

2001 SENATE BILL 200

June 5, 2001 – Introduced by Senators SHIBILSKI, BAUMGART, RISSER, MOEN, GEORGE, HANSEN, JAUCH, WIRCH and DECKER, cosponsored by Representatives SCHOOFF, BOCK, REYNOLDS, BLACK, PLOUFF, RYBA, GRONEMUS, J. LEHMAN, COLON, BALOW, BERCEAU, POCAN, COGGS, HUBLER, SYKORA and MORRIS-TATUM. Referred to Committee on Education.

1 **AN ACT to repeal** 111.70 (1) (dm), 111.70 (1) (fm), 111.70 (1) (nc), 111.70 (4) (cm)
 2 5s., 111.70 (4) (cm) 7., 111.70 (4) (cm) 7g., 111.70 (4) (cm) 8m. b., 111.70 (4) (cm)
 3 8p. and 111.70 (4) (cn); **to consolidate, renumber and amend** 111.70 (4) (cm)
 4 8m. a. and c.; and **to amend** 111.70 (1) (b), 111.70 (4) (cm) 5., 111.70 (4) (cm) 6.
 5 a., 111.70 (4) (cm) 6. am., 111.70 (4) (cm) 7r. (intro.), 111.70 (4) (cm) 8s. and
 6 111.70 (4) (d) 2. a. of the statutes; **relating to:** dispute settlement procedures
 7 in local government employment other than law enforcement and fire fighting
 8 employment.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill does all of the following:

1. Under current law, in local government employment other than law enforcement and fire fighting employment, if a dispute relating to the terms of a proposed collective bargaining agreement has not been settled after a reasonable period of negotiation and after mediation by the Wisconsin employment relations commission (WERC), either party, or the parties jointly, may petition WERC to initiate compulsory, final, and binding arbitration with respect to any dispute relating to wages, hours, and conditions of employment. If WERC determines, after investigation, that an impasse exists and that arbitration is required, WERC must

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submit to the parties a list of seven arbitrators, from which the parties alternately strike names until one arbitrator is left. As an alternative to a single arbitrator, WERC may provide for an arbitration panel that consists of one person selected by each party and one person selected by WERC. As a further alternative, WERC may also provide a process that allows for a random selection of a single arbitrator from a list of seven names submitted by WERC. Under current law, an arbitrator or arbitration panel must adopt the final offer of one of the parties on all disputed issues, which is then incorporated into the collective bargaining agreement.

Under current law, however, this process does not apply to a dispute over economic issues involving a collective bargaining unit consisting of school district professional employees if WERC determines, subsequent to an investigation, that the employer has submitted a qualified economic offer (QEO). Under current law, a QEO consists of a proposal to maintain the percentage contribution by the employer to the employees' existing fringe benefit costs and the employees' existing fringe benefits and to provide for an annual average salary increase having a cost to the employer at least equal to 2.1% of the existing total compensation and fringe benefit costs for the employees in the collective bargaining unit plus any fringe benefit savings. Fringe benefit savings is that amount, if any, by which 1.7% of the total compensation and fringe benefit costs for all municipal employees in a collective bargaining unit for any 12-month period covered by a proposed collective bargaining agreement exceeds the increased cost required to maintain the percentage contribution by the municipal employer to the municipal employees' existing fringe benefit costs and to maintain all fringe benefits provided to the municipal employees.

This bill eliminates the qualified economic offer exception from the compulsory, final, and binding arbitration process.

2. Current law provides that in reaching a decision, the arbitrator or arbitration panel must give weight to many factors, including the lawful authority of the municipal employer, the stipulations of the parties, the interest and welfare of the public, and the financial ability of the unit of government to meet the costs of the proposed agreement, comparison of wages, hours, and conditions of employment with those of other public and private sector employees, the cost of living, the overall compensation and benefits that the employees currently receive, and other similar factors. But, under current law, the arbitrator is required to give greater weight to economic conditions in the jurisdiction of the employer and the greatest weight to any state law or directive that places expenditure or revenue limitations on an employer.

