3,000.
- (c) This subsection does not apply to taxable years that begin after December 31, 2004, if the number of employers training apprentices in department—approved programs does not increase by more than 40% from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2004, as determined by the department, except that a claimant who has claimed

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a credit for an apprentice's wages in any taxable year beginning before January 1,
2005, may continue to claim a credit for the apprentice's wages in succeeding taxable
years, until the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program. As soon as
practicable after December 31, 2004, the department shall certify to the department
of revenue the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on
January 1, 2002, and the number of employers training apprentices in approved
programs on December 31, 2004.

- (d) The carry-over provisions of s. 71.28 (4) (e) and (f), as they apply to the credit under s. 71.28 (4), apply to the credit under this subsection.
- (e) Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option corporations may not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount of, the credit are based on their payment of wages under par. (b). A partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation shall compute the amount of credit that each of its partners, members, or shareholders may claim and shall provide that information to each of them. Partners, members of limited liability companies, and shareholders of tax-option corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their ownership interests.
- (f) Section 71.28 (4) (g) and (h), as it applies to the credit under s. 71.28 (4), applies to the credit under this subsection.
  - **SECTION 11.** 71.49 (1) (dm) of the statutes is created to read:
- 71.49 (1) (dm) Industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit under s. 71.47 (5d).
- 23 SECTION 12. 77.92 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16, is 24 amended to read:

BILL

77.92 (4) "Net business income", with respect to a partnership, means taxable income as calculated under section 703 of the Internal Revenue Code; plus the items of income and gain under section 702 of the Internal Revenue Code, including taxable state and municipal bond interest and excluding nontaxable interest income or dividend income from federal government obligations; minus the items of loss and deduction under section 702 of the Internal Revenue Code, except items that are not deductible under s. 71.21; plus guaranteed payments to partners under section 707 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code; plus the credits claimed under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de), (2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2dr), (2ds), (2dx), and (3g), and (3s), and (5d); and plus or minus, as appropriate, transitional adjustments, depreciation differences, and basis differences under s. 71.05 (13), (15), (16), (17), and (19); but excluding income, gain, loss, and deductions from farming. "Net business income", with respect to a natural person, estate, or trust, means profit from a trade or business for federal income tax purposes and includes net income derived as an employee as defined in section 3121 (d) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

### Barman, Mike

From:

Pleva, Brian

Sent:

Friday, October 05, 2001 8:28 AM

To:

Kreye, Joseph

Cc:

Collier, Dennis J; Barman, Mike

Subject:

RE: Tax credit

Joe, I have another revision. It was suggested to me by Karin Wells at DWD's Bureau of Workforce Information that we use the words "the most projected job openings for new entrants" rather than "the most employee shortages."

### Is that okay?

#### -Brian

----Original Message----

From:

Kreye, Joseph

Sent:

Thursday, October 04, 2001 12:12 PM

To:

Pleva, Brian

Subject:

Tax credit

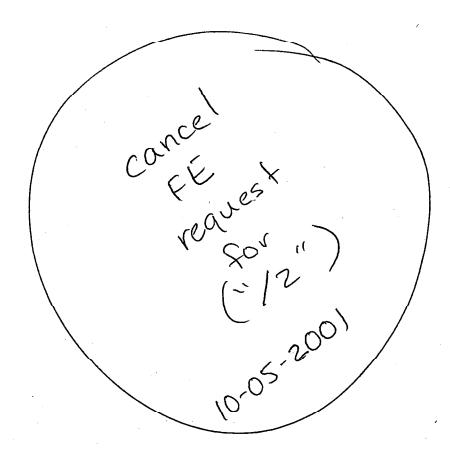
<< File: 01-3891/2 >>

### Joseph T. Kreye

Legislative Attorney

Legislative Reference Bureau

(608) 266-2263



### Kreye, Joseph

From:

Pleva, Brian

Sent:

Friday, October 05, 2001 8:28 AM

To:

Kreye, Joseph

Cc:

Collier, Dennis J; Barman, Mike

Subject:

RE: Tax credit

Joe, I have another revision. It was suggested to me by Karin Wells at DWD's Bureau of Workforce Information that we use the words "the most projected job openings for new entrants" rather than "the most employee shortages."

