2001 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 02/08/2001					Received By: mdsida			
Wanted: As time permits					Identical to LRB:			
For: Greg	g Underheim	(608) 266-225	4		By/Representing:	Curt Pawliscl	h	
This file n	nay be shown	to any legislator	r: NO		Drafter: rryan			
May Cont	act:				Addl. Drafters:			
Subject: Correctional System - misc Mental Health - detent/commit					Extra Copies: MGD			
Submit vi	a email: NO							
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Topic:								
Battery by	persons detai	ined or committe	ed					
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Received: 02/08/2001	Received By: mdsida				
Wanted: As time permits	Identical to LRB:				
For: Gregg Underheim (608) 266-2254	By/Representing: Curt Pawlisch				
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May Contact:	Addl. Drafters:				
Subject: Correctional System - misc Mental Health - detent/commit	Extra Copies: MGD				
Submit via email: NO					
Requester's email:					
Pre Topic:					
No specific pre topic given					
Topic: Battery by persons detained or committed					
Instructions: See attached					
Drafting History:					
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FE Sent For:

Cullen Weston Pines & Bach

Attorneys at Law
122 West Washington Avenue
Suite 900
Madison, Wisconsin 53703
(608) 251-0101
(608) 251-2883 Fax

MEMORANDUM

Lee Cullen
Lester A. Pines
Steven A. Bach
Alison TenBruggencate
Gordon E. McQuillen
Carol Grob

Linda L. Harfst Curt F. Pawlisch Elise Clancy Ruoho Mary Wright Jordan Loeb Tamara B. Packard Shana R. Lewis

Of Counsel: Cheryl Rosen Weston

TO:

Members of the Legislative Working Group

on Crime Legislation

FROM:

Curt Pawlisch

RE:

Felony Battery by Prisoners Held in Custody

DATE:

March 24, 2000

On behalf of District 1199W/United Professionals for Quality Health Care, I write to request that you include the attached legislation in the truth-in-sentencing bill under consideration by your working group. The proposal clarifies existing law as it relates to penalties for persons who commit, or threaten to commit, battery while held in custody. Last year, a defendant held at Mendota Mental Health Institute for purposes of a competency determination attacked a member of the staff there. A subsequent review of current law suggests that existing statutes do not adequately address such attacks.

Presently, sec. 940.20(1), Stats., makes it a felony for a prisoner to commit a battery against officers, employees, visitors or other inmates at a state correctional facility or state, county or local detention facility. Our proposed amendment to this section is attached.

The changes are intended to address ambiguities in the existing statute. First, the term "prisoner" is defined to include all prisoners confined to a state prison or other state, county or municipal detention facility, and persons whose liberty has been restricted as a result of being accused of committing a crime. This proposed change would address situations such as occurred at the Mendota Mental Health facility this year. Wisconsin courts have interpreted sec. 940.20(1) to apply to a person who has been committed to Mendota after being determined guilty by reason of mental disease or defect. State v. Skamfer, 176 Wis.2d 304, 500 N.W.2d 369 (Ct. App. 1993). However, the courts have not addressed whether the statute applies to a defendant at Mendota awaiting a competency determination. While the Wisconsin Jury Instructions suggest that the statute would apply in such an instance (WIS JI-

CRIMINAL 1228), the <u>Skamfer</u> decision suggests that defendants are not "prisoners" within the meaning of the statute (a restraint of liberty must be "premised upon a prior finding that he had violated the criminal law.") <u>Skamfer</u>, 176 Wis. 2d at 309.

A second gap in the present form of sec. 940.20(1) also exists with respect to inmates who receive medical treatment outside of their correctional facility. In <u>State v. Cummings</u>, a prisoner who had attempted to commit suicide at Waupun was transferred to UW Hospital. 153 Wis. 2d 603, 451 N.W.2d 463 (Ct. App. 1989). At the hospital, he injured one of the state's correctional officers. In holding that sec. 940.20(1) applied, the court ruled that the prisoner was at a detention facility in that the hospital had become a "precinct" of Waupun in this instance. Had the prisoner committed a battery upon a UW employee, however, sec. 940.20(1) may not have applied because the employee would not be an employee of Waupun but of the UW Hospital. The draft addresses this problem by providing that sec. 940.20(1) applies if a battery occurs to any person regardless of whether they are an employee of a correctional institution.

Additionally, the proposed draft broadens sec 940.20(1) to cover threats of battery made by persons held in custody. This expansion is consistent with the treatment of threats as provided in secs. 940.201, 940.203, 940.205 and 940.207, Stats. In the context of the delivery of medical treatment, which is the perspective brought by District 1199W/UPQHC to this issue, such threats cannot and should not be tolerated.

Finally, because language similar to 940.20(1) exists in sec. 946.43(2m), we are proposing to make similar changes to the latter statute.

Your consideration and support of our proposal would be much appreciated.

Mendota patients ambush 2 employees in hostage try

By Jason Shepard

The Capital Times

A union representative for employees at Mendota Mental Health Institute said today that all employees dealing with maximum security patients should be equipped with body alarms.