This bill eliminates the authorization for the arbitrator or arbitration panel to give any weight to economic conditions in the jurisdiction of the employer or to any state law or directive that places expenditure or revenue limitations on an employer.

3. Under current law, every collective bargaining agreement covering school district professional employees must expire on June 30 of the odd-numbered years. For all other local government employees, the term of a collective bargaining agreement must be two years, except for an initial agreement and except as the parties otherwise agree, and in no case may exceed three years. This bill treats the terms of collective bargaining agreements for school district professional employees the same as those of other local government employees.

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4. Finally, under current law, school district professional employees are required to be placed in a collective bargaining unit that is separate from the units of other school district employees. This bill eliminates this requirement.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1 **SECTION 1.** 111.70 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 111.70 (1) (b) “Collective bargaining unit” means a unit consisting of municipal
3 ~~employees who are school district professional employees or of municipal employees~~
4 ~~who are not school district professional employees~~ that is determined by the
5 commission to be appropriate for the purpose of collective bargaining.

6 **SECTION 2.** 111.70 (1) (dm) of the statutes is repealed.

7 **SECTION 3.** 111.70 (1) (fm) of the statutes is repealed.

8 **SECTION 4.** 111.70 (1) (nc) of the statutes is repealed.

9 **SECTION 5.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

10 111.70 (4) (cm) 5. ‘Voluntary impasse resolution procedures.’ In addition to the
11 other impasse resolution procedures provided in this paragraph, a municipal
12 employer and labor organization may at any time, as a permissive subject of
13 bargaining, agree in writing to a dispute settlement procedure, including
14 authorization for a strike by municipal employees or binding interest arbitration,
15 which is acceptable to the parties for resolving an impasse over terms of any
16 collective bargaining agreement under this subchapter. A copy of such agreement
17 shall be filed by the parties with the commission. If the parties agree to any form of
18 binding interest arbitration, the arbitrator shall give weight to the factors
19 enumerated under ~~subds. 7., 7g. and~~ subd. 7r.

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1 **SECTION 6.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 5s. of the statutes is repealed.

2 **SECTION 7.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 6. a. of the statutes is amended to read:

3 111.70 **(4)** (cm) 6. a. If in any collective bargaining unit a dispute ~~relating to one~~
4 ~~or more issues, qualifying for interest arbitration under subd. 5s. in a collective~~
5 ~~bargaining unit to which subd. 5s. applies,~~ has not been settled after a reasonable
6 period of negotiation and after mediation by the commission under subd. 3. and other
7 settlement procedures, if any, established by the parties have been exhausted, and
8 the parties are deadlocked with respect to any dispute between them over wages,
9 hours, and conditions of employment to be included in a new collective bargaining
10 agreement, either party, or the parties jointly, may petition the commission, in
11 writing, to initiate compulsory, final, and binding arbitration, as provided in this
12 paragraph. At the time the petition is filed, the petitioning party shall submit in
13 writing to the other party and the commission its preliminary final offer containing
14 its latest proposals on all issues in dispute. Within 14 calendar days after the date
15 of that submission, the other party shall submit in writing its preliminary final offer
16 on all disputed issues to the petitioning party and the commission. If a petition is
17 filed jointly, both parties shall exchange their preliminary final offers in writing and
18 submit copies to the commission at the time the petition is filed.

19 **SECTION 8.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 6. am. of the statutes is amended to read:

20 111.70 **(4)** (cm) 6. am. Upon receipt of a petition to initiate arbitration, the
21 commission shall make an investigation, with or without a formal hearing, to
22 determine whether arbitration should be commenced. If in determining whether an
23 impasse exists the commission finds that the procedures set forth in this paragraph
24 have not been complied with and such compliance would tend to result in a
25 settlement, it may order such compliance before ordering arbitration. The validity

