Received: 06/21/2001

2001 DRAFTING REQUEST

Received By: traderc

Assembly Amendment (AA-ASA1-SB55)

Wanted	Vanted: Soon				Identical to LRB:				
For: Ass	sembly Republ	ican Caucus	•		By/Representing: Jefferson Drafter: traderc				
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Produce	er security fund						- .		
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/?	traderc 06/22/2001	gilfokm 06/23/2001							
/1			haugeca 06/24/200	01	lrb_docadmin 06/24/2001				
/2	traderc	gilfokm	pgreensl		lrb_docadmin				

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/3	traderc 06/28/2001	gilfokm 06/28/2001	rschluet 06/28/2001	lrb_docadmin 06/28/2001		

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Assembly Amendment (AA-ASA1-SB55)

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Assembly Amendment (AA-ASA1-SB55)

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2001 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assembly Amendment (AA-ASA1-SB55)

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3. Producer Security Fund (Governor's Summary, page 104, item #17)

This was originally introduced by the Governor but was removed as a policy item by the co-chairs of Joint Finance. This provision consolidates the current vegetable processor, dairy plant operator, and grain dealer and warehouse keeper programs. Further, convert security requirements to the consolidated program to an insurance pool funded by industry assessments.

In addition to the Governor's language, these assessments would be put into a separate non-lapsible trust fund designated as the agricultural producer security fund, to consist of all fees, surcharges, assessments, reimbursements, and proceeds of surety bonds received by the Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection.

Also, the agricultural producer security fund is a public trust established to secure payments to agricultural producers. Moneys deposited to the fund shall not be used for any other purpose.

Fiscal Impact: No GPR. However, there is a fiscal impact to each group depending on what type of dealer and the difference between their current, individual security plan. Varying impact on each.

Drainage District (requested by Ainsworth) (Governor's Summary, pg. 94, item #9)

This item, proposed by the Governor, was removed as a policy item by the cochairs of Joint Finance. This would restore the Governor's position.

In addition, (requested by Albers) require counties to submit any preliminary GIS maps they produce that include streams, ditches, dikes or levees to the drainage district with land in that county. Within 120 days, the drainage district must send notice to the county of any needed changes due to errors or omission. If the county does not concur with the drainage district's changes and make the changes, require the Land Information Council in DOA to mediate the dispute between the county and the drainage district, objectively resolving the conflict.

Also, modify language in 2001 Wisconsin Act 6 (wetlands bill) (requested by Ainsworth) to remove the Department of Natural Resources new regulatory authority to write "best management practices" and administrative rules regulating farm roads and forest roads.

Fiscal Impact: None

J 5. Funding for Johne's Disease (paratuburculosis) Testing (requested by Loeffeholz, motion request #155 (modified funding)):

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State of Misconsin 2001 - 2002 LEGISLATURE 500N (ARC-M 6/22)

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SENATE AMENDMENT,

TO SENATE SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT 1,

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At the locations indicated, amend the substitute amendment as follows:

1. Page 26, line 25: after that line insert:

"Section 168. 15.137 (1) of the statutes is created to read:

15.137 (1) AGRICULTURAL PRODUCER SECURITY COUNCIL. (a) There is created in the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection an agricultural producer security council consisting of the following members appointed by the secretary of agriculture for 3-year terms:

- 1. One person representing the Farmers' Educational and Cooperative Union of America, Wisconsin Division.
 - 2. One person representing the Midwest Food Processors Association, Inc.
 - 3. One person representing the National Farmers' Organization, Inc.
 - 4. One person representing the Wisconsin Agri-Service Association, Inc.

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security

5. Page 108, line 19: after that line insert:

1	5. One person representing the Wisconsin Cheese Makers Association.									
2	6. One person representing both the Wisconsin Corn Growers Association, Inc.,									
3	and the Wisconsin Soybean Association, Inc.									
4	7. One person representing the Wisconsin Dairy Products Association, Inc.									
5	8. One person representing the Wisconsin Farm Bureau Federation.									
6	9. One person representing the Wisconsin Federation of Cooperatives.									
7	10. One person representing the Wisconsin Potato and Vegetable Growers									
8	Association, Inc.									
9	(b) Each organization identified in par. (a) shall nominate 2 persons to									
10	represent that organization on the agricultural producer security council. The									
11	secretary of agriculture, trade and consumer protection shall appoint members from									
12	among the nominees.".									
13	2. Page 108, line 4: decrease the dollar amount for fiscal year 2001-02 by									
14	\$250,800 and decrease the dollar amount for fiscal year 2002-03 by \$501,600 to									
15	reflect the implementation of the agricultural producer security program and to									
16	decrease the authorized FTE positions by 7.72 PR positions on January 1, 2002.									
17	3. Page 108, line 12: delete lines 12 and 13.									
18	4. Page 108, line 14: after that line insert:									
19	"(q) Dairy, grain, and vegetable									
20	security SEG A 588,100 828,500".									

1	"(v) Agricultural producer				
2	security; bonds	SEG	S	· <u></u> -0-	-0-
W) 3	(w) Agricultural producer				
4	security; payments	SEG	S	-0-	-0-
nb)	(w) Agricultural producer				
6	security; bond proceeds	SEG	C	- 0-	-0-".
7	6. Page 294, line 2: before t	hat line in	sert:		

"Section 397b. 20.115 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

20.115 (1) (g) *Related services*. The amounts in the schedule for the conduct of services related to food and trade regulation, including special and overtime meat inspection services under s. 97.42 (3), and investigative and audit services under ss. 93.06 (6) (b), 100.06 (1g) (e) and 100.07 (1), but excluding services financed under pars. (gf) and (h). Except as provided in pars. (gf) and (h), all moneys received from authorized service fees related to food and trade regulation shall be credited to this appropriation.

SECTION 398. 20.115 (1) (gf) of the statutes is amended to read:

20.115 (1) (gf) Fruit and vegetable inspection. All moneys received for the inspection of fruits and vegetables under ss. 93.06 (1m), and 93.09 (10) and 100.03 (3) (a) 1. to carry out the purposes for which those moneys are received.

SECTION 400. 20.115 (1) (gm) of the statutes is amended to read:

20.115 (1) (gm) Dairy and vegetable security and trade practices regulation. The amounts in the schedule for the regulation of vegetable procurement under s. 100.03, of dairy plant financial condition under s. 100.06 and of dairy trade practices

under s. 100.201. All moneys received under ss. 100.03 (3) (a) 2. and 3., 100.06 (9) 1 and s. 100.201 (6) shall be credited to this appropriation.". 2 7. Page 294, line 6: after that line insert: 3 4 "Section 403. 20.115 (1) (jm) of the statutes is repealed. 5 **SECTION 404.** 20.115 (1) (q) of the statutes is created to read: 6 20.115 (1) (q) Dairy, grain, and vegetable security. From the agricultural producer security fund, the amounts in the schedule to administer dairy, grain, and 7 vegetable producer security programs under ch. 126. 8 **SECTION 405.** 20.115 (1) (v) of the statutes is created to read: 9 20.115 (1) (v) Agricultural producer security; bonds. From the agricultural 10 producer security fund, a sum sufficient to acquire the surety bonds required under 11 12 ss. 126.06 and 126.07. **SECTION 406.** 20.115 (1) (w) of the statutes is created to read: 13 14 20.115 (1) (w) Agricultural producer security; payments. From the agricultural producer security fund, a sum sufficient to make default claim payments authorized 15 16 under s. 126.72 (1). 17 Section 407. 20.115 (1) (wb) of the statutes is created to read: 18 20.115 (1) (wb) Agricultural producer security; bond proceeds. From the 19 agricultural producer security fund, all moneys received under s. 126.72 (2) and (3) 20 to be used to make default claim payments under s. 126.71 (1).". 8. Page 468, line 17: after that line insert: 21 "Section 1104. 25.17 (1) (ag) of the statutes is created to read: 22

25.17 (1) (ag) Agricultural producer security fund (s. 25.463);".