Is that okay?

#### -Brian

-----Original Message-----

From:

Kreye, Joseph

Sent:

To:

Thursday, October 04, 2001 12:12 PM

Pleva, Brian

Subject:

Tax credit

<< File: 01-3891/2 >>

Joseph T. Kreye Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau (608) 266-2263



Rec 10-12-2001

introduced 555

October 12, 2001

TO:

Joseph Kreye

Legislative Reference Bureau

FROM:

Brian Pahnke

Department of Revenue

SUBJECT:

Technical Memorandum LRB 3891/2: Apprenticeship Tax Credit

The Department has the following comments regarding the industrial, service and skilled trades apprenticeship credit in this bill.

To avoid a double tax credit, the author may wish to include language stating that wages which qualify for the apprenticeship credit do not also qualify for the jobs retained or created components of the development zone credits.

The author may wish to clarify that the \$1,400 and \$3,000 credit limits are applicable to each apprentice hired by the employer and not to the employer itself.

The author may wish to provide initial applicability language providing that if the subsection takes effect after July 31, the act first applies to taxable years beginning on January 1 of the year following the year in which the subsection takes effect.

	Chapter 20	<u>Amount</u>
one-time	s. 20.566 (1) (a)	\$126,500
annual	s. 20.566 (1) (a)	\$19,500

If you have any questions regarding this technical memorandum, please contact Pam Walgren at 266-7817.

BP:

Wisconsin Department of Administration Division of Executive Budget and Finance DOA-2048 (R07/2000)

## Fiscal Estimate - 2001 Session

	Original		Updated		Corrected			Supple	mental
LRB	Number	01-3891/2		Intro	duction N	umber			
Subje	ct	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Apprei	nticeship tax	credit				_			
Fiscal	Effect								
	·	e Existing tions Existing	Increase Revenue Decrease Revenue	es e Existing	ab:	crease Cos sorb within Yes ecrease Co	age		
	No Local Go Indeterminat 1. Increas Permisi 2. Decrea	e Costs sive Mandato se Costs	3. Increase ry Permissiv 4. Decrease ry Permissiv	ve Mand Revenue	Uni latory	es of Loca ts Affected Towns Counties School Districts		vernmen Village Others WTCS Districts	Cities
Fund :	Sources Aff		PRS SE	G 🛮 SE	Affecte EGS 20.566	<b>d Ch. 20 A</b> (1)(a)	ppro	opriation	าร
Agend	y/Prepared	Ву	Au	ıthorized S	Signature				Date
DOR/	Pamela Wal	gren (608) 266-7	817 Br	ian Pahnke	(608) 266-2	700			10/12/01

# Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOR 10/12/01

LRB Number 01-	-3891/2	Introduction Number	Estimate Type	Original	
Subject					
Apprenticeship tax	credit				

### **Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate**

The bill would create a nonrefundable income and franchise tax credit for a business that pays wages to an apprentice participating in a 2-year to 5-year program in construction, industrial manufacturing or service occupations if the apprentice is in one of the five industrial, five construction or five service occupations with the most employee shortages, as determined by the Department of Workforce Development (DWD). The credit equals 5% of wages paid to an apprentice, not to exceed \$1,400 per year, but increases to 8%, not to exceed \$3,000, during the year the apprentice completes the program. The program must be approved by the Department of Workforce Development. The credit first applies to taxable years beginning on January 1, 2002.

The bill would discontinue the credit for the wages of new apprentices in 2005 if the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs does not increase by more than 40% between January 1, 2002, and December 31, 2004. Employers could continue to claim the credit for wages of apprentices for whom the employer had already claimed the credit in a prior year until the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program.

According to information from DWD, approximately 12,000 persons currently are participating in apprenticeship programs in industrial manufacturing, construction or service sector occupations. Programs that would be in the top five service, industrial and construction categories with the most employee shortages as determined by DWD are not known. The estimate assumes the 15 programs would be popular programs. To the extent that the actual categories and number of apprentices in them would differ from the assumptions, the fiscal estimate would differ.

Based on information on the amount of the average wages for apprenticeship programs, the estimate assumes that employers would receive the maximum credit for apprentice wages. The attached table provides an estimate of the amount of credit claims by length of apprenticeship program. The estimate assumes that apprentices would complete the programs as scheduled.