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1 of any arbitration award or collective bargaining agreement shall not be affected by
2 failure to comply with such procedures. Prior to the close of the investigation each
3 party shall submit in writing to the commission its single final offer containing its
4 final proposals on all issues in dispute that are subject to interest arbitration under
5 this subdivision ~~or under subd. 5s. in collective bargaining units to which subd. 5s.~~
6 ~~applies.~~ If a party fails to submit a single, ultimate final offer, the commission shall
7 close the investigation based on the last written position of the party. ~~The municipal~~
8 ~~employer may not submit a qualified economic offer under subd. 5s. after the close~~
9 ~~of the investigation.~~ Such final offers may include only mandatory subjects of
10 bargaining, except that a permissive subject of bargaining may be included by a
11 party if the other party does not object and shall then be treated as a mandatory
12 subject. No later than such time, the parties shall also submit to the commission a
13 stipulation, in writing, with respect to all matters which are agreed upon for
14 inclusion in the new or amended collective bargaining agreement. The commission,
15 after receiving a report from its investigator and determining that arbitration should
16 be commenced, shall issue an order requiring arbitration and immediately submit
17 to the parties a list of 7 arbitrators. Upon receipt of such list, the parties shall
18 alternately strike names until a single name is left, who shall be appointed as
19 arbitrator. The petitioning party shall notify the commission in writing of the
20 identity of the arbitrator selected. Upon receipt of such notice, the commission shall
21 formally appoint the arbitrator and submit to him or her the final offers of the
22 parties. The final offers shall be considered public documents and shall be available
23 from the commission. In lieu of a single arbitrator and upon request of both parties,
24 the commission shall appoint a tripartite arbitration panel consisting of one member
25 selected by each of the parties and a neutral person designated by the commission

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1 who shall serve as a chairperson. An arbitration panel has the same powers and
2 duties as provided in this section for any other appointed arbitrator, and all
3 arbitration decisions by such panel shall be determined by majority vote. In lieu of
4 selection of the arbitrator by the parties and upon request of both parties, the
5 commission shall establish a procedure for randomly selecting names of arbitrators.
6 Under the procedure, the commission shall submit a list of 7 arbitrators to the
7 parties. Each party shall strike one name from the list. From the remaining 5
8 names, the commission shall randomly appoint an arbitrator. Unless both parties
9 to an arbitration proceeding otherwise agree in writing, every individual whose
10 name is submitted by the commission for appointment as an arbitrator shall be a
11 resident of this state at the time of submission and every individual who is
12 designated as an arbitration panel chairperson shall be a resident of this state at the
13 time of designation.

14 **SECTION 9.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 7. of the statutes is repealed.

15 **SECTION 10.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 7g. of the statutes is repealed.

16 **SECTION 11.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 7r. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 111.70 (4) (cm) 7r. ‘~~Other factors~~ Factors considered.’ (intro.) In making any
18 decision under the arbitration procedures authorized by this paragraph, the
19 arbitrator or arbitration panel shall also give weight to the following factors:

20 **SECTION 12.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 8m. a. and c. of the statutes are consolidated,
21 renumbered 111.70 (4) (cm) 8m. and amended to read:

22 111.70 (4) (cm) 8m. ‘Term of agreement; reopening of negotiations.’ Except for
23 the initial collective bargaining agreement between the parties and except as the
24 parties otherwise agree, every collective bargaining agreement covering municipal
25 employees subject to this paragraph ~~other than school district professional~~

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1 ~~employees shall be for a term of 2 years. No, but in no case may a~~ collective
2 bargaining agreement for any collective bargaining unit consisting of municipal
3 ~~employees subject to this paragraph other than school district professional~~
4 ~~employees shall be for a term exceeding 3 years. €.~~ No arbitration award may
5 contain a provision for reopening of negotiations during the term of a collective
6 bargaining agreement, unless both parties agree to such a provision. The
7 requirement for agreement by both parties does not apply to a provision for
8 reopening of negotiations with respect to any portion of an agreement that is
9 declared invalid by a court or administrative agency or rendered invalid by the
10 enactment of a law or promulgation of a federal regulation.

11 **SECTION 13.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 8m. b. of the statutes is repealed.

12 **SECTION 14.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 8p. of the statutes is repealed.