9. Page 473, line 8: after that line insert:

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1 "Section 1128. 25.463 of the statutes is created to read: 2 25.463 Agricultural producer security fund. There is established a 3 separate nonlapsible trust fund designated as the agricultural producer security fund, to consist of all fees, surcharges, assessments, reimbursements, and proceeds 4 of surety bonds received by the department of agriculture, trade and consumer 5 protection under ch. 126.". 6 **10.** Page 882, line 11: after that line insert: 7 8 "Section 2382. 93.06 (8) of the statutes is amended to read: 9 93.06 (8) Prescribe conditions of licenses. Except as provided in s. 93.135, 10 issue any permit, certificate, registration or license on a temporary or conditional 11 basis, contingent upon pertinent circumstances or acts. If the temporary or 12 conditional permit, certificate, registration or license is conditioned upon compliance 13 with chs. 93 to 100, ch. 127 126, a rule promulgated by the department or a regulation 14 adopted under s. 97.41 (7) within a specified period of time and the condition is not 15 met within the specified period, the permit, certificate, registration or license shall be void.". 16 **11.** Page 882, line 16: after that line insert: 17 18 "Section 2385. 93.135 (1) (rm) of the statutes is amended to read: 19 93.135 (1) (rm) A registration certificate license under s. 100.03 (2) 126.56. 20 **Section 2386.** 93.135 (1) (s) of the statutes is amended to read: 21 93.135 (1) (s) A license under s. 127.02 (1) 126.26. 22 **Section 2387.** 93.135 (1) (sm) of the statutes is amended to read: 23 93.135 (1) (sm) A license under s. 127.03 (1) 126.11.

Section 2388. 93.20 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	93.20 (1) Definition. In this section, "action" means an action that is
2	commenced in court by, or on behalf of, the department of agriculture, trade and
3	consumer protection to enforce chs. 88, 91 to 100 or 127 126.
4	SECTION 2389. 93.21 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
5 .	93.21 (5) (a) In this subsection, "license" means a permit, certificate,
6	registration or license issued by the department under chs. 91 to 100 or ch. 127 126.".
7	12. Page 882, line 24: after that line insert:
8	"Section 2394. 93.50 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	93.50 (1) (g) "Procurement contract" has the meaning given for "vegetable
10	procurement contract" in s. 100.03 (1) (vm) 126.55 (15).".
11	13. Page 888, line 15: after that line insert:
12	"Section 2400. 97.20 (2) (d) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
13	97.20 (2) (d) 2. The license applicant has filed all financial information required
14	under s. 126.44 and any security required under s. 100.06 126.47. If an applicant has
15	not filed all financial information under s. 126.44 and any security required under
16	s. 100.06 126.47, the department may issue a conditional dairy plant license under
17	s. 93.06 (8) which prohibits the licensed operator from purchasing milk or fluid milk
18	products from milk producers or their agents, but allows the operator to purchase
19	milk or fluid milk products from other sources.
20	SECTION 2401. 97.20 (3m) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	97.20 (3m) Confidentiality. Any information kept by the department under
22	this section or s. 97.24 that identifies individual milk producers who deliver milk to

a dairy plant licensed under this section and that is a composite list for that dairy

plant is not subject to inspection under s. 19.35 unless inspection is required under

s. 100.06 (4) 126.70 or unless the department determines that inspection is necessary to protect the public health, safety or welfare.

SECTION 2402. 97.22 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

97.22 (10) Confidentiality. Any information obtained and kept by the department under this section, under s. 97.24 or 97.52, or under rules promulgated under those sections, that pertains to individual milk producer production, milk fat and other component tests and quality records is not subject to inspection under s. 19.35 except as required under s. 100.06 (4) 126.70 or except as the department determines is necessary to protect the public health, safety or welfare.

Section 2403. 97.29 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

97.29 (4) Food processing plants buying vegetables from producers. The department may not issue or renew a license to operate a food processing plant to any applicant who is a vegetable contractor, as defined in s. 100.03 (1) (f) 126.55 (14), unless the applicant has filed all financial information required under s. 126.58 and any security that is required under s. 100.03 126.61. If an applicant has not filed all financial information required under s. 126.58 and any security that is required under s. 100.03 126.61, the department may issue a conditional license under s. 93.06 (8) that prohibits the licensed operator from procuring vegetables from a producer or a producer's agent, but allows the operator to procure vegetables from other sources."

14. Page 889, line 1: after that line insert:

"Section 2404. 100.03 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 2405. 100.06 of the statutes is repealed.".

15. Page 889, line 8: after that line insert:

"Section 2414. 100.235 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

100.235 (1) (b) "Contractor" has the meaning given for "vegetable contractor" under s. 100.03 (1) (f) 126.55 (14).

SECTION 2415. 100.235 (1) (em) of the statutes is renumbered 100.235 (1) (dm) and amended to read:

100.235 (1) (dm) "Registration License year" has the meaning given under s. 100.03 (1) (y) 126.55 (10m).

Section 2416. 100.235 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

100.235 (2) Contractor may not pay producer less than contractor's cost to grow. If a contractor and the contractor's affiliates and subsidiaries collectively grow more than 10% of the acreage of any vegetable species grown and procured by the contractor in any registration license year, the contractor shall pay a producer, for vegetables of that species tendered or delivered under a vegetable procurement contract, a price not less than the contractor's cost to grow that vegetable species in the same growing region. For vegetables contracted on a tonnage basis and for open—market tonnage purchased, acreage under this subsection shall be determined using the state average yield per acre during the preceding registration license year.

SECTION 2417. 100.235 (3) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 2418. 100.235 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

100.235 (4) Cost to grow; report to department upon request. If the department determines that a contractor and the contractor's affiliates and subsidiaries will collectively grow more than 10% of the acreage of any vegetable species grown and procured by the contractor during a registration license year, the department may require the contractor to file a statement of the contractor's cost to grow that vegetable species. The contractor shall file the report with the department

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within 30 days after the department makes its request, unless the department
grants an extension of time. The department may permit the contractor to report
different costs to grow for different growing regions if the contractor can define the
growing regions to the department's satisfaction, and can show to the department's
satisfaction that the contractor's costs to grow are substantially different between
the growing regions.
SECTION 2420. 100.26 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
100.26 (5) Any person violating s. 100.06 or any order or regulation of the
department thereunder, or s. 100.18 (9), shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more
than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than 2 years or both. Each day of violation
constitutes a separate offense.".
16. Page 939, line 16: after that line insert:
"Section 2813. Chapter 126 of the statutes is created to read:
CHAPTER 126
AGRICULTURAL PRODUCER SECURITY
SUBCHAPTER I
GENERAL
126.01 General definitions. In this chapter:
(1) "Affiliate" means any of the following persons:
(a) An owner, major stockholder, partner, officer, director, member, employee,
or agent of a contractor.
(b) A person owned, controlled, or operated by a person under par. (a).
(2) "Asset" means anything of value owned by a person.

determined.

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1	(3) "Audited financial statement" means a financial statement on which an
2	independent certified public accountant, or an independent public accountant
3	holding a certificate of authority under ch. 442, has done all of the following:
4	(a) Stated that the financial statement presents fairly, in all material respects,
5	the financial position of a contractor as of a specific date or for a specific period,
6	according to one of the following:
7	1. Generally accepted accounting principles.
8	2. The historical cost basis method of accounting, if the financial statement is
9	a sole proprietor's personal financial statement and the financial statement is
10	prepared on a historical cost basis.
11	(b) Conducted an audit according to generally accepted auditing standards.
12	(4) "Balance sheet" means a statement of assets, liabilities, and equity on a
13	specific date.
14	(5) "Contractor," unless otherwise qualified, means any of the following:
15	(a) A grain dealer, as defined in s. 126.10 (9).
16	(b) A grain warehouse keeper, as defined in s. 126.25 (9).
17	(c) A milk contractor, as defined in s. 126.40 (8).
18	(d) A vegetable contractor, as defined in s. 126.55 (14).
19	(6) "Current assets" means cash and other assets, including trade or
20	investment items, that may be readily converted into cash in the ordinary course of
21	business within one year after the date as of which the value of those assets is

(7) "Current liabilities" means those liabilities that are due within one year

after the date as of which the value of those liabilities is determined.

