imposed by the judge and for the penalty assessment imposed by s. 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information protection assessment imposed by s. 100.261, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1), or for an amount equal to the amount in which any such judgment or any part thereof is released or discharged. If any municipal judge gives time or delay to any person against whom any such judgment is rendered by the judge, or takes any bond or security for its future payment, the judge and the judge's sureties shall also be liable for the payment of the judgment upon the judge's bond.

b1281/1.14 SECTION 3816m. 779.41 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 779.41 (2) Every keeper of a garage or repair shop who alters, repairs or does any work on any detached accessory, fitting or part of an automobile, truck, motorcycle, moped, low—speed vehicle, motor bicycle or similar motor vehicle or bicycle at the request of the owner or legal possessor thereof, shall have a lien upon and may retain possession of any such accessory, fitting or part until the charges for such alteration, repairing or other work have been paid. If the detached article becomes attached to such motor vehicle or bicycle while in the possession of the keeper, the keeper has a lien on the motor vehicle or bicycle under sub. (1).

b2221/3.144 Section 3816p. 800.02 (2) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.02 (2) (a) (intro.) The citation shall be signed by a peace officer or endorsed by a municipal attorney or, if applicable, signed by a conservation warden or a state forest ranger. In addition, the governing body of a municipality authorized to adopt the use of citations may designate by ordinance or resolution other municipal

officials who may issue citations with respect to ordinances which are directly related to the official responsibilities of the officials. Officials granted the authority to issue citations may delegate, with the approval of the governing body, the authority to employees. Authority delegated to an official or employee may be revoked only in the same manner by which it is conferred. The citation shall contain substantially the following information:

-1394/2.98 Section 3817. 800.02 (2) (a) 8. of the statutes is amended to read:

800.02 (2) (a) 8. Notice that, if the defendant makes a deposit and fails to appear in court at the time fixed in the citation, the defendant is deemed to have tendered a plea of no contest and submits to a forfeiture, penalty assessment, jail assessment, and crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information protection assessment, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment plus costs, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1), not to exceed the amount of the deposit. The notice shall also state that the court may decide to summon the defendant rather than accept the deposit and plea.

-1394/2.99 Section 3818. 800.02 (3) (a) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

800.02 (3) (a) 5. A plain and concise statement of the violation identifying the event or occurrence from which the violation arose and showing that the plaintiff is entitled to relief, the ordinance, resolution or bylaw upon which the cause of action is based and a demand for a forfeiture, the amount of which shall not exceed the maximum set by the statute involved, the penalty assessment, the jail assessment, the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information protection assessment, any applicable domestic abuse assessment, and such other relief that is sought by the plaintiff.

-1394/2.100 Section 3819. 800.03 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.03 (3) The amount of the deposit shall be set by the municipal judge, but shall not be effective until approved by the governing body of the municipality. The amount shall not exceed the maximum penalty for the offense, including any penalty assessment that would be applicable under s. 757.05, any jail assessment that would be applicable under s. 302.46 (1), any crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment that would be applicable under s. 165.755, any consumer information protection assessment that would be applicable under s. 100.261, and any domestic abuse assessment that would be applicable under s. 973.055 (1), plus court costs, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1).

-1394/2.101 Section 3820. 800.04 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.04 (2) (b) If the municipal judge determines that the defendant should not be released under par. (a) and the defendant is charged with a traffic or boating violation, the municipal judge shall release the defendant on a deposit in the amount established by the uniform deposit schedule under s. 345.26 (2) (a) or under s. 23.66. For other violations, the municipal judge shall establish a deposit in an amount not to exceed the maximum penalty for the offense, including any penalty assessment that would be applicable under s. 757.05, any jail assessment that would be applicable under s. 302.46 (1), any crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment that would be applicable under s. 165.755, any consumer information protection assessment that would be applicable under s. 100.261, and any domestic abuse assessment that would be applicable under s. 973.055 (1). If the judge in a 1st class city determines that a defendant appearing before the judge through interactive video and audio transmission should not be released under par. (a), the judge shall inform the defendant that he or she has the right to appear personally before a judge for a determination, not prejudiced by the first appearance, as to

whether he or she should be released without a deposit. On failure of the defendant to make a deposit under this paragraph, he or she may be committed to jail pending trial only if the judge finds that there is a reasonable basis to believe the person will not appear in court.

-1394/2.102 Section 3821. 800.04 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 800.04 (2) (c) If the defendant has made a deposit under par. (b) or s. 800.03 and does not appear, he or she is deemed to have tendered a plea of no contest and submits to a forfeiture, a penalty assessment imposed by s. 757.05, a jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), a crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information protection assessment imposed by s. 100.261, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1) plus costs, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1), not exceeding the amount of the deposit. The court may either accept the plea of no contest and enter judgment accordingly, or reject the plea and issue a summons. If the court finds that the violation meets the conditions in s. 800.093 (1), the court may summon the alleged violator into court to determine if restitution shall be ordered under s. 800.093. If the defendant fails to appear in response to the summons, the court shall issue a warrant under s. 968.09. If the defendant has made a deposit but does appear, the court shall allow the defendant to withdraw the plea of no contest.

-1394/2.103 Section 3822. 800.09 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.09 (1) JUDGMENT (intro.) If a municipal court finds a defendant guilty it may render judgment by ordering restitution under s. 800.093 and payment of a forfeiture, the penalty assessment imposed by s. 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment

imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information protection assessment imposed by s. 100.261, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1) plus costs of prosecution, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1). The court shall apply any payment received on a judgment that includes restitution to first satisfy any payment of restitution ordered, then to pay the forfeiture, assessments, and costs. If the judgment is not paid, the court may proceed under par. (a), (b), or (c) or any combination of those paragraphs, as follows:

-1394/2.104 Section 3823. 800.09 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.09 (1) (a) The court may defer payment of any judgment or provide for instalment payments. At the time the judgment is rendered, the court shall inform the defendant, orally and in writing, of the date by which restitution and the payment of the forfeiture, the penalty assessment, the jail assessment, the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information protection assessment, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment plus costs must be made, and of the possible consequences of failure to do so in timely fashion, including imprisonment, as provided in s. 800.095, or suspension of the defendant's motor vehicle operating privilege, as provided in par. (c), if applicable. If the defendant is not present, the court shall ensure that the information is sent to the defendant by mail. In 1st class cities, all of the written information required by this paragraph shall be printed in English and Spanish and provided to each defendant.

-1394/2.105 Section 3824. 800.09 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 800.09 (2) (b) If the person charged fails to appear personally or by an attorney at the time fixed for hearing of the case, the defendant may be deemed to have entered a plea of no contest and the money deposited, if any, or such portion thereof

as the court determines to be an adequate penalty, plus the penalty assessment, the jail assessment, the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information protection assessment, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment plus costs, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1), may be declared forfeited by the court or may be ordered applied upon the payment of any penalty which may be imposed, together with the penalty assessment, the jail assessment, the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information protection assessment, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment plus costs. If the court finds that the violation meets the conditions in s. 800.093 (1), the court may summon the alleged violator into court to determine if restitution shall be ordered under s. 800.093. Any money remaining after payment of any penalties, assessments, costs, and restitution shall be refunded to the person who made the deposit.

-1394/2.106 Section 3825. 800.10 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.10 (2) All forfeitures, fees, penalty assessments, crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessments, consumer information protection assessments, domestic abuse assessments, and costs paid to a municipal court under a judgment before a municipal judge shall be paid to the municipal treasurer within 7 days after receipt of the money by a municipal judge or other court personnel. At the time of the payment, the municipal judge shall report to the municipal treasurer the title of the action, the offense for which a forfeiture was imposed and the total amount of the forfeiture, fees, penalty assessments, crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessments, consumer information protection assessments, domestic abuse assessments, and costs, if any. The treasurer shall disburse the fees as provided in s. 814.65 (1). All jail assessments paid to a municipal court under a judgment before

T	a municipal judge shall be paid to the county treasurer within 7 days after receipt
2	of the money by a municipal judge or other court personnel.
3	*-1394/2.107* Section 3826. 800.12 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	800.12 (2) A municipality may by ordinance provide that a municipal judge
5	may impose a forfeiture for contempt under sub. (1) in an amount not to exceed \$50
6	or, upon nonpayment of the forfeiture, penalty assessment under s. 757.05, jai
7	assessment under s. 302.46, crime laboratories and drug law enforcement
8	assessment under s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information protection
9	assessment under s. 100.261, and any applicable domestic abuse assessment under
10	s. 973.055 (1), a jail sentence not to exceed 7 days.
11	* b2217/2.5 * Section 3828c. 801.02 (7) (a) 2. c. of the statutes is amended to
12	read:
13	801.02 (7) (a) 2. c. A person bringing an action seeking relief from a judgment
14	of conviction or a sentence of a court, including an action for an extraordinary writ
15	or a supervisory writ seeking relief from a judgment of conviction or a sentence of ϵ
16	court or an action under s. 809.30, 809.40, 973.19 or, 974.06 or 974.07.
17	*b1293/2.2* SECTION 3828g. 801.09 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read
18	801.09 (2) (a) Within Except as provided in par. (c), within 45 days, exclusive
19	of the day of service, after the summons has been served personally upon the
20	defendant or served by substitution personally upon another authorized to accept
21	service of the summons for the defendant; or
22	*b1293/2.2* Section 3828i. 801.09 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
23	801.09 (2) (c) Within 20 days, exclusive of the day of service, after the summons
24	has been served personally upon the defendant or served by substitution personally