United Professionals for Quality Health Care/District 1199 rep Leonore Wilson said Tuesday's attack of two female employees by two men should signal that employees are in danger when they are dealing with maximum security patients.

"I don't believe the public should be led to believe that there were few if any injuries involved," Wilson said, adding that she spoke with a nurse who was choked to the point of unconsciousness by one of the two men involved in the attack.

Union calls for body alarms

The two patients who attacked the employees failed in their plan to take the women hostage and barricade themselves in a secure room.

"To say the least, this was a very traumatic experience," Wilson said. "I also believe that this is another example of the need to get body alarms for these people."

"This is a high security unit, and if these patients are going to be walking around freely within this unit, then by all means, I think the employees need body alarms for their own safety," Wilson said.

At least one of the men involved in the

attack is facing first-degree murder charges in Douglas County, and was at Mendota to be evaluated for his competency before his trial.

Madison police Capt. Luis Yudice confirmed Wednesday that a nurse was choked during the fight, which occurred in the doorway of a break room.

Had the two inmates been successful in getting all the way into the break room, they would have been able to lock themselves in the room and take the two employees hostage.

The two women screamed to attract the attention of other employees, heading off the hostage attempt, Yudice said.

"Apparently (the patients) were attempting to hold them as hostages to negotiate their release," Yudice said.

Greg Van Rybroek, deputy director at Mendota, said the incident was over in a matter of minutes and no one was seriously injured.

Madison police immediately arrested the two men.

Alejandro Rivera, 22, of Spencer was booked into the Dane County Jail Tuesday afternoon on charges of false imprisonment.

Devan J. Melton, 32, of Oshkosh was allegedly the man who choked the nurse. He is tentatively charged with false imprisonment and battery.

Rivera was charged with first-degree intentional homicide on July 6 in Douglas County Circuit Court. It is unknown what criminal charges Melton is facing.

Both men were at Mendota being assessed for their competency before standing trial in their respective counties. A competency assessment for both men will

now take place at the Dane County Jail, Van Rybrock said.

He said the public at large was never in danger because the incident was contained within the maximum security forensic unit.

Van Rybroek said dangerous incidents rarely occur, but are an "unfortunate" realify when dealing with some of the state's most dangerous criminals.

"It's very frightening, obviously," Van Rybroek said. Mendota officials have launched their own investigation into the matter to see if the institute's policies were followed before, during and after the incident.

Van Rybrock also said trauma courselors are available for staff members at the center.

1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

SENATE AMENDMENT, TO SENATE SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT 1, TO 1999 SENATE BILL 237

1	At the locations indicated, amend the substitute amendment as follows:
2	1. Page 92, line 25: delete that line.
3	2. Page 93, line 1: delete lines 1 to 4 and substitute:
4	"SECTION 299g. 940.20 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 940.20 (1) (b) and
5	amended to read:
6	940.20 (1) (b) Any prisoner confined to a state prison or other state, county or
7	municipal detention facility who, while in custody, intentionally causes bodily harm
8	of threatens to cause bodily large to an officer, employe, visitor or another inmate
9	of such prison or institution person, without his or her the consent of the person
10	harmed or threatened, is guilty of a Class D H felony.
11	SECTION 299h. 940.20 (1) (a) of the statutes is created to read:
12	940.20 (1) (a) In this subsection:

946.43 (1m) In this section:

1. "Custody" means actual custody in a state prison, a state treatment center,
as defined in s. 51.01 (15), or other state, county or municipal correctional or
detention facility, or actual or constructive custody by a peace officer or a guard or
other employe of a state prison, a state treatment center, as defined in s. 51.01 (15),
or other state, county or municipal correctional or detention facility.
2. "Prisoner" means a person arrested or confined because he or she has been
accused of committing a crime, alleged to be delinquent for committing a crime,
convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for committing a crime, or committed under
s. 971.17 after being found not guilty of committing a crime by reason of mental
disease or defect.".
3. Page 127, line 23: delete that line.
4. Page 128, line 1: delete lines 1 to 3 and substitute:
"Section 511j. 946.43 of the statutes is renumbered 946.43 (2m) and amended
to read:
946.43 (2m) Any prisoner confined to a state prison or other state, county or
municipal-detention-facility who, while in custody, intentionally does any of the
following is guilty of a Class C F felony:
(a) Places an officer, employe, visitor or another inmate of such prison or
institution person in apprehension of an immediate battery likely to cause death or
great bodily harm; or
(b) Confines or restrains an officer, employe, visitor or another inmate of such
prison or institution person without the person's consent.
SECTION 511k. 946.43 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