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operations for a specific period.

1	(8) "Department" means the department of agriculture, trade and consumer
2	protection.
3	(9) "Equity" means the value of assets less the value of liabilities.
4	(10) "Equity statement" means a report of the change in equity from the
5	beginning to the end of the accounting period covered by the report.
6	(11) "Fund" means the agricultural producer security fund established under
7	s. 25.463.
8	(12) "Generally accepted accounting principles" means the accounting
9	standards adopted by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, except that for a
10	business entity organized and operating outside the United States "generally
11	accepted accounting principles" includes generally accepted foreign accounting
12	standards that are substantially equivalent to standards adopted by the Financial
13	Accounting Standards Board.
14	(13) "Grain" means corn, wheat, soybeans, oats, barley, rye, buckwheat,
15	sorghum, flax seed, milo, sunflower seed, and mixed grain, as defined in 7 CFR
16	810.801, except that "grain" does not include any of the following:
17	(a) Sweet corn or other canning crops for processing.
18	(b) Seed corn, wheat, soybeans, oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, sorghum, flax
19	seed, milo, sunflower seed, or mixed grain used or intended for use solely for planting
20	purposes.
21	(c) Corn, wheat, soybeans, oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, sorghum, flax seed
22	milo, sunflower seed, or mixed grain that has been rolled, cracked, roasted, or
23	otherwise processed.

(14) "Income statement" means a report of the financial results of business

(1	5) "	Individual'	'means	a	natural	person.

- (16) "Interim financial statement" means a statement of financial condition prepared for a period shorter than a fiscal year.
 - (17) "Milk" has the meaning given in s. 97.22 (1) (e).
- (18) "Person," notwithstanding s. 990.01 (26), means an individual, corporation, cooperative, partnership, limited liability company, trust, state agency, as defined in s. 20.001 (1), local governmental unit, as defined in s. 66.0131 (1) (a), or other legal entity.
- (19) "Producer," unless otherwise qualified, means a grain producer, as defined in s. 126.10 (10), milk producer, as defined in s. 126.40 (10), or vegetable producer, as defined in s. 126.55 (16).
- (20) "Reviewed financial statement" means a contractor's financial statement, other than an audited financial statement, if all of the following apply:
- (a) The contractor attests in writing, under oath, that the financial statement is complete and accurate.
- (b) The financial statement is reviewed by an independent certified public accountant or by an independent public accountant who holds a certificate of authority under ch. 442.
- (21) "Security" means security filed or maintained under s. 126.16, 126.31, 126.47, or 126.61.
 - (22) "Sole proprietor" means a contractor who is an individual.
- (23) "Statement of cash flows" means a report of cash receipts and cash disbursements from operating, investing, and financing activities, including an explanation of changes in cash and cash equivalents for the accounting period covered by the report.

(24) "Vegetable" means any vegetable that is grown or sold for use in food processing, whether or not the vegetable is actually processed as food. "Vegetable" includes green beans, kidney beans, lima beans, romano beans, wax beans, beets, cabbage, carrots, celery, cucumbers, onions, peas, potatoes, spinach, squash, and sweet corn, but does not include grain.

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SUBCHAPTER II

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCER

SECURITY FUND

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126.05 Deposits into the fund. The department shall deposit into the fund all fees, surcharges, assessments, reimbursements, and proceeds of surety bonds

that the department collects under this chapter. The department shall keep a record

by contractor and industry, of all deposits.

126.06 Industry bonds. (1) DEPARTMENT TO ACQUIRE BONDS. Using moneys appropriated under s. 20.115 (1) (v), the department shall acquire and maintain all of the following surety bonds:

- (a) A surety bond that takes effect on May 1, 2002, to secure payment under
 s. 126.72 (2) of claims against contributing milk contractors, as defined in s. 126.40
 (1).
- (b) A surety bond that takes effect on September 1, 2002, to secure payment under s. 126.72 (2) of claims against contributing grain dealers, as defined in s. 126.10 (3), and contributing grain warehouse keepers, as defined in s. 126.25 (2).
- (c) A surety bond that takes effect on February 1, 2002, to secure payment under s. 126.72 (2) of claims against contributing vegetable contractors, as defined in s. 126.55 (4).
 - (2) BOND TERMS. The department shall ensure all of the following:

(B) Insett 13-4
(NOP) (1) The goodwest sea fund is a
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public trust and shall be administered to
secure payments to producers. Money diposited
into the Fund may be used only for the purposes
of this chapter.

1	(a) That the amount of each bond under sub. (1) is at least \$5,000,000 but not
2	more than \$20,000,000.
3	(b) That the amount of each bond under sub. (1) renews annually.
4	(c) That each bond under sub. (1) is payable to the department for the benefit
5	of the appropriate claimants under sub. (1).
6	(d) That each bond under sub. (1) is issued by a person who is authorized to
7	operate a surety business in this state.
8	(dm) That no surety issues more than one of the 3 bonds under sub. (1).
9	(e) That no bond issued under sub. (1) may be canceled or modified unless one
10	of the following applies:
11	1. The department agrees to the cancellation or modification.
12	2. The department receives written notice from the issuer in person or by
13	certified mail at least one year before the proposed cancellation or modification.
14	(f) That the issuer of each bond under sub. (1) issues the bond in a form, and
15	subject to any terms and conditions, that the department considers appropriate.
16	(3) BOND PROCUREMENT. The department shall procure the surety bonds under
17	sub. (1) according to the procedures provided in subch. IV of ch. 16.
18	126.07 Blanket bond. (1) DEPARTMENT TO ACQUIRE BOND. Using moneys
19	appropriated under s. 20.115 (1) (v), the department shall acquire and maintain a
20	surety bond, that takes effect on February 1, 2002, to secure payment under s. 126.72
21	(3) of claims against contributing contractors, as defined in s. 126.68 (1).
22	(2) BOND TERMS. The department shall ensure all of the following:
23	(a) That the amount of the bond under sub. (1) is at least \$20,000,000 but not
24	more than \$40,000,000

(b) That the amount of the bond under sub. (1) renews annually.

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its discretion.

(c) That the bond under sub. (1) is payable to the department for the benefit of claimants described in sub. (1). (d) That the bond under sub. (1) is jointly issued by at least 3 persons acting as cosureties on the bond and that each of the persons is authorized to operate a surety business in this state. (e) That no issuer of the bond under sub. (1) may cancel or modify the bond, or withdraw as a cosurety, unless one of the following applies: 1. The department agrees to the cancellation, modification, or withdrawal. 2. The department receives written notice from the issuer that is delivered in person or by certified mail and is received at least one year before the proposed cancellation, modification, or withdrawal. (f) That the issuers of the bond under sub. (1) issue the bond in a form, and subject to any terms and conditions, that the department considers appropriate. (3) BOND PROCUREMENT. The department shall procure the surety bond under sub. (1) according to the procedures provided in subch. IV of ch. 16. **126.08 Start-up loan to fund; repayment.** On January 1, 2002, \$2,000,000 is transferred as a loan from the agrichemical management fund, to the agricultural producer security fund. The department shall repay this loan principal, plus interest compounded at 5% annually, from the agricultural producer security fund by July 1,

SUBCHAPTER III

producer security fund to the agrichemical management fund on July 1 of each year,

beginning on July 1, 2003. The department may accelerate the loan repayment, at

The department shall transfer at least \$250,000 from the agricultural

GRAIN DEALERS

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1	126.10 Definitions. In this subchapter:
2	(1) "Cash on delivery" means full cash payment for grain when the grain dealer
3	takes custody or control of the grain.
4	(2) "Cash payment" means payment in any of the following forms:
5	(a) Currency.
6	(b) A cashier's check or a check that a bank issues and certifies.
7	(c) A wire transfer.
8	(d) Simultaneous barter.
9	(3) "Contributing grain dealer" means a grain dealer who is licensed under s.
10	126.11, who either has paid one or more quarterly installments under s. 126.15 (7)
11	or is required to contribute to the fund, but the first quarterly installment under s.
12	126.15 (7) is not yet due, and who is not disqualified from the fund under s. 126.14
13	(2).
14	(4) "Current ratio" means the ratio of the value of current assets to the value
15	of current liabilities, calculated according to s. 126.13 (6) (c) 1.
16	(5) "Debt to equity ratio" means the ratio of the value of liabilities to equity
17	calculated according to s. 126.13 (6) (c) 2.
18	(6) "Deferred payment contract" means a contract for the procurement of grain
19	under which a grain dealer takes custody or control of producer grain more than 7
20	days before paying for the grain in full. "Deferred payment contract" includes a
21	deferred price contract.