1	upon another authorized to accept service of the summons for the defendant if the
2	proceeding is to foreclose or otherwise enforce a lien or security interest.
3	*b1293/2.2* Section 3828jc. 801.095 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	801.095 (1) Personal service; complaint attached.
5	STATE OF WISCONSIN CIRCUIT COURT: COUNTY
6	
7	A. B.
8	Address
9	City, State Zip Code File No
LO	, Plaintiff
11	vs. SUMMONS
12	C. D.
13	Address (Case Classification Type): (Code No.)
l 4	City, State Zip Code
15	, Defendant
16	
L7	THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, To each person named above as a Defendant:
18	You are hereby notified that the Plaintiff named above has filed a lawsuit or
19	other legal action against you. The complaint, which is attached, states the nature
20	and basis of the legal action.
21	Within 45 (20) (45) days of receiving this summons, you must respond with a
22	written answer, as that term is used in chapter 802 of the Wisconsin Statutes, to the
23	complaint. The court may reject or disregard an answer that does not follow the
24	requirements of the statutes. The answer must be sent or delivered to the court,

1	whose address is, and to, Plaint	in s attorney, whose address is You may
2	have an attorney help or represent yo	u.
3	If you do not provide a proper an	swer within $45 (20) (45)$ days, the court may
4	grant judgment against you for the av	vard of money or other legal action requested
5	in the complaint, and you may lose you	ar right to object to anything that is or may be
6	incorrect in the complaint. A judgme	ent may be enforced as provided by law. A
7	judgment awarding money may becom	ne a lien against any real estate you own now
8	or in the future, and may also be enfo	rced by garnishment or seizure of property.
9	Dated:, (year)	
10		Signed:
11		A. B., Plaintiff
12		or
13		E. F., Plaintiff's Attorney
14		State Bar No.:
15		Address:
16		City, State Zip Code:
17		Phone No:
18	*b1293/2.2* Section 3828je. 80	01.095 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	801.095 (2) Personal service; N	O COMPLAINT ATTACHED.
20	STATE OF WISCONSIN	CIRCUIT COURT: COUNTY

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A. B.		
Addr	ess	
City,	State Zip Cod	File N o
	, Plaintiff	
	vs.	SUMMONS
C. D.		
Addr	ess (Case Cl	assification Type): (Code No.)
City,	State Zip Code	
	, Defendant	

You are hereby notified that the Plaintiff named above has filed a lawsuit or other legal action against you.

Within 45 (20) (45) days of receiving this summons, you must respond with a written demand for a copy of the complaint. The demand must be sent or delivered to the court, whose address is, and to, Plaintiff's attorney, whose address is You may have an attorney help or represent you.

If you do not demand a copy of the complaint within 45 (20) (45) days, the court may grant judgment against you for the award of money or other legal action requested in the complaint, and you may lose your right to object to anything that is or may be incorrect in the complaint. A judgment may be enforced as provided by law. A judgment awarding money may become a lien against any real estate you own now or in the future, and may also be enforced by garnishment or seizure of property.

Dated:, (yea	ar)
	Signed:
	A. B., Plaintiff
	or
	E. F., Plaintiff's Attorney
	State Bar No.:
	Address:
	City, State Zip Code:
	Phone No.:
b1293/2.2 Sec	TION 3828jg. 801.095 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
801.095 (3) No P	ERSONAL SERVICE; COMPLAINT SERVED AT THE SAME TIME.
STATE OF WISCONS	IN CIRCUIT COURT: COUNTY
А. В.	
Address	7311 - 3.4
City, State Zip Code	File No
, Plaintiff	
vs.	SUMMONS
C. D.	
Address (Case C	lassification Type): (Code No.)
City, State Zip Code	

THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, To each person named above as a Defendant:

1 You are hereby notified that the Plaintiff named above has filed a lawsuit or other legal action against you. The complaint, which is also served upon you, states 2 3 the nature and basis of the legal action. 4 Within 45 (20) (45) days after, (year), you must respond with a written answer, as that term is used in chapter 802 of the Wisconsin Statutes, to the 5 6 complaint. The court may reject or disregard an answer that does not follow the 7 requirements of the statutes. The answer must be sent or delivered to the court, 8 whose address is ..., and to ..., Plaintiff's attorney, whose address is You may 9 have an attorney help or represent you. 10 If you do not provide a proper answer within 45 (20) (45) days, the court may grant judgment against you for the award of money or other legal action requested 11 12 in the complaint, and you may lose your right to object to anything that is or may be 13 incorrect in the complaint. A judgment may be enforced as provided by law. A judgment awarding money may become a lien against any real estate you own now 14 15 or in the future, and may also be enforced by garnishment or seizure of property. 16 Dated:, (year) 17 Signed: 18 A. B., Plaintiff 19 or20 E. F., Plaintiff's Attorney 21 State Bar No.: 22 Address: 23 City, State Zip Code: 24 Phone No: *b1293/2.2* Section 3828jm. 801.095 (4) of the statutes is amended to read: 25

1	801.095 (4) No personal service; complaint not served at the same time.	
2	STATE OF WISCONSIN CIRCUIT COURT: COUNTY	
3		
4	A. B.	
5	Address	
6	City, State Zip Code File No	
7	, Plaintiff	
8	vs. SUMMONS	
9	C. D.	
10	Address (Case Classification Type): (Code No.)	
11	City, State Zip Code	
12	, Defendant	
13		
14	THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, To each person named above as a Defendant:	
15	You are hereby notified that the plaintiff named above has filed a lawsuit or	
16	other legal action against you.	
17	Within 45 (20) (45) days after, (year), you must respond with a written	
18	demand for a copy of the complaint. The demand must be sent or delivered to the	
19	court, whose address is, and to, Plaintiff's attorney, whose address is You	
20	may have an attorney help or represent you.	
21	If you do not demand a copy of the complaint within 45 (20) (45) days, the court	
22	may grant judgment against you for the award of money or other legal action	
23	requested in the complaint, and you may lose your right to object to anything that	
24	is or may be incorrect in the complaint. A judgment may be enforced as provided by	

law. A judgment awarding money may become a lien against any real estate you own now or in the future, and may also be enforced by garnishment or seizure of property.

Dated:, (year)

Signed:

A. B., Plaintiff

or

E. F., Plaintiff's Attorney

State Bar No.:

Address:

City, State Zip Code:

b1293/2.2 Section 3828jr. 802.06 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

Phone No:

dismisses an action or special proceeding under s. 802.05 (3), a defendant shall serve an answer within 45 days after the service of the complaint upon the defendant. If Except as provided in sub. (1m), if a guardian ad litem is appointed for a defendant, the guardian ad litem shall have 45 days after appointment to serve the answer. A party served with a pleading stating a cross—claim against the party shall serve an answer thereto within 45 days after the service upon the party. The plaintiff shall serve a reply to a counterclaim in the answer within 45 days after service of the answer. The state or an agency of the state or an officer, employee or agent of the state shall serve an answer to the complaint or to a cross—claim or a reply to a counterclaim within 45 days after service of the pleading in which the claim is asserted. If any pleading is ordered by the court, it shall be served within 45 days after service of the order, unless the order otherwise directs. The service of a motion

permitted under sub. (2) alters these periods of time as follows, unless a different time is fixed by order of the court: if the court denies the motion or postpones its disposition until the trial on the merits, the responsive pleading shall be served within 10 days after notice of the court's action; or if the court grants a motion for a more definite statement, the responsive pleading shall be served within 10 days after the service of the more definite statement.

b1293/2.2 Section 3828js. 802.06 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

802.06 (1m) Enforcement of Lien or security interest. If the proceeding is to foreclose or otherwise enforce a lien or security interest, the defendant or guardian ad litem shall serve an answer within 20 days after the service of the complaint upon the defendant or 20 days after appointment of the guardian ad litem.

b1293/2.2 Section 3828jt. 802.06 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

802.06 (6) Motion to strike. Upon motion made by a party before responding to a pleading or, if no responsive pleading is permitted upon motion made by a party within 45 days after the service of the pleading upon the party, or within 20 days after the service if the proceeding is to foreclose or otherwise enforce a lien or security interest, or upon the court's own initiative at any time, the court may order stricken from any pleading any insufficient defense or any redundant, immaterial, impertinent, scandalous or indecent matter.

b1293/2.2 Section 3828jv. 802.09 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

