No state or federal funds passing through the state treasury may be paid to a hospice not having a valid license issued under this section.

b1417/2.2 Section 1900k. 50.97 of the statutes is amended to read:

50.97 Right of injunction. The department may, upon the advice of the attorney general, who shall represent the department in all proceedings under this section, institute an action in the name of the state in the circuit court for Dane County for injunctive relief or other process against any licensee, owner, operator, administrator or representative of any owner of a hospice for the violation of any of the provisions of this subchapter ss. 50.90 to 50.981 or rules promulgated under this subchapter ss. 50.90 to 50.981 if the violation affects the health, safety or welfare of individuals with terminal illness.

b1417/2.2 Section 1900L. 50.98 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

50.98 (1) Any person who violates this subchapter ss. 50.90 to 50.981 or rules promulgated under this subchapter ss. 50.90 to 50.981 may be required to forfeit not more than \$100 for the first violation and may be required to forfeit not more than \$200 for the 2nd or any later violation within a year. The period shall be measured using the dates of issuance of citations of the violations. Each day of violation constitutes a separate violation.

b1417/2.2 Section 1900m. 50.981 of the statutes is amended to read:

50.981 Fees permitted for a workshop or seminar. If the department develops and provides a workshop or seminar relating to the provision of services by hospices under this subchapter ss. 50.90 to 50.981, the department may establish a fee for each workshop or seminar and impose the fee on registrants for the workshop or seminar. A fee so established and imposed shall be in an amount sufficient to

reimburse the department for the costs directly associated with developing and providing the workshop or seminar.".

b1309/2.1 845. Page 656, line 10: after that line insert:

b1309/2.1 "Section 1966r. 51.20 (19) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

- 51.20 (19) (am) If an individual was found guilty but mentally ill under s. 971.163 or 971.165 and was subsequently involuntarily committed under this section, the department of health and family services or the county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437, whichever is applicable, shall, upon the individual's discharge, prepare a report for the department of corrections that contains all of the following:
 - 1. The individual's diagnosis.
- 2. A description of the individual's behavior before and while he or she was in the treatment facility.
- 3. The course of treatment of the individual while he or she was in the treatment facility.
- 4. The prognosis for the remission of symptoms and the potential for recidivism and for presenting a danger to himself or herself or others.
 - 5. Recommendations for future treatment.
- *b1309/2.1* Section 1967r. 51.37 (8m) of the statutes is created to read:
 - 51.37 (8m) If an individual was found guilty but mentally ill under s. 971.163 or 971.165 and was subsequently transferred to or detained in a state treatment facility under sub. (5), the department of health and family services shall, upon the individual's discharge, prepare a report for the department of corrections that contains all of the following:

1	(a) The individual's diagnosis.
2	(b) A description of the individual's behavior before and while he or she was in
3	the treatment facility.
4	(c) The course of treatment of the individual while he or she was in the
5	treatment facility.
6	(d) The prognosis for the remission of symptoms and the potential for
7	recidivism and for presenting a danger to himself or herself or others.
8	(e) Recommendations for future treatment.".
9	*b1409/1.1* 846. Page 656, line 10: after that line insert:
10	*b1409/1.1* "Section 1965b. 51.15 (1) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended
11	to read:
12	51.15 (1) (a) (intro.) A law enforcement officer or other person authorized to
13	take a child into custody under ch. 48 or to take a juvenile into custody under ch. 938
14	may take an individual into custody if the officer or person has cause to believe that
15	such the individual is mentally ill or, except as provided in subd. 5., is drug
16	dependent, or \underline{is} developmentally disabled, and that the individual evidences any of
17	the following:
18	*b1409/1.1* Section 1965c. 51.15 (1) (a) 5. of the statutes is repealed.
19	*b1409/1.1* Section 1965d. 51.15 (1) (c) of the statutes is repealed.
20	*b1409/1.1* Section 1965e. 51.15 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	51.15 (4) (a) In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, the law
22	enforcement officer or other person authorized to take a child into custody under ch.
23	48 or to take a juvenile into custody under ch. 938 shall sign a statement of
24	emergency detention which shall provide detailed specific information concerning

the recent overt act, attempt, or threat to act or omission on which the belief under sub. (1) is based and the names of the persons observing or reporting the recent overt act, attempt, or threat to act or omission. The law enforcement officer or other person is not required to designate in the statement whether the subject individual is mentally ill, developmentally disabled, or drug dependent, but shall allege that he or she has cause to believe that the individual evidences one or more of these conditions if sub. (1) (a) 1., 2., 3. or 4. is believed or mental illness, if sub. (1) (a) 5. is believed. The law enforcement officer or other person shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, the statement to the detention facility upon the delivery of the individual to it.

b1409/1.1 Section 1965f. 51.15 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.15 (5) DETENTION PROCEDURE; OTHER COUNTIES. In counties having a population of less than 500,000, the law enforcement officer or other person authorized to take a child into custody under ch. 48 or to take a juvenile into custody under ch. 938 shall sign a statement of emergency detention which that shall provide detailed specific information concerning the recent overt act, attempt, or threat to act or omission on which the belief under sub. (1) is based and the names of persons observing or reporting the recent overt act, attempt, or threat to act or omission. The law enforcement officer or other person is not required to designate in the statement whether the subject individual is mentally ill, developmentally disabled, or drug dependent, but shall allege that he or she has cause to believe that the individual evidences one or more of these conditions if sub. (1) (a) 1., 2., 3. or 4. is believed or mental illness, if sub. (1) (a) 5. is believed. The statement of emergency detention shall be filed by the officer or other person with the detention facility at the time of admission, and with the court immediately thereafter. The filing of the statement

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has the same effect as a petition for commitment under s. 51.20. When, upon the advice of the treatment staff, the director of a facility specified in sub. (2) determines that the grounds for detention no longer exist, he or she shall discharge the individual detained under this section. Unless a hearing is held under s. 51.20 (7) or 55.06 (11) (b), the subject individual may not be detained by the law enforcement officer or other person and the facility for more than a total of 72 hours, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays.

b1409/1.1 Section 1965g. 51.20 (1) (a) 2. e. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.20 (1) (a) 2. e. For an individual, other than an individual who is alleged to be drug dependent or developmentally disabled, after the advantages and disadvantages of and alternatives to accepting a particular medication or treatment have been explained to him or her and because of mental illness, evidences either incapability of expressing an understanding of the advantages and disadvantages of accepting medication or treatment and the alternatives, or substantial incapability of applying an understanding of the advantages, disadvantages, and alternatives to his or her mental illness in order to make an informed choice as to whether to accept or refuse medication or treatment; and evidences a substantial probability, as demonstrated by both the individual's treatment history and his or her recent acts or omissions, that the individual needs care or treatment to prevent further disability or deterioration and a substantial probability that he or she will, if left untreated, lack services necessary for his or her health or safety and suffer severe mental, emotional, or physical harm that will result in the loss of the individual's ability to function independently in the community or the loss of cognitive or volitional control over his or her thoughts or actions. The probability of suffering

severe mental, emotional, or physical harm is not substantial under this subd. 2. e. if reasonable provision for the individual's care or treatment is available in the community and there is a reasonable probability that the individual will avail himself or herself of these services or if the individual is appropriate for protective placement under s. 55.06. Food, shelter, or other care that is provided to an individual who is substantially incapable of obtaining food, shelter, or other care for himself or herself by any person other than a treatment facility does not constitute reasonable provision for the individual's care or treatment in the community under this subd. 2. e. The individual's status as a minor does not automatically establish a substantial probability of suffering severe mental, emotional, or physical harm under this subd. 2. e. This subd. 2. e. does not apply after November 30, 2001.

b1409/1.1 Section 1965h. 51.20 (1) (ad) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.20 (1) (ad) 1. If a petition under par. (a) is based on par. (a) 2. e., the petition shall be reviewed and approved by the attorney general or by his or her designee prior to or within 12 hours after the time that it is filed. If the attorney general or his or her designee disapproves or fails to act with respect to the petition, the petition may not be filed. If the attorney general or his or her designee disapproves or fails to act with respect to a petition under this subdivision within 12 hours after the time that it is filed, the individual, if detained under the petition, shall be released and the petition is void.

b1409/1.1 Section 1965i. 51.20 (1) (ad) 3. of the statutes is repealed.

b1409/1.1 Section 1965j. 51.20 (10) (cm) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 51.20 (10) (cm) and amended to read:

51.20 (10) (cm) Prior to or at the final hearing, for individuals for whom a petition is filed under sub. (1) (a) 2. e., the county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 shall furnish to the court and the subject individual an initial recommended written treatment plan that contains the goals of treatment, the type of treatment to be provided, and the expected providers. The treatment plan shall address the individual's needs for inpatient care, residential services, community support services, medication and its monitoring, case management, and other services to enable the person to live in the community upon release from an inpatient facility. The treatment plan shall contain information concerning the availability of the needed services and community treatment providers' acceptance of the individual into their programs. The treatment plan is only a recommendation and is not subject to approval or disapproval by the court. Failure to furnish a treatment plan under this subdivision paragraph does not constitute grounds for dismissal of the petition unless the failure is made in bad faith.

b1409/1.1 Section 1965k. 51.20 (10) (cm) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

b1409/1.1 Section 1965L. 51.20 (13) (g) 2d. c. of the statutes is repealed.

b1409/1.1 Section 1965m. 51.30 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.30 (3) (b) An individual's attorney or guardian ad litem and the corporation counsel shall have access to the files and records of the court proceedings under this chapter without the individual's consent and without modification of the records in order to prepare for involuntary commitment or recommitment proceedings, reexaminations, appeals, or other actions relating to detention, admission, or commitment under this chapter or ch. 971 or 975.

b1409/1.1 Section 1965n. 51.30 (4) (b) 11. of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	51.30 (4) (b) 11. To the subject individual's counsel or guardian ad litem and
2	the corporation counsel, without modification, at any time in order to prepare for
3	involuntary commitment or recommitment proceedings, reexaminations, appeals, or
4	other actions relating to detention, admission, commitment, or patients' rights under
5	this chapter or ch. 48, 971, or 975.
6	*b1409/1.1* Section 1965p. 51.30 (4) (b) 14. of the statutes is repealed.".
7	*b1432/1.1* 847. Page 656, line 10: after that line insert:
8	*b1432/1.1* "Section 11966cb. 51.13 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read
9	51.13 (1) (a) Except as provided in par. (c) and s. 51.45 (2m), the application for
10	voluntary admission of a minor who is under 14 years of age or older to an approved
11	inpatient treatment facility for the primary purpose of treatment for alcoholism or
12	drug abuse and the application for voluntary admission of a minor who is under 14
13	years of age to an approved inpatient treatment facility for the primary purpose of
14	treatment for mental illness, developmental disability, alcoholism, or drug abuse
15	shall be executed by a parent who has legal custody of the minor or the minor's
16	guardian. Any statement or conduct by a minor under the age of 14 who is the subject
17	of an application for voluntary admission under this paragraph indicating that the
18	minor does not agree to admission to the facility shall be noted on the face of the
19	application and shall be noted in the petition required by sub. (4).
20	*b1432/1.1* Section 1966cc. 51.13 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read
21	51.13 (1) (b) The application for voluntary admission of a minor who is 14 years

of age or over older to an approved inpatient treatment facility for the primary

purpose of treatment for mental illness or developmental disability shall be executed

(1) (c) 1, and amended to read:

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by the minor and a parent who has legal custody of the minor or the minor's guardian,
except as provided in par. (c) (1).
b1432/1.1 Section 1966cd. 51.13 (1) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 51.13

51.13 (1) (c) 1. If a minor 14 years of age or older wishes to be admitted to an approved inpatient treatment facility but a parent with legal custody or the guardian refuses to execute the application for admission or cannot be found, or if there is no parent with legal custody, the minor or a person acting on the minor's behalf may petition the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 in the county of residence of the parent or guardian for approval of the admission. A copy of the petition and a notice of hearing shall be served upon the parent or guardian at his or her last–known address. If, after a hearing, the court determines that the parent or guardian's consent is of the parent or guardian is being unreasonably withheld er, that the parent or guardian cannot be found, or that there is no parent with legal custody, and that the admission is proper under the standards prescribed in sub. (4) (d), it the court shall approve the minor's admission without the parent or guardian's consent of the parent or guardian.