(7) "Deferred price contract" means a contract for the procurement of grain under which a grain dealer takes custody or control of producer grain more than 7 days before the price of that grain must be determined under the contract.

1	(8) "Disqualified grain dealer" means a grain dealer who is disqualified from
2	the fund under s. 126.14 (2).
3	(9) "Grain dealer" means a person who buys producer grain or who markets
4	producer grain as a producer agent. "Grain dealer" does not include any of the
5	following:
6	(a) A person who merely brokers a contract between a grain producer and a
7	grain dealer without becoming a party to the contract, taking control of grain, or
8	accepting payment on behalf of the grain producer.
9	(b) A person who merely buys or sells grain on a board of trade or commodity
10	exchange.
11	(10) "Grain producer" means a person who grows grain.
12	(10m) "License year" means the period beginning on September 1 and ending
13	on the following August 31.
14	(11) "Procure grain" means to buy grain or acquire the right to market grain.
15	(12) "Procure producer grain in this state" means any of the following:
16	(a) To buy producer grain for receipt in this state.
17	(b) To acquire the right to market producer grain grown in this state.
18	(13) "Producer agent" means a person who acts on behalf of a grain producer
19	to market or accept payment for the grain producer's grain without taking title to
20	that grain, including a person who uses a producer trust fund to market or accept
21	payment for producer grain. "Producer agent" does not include any of the following:
22	(a) A person who merely brokers a contract between a grain producer and a
23	grain dealer, without becoming a party to the contract, taking control of grain, or

accepting payment on behalf of the grain producer.

- (b) A person who merely holds or transports grain for a grain producer without marketing the grain or accepting payment on behalf of the grain producer.
- (14) "Producer grain" means grain that is owned by or held in trust for one or more grain producers. "Producer grain" includes grain that a producer agent markets for a grain producer, without taking title to the grain.
- 126.11 Grain dealers; licensing. (1) LICENSE REQUIRED. Except as provided in sub. (2), no grain dealer may procure producer grain in this state without a current annual license from the department.
- (2) EXEMPT GRAIN DEALERS. The following grain dealers are not required to hold a license under this section, but may volunteer to be licensed:
 - (a) A grain dealer who pays cash on delivery for all producer grain.
- (b) A grain dealer who buys producer grain solely for the grain dealer's own use as feed or seed and who spends less than \$400,000 per license year for that grain.
- (2m) LICENSE TERMS. A license under this section expires on the August 31 following its issuance. No person may transfer or assign a license issued under this section.
- (3) LICENSE APPLICATION. A grain dealer shall apply for an annual license under this section in writing, on a form provided by the department. An applicant shall provide all of the following:
- (a) The applicant's legal name and any trade name under which the applicant proposes to operate as a grain dealer.
- (b) A statement of whether the applicant is an individual, corporation, partnership, cooperative, limited liability company, trust, or other legal entity. If the applicant is a corporation or cooperative, the applicant shall identify each officer of

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uses to haul grain in this state.

the corporation or cooperative. If the applicant is a partnership, the applicant shall 1 identify each partner. 2 (c) The mailing address of the applicant's primary business location and the 3 4 name of a responsible individual who may be contacted at that location. (d) The street address of each business location from which the applicant 5 operates in this state as a grain dealer and the name of a responsible individual who 6 may be contacted at each location that is staffed. 7 (e) All license fees and surcharges required under sub. (4). 8 (f) The sworn and notarized statement required under sub. (9). 9 (g) A financial statement if required under s. 126.13 (1) and not yet filed. 10 (h) Other relevant information required by the department. 11 12 (4) LICENSE FEES AND SURCHARGES. A grain dealer applying for an annual license under this section shall pay the following fees and surcharges, unless the 13 department specifies a different fee or surcharge amount by rule: 14 (a) A nonrefundable license processing fee of \$25. 15 16 The following license fees based on the grain dealer's reported grain payments under sub. (9) (a), less any credit provided under sub. (6): 17 1. A fee of \$500, plus \$225 per business location in excess of one business 18 19 location, if the amount under sub. (9) (a) is at least \$500,000. 2. A fee of \$200 if the amount under sub. (9) (a) is at least \$50,000 but less than 20 21 \$500,000. 22 3. A fee of \$50 if the amount under sub. (9) (a) is less than \$50,000.

(c) A license fee of \$45 for each truck, in excess of one truck, that the grain dealer

- (d) A license surcharge of \$425 if the grain dealer files a financial statement under s. 126.13 (1) that is not an audited financial statement.
- (e) A license surcharge of \$500 if the department determines that, within 365 days before submitting the license application, the applicant operated as a grain dealer without a license in violation of sub. (1). The applicant shall also pay any license fees, license surcharges, and fund assessments that are still due for any license year in which the applicant violated sub. (1).
- (f) A license surcharge of \$100 if during the preceding 12 months the applicant failed to file an annual financial statement required under s. 126.13 (1) (b) by the deadline specified in s. 126.13 (1) (c).
- (g) A license surcharge of \$100 if a renewal applicant fails to renew a license by the license expiration date of August 31. This paragraph does not apply to a grain dealer who is exempt under sub. (2) and is voluntarily licensed.
- (4m) Effect of payment of surcharge. Payment under sub. (4) (e) does not relieve the applicant of any other civil or criminal liability that results from the violation of sub. (1), but does not constitute evidence of any law violation.
- (5) LICENSE FOR PART OF YEAR; FEES. A person who applies for an annual grain dealer license after the beginning of a license year shall pay the full annual fee amounts required under sub. (4).
- (6) FEE CREDITS. If the balance in the fund contributed by grain dealers exceeds \$2,000,000 on June 30 of any license year, the department shall credit 50% of the excess amount against fees charged under sub. (4) (b) to contributing grain dealers who file timely license renewal applications for the next license year. The department shall credit each contributing grain dealer on a prorated basis, in

- proportion to the total fees that the grain dealer paid under sub. (4) (b) for the 4 preceding license years.
 - (7) FEE STATEMENT. The department shall provide, with each license application form, a written statement of all license fees and surcharges required under sub. (4) or the formula for determining them. The department shall specify any fee credit for which the applicant may qualify under sub. (6).
 - (8) No license without full payment. The department may not issue an annual license under sub. (1) until the applicant pays all license fees and surcharges identified in the department's statement under sub. (7). The department shall refund a fee or surcharge paid under protest if upon review the department determines that the fee or surcharge is not applicable.
 - (9) SWORN AND NOTARIZED STATEMENT. As part of a license application under sub.
 (3), an applicant shall provide a sworn and notarized statement, signed by the applicant or an officer of the applicant, that reports all of the following:
 - (a) The total amount that the applicant paid, during the applicant's last completed fiscal year, for producer grain procured in this state. If the applicant has not yet operated as a grain dealer in this state, the applicant shall estimate the amount that the applicant will pay during the applicant's first complete fiscal year for producer grain procured in this state.
 - (b) The amount of the payments under par. (a) made under deferred payment contracts.
 - (c) Whether the applicant has had any obligations under deferred payment contracts, for grain procured in this state, at any time since the beginning of the applicant's last completed fiscal year.