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1	(a) "Custody" means actual custody in a state prison, a state treatment center,
2	as defined in s. 51.01 (15), or other state, county or municipal correctional or
3	detention facility, or actual or constructive custody by a peace officer or a guard or
4	other employe of a state prison, a state treatment center, as defined in s. 51.01 (15),
5	or other state, county or municipal correctional or detention facility.
6	(b) "Prisoner" means a person arrested or confined because he or she has been
7	accused of committing a crime, alleged to be delinquent for committing a crime,
8	convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for committing a crime, or committed under
9	s. 971.17 after being found not guilty of committing a crime by reason of mental
LO	disease or defect.".
11	5. Page 188, line 25: delete "943.20 (3) (d) 2.," and substitute "940.20 (1),
L 2	943.20 (3) (d) 2., 946.43,".
13	6. Page 190, line 9: delete "940.20 (1),".
14	7. Page 191, line 19: delete "946.43 (intro.),".
15	8. Page 193, line 4: after "940.09 (1c)," insert "940.20 (1) (a),".
16	9. Page 193, line 5: after "943.50 (4) (bm)," insert "946.43 (1m),".
17	10. Page 194, line 1: delete "943.20 (3) (d) 2.," and substitute "940.20 (1),
18	943.20 (3) (d) 2., 946.43,".
19	11. Page 195, line 13: delete "940.20 (1),".
20	12. Page 196, line 23: delete "946.43 (intro.),".
21	13. Page 198 line 9: after "940 09 (1c) " insert "940 20 (1) (a) "

14. Page 198, line 10: after "943.50 (4) (bm)," insert "946.43 (1m),".

(END)



State of Misconsin 2001 - 2002 LEGISLATURE

LRB-2463/1 RLR: hmh

2001



Gen. Cost.

AN ACT,...; relating to: battery or assault by a prisoner or detained and providing

a penalty.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Current law criminalizes several types of assaultive behavior by prisoners:

- 1. It is a crime for a prisoner to cause bodily harm intentionally to an officer, employee, visitor, or another inmate of a prison or other type of detention facility without the person's consent (battery by a prisoner). The maximum penalty for battery by a prisoner is a fine not to exceed \$10,000; a term of confinement in prison followed by a term of extended supervision that together may not exceed ten years; or both.
- 2. It is a crime for a prisoner to place an officer, employee, visitor, or another inmate of a prison or other type of detention facility in fear of immediate and great bodily harm, or to confine or restrain the officer, employee, visitor, or other inmate. The maximum penalty for these offenses is a fine not to exceed \$10,000; a term of confinement followed by a term of extended supervision that together may not exceed 15 years; or both.
- 3. It is a crime for a prisoner to throw or expel certain bodily substances at an officer, employee, visitor, or other inmate of a prison or other type of detention facility. The maximum penalty for throwing or expelling substances is a fine not to exceed \$10,000; a term of confinement followed by a term of extended supervision that together may not exceed two years, or both.

The term "prisoner" is not defined for any of these assaultive crimes by prisoners. However, courts have held that in the context of the crime of battery by

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a prisoner, a "prisoner" is a person whose liberty is restrained as a result of a violation of the law or as a means of enforcing the law, and that "prisoner" includes a person who is committed to the department of health and family services upon a finding of not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect, as well as a person who is confined upon revocation of probation. See *In the Interest of C.D.M.*, 125 Wis. 2d 170, at 172–173 (1985); *State v. Skamfer*, 176 Wis. 2d 304 (App. 1993), *State v. Fitzgerald*, 233 Wis. 2d 584 (App. 2000).

This bill applies the prohibitions against assaultive behavior to both prisoners and detainees and defines a "prisoner or detainee" as a person who is arrested or confined because he or she has been accused of committing a crime, alleged delinquent for committing a crime, convicted or adjudicated delinquent for committing a crime, or committed to the custody of the department of health and family services upon being found not guilty of a crime by reason of mental disease or defect.

The bill removes the requirement that the victim of the assaultive crimes be an officer, employee, visitor, or other inmate, and instead criminalizes a prisoner's or detainee's assaultive behavior directed at any other person. The bill also clarifies that the crimes prohibiting assaultive behavior by a prisoner apply to acts of a prisoner or detainee that take place while the prisoner or detainee is in the custody of a law enforcement officer, prison guard, or employee of a state treatment center or another detention facility, regardless of whether the prisoner or detainee is on the grounds of the prison, treatment center, or another detention facility when the prohibited act occurs.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. 940.20 (1) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 2 940.20 (1) (title) BATTERY BY PRISONERS OR DETAINEES.

History: 1977 c. 173; 1979 c. 30, 113, 221; 1981 c. 118 s. 9; 1983 a. 189 s. 329 (4); 1989 a. 336; 1993 a. 54, 164, 491; 1995 a. 27 s. 9126 (19); 1995 a. 77, 145, 225, 343; 1997 a. 35, 143, 283; 1999 a. 85.