3. The court may, at the minor's request, temporarily approve the admission pending hearing on the petition. If a hearing is held under this subsection subd. 1. or 2., no review or hearing under sub. (4) is required.

b1432/1.1 Section 1966ce. 51.13 (1) (c) 2. of the statutes is created to read: 51.13 (1) (c) 2. If a minor under 14 years of age wishes to be admitted to an approved inpatient treatment facility but a parent with legal custody or the guardian cannot be found, or if there is no parent with legal custody, the minor or a person acting on the minor's behalf may petition the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction

under chs. 48 and 938 in the county of residence of the parent or guardian for approval of the admission. A copy of the petition and a notice of hearing shall be served upon the parent or guardian at his or her last–known address. If, after a hearing, the court determines that the parent or guardian cannot be found or that there is no parent with legal custody, and that the admission is proper under the standards prescribed in sub. (4) (d), the court shall approve the minor's admission without the consent of the parent or guardian.

b1432/1.1 Section 1966cf. 51.13 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 51.13 (1) (d) A minor against whom a petition or statement has been filed under s. 51.15, 51.20, or 51.45 (12) or (13) may be admitted under this section. The court may permit the minor to become a voluntary patient pursuant to under this section upon approval by the court of an application executed pursuant to under par. (a), (b), or (c), and the judge. The court shall then dismiss the proceedings under s. 51.15, 51.20, or 51.45 (12) or (13). If a hearing is held under this subsection, no hearing under sub. (4) is required.

b1432/1.1 Section 1966eg. 51.13 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read: 51.13 (1) (e) A minor may be admitted immediately upon the approval of the application executed under par. (a) or (b) by the treatment director of the facility or his or her designee or, in the case of a center for the developmentally disabled, the director of the center or his or her designee, and the director of the appropriate county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 if such the county department is to be responsible for the cost of the minor's therapy and treatment. Approval shall be based upon an informed professional opinion that the minor is in need of psychiatric services or services for developmental disability, alcoholism, or drug abuse, that the treatment facility offers inpatient therapy or treatment which that is appropriate for

the minor's needs, and that inpatient care in the facility is the least restrictive therapy or treatment consistent with the minor's needs. In the case of a minor who is being admitted for the primary purpose of treatment for alcoholism or drug abuse, approval shall also be based on the results of an alcohol or other drug abuse assessment that conforms to the criteria specified in s. 938.547 (4).

b1432/1.1 Section 1966ch. 51.13 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 51.13 (2) (a) A minor may be admitted to an inpatient treatment facility without complying with the requirements of this section if the admission does not involve the department or a county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437, or a contract between a treatment facility and the department or between a treatment facility and a county department. The application for voluntary admission of a minor who is 14 years of age or older to an inpatient treatment facility for the primary purpose of treatment for alcoholism or drug abuse and the application for voluntary admission of a minor who is under 14 years of age to an inpatient treatment facility for the primary purpose of treatment for mental illness, developmental disability, alcoholism, or drug abuse shall be executed by a parent who has legal custody of the minor or by the minor's guardian. The application for voluntary admission of a minor who is 14 years of age or ever older to an inpatient treatment facility for the primary purpose of treatment for mental illness or developmental disability shall be executed by the minor and a parent who has legal custody of the minor or the minor's guardian.

b1432/1.1 Section 1966ci. 51.13 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 51.13 (2) (b) Notwithstanding par. (a), any minor who is 14 years of age or older and who is admitted to an inpatient treatment facility for the primary purpose of treatment of mental illness, or developmental disability, alcoholism or drug abuse has the right to be discharged within 48 hours of after his or her request, as provided

in sub. (7) (b). At the time of admission, any minor who is 14 years of age or older and who is admitted to an inpatient treatment facility for the primary purpose of treatment for mental illness or developmental disability, and the minor's parent or guardian, shall be informed of this right orally and in writing by the director of the hospital or such person's designee. This paragraph does not apply to individuals who receive services in hospital emergency rooms.

b1432/1.1 Section 1966ck. 51.13 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (2) (d) Writing materials for use in requesting a discharge shall be made available at all times to all minors who are 14 years of age or older and who are admitted under this subsection for the primary purpose of treatment for mental illness or developmental disability. The staff of the facility shall assist such minors in preparing or submitting requests for discharge.

b1432/1.1 Section 1966cm. 51.13 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 51.13 (3) (b) A minor 14 years of age or older who has been admitted to an inpatient treatment facility for the primary purpose of treatment for mental illness or developmental disability, a minor who is voluntarily admitted under sub. (1) (c) 1. or 2., and his or her the minor's parent or guardian shall also be informed by the director or his or her designee, both orally and in writing, in easily understandable language, of the minor's right to request discharge and to be discharged within 48 hours of the request if no petition or statement is filed for emergency detention, emergency commitment, involuntary commitment, or protective placement, and the minor's right to consent to or refuse treatment as provided in s. 51.61 (6).

b1432/1.1 Section 1966cn. 51.13 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 51.13 (3) (c) A minor 14 years of age or older who has been admitted to an inpatient facility for the primary purpose of treatment for alcoholism or drug abuse.

a minor under 14 years of age who has been admitted to an inpatient treatment facility for the primary purpose of treatment for mental illness, developmental disability, alcoholism, or drug abuse, and his or her the minor's parent or guardian shall also be informed by the director or his or her designee, both orally and in writing, in easily understandable language, of the right of the parent or guardian to request the minor's discharge as provided in sub. (7) (b) and of the minor's right to a hearing to determine continued appropriateness of the admission as provided in sub. (7) (c).

b1432/1.1 Section 1966cp. 51.13 (4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (4) (a) (intro.) Within 3 days of after the admission of a minor under sub. (1), or within 3 days of after application for admission of the minor, whichever occurs first, the treatment director of the facility to which the minor is admitted or, in the case of a center for the developmentally disabled, the director of the center, shall file a verified petition for review of the admission in the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 in the county in which the facility is located. A copy of the application for admission and of any relevant professional evaluations shall be attached to the petition. The petition shall contain all of the following:

b1432/1.1 Section 1966cr. 51.13 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 51.13 (4) (c) A copy of the petition shall be provided by the petitioner to the minor and his or her parents or guardian within 5 days of after admission.

b1432/1.1 Section 1966ct. 51.13 (4) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 51.13 (4) (d) Within 5 days of <u>after</u> the filing of the petition, the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 shall determine, based on the allegations of the petition and accompanying documents, whether the admission is

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voluntary on the part of the minor if the minor is 14 years of age or older and whether there is a prima facie showing that the minor is in need of psychiatric services, or services for developmental disability, alcoholism, or drug abuse, that the treatment facility offers inpatient therapy or treatment which that is appropriate to the minor's needs, and that inpatient care in the treatment facility is the least restrictive therapy or treatment consistent with the needs of the minor, and, if the minor is 14 years of age or older and has been admitted to the treatment facility for the primary purpose of treatment for mental illness or developmental disability, whether the admission is voluntary on the part of the minor. If such a showing is made, the court shall permit voluntary admission. If the court is unable to make such those determinations based on the petition and accompanying documents, it shall the court may dismiss the petition as provided in par. (h); or order additional information to be produced as it deems necessary for the court to make such review, and make such those determinations within 14 days of after admission or application for admission, whichever is sooner; or it may hold a hearing within 14 days of after admission or application for admission, whichever is sooner. If a notation of the minor's unwillingness appears on the face of the petition, or if a hearing has been requested by the minor; or by the minor's counsel, parent, or guardian, the court shall hold a hearing to review the admission within 14 days of after admission or application for admission, whichever is sooner, and shall appoint counsel to represent the minor if the minor is unrepresented. If the court deems considers it necessary, it the court shall also appoint a guardian ad litem to represent the minor.

b1432/1.1 Section 1966cv. 51.13 (4) (g) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (4) (g) (intro.) If the court finds that the minor is in need of psychiatric
services or services for developmental disability, alcoholism, or drug abuse in an
inpatient facility, and that the inpatient facility to which the minor is admitted offers
therapy or treatment that is appropriate for the minor's needs and that is the least
restrictive therapy or treatment consistent with the minor's needs, and, in the case
of a minor aged 14 or older who is being admitted for the primary purpose of
treatment for mental illness or developmental disability, that the application is
voluntary on the part of the minor, the court shall permit voluntary admission. If the
court finds that the therapy or treatment in the inpatient facility to which the minor
is admitted is not appropriate or is not the least restrictive therapy or treatment
consistent with the minor's needs, the court may order placement in or transfer to
another more appropriate or less restrictive inpatient facility, except that the court
may not permit or order placement in or transfer to the northern or southern centers
for the developmentally disabled of a minor unless the department gives approval
for the placement or transfer, and if the order of the court is approved by all of the
following if applicable:
b1432/1.1 Section 1966cvv. 51.13 (4) (g) 1. of the statutes is amended to
read:
51.13 (4) (g) 1. The minor if he or she is aged 14 or older and is being admitted
for the primary purpose of treatment for mental illness or developmental disability.
b1432/1.1 Section 1966cw. 51.13 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
51.13 (6) (a) A minor may be admitted to an inpatient treatment facility
without review of the application under sub. (4) for diagnosis and evaluation or for

dental, medical, or psychiatric services for a period not to exceed 12 days. The

application for short-term admission of a minor shall be executed by the minor's

parent or guardian, and by the minor if he or she, if the minor is 14 years of age or older and is being admitted for the primary purpose of diagnosis, evaluation, or services for mental illness or developmental disability, by the minor. A minor may not be readmitted to an inpatient treatment facility for psychiatric services under this paragraph within 120 days of a previous admission under this paragraph.