REQUIRED ANNUAL

126.13

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1	(10) ACTION GRANTING OR DENYING APPLICATION. The department shall grant or
2	deny an application under sub. (3) within 30 days after the department receives a
3	complete application. If the department denies a license application, the department
4	shall give the applicant a written notice stating the reason for the denial.
5	(11) LICENSE DISPLAYED. A grain dealer licensed under sub. (1) shall
6	prominently display a copy of that license at the following locations:
7	(a) On each truck that the grain dealer uses to haul grain in this state.
8	(b) At each business location from which the grain dealer operates in this state.
9	126.12 Grain dealers; insurance. (1) FIRE AND EXTENDED COVERAGE
10	INSURANCE. A grain dealer licensed, or required to be licensed, under s. 126.11 shall
11	maintain fire and extended coverage insurance, issued by an insurance company
12	authorized to do business in this state, that covers all grain in the custody of the grain
13	dealer, whether owned by the grain dealer or held for others, at the full local market
14	value of the grain.
15	(2) Insurance cancellation; replacement. Whenever an insurance policy
16	under sub. (1) is canceled, the grain dealer shall replace the policy so that there is
17	no lapse in coverage.
18	(3) Insurance coverage; misrepresentation. No grain dealer may
19	misrepresent any of the following to the department or to any grain producer or
20	producer agent:
21	(a) That the grain dealer is insured.
22	(b) The nature, coverage, or material terms of the grain dealer's insurance
23	policy.

Grain dealers; financial statements. (1)

FINANCIAL STATEMENT. (a) A grain dealer shall file an annual financial statement with

- the department, before the department first licenses the grain dealer under s. 126.11, if the grain dealer's license application reports any of the following:
 - 1. More than \$500,000 in grain payments under s. 126.11 (9) (a).
 - 2. Any deferred payment contract obligations under s. 126.11 (9) (c).
 - (b) A grain dealer licensed under s. 126.11 shall file an annual financial statement with the department during each license year if the grain dealer's license application for that year reports any of the following:
 - 1. More than \$500,000 in grain payments under s. 126.11 (9) (a) unless the grain dealer is a contributing grain dealer who procures producer grain in this state solely as a producer agent.
 - 2. Any deferred payment contract obligations under s. 126.11 (9) (c).
 - (c) A grain dealer shall file an annual financial statement under par. (b) by the 15th day of the 4th month following the close of the grain dealer's fiscal year, except that the department may extend the filing deadline for up to 30 days if the grain dealer, or the accountant reviewing or auditing the financial statement, files a written extension request at least 10 days before the filing deadline.
 - (d) A grain dealer licensed under s. 126.11 may not incur any obligations under deferred payment contracts for grain procured in this state unless the contractor first notifies the department and files an annual financial statement with the department.
 - (2) VOLUNTARY ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT. A contributing grain dealer who is not required to file a financial statement under sub. (1) may file an annual financial statement with the department to qualify for a lower fund assessment under s. 126.15.

- (3) REVIEWED OR AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENT. (a) A grain dealer filing an annual financial statement under sub. (1) or (2) shall file an audited financial statement if any of the following applies:
- 1. The grain dealer's license application reports more than \$3,000,000 in payments under s. 126.11 (9) (a).
- 2. The grain dealer's last 2 license applications report more than \$2,000,000 in payments under s. 126.11 (9) (a).
- (b) If par. (a) does not apply, a grain dealer filing an annual financial statement under sub. (1) or (2) shall file either a reviewed financial statement or an audited financial statement.
- (4) ACCOUNTING PERIOD. A grain dealer filing an annual financial statement under sub. (1) or (2) shall file a financial statement that covers the grain dealer's last completed fiscal year unless the grain dealer has been in business for less than one year.
- (4m) Interim financial statement. The department may, at any time, require a grain dealer licensed under s. 126.11 to file an interim financial statement with the department. The grain dealer shall provide, with the interim financial statement, the grain dealer's sworn and notarized statement that the financial statement is correct. An interim financial statement need not be a reviewed financial statement or an audited financial statement.
- (5) GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), a grain dealer filing an annual financial statement under this section shall file a financial statement that is prepared according to generally accepted accounting principles.

- (b) If a grain dealer is a sole proprietor and the grain dealer's financial statement is not audited, the grain dealer shall file a financial statement that is prepared on a historical cost basis.
- (6) Financial statement contents. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), a grain dealer filing a financial statement under this section shall file a financial statement that consists of a balance sheet, income statement, equity statement, statement of cash flows, notes to those statements, and any other information required by the department. If the grain dealer is a sole proprietor, the grain dealer shall file his or her business and personal financial statements. A grain dealer shall disclose on the grain dealer's financial statement, separately and clearly, the grain dealer's unpaid obligations to grain producers and producer agents.
- (b) If a grain dealer has been in business for less than one year, the grain dealer may file an annual financial statement under sub. (1) or (2) consisting of a balance sheet and notes.
- (c) A grain dealer filing a financial statement under this section shall include in the financial statement, or in an attachment to the financial statement, calculations of all of the following:
- 1. The grain dealer's current ratio, excluding any assets required to be excluded under sub. (7).
- 2. The grain dealer's debt to equity ratio, excluding any assets required to be excluded under sub. (7).
- (7) ASSETS EXCLUDED. A grain dealer may not include any of the following assets in the calculations under sub. (6) (c) unless the department specifically approves their inclusion:

- (a) A nontrade note or account receivable from an officer, director, employee, partner, or stockholder, or from a member of the family of any of those individuals, unless the note or account receivable is secured by a first priority security interest in real or personal property.
- (b) A note or account receivable from a parent organization, a subsidiary, or an affiliate, other than an employee.
- (c) A note or account that has been receivable for more than one year, unless the grain dealer has established an offsetting reserve for uncollectible notes and accounts receivable.
- (9) Entity covered. A person filing a financial statement under this section may not file, in lieu of that person's financial statement, the financial statement of the person's parent organization, subsidiary, predecessor, or successor.
- (10) DEPARTMENT REVIEW. The department may analyze a financial statement submitted under this section and may reject a financial statement that fails to comply with this section.
- 126.14 Contributing grain dealers; disqualification. (1) CONTRIBUTION REQUIRED. A grain dealer who is required to be licensed under s. 126.11 (1) shall pay fund assessments under s. 126.15 unless the grain dealer is disqualified under sub. (2). A grain dealer who is voluntarily licensed under s. 126.11 may pay voluntary assessments under s. 126.15, unless the grain dealer is disqualified under sub. (2).
- (2) DISQUALIFIED GRAIN DEALER. (a) A grain dealer who is required to file security under s. 126.16 (1) (a) is disqualified from the fund until the department determines that one of the conditions in s. 126.16 (8) (a) 1. and 2. is satisfied.
- (b) A grain dealer is disqualified from the fund, and required to pay cash on delivery for producer grain, if any of the following occurs:

- 1. The department denies, suspends, or revokes the grain dealer's license.
 - 2. The department issues a written notice disqualifying the grain dealer for cause, including failure to pay fund assessments under s. 126.15 when due or failure to file a financial statement under s. 126.13 when due.
 - 3. The grain dealer fails to reimburse the department, within 60 days after the department issues a reimbursement demand under s. 126.73 (1), for the full amount that the department pays to claimants under s. 126.72 (1) because of that grain dealer's default.
 - 4. The grain dealer fails to reimburse a bond surety, within 60 days after the bond surety issues a reimbursement demand under s. 126.73 (2), for the full amount that the surety pays to the department under s. 126.72 (2) or (3) for the benefit of claimants affected by that grain dealer's default.
 - (3) PAYMENTS BY DISQUALIFIED GRAIN DEALER. (a) The department may not return to a disqualified grain dealer any fund assessments that the grain dealer paid as a contributing grain dealer.
 - (b) A disqualified grain dealer remains liable for any unpaid fund installment under s. 126.15 that became due while the grain dealer was a contributing grain dealer. A disqualified grain dealer is not liable for any fund installment that becomes due after the grain dealer is disqualified under sub. (2).
 - 126.15 Contributing grain dealers; fund assessments. (1) GENERAL. A contributing grain dealer shall pay an annual fund assessment for each license year. The assessment equals \$20 or the sum of the following, whichever is greater, unless the department by rule specifies a different assessment:
 - (a) The grain dealer's current ratio assessment. The current ratio assessment for a license year equals the grain dealer's current ratio assessment rate under sub.