As shown in the attached table, it is estimated that annual credit claims would total \$17.2 million. The Department estimates that approximately 75% of credits claimed in a year are used to offset tax liability. As such the fiscal effect is estimated at \$12.9 million annually (\$17.2 million x 75%).

The Department estimates that one-time costs for computer programming would be \$126,500 and ongoing annual costs would be \$19,500. The bill does not provide funding for these costs.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

	App	Apprenticeship Counts	ounts	Cre	<b>Credit Claim Amounts</b>	ınts
			Not	5% of Wages	8% of Wages	Total
	Total	Completed	Completed	$(C \times \$1,400)$	(B x \$3,000)	(D + E)
	(∀)	(B)	(၁)	(C)	( <u>E</u> )	(F)
Construction	5,200	1,200	4,000	\$ 5,500,000	\$ 3,600,000	s 9,200,000
4 Year Program	2,700	700	2,000	2,300,000	2,100,000	4,900,000
5 Year Program	2,500	200	2,000	2,300,000	1,500,000	4,300,000
Industrial	1,500	300	1,200	1,580,000	000'006	2,580,000
4 Year Program	800	200	009	340,000	000'009	1,440,000
5 Year Program	200	100	009	340,000	300,000	1,140,000
	0	7	7	000	000	70 00 1
oei vice	7,500	002,1	) )	1,020,000	3,000,000	5,420,000
2 Year Program	2,500	1,200	1,300	1,320,000	3,600,000	5,420,000
Totals	000	2 700	004	6 500 6 8 17 200 000	000 001	17 200 05
lotais	3,500	2,00	0000	9,100,000	9,100,000	3 17,200,00

## Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2001 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

Original Updated	Corrected	Supplemental
LRB Number 01-3891/2	Introduction Numb	er
Subject		
Apprenticeship tax credit		
I. One-time Costs or Revenue Impacts for	State and/or Local Government	t (do not include in
annualized fiscal effect):		
One-time costs for computer programming o	f \$126,500.	
II. Annualized Costs:	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	cal Impact on funds from:
	Increased Costs	Decreased Costs
A. State Costs by Category		
State Operations - Salaries and Fringes	\$19,500	
(FTE Position Changes)		
State Operations - Other Costs		
Local Assistance		
Aids to Individuals or Organizations		
TOTAL State Costs by Category	\$19,500	\$
B. State Costs by Source of Funds		
GPR	19,500	
FED		
PRO/PRS		
SEG/SEG-S		
III. State Revenues - Complete this only w (e.g., tax increase, decrease in license fee	hen proposal will increase or do	ecrease state revenues
	Increased Rev	Decreased Rev
GPR Taxes	\$	\$-12,900,000
GPR Earned		
FED		
PRO/PRS		
SEG/SEG-S		
TOTAL State Revenues	\$	\$-12,900,000
NET ANNU	UALIZED FISCAL IMPACT	
	<u>State</u>	Local
NET CHANGE IN COSTS	\$19,500	\$
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE	\$-12,900,000	\$
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date
DOR/ Pamela Walgren (608) 266-7817	Brian Pahnke (608) 266-2700	10/12/01



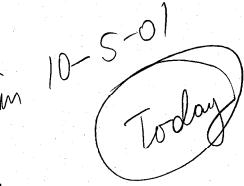
1

# State of Misconsin 2001 - 2002 LEGISLATURE

LRB-3891/2 JK:cs&wlj#Ajt\l



# 2001 ASSEMBLY BILL



REGEN

- AN ACT to amend 71.05 (6) (a) 15., 71.21 (4), 71.26 (2) (a), 71.34 (1) (g), 71.45 (2)
- 2 (a) 10. and 77.92 (4); and to create 71.07 (5d), 71.10 (4) (cp), 71.28 (5d), 71.30
- 3 (3) (dm), 71.47 (5d) and 71.49 (1) (dm) of the statutes; relating to: an income
- 4 tax and franchise tax credit for training apprentices.

## Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill creates an income tax and franchise tax credit for an employer that pays wages to an apprentice who is participating in a two-year to five-year apprenticeship program in which the apprentice is receiving instruction leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman in any of the five industrial manufacturing trades; any of the five private sector service occupations; or any of the five construction trades; with the most program, as determined by the department of workforce development. The amount of the credit is five percent of the wages that are paid to an apprentice in a taxable year, but cannot exceed \$1,400, except that, in the taxable year in which the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program, the amount of the credit is eight percent of the wages that are paid to an apprentice, but cannot exceed \$3,000. Generally, no employer may claim the credit for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, if the number of employers training apprentices does not increase by more than 40% from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2004.

Cpojeited job openings for new entrants

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For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

# The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 71.05 (6) (a) 15. of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16, is amended to read:

71.05 (6) (a) 15. The amount of the credits computed under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de), (2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2dr), (2dx), (2dx), (3g), and (3s), and (5d) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1) (g).

**SECTION 2.** 71.07 (5d) of the statutes is created to read:

71.07 (5d) Industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit. (a) In this subsection:

- 1. "Apprentice" means a person who participates in a 2-year to 5-year apprenticeship program, as determined and approved by the department, in which the person receives instruction leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman in an industrial manufacturing trade, construction trade, or private sector service occupation, if the apprenticeship program provides instruction related to any of the 5 manufacturing trades; any of the 5 construction trades; or any of the 5 private sector service occupations; with the most apprentices bertages, as determined by the department.
- 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection and who is a trades trainer, as determined and approved by the department.
  - 3. "Department" means the department of workforce development.

projected job openings for new entrants

19.

- (b) Subject to the limitations provided in this subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.02 an amount that is equal to 5% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year, but not to exceed \$1,400, except that a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.02 an amount that is equal to 8% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year in which the apprentice completes an apprenticeship program, but not to exceed \$3,000.
- (c) This subsection does not apply to taxable years that begin after December 31, 2004, if the number of employers training apprentices in department—approved programs does not increase by more than 40% from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2004, as determined by the department, except that a claimant who has claimed a credit for an apprentice's wages in any taxable year beginning before January 1, 2005, may continue to claim a credit for the apprentice's wages in succeeding taxable years, until the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program. As soon as practicable after December 31, 2004, the department shall certify to the department of revenue the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on January 1, 2002, and the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on December 31, 2004.
- (d) The carry-over provisions of s. 71.28 (4) (e) and (f), as they apply to the credit under s. 71.28 (4), apply to the credit under this subsection.
- (e) Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option corporations may not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount of, the credit are based on their payment of wages under par. (b). A partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation shall compute the amount of credit that

ownership interests.
shareholders of tax-option corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their
information to each of them. Partners, members of limited liability companies, and
each of its partners, members, or shareholders may claim and shall provide that

- (f) Section 71.28 (1) (g) and (h), as it applies to the credit under s. 71.28 (1), applies to the credit under this subsection.
  - **SECTION 3.** 71.10 (4) (cp) of the statutes is created to read:
- 71.10 (4) (cp) Industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit under s. 71.07 (5d).
- **SECTION 4.** 71.21 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16, is amended to read:
- 71.21 (4) Credits computed by a partnership under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de), (2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2dx), (3g), and (3s), and (5d) and passed through to partners shall be added to the partnership's income.
- **SECTION 5.** 71.26 (2) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16, is amended to read:
- 71.26 (2) (a) Corporations in general. The "net income" of a corporation means the gross income as computed under the Internal Revenue Code as modified under sub. (3) minus the amount of recapture under s. 71.28 (1di) plus the amount of credit computed under s. 71.28 (1), (3), (4), (5), plus the amount of the credit computed under s. 71.28 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), and (3g) (1dx), (3g), and (5d) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's, limited liability company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1) (g) plus the amount of losses from the sale or other disposition of assets the gain from

which would be wholly exempt income, as defined in sub. (3) (L), if the assets were sold or otherwise disposed of at a gain and minus deductions, as computed under the Internal Revenue Code as modified under sub. (3), plus or minus, as appropriate, an amount equal to the difference between the federal basis and Wisconsin basis of any asset sold, exchanged, abandoned, or otherwise disposed of in a taxable transaction during the taxable year, except as provided in par. (b) and s. 71.45 (2) and (5).