b1432/1.1 Section 1966cx. 51.13 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.13 (7) (a) If a minor is admitted to an inpatient treatment facility while under 14 years of age, and if upon reaching age 14 is in need of further inpatient care and treatment primarily for mental illness or developmental disability, the director of the facility shall request the minor and the minor's parent or guardian to execute an application for voluntary admission. Such an application may be executed within 30 days prior to a minor's 14th birthday. If the application is executed, a petition for review shall be filed in the manner prescribed in sub. (4), unless such a review has been held within the last 120 days. If the application is not executed by the time of the minor's 14th birthday, the minor shall be discharged unless a petition or statement is filed for emergency detention, emergency commitment, involuntary commitment, or protective placement by the end of the next day in which the court transacts business.

b1432/1.1 Section 1966cy. 51.13 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 51.13 (7) (b) Any minor 14 years of age or over older who is voluntarily admitted under this section for the primary purpose of treatment for mental illness or developmental disability, and any minor who is voluntarily admitted under sub. (1) (c) 1. or 2., may request discharge in writing. In the case of a minor 14 years of age or older who is voluntarily admitted under this section for the primary purpose of treatment for alcoholism or drug abuse or a minor under 14 years of age who is

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voluntarily admitted under this section for the primary purpose of treatment for mental illness, developmental disability, alcoholism, or drug abuse, the parent or guardian of the minor may make the request. Upon receipt of any form of written request for discharge from a minor, the director of the facility in which the minor is admitted shall immediately notify the minor's parent or guardian. The minor shall be discharged within 48 hours after submission of the request, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, unless a petition or statement is filed for emergency detention, emergency commitment, involuntary commitment, or protective placement.

b1432/1.1 SECTION 1966cz. 51.13 (7) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 51.13 (7) (c) Any minor 14 years of age or older who is voluntarily admitted under this section for the primary purpose of treatment for alcoholism or drug abuse, and who is not discharged under par. (b), and any minor under 14 years of age who is voluntarily admitted under this section for the primary purpose of treatment for mental illness, developmental disability, alcoholism, or drug abuse, and who is not discharged under par. (b), may submit a written request to the court for a hearing to determine the continued appropriateness of the admission. If the director or staff of the inpatient treatment facility to which a minor under the age of 14 described in this paragraph is admitted observes conduct by the minor which that demonstrates an unwillingness to remain at the facility, including but not limited to a written expression of opinion or unauthorized absence, the director shall file a written request with the court to determine the continued appropriateness of the admission. A request which that is made personally by a minor under this paragraph shall be signed by the minor but need not be written or composed by him or her the minor. A request for a hearing under this paragraph which that is received by staff or the

director of the facility in which the child is admitted shall be filed with the court by the director. The court shall order a hearing upon request if no hearing concerning the minor's admission has been held within 120 days of after receipt of the request. The court shall appoint counsel and, if the court deems considers it necessary, a guardian ad litem to represent the minor and if a hearing is held shall hold the hearing within 14 days of after the request, unless the parties agree to a longer period. After the hearing, the court shall make disposition of the matter in the manner provided in sub. (4).

b1432/1.1 Section 1966r. 51.22 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.22 (2) Voluntary Except as provided in s. 51.13 (2), voluntary admissions under ss. 51.10, 51.13, and 51.45 (10) shall be through the county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 serving the person's county of residence, or through the department if the person to be admitted is a nonresident of this state. Admissions through a county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 shall be made in accordance with s. 51.42 (3) (as) 1. or 51.437 (4rm) (a). Admissions through the department shall be made in accordance with sub. (3).

b1432/1.1 Section 1967f. 51.35 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.35 (3) (a) A licensed psychologist of a secured correctional facility ex, a secured child caring institution, or a secured group home, or a licensed physician of the department of corrections, who has reason to believe that any individual confined in the secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution, or secured group home is, in his or her opinion, in need of services for developmental disability, alcoholism, or drug dependency or in need of psychiatric services, and who has obtained voluntary consent to make a transfer for treatment, shall make a report, in writing, to the superintendent of the secured correctional facility, secured child

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caring institution, or secured group home, stating the nature and basis of the belief and verifying the consent. In the case of a minor age 14 and over or older who is in need of services for developmental disability or who is in need of psychiatric services, the minor and the minor's parent or guardian shall consent unless the minor is admitted under s. 51.13 (1) (c); and in 1. In the case of a minor age 14 or older who is in need of services for alcoholism or drug dependency or a minor under the age of 14 who is in need of services for developmental disability, alcoholism, or drug dependency or in need of psychiatric services, only the minor's parent or guardian need consent unless the minor is admitted under s. 51.13 (1) (c). The superintendent shall inform, orally and in writing, the minor and the minor's parent or guardian, that transfer is being considered and shall inform them of the basis for the request and their rights as provided in s. 51.13 (3). If the department of corrections, upon review of a request for transfer, determines that transfer is appropriate, that department shall immediately notify the department of health and family services and, if the department of health and family services consents, the department of corrections may immediately transfer the individual. The department of health and family services shall file a petition under s. 51.13 (4) (a) in the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 of the county where the treatment facility is located.

b1432/1.1 Section 1967g. 51.35 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 51.35 (3) (b) The court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 shall determine, based on the allegations of the petition and accompanying documents, whether the transfer is voluntary on the part of the minor if he or she is aged 14 or over, and whether the transfer of the minor to an inpatient facility is appropriate and consistent with the needs of the minor. In the event that and, if the

minor is 14 years of age or older and is being transferred for the purpose of receiving services for developmental disability or psychiatric services, whether the transfer is voluntary on the part of the minor. If the court is unable to make such those determinations based on the petition and accompanying documents, it shall the court may order additional information to be produced as it deems necessary to make such review, and make such those determinations within 14 days of after admission, or it the court may hold a hearing within 14 days of after admission. If a notation of the minor's unwillingness appears on the face of the petition, or that if a hearing has been requested by the minor, or by the minor's counsel, guardian ad litem, parent, or guardian, the court shall hold a hearing and appoint counsel or a guardian ad litem for the minor as provided in s. 51.13 (4) (d). At the conclusion of the hearing, the court shall approve or disapprove the request for transfer. If the minor is under the continuing jurisdiction of the court of another county, the court may order the case transferred together with all appropriate records to that court.

b1432/1.1 Section 1967h. 51.35 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 51.35 (3) (c) A licensed psychologist of a secured correctional facility ex, a secured child caring institution, or a secured group home, or a licensed physician of the department of corrections, who has reason to believe that any individual confined in the secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution, or secured group home, in his or her opinion, is mentally ill, drug dependent, or developmentally disabled and is dangerous as described in s. 51.20 (1) (a) 2. a., b., c., or d., is mentally ill, is dangerous, and satisfies the standard under s. 51.20 (1) (a) 2. e., or is an alcoholic and is dangerous as described in s. 51.45 (13) (a) 1. and 2., shall file a written report with the superintendent of the secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution, or secured group home, stating the nature and basis of the belief.

If the superintendent, upon review of the allegations in the report, determines that transfer is appropriate, he or she shall file a petition according to s. 51.20 or 51.45 in the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chs. 48 and 938 of the county where the secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution, or secured group home is located. The court shall hold a hearing according to procedures provided in s. 51.20 or 51.45 (13).

b1432/1.1 Section 1967i. 51.35 (3) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act 9, section 1558d, and 2001 Wisconsin Act (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

51.35 (3) (c) A licensed psychologist of a secured correctional facility, a secured child caring institution, or a secured group home, or a licensed physician of the department of corrections, who has reason to believe that any individual confined in the secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution, or secured group home, in his or her opinion, is mentally ill, drug dependent, or developmentally disabled and is dangerous as described in s. 51.20 (1) (a) 2., or is an alcoholic and is dangerous as described in s. 51.45 (13) (a) 1. and 2., shall file a written report with the superintendent of the secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution, or secured group home, stating the nature and basis of the belief. If the superintendent, upon review of the allegations in the report, determines that transfer is appropriate, he or she shall file a petition according to s. 51.20 or 51.45 in the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under ch. 48 of the county where the secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution, or secured group home is located. The court shall hold a hearing according to procedures provided in s. 51.20 or 51.45 (13).

b1432/1.1 Section 1967j. 51.35 (3) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.35 (3) (g) A minor 14 years of age or older who is transferred to a treatment facility under par. (a) for the purpose of receiving services for developmental disability or psychiatric services may request in writing a return to the secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution, or secured group home. In the case of a minor 14 years of age or older who is transferred to a treatment facility under par. (a) for the purpose of receiving services for alcoholism or drug dependency or a minor under 14 years of age, who is transferred to a treatment facility under par. (a) for the purpose of receiving services for developmental disability, alcoholism, or drug dependency, or psychiatric services, the parent or guardian may make the request. Upon receipt of a request for return from a minor 14 years of age or ever older, the director shall immediately notify the minor's parent or guardian. The minor shall be returned to the secured correctional facility, secured child caring institution, or secured group home within 48 hours after submission of the request unless a petition or statement is filed for emergency detention, emergency commitment, involuntary commitment, or protective placement."

b1544/2.3 848. Page 656, line 10: after that line insert:

b1544/2.3 "**S**ECTION **1967n.** 51.375 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 51.375 (2) (a).

b1544/2.3 Section 1967p. 51.375 (2) (b) of the statutes is created to read: 51.375 (2) (b) The department may administer a lie detector test to a sex offender as part of the sex offender's programming, care, or treatment. A patient may refuse to submit to a lie detector test under this paragraph. This refusal does not

constitute a general refusal to participate in treatment. A person administering a lie detector test under this paragraph may not ask the subject of the test any question

that can reasonably be anticipated to elicit information as to whether the subject committed an offense for which the subject has not been convicted, found not guilty by reason of mental disease or defect, or adjudicated delinquent. The results of a lie detector test under this paragraph may be used only in the care, treatment, or assessment of the subject or in programming for the subject. The results of a test may be disclosed only to persons employed at the facility at which the subject is placed who need to know the results for purposes related to care, treatment, or assessment of the patient, the committing court, the patient's attorney, or the attorney representing the state in a proceeding under ch. 980.".

b1409/1.2 849. Page 660, line 5: after that line insert:

b1409/1.2 "Section 1982v. 51.61 (1) (g) 3m. of the statutes is amended to read:

51.61 (1) (g) 3m. Following a final commitment order for a subject individual who is determined to meet the commitment standard under s. 51.20 (1) (a) 2. e., the court shall issue an order permitting medication or treatment to be administered to the individual regardless of his or her consent. This subdivision does not apply after November 30, 2001."