- (2) multiplied by the amount reported under s. 126.11 (9) (a) in the grain dealer's license application for that license year.
 - (b) The grain dealer's debt to equity ratio assessment. The debt to equity ratio assessment for a license year equals the grain dealer's debt to equity ratio assessment rate under sub. (4) multiplied by the amount reported under s. 126.11 (9) (a) in the grain dealer's license application for that license year.
 - (c) The grain dealer's deferred payment assessment. The deferred payment assessment for a license year equals the grain dealer's deferred payment assessment rate under sub. (6) multiplied by the payment amount, if any, that the grain dealer reports under s. 126.11 (9) (b) in the grain dealer's license application for that license year.
 - (2) CURRENT RATIO ASSESSMENT RATE. A grain dealer's current ratio assessment rate is calculated, at the beginning of the license year, as follows:
 - (a) If the grain dealer has filed an annual financial statement under s. 126.13 and that financial statement shows a current ratio of at least 1.25 to 1.0, the grain dealer's current ratio assessment rate equals the greater of zero or the current ratio assessment factor in sub. (3) (a) multiplied by the following amount:
 - 1. Subtract one from the current ratio.
 - 2. Divide the amount determined under subd. 1. by 3.
 - 3. Multiply the amount determined under subd. 2. by negative one.
 - 4. Raise the amount determined under subd. 3. to the 3rd power.
 - 5. Subtract 0.75 from the current ratio.
 - 6. Divide 0.65 by the amount determined under subd. 5.
 - 7. Raise the amount determined under subd. 6. to the 5th power.

1	8. Add the amount determined under subd. 4. to the amount determined under
2	subd. 7.
3	9. Add 2 to the amount determined under subd. 8.
4	(b) If the grain dealer has filed an annual financial statement under s. 126.13
5	and that financial statement shows a current ratio of less than 1.25 to 1.0, but greater
6	than 1.0 to 1.0, the grain dealer's current ratio assessment rate equals the current
7	ratio assessment factor in sub. (3) (b) multiplied by the following amount:
8	1. Subtract one from the current ratio.
9	2. Divide the amount determined under subd. 1. by 3.
10	3. Multiply the amount determined under subd. 2. by negative one.
11	4. Raise the amount determined under subd. 3. to the 3rd power.
12	5. Subtract 0.75 from the current ratio.
13	6. Divide 0.65 by the amount determined under subd. 5.
14	7. Raise the amount determined under subd. 6. to the 5th power.
15	8. Add the amount determined under subd. 4. to the amount determined under
16	subd. 7.
17	9. Add 2 to the amount determined under subd. 8.
18	(c) If the grain dealer has filed an annual financial statement under s. 126.13
19	and that financial statement shows a current ratio of less than or equal to 1.0 to 1.0,
20	the grain dealer's current ratio assessment rate equals the current ratio assessment
21	factor in sub. (3) (b) multiplied by 120.81376.
22	(d) Except as provided in par. (e), if the grain dealer has not filed an annual
23	financial statement under s. 126.13, the grain dealer's current ratio assessment rate

equals the current ratio assessment factor in sub. (3) (b) multiplied by 5.71235.

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- (e) If the grain dealer has not filed an annual financial statement under s. 126.13 and the grain dealer procures grain in this state solely as a producer agent, the grain dealer's current ratio assessment rate is 0.00025, except that, for the grain dealer's 5th or higher consecutive full license year of participation in the fund, the grain dealer's current ratio assessment rate is 0.000175.
- (3) CURRENT RATIO ASSESSMENT FACTOR. (a) A grain dealer's current ratio assessment factor under sub. (2) (a) is 0.00003 except that, for the grain dealer's 5th or higher consecutive full license year as a contributing grain dealer, the grain dealer's current ratio assessment factor is zero.
- (b) A grain dealer's current ratio assessment factor under sub. (2) (b) to (d) is 0.000045 except that, for the grain dealer's 5th or higher consecutive full license year as a contributing grain dealer, the grain dealer's current ratio assessment factor is 0.000036.
- (4) DEBT TO EQUITY ASSESSMENT RATE. A grain dealer's debt to equity ratio assessment rate is calculated, at the beginning of the license year, as follows:
- (a) If the grain dealer has filed an annual financial statement under s. 126.13 and that financial statement shows positive equity and a debt to equity ratio of not more than 4.0 to 1.0, the grain dealer's debt to equity ratio assessment rate equals the greater of zero or the debt to equity ratio assessment factor in sub. (5) (a) multiplied by the following amount:
 - 1. Subtract 4 from the debt to equity ratio.
 - 2. Divide the amount determined under subd. 1. by 3.
 - 3. Raise the amount determined under subd. 2. to the 3rd power.
 - 4. Subtract 1.7 from the debt to equity ratio.
 - 5. Divide the amount determined under subd. 4. by 1.75.

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1	6. Raise the amount determined under subd. 5. to the 7th power.
2	7. Add the amount determined under subd. 3. to the amount determined under
3	subd. 6.
4	8. Add 2 to the amount determined under subd. 7.
5	(b) If the grain dealer has filed an annual financial statement under s. 126.13
6	and that financial statement shows a debt to equity ratio of greater than 4.0 to 1.0,
7	but less than 5.0 to 1.0, the grain dealer's debt to equity ratio assessment rate equals
8	the debt to equity ratio assessment factor in sub. (5) (b) multiplied by the following
9	amount:
10	1. Subtract 4 from the debt to equity ratio.
11	2. Divide the amount determined under subd. 1. by 3.
12	3. Raise the amount determined under subd. 2. to the 3rd power.
13	4. Subtract 1.7 from the debt to equity ratio.
14	5. Divide the amount determined under subd. 4. by 1.75.
15	6. Raise the amount determined under subd. 5. to the 7th power.
16	7. Add the amount determined under subd. 3. to the amount determined under
17	subd. 6.
18	8. Add 2 to the amount determined under subd. 7.
19	(c) If the grain dealer has filed an annual financial statement under s. 126.13
20	and that financial statement shows negative equity or a debt to equity ratio of at least
21	5.0 to 1.0, the grain dealer's debt to equity ratio assessment rate equals the debt to
22	equity ratio assessment factor in sub. (5) (b) multiplied by 86.8244.

(d) Except as provided in par. (e), if the grain dealer has not filed an annual

financial statement under s. 126.13, the grain dealer's debt to equity ratio

assessment rate equals the debt to equity ratio assessment factor in sub. (5) (b) multiplied by 8.77374.

- (e) If the grain dealer has not filed an annual financial statement under s. 126.13 and the grain dealer procures grain in this state solely as a producer agent, the grain dealer's debt to equity ratio assessment rate is 0.00025, except that it is 0.000175 for the grain dealer's 5th or higher consecutive full license year of participation in the fund.
- (5) Debt to equity ratio assessment factor under sub. (4) (a) is 0.0000125, except that it is zero for the grain dealer's 5th or higher consecutive full license year as a contributing grain dealer.
- (b) A grain dealer's debt to equity ratio assessment factor under sub. (4) (b) to (d) is 0.00001875, except that it is 0.000015 for the grain dealer's 5th or higher consecutive full license year as a contributing grain dealer.
- (6) Deferred payment assessment rate is 0.0035, except that it is 0.002 for the grain dealer's 5th or higher consecutive full license year as a contributing grain dealer.
- (7) QUARTERLY INSTALLMENTS. (a) A contributing grain dealer shall pay the grain dealer's annual fund assessment in equal quarterly installments that are due as follows:
 - 1. The first installment is due on October 1 of the license year.
 - 2. The 2nd installment is due on January 1 of the license year.
 - 3. The 3rd installment is due on April 1 of the license year.
 - 4. The 4th installment is due on July 1 of the license year.