**SECTION 6.** 71.28 (5d) of the statutes is created to read:

71.28 (5d) Industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit. (a) In this subsection:

- 1. "Apprentice" means a person who participates in a 2-year to 5-year apprenticeship program, as determined and approved by the department, in which the person receives instruction leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman in an industrial manufacturing trade, construction trade, or private sector service occupation, if the apprenticeship program provides instruction related to any of the 5 manufacturing trades; any of the 5 construction trades; or any of the 5 private sector service occupations; with the most employed shortages, as determined by the department.

  [Projected job openings for new entrants.]
- 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection and who is a trades trainer, as determined and approved by the department.
  - 3. "Department" means the department of workforce development.
- (b) Subject to the limitations provided in this subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.23 an amount that is equal to 5% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year, but not to exceed \$1,400, except that a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.23 an

amount that is equal to 8% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year in which the apprentice completes an apprenticeship program, but not to exceed \$3,000.

- (c) This subsection does not apply to taxable years that begin after December 31, 2004, if the number of employers training apprentices in department—approved programs does not increase by more than 40% from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2004, as determined by the department, except that a claimant who has claimed a credit for an apprentice's wages in any taxable year beginning before January 1, 2005, may continue to claim a credit for the apprentice's wages in succeeding taxable years, until the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program. As soon as practicable after December 31, 2004, the department shall certify to the department of revenue the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on January 1, 2002, and the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on December 31, 2004.
- (d) The carry-over provisions of sub. (4) (e) and (f), as they apply to the credit under sub. (4), apply to the credit under this subsection.
- (e) Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option corporations may not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount of, the credit are based on their payment of wages under par. (b). A partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation shall compute the amount of credit that each of its partners, members, or shareholders may claim and shall provide that information to each of them. Partners, members of limited liability companies, and shareholders of tax-option corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their ownership interests.

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1	(f) Subsection (4) (g) and (h), as it applies to the credit under sub. (4), applies
2	to the credit under this subsection.
3	Section 7. 71.30 (3) (dm) of the statutes is created to read:
4	71.30 (3) (dm) The industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit
5	under s. 71.28 (5d).
6	SECTION 8. 71.34 (1) (g) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16
7	is amended to read:
8	71.34 (1) (g) An addition shall be made for credits computed by a tax-option
9	corporation under s. 71.28 (1dd), (1de), (1di), (1dj), (1dL), (1dm), (1ds), (1dx), (3), and
10	(3g), and (5d) and passed through to shareholders.
11	Section 9. 71.45 (2) (a) 10. of the statutes is amended to read:
12	71.45 (2) (a) 10. By adding to federal taxable income the amount of credit
13	computed under s. 71.47 (1dd) to (1dx), and (5d) and not passed through by a
14	partnership, limited liability company or tax-option corporation that has added that
15	amount to the partnership's, limited liability company's, or tax-option corporation's
16	income under s. $71.21$ (4) or $71.34$ (1) (g) and the amount of credit computed under
17	s. 71.47 (1), (3), (4), and (5).
18	Section 10. 71.47 (5d) of the statutes is created to read:
19	$71.47~({f 5d})~{ m Industrial}$ , service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit. (a)
20	In this subsection:
21	1. "Apprentice" means a person who participates in a 2-year to 5-year
22	apprenticeship program, as determined and approved by the department, in which
23	the person receives instruction leading to qualification as a skilled journeyman in
24	any industrial manufacturing trade, construction trade, or private sector service

occupation, if the apprenticeship program provides instruction related to any of the

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5 manufacturing trades; any of the 5 construction trades; or any of the 5 private sector service occupations; with the most imployee shortages, as determined by the department.

Conjuted job openings in the meaning of the 5 private sector service occupations; with the most imployee shortages, as determined by the department.