b1432/1.2 850. Page 660, line 5: after that line insert:

b1432/1.2 "Section 1993f. 51.47 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.47 (title) Alcohol and other drug abuse treatment for minors without parental consent.

b1432/1.2 Section 1993g. 51.47 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.47 (1) Except as provided in subs. (2) and (3), any physician or health care facility licensed, approved, or certified by the state for the provision of health services

may render preventive, diagnostic, assessment, evaluation, or treatment services for the abuse of alcohol or other drugs to a minor 12 years of age or over without obtaining the consent of or notifying the minor's parent or guardian and may render those services to a minor under 12 years of age without obtaining the consent of or notifying the minor's parent or guardian, but only if a parent with legal custody or guardian of the minor under 12 years of age cannot be found or there is no parent with legal custody of the minor under 12 years of age. An assessment under this subsection shall conform to the criteria specified in s. 938.547 (4). Unless consent of the minor's parent or guardian is required under sub. (2), the physician or health care facility shall obtain the minor's consent prior to billing a 3rd party for services under this section. If the minor does not consent, the minor shall be solely responsible for paying for the services, which the department shall bill to the minor under s. 46.03 (18) (b).

b1432/1.2 Section 1993h. 51.48 of the statutes is amended to read:

treatment of minor without minor's consent. A minor's parent or guardian may consent to have the minor tested for the presence of alcohol or other drugs in the minor's body or to have the minor assessed by an approved treatment facility for the minor's abuse of alcohol or other drugs according to the criteria specified in s. 938.547 (4). If, based on the assessment, the approved treatment facility determines that the minor is in need of treatment for the abuse of alcohol or other drugs, the approved treatment facility shall recommend a plan of treatment that is appropriate for the minor's needs and that provides for the least restrictive form of treatment consistent with the minor's needs. That treatment may consist of outpatient treatment, day treatment, or, if the minor is admitted in accordance with s. 51.13, inpatient

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treatment. The parent or guardian of the minor may consent to the treatment recommended under this section. Consent of the minor is not required for testing, assessment, or treatment under this section is not required.

b1432/1.2 Section 1993j. 51.61 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.61 (6) Subject to the rights of patients provided under this chapter, the department, county departments under s. 51.42 or 51.437, and any agency providing services under an agreement with the department or those county departments have the right to use customary and usual treatment techniques and procedures in a reasonable and appropriate manner in the treatment of patients who are receiving services under the mental health system, for the purpose of ameliorating the conditions for which the patients were admitted to the system. The written, informed consent of any patient shall first be obtained, unless the person has been found not competent to refuse medication and treatment under s. 51.61 (1) (g) or the person is a minor 14 years or older who is receiving services for alcoholism or drug abuse or a minor under 14 years of age who is receiving services for mental illness. developmental disability, alcoholism, or drug abuse. In the case of a minor, the written, informed consent of the parent or guardian is required. Except, except as provided under an order issued under s. 51.13 (1) (c) or 51.14 (3) (h) or (4) (g), if. If the minor is 14 years of age or older and is receiving services for mental illness or developmental disability, the written, informed consent of the minor and the minor's parent or guardian is required. A refusal of either a minor 14 years of age or older or the minor's parent or guardian to provide written, informed consent for admission to an approved inpatient treatment facility is reviewable under s. 51.13 (1) (c) 1. and a refusal of either a minor 14 years of age or older or the minor's parent or guardian

1	to provide written, informed consent for outpatient mental health treatment is
2	reviewable under s. 51.14.".
3	*b1544/2.4* 851. Page 660, line 5: after that line insert:
4	* b1544/2.4 * "Section 1993d. 51.61 (1) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 51.61
5	(1) (cm) 1. and amended to read:
6	51.61 (1) (cm) 1. Have Patients have an unrestricted right to send sealed mail
7	and receive sealed mail to or from legal counsel, the courts, governmental
8	government officials, private physicians, and licensed psychologists, and have
9	reasonable access to letter writing materials including postage stamps. A patient
10	shall also have a right to send sealed mail and receive sealed mail to or from other
11	persons, subject to physical examination in the patient's presence if there is reason
12	to believe that such communication contains contraband materials or objects which
13	that threaten the security of patients, prisoners, or staff. Such reasons shall be
14	written in the individual's treatment record. The officers and staff of a facility may
15	not read any mail covered by this paragraph subdivision.
16	*b1544/2.4* Section 1993e. 51.61 (1) (cm) (intro.) of the statutes is created to
17	read:
18	51.61 (1) (cm) Have the rights specified under subd. 1. to send and receive
19	sealed mail, subject to the limitations specified under subd. 2.
20	* b1544/2.4 * Section 1993f. 51.61 (1) (cm) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
21	51.61 (1) (cm) 2. The rights of a patient detained or committed under ch. 980
22	to send and receive sealed mail are subject to the following limitations:
23	a. If the mail appears to be from legal counsel, a court, a government official,
24	or a private physician or licensed psychologist, an officer or staff member of the

facility at which the patient is placed may delay delivery of the mail to the patient for a reasonable period of time to verify whether the person named as the sender actually sent the mail; may open the mail in the presence of the patient and inspect it for contraband; or may, if the officer or staff member cannot determine whether the mail contains contraband, return the mail to the sender along with notice of the facility mail policy.

b. If the mail is to or from a person other than a person specified in subd. 2. a., an officer or staff member of the facility at which the patient is placed may open the mail outside the presence of the patient and inspect it for contraband or other objects that pose a threat to security at the facility.

c. If the mail appears to be from a person other than a person specified in subd.

2. a., the director of the facility or his or her designee may, in accordance with the standards and the procedure under sub. (2) for denying a right for cause, authorize a member of the facility treatment staff to read the mail, if the director or his or her designee has reason to believe that the mail could pose a threat to security at the facility or seriously interfere with the treatment, rights, or safety of others.

b1544/2.4 Section 1993g. 51.61 (1) (i) 1. of the statutes is amended to read: 51.61 (1) (i) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., have a right to be free from physical restraint and isolation except for emergency situations or when isolation or restraint is a part of a treatment program. Isolation or restraint may be used only when less restrictive measures are ineffective or not feasible and shall be used for the shortest time possible. When a patient is placed in isolation or restraint, his or her status shall be reviewed once every 30 minutes. Each facility shall have a written policy covering the use of restraint or isolation which that ensures that the dignity of the individual is protected, that the safety of the individual is ensured, and that

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there is regular, frequent monitoring by trained staff to care for bodily needs as may be required. Isolation or restraint may be used for emergency situations only when it is likely that the patient may physically harm himself or herself or others. The treatment director shall specifically designate physicians who are authorized to order isolation or restraint, and shall specifically designate licensed psychologists who are authorized to order isolation. In the instance where If the treatment director is not a physician, the medical director shall make the designation. In the case of a center for the developmentally disabled, use shall be authorized by the director of the center. The authorization for emergency use of isolation or restraint shall be in writing, except that isolation or restraint may be authorized in emergencies for not more than one hour, after which time an appropriate order in writing shall be obtained from the physician or licensed psychologist designated by the director, in the case of isolation, or the physician so designated in the case of restraint. Emergency isolation or restraint may not be continued for more than 24 hours without a new written order. Isolation may be used as part of a treatment program if it is part of a written treatment plan, and the rights specified in this subsection are provided to the patient. The use of isolation as a part of a treatment plan shall be explained to the patient and to his or her guardian, if any, by the person who undertakes such provides the treatment. Such A treatment plan that incorporates isolation shall be evaluated at least once every 2 weeks. Patients who have a recent history of physical aggression may be restrained during transport to or from the facility. Persons who are committed or transferred under s. 51.35 (3) or 51.37 or under ch. 971 or 975, or who are detained or committed under ch. 980, and who, while under this status, are transferred to a hospital, as defined in s. 50.33 (2), for medical care may be isolated for security reasons within locked facilities in the hospital.

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Patients who are committed or transferred under s. 51.35 (3) or 51.37 or under ch. 971 or 975, or who are detained or committed under ch. 980, may be restrained for

3 security reasons during transport to or from the facility.

b1544/2.4 Section 1993h. 51.61 (1) (i) 2. of the statutes is amended to read: 51.61 (1) (i) 2. Patients in the maximum security facility at the Mendota Mental Health Institute may be locked in their rooms during the night shift and for a period of no longer than one hour and 30 minutes during each change of shift by staff to permit staff review of patient needs. Patients detained or committed under ch. 980 and placed in a facility specified under s. 980.065 may be locked in their rooms during the night shift, if they reside in a maximum or medium security unit in which each room is equipped with a toilet and sink, or if they reside in a unit in which each room is not equipped with a toilet and sink and the number of patients outside their rooms equals or exceeds the number of toilets in the unit, except that patients who do not have toilets in their rooms must be given an opportunity to use a toilet at least once every hour, or more frequently if medically indicated. Patients in the maximum security facility at the Mendota Mental Health Institute, or patients detained or committed under ch. 980 and placed in a facility specified under s. 980.065, may also be locked in their rooms on a unit-wide or facility-wide basis as an emergency measure as needed for security purposes to deal with an escape or attempted escape, the discovery of a dangerous weapon in the unit or facility or the receipt of reliable information that a dangerous weapon is in the unit or facility, or to prevent or control a riot or the taking of a hostage. A unit-wide or facility-wide emergency isolation order may only be authorized by the director of the unit or maximum security facility where the order is applicable or his or her designee and shall. A unit-wide or facility-wide emergency isolation order affecting the Mendota Mental Health

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Institute must be approved within one hour after it is authorized by the director of the Mendota mental health facility Mental Health Institute or the director's designee. An emergency order for unit-wide or facility-wide isolation may only be in effect for the period of time needed to preserve order while dealing with the situation and may not be used as a substitute for adequate staffing. During a period of unit-wide or facility-wide isolation, the status of each patient shall be reviewed every 30 minutes to ensure the safety and comfort of the patient, and each patient who is locked in a room without a toilet shall be given an opportunity to use a toilet at least once every hour, or more frequently if medically indicated. Each unit in the maximum security facility at the Mendota Mental Health Institute and each unit in a facility specified under s. 980.065 shall have a written policy covering the use of isolation which that ensures that the dignity of the individual is protected, that the safety of the individual is secured, and that there is regular, frequent monitoring by trained staff to care for bodily needs as may be required. Each policy The isolation policies shall be reviewed and approved by the director of the Mendota Mental Health Institute or the director's designee, or by the director of the facility specified under s. 980.065 or his or her designee, whichever is applicable.

b1544/2.4 Section 1993i. 51.61 (1) (o) of the statutes is amended to read:

51.61 (1) (o) Except as otherwise provided, have a right not to be filmed or taped, unless the patient signs an informed and voluntary consent which that specifically authorizes a named individual or group to film or tape the patient for a particular purpose or project during a specified time period. The patient may specify in such consent periods during which, or situations in which, the patient may not be filmed or taped. If a patient is legally incompetent, such consent shall be granted on behalf of the patient by the patient's guardian. A patient in Goodland Hall at the

Mendota Mental Health Institute, or a patient detained or committed under ch. 980 and placed in a facility specified under s. 980.065, may be filmed or taped for security purposes without the patient's consent, except that such a patient may not be filmed in patient bedrooms or bathrooms for any purpose without the patient's consent.".

b1551/3.3 852. Page 660, line 5: after that line insert:

b1551/3.3 "Section 1994p. 59.20 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 59.20 (3) (c) Any board may, by ordinance, provide that the cut-off reception time for the filing and recording of documents shall be advanced by one-half one hour in any official business day during which time the register of deeds office is open to the public, in order to complete the processing, recording, and indexing to conform to the day of reception. Any register of deeds may provide in his or her notice under s. 19.34 (1) that requests for inspection or copying of the records of his or her office may be made only during a specified period of not less than 35 hours per week. For all other purposes, the register of deeds office shall remain open to the public during usual business hours.".

b1565/1.3 853. Page 660, line 5: after that line insert:

b1565/1.3 "Section 1994d. 59.05 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.05 (2) If two-fifths of the legal voters of any county, to be determined by the registration or poll lists of the last previous general election held in the county, the names of which voters shall appear on some one of the registration or poll lists of such election, present to the board a petition conforming to the requirements of s. 8.40 asking for a change of the county seat to some other place designated in the petition, the board shall submit the question of removal of the county seat to a vote of the qualified voters of the county. The board shall file the question as provided in s. 8.37.