802.09 (1) AMENDMENTS. A party may amend the party's pleading once as a matter of course at any time within 6 months after the summons and complaint are filed or within the time set in a scheduling order under s. 802.10. Otherwise a party may amend the pleading only by leave of court or by written consent of the adverse party; and leave shall be freely given at any stage of the action when justice so

requ	aires. A party shall plead in response to an amended pleading within 45 days
afte	r service of the amended pleading, or within 20 days after the service if the
proc	eeding is to foreclose or otherwise enforce a lien or security interest, unless (a)
the	court otherwise orders or (b) no responsive pleading is required or permitted
und	er s. 802.01 (1).
	* b2217/2.5 * SECTION 3828k. 805.15 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to
reac	l:
	805.15 (3) (intro.) A Except as provided in ss. 974.07 (10) (b) and 980.101 (2)
<u>(b),</u>	a new trial shall be ordered on the grounds of newly-discovered evidence if the
cour	t finds that:
	* b2217/2.5 * SECTION 3828L. 805.16 (5) of the statutes is created to read:
	805.16 (5) The time limits in this section for filing motions do not apply to a
mot	ion for a new trial based on newly discovered evidence that is brought under s.
974	06.
	* b0428/1.2 * Section 3828m. 808.04 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
	808.04 (2) An appeal under s. 9.10 (4) (c), 227.60, or 799.445 shall be initiated
witł	nin 15 days after entry of the judgment or order appealed from.
	b0549/1.4 Section 3828r. 808.075 (4) (d) 3. of the statutes is amended to
reac	l:
	808.075 (4) (d) 3. Annual adjustment of child or family support under s. 767.33.
	* b2217/2.6 * Section 3829d. 808.075 (4) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:
	808.075 (4) (h) Commitment, supervised release, recommitment and,
disc	harge <u>, and postcommitment relief</u> under ss. 980.06, 980.08, 980.09 and, 980.10,
and	980.101 of a person found to be a sexually violent person under ch. 980.
	b2217/2.6 Section 3829n. 809.30 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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809.30 (1) (a) "Postconviction relief" means, in a felony or misdemeanor case,
an appeal or a motion for postconviction relief other than a motion under s. 973.19
or, 974.06, or 974.07(2). In a ch. 48, 51, 55 or 938 case, other than a termination of
parental rights case under s. 48.43, it means an appeal or a motion for
reconsideration by the trial court of its final judgment or order; in such cases a notice
of intent to pursue such relief or a motion for such relief need not be styled as seeking
"postconviction" relief.
* b2217/2.6 * Section 3829p. 809.30 (2) (L) of the statutes is amended to read:
809.30 (2) (L) An appeal under s. 974.06 or 974.07 is governed by the

procedures for civil appeals.

b0458/2.1 Section 3830d. 813.125 (3) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

813.125 (3) (a) (intro.) A judge or court commissioner may issue a temporary restraining order ordering the respondent to cease or avoid the harassment of another person, to avoid the petitioner's residence, except as provided in par. (am), or any premises temporarily occupied by the petitioner or both, or any combination of these remedies requested in the petition, if all of the following occur:

b0458/2.1 **Section 3830f.** 813.125 (3) (am) of the statutes is created to read: 813.125 (3) (am) If the petitioner and the respondent are not married, and the respondent owns the premises where the petitioner resides, and the petitioner has no legal interest in the premises, in lieu of ordering the respondent to avoid the petitioner's residence under par. (a) the judge or court commissioner may order the respondent to avoid the premises for a reasonable time until the petitioner relocates and shall order the respondent to avoid the new residence for the duration of the order.

_ 1	* b0458/2.1 * Section 3830h. 813.125 (4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended
2	to read:
3	813.125 (4) (a) (intro.) A judge or court commissioner may grant an injunction
4	ordering the respondent to cease or avoid the harassment of another person, to avoid
5	the petitioner's residence, except as provided in par. (am), or any premises
6	temporarily occupied by the petitioner or both, or any combination of these remedies
7	requested in the petition, if all of the following occur:
8	* b0458/2.1 * Section 3830j. 813.125 (4) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
9	813.125 (4) (am) If the petitioner and the respondent are not married, and the
10	respondent owns the premises where the petitioner resides, and the petitioner has
11	no legal interest in the premises, in lieu of ordering the respondent to avoid the
12	petitioner's residence under par. (a) the judge or court commissioner may order the
_13	respondent to avoid the premises for a reasonable time until the petitioner relocates
14	and shall order the respondent to avoid the new residence for the duration of the
15	order.
16	*b0549/1.5* Section 3830m. 814.04 (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2001
17	Wisconsin Act 6, is amended to read:
18	814.04 Items of costs. (intro.) Except as provided in ss. 93.20, 100.30 (5m),
19	106.50 (6) (i) and (6m) (a), 115.80 (9), 281.36 (2) (b) 1., <u>767.33 (4) (d)</u> , 769.313, 814.025,
20	814.245, 895.035 (4), 895.10 (3), 895.75 (3), 895.77 (2), 895.79 (3), 895.80 (3), 943.212
21	(2) (b), 943.245 (2) (d) and 943.51 (2) (b), when allowed costs shall be as follows:
22	*-0454/3.8* Section 3826. 814.60 (2) (ai) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	814.60 (2) (ai) Consumer information protection assessment imposed by s.
24	100.261.
25	* b0336/2.22 * Section 3832c. 814.60 (2) (eg) of the statutes is created to read:

1	814.60 (2) (eg) Truck driver education assessment imposed by s. 349.04.
2	*b0246/1.1* Section 3832k. 814.615 (1) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to
3	read:
4	814.615 (1) (a) 3. For a study under s. 767.11 (14), a fee of \$300 \$500.
5	*b0338/1.6* Section 3832m. 814.63 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	814.63 (1) (c) This subsection does not apply to an action for a violation of s.
7	101.123 (2) (a), (am) 1., (ar) or, (bm), or (br) or (5) or a safety belt use violation under
8 .	s. 347.48 (2m).
9	*-0454/3.9* Section 3834. 814.63 (3) (ai) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	814.63 (3) (ai) Consumer information protection assessment imposed by s.
11	100.261.
12	* b0336/2.23 * Section 3834m. 814.63 (3) (g) of the statutes is created to read:
13	814.63 (3) (g) Truck driver education assessment imposed by s. 349.04.
L4	* b0872/2.2 * Section 3835g. 814.66 (1) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
15	814.66 (1) (a) 2. For filing a petition whereby any proceeding in estates of
16	deceased persons is commenced, if the value of the property subject to
17	administration, less encumbrances, liens or charges, is \$10,000 or less, a fee of \$10
18	\$20 and, if more than \$10,000, a fee of $0.1%$ $0.2%$ of the value of the property subject
19	to administration, less encumbrances, liens or charges. The register in probate may
20	not base a fee under this subdivision upon the value of property that is not subject
21	to administration.
22	*b0872/2.2* Section 3835h. 814.66 (1) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to
23	read:
24	814.66 (1) (b) 2. For filing a petition for guardianship of the estate under ch.
25	880 or an application for conservatorship under ch. 880, if the value of the property,

. 1	less encumbrances, liens or charges, is \$10,000 or less, a fee of \$10 \$20 and, if more
2	than \$10,000, a fee of 0.1% 0.2% of the value of the property, less encumbrances, liens
3	or charges.
4	*b0872/2.2* Section 3835i. 814.66 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	814.66(3) The register in probate shall, on the first Monday of each month, pay
6	into the office of the county treasurer all fees collected by him or her and in his or her
.7	hands and still unclaimed as of that day. Each county treasurer shall make a report
8	under oath to the state treasurer on or before the 5th day of January, April, July and
9	October of all fees received by him or her under sub. (1) (a) to (f) up to the first day
10	of each of those months and shall at the same time pay $50\% 66.67\%$ of the fees to the
11	state treasurer for deposit in the general fund. Each county treasurer shall retain
12	the balance of fees received by him or her under this section for the use of the county.
13	*b1287/2.5* Section 3836dd. 814.67 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
14	814.67 (1) (am) For witnesses attending before a circuit court, \$16 per day.
15	*b1287/2.5* Section 3836f. 814.67 (1) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended
16	to read:
17	814.67 (1) (b) (intro.) For attending before any other court the court of appeals
18	or the supreme court:
19	*b1287/2.5* Section 3836g. 814.67 (1) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
20	814.67 (1) (b) 2. For interpreters, \$35 per one half day a fee determined by the
21	supreme court.
22	*b0703/1.2* Section 3836r. 814.69 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	814.69 (1) (b) For a transcript under s. 757.57 (5), a fee from the party
24	requesting the transcript at the rate of $\$1.75$ $\$2.25$ per 25–line page for the original
25	and $60 \underline{50}$ cents per 25-line page for each copy. If the request is by the state or any

political subdivision thereof, the fees of the reporter shall be at the rates provided in par. (a).

b0703/1.2 Section 3836s. 814.69 (1) (bm) of the statutes is created to read: 814.69 (1) (bm) If a party requests that a transcript under s. 757.57 (5) be prepared within 7 days after the request and the transcript is not required by supreme court rule or statute to be prepared within that 7-day period, a fee in addition to the fee under par. (b) of 75 cents per 25-line page for the original and 25 cents for each copy. The fee under this paragraph does not apply to a request made by the state or a political subdivision of the state.

b1756/1.1 Section 3836t. 818.05 of the statutes is amended to read:

818.05 Bond, liability of plaintiff for support. Before making the order for arrest the court or judge shall require a bond of the plaintiff, with or without sureties, to the effect that if the plaintiff fails to recover, the plaintiff will pay all costs that may be awarded to the defendant and all damages which the defendant may sustain by reason of the arrest, not exceeding the sum specified in the bond, which shall be at least \$100. If the bond be executed by the plaintiff without sureties the plaintiff shall annex thereto an affidavit that the plaintiff is a resident and householder or freeholder within the state and worth double the sum specified in the bond above all of the plaintiff's debts and liabilities in property in this state not exempt from execution. The plaintiff shall be liable for support of the defendant while the defendant is in jail, as specified in s. 898.14 (1). This section does not apply to an order for arrest in an action to determine paternity or to any action under ch. 767 brought by the state or its designee.