- (b) A contributing grain dealer may prepay any of the quarterly installments under par. (a).
- (c) A contributing grain dealer who applies for an annual license after the beginning of a license year shall pay the full annual fund assessment required under this section. The grain dealer shall pay, with the first quarterly installment that becomes due after the day on which the department issues the license, all of that year's quarterly installments that became due before that day.
- (d) A contributing grain dealer who fails to pay the full amount of any quarterly installment when due shall pay, in addition to that installment, a late payment penalty of \$50 or 10% of the overdue installment amount, whichever is greater.
- (8) Notice of annual assessment and quarterly installments. When the department issues an annual license to a contributing grain dealer, the department shall notify the grain dealer of all of the following:
- (a) The amount of the grain dealer's annual fund assessment under this section.
- (b) The amount of each required quarterly installment under sub. (7) and the date by which the grain dealer must pay each installment.
- (c) The penalty that applies under sub. (7) (d) if the grain dealer fails to pay any quarterly installment when due.
- 126.16 Grain dealers; security. (1) Security Required. (a) A grain dealer shall file security with the department, and maintain that security until the department releases it under sub. (8) (a), if all of the following apply when the department first licenses the grain dealer under s. 126.11:
- 1. The grain dealer reports more than \$500,000 in grain payments under s. 126.11 (9) (a).

- 2. The grain dealer files an annual financial statement under s. 126.13 (1) (a) and that financial statement shows negative equity.
 - (b) A grain dealer who reports any deferred payment contract obligations under s. 126.11 (9) (c) or 126.13 (1) (d) shall file security with the department, and maintain that security until the department releases it under sub. (8) (b), unless the grain dealer has positive equity and one of the following applies:
 - 1. The grain dealer's annual financial statement under s. 126.13 covers a fiscal year ending on or before January 1, 2006, and shows a debt to equity ratio of not more than 5.0 to 1.0.
 - 2. The grain dealer's annual financial statement under s. 126.13 covers a fiscal year ending after January 1, 2006, and shows a debt to equity ratio of not more than 4.0 to 1.0.
 - (2) Security continued. A grain dealer who filed security under ch. 127, 1999 stats., before September 1, 2002, shall maintain that security until the department releases it under sub. (8) (c).
 - (3) Amount of Security. A grain dealer who is required to file or maintain security under this section shall at all times maintain security that is at least equal to the sum of the following:
 - (a) An amount equal to 35% of the grain dealer's average monthly payment for the 3 months, during the preceding 12 months, in which the grain dealer made the largest monthly payments for producer grain procured in this state, except that this amount is not required of a contributing grain dealer after December 1, 2002.
 - (b) The grain dealer's highest total, at any time during the preceding 12 months, of unpaid obligations for producer grain procured in this state under deferred payment contracts.

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1	(4) FORM OF SECURITY. The department shall review, and determine whether
2	to approve, security filed or maintained under this section. The department may
3	approve only the following types of security:
4	(a) Currency.
5	(b) A commercial surety bond if all of the following apply:
6	1. The surety bond is made payable to the department for the benefit of grain
7	producers and producer agents.
8	2. The surety bond is issued by a person authorized to operate a surety business
9	in this state.
10	3. The surety bond is issued as a continuous term bond that may be canceled
11	 only with the department's written agreement or upon 90 days' prior written notice
12	served on the department in person or by certified mail.
13	4. The surety bond is issued in a form, and subject to any terms and conditions,
14	that the department considers appropriate.
15	(c) A certificate of deposit or money market certificate if all of the following
16	apply:
17	1. The certificate is issued or endorsed to the department for the benefit of grain
18	producers and producer agents who deliver grain to the grain dealer.
19	2. The certificate may not be canceled or redeemed without the department's
20	written authorization.
21	3. No person may transfer or withdraw funds represented by the certificate
22	without the department's written permission.
23	4. The certificate renews automatically without any action by the department.

5. The certificate is issued in a form, and subject to any terms and conditions,

that the department considers appropriate.

- (d) An irrevocable bank letter of credit if all of the following apply:
- 1. The letter of credit is payable to the department for the benefit of grain producers and producer agents.
 - 2. The letter of credit is issued on bank letterhead.
 - 3. The letter of credit is issued for an initial period of at least one year.
- 4. The letter of credit renews automatically unless at least 90 days before the scheduled renewal date the issuing bank gives the department written notice, in person or by certified mail, that the letter of credit will not be renewed.
- 5. The letter of credit is issued in a form, and subject to any terms and conditions, that the department considers appropriate.
- (e) Security filed under ch. 127, 1999 stats., before September 1, 2002, except that on January 1, 2003, the department shall withdraw its approval of any security that is not approvable under pars. (a) to (d).
- (5) DEPARTMENT CUSTODY OF SECURITY. The department shall hold, in its custody, all security filed and maintained under this section. The department shall hold the security for the benefit of grain producers and producer agents who deliver grain to a grain dealer.
- (6) Monthly reports. A grain dealer who is required to file or maintain security under this section shall file monthly reports with the department. The grain dealer shall file a report on or before the 10th day of each month, in a form specified by the department. In a monthly report, a grain dealer shall provide information reasonably required by the department, including all of the following:
- (a) The grain dealer's average monthly payment for the 3 months, during the preceding 12 months, in which the grain dealer made the largest monthly payments for producer grain procured in this state.

- (b) The grain dealer's highest total unpaid obligations, at any time during the preceding 12 months, for producer grain procured in this state under deferred payment contracts. If the amount owed on deferred price contracts has not yet been determined, the grain dealer shall estimate the amount based on contract terms and prevailing market prices on the last day of the previous month.
- (7) ADDITIONAL SECURITY. (a) The department may, at any time, demand additional security from a grain dealer if any of the following applies:
- 1. The grain dealer's existing security falls below the amount required under sub. (3) for any reason, including depreciation in the value of the security filed with the department, an increase in grain payments or grain prices, or the cancellation of any security filed with the department.
- 2. The grain dealer fails to provide required information that is relevant to a determination of security requirements.
- (b) The department shall issue a demand under par. (a) in writing. The department shall indicate why the security is required, the amount of security required, and the deadline date for filing security. The department may not specify a deadline for filing security that is more than 30 days after the date on which the department issues its demand for security.
- (c) A grain dealer may request a hearing, under ch. 227, on a demand for security under par. (b). A request for hearing does not automatically stay a security demand.
- (d) If a grain dealer fails to comply with the department's demand for security under this subsection, the grain dealer shall give written notice of that fact to all grain producers and producer agents from whom the grain dealer procures producer grain in this state. If the grain dealer fails to give accurate notice under this

- paragraph within 5 days after the deadline for filing security under par. (b) has passed, the department shall promptly notify those grain producers and producer agents by publishing a class 3 notice under ch. 985. The department may also give individual notice to those grain producers or producer agents of whom the department is aware.
- (e) If a grain dealer fails to comply with the department's demand for security under this subsection, the department may do any of the following:
- 1. Issue a summary order under s. 126.55 (2) that prohibits the grain dealer from procuring producer grain or requires the grain dealer to pay cash on delivery for all producer grain.
 - 2. Suspend or revoke the grain dealer's license.
- (8) Releasing security. (a) The department may release security filed under sub. (1) (a), except for any amount of security that the grain dealer is required to file because sub. (1) (b) applies to the grain dealer, if any of the following applies:
- 1. The grain dealer reports, for at least 2 consecutive years, no more than \$500,000 in annual grain payments under s. 126.11 (9) (a) and the grain dealer pays the quarterly fund assessment that would have been required of the grain dealer if the grain dealer had been a contributing grain dealer on the most recent quarterly installment date under s. 126.15 (7).
- 2. The grain dealer's annual financial statement under s. 126.13 shows positive equity for at least 2 consecutive years and the grain dealer pays the quarterly fund assessment that would have been required of the grain dealer if the grain dealer had been a contributing grain dealer on the most recent quarterly installment date under s. 126.15 (7).

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. 1	(b) The department may release security filed under sub. (1) (b), except for any
2	amount of security that the grain dealer is required to file because sub. (1) (a) applies
3	to the grain dealer, if any of the following applies:
4	1. The grain dealer has not had any deferred payment contract obligations
5	since the beginning of the grain dealer's last completed fiscal year.
6	2. The grain dealer files 2 consecutive annual financial statements under s.
7	126.13 showing that the grain dealer meets the applicable equity requirement and
8	debt to equity ratio under sub. (1) (b).
9	(c) On December 1, 2002, the department may release security maintained
10	under sub. (2), unless the grain dealer is required to file security under sub. (1).
11	(d) The department may release security to the extent that the security exceeds
12	the amount required under sub. (3).
13	(e) The department may release security if the grain dealer files alternative
14	security, of equivalent value, that the department approves.
15	(f) The department shall release security if the grain dealer is no longer in
16	business and has paid all grain obligations in full.
17	126.17 Grain dealers; records. (1) RECORDS AND ACCOUNTS; GENERAL. A grain
18	dealer shall keep records and accounts of all grain procured and all grain sold or
19	marketed by the grain dealer. A grain dealer shall keep records that are complete
20	accurate, current, well-organized, and accessible, so that the grain dealer and the
21	department can readily determine all of the following:

(a) The kinds and amounts of grain procured, the procurement dates, the

procurement terms, and the persons from whom the grain dealer procured the grain.

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(b) The kinds and amounts of grain sold or marketed, the sale or marketing 1 dates, the sale or marketing terms, and the persons to whom the grain dealer sold 2 or marketed the grain. 3 (c) The kinds and amounts of grain, received from others, that the grain dealer 4 has used for feed, seed, milling, manufacturing, processing, or other purposes. 5 (d) The kinds and amounts of grain, received from others, that the grain dealer 6 has on hand, including the kinds and amounts of grain owned by the grain dealer, 7 and the kinds and amounts of grain held for others. 8 (e) The nature and amount of the grain dealer's obligations to grain producers 9 and producer agents, including obligations under deferred payment contracts. The 10 grain dealer shall keep a daily record of obligations under priced contracts and a 11 separate daily record of obligations under deferred price contracts that have not yet 12 13 been priced. (f) The nature and amount of the grain dealer's obligations to depositors, as 14 defined in s. 126.25 (5), under agreements for the storage of grain, if any. 15 (g) The grain dealer's accounts receivable from the sale or marketing of grain, 16 including the names of the account debtors, the amount receivable from each account 17 debtor, and the dates on which payment is due. 18 (2) RECORDS OF GRAIN PROCURED. A grain dealer shall keep records all of the 19 following related to each shipment of grain procured by the grain dealer: 20 (a) The kind and weight of grain procured. 21 (b) The grade and quality of the grain if determined. 22 (c) The date on which the grain dealer procured the grain. 23

(d) The name and address of the person from whom the grain dealer procured the grain.

1	(e) Whether the grain dealer purchased the grain, holds it under an agreement
2	for storage, or is marketing the grain as a producer agent.
3	(f) The terms of purchase, storage, or marketing.
4	(g) If the grain dealer procured the grain under a deferred payment contract,
5	the terms of that contract.
6	(3) RECORDS RETENTION; INSPECTION. (a) A grain dealer shall keep copies of all
7	of the following records for at least 6 years after the records are created:
8	1. Records required under this section and s. 126.18 (2).
9	2. Records that the grain dealer was required to keep, under ch. 127, 1999
10	stats., and department rules, before September 1, 2002.
l1	(b) A grain dealer shall make records required under this section available to
12	the department for inspection and copying upon request.
13	126.18 Grain dealers; receipts for grain. (1) REQUIREMENT. Whenever a
13 14	126.18 Grain dealers; receipts for grain. (1) REQUIREMENT. Whenever a grain dealer receives grain from any person, the grain dealer shall immediately give
L4	grain dealer receives grain from any person, the grain dealer shall immediately give
l4 l5	grain dealer receives grain from any person, the grain dealer shall immediately give that person a written receipt for the grain that includes all of the following:
14 15 16	grain dealer receives grain from any person, the grain dealer shall immediately give that person a written receipt for the grain that includes all of the following: (a) The name of the grain dealer and a statement indicating whether the grain
14 15 16 17	grain dealer receives grain from any person, the grain dealer shall immediately give that person a written receipt for the grain that includes all of the following: (a) The name of the grain dealer and a statement indicating whether the grain dealer is a corporation.
14 15 16 17	grain dealer receives grain from any person, the grain dealer shall immediately give that person a written receipt for the grain that includes all of the following: (a) The name of the grain dealer and a statement indicating whether the grain dealer is a corporation. (b) A permanent business address at which the holder of the receipt can readily
14 15 16 17 18	grain dealer receives grain from any person, the grain dealer shall immediately give that person a written receipt for the grain that includes all of the following: (a) The name of the grain dealer and a statement indicating whether the grain dealer is a corporation. (b) A permanent business address at which the holder of the receipt can readily contact the grain dealer.
14 15 16 17 18 19	grain dealer receives grain from any person, the grain dealer shall immediately give that person a written receipt for the grain that includes all of the following: (a) The name of the grain dealer and a statement indicating whether the grain dealer is a corporation. (b) A permanent business address at which the holder of the receipt can readily contact the grain dealer. (c) A statement identifying the document as a receipt for grain.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	grain dealer receives grain from any person, the grain dealer shall immediately give that person a written receipt for the grain that includes all of the following: (a) The name of the grain dealer and a statement indicating whether the grain dealer is a corporation. (b) A permanent business address at which the holder of the receipt can readily contact the grain dealer. (c) A statement identifying the document as a receipt for grain. (d) The date on which the grain dealer received the grain.

(g) The grade and quality of the grain, if determined.

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(h) A statement identifying the receipt as a purchase receipt, storage receipt, 1 or receipt for grain marketed by the grain dealer as a producer agent. 2 (i) The grain dealer's promise to pay the total amount due for grain, less any 3 discounts that may apply, within 7 calendar days after the date of receipt of the grain. 4 This requirement does not apply if any of the following applies: 5 1. The grain dealer pays cash on delivery. 6 2. The grain dealer receives the grain under a deferred payment contract that 7 complies with s. 126.19. 8 3. The receipt is clearly identified as a storage receipt. 9 (1m) EFFECT OF FAILURE TO IDENTIFY RECEIPT. A receipt not clearly identified 10 under sub. (1) (h) is considered a purchase receipt except that, if the grain dealer also 11 operates as a grain warehouse keeper, as defined in s. 126.25 (9), under the same 12 name, a receipt not clearly identified is considered a storage receipt. 13 (2) GRAIN DEALER'S COPIES. A grain dealer shall keep copies of all receipts issued 14 under sub. (1). 15 126.19 Grain dealers; deferred payment contracts. (1) CONTRACT IN 16 WRITING. A grain dealer may not procure grain from any grain producer or producer 17 agent under a deferred payment contract before the contract is reduced to writing 18 and signed by the parties. The grain dealer shall provide a copy of the signed contract 19 to the other party. 20 (2) CONTENTS OF CONTRACT. A grain dealer may not enter into a deferred 21 payment contract unless the deferred payment contract includes all of the following:

(a) A unique contract identification number.

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(b) The type, weight, grade, and quality of grain procured and a statement that 1 price adjustments may apply if delivered grain varies in grade or quality from that 2 identified in the contract. 3 (c) The price for the grain or, in a deferred price contract, the method and 4 deadline by which the price will be determined. 5 (d) The date by which the grain dealer agrees to make full payment for the 6 grain, which may not be more than 180 days after the date on which the contract price 7 is established or more than 180 days after the date on which the grain dealer takes 8 9 custody or control of the grain, whichever is later. (dm) If the contract is a deferred price contract, a pricing deadline that is not 10 more than one year after the date on which the grain dealer takes custody or control 11 12 of the grain. (e) The grain dealer's permanent business location. 13 (f) Other information required under this section. 14 (3) PAYMENT AND PRICING DEADLINES. (a) A grain dealer shall make full payment 15 under a deferred payment contract by the deadline date specified in the contract. 16 (b) The parties may not extend a payment or pricing deadline under sub. (2) 17 (d) or (dm), except that they may sign a new contract that extends either deadline 18 or both deadlines for up to 180 days if the new contract refers to the contract number 19 of the original contract. 20 (4) REQUIRED NOTICE. A grain dealer may not enter into a deferred payment 21 contract unless the deferred payment contract clearly discloses that it is not a storage 22

contract. Whenever a grain dealer buys grain from a grain producer under a deferred

payment contract, the grain dealer shall include the following statement in

capitalized, boldface print immediately above the contract signature line: "This is