The election shall be held only on the day of the general election, notice of the election shall be given and the election shall be conducted as in the case of the election of officers on that day, and the votes shall be canvassed, certified and returned in the same manner as other votes at that election. The question to be submitted shall be "Shall the county seat of county be removed to?"—."".

b1599/2.10 854. Page 660, line 5: after that line insert:

b1599/2.10 "Section 10994m. 59.08 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.08 (7) (b) The question of the consolidation of the counties shall be submitted to the voters at the next election <u>authorized under s. 8.065 (2)</u> or an election <u>authorized under s. 8.065 (3)</u> to be held on the first Tuesday in April, or the next regular election, or at a special election to be held on the day fixed in a date specified in the order which shall be no sooner than 45 days after the date of the order issued under par. (a), which day date shall be the same in each of the counties proposing to consolidate. A copy of the order shall be filed with the county clerk of each of the counties as provided in s. 8.37. If the question of consolidation is submitted at a special election, it shall be held not less than 42 days nor more than 60 days from the completion of the consolidation agreement, but not within 60 days of any spring or general election.".

b1601/1.6 **855.** Page 660, line 5: after that line insert:

b1601/1.6 "Section 1994m. 59.08 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.08 (9) The ballot shall have on the back or reverse side the endorsements provided by law for ballots for general elections and shall be marked, punched or labeled by the elector and counted and canvassed as other ballots cast on questions

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in the county are counted and canvassed. The election shall be conducted by the same officers and in the same manner as are other elections in the county. The results of the election shall be certified to the judges of the circuit courts for the counties.".

b1855/2.1 856. Page 664, line 6: after that line insert:

b1855/2.1 "Section 1997t. 59.43 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.43 (1) (a) Record or cause to be recorded in suitable books to be kept in his or her office, correctly and legibly all deeds, mortgages, instruments and writings authorized by law to be recorded in his or her office and left with him or her for that purpose, provided such documents have plainly printed or typewritten thereon the names of the grantors, grantees, witnesses and notary. The register of deeds shall record and file or cause to be recorded and filed all plats and certified survey maps that are authorized to be accepted for recording and filing in his or her office. The register of deeds shall maintain a separate index for recording conservation easements, as defined in s. 700.40(1)(a). Any county, by a resolution duly adopted by the board, may combine the separate books or volumes for deeds, mortgages, miscellaneous instruments, attachments, lis pendens, sales and notices, certificates of organization of corporations, plats or other recorded or filed instruments or classes of documents as long as separate indexes may be produced. Notwithstanding any other provisions of the statutes, any county adopting a system of microfilming or like process or a system of recording documents by optical imaging or electronic formatting under ch. 228 may substitute the headings, reel, disk or electronic file name and microfilm image (frame) for volume and page where recorded and different classes of instruments may be recorded, reproduced or copied on or transferred to the

same reel, disk or electronic file or part of a reel or disk. All recordings made prior to June 28, 1961, which would have been valid under this paragraph, had this paragraph then been in effect, are hereby validated. In this subsection, "book", if automated recording or indexing equipment is used, includes the meaning given under sub. (12) (d).".

b1519/2.171 857. Page 665, line 7: after that line insert:

b1519/2.171 "Section 2001pr. 59.52 (4) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

59.52 (4) (a) 3. Records of bounty claims that are forwarded to the department of natural resources fish, wildlife, parks, and forestry, after one year.

b1519/2.171 Section 2001pt. 59.52 (6) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.52 (6) (e) Leases to department of natural resources fish, wildlife, parks, and forestry. Lease lands owned by the county to the department of natural resources fish, wildlife, parks, and forestry for game management purposes. Lands so leased shall not be eligible for entry under s. 28.11. Of the rental paid by the state to the county for lands so leased, 60% shall be retained by the county and 40% shall be paid by the county to the town in which the lands are located and of the amount received by the town, 40% shall be paid by the town to the school district in which the lands are located. The amount so paid by a town to a joint school district shall be credited against the amount of taxes certified for assessment in that town by the clerk of the joint school district under s. 120.17 (8), and the assessment shall be reduced by such amount. In case any leased land is located in more than one town or school district the amounts paid to them shall be apportioned on the basis of area. This paragraph

shall not affect the distribution of rental moneys received on leases executed before June 22, 1955.".

b1312/2.14 858. Page 665, line 20: after that line insert:

b1312/2.14 "Section 2002j. 59.54 (27) of the statutes is created to read:

59.54 (27) Religious organizations; contract powers. (a) *Definition*. In this subsection, "board" includes any department, as defined in s. 59.60 (2) (a).

- (b) General purpose and authority. The purpose of this subsection is to allow the board to contract with, or award grants to, religious organizations, under any program administered by the county dealing with delinquency and crime prevention or the rehabilitation of offenders, on the same basis as any other nongovernmental provider, without impairing the religious character of such organizations and without diminishing the religious freedom of beneficiaries of assistance funded under such program.
- (c) Nondiscrimination against religious organizations. If the board is authorized to contract with a nongovernmental entity, or is authorized to award grants to a nongovernmental entity, religious organizations are eligible, on the same basis as any other private organization, to be contractors and grantees under any program administered by the board so long as the programs are implemented consistently with the first amendment to the U.S. Constitution and article I, section 18, of the Wisconsin constitution. Except as provided in par. (L), the board may not discriminate against an organization that is or applies to be a contractor or grantee on the basis that the organization does or does not have a religious character or because of the specific religious nature of the organization.

- (d) Religious character and freedom. 1. The board shall allow a religious organization with which the board contracts or to which the board awards a grant to retain its independence from government, including the organization's control over the definition, development, practice, and expression of its religious beliefs.
- 2. The board may not require a religious organization to alter its form of internal governance or to remove religious art, icons, scripture, or other symbols to be eligible for a contract or grant.
- (e) Rights of beneficiaries of assistance. 1. If the board contracts with, or awards grants to, a religious organization for the provision of crime prevention or offender rehabilitation assistance under a program administered by the board, an individual who is eligible for this assistance shall be informed in writing that assistance of equal value and accessibility is available from a nonreligious provider upon request.
- 2. The board shall provide an individual who is otherwise eligible for assistance from an organization described under subd. 1. with assistance of equal value from a nonreligious provider if the individual objects to the religious character of the organization described under subd. 1. and requests assistance from a nonreligious provider. The board shall provide such assistance within a reasonable period of time after the date of the objection and shall ensure that it is accessible to the individual.
- (g) Nondiscrimination against beneficiaries. A religious organization may not discriminate against an individual in regard to rendering assistance that is funded under any program administered by the board on the basis of religion, a religious belief or nonbelief, or a refusal to actively participate in a religious practice.
- (h) Fiscal accountability. 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., any religious organization that contracts with or receives a grant from the board is subject to the

- same laws and rules as other contractors and grantees regarding accounting, in accord with generally accepted auditing principles, for the use of the funds provided under such programs.
 - 2. If the religious organization segregates funds provided under programs administered by the board into separate accounts, only the financial assistance provided with those funds shall be subject to audit.
 - (i) Compliance. Any party that seeks to enforce its rights under this subsection may bring a civil action for injunctive relief against the entity that allegedly commits the violation.
 - (j) Limitations on use of funds for certain purposes. No funds provided directly to religious organizations by the board may be expended for sectarian worship, instruction, or proselytization.
 - (k) Certification of compliance. Every religious organization that contracts with or receives a grant from the county board to provide delinquency and crime prevention or offender rehabilitation services to eligible recipients shall certify in writing that it has complied with the requirements of pars. (g) and (j) and submit to the board a copy of this certification and a written description of the policies the organization has adopted to ensure that it has complied with the requirements under pars. (g) and (j).
 - (L) *Preemption*. Nothing in this subsection may be construed to preempt any other statute that prohibits or restricts the expenditure of federal or state funds by or the granting of federal or state funds to religious organizations.".
- *b1573/3.1* 859. Page 667, line 19: after that line insert:
- ***b1573/3.1* "Section 2002tp.** 59.69 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.69 (3) (a) The Subject to s. 60.23 (32), the county zoning agency may direct the preparation of a county development plan or parts thereof for the physical development of the unincorporated territory within the county and areas within incorporated jurisdictions whose governing bodies by resolution agree to having their areas included in the county's development plan. The plan may be adopted in whole or in part and may be amended by the board and endorsed by the governing bodies of incorporated jurisdictions included in the plan. The county development plan, in whole or in part, in its original form or as amended, is hereafter referred to as the development plan. Beginning on January 1, 2010, if the county engages in any program or action described in s. 66.0295 66.1001 (3), the development plan shall contain at least all of the elements specified in s. 66.1001 66.0295 (2).

b1573/3.1 Section 2002tq. 59.69 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 59.69 (3) (b) The development plan shall include the master plan, if any, of any city or village, that was adopted under s. 62.23 (2) or (3) and the official map, if any, of such city or village, that was adopted under s. 62.23 (6) in the county, without change. The development plan shall also include, and integrate, the master plan and the official map of a town that was adopted under s. 60.62 (5) (a), without change.".

b1599/2.11 860. Page 667, line 19: after that line insert:

b1599/2.11 "Section 2002tm. 59.605 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

59.605 (3) (a) 1. If the governing body of a county wishes to exceed the operating levy rate limit otherwise applicable to the county under this section, it shall adopt a resolution to that effect. The resolution shall specify either the operating levy rate or the operating levy that the governing body wishes to impose for either a specified

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number of years or an indefinite period. The governing body shall call a special referendum for the purpose of submitting the resolution to the electors of the county for approval or rejection. In lieu of a special referendum, the governing body may specify that provide for the referendum to be held at the next succeeding spring primary or election or September primary or general election to be held authorized under s. 8.065 (2) or an election authorized under s. 8.065 (3) that occurs not earlier than 42 days after the adoption of the resolution of the governing body. The governing body shall file the resolution to be submitted to the electors as provided in s. 8.37.". *b1724/2.2* 861. Page 667, line 19: after that line insert: *b1724/2.2* "Section 2002ts. 59.69 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 59.69 (3) (c) The development plan may be in the form of descriptive material, reports, charts, diagrams, or maps, and shall indicate any effect it will have on changing the allowable use of any property. Each element of the development plan shall describe its relationship to other elements of the plan and to statements of goals, objectives, principles, policies, or standards.". *b1519/2.172* 862. Page 668, line 13: after that line insert: *b1519/2.172* "Section 2002xc. 59.692 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 59.692 (1) (a) "Department" means the department of natural resources environmental management. *b1519/2.172* Section 2002xg. 59.693 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 59.693 (1) Definition. In this section, "department" means the department of

natural resources environmental management.