SECTION 2. 940.20 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 940.20 (1) (b) and amended

4 to read:

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- 5 940.20 (1) (b) Any prisoner confined to a state prison or other state, county or
- 6 municipal detention facility or detainee who, while in custody, intentionally causes
- 7 bodily harm to an officer, employee, visitor or another inmate of such prison or

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1	institution a person, without his or her the consent of the person, is guilty of a Class
2	D felony.
3	History: 1977 c. 173; 1979 c. 30, 113, 221; 1981 c. 118 s. 9; 1983 a. 189 s. 329 (4); 1989 a. 336; 1993 a. 54, 164, 491; 1995 a. 27 s. 9126 (19); 1995 a. 77, 145, 225, 343; 1997 a. 35, 143, 283; 1999 a. 85. SECTION 3. 940.20 (1) (a) of the statutes is created to read:
4	940.20 (1) (a) In this subsection:
5	1. "Custody" means actual custody in a state prison, a state treatment center,
6	as defined in s. 51.01 (15), or another state, county, or municipal correctional or
7	detention facility, or actual or constructive custody of a peace officer or a guard or
8	another employee of a state prison, a state treatment center, as defined in s. 51.01
9	(15), or another state, county, or municipal correctional or detention facility.
10	2. "Prisoner or detainee" means a person arrested or confined because he or she
11	has been accused of committing a crime, alleged delinquent for committing a crime,
12	convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for committing a crime, or committed under
13	s. 971.17 after being found not guilty of committing a crime by reason of mental
14	disease or defect.
15	SECTION 4. 946.43 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
$\widehat{16}$	946.43 (title) Assaults by prisoners or detainees.
17	History: 1977 c. 173, 273; 1999 a. 188. SECTION 5. 946.43 (1g) of the statutes is created to read:
18	946.43 (1g) In this section:
19	(a) "Custody" means actual custody in a state prison, a state treatment center,
20	as defined in s. 51.01 (15), or another state, county, or municipal correctional or
21	detention facility, or actual or constructive custody by a peace officer or a guard or

another employee of a state prison, a state treatment center, as defined in s. 51.01

(15), or another state, county, or municipal correctional or detention facility.

(17)

SECTION 5

. (b) "Prisoner or detainee" means a person arrested or confined because he or
she h	as been accused of committing a crime, alleged delinquent for committing a
crime	, convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for committing a crime, or committed
under	s. 971.17 after being found not guilty of committing a crime by reason of mental
disca	se or defect.
. (SECTION 6. 946.43 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:
	946.43 (1m) Any prisoner confined to a state prison or other state, county, o

- 946.43 (1m) Any prisoner confined to a state prison or other state, county or municipal detention—facility or detainee who, while in custody, intentionally does any of the following is guilty of a Class C felony:
- (a) Places an officer, employee, visitor, or another inmate of such prison or institution a person in apprehension of an immediate battery likely to cause death or great bodily harm; or
- (b) Confines or restrains an officer, employee, visitor or another inmate of such prison or institution a person without the person's consent.

SECTION 7. 946.43 (2m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

946.43 (2m) (a) Any prisoner or detained confined to a state prison or other state, county or municipal detention facility who throws or expels blood, semen, vomit, saliva, urine, feces, or other bodily substance at or toward an officer, employed or visitor of the prison or facility or another prisoner of the prison or facility a person under all of the following circumstances may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 2 years or both:

1. The prisoner <u>or detainee</u> throws or expels the blood, semen, vomit, saliva, urine, feces, or other bodily substance with the intent that it come into contact with the <u>officer</u>, <u>employee</u>, <u>visitor</u>, <u>or other prisoner person</u>.

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2. The prisoner or detainee throws or expels the blood, semen, vomit, saliva, urine, feces, or other bodily substance with the intent either to cause bodily harm to the officer, employee, visitor, or other prisoner person or to abuse, harass, offend, intimidate, or frighten the officer, employee, visitor, or other prisoner person.

3. The officer, employee, visitor or other prisoner person does not consent to the blood, semen, vomit, saliva, urine, feces, or other bodily substance being thrown or expelled at or toward him or her.

History: 1977 c. 173, 273; 1999 a. 188.

(END)

Section # Initial applicability.

(1) This act first applies to acts committeel on the effective date of this subsection,

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-2463/1dn RLR: hm: h

Date

Representative Underheim:

- 1. Please note that a person who is committed to the department of health and family services as a sexually violent person is not a prisoner or detainee for purposes of the crimes covered by this bill, because the person is confined under a civil commitment process rather than for the commission of an offense. Please let me know if you would like the crimes to apply to a person committed under chapter 980 as well.
- 2. The criminal provision that prohibits a prisoner from throwing bodily substances, s. 946.43 (2m), stats., was enacted in May 2000, after the date on Curt Pawlisch's memo requesting changes to ss. 940.20 (1) and 946.43, stats. In drafting the bill I assumed that you wanted this bill to apply the same changes concerning the definition of who constitutes a "prisoner" to the new crime under s. 946.43 (2m), stats., as are applied to the crime of threatening or restraining an employee of a prison or institution under s. 943.43, 1999 stats., now s. 946.43 (1m), stats.

Please contact me with any questions or requests for changes to the bill.