-0433/4.1 Section 3843. 867.035 (1) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

867.035 (1) (a) (intro.) Except as provided in Subject to par. (bm), the
department of health and family services may collect from the property of a decedent,
including funds of a decedent that are held by the decedent immediately before death
in a joint account or a P.O.D. account, by affidavit under this section sub. (2) or by
lien under sub. (2m) an amount equal to the medical assistance that is recoverable
under s. 49.496 (3) (a), the long-term community support services under s. 46.27 that
is recoverable under s. 46.27 (7g) (c) 1., the family care benefit that is recoverable
under rules promulgated under s. 46.286 (7), or the aid under s. 49.68, 49.683, or
49.685 that is recoverable under s. 49.682 (2) (a) and that was paid on behalf of the
decedent or the decedent's spouse, if all of the following conditions are satisfied:
-0433/4.2 Section 3844. 867.035 (1) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
867.035 (1) (a) 1. No person files a petition for administration or summary
settlement or assignment of the decedent's estate within 20 days of death.
-0433/4.3 Section 3845. 867.035 (1) (bm) (intro.) of the statutes is amended
to read:
867.035 (1) (bm) (intro.) The department of health and family services may not
collect by affidavit under this section from any of shall reduce the amount of its
recovery under par. (a) by up to the amount specified in s. 861.33 (2) if necessary to
allow the decedent's heirs or beneficiaries under the decedent's will to retain the
following <u>personal</u> property of the decedent:
-0433/4.4 Section 3846. 867.035 (1) (bm) 1. of the statutes is repealed.
-0433/4.5 Section 3847. 867.035 (1) (bm) 2. of the statutes is amended to
read:

867.035 (1) (bm) 2. Wearing apparel and jewelry held for personal use.

1	*-0433/4.6* Section 3848. 867.035 (1) (bm) 3. of the statutes is amended to
2	read:
3	867.035 (1) (bm) 3. Household furniture, furnishings, and appliances.
4	*-0433/4.7* Section 3849. 867.035 (1) (bm) 4. of the statutes is repealed and
5	recreated to read:
6	867.035 (1) (bm) 4. Other tangible personal property not used in trade,
7	agriculture, or other business, not exceeding in value the amount specified in s.
8	861.33 (1) (a) 4.
9	*-0433/4.8* Section 3850. 867.035 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	867.035 (2) A person who possesses property of a decedent shall transmit the
11	property to the department of health and family services, if the conditions in sub. (1)
12	(a) 1. to 4. are satisfied, upon receipt of an affidavit by a person designated by the
13	secretary of health and family services to administer this section showing that the
14	conditions in sub. (1) (a) are satisfied department paid on behalf of the decedent or
15	the decedent's spouse recoverable benefits specified in sub. (1) (a). Upon transmittal,
16	the person is released from any obligation to other creditors or heirs of the decedent.
17	*-0433/4.9* Section 3851. 867.035 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:
18	867.035 (2m) (a) If the conditions in sub. (1) (a) 1., 2., and 4. are satisfied, the
19	department of health and family services shall have a lien in the amount that it may
20	recover under sub. (1) (a) on any interest in the decedent's home, as defined in s.
21	49.496 (1) (b), transferred under s. 867.03 (1g). The department may record the lien
22	in the office of the register of deeds of the county in which the real property is located.
23	The department may enforce the lien by foreclosure in the same manner as a
24	mortgage on real property, unless any of the following is alive:
25	1. The decedent's spouse.

	2.	A chil	d of the	e deceden	t if th	e child	is	under	age	$21 \mathrm{c}$	r di	isabled,	as	define	d in
s.	49.46	8 (1) (a) 1.												

(b) If the conditions in sub. (1) (a) 1. to 4. are satisfied, the department of health and family services shall have a lien in the amount that it may recover under sub. (1) (a) on any interest in any real property of the decedent transferred under s. 867.03 (1g). The department may record the lien in the office of the register of deeds of the county in which the real property is located and may enforce the lien by foreclosure in the same manner as a mortgage on real property.

b1287/2.6 Section 3852d. 885.37 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
885.37 (title) Interpreters for persons with language difficulties or
hearing or speaking impairments in municipal courts and administrative
agency contested cases.

b1287/2.6 Section 3852g. 885.37 (1) (a) of the statutes is repealed.

b1287/2.6 Section 3852m. 885.37 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 885.37 (1) (b) If a municipal court has notice that a person who fits any of the eriteria under par. (a) is a juvenile or parent subject to ch. 938, or who is a witness in a proceeding under ch. 938, has a language difficulty because of the inability to speak or understand English, has a hearing impairment, is unable to speak or has a speech defect, the court shall make a factual determination of whether the language difficulty or the hearing or speaking impairment is sufficient to prevent the individual from communicating with his or her attorney, reasonably understanding the English testimony or reasonably being understood in English. If the court determines that an interpreter is necessary, the court shall advise the person that he or she has a right to a qualified interpreter and that, if the person cannot afford one, an interpreter will be provided for him or her at the public's expense. Any waiver

1	of the right to an interpreter is effective only if made voluntarily in person, in open
2	court and on the record.
3	*b1287/2.6* Section 3852r. 885.37 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	885.37 (2) A municipal court may authorize the use of an interpreter in actions
5	or proceedings in addition to those specified in sub. (1) (b).
6	*b1287/2.6* Section 3853g. 885.37 (4) (a) of the statutes is repealed and
7	recreated to read:
8	885.37 (4) (a) The necessary expense of furnishing an interpreter for an
9	indigent person in a municipal court shall be paid by the municipality.
10	*b1287/2.6* Section 3853m. 885.37 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	885.37 (5) (a) If a municipal court under sub. (1) (b) or (2) or an agency under
12	sub. (3) decides to appoint an interpreter, the court or agency shall follow the
13	applicable procedure under par. (b) or (c).
14	*b1287/2.6* Section 3860m. 885.38 of the statutes is created to read:
15	885.38 Interpreters in circuit and appellate courts. (1) In this section:
16	(a) "Court proceeding" means any proceeding before a court of record.
17	(b) "Limited English proficiency" means any of the following:
18	1. The inability, because of the use of a language other than English, to
19	adequately understand or communicate effectively in English in a court proceeding.
20	2. The inability, due to a speech impairment, hearing loss, deafness,
21	deaf-blindness, or other disability, to adequately hear, understand, or communicate
22	effectively in English in a court proceeding.
23	(c) "Qualified interpreter" means a person who is able to do all of the following:
24	1. Readily communicate with a person who has limited English proficiency.

- 2. Orally transfer the meaning of statements to and from English and the language spoken by a person who has limited English proficiency in the context of a court proceeding.
- 3. Readily and accurately interpret for a person who has limited English proficiency, without omissions or additions, in a manner that conserves the meaning, tone, and style of the original statement, including dialect, slang, and specialized vocabulary.
- (2) The supreme court shall establish the procedures and policies for the recruitment, training, and certification of persons to act as qualified interpreters in a court proceeding and for the coordination, discipline, retention, and training of those interpreters.
- (3) (a) In criminal proceedings and in proceedings under ch. 48, 51, 55, or 938, if the court determines that the person has limited English proficiency and that an interpreter is necessary, the court shall advise the person that he or she has the right to a qualified interpreter and that, if the person cannot afford one, an interpreter will be provided at the public's expense if the person is one of the following:
 - 1. A party in interest.
 - 2. A witness, while testifying in a court proceeding.
 - 3. An alleged victim, as defined in s. 950.02 (4).
- 4. A parent or legal guardian of a minor party in interest or the legal guardian of a party in interest.
 - 5. Another person affected by the proceedings, if the court determines that the appointment is necessary and appropriate.
 - (b) The court may appoint more than one qualified interpreter in a court proceeding when necessary.