1	* b1519/2.172 * SECTION 2002xn. 59.70 (2) (q) 4. of the statutes is amended to
2	read:
3	59.70 (2) (q) 4. The cleanup of the site is conducted under the supervision of the
4	department of natural resources environmental management.
5	*b1519/2.172* Section 2002xr. 59.70 (6) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to
6	read:
7	59.70 (6) (a) 1. "Department" means the department of natural resources
8	environmental management.
9	*b1519/2.172* Section 2002xw. 59.70 (13) (b) of the statutes is amended to
10	read:
11	59.70 (13) (b) Members or employees of the commission may request admission
12	onto any property within the district at reasonable times to determine if mosquito
13	breeding is present. If the owner or occupant refuses admission, the commission
14	member or employee shall seek a warrant to inspect the property as a potential
15	mosquito breeding ground. Commission members or employees may enter upon
16	property to clean up stagnant pools of water or shores of lakes or streams, and may
17	spray mosquito breeding areas with insecticides subject to the approval of the district
18	director and the department of natural resources environmental management. The
19	commission shall notify the property owner of any pending action under this
20	paragraph and shall provide the property owner with a hearing prior to acting under
21	this paragraph if the owner objects to the commission's actions.".
22	*b1573/3.2* 863. Page 668, line 13: after that line insert:
23	*b1573/3.2* "Section 2002wg. 59.69 (5) (c) of the statutes is amended to read
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59.69 (5) (c) A county ordinance enacted under this section shall not be effective in any town until it has been approved by the town board. If the town board approves an ordinance enacted by the county board, under this section, a certified copy of the approving resolution attached to one of the copies of such ordinance submitted to the town board shall promptly be filed with the county clerk by the town clerk. The ordinance shall become effective in the town as of the date of the filing, which filing shall be recorded by the county clerk in the clerk's office, reported to the town board and the county board, and printed in the proceedings of the county board. The ordinance shall supersede any prior town ordinance in conflict therewith or which is concerned with zoning, except as provided by s. 60.62. A town board may withdraw from coverage of a county zoning ordinance as provided under s. 60.23 (32).

b1573/3.2 Section 2002wk. 59.69 (5m) of the statutes is created to read:

59.69 (5m) Termination of county zoning and development plan. (a) Subject to par. (b), at any time after December 31, 2004, a county board may enact an ordinance to repeal all of its zoning ordinances enacted under this section and its development plan enacted under this section if it so notifies, in writing, all of the towns that are subject to its zoning ordinances and development plan.

(b) An ordinance enacted under par. (a) shall have a delayed effective date of one year. No county board may repeal under this subsection a county shoreland zoning or floodplain zoning ordinance.".

b1652/1.1 864. Page 668, line 13: after that line insert:

b1652/1.1 "Section 2002x. 59.692 (1) (ag) of the statutes is created to read: 59.692 (1) (ag) "Setback distance" means the linear distance landward from the ordinary high—water mark that is used in determining a shoreland setback area.

b1652/1.1 Section 2002y. 59.692 (1p) of the statutes is created to read:

59.692 (1p) If the department promulgates a shoreland zoning standard that establishes a setback distance or if a county as part of an ordinance enacted under this section establishes a setback distance, an ordinance enacted under this section may allow that a landowner, upon the landowner's request, use an alternative setback distance in determining the shoreland setback area for the landowner's parcel of land. To be able to use the alternative setback distance, the parcel of land must be located between 2 abutting parcels of land, at least one of which has a setback distance that is different, due to a nonconforming use or other exemption, from the setback distance established by rule or by ordinance. The alternative setback distance shall be the average of the 2 setback distances of the abutting parcels.

b1652/1.1 Section 2002ym. 59.692 (7) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

59.692 (7) (a) 1. The city or village enacts, administers and enforces a zoning ordinance, for the annexed area, that complies with the shoreland zoning standards and that is at least as restrictive as the county shoreland zoning ordinance.

b1652/1.1 Section 2002yp. 59.692 (7) (ad) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

59.692 (7) (ad) 1. The city or village enacts, administers and enforces a zoning ordinance that complies with the shoreland zoning standards and that is at least as restrictive as the county shoreland zoning ordinance.

b1652/1.1 Section 2002yr. 59.692 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 59.692 (7) (b) If the department determines that a zoning ordinance enacted by a city or village under par. (a) 1. or (ad) 1. does not meet the shoreland zoning

standards or is not as restrictive as the county shoreland zoning ordinance, the department shall, after providing notice and conducting a hearing on the matter, either issue an order declaring the city or village ordinance void and reinstating the applicability of the county shoreland zoning ordinance to the annexed or incorporated area or issue an order declaring the city or village ordinance void and adopting an ordinance for the annexed or incorporated area for the city or village that does meet the shoreland zoning standards and that is at least as restrictive as the county shoreland zoning ordinance."

b1653/3.2 865. Page 668, line 13: after that line insert:

b1653/3.2 "Section 2002y. 59.692 (1rm) of the statutes is created to read: 59.692 (1rm) An ordinance under this section may not prohibit or limit repairs or improvements of a building or structure that is located in a shoreland setback area and that is in existence on the effective date of this subsection [revisor inserts date], if the repair or improvement does not alter the footprint of the building or is

b1724/2.3 866. Page 668, line 13: after that line insert:

conducted in an area where construction is permitted under the ordinance.".

b1724/2.3 "Section 2002we. 59.69 (5) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 59.69 (5) (a) When the county zoning agency has completed a draft of a proposed zoning ordinance, it shall hold a public hearing thereon, following publication in the county of a class 2 notice, under ch. 985. If the proposed ordinance has the effect of changing the allowable use of any property, the notice shall include either a map showing the property affected by the ordinance or a description of the property affected by the ordinance and a statement that a map may be obtained from the zoning agency. After such hearing the agency may make such revisions in the

draft as it considers necessary, or it may submit the draft without revision to the board with recommendations for adoption. Proof of publication of the notice of the public hearing held by such agency shall be attached to its report to the board.

b1724/2.3 SECTION 2002wh. 59.69 (5) (e) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

59.69 (5) (e) 2. Upon receipt of the petition by the agency it shall call a public hearing on the petition. Notice of the time and place of the hearing shall be given by publication in the county of a class 2 notice, under ch. 985. If an amendment to an ordinance, as described in the petition, has the effect of changing the allowable use of any property, the notice shall include either a map showing the property affected by the amendment or a description of the property affected by the amendment and a statement that a map may be obtained from the zoning agency. A copy of the notice shall be mailed by registered mail to the town clerk of each town affected by the proposed amendment at least 10 days prior to the date of such hearing. If the petition is for any change in an airport affected area, as defined in s. 62.23 (6) (am) 1. b., the agency shall mail a copy of the notice to the owner or operator of the airport bordered by the airport affected area.

b1724/2.3 Section 2002wi. 59.69 (5) (f) of the statutes is created to read:

59.69 (5) (f) The county zoning agency shall maintain a list of persons who submit a written request to receive notice of any proposed ordinance or amendment, or any amendment of a development plan under sub. (3), that affects the allowable use of the person's property. If the county zoning agency completes a draft of a proposed zoning ordinance under par. (a), if the agency receives a petition under par. (e) 2., or if the agency acts under sub. (3), the agency shall send a notice, which contains a copy of the proposed ordinance, petition, or plan to each person on the list.

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The notice shall be by mail, electronic mail or in any reasonable form that is agreed
to by the person and the agency. The agency may charge each person on the list a
fee for the notice of \$12 each year or an annual fee that does not exceed the
approximate cost of providing the notice to the person.".
b1725/2.1 867. Page 668, line 13: after that line insert:
b1725/2.1 "Section 2003ws. 59.694 (7) (c) of the statutes is amended to
read:
59.694 (7) (c) To authorize upon appeal in specific cases variances from the
terms of the ordinance that will not be contrary to the public interest, where, owing
to special conditions, a literal enforcement of the provisions of the ordinance will
result in unnecessary hardship, and so that the spirit of the ordinance shall be
observed and substantial justice done. A property owner may establish
"unnecessary hardship", as that term is used in this paragraph, by demonstrating
that strict compliance with an area zoning ordinance would unreasonably prevent
the property owner from using the property owner's property for a permitted purpose
or would render conformity with the zoning ordinance unnecessarily burdensome.".
b1519/2.173 868. Page 669, line 11: after that line insert:
b1519/2.173 "Section 2003p. 59.74 (2) (g) of the statutes is amended to
read:
59.74 (2) (g) Every land surveyor and every officer of the department of natural
resources fish, wildlife, parks, and forestry and the district attorney shall enforce
this subsection.".
b1571/1.1 869. Page 669, line 11: after that line insert:

* $\mathbf{b1571/1.1}$ * "Section 2003pc. 60.10 (1) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