Robin Ryan Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6927

E-mail: robin.ryan@legis.state.wi.us

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-2463/1dn RLR:hmh:pg

May 7, 2001

Representative Underheim:

- 1. Please note that a person who is committed to the department of health and family services as a sexually violent person is not a prisoner or detainee for purposes of the crimes covered by this bill, because the person is confined under a civil commitment process rather than for the commission of an offense. Please let me know if you would like the crimes to apply to a person committed under chapter 980 as well.
- 2. The criminal provision that prohibits a prisoner from throwing bodily substances, s. 946.43 (2m), stats., was enacted in May 2000, after the date on Curt Pawlisch's memo requesting changes to ss. 940.20 (1) and 946.43, stats. In drafting the bill I assumed that you wanted this bill to apply the same changes concerning the definition of who constitutes a "prisoner" to the new crime under s. 946.43 (2m), stats., as are applied to the crime of threatening or restraining an employee of a prison or institution under s. 943.43, 1999 stats, now s. 946.43 (1m), stats.

Please contact me with any questions or requests for changes to the bill.

Robin Ryan Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6927

E-mail: robin.ryan@legis.state.wi.us

Ryan, Robin

From: Sent:

Lonergan, Sandra September 21, 2001 3:59 PM

To: Subject: Ryan, Robin LRB 2463/1

Hi Robin,

You drafted a bill for Gregg Underheim, LRB 2163/1. In the drafter's notes, you had two comments/questions. Here are Gregg's responses:

#1 - yes

#2 - ok

Then I believe it's a go.

Thank you, Sandy

(Underheim's office)

STATE OF WISCONSIN – LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU – LEGAL SECTION (608–266–3561)	THERS)
There 3 requests are related	
<u> </u>	
1) LRB-2463/2	
2) LRB-3986/1 - Should be the same a	
2) LRB-3986/1 - Should be, the same a LRB-2463/2	
	,
3) LRB a0183/2 - redraft makes same de as redraft of 1RB-24	anges
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(p/p/0U)	
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2001 - 2002 LEGISLATURE

In volialor

2001 BILL



Regenerate

 $\stackrel{ ext{AN ACT}}{\text{CT}}$ to renumber and amend 940.20 (1), to amend 940.20 (1) (title), 946.43

2 (title), 946.43 (1m) and 946.43 (2m) (a); and to create 940.20 (1) (a) and 946.43

(1g) of the statutes; relating to: battery or assault by a prisoner or detainee and

providing a penalty.

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Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Current law criminalizes several types of assaultive behavior by prisoners:

- 1. It is a crime for a prisoner to cause bodily harm intentionally to an officer, employee, visitor, or another inmate of a prison or other type of detention facility without the person's consent (battery by a prisoner). The maximum penalty for battery by a prisoner is a fine not to exceed \$10,000; a term of confinement in prison followed by a term of extended supervision that together may not exceed ten years; or both.
- 2. It is a crime for a prisoner to place an officer, employee, visitor, or another inmate of a prison or other type of detention facility in fear of immediate and great bodily harm, or to confine or restrain the officer, employee, visitor, or other inmate. The maximum penalty for these offenses is a fine not to exceed \$10,000; a term of confinement followed by a term of extended supervision that together may not exceed 15 years; or both.
- 3. It is a crime for a prisoner to throw or expel certain bodily substances at an officer, employee, visitor, or other inmate of a prison or other type of detention facility. The maximum penalty for throwing or expelling bodily substances is a fine not to

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exceed \$10,000, a term of confinement followed by a term of extended supervision that together may not exceed two years, or both.

The term "prisoner" is not defined for any of these assaultive crimes by prisoners. However, courts have held that in the context of the crime of battery by a prisoner, a "prisoner" is a person whose liberty is restrained as a result of a violation of the law or as a means of enforcing the law, and that "prisoner" includes a person who is committed to the department of health and family services upon a finding of not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect, as well as a person who is confined upon revocation of probation. See *In the Interest of C.D.M.*, 125 Wis. 2d 170, at 172–173 (1985); *State v. Skamfer*, 176 Wis. 2d 304 (App. 1993); *State v. Fitzgerald*, 233 Wis. 2d 584 (App. 2000).

This bill applies the prohibitions against assaultive behavior to both prisoners and detainees and defines a "prisoner or detainee" as a person who is arrested or confined because he or she has been accused of committing a crime, alleged delinquent for committing a crime; convicted or adjudicated delinquent for committing a crime, or committed to the custody of the department of health and family services upon being found not guilty of a crime by reason of mental disease or defect, or upon being found to be a sexually vialent person

The bill removes the requirement that the victim of the assaultive crimes be an officer, employee, visitor, or other inmate, and instead criminalizes a prisoner's or detainee's assaultive behavior directed at any other person. The bill also clarifies that the crimes prohibiting assaultive behavior by a prisoner apply to acts of a prisoner or detainee that take place while the prisoner or detainee is in the custody of a law enforcement officer, prison guard, or employee of prisoner or detainee is on the grounds of the prison, treatment of the prisoner or detainee is on the grounds of the prison, treatment of the prisoner of detailed when the prohibited act occurs.

treatment facility

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. 940.20 (1) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

940.20 (1) (title) Battery by Prisoners or Detainees.