13 **SECTION 15.** 111.70 (4) (cm) 8s. of the statutes is amended to read:

14 111.70 **(4)** (cm) 8s. ‘Forms for determining costs.’ The commission shall
15 prescribe forms for calculating the total increased cost to the municipal employer of
16 compensation and fringe benefits provided to school district professional employees.
17 The cost shall be determined based upon the total cost of compensation and fringe
18 benefits provided to school district professional employees who are represented by
19 a labor organization on the 90th day before expiration of any previous collective
20 bargaining agreement between the parties, or who were so represented if the
21 effective date is retroactive, or the 90th day prior to commencement of negotiations
22 if there is no previous collective bargaining agreement between the parties, without
23 regard to any change in the number, rank, or qualifications of the school district
24 professional employees. For purposes of such determinations, any cost increase that
25 is incurred on any day other than the beginning of the 12-month period commencing

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1 with the effective date of the agreement or any succeeding 12-month period
2 commencing on the anniversary of that effective date shall be calculated as if the cost
3 increase were incurred as of the beginning of the 12-month period beginning on the
4 effective date or anniversary of the effective date in which the cost increase is
5 incurred. ~~In each collective bargaining unit to which subd. 5s. applies, the municipal~~
6 ~~employer shall transmit to the commission and the labor organization a completed~~
7 ~~form for calculating the total increased cost to the municipal employer of~~
8 ~~compensation and fringe benefits provided to the school district professional~~
9 ~~employees covered by the agreement as soon as possible after the effective date of the~~
10 ~~agreement.~~

11 **SECTION 16.** 111.70 (4) (cn) of the statutes is repealed.

12 **SECTION 17.** 111.70 (4) (d) 2. a. of the statutes is amended to read:

13 111.70 **(4)** (d) 2. a. The commission shall determine the appropriate collective
14 bargaining unit for the purpose of collective bargaining and shall whenever possible,
15 unless otherwise required under this subchapter, avoid fragmentation by
16 maintaining as few collective bargaining units as practicable in keeping with the size
17 of the total municipal work force. In making such a determination, the commission
18 may decide whether, in a particular case, the municipal employees in the same or
19 several departments, divisions, institutions, crafts, professions, or other
20 occupational groupings constitute a collective bargaining unit. Before making its
21 determination, the commission may provide an opportunity for the municipal
22 employees concerned to determine, by secret ballot, whether or not they desire to be
23 established as a separate collective bargaining unit. ~~The commission shall not~~
24 ~~decide, however, that any group of municipal employees constitutes an appropriate~~
25 ~~collective bargaining unit if the group includes both municipal employees who are~~

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1 ~~school district professional employees and municipal employees who are not school~~
2 ~~district professional employees.~~ The commission shall not decide, however, that any
3 ~~other~~ group of municipal employees constitutes an appropriate collective bargaining
4 unit if the group includes both professional employees and nonprofessional
5 employees, unless a majority of the professional employees vote for inclusion in the
6 unit. The commission shall not decide that any group of municipal employees
7 constitutes an appropriate collective bargaining unit if the group includes both craft
8 employees and noncraft employees unless a majority of the craft employees vote for
9 inclusion in the unit. The commission shall place the professional employees who are
10 assigned to perform any services at a charter school, as defined in s. 115.001 (1), in
11 a separate collective bargaining unit from a unit that includes any other professional
12 employees whenever at least 30% of those professional employees request an election
13 to be held to determine that issue and a majority of the professional employees at the
14 charter school who cast votes in the election decide to be represented in a separate
15 collective bargaining unit. Any vote taken under this subsection shall be by secret
16 ballot.

SECTION 18. Nonstatutory provisions.

18 (1) The employment relations commission may not accept any petition for
19 arbitration filed under section 111.70 (4) (cm) 6. of the statutes, in any collective
20 bargaining unit concerning a labor dispute about which the commission has, prior
21 to the effective date of this subsection, already accepted a petition for arbitration
22 filed under section 111.70 (4) (cm) 6. of the statutes.

SECTION 19. Initial applicability.