1	60.10 (1) (g) Hourly wage of certain employees. Establish the hourly wage to
2	be paid under s. 60.37 (4) to a town employee who is also an elected town officer,
3	unless the authority has been delegated to the town board under sub. (2) (L) .
4	*b1571/1.1* Section 2003pd. 60.10 (2) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	60.10 (2) (g) Disposal of property. Authorize the town board to dispose of town
6	real property, real or personal, other than property donated to and required to be held
7	by the town for a special purpose.
8	*b1571/1.1* Section 2003pe. 60.10 (2) (L) of the statutes is created to read:
9	60.10 (2) (L) Hourly wage of certain employees. Authorize the town board to
10	establish the hourly wage to be paid under s. 60.37 (4) to a town employee who is also
11	an elected town officer, other than a town board supervisor.".
12	*b1519/2.174* 870. Page 669, line 17: after that line insert:
13	*b1519/2.174* "Section 2003tc. 60.627 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	60.627 (1) DEFINITION. In this section, "department" means the department of
15	natural resources environmental management.
16	* $b1519/2.174*$ Section 2003te. 60.71 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	60.71 (4) (b) The town board shall publish a class 2 notice, under ch. 985, of the
18	hearing. The notice shall contain an announcement of the hearing and a description
19	of the boundaries of the proposed town sanitary district. The town board shall mail
20	the notice to the department of commerce and the department of natural resources
21	environmental management at least 10 days prior to the hearing.
22	*b1519/2.174* Section 2003th. 60.71 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	60.71 (4) (c) Any person may file written comments on the formation of the
24	district with the town clerk. Any owner of property within the boundary of the

proposed district may appear at the hearing and offer objections, criticisms or suggestions as to the necessity of the proposed district and the question of whether his or her property will be benefited by the establishment of the district. A representative of the department of commerce and of the department of natural resources environmental management may attend the hearing and advise the town board.

b1519/2.174 Section 2003tL. 60.71 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.71 (7) FILING AND RECORDING THE ORDER. The town board shall file copies of the order establishing the town sanitary district with the department of natural resources environmental management and record the order with the register of deeds in each county in which the district is located.

b1519/2.174 SECTION 2003tp. 60.72 (title) and (1) of the statutes are amended to read:

60.72 (title) Creation of town sanitary district by order of the department of natural resources environmental management. (1)

Definition. In this section, "department" means the department of natural resources environmental management.

b1519/2.174 Section 2003tr. 60.73 of the statutes is amended to read:

60.73 Review of orders creating town sanitary districts. Any person aggrieved by any act of the town board or the department of natural resources environmental management in establishing a town sanitary district may bring an action in the circuit court of the county in which his or her lands are located, to set aside the final determination of the town board or the department of natural resources environmental management, within 90 days after the final determination, as provided under s. 893.73 (2). If no action is taken within the 90-day period, the

determination by the town board or the department of natural resources
environmental management is final.
b1519/2.174 Section 2003tu. 60.782 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to
read:
60.782 (2) (d) Lease or acquire, including by condemnation, any real property
situated in this state that may be needed for the purposes of s. 23.09 (19), 23.094 (3g)
or <u>30.275</u> <u>23.434</u> (4).
b1519/2.174 Section 2003ty. 60.785 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to
read:
60.785 (2) (a) Any town sanitary district may be consolidated with a contiguous
town sanitary district by resolution passed by a two-thirds vote of all of the
commissioners of each district, fixing the terms of the consolidation and ratified by
the qualified electors of each district at a referendum held in each district. The
resolution shall be filed as provided in s. 8.37. The ballots shall contain the words
"for consolidation", consolidation," and "against consolidation". consolidation." If a
majority of the votes cast on the referendum in each town sanitary district are for
consolidation, the resolutions are effective and have the force of a contract. Certified
copies of the resolutions and the results of the referendum shall be filed with the
secretary of natural resources environmental management, and the original
documents shall be recorded with the register of deeds in each county in which the
consolidated district is situated.
b1519/2.174 Section 2003vc. 61.351 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to
read:
61.351 (1) (b) "Wetlands" has the meaning specified under s. 23.32 278.32 (1).
b1519/2.174 Section 2003vg. 61.351 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

61.351 (2) FILLED WETLANDS. Any wetlands which that are filled prior to the date on which a village receives a final wetlands map from the department of natural resources under s. 278.32 in a manner which that affects their characteristics as wetlands are filled wetlands and not subject to an ordinance adopted under this section.

b1519/2.174 Section 2003vn. 61.351 (3) of the statutes is amended to read: 61.351 (3) Adoption of ordinance. To effect the purposes of s. 281.31 and to promote the public health, safety and general welfare, each village shall zone by ordinance all unfilled wetlands of 5 acres or more which are shown on the final wetland inventory maps prepared by the department of natural resources for the village under s. 23.32 278.32, which are located in any shorelands and which are within its incorporated area. A village may zone by ordinance any unfilled wetlands which that are within its incorporated area at any time.

b1519/2.174 Section 2003vr. 61.351 (6) of the statutes is amended to read: 61.351 (6) Failure to adopt ordinance. If any village does not adopt an ordinance required under sub. (3) within 6 months after receipt of final wetland inventory maps prepared by the department of natural resources for the village under s. 23.32 278.32, or if the department of natural resources environmental management, after notice and hearing, determines that a village adopted an ordinance which fails to meet reasonable minimum standards in accomplishing the shoreland protection objectives of s. 281.31 (1), the department of natural resources environmental management shall adopt an ordinance for the village. As far as applicable, the procedures set forth in s. 87.30 apply to this subsection.

b1519/2.174 Section 2003vw. 61.354 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	61.354 (1) Definition. As used in this section, "department" means the
2	department of natural resources environmental management.
3	*b1519/2.174* Section 2003yc. 62.231 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to
4	read:
5	62.231 (1) (b) "Wetlands" has the meaning specified under s. 23.32 278.32 (1).
6	*b1519/2.174* Section 2003yg. 62.231 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	62.231 (2) FILLED WETLANDS. Any wetlands which that are filled prior to the
8	date on which a city receives a final wetlands map from the department of natural
9	resources under s. 278.32 in a manner which that affects their characteristics as
10	wetlands are filled wetlands and not subject to an ordinance adopted under this
11	section.
12	*b1519/2.174* Section 2003yL. 62.231 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	62.231 (3) Adoption of ordinance. To effect the purposes of s. 281.31 and to
14	promote the public health, safety and general welfare, each city shall zone by
15	ordinance all unfilled wetlands of 5 acres or more which are shown on the final
16	wetland inventory maps prepared by the department of natural resources for the city
17	under s. 23.32 278.32, which are located in any shorelands and which are within its
18	incorporated area. A city may zone by ordinance any unfilled wetlands which that
19	are within its incorporated area at any time.
20	*b1519/2.174* Section 2003yp. 62.231 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	62.231 (6) Failure to adopt ordinance. If any city does not adopt an ordinance
22	required under sub. (3) within 6 months after receipt of final wetland inventory maps
23	prepared by the department of natural resources for the city under s. 23.32 278.32,
24	or if the department of natural resources environmental management, after notice
25	and hearing, determines that a city adopted an ordinance which that fails to meet

1	reasonable minimum standards in accomplishing the shoreland protection
2	objectives of s. 281.31 (1), the department of natural resources environmental
3	management shall adopt an ordinance for the city. As far as applicable, the
4	procedures set forth in s. 87.30 apply to this subsection.
5	*b1519/2.174* Section 2003yt. 62.231 (6m) of the statutes is amended to
6	read:
7	62.231 (6m) CERTAIN AMENDMENTS TO ORDINANCES. For an amendment to an
8	ordinance enacted under this section that affects an activity that meets all of the
9	requirements under s. 281.165 (2) or (3) (a), the department of natural resources
10	environmental management may not proceed under sub. (6), or otherwise review the
11	amendment, to determine whether the ordinance, as amended, fails to meet
12	reasonable minimum standards.
13	*b1519/2.174* Section 2003yx. 62.234 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	62.234 (1) Definition. As used in this section, "department" means the
15	department of natural resources environmental management.".
16	*b1549/1.1* 871. Page 669, line 17: after that line insert:
17	*b1549/1.1* "Section 2003rm. 60.34 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
18	60.34 (1) (a) Receive Except as provided in s. 66.0608, receive and take charge
19	of all money belonging to the town, or which is required by law to be paid into the
20	town treasury, and disburse the money under s. 66.0607.
21	*b1549/1.1* Section 2003rn. 61.26 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	61.26 (2) Receive Except as provided in s. 66.0608, receive all moneys belonging
23	or accruing to the village or directed by law to be paid to the treasurer.
24	*b1549/1.1* Section 2003ve. 61.26 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

61.26 (3) Deposit Except as provided in s. 66.0608, deposit upon receipt the funds of the village in the name of the village in the public depository designated by the board. Failure to comply with this subsection shall be prima facie grounds for removal from office. When the money is deposited, the treasurer and bonders are not liable for the losses defined by s. 34.01 (2), and the interest shall be paid into the village treasury.

b1549/1.1 Section 2003we. 62.09 (9) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.09 (9) (a) The Except as provided in s. 66.0608, the treasurer shall collect all city, school, county, and state taxes, receive all moneys belonging to the city or which by law are directed to be paid to the treasurer, and pay over the money in the treasurer's hands according to law.

b1549/1.1 Section 2003wg. 62.09 (9) (e) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.09 (9) (e) The Except as provided in s. 66.0608, the treasurer shall deposit immediately upon receipt thereof the funds of the city in the name of the city in the public depository designated by the council. Such deposit may be in either a demand deposit or in a time deposit, maturing in not more than one year. Failure to comply with the provisions hereof shall be prima facie grounds for removal from office. When the money is so deposited, the treasurer and the treasurer's bonders shall not be liable for such losses as are defined by s. 34.01 (2). The interest arising therefrom shall be paid into the city treasury."

b1552/2.1 872. Page 669, line 17: after that line insert:

b1552/2.1 "Section 2003tm. 60.77 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 60.77 (6) (a) Let contracts for any work or purchase that involves an expenditure of \$5,000 \$15,000 or more to the lowest responsible bidder in the manner

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prescribed by the commission. Section 66.0901 applies to contracts let under this 1 2 paragraph.". *b1571/1.2* 873. Page 669, line 17: after that line insert: 3 *b1571/1.2* "Section 2003sc. 60.323 of the statutes is amended to read: 4 5 60.323 Compensation when acting in more than one official capacity. 6 Except for offices combined under s. 60.305, no town may compensate a town officer 7 for acting in more than one official capacity or office of the town at the same time. *b1571/1.2* Section 2003se. 60.37 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 8 9 60.37 (1) GENERAL. The town board may employ on a temporary or permanent 10 basis persons necessary to carry out the functions of town government including, subject to sub. (4), any elected officer of the town. The board may establish the 11 qualifications and terms of employment, which may include the residency of the 12 13 employee. The board may delegate the authority to hire town employees to any town 14 official or employee. 15 *b1571/1.2* Section 2003sg. 60.37 (4) of the statutes is created to read: 16 60.37 (4) Elected officers serving as employees. (a) An elected town officer 17

60.37 (4) ELECTED OFFICERS SERVING AS EMPLOYEES. (a) An elected town officer who also serves as a town employee may be paid an hourly wage for serving as a town employee, not exceeding a total of \$5,000 each year. Amounts that are paid under this paragraph may be paid in addition to any amount that an individual receives under s. 60.32 or as a volunteer fire fighter, emergency medical technician, or first responder under s. 66.0501 (4). The \$5,000 maximum in this paragraph includes amounts paid to a town board supervisor who is acting as superintendent of highways under s. 81.01 (1).

