Wisconsin Department of Administration Division of Executive Budget and Finance DOA-2048 (R07/2000)

Fiscal Estimate - 2001 Session

Original Updated	Corrected Suppl	emental		
LRB Number 01-3438/3	Introduction Number AB-724			
Subject				
Emergency contaception for sexual assault victin	ns			
Fiscal Effect				
Appropriations Rever Decrease Existing Decre Appropriations Rever Create New Appropriations Local: No Local Government Costs Indeterminate 1. Increase Costs Permissive Mandatory Permissive	absorb wilhin agency's benues Absorb wilhin agency's benues Yes Decrease Costs 5.Types of Local Government Units Affected Towns Village Counties Others Counties Decrease Costs	udget No ent Cities		
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS 20.435 (6)(a)				
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date		
DHFS/ Curtis Cunningham (608) 266-5362	Fredi Ellen Bove (608) 266-2907	2/27/02		

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DHFS 2/27/02

LRB Number 01-3438/3	Introduction Number	AB-724	Estimate Type	Original	
Subject					
Emergency contaception for sexual assault victims					

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Emergency contraception is prescribed at the discretion of a physician within 72 hours following unprotected intercourse to prevent unintended pregnancy. Currently, Wisconsin does not require doctors or hospitals to provide information regarding emergency contraception or to prescribe emergency contraception. I lowever, if a doctor or hospital withholds information regarding emergency contraception, a patient might be able to sue the provider for malpractice on the basis that patients have a right to receive information necessary to make informed decisions. Also, in some cases a patient may be able to sue if emergency contraception is not provided. Wisconsin law exempts certain medical providers from any civil damages resulting from their refusal to perform specific services, such as abortions, based on religious or moral grounds, but emergency contraception is not one of these services.

Assembly Bill 724 requires a hospital that provides emergency services to provide a victim of sexual assault, upon victim's consent, accurate unbiased information about emergency contraception, inform her of her option to receive emergency contraception and provide emergency contraception immediately to her if she requests it. The hospital is also responsible to ensure that each hospital employee that provides care to victims of sexual assault has available medically accurate and unbiased information about emergency contraception. Assembly Bill 724 also defines emergency contraception as a drug or device that prevents a pregnancy after intercourse. Emergency contraception does not include a drug or device that terminates the pregnancy of a woman who is known to be pregnant.

Assembly Bill 724 states that the Department of Health and Family Services is responsible to respond to any complaint concerning non-compliance and shall periodically review hospital procedures to determine compliance. The bill sets a fine of \$2,500-\$5,000 for each violation of a provision in the bill. If a hospital violates the provisions twice, the Department may, after providing notice to the hospital, suspend or revoke the hospital's certificate of approval and may deny application for a new certificate of approval.

There are 125 hospitals in Wisconsin that would be affected by this legislation. Currently, the Department does not have staff to monitor compliance. It would cost approximately \$65,000 to hire 1.0 FTE nurse consultant to monitor compliance and respond to complaints. This legislation does not identify who would pay to produce the information to be provided, provide the training, or pay for the medication of individuals who could not assume the cost. Since the Department is not provided any authority or funding for these purposes, it is likely that these costs would be borne by the hospitals. If hospital certification is revoked, the hospital may not be certified under Medicaid. Therefore, if several hospitals (or a few key hospitals) are decertified, access to Medicaid hospital care could be restricted in certain areas of the State.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Wisconsin Department of Administration Division of Executive Budget and Finance DOA-2047 (R07/2000)

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2001 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

Original Updated	Corrected	Supplemental
LRB Number 01-3438/3	Introduction Numb	oer AB-724
Subject		
Emergency contaception for sexual assault vic	tims	
I. One-time Costs or Revenue Impacts for St	tate and/or Local Governmen	t (do not include in
annualized fiscal effect):		
II. Annualized Costs:	Annualized Fis	cal Impact on funds from:
	Increased Costs	Decreased Costs
A. State Costs by Category		
State Operations - Salaries and Fringes	\$59,300	
(FTE Position Changes)	(1.0 FTE)	
State Operations - Other Costs	5,700	
Local Assistance		
Aids to Individuals or Organizations		
TOTAL State Costs by Category	\$65,000	\$
B. State Costs by Source of Funds		
GPR	65,000	
FED		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PRO/PRS		
SEG/SEG-S		
III. State Revenues - Complete this only whe (e.g., tax increase, decrease in license fee, e	en proposal will increase or d ets.)	ecrease state revenues
	Increased Rev	Decreased Rev
GPR Taxes	. \$	\$
GPR Earned		
FFD		
PRO/PRS		
SEG/SEG-S		
TOTAL State Revenues	\$	\$
NET ANNUA	LIZED FISCAL IMPACT	
	<u>State</u>	<u>Local</u>
NET CHANGE IN COSTS	\$65,000	\$
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE	\$	\$
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date