SECTION 2. 940.20 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 940.20 (1) (b) and amended to read:

940.20 (1) (b) Any prisoner confined to a state prison or other state, county or municipal detention facility or detainee who, while in custody, intentionally causes bodily harm to an officer, employee, visitor or another inmate of such prison or

1 institution a person, without his or her the consent of the person, is guilty of a Class 2 D felony. 3 **SECTION 3.** 940.20 (1) (a) of the statutes is created to read: a facility for the care of sexually 4 940.20 (1) (a) In this subsection: violent persons, as specified in 1. "Custody" means actual custody in a state prison, a state treatment carter, 5 6 as defined in s. 51.01 (15), or another state, county, or municipal correctional or 7 detention facility, or actual or constructive custody of a peace officer or a guard or 8 another employee of a state prison, a state treatment penter, it defined in s. 51.01 9 (1/3) Yor another state, county, or municipal correctional or detention facility. 10 2. "Prisoner or detainee" means a person arrested or confined because he or she 11) has been accused of committing a crime, alleged delinquent for committing a crime, (12)convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for committing a crime, or committed under s. 971.17 after being found not guilty of committing a crime by reason of mental 13 or committed under violent berson 5, 980.06 14 disease or defect/. 15 SECTION 4. 946.43 (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 16 946.43 (title) Assaults by prisoners or detainees. 17 Section 5. 946.43 (1g) of the statutes is created to read: facilit 18 946.43 (**1g**) In this section: 19 (a) "Custody" means actual custody in a state prison, a state treatment/center, as defined in s. 51.01 (15), or another state, county, or municipal correctional or 20) detention facility, or actual or constructive custody by a peace officer or a guard or 21another employee of a state prison, a state treatment center, as defined in s. 5101 **22** (Now a faculty for the care of sentilly violent persons, (No another state, county, or municipal correctional or detention facility. (b) "Prisoner or detainee" means a person arrested or confined because he or she has been accused of committing a crime, alleged delinquent for committing a facility for the care of sexually violent persons,

in 5.980.065

alleged to be a sexually violent person;

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•	BILL alreged to be a sexually violent person,	RLR:hmh:pg SECTION 5
$\widehat{1}$	crime, convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for committing a crime, o	committed
2	under s. 971.17 after being found not guilty of committing a crime by reas disease or defect. indent a person'	on of mental Sexual
4	SECTION 6. 946.43 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:	
5	946 43 (1m) Any prisoner confined to a state prison or other sta	te, county or
6	municipal detention facility or detainee who, while in custody, intention	ally does any
7	of the following is guilty of a Class C felony:	
8	(a) Places an officer, employee, visitor or another inmate of su	ch prison or
9	institution a person in apprehension of an immediate battery likely to	cause death
10	or great bodily harm; or	
11	(b) Confines or restrains an officer, employee, visitor or another in	mate of such
12	prison or institution a person without the person's consent.	
13	SECTION 7. 946.43 (2m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:	
14	946.43 (2m) (a) Any prisoner confined to a state prison or other s	state, county
15	or municipal detention facility or detainee who throws or expels blood, se	emen, vomit,
16	saliva, urine, feces, or other bodily substance at or toward an officer,	employee or
17	visitor of the prison or facility or another prisoner of the prison or faci	l ity <u>a person</u>
18	under all of the following circumstances may be fined not more than	n \$10,000 or
19	imprisoned for not more than 2 years or both:	
20	1. The prisoner or detainee throws or expels the blood, semen, v	omit, saliva.

urine, feces, or other bodily substance with the intent that it come into contact with

urine, feces, or other hodily substance with the intent either to cause bodily harm to

2. The prisoner or detainee throws or expels the blood, semen, vomit, saliva,

the officer, employee, visitor or other prisoner person.

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1	the officer, employee, visitor or other prisoner person or to abuse, harass, offend
	intimidate, or frighten the officer, employee, visitor or other prisoner person.

3. The officer, employee, visitor or other prisoner person does not consent to the blood, semen, vomit, saliva, urine, feces, or other bodily substance being thrown or expelled at or toward him or her.

SECTION 8. Initial applicability.

(1) This act first applies to acts committed on the effective date of this subsection.

(END)



State of Misconsin

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

100 NORTH HAMILTON STREET 5TH FLOOR MADISON, WI 53701-2037

LEGAL SECTION:

(608) 266-3561 (608) 264-6948

October 16, 2001

STEPHEN R. MILLER CHIEF

MEMORANDUM

To:

Representative Underheim

From:

Robin L. Ryan, Legislative Attorney

Re:

LRB-2463/2 Battery by persons detained or committed

The attached draft was prepared at your request. Please review it carefully to ensure that it is accurate and satisfies your intent. If it does and you would like it jacketed for introduction, please indicate below for which house you would like the draft jacketed and return this memorandum to our office. If you have any questions about jacketing, please call our program assistants at 266-3561. Please allow one day for jacketing.