- 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection and who is a trades trainer, as determined and approved by the department.
  - 3. "Department" means the department of workforce development.
- (b) Subject to the limitations provided in this subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.43 an amount that is equal to 5% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year, but not to exceed \$1,400, except that a claimant may claim as a credit against the taxes imposed under s. 71.43 an amount that is equal to 8% of the wages that the claimant paid to an apprentice in the taxable year in which the apprentice completes an apprenticeship program, but not to exceed \$3,000.
- (c) This subsection does not apply to taxable years that begin after December 31, 2004, if the number of employers training apprentices in department-approved programs does not increase by more than 40% from January 1, 2002, to December 31, 2004, as determined by the department, except that a claimant who has claimed a credit for an apprentice's wages in any taxable year beginning before January 1, 2005, may continue to claim a credit for the apprentice's wages in succeeding taxable years, until the apprentice completes the apprenticeship program. As soon as practicable after December 31, 2004, the department shall certify to the department of revenue the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on January 1, 2002, and the number of employers training apprentices in approved programs on December 31, 2004.

- (d) The carry-over provisions of s. 71.28 (4) (e) and (f), as they apply to the credit under s. 71.28 (4), apply to the credit under this subsection.
- (e) Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option corporations may not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount of, the credit are based on their payment of wages under par. (b). A partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option corporation shall compute the amount of credit that each of its partners, members, or shareholders may claim and shall provide that information to each of them. Partners, members of limited liability companies, and shareholders of tax-option corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their ownership interests.
- (f) Section 71.28 (4) (g) and (h), as it applies to the credit under s. 71.28 (4), applies to the credit under this subsection.
  - **SECTION 11.** 71.49 (1) (dm) of the statutes is created to read:
- 71.49 (1) (dm) Industrial, service, and skilled trades apprenticeship credit under s. 71.47 (5d).
  - SECTION 12. 77.92 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act 16, is amended to read:
  - 77.92 (4) "Net business income", with respect to a partnership, means taxable income as calculated under section 703 of the Internal Revenue Code; plus the items of income and gain under section 702 of the Internal Revenue Code, including taxable state and municipal bond interest and excluding nontaxable interest income or dividend income from federal government obligations; minus the items of loss and deduction under section 702 of the Internal Revenue Code, except items that are not deductible under s. 71.21; plus guaranteed payments to partners under section 707 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code; plus the credits claimed under s. 71.07 (2dd), (2de),

(2di), (2dj), (2dL), (2dm), (2dr), (2ds), (2dx), and (3g), and (3s), and (5d); and plus or minus, as appropriate, transitional adjustments, depreciation differences, and basis differences under s. 71.05 (13), (15), (16), (17), and (19); but excluding income, gain, loss, and deductions from farming. "Net business income", with respect to a natural person, estate, or trust, means profit from a trade or business for federal income tax purposes and includes net income derived as an employee as defined in section 3121 (d) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

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# State of Misconsin

### **LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU**

LEGAL SECTION: REFERENCE SECTION: FAX:

(608) 266-3561 (608) 266-0341 (608) 266-5648 100 NORTH HAMILTON STREET P. O. BOX 2037 MADISON, WI 53701-2037

STEPHEN R. MILLER CHIEF

October 11, 2001

## **MEMORANDUM**

To:

Representative Hundertmark

From:

Joseph T. Kreye, Legislative Attorney, (608) 266-2263

**Subject:** 

Technical Memorandum to 2001 AB-555 (LRB-3891/3)

We received the attached technical memorandum relating to your bill. This copy is for your information and your file. If you wish to discuss this memorandum or the necessity of revising your bill or preparing an amendment, please contact me.

#### MEMORANDUM

October 11, 2001

TO:

Joseph Kreye

Legislative Reference Bureau

FROM:

Brian Pahnke

Department of Revenue

SUBJECT:

Technical Memorandum LRB 3891/3: Apprenticeship Tax Credit

The Department has the following comments regarding the industrial, service and skilled trades apprenticeship credit provided by the bill.

To avoid a double tax credit, the author may wish to include language stating that wages which qualify for the apprenticeship credit do not also qualify for the jobs retained or created components of the development zone credits.

The author may wish to clarify that the \$1,400 and \$3,000 credit limits are applicable to each apprentice hired by the employer and not to the employer itself.

The author may wish to provide initial applicability language providing that if the subsection takes effect after July 31, the act first applies to taxable years beginning on January 1 of the year following the year in which the subsection takes effect.

	Chapter 20	<u>Amount</u>
one-time	s. 20.566 (1) (a)	\$126,500
annual	s. 20.566 (1) (a)	\$ 19,500

If you have any questions regarding this technical memorandum, please contact Pam Walgren at 266-7817.

BP: