2001 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assembly Amendment (AA-ASA1-SB55)

Received	1: 06/22/2001				Received By: sho	veme	
Wanted:	As time perm	iits			Identical to LRB:		
For: Ass	embly Republ	ican Caucus			By/Representing:	Smith	
This file	may be shown	to any legislate	or: NO		Drafter: shoveme	•	
May Cor	ntact:				Addl. Drafters:		
Subject:	Munis -	· miscellaneous	5		Extra Copies:		
Submit v	ria email: NO		٠				
Requeste	er's email:			· ·			
Pre Top	ic:						
ARC:	.Smith - AM62	2,					
Topic:							
Changes	to the impact	fee statute; no c	ounties, lim	it uses, unifor	rm time to charge t	he fees	
Instruct	ions:						
See Atta	ched. See 99b	0319/2					
Drafting	g History:						
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	<u>Typed</u>	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
' ?	shoveme 06/24/2001	hhagen 06/24/2001					
/1			haugeca 06/25/200	01	lrb_docadmin 06/25/2001		
/2	shoveme 06/26/2001	hhagen 06/26/2001	rschluet 06/26/200	01	lrb_docadmin 06/26/2001		

06/26/2001 06:07:30 PM Page 2

<u>Vers.</u> <u>Drafted</u> <u>Reviewed</u> <u>Typed</u> <u>Proofed</u> <u>Submitted</u> <u>Jacketed</u> <u>Required</u>

FE Sent For:

<END>

2001 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assembly Amendment (AA-ASA1-SB55)

Received: 06/22/2001			Received By: shoveme		
Wanted: As time permits		Identical to LRB:			
For: Assembly Republican Caucus			By/Representing:	Smith	
This file may be shown to any legisla	tor: NO		Drafter: shoveme	•	
May Contact:			Addl. Drafters:		
Subject: Munis - miscellaneou	ıs		Extra Copies:		
Submit via email: NO				·	
Requester's email:					
Pre Topic:	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-	
ARC:Smith - AM62,					
Topic:					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Changes to the impact fee statute; no	counties, lim	nit uses, unifor	m time to charge t	he fees	
Instructions:					
See Attached. See 99b0319/2	,				
Drafting History:	····				
Vers. <u>Drafted</u> <u>Reviewed</u>	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required
/? shoveme hhagen 06/24/2001 06/24/2001					
/1	haugeca 06/25/20	01	lrb_docadmin 06/25/2001		
FE Sent For: 6/26/0/ 12 hmh (4)24(0)		16-1	00/23/2001		

2001 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assembly Amendment (AA-ASA1-SB55)

Received: 06/22/2001

Received By: shoveme

Wanted: As time permits

Identical to LRB:

For: Assembly Republican Caucus

By/Representing: Smith

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: shoveme

May Contact:

Addl. Drafters:

Subject:

Munis - miscellaneous

Extra Copies:

Submit via email: NO

Requester's email:

Pre Topic:

ARC:....Smith - AM62,

Topic:

Changes to the impact fee statute; no counties, limit uses, uniform time to charge the fees

Instructions:

See Attached. See 99b0319/2

Drafting History:

Vers.

Drafted

Reviewed

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Required

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CHORK

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BhRI RP

FE Sent For:

<END>

Budget Amendments 2001 - 2003

Prepared by the Assembly Republican Caucus

Statement of Intent

Changes to the General Municipality laws regarding impact fees and special charges

PLEASE NOTE THERE WAS A SIMPLE AMENDMENT ADDING PUBLIC UTILITES THAT IS NOT REFLECTED IN THE DRAFTING INSTRUCTIONS. THIS IS THE NEW LANGUAGE THAT IS INCLUDED IN THE SUMMARY:

Impact fees should be limited to use for necessities: roads, public utilities, sewer-water infrastructure, and basic park land.

Legislator

Sykora

Amendment

62

Legislator 2

Pass or Fail

Pass

Legislator 3

Spending Cut

Legislator 4

Withdrawn

Staff contact

Martha

Package

Agency

General Provisions

Summary

b 15 /2 This amendment would simplify Wisconsin's impact fee law, deleting unused or ambiguous authority. Since the impact fee law was passed, these areas have proven to be the most vague or troublesome. Broad or vague definitions create disputes between property owners and communities.

Specifically the amendment would:

Eliminate county authority to impose impact fees, which no Wisconsin county does. These fees are very difficult for a county to justify, and development on one side of a county should not be used to pay for improvements on another side.

Narrow the list of public facilities that may be funded by impact fees to those improvements that are most related to new development. Impact fees should be limited to use for necessities: roads, public utilities, sewer-water infrastructure, and basic park land.

Clarify that fees for certain utility improvements must be charged according to the impact fee law. This will allow communities to collect the money, but provide clear direction for the municipality and fee payer.

Finally it establishes a uniform time for charging an impact fee - upon the issuance of a building permit. Impact is not created until the building permit is issued, so the fee shouldn't be assessed before the impact. Paying such fees earlier forces carrying costs including higher interest, which increases costs for home buyers.

Fiscal Impact

Drafting Inst

None

very a class [notice for h all special charges h In chapter 66 of the statutes, this amendment would:

Eliminate county-imposed impact fees; (it would specifically amend section 66.0617(1)(e) to eliminate the words "or county" and add the word "or" between the words "village" and "town." It would also

Request #

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Friday, June 22, 2001

Page 13 of 33

Budget Amendments 2001 - 2003

Prepared by the Assembly Republican Caucus

ARC Analyst Smith

deletes entirely section 66.0617(2)(am) which refers to counties inability to impose impact fees.)

Modify the definition of "public facilities." Specifically, exclude "transportation facilities other than highways" and replace "playgrounds and other recreational facilities" with the words "lands for parks." Also, remove references to county-imposed impact fees.

Request #

Friday, June 22, 2001 Provide that impact fees are payable only after issuance of a building permit; (specifically, it would Page 14 of 33

replace section 66.0617(6)(g) to read as follows: Shall be payable by the developer to the political subdivision, either in full or in installment payments that are approved by the political subdivision, no earlier than the building permit has been issued to the developer.)

Subject special charges to due process procedures of Section 66.0617. (specifically it would replace section 66.0627(3)(a) to read as follows: Before enacting an ordinance that imposes special charges, and except as provided in par (b), the governing body of the city,

village or town shall hold public hearing on the proposed ordinance or amendment. Notice of the public hearing shall be published as a class 1 notice under ch 985, and shall specify where a copy of the proposed ordinance or amendment may be obtained.



State of Misconsin 2001 – 2002 LEGISLATURE

LRBb1542/ MES, hmb

ARC:.....Smith – AM62, Changes to the impact fee statute; no counties, limit uses, uniform time to charge the fees

FOR 2001-03 BUDGET - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

CAUCUS ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

TO ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT 1,

TO 2001 SENATE BILL 55

substitute amendment At the locations indicated, amend the han as follows: of 99 60319/2 2 line; after that line insert: 66.0627 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 3 66.0627 (3) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), before a special charge may be 4 imposed a public hearing shall be held on the imposition of the proposed special 5 $\underline{\text{charge by}} \text{ the governing body of the city, village}_{k} \text{or town } \underline{\text{may determine the manner}}$ 6 of providing notice of a special charge. Notice of the hearing shall be by class 1 notice 7 under ch. 985, and the notice shall specify where a copy of the proposed ordinance 8 relating to the special charge may be obtained.



State of Misconsin 1999 - 2000 LEGISLATURE

LRBb0319/2 MES:kmg:jf

LFB:.....Olin - Changes to: impact fees, sewerage services charges and approval of plats

FOR 1999-01 BUDGET - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

LFB AMENDMENT

TO 1999 ASSEMBLY BILL 133 AND 1999 SENATE BILL 45

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At the locations indicated, amend the bill as follows:

1 Page 808, line 5: after that line insert:

"SECTION 1608g. 66:076 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

For the purpose of making equitable charges for all services rendered by the sanitary sewerage system to the municipality or to citizens, corporations and other users, the property benefited thereby may be classified, taking into consideration the volume of water, including surface or drain waters, the character of the sewage or waste and the nature of the use made of the sewerage system, including the sewage disposal plant. The Subject to sub. (18), the charges may also include standby charges to property not connected but for which such facilities have been made available.

9-073 K2 R

SECTION A608h) (66,076 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

rendered by a storm water and surface water sewerage system to users, the property served may be classified, taking into consideration the volume or peaking of storm water or surface water discharge that is caused by the area of impervious surfaces, topography, impervious surfaces and other surface characteristics, extent and reliability of mitigation or treatment measures available to service the property, apart from measures provided by the storm water and surface water sewerage system, and any other considerations that are reasonably relevant to a use made of the storm water and surface water sewerage system. The Subject to sub. (18), the charges may also include standby charges to property not yet developed with significant impervious surfaces for which capacity has been made available in the storm water and surface water sewerage system.

SECTION **1608)** 66.0876 (18) of the statutes is created to read

66:076.(13)/No municipality may impose any charges under this section which are not uniformly assessed against all users of the system, unless the charges that are imposed meet the standards under s. 166 154 (6).

2. Page 222, line 6 after that line insert:

"SECTION 16380 16055 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

improve public facilities, including the cost of land, and including legal, engineering and design costs to construct, expand or improve public facilities, except that not more than 10% of capital costs may consist of legal, engineering and design costs unless the political subdivision municipality can demonstrate that its legal,

that the state of
engineering and design costs which relate directly to the public improvement for
which the impact fees were imposed exceed 10% of capital costs. "Capital costs" does
not include other noncapital costs to construct, expand or improve public facilities
r the costs of equipment to construct, expand or improve public facilities. SECTION 163860, \$6.05.7 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
66/35 (1) (c) "Impact fees" means cash contributions, contributions of land or
nterests in land or any other items of value that are imposed on a developer by a
olitical subdivision municipality under this section.
SECTION 163300. 66.55 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
66.55 (1) (d) "Land development" means the construction or modification of
mprovements to real property that creates additional residential dwelling units
vithin a political subdivision municipality or that results in nonresidential uses that
create a need for new, expanded, or improved public facilities within a political
subdivision municipality.
Section 1638eg. 66.55 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
66.55 (1) (e) "Political subdivision Municipality" means a city, village for town
or county.
SECTION 163801. 06155 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:
SECTION 1638ei. 06155 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read: 6.0617 (1) (f) "Public facilities" means highways, as defined in s. 340.01 (22), and
other transportation facilities, traffic control devices, facilities for collecting and
reating sewage, facilities for collecting and treating storm and surface waters,
facilities for pumping, storing and distributing water, parks, playgrounds and other
recreational facilities, solid waste and recycling facilities, lands for parks and real
property improvements to parks, fire protection facilities, law enforcement facilities
and emergency medical facilities and libraries except that, with regard to counties,

1	"public facilities" does not include highways, as defined in s. 340.01 (22), other
2	transportation facilities or traffic control devices. "Public facilities" does not include
3	facilities owned by a school district.
4	SECTION 1638-1. 66/35 (1) (fs) of the statutes is created to read:
5	(1) (fs) "Real property improvements to parks" means basic facilities and
6	improvements that include shelters, playground equipment, parking lots, and
7	restroom facilities, but does not include swimming pools, multiple baseball diamonds
8	or scoreboards.
9	or scoreboards. SECTION #63861. 66/06/7 SECTION #63861. 66/06/7 SECTION #63861. 66/06/7 SECTION #63861. 66/06/7
10	66.55 (1) (g) "Service area" means a geographic area delineated by a political
11	subdivision municipality within which there are public facilities.
12	SECTION 1638 (1) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	60.56 (1) (h) "Service standard" means a certain quantity or quality of public
14	facilities relative to a certain number of persons, parcels of land or other appropriate
15	measure, as specified by the political subdivision municipality.
16	SECTION 1636 166.55 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	66. (2) (a) Subject to par. (am), a political subdivision A municipality may
18	enact an ordinance under this section that imposes impact fees on developers to pay
19	for the capital costs that are necessary to accommodate land development.
20	SECTION 1628- 16055 (2) (am) of the statutes is repealed.
21	SECTION 1638 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	A6/55 (2) (b) Subject to par (c), this section does not prohibit or limit the
23	authority of a political subdivision municipality to finance public facilities by any
24	other means authorized by law, except that the amount of an impact fee imposed by
25	a political subdivision municipality shall be reduced, under sub. (6) (d), to

	Cha 2/
1	compensate for any other costs of public facilities imposed by the political subdivision
2	municipality on developers to provide or pay for capital costs.
3	SECTION 1638 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	66/55 (2) (c) Beginning on May 1, 1995, a political subdivision municipality
5	may impose and collect impact fees only under this section.
6	Section 1638 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	66/35 (3) PUBLIC HEARING; NOTICE. Before enacting an ordinance that imposes
8	impact fees, or amending an existing ordinance that imposes impact fees, a political
9	subdivision municipality shall hold a public hearing on the proposed ordinance or
10	amendment. Notice of the public hearing shall be published as a class 1 notice under
11	ch. 985, and shall specify where a copy of the proposed ordinance or amendment and
12	the public facilities needs assessment may be obtained.
13	SECTION 10304 66055(4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	66.75 (4) (a) (intro.) Before enacting an ordinance that imposes impact fees or
15	amending an ordinance that imposes impact fees by revising the amount of the fee
16	or altering the public facilities for which impact fees may be imposed, a political
17	subdivision municipality shall prepare a needs assessment for the public facilities
18	for which it is anticipated that impact fees may be imposed. The public facilities
19	needs assessment shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
20	SECTION 163860 (4) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
21	665 (4) (a) 3. A detailed estimate of the capital costs of providing the new
22	public facilities or the improvements or expansions in existing public facilities
23	identified in subd. 2., including an estimate of the effect of recovering these capital
24	costs through impact fees on the availability of affordable housing within the
25	political gubdivision municipolity

SECTION 1886. 66155 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 1 (96/55/(4) (b) A public facilities needs assessment or revised public facilities 2 3 needs assessment that is prepared under this subsection shall be available for public inspection and copying in the office of the clerk of the political subdivision 4 municipality at least 20 days before the hearing under sub. (3). 5 SECTION 16386. SECTI 6 An ordinance enacted under this section may delineate 7 **(5)** (b) geographically defined zones within the political subdivision municipality and may 8 9 impose impact fees on land development in a zone that differ from impact fees 10 imposed on land development in other zones within the political subdivision municipality. The public facilities needs assessment that is required under sub. (4) 11 12 shall explicitly identify the differences, such as land development or the need for those public facilities, which justify the differences between zones in the amount of 13 14 impact fees imposed. SECTION 16386. (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 15 16 (6) (b) May not exceed the proportionate share of the capital costs that 17 are required to serve land development, as compared to existing uses of land within 18 the political subdivision municipality SECTION 163811. 68155 (6) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 19 (6) (d) Shall be reduced to compensate for other capital costs imposed by 20 the political subdivision municipality with respect to land development to provide or 21 pay for public facilities, including special assessments, special charges, land 22 23 dedications or fees in lieu of land dedications under ch. 236 or any other items of SECTION 1/6387m. 166.55/(6) (g) of the statutes is amended to read: 24 value. 25

(6) (g) Shall be payable by the developer to the political subdivision
municipality, either in full or in instalment payments that are approved by the
·
political subdivision, before municipality, and may not be due on a date that is earlier
than the date on which a building permit may be for the construction of a dwelling
or other structure within the land development is issued or other required approval
may be given by the political subdivision.
may be given by the political subdivision. 3.03334 SECTION 16355 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:
66/55/(7) LOW-COST HOUSING. An ordinance enacted under this section may
provide for an exemption from, or a reduction in the amount of, impact fees on land
development that provides low-cost housing, except that no amount of an impact fee
for which an exemption or reduction is provided under this subsection may be shifted
to any other development in the land development in which the low-cost housing is
located or to any other land development in the political subdivision municipality.
SECTION 163269, \$655 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:
(8) REQUIREMENTS FOR IMPACT FEE REVENUES. Revenues from impact fees
shall be placed in a segregated, interest-bearing account and shall be accounted for
separately from the other funds of the political subdivision municipality. Impact fee
revenues and interest earned on impact fee revenues may be expended only for
capital costs for which the impact fees were imposed.
Section 16686s, 46.75 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:
66,55 (9) REFUND OF IMPACT FEES. An ordinance enacted under this section shall
specify that impact fees that are imposed and collected by a political subdivision

specify that impact fees that are imposed and collected by a political subdivision municipality but are not used within a reasonable period of time after they are collected to pay the capital costs for which they were imposed shall be refunded to the current owner of the property with respect to which the impact fees were

imposed. The ordinance shall specify, by type of public facility, reasonable time periods within which impact fees must be spent or refunded under this subsection. In determining the length of the time periods under the ordinance, a political subdivision municipality shall consider what are appropriate planning and financing periods for the particular types of public facilities for which the impact fees are imposed.

SECTION WG SECTION (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

fee ordinance under this section shall, by ordinance, specify a procedure under which a developer upon whom an impact fee is imposed has the right to contest the amount, collection or use of the impact fee to the governing body of the political subdivision municipality.

3. Page 1117, line 1: after that line insert:

"Section 2398v. 236.13 (2s) of the statutes is created to read:

236.13 (2s) No fee or charge of any kind may be imposed under this chapter, as a condition of plat approval, to fund the acquisition or installation of property unless the fee or charge meets the standards under s. 66.55 (6). The amount of any property, or value of any improvements, that is required to be dedicated, constructed or installed under this chapter as a condition of plat approval may not exceed the proportionate amount of property or value of insprovements, that is reasonably necessary to serve the land which is the subject of the land division."

4. Page 1118, line 13: after that line insert:

"Section 2400e. 236.45 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

	236.45 (1) DECLARATION OF LEGISLATIVE INTENT. The purpose of this section is
	to promote the public health, safety and general welfare of the community and the
1	regulations authorized to be made are designed to lessen congestion in the streets
	and highways; to further the orderly layout and use of land; to secure safety from fire,
	panic and other dangers; to provide adequate light and air, including access to
	sunlight for solar collectors and to wind for wind energy systems; to prevent the
	overcrowding of land; to avoid undue concentration of population; to facilitate
	adequate provision for transportation water, sewerage, schools, parks, playgrounds
	and other public requirements; to facilitate the further resubdivision of larger tracts
	into smaller parcels of land. The regulations provided for by this section shall be
	made with reasonable consideration, among other things, of the character of the
	municipality, town or county with a view of conserving the value of the buildings
	placed upon land, providing the best possible environment for human habitation,
	and for excouraging the most appropriate use of land throughout the municipality,
	town or county. Any fee or charge of any kind that is imposed under this section may
	he imposed only if it mosts the standards and are confirmed.



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State of Misconsin 2001 - 2002 LEGISLATURE

LRBb154260 MES:hmh:chl

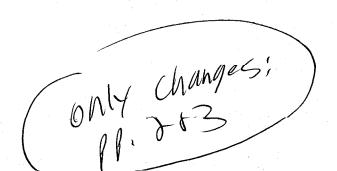
ARC:.....Smith – AM62, Changes to the impact fee statute; no counties, limit uses, uniform time to charge the fees

FOR 2001-03 BUDGET — NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

CAUCUS ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

TO ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT 1,

TO 2001 SENATE BILL 55



At the locations indicated, amend the substitute amendment as follows:

1. Page 680, line 5: after that line insert:

"Section 2023j. 66.0617 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (1) (a) "Capital costs" means the capital costs to construct, expand, or improve public facilities, including the cost of land, and including legal, engineering, and design costs to construct, expand, or improve public facilities, except that not more than 10% of capital costs may consist of legal, engineering, and design costs unless the political subdivision municipality can demonstrate that its legal, engineering, and design costs which that relate directly to the public improvement for which the impact fees were imposed exceed 10% of capital costs. "Capital costs"

1	does not include other noncapital costs to construct, expand, or improve public
2	facilities or the costs of equipment to construct, expand, or improve public facilities.
3	SECTION 2023jb. 66.0617 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	66.0617 (1) (c) "Impact fees" means cash contributions, contributions of land
5	or interests in land, or any other items of value that are imposed on a developer by
6	a political subdivision municipality under this section.
7	Section 2023jc. 66.0617 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	66.0617 (1) (d) "Land development" means the construction or modification of
9	improvements to real property that creates additional residential dwelling units
10	within a political subdivision municipality or that results in nonresidential uses that
11	create a need for new, expanded, or improved public facilities within a political
12	subdivision municipality.
13	SECTION 2023jd. 66.0617 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	66.0617 (1) (e) "Political subdivision Municipality" means a city, village, or
15	town or county.
16	SECTION 2023je. 66.0617 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	66.0617 (1) (f) "Public facilities" means highways, as defined in s. 340.01 (22),
18	and other transportation facilities, traffic control devices, facilities for collecting and
19	treating sewage, facilities for collecting and treating storm and surface waters,
20	facilities for pumping, storing, and distributing water, parks, playgrounds and other
(21)	recreational facilities, solid waste and recycling facilities, lands for parks frid for
(22)	property improvements/to/parks, fire protection facilities, law enforcement facilities,
23	and emergency medical facilities and libraries except that, with regard to counties,
24	"public facilities" does not include highways, as defined in s. 340.01 (22), other

1	transportation facilities or traffic control devices. "Public facilities" does not include
2	facilities owned by a school district.
_3	SECTION 2023jf. 66.0617 (1) (fs) of the statutes is created to read:
4	66.0617 (1) (fs) "Real property improvements to parks" means basic facilities
5	and improvements that include shelters, playground equipment, parking lots, and
6	restroom facilities, but does not include swimming pools, multiple baseball
7	diamonds, or scoreboards.
8	SECTION 2023jg. 66.0617 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	66.0617 (1) (g) "Service area" means a geographic area delineated by a political
10	subdivision municipality within which there are public facilities.
11	SECTION 2023jh. 66.0617 (1) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	66.0617 (1) (h) "Service standard" means a certain quantity or quality of public
13	facilities relative to a certain number of persons, parcels of land, or other appropriate
14	measure, as specified by the political subdivision municipality.
15	Section 2023ji. 66.0617 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	66.0617 (2) (a) Subject to par. (am), a political subdivision A municipality may
17	enact an ordinance under this section that imposes impact fees on developers to pay
18	for the capital costs that are necessary to accommodate land development.
19	Section 2023jj. 66.0617 (2) (am) of the statutes is repealed.
20	SECTION 2023jk. 66.0617 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	66.0617 (2) (b) Subject to par. (c), this section does not prohibit or limit the
22	authority of a political subdivision municipality to finance public facilities by any
23	other means authorized by law, except that the amount of an impact fee imposed by
24	a political subdivision municipality shall be reduced, under sub. (6) (d), to

compensate for any other costs of public facilities imposed by the political subdivision municipality on developers to provide or pay for capital costs.

SECTION 2023jL. 66.0617 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (2) (c) Beginning on May 1, 1995, a political subdivision municipality may impose and collect impact fees only under this section.

Section 2023jm. 66.0617 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (3) Public Hearing; Notice. Before enacting an ordinance that imposes impact fees, or amending an existing ordinance that imposes impact fees, a political subdivision municipality shall hold a public hearing on the proposed ordinance or amendment. Notice of the public hearing shall be published as a class 1 notice under ch. 985, and shall specify where a copy of the proposed ordinance or amendment and the public facilities needs assessment may be obtained.

SECTION 2023jn. 66.0617 (4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (4) (a) (intro.) Before enacting an ordinance that imposes impact fees or amending an ordinance that imposes impact fees by revising the amount of the fee or altering the public facilities for which impact fees may be imposed, a political subdivision municipality shall prepare a needs assessment for the public facilities for which it is anticipated that impact fees may be imposed. The public facilities needs assessment shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

Section 2023jo. 66.0617 (4) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (4) (a) 3. A detailed estimate of the capital costs of providing the new public facilities or the improvements or expansions in existing public facilities identified in subd. 2., including an estimate of the effect of recovering these capital costs through impact fees on the availability of affordable housing within the political subdivision municipality.

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value.

1 **Section 2023jp.** 66.0617 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 2 66.0617 (4) (b) A public facilities needs assessment or revised public facilities needs assessment that is prepared under this subsection shall be available for public 3 inspection and copying in the office of the clerk of the political subdivision 5 municipality at least 20 days before the hearing under sub. (3). 6 **Section 2023jq.** 66.0617 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 7 66.0617 (5) (b) An ordinance enacted under this section may delineate geographically defined zones within the political subdivision municipality and may 8 9 impose impact fees on land development in a zone that differ from impact fees imposed on land development in other zones within the political-subdivision 10 11 municipality. The public facilities needs assessment that is required under sub. (4) 12 shall explicitly identify the differences, such as land development or the need for 13 those public facilities, which justify the differences between zones in the amount of 14 impact fees imposed. **SECTION 2023jr.** 66.0617 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 15 16 66.0617 (6) (b) May not exceed the proportionate share of the capital costs that 17 are required to serve land development, as compared to existing uses of land within 18 the political subdivision municipality. 19 Section 2023js. 66.0617 (6) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 20 66.0617 (6) (d) Shall be reduced to compensate for other capital costs imposed 21 by the political subdivision municipality with respect to land development to provide

SECTION 2023jt. 66.0617 (6) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

or pay for public facilities, including special assessments, special charges, land

dedications, or fees in lieu of land dedications under ch. 236 or any other items of

66.0617 (6) (g) Shall be payable by the developer to the political subdivision municipality, either in full or in instalment installment payments that are approved by the political subdivision, before municipality, and may not be due on a date that is earlier than the date on which a building permit may be for the construction of a dwelling or other structure within the land development is issued or other required approval may be given by the political subdivision.

SECTION 2023ju. 66.0617 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (7) Low-cost housing. An ordinance enacted under this section may provide for an exemption from, or a reduction in the amount of, impact fees on land development that provides low-cost housing, except that no amount of an impact fee for which an exemption or reduction is provided under this subsection may be shifted to any other development in the land development in which the low-cost housing is located or to any other land development in the political subdivision municipality.

Section 2023jv. 66.0617 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (8) REQUIREMENTS FOR IMPACT FEE REVENUES. Revenues from impact fees shall be placed in a segregated, interest—bearing account and shall be accounted for separately from the other funds of the political subdivision municipality. Impact fee revenues and interest earned on impact fee revenues may be expended only for capital costs for which the impact fees were imposed.

Section 2023jw. 66.0617 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (9) REFUND OF IMPACT FEES. An ordinance enacted under this section shall specify that impact fees that are imposed and collected by a political subdivision municipality but are not used within a reasonable period of time after they are collected to pay the capital costs for which they were imposed shall be refunded to the current owner of the property with respect to which the impact fees were

imposed. The ordinance shall specify, by type of public facility, reasonable time periods within which impact fees must be spent or refunded under this subsection. In determining the length of the time periods under the ordinance, a political subdivision municipality shall consider what are appropriate planning and financing periods for the particular types of public facilities for which the impact fees are imposed.

Section 2023jx. 66.0617 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (10) APPEAL. A political subdivision municipality that enacts an impact fee ordinance under this section shall, by ordinance, specify a procedure under which a developer upon whom an impact fee is imposed has the right to contest the amount, collection, or use of the impact fee to the governing body of the political subdivision municipality.

SECTION 2023ke. 66.0627 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0627 (3) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), before a special charge may be imposed a public hearing shall be held on the imposition of the proposed special charge by the governing body of the city, village, or town may determine the manner of providing notice of a special charge. Notice of the hearing shall be by class 1 notice under ch. 985, and the notice shall specify where a copy of the proposed ordinance relating to the special charge may be obtained.

SECTION 2023ks. 66.0821 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0821 (4) (b) For the purpose of making equitable charges for all services rendered by the sanitary sewerage system to the municipality or to citizens, corporations, and other users, the property benefited thereby may be classified, taking into consideration the volume of water, including surface or drain waters, the character of the sewage or waste and the nature of the use made of the sewerage

system, including the sewage disposal plant. The Subject to sub. (8), the charges may also include standby charges to property not connected but for which such facilities have been made available.

SECTION 2023ksb. 66.0821 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0821 (4) (c) For the purpose of making equitable charges for all services rendered by a storm water and surface water sewerage system to users, the property served may be classified, taking into consideration the volume or peaking of storm water or surface water discharge that is caused by the area of impervious surfaces, topography, impervious surfaces and other surface characteristics, extent and reliability of mitigation or treatment measures available to service the property, apart from measures provided by the storm water and surface water sewerage system, and any other considerations that are reasonably relevant to a use made of the storm water and surface water sewerage system. The Subject to sub. (8), the charges may also include standby charges to property not yet developed with significant impervious surfaces for which capacity has been made available in the storm water and surface water sewerage system.

Section 2023kse. 66.0821 (8) of the statutes is created to read:

66.0821 (8) No municipality may impose any charges under this section that are not uniformly assessed against all users of the system, unless the charges that are imposed meet the standards under s. 66.0617 (6).".



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State of Misconsin 2001 - 2002 LEGISLATURE

LRBb1542/2 MES:hmh:rs

ARC:.....Smith – AM62, Changes to the impact fee statute; no counties, limit uses, uniform time to charge the fees

FOR 2001-03 BUDGET — NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

CAUCUS ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT

TO ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT 1,

TO 2001 SENATE BILL 55

At the locations indicated, amend the substitute amendment as follows:

1. Page 680, line 5: after that line insert:

"Section 2023j. 66.0617 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (1) (a) "Capital costs" means the capital costs to construct, expand, or improve public facilities, including the cost of land, and including legal, engineering, and design costs to construct, expand, or improve public facilities, except that not more than 10% of capital costs may consist of legal, engineering, and design costs unless the political subdivision municipality can demonstrate that its legal, engineering, and design costs which that relate directly to the public improvement for which the impact fees were imposed exceed 10% of capital costs. "Capital costs"

does not include other noncapital costs to construct, expand, or improve public facilities or the costs of equipment to construct, expand, or improve public facilities.

SECTION 2023jb. 66.0617 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (1) (c) "Impact fees" means cash contributions, contributions of land or interests in land, or any other items of value that are imposed on a developer by a political subdivision municipality under this section.

SECTION 2023jc. 66.0617 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (1) (d) "Land development" means the construction or modification of improvements to real property that creates additional residential dwelling units within a political subdivision municipality or that results in nonresidential uses that create a need for new, expanded, or improved public facilities within a political subdivision municipality.

SECTION 2023jd. 66.0617 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (1) (e) "Political subdivision Municipality" means a city, village, or town or county.

SECTION 2023je. 66.0617 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (1) (f) "Public facilities" means highways, as defined in s. 340.01 (22), and other transportation facilities, traffic control devices, facilities for collecting and treating sewage, facilities for collecting and treating storm and surface waters, facilities for pumping, storing, and distributing water, parks, playgrounds and other recreational facilities, solid waste and recycling facilities, lands for parks, fire protection facilities, law enforcement facilities, and emergency medical facilities and libraries except that, with regard to counties, "public facilities" does not include highways, as defined in s. 340.01 (22), other transportation facilities or traffic control devices. "Public facilities" does not include facilities owned by a school district.

1	SECTION 2023jg. 66.0617 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	66.0617 (1) (g) "Service area" means a geographic area delineated by a political
3	subdivision municipality within which there are public facilities.
4	SECTION 2023jh. 66.0617 (1) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	66.0617 (1) (h) "Service standard" means a certain quantity or quality of public
6	facilities relative to a certain number of persons, parcels of land, or other appropriate
7	measure, as specified by the political subdivision municipality.
8	Section 2023ji. 66.0617 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	66.0617 (2) (a) Subject to par. (am), a political subdivision A municipality may
10	enact an ordinance under this section that imposes impact fees on developers to pay
11	for the capital costs that are necessary to accommodate land development.
12	SECTION 2023jj. 66.0617 (2) (am) of the statutes is repealed.
13	SECTION 2023jk. 66.0617 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	66.0617 (2) (b) Subject to par. (c), this section does not prohibit or limit the
15	authority of a political subdivision municipality to finance public facilities by any
16	other means authorized by law, except that the amount of an impact fee imposed by
17	a political subdivision municipality shall be reduced, under sub. (6) (d), to
18	compensate for any other costs of public facilities imposed by the political subdivision
19	municipality on developers to provide or pay for capital costs.
20	SECTION 2023jL. 66.0617 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	66.0617 (2) (c) Beginning on May 1, 1995, a political subdivision municipality
22	may impose and collect impact fees only under this section.
23	Section 2023jm. 66.0617 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	66.0617 (3) Public Hearing; Notice. Before enacting an ordinance that imposes
25	impact fees, or amending an existing ordinance that imposes impact fees, a political

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subdivision municipality shall hold a public hearing on the proposed ordinance or amendment. Notice of the public hearing shall be published as a class 1 notice under ch. 985, and shall specify where a copy of the proposed ordinance or amendment and the public facilities needs assessment may be obtained.

SECTION 2023jn. 66.0617 (4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (4) (a) (intro.) Before enacting an ordinance that imposes impact fees or amending an ordinance that imposes impact fees by revising the amount of the fee or altering the public facilities for which impact fees may be imposed, a political subdivision municipality shall prepare a needs assessment for the public facilities for which it is anticipated that impact fees may be imposed. The public facilities needs assessment shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

Section 2023jo. 66.0617 (4) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (4) (a) 3. A detailed estimate of the capital costs of providing the new public facilities or the improvements or expansions in existing public facilities identified in subd. 2., including an estimate of the effect of recovering these capital costs through impact fees on the availability of affordable housing within the political subdivision municipality.

Section 2023jp. 66.0617 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (4) (b) A public facilities needs assessment or revised public facilities needs assessment that is prepared under this subsection shall be available for public inspection and copying in the office of the clerk of the political subdivision municipality at least 20 days before the hearing under sub. (3).

SECTION 2023jq. 66.0617 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (5) (b) An ordinance enacted under this section may delineate geographically defined zones within the political subdivision municipality and may

impose impact fees on land development in a zone that differ from impact fees imposed on land development in other zones within the political subdivision municipality. The public facilities needs assessment that is required under sub. (4) shall explicitly identify the differences, such as land development or the need for those public facilities, which justify the differences between zones in the amount of impact fees imposed.

SECTION 2023jr. 66.0617 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (6) (b) May not exceed the proportionate share of the capital costs that are required to serve land development, as compared to existing uses of land within the political subdivision municipality.

SECTION 2023js. 66.0617 (6) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (6) (d) Shall be reduced to compensate for other capital costs imposed by the political subdivision municipality with respect to land development to provide or pay for public facilities, including special assessments, special charges, land dedications, or fees in lieu of land dedications under ch. 236 or any other items of value.

Section 2023jt. 66.0617 (6) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (6) (g) Shall be payable by the developer to the political subdivision municipality, either in full or in instalment installment payments that are approved by the political subdivision, before municipality, and may not be due on a date that is earlier than the date on which a building permit may be for the construction of a dwelling or other structure within the land development is issued or other required approval may be given by the political subdivision.

Section 2023ju. 66.0617 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (7) Low-cost housing. An ordinance enacted under this section may provide for an exemption from, or a reduction in the amount of, impact fees on land development that provides low-cost housing, except that no amount of an impact fee for which an exemption or reduction is provided under this subsection may be shifted to any other development in the land development in which the low-cost housing is located or to any other land development in the political subdivision municipality.

SECTION 2023jv. 66.0617 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (8) REQUIREMENTS FOR IMPACT FEE REVENUES. Revenues from impact fees shall be placed in a segregated, interest—bearing account and shall be accounted for separately from the other funds of the political subdivision municipality. Impact fee revenues and interest earned on impact fee revenues may be expended only for capital costs for which the impact fees were imposed.

Section 2023jw. 66.0617 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

shall specify that impact fees that are imposed and collected by a political subdivision municipality but are not used within a reasonable period of time after they are collected to pay the capital costs for which they were imposed shall be refunded to the current owner of the property with respect to which the impact fees were imposed. The ordinance shall specify, by type of public facility, reasonable time periods within which impact fees must be spent or refunded under this subsection. In determining the length of the time periods under the ordinance, a political subdivision municipality shall consider what are appropriate planning and financing periods for the particular types of public facilities for which the impact fees are imposed.

Section 2023jx. 66.0617 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (10) APPEAL. A political subdivision municipality that enacts an impact fee ordinance under this section shall, by ordinance, specify a procedure under which a developer upon whom an impact fee is imposed has the right to contest the amount, collection, or use of the impact fee to the governing body of the political subdivision municipality.

SECTION 2023ke. 66.0627 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0627 (3) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), before a special charge may be imposed a public hearing shall be held on the imposition of the proposed special charge by the governing body of the city, village, or town may determine the manner of providing notice of a special charge. Notice of the hearing shall be by class 1 notice under ch. 985, and the notice shall specify where a copy of the proposed ordinance relating to the special charge may be obtained.

SECTION 2023ks. 66.0821 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0821 (4) (b) For the purpose of making equitable charges for all services rendered by the sanitary sewerage system to the municipality or to citizens, corporations, and other users, the property benefited thereby may be classified, taking into consideration the volume of water, including surface or drain waters, the character of the sewage or waste and the nature of the use made of the sewerage system, including the sewage disposal plant. The Subject to sub. (8), the charges may also include standby charges to property not connected but for which such facilities have been made available.

Section 2023ksb. 66.0821 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0821 (4) (c) For the purpose of making equitable charges for all services rendered by a storm water and surface water sewerage system to users, the property served may be classified, taking into consideration the volume or peaking of storm

water or surface water discharge that is caused by the area of impervious surfaces, topography, impervious surfaces and other surface characteristics, extent and reliability of mitigation or treatment measures available to service the property, apart from measures provided by the storm water and surface water sewerage system, and any other considerations that are reasonably relevant to a use made of the storm water and surface water sewerage system. The Subject to sub. (8), the charges may also include standby charges to property not yet developed with significant impervious surfaces for which capacity has been made available in the storm water and surface water sewerage system.

SECTION 2023kse. 66.0821 (8) of the statutes is created to read:

66.0821 (8) No municipality may impose any charges under this section that are not uniformly assessed against all users of the system, unless the charges that are imposed meet the standards under s. 66.0617 (6).".

(END)