1	(b) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., the town meeting shall establish the hourly
2	wage to be paid an elected town officer for serving as a town employee.
3	2. If authorized by the town meeting under s. 60.10(2)(L), the town board may
4	establish the hourly wage to be paid an elected town officer, other than a town board
5	supervisor, for serving as a town employee.".
6	*b1573/3.3* 874. Page 669, line 17: after that line insert:
7	* b1573/3.3 * " Section 2003rc. 60.23 (32) of the statutes is created to read:
8	60.23 (32) Town withdrawal from county zoning. (a) Subject to pars. (b) and
9	(c), after December 31, 2003, and before January 1, 2005; after December 31, 2010,

- and before January 1, 2012; and for one year every 5 years after January 1, 2011, a town board may enact an ordinance withdrawing the town from coverage of a county zoning ordinance that had previously been approved under s. 59.69 (5) (c) and from coverage by a county development plan that has been enacted under s. 59.69 (3) (a).
- (b) Subject to par. (c), an ordinance enacted under par. (a) may not take effect until all of the following occur:
- 1. Not later than 60 days before enacting an ordinance under par. (a), the town clerk notifies the county clerk, in writing, of the town's intent to enact an ordinance under par. (a).
- 2. The town enacts a zoning ordinance under s. 60.62, a comprehensive plan under s. 66.1001, and an official map under s. 62.23 (6), and the town clerk sends certified copies of such documents to the county clerk.
- (c) A zoning ordinance enacted under s. 60.62, a comprehensive plan enacted under s. 66.1001, and an official map established under s. 62.23 (6), that are enacted in conjunction with an ordinance enacted under par. (a), shall all take effect on the

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s. 66.1001.

first day of the 3rd month beginning after certified copies of the documents are sent 1 2 to the county clerk under par. (b) 2. *b1573/3.3* Section 2003te. 60.62 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 3 60.62 (1) Subject to subs. (2), (3) and (4), if a town board has been granted 4 authority to exercise village powers under s. 60.10(2)(c), the board may adopt zoning 5 6 ordinances under s. 61.35, except that after December 31, 2003, a town board may adopt zoning ordinances under s. 61.35 without being granted the authority to 7 exercise village powers. 8 9 *b1573/3.3* Section 2003tf. 60.62 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 60.62 (2) If the county in which the town is located has enacted a zoning 10 11 ordinance under s. 59.69, the exercise of the authority under sub. (1) before January 12 1, 2004, is subject to approval by the town meeting or by a referendum vote of the 13 electors of the town held at the time of any regular or special election. The question 14 for the referendum vote shall be filed as provided in s. 8.37. *b1573/3.3* Section 2003tg. 60.62 (3) of the statutes is amended to read: 15 60.62 (3) In counties having a county zoning ordinance, no zoning ordinance 16 17 or amendment of a zoning ordinance may be adopted under this section unless 18 approved by the county board, except that this subsection does not apply to a town that has withdrawn from county zoning under s. 60.23 (32). 19 20 *b1573/3.3* Section 2003th. 60.62 (5) of the statutes is created to read: 60.62 (5) (a) Subject to par. (b), not later than 60 days before a town board that 21 22 wishes to withdraw from county zoning and the county development plan may enact 23 an ordinance under s. 60.23 (32), the town board shall enact a zoning ordinance

under this section, an official map under s. 62.23 (6), and a comprehensive plan under

(b) The zoning ordinance and comprehensive plan enacted under par. (a) shall
be consistent with each other and the zoning ordinance shall be at least as restrictive
as the county zoning ordinance that applies to the town on January 1 of the year
before the year in which the town board enacts the ordinance under s. 60.23 (32).

(c) If a town receives notification under s. 59.69 (5m) that the county board has repealed its zoning ordinances and development plan, the town board shall enact a zoning ordinance under this section, an official map under s. 62.23 (6), and a comprehensive plan under s. 66.1001, all of which take effect on the effective date of the county's repeal of its zoning ordinance and development plan. An ordinance and comprehensive plan enacted under this paragraph shall be consistent with each other and the zoning ordinance shall be at least as restrictive as the county zoning ordinance that is in effect on the day before the repeal takes effect."

b1599/2.12 875. Page 669, line 17: after that line insert:

b1599/2.12 "Section 2003wb. 60.62 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.62 (2) If the county in which the town is located has enacted a zoning ordinance under s. 59.69, the exercise of the authority under sub. (1) is subject to approval by the town meeting or by a referendum vote of the electors of the town to be held at the time of any regular or special election in accordance with s. 8.065. The question for the referendum vote shall be filed as provided in s. 8.37.

b1599/2.12 Section 2003wg. 60.74 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.74 (5) (b) A petition conforming to the requirements of s. 8.40 signed by qualified electors of the district equal to at least 20% of the vote cast for governor in the district at the last gubernatorial election, requesting a change to appointment of commissioners, may be submitted to the town board, subject to sub. (5m) (a). The

petition shall be filed as provided in s. 8.37. Upon receipt of the petition, the town board shall submit the question to a referendum at the next regular spring election or general election, or shall call a special election for that purpose authorized under s. 8.065 (2) or an election authorized under s. 8.065 (3) to be held not sooner than 45 days after receipt of the petition by the town board. The inspectors shall count the votes and submit a statement of the results to the commission. The commission shall canvass the results of the election and certify the results to the town board which has authority to appoint commissioners.

b1599/2.12 Section 2003wi. 61.187 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 61.187 (1) Procedure. Whenever a petition conforming to the requirements of s. 8.40, signed by at least one—third as many electors of any village as voted for village officers at the next preceding election therefor, shall be presented to the village board, and filed as provided in s. 8.37, praying for dissolution of the village corporation, such board shall submit to the electors of such village, for determination by ballot in substantially the manner provided by ss. 5.64 (2) and 10.02, at a general election or at a special election called by them for that purpose the next election authorized under s. 8.065 (2) or an election authorized under s. 8.065 (3) to be held not sooner than 45 days after presentation of the petition, the question whether or not such village corporation shall be dissolved.

b1599/2.12 Section 2003wk. 61.46 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 61.46 (1) General; limitation. The village board shall, on or before December 15 in each year, by resolution to be entered of record, determine the amount of corporation taxes to be levied and assessed on the taxable property in such village for the current year. Before levying any tax for any specified purpose, exceeding one percent of the assessed valuation aforesaid, the village board shall, and in all other

cases may in its discretion, submit the question of levying the same to the village electors at any general or special the next election authorized under s. 8.065 (2) or an election authorized under s. 8.065 (3) to be held no sooner than 45 days after adoption of the resolution by giving 10 days' notice thereof prior to such election by publication in a newspaper published in the village, if any, and if there is none, then by posting notices in 3 public places in said village, setting forth in such notices the object and purposes for which such taxes are to be raised and the amount of the proposed tax. The village board shall file the question as provided in s. 8.37.

b1599/2.12 Section 2003wn. 62.09 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.09 (1) (a) The officers shall be a mayor, treasurer, clerk, comptroller, attorney, engineer, one or more assessors unless the city is assessed by a county assessor under s. 70.99, one or more constables as determined by the common council, a local health officer, as defined in s. 250.01 (5), or local board of health, as defined in s. 250.01 (3), street commissioner, board of police and fire commissioners except in cities where not applicable, chief of police, chief of the fire department, board of public works, 2 alderpersons from each aldermanic district, and such other officers or boards as are created by law or by the council. If one alderperson from each aldermanic district is provided under s. 66.0211 (1), the council may, by ordinance adopted by a two—thirds vote of all its members and approved by the electors at a general or special any election authorized under s. 8.065, provide that there shall be 2 alderpersons from each aldermanic district.".

b1724/2.4 876. Page 669, line 17: after that line insert:

b1724/2.4 "Section 2003tc. 60.61 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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60.61 (4) (b) Before the town board may adopt an ordinance under sub. (2), the town zoning committee shall recommend zoning district boundaries and appropriate regulations and restrictions for the districts. In carrying out its duties, the town zoning committee shall develop a preliminary report and hold a public hearing on the report before submitting a final report to the town board. The town zoning committee shall give notice of the public hearing on the preliminary report and of the time and place of the public hearing on the report by a class 2 notice under ch. 985. If the town zoning committee makes a substantial change in its report following the public hearing, it shall hold another public hearing on the report. After the final report of the town zoning committee is submitted to the town board, the board may adopt an ordinance under sub. (2) following a public hearing held by the board on the proposed ordinance. The town board shall give notice of the public hearing on the proposed ordinance and of the time and place of the public hearing on the ordinance by a class 2 notice under ch. 985. If the proposed ordinance has the effect of changing the allowable use of any property, the notice shall include either a map showing the property affected by the ordinance or a description of the property affected by the ordinance and a statement that a map may be obtained from the town board.

b1724/2.4 Section 2003td. 60.61 (4) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read: 60.61 (4) (c) 1. After the town board has adopted a town zoning ordinance, the board may alter, supplement, or change the boundaries or regulations established in the ordinance if a public hearing is held on the revisions. The board shall give notice of any proposed revisions in the zoning ordinance and of the time and place of the public hearing on them by a class 2 notice under ch. 985. If the proposed amendment would have the effect of changing the allowable use of any property, the notice shall include either a map showing the property affected by the amendment

or a description of the property affected by the amendment and a statement that a map may be obtained from the town board. The board shall allow any interested person to testify at the hearing. If any proposed revision under this subdivision would make any change in an airport affected area, as defined in s. 62.23 (6) (am) 1. b., the board shall mail a copy of such notice to the owner or operator of the airport bordered by the airport affected area.

b1724/2.4 Section 2003te. 60.61 (4) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

60.61 (4) (e) The town board shall maintain a list of persons who submit a written request to receive notice of any proposed ordinance or amendment that affects the allowable use of the person's property. If the town zoning committee completes a final report on a proposed zoning ordinance and the town board is prepared to vote on the proposed ordinance under par. (b) or if the town board is prepared to vote on a proposed amendment under par. (c) 1., the town board shall send a notice, which contains a copy of the proposed ordinance or amendment, to each person on the list. The notice shall be by mail, electronic mail, or in any reasonable form that is agreed to by the person and the town board. The town board may charge each person on the list a fee for the notice of \$12 each year or an annual fee that does not exceed the approximate cost of providing the notice to the person.

b1724/2.4 Section 2003x. 62.23 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.23 (3) (b) The commission may adopt the master plan as a whole by a single resolution, or, as the work of making the whole master plan progresses, may from time to time by resolution adopt a part or parts of a master plan. Any treatment of the master plan shall indicate, in the form of descriptive material, reports, charts, diagrams, or maps, any effect the treatment will have on changing the allowable use of any property. Beginning on January 1, 2010, if the city engages in any program