- (c) If a person with limited English proficiency, as defined in sub. (1) (b) 2., is part of a jury panel in a court proceeding, the court shall appoint a qualified interpreter for that person.(d) If a person with limited English proficiency requests the assistance of the
 - (d) If a person with limited English proficiency requests the assistance of the clerk of circuit courts regarding a legal proceeding, the clerk may provide the assistance of a qualified interpreter to respond to the person's inquiry.
- (e) A qualified interpreter appointed under this subsection may, with the approval of the court, provide interpreter services outside the court room that are related to the court proceedings, including during court-ordered psychiatric or medical exams or mediation.
- (f) Λ court may authorize the use of a qualified interpreter in actions or proceedings in addition to those specified in par. (a).
- (4) (a) The court may accept the waiver of the right to a qualified interpreter by a person with limited English proficiency at any point in the court proceeding if the court advises the person of the nature and effect of the waiver and determines on the record that the waiver has been made knowingly, intelligently, and voluntarily.
- (b) At any point in the court proceeding, for good cause, the person with limited English proficiency may retract his or her waiver and request that a qualified interpreter be appointed.
- (5) Every qualified interpreter, before commencing his or her duties in a court proceeding, shall take a sworn oath that he or she will make a true and impartial interpretation. The supreme court may approve a uniform oath for qualified interpreters.

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1	(6) Any party to a court proceeding may object to the use of any qualified
2	interpreter for good cause. The court may remove a qualified interpreter for good
3	cause.
4	(7) The delay resulting from the need to locate and appoint a qualified
5	interpreter may constitute good cause for the court to toll the time limitations in the
6	court proceeding.
7	(8) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), the necessary expenses of providing
8	qualified interpreters to indigent persons with limited English proficiency under
9	this section shall be paid as follows:
10	1. The county in which the circuit court is located shall pay the expenses in all
11	proceedings before a circuit court and when the clerk of circuit court uses a qualified
12	interpreter under sub. (3) (d). The county shall be reimbursed as provided in s.
13	758.19 (8) for expenses paid under this subdivision.
14	2. The court of appeals shall pay the expenses in all proceedings before the court
15	of appeals.
16	3. The supreme court shall pay the expenses in all proceedings before the
17	supreme court.
18	(b) The state public defender shall pay the expenses for interpreters assisting
19	the state public defender in representing an indigent person in preparing for court
20	proceedings.
21	*b0218/2.1* Section 3862c. 891.45 of the statutes is renumbered 891.45 (2)
22	and amended to read:
23	891.45 (2) In any proceeding involving the application by a state, county, or
24	municipal fire fighter or his or her beneficiary for disability or death benefits under

s. 66.191, 1981 stats., or s. 40.65 (2) or any pension or retirement system applicable

to fire fighters, where at the time of death or filing of application for disability
benefits the deceased or disabled $\frac{1}{2}$ fire fighter had served a total of 5 years
as a state, county, or municipal fire fighter and a qualifying medical examination
given prior to the time of his or her joining the department becoming a state, county,
or municipal fire fighter showed no evidence of heart or respiratory impairment or
disease, and where the disability or death is found to be caused by heart or
respiratory impairment or disease, such finding shall be presumptive evidence that
such impairment or disease was caused by such employment. In this section,
"municipal fire fighter" includes any person designated as primarily a fire fighter
under s. 61.66 (2) and any person under s. 61.66 whose duties as a fire fighter during
the 5-year qualifying period took up at least two-thirds of his or her working hours.
b0218/2.1 Section 3862h. 891.45 (1) of the statutes is created to read:
891.45 (1) In this section:
(a) "County fire fighter" means any person employed by a county whose duties

- primarily include active fire suppression or prevention.
- (b) "Municipal fire fighter" includes any person designated as primarily a fire fighter under s. 61.66 (2) and any person under s. 61.66 whose duties as a fire fighter during the 5-year qualifying period took up at least two-thirds of his or her working hours.
- (c) "State fire fighter" means any person employed by the state whose duties primarily include active fire suppression or prevention and who is a protective occupation participant, as defined in s. 40.02 (48).

b0218/2.1 **Section 3862p.** 891.455 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 891.455 (1) In this section, "state, county, or municipal fire fighter" means a municipal fire fighter who is covered under s. 891.45 and any person under s. 61.66

whose duties as a fire fighter during the 10-year qualifying period specified in sub.

(2) took up at least two-thirds of his or her working hours.

b0218/2.1 Section 3862t. 891.455 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

891.455 (2) Beginning with applications submitted by a municipal fire fighter or his or her beneficiary on May 12, 1998, in In any proceeding involving an application by a state, county, or municipal fire fighter or his or her beneficiary for disability or death benefits under s. 66.191, 1981 stats., or s. 40.65 (2) or any pension or retirement system applicable to fire fighters, where at the time of death or filing of application for disability benefits the deceased or disabled municipal fire fighter had served a total of 10 years as a state, county, or municipal fire fighter and a qualifying medical examination given prior to the time of his or her joining the department becoming a state, county, or municipal fire fighter showed no evidence of cancer, and where the disability or death is found to be caused by cancer, such finding shall be presumptive evidence that the cancer was caused by such employment.

b0459/2.1 Section 3862w. 893.335 of the statutes is created to read:

893.335 Actions concerning property development rights. (1) In this section:

- (a) "Nonprofit organization" means an organization defined in s. 94.10 (1) (b) that has jointly pursued or is currently pursuing the acquisition of property development rights with the state, a state agency, or a political subdivision.
- (b) "Political subdivision" means a city, village, town, or county, or a department, division board, or other agency of a city, village, town, or county.
- (c) "Property development rights" means the holder's nonpossessory interest in real property imposing any limitation or affirmative obligation the purpose of

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- which may include retaining or protecting natural, scenic, or open space values of real property, assuring the availability of real property for agricultural, forest, recreational, or open space use, protecting natural resources, maintaining or enhancing air or water quality, preserving a burial site, as defined in s. 157.70 (1) (b), or preserving the historical, architectural, archaeological, or cultural aspects of real property.
- (d) "Value" means the amount paid for comparable property development rights in an arm's-length sale completed within 12 months before the sale in question.
- (2) (a) A person who sells the property development rights for a period of 30 years or longer in real property or his or her heir or devisee shall bring an action within one year after the sale of the property development rights to recover the difference between the value of the property development rights and the sale price of those rights or be barred.
- (b) A person may bring an action under this subsection only if all of the following conditions are met:
- 1. The purchaser is a nonprofit organization, the state, an agency of the state, or a political subdivision.
- 2. The amount paid for the property development rights was at least 5% below the value of the property development rights.
- (c) If the transfer of the property development rights involved a gift, a person may only recover for the portion of the transfer that was not a gift.
- (4) If the person under sub. (2) is successful in obtaining a judgment under this section, the court shall include in the judgment compounded interest from the date

1	that the property was sold, using the interest rate charged for delinquent property
2	taxes by the county in which the property is located.
3	*b0618/1.1* Section 3862x. 893.587 of the statutes is amended to read:
4	893.587 Incest Sexual assault of a child; limitation. An action to recover
5	damages for injury caused by incest an act that would constitute a violation of s.
6	$\underline{948.02}$, $\underline{948.025}$, $\underline{948.06}$, or $\underline{948.095}$ shall be commenced within $\underline{2}$ $\underline{5}$ years after the
7	plaintiff discovers the fact and the probable cause, or with the exercise of reasonable
8	diligence should have discovered the fact and the probable cause, of the injury,
9	whichever occurs first. This section does not shorten the period to commence an
10	action provided under s. 893.16(1).
11	*b1524/1.22* Section 3862yg. 893.66 (title) of the statutes is amended to
12	read:
13	893.66 (title) Accountants Certified public accountants; limitations of
14	actions.
15	*b1524/1.22* Section 3862yr. 893.66 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	893.66(1) Except as provided in subs. (1m) to (4), an action to recover damages,
17	based on tort, contract or other legal theory, against any certified public accountant
18	licensed or certified under ch. 442 for an act or omission in the performance of
19	professional accounting services shall be commenced within 6 years from the date
20	of the act or omission or be barred.
21	*-1528/8.30* Section 3863. 895.11 of the statutes is created to read:
22	895.11 Payments under the tohacco settlement agreement. (1) In this
23	section, "tobacco settlement agreement" means the Attorneys General Master
24	Tobacco Settlement Agreement of November 23, 1998.
25	(2) The state's participation in the tobacco settlement agreement is affirmed.