JACKET FOR ASSEMBLY _____ JACKET FOR SENATE

If you have any questions concerning the attached draft, or would like to have it redrafted, please contact me at (608) 261-6927 or at the address indicated at the top of this memorandum.

If the last paragraph of the analysis states that a fiscal estimate will be prepared, the LRB will request that it be prepared after the draft is introduced. You may obtain a fiscal estimate on the attached draft before it is introduced by calling our program assistants at 266-3561. Please note that if you have previously requested that a fiscal estimate be prepared on an earlier version of this draft, you will need to call our program assistants in order to obtain a fiscal estimate on this version before it is introduced.

Please call our program assistants at 266-3561 if you have any questions regarding this memorandum.

STATE OF WISCONSIN – LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU – LEGAL SECTION (608–266–3561)

11/21/01
Cut Paulisch 251-0101 LRB 2463/2
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Ron Sklansky (Leg. Council) concerned
that too broad ble cores people
Ron Sklansky (Leg. Council) concerned that too broad ble covers people after just an arrest
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inst specify that can't be
just specify that can't be convicted under both 940,000 & (2)
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11/30/01
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both but can't be convicted of both
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re desplicate charging of lines, conviction

Ryan, Robin

From:

Lonergan, Sandra

Sent: To: November 30, 2001 4:24 PM

Cc:

'Curt Pawlisch'; Ryan, Robin Rossmiller, Dan; daniel.rossmiller@legis.state.wi.us

Subject:

RE: Battery by prisoners

Robin, Yes, please make the changes. Any questions, please call. Thank you, Sandy (Underheim's office)

----Original Message----

From: Curt Pawlisch [mailto:pawlisch@cwpb.com]

Sent: Friday, November 30, 2001 3:56 PM

To: Robin.ryan@legis.state.wi.us

Cc: Dan.Rossmiller@legis.state.wi.us;

daniel.rossmiller@legis.state.wi.us; Sandra.Lonergan@legis.state.wi.us

Subject: Battery by prisoners

Robin,

2463

As we discussed, LRB 2653 needs to be redrafted to incorporate the suggestion of Senator George that we clarify that persons may not be sentenced under both s. 940.20(1), (as amended by the bill) and 940.20(2) (battery to police officers). With this change, Senator George will be the main Senate author of the bill.

The draft is under Rep. Underheim's name. By copy of this e-mail, I am asking Sandy of his staff to confirm with you that you should incorporate the instruction above.

Thank you.

--Curt

Curt F. Pawlisch
Cullen Weston Pines & Bach LLP
122 West Washington Ave., Suite 900
Madison, WI 53703
E-Mail- pawlisch@cwpb.com
Office- (608) 251-0101
Fax- (608) 251-2883
www.cwpb.com

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2001 – 2002 LEGISLATURE

In 12/10/01

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2001 BILL

AN ACT to renumber and amend 940.20 (1), to amend 940.20 (1) (title), 946.43 (title), 946.43 (1m) and 946.43 (2m) (a); and to create 940.20 (1) (a) and 946.43 (1g) of the statutes; relating to: battery or assault by a prisoner or detainee and providing a penalty.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Current law criminalizes several types of assaultive behavior by prisoners:

- 1. It is a crime for a prisoner to cause bodily harm intentionally to an officer, employee, visitor, or another inmate of a prison or other type of detention facility without the person's consent (battery by a prisoner). The maximum penalty for battery by a prisoner is a fine not to exceed \$10,000; a term of confinement in prison followed by a term of extended supervision that together may not exceed ten years; or both.
- 2. It is a crime for a prisoner to place an officer, employee, visitor, or another inmate of a prison or other type of detention facility in fear of immediate and great bodily harm, or to confine or restrain the officer, employee, visitor, or other inmate. The maximum penalty for these offenses is a fine not to exceed \$10,000; a term of confinement followed by a term of extended supervision that together may not exceed 15 years; or both.
- 3. It is a crime for a prisoner to throw or expel certain bodily substances at an officer, employee, visitor, or other inmate of a prison or other type of detention facility. The maximum penalty for throwing or expelling bodily substances is a fine not to

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exceed \$10,000, a term of confinement followed by a term of extended supervision that together may not exceed two years, or both.

The term "prisoner" is not defined for any of these assaultive crimes by prisoners. However, courts have held that in the context of the crime of battery by a prisoner, a "prisoner" is a person whose liberty is restrained as a result of a violation of the law or as a means of enforcing the law, and that "prisoner" includes a person who is committed to the department of health and family services upon a finding of not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect, as well as a person who is confined upon revocation of probation. See *In the Interest of C.D.M.*, 125 Wis. 2d 170, at 172–173 (1985); *State v. Skamfer*, 176 Wis. 2d 304 (App. 1993); *State v. Fitzgerald*, 233 Wis. 2d 584 (App. 2000).

This bill applies the prohibitions against assaultive behavior to both prisoners and detainees and defines a "prisoner or detainee" as a person who is arrested or confined because he or she has been accused of committing a crime, alleged delinquent for committing a crime, alleged to be a sexually violent person, convicted or adjudicated delinquent for committing a crime, or committed to the custody of the department of health and family services upon being found not guilty of a crime by reason of mental disease or defect or upon being found to be a sexually violent person.

The bill removes the requirement that the victim of the assaultive crimes be an officer, employee, visitor, or other inmate, and instead criminalizes a prisoner's or detainee's assaultive behavior directed at any other person. The bill also clarifies that the crimes prohibiting assaultive behavior by a prisoner apply to acts of a prisoner or detainee that take place while the prisoner or detainee is in the custody of a law enforcement officer, prison guard, or employee of another detention facility or of a state treatment facility, regardless of whether the prisoner or detainee is on the grounds of a prison, other detention facility, or state treatment facility when the prohibited act occurs.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 940.20 (1) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

940.20 (1) (title) Battery by Prisoners or Detainees.

SECTION 2. 940.20 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 940.20 (1) (b) and amended to read:

940.20 (1) (b) Any prisoner confined to a state prison or other state, county or municipal detention facility or detainee who, while in custody, intentionally causes bodily harm to an officer, employee, visitor or another inmate of such prison or

1	institution a person, without his or her the consent of the person, is guilty of a Class
2	D follows:
(3)	and (c) are
	SECTION 3. 940.20 (1) (a) of the statutes is created to read:
4	940.20 (1) (a) In this subsection:
5	1. "Custody" means actual custody in a state prison, a state treatment facility,
6	as defined in s. 51.01 (15), a facility for the care of sexually violent persons, as
7	specified in s. 980.065, or another state, county, or municipal correctional or
8	detention facility, or actual or constructive custody of a peace officer or a guard or
9	another employee of a state prison, a state treatment facility, a facility for the care
10	of sexually violent persons, or another state, county, or municipal correctional or
11	detention facility.
12	2. "Prisoner or detainee" means a person arrested or confined because he or she
13	has been accused of committing a crime, alleged delinquent for committing a crime,
14	alleged to be a sexually violent person, convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for
15	committing a crime, committed under s. 971.17 after being found not guilty of
16	committing a crime by reason of mental disease or defect, or committed under s.
17	980.06 as a sexually violent person.
18	SECTION 4. 946.43 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	946.43 (title) Assaults by prisoners or detainees.
20	SECTION 5. 946.43 (1g) of the statutes is created to read:
21	946.43 (1g) In this section:
22	(a) "Custody" means actual custody in a state prison, a state treatment facility,
23	as defined in s. 51.01 (15), a facility for the care of sexually violent persons, as
24	specified in s. 980.065, or another state, county, or municipal correctional or
25	detention facility, or actual or constructive custody by a peace officer or a guard or
(c)	A person may not be convicted under both par. (6) and sub. (2) for the same act.

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- another employee of a state prison, a state treatment facility, a facility for the care of sexually violent persons, or another state, county, or municipal correctional or detention facility.
- (b) "Prisoner or detainee" means a person arrested or confined because he or she has been accused of committing a crime, alleged delinquent for committing a crime, alleged to be a sexually violent person, convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for committing a crime, committed under s. 971.17 after being found not guilty of committing a crime by reason of mental disease or defect, or committed under s. 980.06 as a sexually violent person.
 - **SECTION 6.** 946.43 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 946.43 (1m) Any prisoner confined to a state prison or other state, county or municipal detention facility or detainee who, while in custody, intentionally does any of the following is guilty of a Class C felony:
- (a) Places an officer, employee, visitor or another inmate of such prison or institution a person in apprehension of an immediate battery likely to cause death or great bodily harm; or
- (b) Confines or restrains an officer, employee, visitor or another inmate of such prison or institution a person without the person's consent.
 - SECTION 7. 946.43 (2m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 946.43 (2m) (a) Any prisoner confined to a state prison or other state, county or municipal detention facility or detainee who throws or expels blood, semen, vomit, saliva, urine, feces, or other bodily substance at or toward an officer, employee or visitor of the prison or facility or another prisoner of the prison or facility a person under all of the following circumstances may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 2 years or both:

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subsection.

1. The prisoner or detainee throws or expels the blood, semen, vomit, saliva,
urine, feces, or other bodily substance with the intent that it come into contact with
the officer, employee, visitor or other prisoner person.
2. The prisoner or detainee throws or expels the blood, semen, vomit, saliva,
urine, feces, or other bodily substance with the intent either to cause bodily harm to
the officer, employee, visitor or other prisoner person or to abuse, harass, offend,
intimidate, or frighten the officer, employee, visitor or other prisoner person.
3. The officer, employee, visitor or other prisoner person does not consent to the
blood, semen, vomit, saliva, urine, feces, or other bodily substance being thrown or
expelled at or toward him or her.
Section 8. Initial applicability.
(1) This act first applies to acts committed on the effective date of this

(END)