1	(3) All payments received and to be received by the state under the tobacco
2	settlement agreement are the property of the state, to be used as provided by law,
3	including a sale, assignment, or transfer of the right to receive the payments under
4	s. 16.63. No political subdivision of the state, and no officer or agent of any political
5	subdivision of the state, shall have or seek to maintain any claim related to the
6	tobacco settlement agreement or any claim against any party that was released from
7	liability by the state under the tobacco settlement agreement.
8	*-0549/1.19* Section 3864. 895.483 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	895.483 (title) Civil liability exemption; regional and county local
10	emergency response teams and their sponsoring agencies.
11	*-0549/1.20* Section 3865. 895.483 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	895.483 (2) A county <u>local</u> emergency response team, a member of such a team
13	and the county, city, village, or town that contracts to provide the emergency response
14	team to the county are immune from civil liability for acts or omissions related to
15	carrying out responsibilities pursuant to a designation under s. 166.21 (2m) (e).
16	* b2221/3.145 * Section 3866d. 895.52 (2) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to
17	read:
18	895.52 (2) (a) 2. A duty to inspect the property, except as provided under s. ss.
19	23.115 (2) and 28.045 (3).
20	*b2221/3.145* Section 3866h. 895.52 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to
21	read:
22	895.52 (3) (b) A death or injury caused by a malicious act or by a malicious
23	failure to warn against an unsafe condition of which an officer, employee or agent
24	knew, which occurs on property designated by the department of natural resources

1	under s. 23.115, designated by the department of forestry under s. 28.045 or
2	designated by another state agency for a recreational activity.
· 3	*b2221/3.145* Section 3866p. 895.53 (1) (am) of the statutes is created to
4	read:
5	895.53(1)(am) "State forest ranger" means a person appointed as a state forest
6	ranger by the department of forestry under s. 28.92.
7	*b2221/3.145* Section 3866t. 895.53 (2) of the statutes is amended to read
8	895.53 (2) Any person withdrawing blood at the request of a traffic officer, law
9	enforcement officer, state forest ranger, or conservation warden for the purpose of
10	determining the presence or quantity of alcohol, controlled substances, controlled
11	substance analogs or any combination of alcohol, controlled substances and
12	controlled substance analogs is immune from any civil or criminal liability for the
13	act, except for civil liability for negligence in the performance of the act.
14	*b1403/4.1* Section 3871t. 895.80 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	895.80 (1) Any person who suffers damage or loss by reason of intentional
16	conduct that occurs on or after November 1, 1995, and that is prohibited under s
17	943.01, 943.20, 943.21, 943.24, 943.26, 943.34, 943.395, 943.41, 943.50 or, 943.61, or
18	943.76, or by reason of intentional conduct that occurs on or after April 28, 1998, and
19	that is prohibited under s. 943.201, has a cause of action against the person who
2 0	caused the damage or loss.
21	*b1403/4.1* Section 3871u. 895.80 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:
22	895.80 (3m) (a) In this subsection, "plant" includes the material taken,
23	extracted, or harvested from a plant, or a seed or other plant material that is being
24	used or that will be used to grow or develop a plant

evidence.

all of the following:

(a) Treble damages.

(b) If the violation of s. 943.01 (1) involves the circumstances under s. 943.01
(2d), the court may award a prevailing plaintiff the reasonable attorney fees incurred
in litigating the action and, when determining the damages recoverable under sub.
(3), shall include the market value of the plant before the damage or destruction, and
the costs of production, research, testing, replacement, and plant development
directly related to the plant that has been damaged or destroyed.
b1403/4.1 Section 3871w. 895.80 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
895.80 (5) No person may bring a cause of action under both this section and
s. <u>95.195</u> , 943.212, 943.245 or 943.51 regarding the same incident or occurrence. If
the plaintiff has a cause of action under both this section and s. 943.212, 943.245 or
943.51 regarding the same incident or occurrence, the plaintiff may choose which
action to bring. If the plaintiff has a cause of action under both this section and s.
95.195, the plaintiff must bring the action under s. 95.195.
* b2034/1.5 * Section 3871x. 895.81 of the statutes is created to read:
895.81 Civil action for domestic abuse or sexual assault. (1) Any person
who suffers damages as the result of intentional conduct that is prohibited under s.
940.225, or as the result of domestic abuse, as defined in s. 813.12 (1) (a), has a cause
of action against the person who caused the damage.
(2) The burden of proof in a civil action under sub. (1) is with the person who
suffers damage or loss to prove his or her case by a preponderance of the credible

(3) If the plaintiff prevails in a civil action under sub. (1), he or she may recover

(b) All costs of investigation and litigation that were reasonably incurred.

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1	(4) A person may bring a civil action under sub. (1) regardless of whether there
2	has been a criminal action related to the loss or damage under sub. (1) and regardless
3	of the outcome of any such criminal action.
4	*b1756/1.2* Section 3871y. 898.14 of the statutes is repealed.
5	*-0094/5.13* Section 3872. 905.015 of the statutes is amended to read:
6	905.015 Interpreters for persons with language difficulties, limited
7	English proficiency, or hearing or speaking impairments. If an interpreter
8	for a person with a language difficulty, limited English proficiency, as defined in s.
9	885.38 (1) (b), or a hearing or speaking impairment interprets as an aid to a
10	communication which is privileged by statute, rules adopted by the supreme court,
11	or the U.S. or state constitution, the interpreter may be prevented from disclosing
l2 ,	the communication by any person who has a right to claim the privilege. The
13	interpreter may claim the privilege but only on behalf of the person who has the
14	right. The authority of the interpreter to do so is presumed in the absence of evidence
15	to the contrary.
16	*b0974/1.1* Section 3872v. 908.03 (6m) (b) (intro.) of the statutes is amended
L 7	to read:
18	908.03 (6m) (b) Authentication witness unnecessary. (intro.) A The testimony
19	of a custodian or other qualified witness required by sub. (6) is unnecessary if the
20	party who intends to offer health care provider records into evidence at a trial or
21	hearing does one of the following at least $40 \ \underline{20}$ days before the trial or hearing:
22	*b2030/1.2* Section 3872x. 908.03 (6m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	908.03 (6m) (d) Fees. The Before January 1, 2003, the department of health
24	and family services shall, by rule, prescribe uniform fees that are based on an
25	approximation of the actual costs. The fees, plus applicable tax, are the maximum

amount that a health care provider may charge under par. (c) 3. for certified duplicate
patient health care records. The rule shall also allow the health care provider to
charge for <u>actual</u> postage or other <u>actual</u> delivery costs. <u>The commencement of an</u>
action is not a prerequisite for the application of this paragraph.

b2030/1.2 Section 3872y. 908.03 (6m) (d) of the statutes, as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Act (this act), is amended to read:

908.03 (6m) (d) Fees. Before January 1, 2003 After December 31, 2002, the department of health and family services shall, by rule, prescribe uniform fees that are based on an approximation of actual costs. The fees, plus applicable tax, are the maximum amount that a health care provider may charge for certified duplicate patient health care records. The rule shall also allow the health care provider to charge for actual postage or other actual delivery costs. The commencement of an action is not a prerequisite for the application of this paragraph For duplicate patient health care records and duplicate X-ray reports or the referral of X-rays to another health care provider that are requested before commencement of an action, s. 146.83 (1) (b) and (c) and (3m) applies.

b1827/1.3 SECTION 3876x. 938.02 (15) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.02 (15) "Relative" means a parent, grandparent, greatgrandparent, stepparent, brother, sister, first cousin, nephew, nicce, uncle, or aunt, whether by blood, marriage, or adoption.

b1310/2.1 Section 3878. 938.17 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.17 (2) (d) If a municipal court finds that the juvenile violated a municipal ordinance other than an ordinance enacted under s. 118.163 or an ordinance that conforms to s. 125.07 (4) (a) or (b), 125.085 (3) (b), 125.09 (2), 961.573 (2), 961.574 (2) or 961.575 (2), the court shall enter any of the dispositional orders permitted under

s. 938.343 that are authorized under par. (cm). If a juvenile fails to pay the forfeiture imposed by the municipal court, the court may not impose a jail sentence but may suspend any license issued under ch. 29 for not less than 30 days nor more than 5 years, or, unless the forfeiture was imposed for violating an ordinance unrelated to the juvenile's operation of a motor vehicle, may suspend the juvenile's operating privilege, as defined in s. 340.01 (40), for not less than 30 days nor more than 5 years more than 2 years. If a court suspends a license or privilege under this section, the court shall immediately take possession of the applicable license and forward it to the department that issued the license, together with the notice of suspension clearly stating that the suspension is for failure to pay a forfeiture imposed by the court. If the forfeiture is paid during the period of suspension, the court shall immediately notify the department, which shall thereupon return the license to the person.

b0929/1.3 Section 3878e. 938.17 (2) (h) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.17 (2) (h) 1. If a juvenile who has violated a municipal ordinance, other than an ordinance enacted under s. 118.163 (1m) or (2), violates a condition of his or her dispositional order, the municipal court may impose on the juvenile any of the sanctions specified in s. 938.355 (6) (d) 2. to 4.5. that are authorized under par. (cm) except for monitoring by an electronic monitoring system or may petition the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 to impose on the juvenile the sanction specified in s. 938.355 (6) (d) 1. or home detention with monitoring by an electronic monitoring system as specified in s. 938.355 (6) (d) 3., if authorized under par. (cm), if at the time of judgment the court explained the conditions to the juvenile and informed the juvenile of the possible sanctions under s. 938.355 (6) (d) that are authorized under par. (cm) for a violation or if before the

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violation the juvenile has acknowledged in writing that he or she has read, or has had read to him or her, those conditions and possible sanctions and that he or she understands those conditions and possible sanctions.

b0924/2.5 Section 3879d. 938.183 (3) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.183 (3) When a juvenile who is subject to a criminal penalty under sub. (1m) or (2) attains the age of 17 years, the department may place the juvenile in a state prison named in s. 302.01, except that the department may not place any person under the age of 18 years in the correctional institution authorized in s. 301.16 (1n). If a juvenile who is subject to a criminal penalty under sub. (1m) or (2) is 15 years of age or over, the department may transfer the juvenile to the Racine youthful offender correctional facility named in s. 302.01 as provided in s. 938.357 (4) (d). A juvenile who is subject to a criminal penalty under sub. (1m) or (2) for an act committed before December 31, 1999, is eligible for parole under s. 304.06.

-0446/2.1 SECTION 3881. 938.19 (1) (d) 6. of the statutes is amended to read: 938.19 (1) (d) 6. The juvenile has violated the terms a condition of court—ordered supervision or aftercare supervision administered by the department or a county department, a condition of the juvenile's placement in a Type 2 secured correctional facility or a Type 2 child caring institution, or a condition of the juvenile's participation in the intensive supervision program under s. 938.534.

-0446/2.2 Section 3882. 938.20 (2) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.20 (2) (cm) If the juvenile has violated the terms a condition of aftercare supervision administered by the department or a county department, a condition of the juvenile's placement in a Type 2 secured correctional facility or a Type 2 child caring institution, or a condition of the juvenile's participation in the intensive supervision program under s. 938.534, the person who took the juvenile into custody

may release the juvenile to the department or county department, whichever has aftercare supervision over the juvenile.

-0446/2.3 Section 3883. 938.20 (7) (c) 1m. of the statutes is amended to read: 938.20 (7) (c) 1m. In the case of a juvenile who has violated the terms a condition of aftercare supervision administered by the department or a county department, a condition of the juvenile's placement in a Type 2 secured correctional facility or a Type 2 child caring institution, or a condition of the juvenile's participation in the intensive supervision program under s. 938.534, to the department or county department, whichever has aftercare supervision of the juvenile.

-0446/2.4 Section 3884. 938.20 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.20 (8) If a juvenile is held in custody, the intake worker shall notify the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the reasons for holding the juvenile in custody and of the juvenile's whereabouts unless there is reason to believe that notice would present imminent danger to the juvenile. If a juvenile who has violated the terms a condition of aftercare supervision administered by the department or a county department, a condition of the juvenile's placement in a Type 2 secured correctional facility or a Type 2 child caring institution, or a condition of the juvenile's participation in the intensive supervision program under s. 938.534 is held in custody, the intake worker shall also notify the department or county department, whichever has supervision over the juvenile, of the reasons for holding the juvenile in custody, of the juvenile's whereabouts, and of the time and place of the detention hearing required under s. 938.21. The parent, guardian, and legal custodian shall also be notified of the time and place of the detention hearing required under s. 938.21, the nature and possible consequences of that hearing, and

the right to present and cross—examine witnesses at the hearing. If the parent, guardian, or legal custodian is not immediately available, the intake worker or another person designated by the court shall provide notice as soon as possible. When the juvenile is alleged to have committed a delinquent act, the juvenile shall receive the same notice about the detention hearing as the parent, guardian, or legal custodian. The intake worker shall notify both the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, or legal custodian.

-0446/2.5 Section 3885. 938.205 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.205 (1) (c) That the juvenile will run away or be taken away so as to be unavailable for proceedings of the court or its officers er, proceedings of the division of hearings and appeals in the department of administration for revocation of aftercare supervision, or action by the department or county department relating to a violation of a condition of the juvenile's placement in a Type 2 secured correctional facility or a Type 2 child caring institution or a condition of the juvenile's participation in the intensive supervision program under s. 938.534.

-0446/2.6 Section 3886. 938.208 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.208 (1) (intro.) Probable cause exists to believe that the juvenile has committed a delinquent act and either presents a substantial risk of physical harm to another person or a substantial risk of running away so as to be unavailable for a court hearing or, a revocation hearing for juveniles on of aftercare supervision hearing, or action by the department or county department relating to a violation of a condition of the juvenile's placement in a Type 2 secured correctional facility or a Type 2 child caring institution or a condition of the juvenile's participation in the intensive supervision program under s. 938.534. For juveniles who have been

adjudged delinquent, the delinquent act referred to in this section may be the act for
which the juvenile was adjudged delinquent. If the intake worker determines that
any of the following conditions applies, the juvenile is considered to present a
substantial risk of physical harm to another person:
b1428/1.3 Section 3887. 938.21 (5) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 938.21
(5) (b) (intro.) and amended to read:
938.21 (5) (b) (intro.) An order relating to a juvenile held in custody outside of
his or her home shall also describe include all of the following:
1. A description of any efforts that were made to permit the juvenile to remain
at home and the services that are needed to ensure the juvenile's well-being, to
enable the juvenile to return safely to his or her home, and to involve the parents in
planning for the juvenile.
b1428/1.3 Section 3888. 938.21 (5) (b) 2. of the statutes is created to read
938.21 (5) (b) 2. If the juvenile is held in custody outside the home in a
placement recommended by the intake worker, a statement that the court approves
the placement recommended by the intake worker or, if the juvenile is placed outside
the home in a placement other than a placement recommended by the intake worker
a statement that the court has given bona fide consideration to the recommendations
made by the intake worker and all parties relating to the placement of the juvenile
b0929/1.4 Section 3889e. 938.245 (2) (a) 9m. of the statutes is created to
read:
938.245 (2) (a) 9m. That the juvenile report to a youth report center after
school, in the evening, on weekends, on other nonschool days, or at any other time

that the juvenile is not under immediate adult supervision, for participation in the

social, behavioral, academic, community service, and other programming of the

1	center. Section 938.34 (5g) applies to any community service work performed by a
2	juvenile under this subdivision.
3	*b0929/1.4* Section 3889g. 938.245 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	938.245 (5) A deferred prosecution agreement under sub. (2) (a) 1. to 8., (2g)
5	or (2v). may be terminated upon the request of the juvenile, parent, guardian, or legal
6	custodian.
7	* b2217/2.7* Section 3889p. 938.293 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	938.293 (2) All records relating to a juvenile which are relevant to the subject
9	matter of a proceeding under this chapter shall be open to inspection by a guardian
10	ad litem or counsel for any party, upon demand and upon presentation of releases
11	where necessary, at least 48 hours before the proceeding. Persons entitled to inspect
12	the records may obtain copies of the records with the permission of the custodian of
13	the records or with the permission of the court. The court may instruct counsel not
14	to disclose specified items in the materials to the juvenile or the parent if the court
15	reasonably believes that the disclosure would be harmful to the interests of the
16	juvenile. Sections Section 971.23 and 972.11 (5) shall be applicable in all delinquency
17	proceedings under this chapter, except that the court shall establish the timetable
18	for the disclosures required under ss. s. $971.23(1)$, $(2m)$ and (8) , and $972.11(5)(9)$.
19	*b2217/2.7* Section 3889r. 938.299 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	938.299 (4) (a) Chapters 901 to 911 govern the presentation of evidence at the
21	fact-finding hearing under s. 938.31. Section 972.11 (5) applies at fact-finding
22	proceedings in all delinquency proceedings under this chapter.
23	*-0094/5.14* Section 3890. 938.315 (1) (h) of the statutes is created to read:
24	938.315 (1) (h) Any period of delay resulting from the need to appoint a
25	qualified interpreter.

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b0929/1.5 Section 3890e. 938.32 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.32 (1) (a) At any time after the filing of a petition for a proceeding relating to s. 938.12 or 938.13 and before the entry of judgment, the judge or juvenile court commissioner may suspend the proceedings and place the juvenile under supervision in the juvenile's own home or present placement. The court may establish terms and conditions applicable to the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, and to the juvenile, including any of the conditions specified in subs. (1d), (1g), (1m), (1p), (1t), (1v), and (1x). The order under this section shall be known as a consent decree and must be agreed to by the juvenile; the parent, guardian, or legal custodian; and the person filing the petition under s. 938.25. If the consent decree includes any conditions specified in sub. (1g), the consent decree shall include provisions for payment of the services as specified in s. 938.361. The consent decree shall be reduced to writing and given to the parties.

b0929/1.5 Section 3890g. 938.32 (1p) of the statutes is created to read:

938.32 (1p) The judge or juvenile court commissioner may establish as a condition under sub. (1) that the juvenile report to a youth report center after school, in the evening, on weekends, on other nonschool days, or at any other time that the juvenile is not under immediate adult supervision, for participation in the social, behavioral, academic, community service, and other programming of the center. Section 938.34 (5g) applies to any community service work performed by a juvenile under this subsection.

h0929/1.5 Section 3893t. 938.34 (7j) of the statutes is created to read:

938.34 (7j) YOUTH REPORT CENTER. Order the juvenile to report to a youth report center after school, in the evening, on weekends, on other nonschool days, or at any other time that the juvenile is not under immediate adult supervision, for

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participation in the social, behavioral, academic, community service, and other programming of the center. Subsection (5g) applies to any community service work performed by a juvenile under this subsection.

b1310/2.2 Section 3894. 938.34 (8) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 185, is amended to read:

938.34 (8) Forfeiture. Impose a forfeiture based upon a determination that this disposition is in the best interest of the juvenile and in aid of rehabilitation. The maximum forfeiture that the court may impose under this subsection for a violation by a juvenile is the maximum amount of the fine that may be imposed on an adult for committing that violation or, if the violation is applicable only to a person under 18 years of age, \$100. Any such order shall include a finding that the juvenile alone is financially able to pay the forfeiture and shall allow up to 12 months for payment. If the juvenile fails to pay the forfeiture, the court may vacate the forfeiture and order other alternatives under this section, in accordance with the conditions specified in this chapter; or the court may suspend any license issued under ch. 29 for not less than 30 days nor more than 5 years, or, unless the forfeiture was imposed for violating an ordinance unrelated to the juvenile's operation of a motor vehicle, may suspend the juvenile's operating privilege, as defined in s. 340.01 (40), for not more than 2 years. If the court suspends any license under this subsection, the clerk of the court shall immediately take possession of the suspended license and forward it to the department which issued the license, together with a notice of suspension clearly stating that the suspension is for failure to pay a forfeiture imposed by the court. If the forfeiture is paid during the period of suspension, the suspension shall be reduced to the time period which has already elapsed and the court shall immediately notify the department which shall then return the license to the juvenile. Any recovery

under this subsection shall be reduced by the amount recovered as a forfeiture for the same act under s. 938.45 (1r) (b).

b0929/1.5 Section 3894s. 938.342 (1d) (c) of the statutes is created to read: 938.342 (1d) (c) Order the person to report to a youth report center after school, in the evening, on weekends, on other nonschool days, or at any other time that the person is not under immediate adult supervision, for participation in the social, behavioral, academic, community service, and other programming of the center. Section 938.34 (5g) applies to any community service work performed by a person under this paragraph.

b0929/1.5 SECTION 3894t. 938.342 (1g) (k) of the statutes is created to read: 938.342 (1g) (k) Order the person to report to a youth report center after school, in the evening, on weekends, on other nonschool days, or at any other time that the juvenile is not under immediate adult supervision, for participation in the social, behavioral, academic, community service, and other programming of the center. Section 938.34 (5g) applies to any community service work performed by a person under this paragraph.

b1310/2.2 SECTION 3895. 938.343 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 185, is amended to read:

938.343 (2) Impose a forfeiture not to exceed the maximum forfeiture that may be imposed on an adult for committing that violation or, if the violation is only applicable to a person under 18 years of age, \$50. Any such order shall include a finding that the juvenile alone is financially able to pay and shall allow up to 12 months for the payment. If a juvenile fails to pay the forfeiture, the court may suspend any license issued under ch. 29 or, unless the forfeiture was imposed for violating an ordinance unrelated to the juvenile's operation of a motor vehicle, may

suspend the juvenile's operating privilege, as defined in s. 340.01 (40), for not less more than 2 years. The court shall immediately take possession of the suspended license and forward it to the department which issued the license, together with the notice of suspension clearly stating that the suspension is for failure to pay a forfeiture imposed by the court. If the forfeiture is paid during the period of suspension, the court shall immediately notify the department, which will thereupon return the license to the person. Any recovery under this subsection shall be reduced by the amount recovered as a forfeiture for the same act under s. 938.45 (1r) (b).

b0929/1.5 **Section 3895f.** 938.343 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:

938.343 (3m) Order the juvenile to report to a youth report center after school, in the evening, on weekends, on other nonschool days, or at any other time that the juvenile is not under immediate adult supervision, for participation in the social, behavioral, academic, community service, and other programming of the center. Section 938.34 (5g) applies to any community service work performed by a juvenile under this subsection.

b0929/1.5 Section 3895j. 938.344 (2g) (a) 5. of the statutes is created to read:

938.344 (2g) (a) 5. Report to a youth report center after school, in the evening, on weekends, on other nonschool days, or at any other time that the juvenile is not under immediate adult supervision, for participation in the social, behavioral, academic, community service, and other programming of the center. Section 938.34 (5g) applies to any community service work performed by a juvenile under this subdivision.

b1428/1.4 Section 3897. 938.355 (2) (b) 6m. of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 (2) (b) 6m. If the juvenile is placed outside the home in a placement
recommended by the agency designated under s. 938.33 (1), a statement that the
court approves the placement recommended by the agency or, if the juvenile is placed
outside the home in a placement other than a placement recommended by that
agency, a statement that the court has given bona fide consideration to the
recommendations made by the agency and all parties relating to the juvenile's
placement.
* b0929/1.5 * Section 3897v. 938.355 (6) (d) 5. of the statutes is created to read:
938.355 (6) (d) 5. Participation after school, in the evening, on weekends, on
other nonschool days, or at any other time that the juvenile is not under immediate
adult supervision, in the social, behavioral, academic, community service, and other
programming of a youth report center. Subdivision 4. and s. 938.34 (5g) apply to any
community service work performed by a juvenile under this subdivision.
-0446/2.7 Section 3898. 938.355 (6d) (a) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
938.355 (6d) (a) 4. Subject to par. (d), subds. 1. and 2. do not preclude a juvenile
who has been adjudged delinquent and who has violated a condition specified in sub.
(2) (b) 7. from being taken into and held in custody under ss. 938.19 to 938.21.
-0446/2.8 Section 3899. 938.355 (6d) (b) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
938.355 (6d) (b) 4. Subject to par. (d), subds. 1. and 2. do not preclude a juvenile
who has violated a condition of aftercare supervision administered by a county
department from being taken into and held in custody under ss. 938.19 to 938.21.
-0446/2.9 Section 3900. 938.355 (6d) (c) 4. of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 (6d) (c) 4. Subject to par. (d), subds. 1. and 2. do not preclude a juvenile

who has been found to be in need of protection or services and who has violated a

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condition specified in sub. (2) (b) 7. from being taken into and held in custody under ss. 938.19 to 938.21.

b0929/1.6 Section 3900k. 938.355 (6m) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 (6m) (a) (intro.) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that a juvenile who has been found to have violated a municipal ordinance enacted under s. 118.163 (2) or who has been found to be in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (6) has violated a condition specified under sub. (2) (b) 7., the court may order as a sanction any combination of the sanctions specified in subds.1g. to 3. 4. and the dispositions specified in s. 938.342 (1g) (d) to (j) and (1m), regardless of whether the disposition was imposed in the order violated by the juvenile, if at the dispositional hearing under s. 938.335 the court explained those conditions to the juvenile and informed the juvenile of the possible sanctions under this paragraph for a violation or if before the violation the juvenile has acknowledged in writing that he or she has read, or has had read to him or her, those conditions and possible sanctions and that he or she understands those conditions and possible sanctions. The court may order as a sanction under this paragraph any of the following:

b0929/1.6 Section 3900n. 938.355 (6m) (a) 4. of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 (6m) (a) 4. Participation after school, in the evening, on weekends, on other nonschool days, or at any other time that the juvenile is not under immediate adult supervision, in the social, behavioral, academic, community service, and other programming of a youth report center. Subdivision 2. and s. 938.34 (5g) apply to any community service work performed by a juvenile under this subdivision.

b0929/1.6 SECTION 3900p. 938.355 (6m) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 (6m) (ag) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that a juvenile who has been found to have violated a municipal ordinance enacted under s. 118.163 (1m) has violated a condition specified under sub. (2) (b) 7., the court may order as a sanction any combination of the operating privilege suspension specified in par. (a) and the dispositions specified in s. 938.342 (1g) (b) to (j) (k) and (1m), regardless of whether the disposition was imposed in the order violated by the juvenile, if at the dispositional hearing under s. 938.335 the court explained those conditions to the juvenile and informed the juvenile of the possible sanctions under this paragraph for a violation or if before the violation the juvenile has acknowledged in writing that he or she has read, or has had read to him or her, those conditions and possible sanctions and that he or she understands those conditions and possible sanctions.

b1428/1.5 Section 3901. 938.357 (2v) of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (2v) If a hearing is held under sub. (1) or (2m) and the change in placement would place the juvenile outside the home in a placement recommended by the person or agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order, the change in placement order shall include a statement that the court approves the placement recommended by the person or agency or, if the juvenile is placed outside the home in a placement other than a placement recommended by that person or agency, a statement that the court has given bona fide consideration to the recommendations made by that person or agency and all parties relating to the juvenile's placement.

-0449/4.6 SECTION 3902. 938.357 (4) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read: