Received By: chanaman

Received: 12/22/2003

2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

-		
к	7	
1,		

				Identical to LRB: By/Representing: Drafter: chanaman												
								May Co	ontact:				Addl. Drafters:			
								Subject	: Fin. Ins	st miscellane	ous		Extra Copies:			
Submit	via email: YES															
Request	ter's email:	Rep.Gard(@legis.state	e.wi.us												
Carbon	copy (CC:) to:	robert.mar laura.rose(daryl.hinz(@legis.state	ris.state.wi.us e.wi.us e.wi.us												
Pre To	pic:															
No spec	ific pre topic gi	ven														
Topic:																
Lawsuit	s concerning cr	edit agreements	}													
Instruc	tions:															
See Atta	ached						·									
Draftin	g History:															
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	<u>Typed</u>	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required									
/?	rmarchan 12/22/2003	jdyer 12/23/2003					· .									
′ 1			chaugen 12/23/200	03	lemery 12/23/2003	lemery 01/05/2004										

01/05/2004 01:59:47 PM Page 2

Vers. <u>Drafted</u>

Reviewed

Typed

Proofed

Submitted

Jacketed

Required

FE Sent For:

<END>

Received: 12/22/2003

2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

\mathbf{T}		
к	71	1
_		

Received: 12/22/2003				Received By: rmarchan				
Wanted: Soon				Identical to LRB:				
For: John Gard (608) 266-3387			By/Representing:					
This file	may be shown	to any legislat	or: NO		Drafter: rmarch	an		
May Con	ntact:				Addl. Drafters:			
Subject: Fin. Inst miscellaneous			Extra Copies:					
Submit v	ia email: YES							
Requeste	r's email:	Rep.Gard	@legis.state	e.wi.us				
Carbon c	opy (CC:) to:	robert.mai	rchant@leg	gis.state.wi.us	3			
Pre Top	ic:							
No specif	fic pre topic gi	ven						
Topic:					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Lawsuits	concerning cr	edit agreements	S	·				
Instructi	ions:							
See Attac	ched							
Drafting	History:							
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	<u>Submitted</u>	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required	
/?	rmarchan 12/22/2003	jdyer 12/23/2003						
/1			chaugen 12/23/20	03	lemery 12/23/2003			

12/23/2003 11:13:08 AM Page 2

FE Sent For:

<END>

2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 12/22/2003	Received By: rmarchan
Wanted: Soon	Identical to LRB:
For: John Gard (608) 266-3387	By/Representing:
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO	Drafter: rmarchan
May Contact:	Addl. Drafters:
Subject: Fin. Inst miscellaneous	Extra Copies:
Submit via email: YES	
Requester's email: Rep.Gard@legis.state.wi.us	
Carbon copy (CC:) to:	
Pre Topic:	
No specific pre topic given	
Topic:	
Lawsuits concerning credit agreements	
Instructions:	
See Attached	
Drafting History:	
Vers. Drafted Reviewed Typed Proofed /? rmarchan 123 is the first point of the proofed proofe	Submitted Jacketed Required

FE Sent For:

<END>

3933//

2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE

RT/MR/MS/GM/RM:kjf&kg:ch

LRB-33

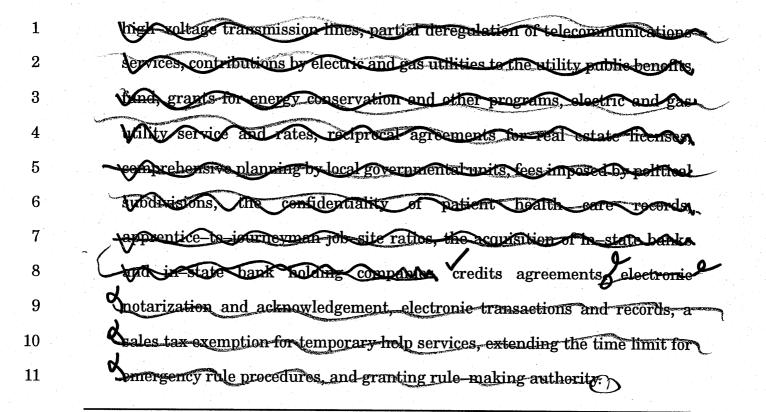
stays I d jd

12-23

PRELIMINARY DRAFT NOT BEADY FOR INTRODUCTION

108

AN ACT to repeal 137.04, 137.06, 196.491 (3) (g) 1m. and 224.30 (2); to renumber 1 2 196.491 (3) (g) 1.; to renumber and amend 137.05 (title) and 137.05; to amend 16.957 (2) (b) 1. (intro.), 16.957 (2) (c) 2., 16.957 (3) (b), 25.96, 66.1001 3 (2) (e), 66.1001 (4) (a), 106.01 (9), 106.025 (4), chapter 137 (title), subchapter I 4 (title) of chapter 137 [precedes 137.01], 137.01 (3) (a), 137.01 (4) (a), 137.01 (4) 5 (b), subchapter II (title) of chapter 137 [precedes 137.04], 146.82 (2) (a) (intro.), 6 196.195 (10), 196.374 (3), 196.491 (1) (d), 196.491 (2) (a) 3., 196.491 (2) (a) 3m., 7 8 196.491 (2) (g), 196.491 (3) (a) 3. a., 196.491 (3) (e), 221.0901 (3) (a) 1., 221.0901 9 (8) (a) and (b), 452.09 (2) (a), 452.09 (2) (c) (intro.), 452.09 (3) (d), 889.29 (1), 10 910.01 (1), 910.02 and 910.03; and to create 16.957 (2m), 66.0628, 66.1001 (4) 11 (e), 7/52 (2r), 106.04, 137.11 to 137.24, 137.25 (2), 146.82 (2) (a) 22., 196.03 (7), 12 196.195 (5m), 196.374 (3m), 241.02 (3), 295.13 (4) and 452.05 (3) of the statutes; relating to: administrative rule making procedures, the control 13 14 pollution, the protection of navigable waters, normetallic finish 15 financial assurances, the regulation of electric generating facilities and



Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes various changes relating to administrative rule—making procedures, the control of air pollution, the protection of navigable waters, nonmetallic mining reclamation financial assurances, the regulation of electric generating facilities and transmission lines, the deregulation of telecommunications services, contributions to and grants from the utility public benefits fund, economic development costs of electric and gas utilities, reciprocal agreements for real estate licenses, comprehensive planning by local governmental units, fees imposed by political subdivisions, the confidentiality of patient health care records, apprentice—to—journeyman job—site ratios, the acquisition of in—state banks and in—state bank holding companies, electronic notarizations and acknowledgements, electronic transactions and records, a sales tax exemption for temporary help services, and credit agreements and related documents.

LARGE ELECTRIC GENERATING FACILITIES AND HIGH-VOLTAGE TRANSMISSION LINES

Under current law, a person may not begin to construct certain large electric generating facilities or high-voltage transmission lines unless the Public Service Commission (PSC) has issued a certificate of public convenience and necessity (CPCN) for the facility or line. The process for the PSC to consider an application for a CPCN is subject to various deadlines. One deadline requires the PSC to take final action on an application within 180 days after the application is completed. Under certain circumstances, a court may extend the deadline by an additional 180 days. If the PSC fails to take final action within the deadline, current law provides that the

monitoring, accreditation, and health care services review activities by health care facility staff committees or accreditation or review organizations.

Under current federal law, patient health care information may be released without patient authorization by health care providers for, among other purposes, treatment, payment, and health care operations. "Health care operations" is defined in federal law to include quality assessment and improvement activities; credentialing or evaluating of health care practitioners and training; underwriting; medical review, legal services, and auditing; business planning and development; and business management and general administrative activities.

This bill modifies the requirement for release of patient health care records without patient consent to authorize, rather than require, release under specified circumstances, and to eliminate the requirement that a request for the records be received before release. The bill also increases the circumstances under which patient health care records are authorized to be released without patient informed consent, to include purposes of health care operations, as defined and authorized in federal law.

APPRENTICESHIP-TO-JOURNEYMAN JOB SITE RATIOS

Under current law, the Department of Workforce Development (DWD) may determine reasonable classifications, promulgate rules, issue general or special orders, hold hearing, make findings, and render orders as necessary to oversee the apprenticeship programs provided in this state.

This bill prohibits DWD from prescribing, whether by promulgating a rule, issuing a general or special order, or otherwise, the ratio of apprentices to journeymen that an employer may have at a job site.

ACQUISITIONS OF IN-STATE BANKS AND BANK HOLDING COMPANIES

Current law specifies certain requirements applicable to the acquisition of an in-state bank or in-state bank holding company by an out-of-state bank holding company. This bill applies those requirements to similar acquisitions by out-of-state banks.

LAWSUITS CONCERNING EINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

With certain exceptions, this bill prohibits any person from bringing a lawsuit against a bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, or any affiliate of such an institution (financial institution) based upon any of the following promises or commitments of the financial institution, unless the promise or commitment is in writing, sets forth relevant terms and conditions, and is signed by the financial institution: 1) a promise or commitment to lend money, grant or extend credit, or make any other financial accommodation; or 2) a promise or commitment to renew, extend, modify, or permit a delay in repayment or performance of a loan, extension of credit, or other financial accommodation. This prohibition does not apply to transactions that are subject to the Wisconsin Consumer Act (which generally regulates credit transactions of \$25,000 or less that are entered into for personal, family, or household purposes).

Currently, under the doctrine of promissory estoppel, the existence of an enforceable contract may be implied if a person makes a promise, the promise is one which the person should reasonably expect to induce action or forbearance of a

definite and substantial character, the promise induces such action or forbearance, and injustice can be avoided only by enforcement of the promise. This bill provides that any promise or commitment described above may not be enforced under the doctrine of promissory estoppel. This prohibition does not apply to transactions that are subject to the Wisconsin Consumer Act.

Financial assurance for nonmetallic mining reclamation

Current law requires counties to administer ordinances to ensure that nonmetallic mining sites are reclaimed. "Nonmetallic" mining means extracting substances like gravel and stone. Among other things, nonmetallic mining reclamation ordinances must require operators to provide financial assurance to ensure that the nonmetallic mine will be reclaimed. This bill provides that if a city, village, or town requires an operator to provide financial assurance for nonmetallic mining reclamation, the county must credit the value of that financial assurance toward the amount that the operator is required to provide under the county ordinance.

ELECTRONIC NOTARIZATIONS, ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS, TRANSACTIONS, AND RECORDS

In 1999, the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform State Laws approved the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act (UETA) and recommended it for enactment in all of the states. Generally, UETA establishes a legal framework that facilitates and validates certain electronic transactions. This bill enacts a version of UETA in Wisconsin, with certain changes

Current law regarding electronic documents, transactions, and signatures

Currently, a combination of state and federal laws govern the use of electronic records, transactions, and signatures in this state. The most significant federal law in this regard is the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, commonly known as "E-sign," which was enacted after UETA was recommended for enactment in all of the states. With certain exceptions relating to existing or pending document retention requirements, E-sign took effect on October 1, 2000. Although much of E-sign represents new law in this state, some of the issues addressed in E-sign were addressed under state law previous to E-sign. With certain exceptions, E-sign preempts the state law to the extent that the treatment is inconsistent with the treatment under E-sign.

1. Public records

Under E-sign, any law that requires retention of a contract or document relating to a transaction in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce may be satisfied by retaining an electronic document, as long as the retained information satisfies certain requirements relating to accuracy and accessibility. Thus, under E-sign, a custodian of a public record relating to a covered transaction is likely permitted to destroy the original record if a proper electronic copy is retained. This authority is consistent with current provisions in state law that, in most cases, permit electronic retention of public records; however, the state law in certain cases imposes additional quality control and evidentiary preservation requirements that must be followed if a public record is to be retained electronically. It is unclear

unless the in-state bank to be acquired, or all in-state bank subsidiaries of the in-state bank holding company to be acquired, have as of the proposed date of acquisition been in existence and in continuous operation for at least 5 years.

(b) The Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the division may approve an application under sub. (3) (a) for an acquisition of an in-state bank holding company that owns one or more in-state bank that have been in existence for less than 5 years, if the out-of-state bank holding company applicant divests itself of those in-state banks within 2 years after the date of acquisition of the in-state bank holding company by the out-of-state bank holding company applicant. This paragraph does not apply if the applicant is an in-state bank holding company or in-state bank.

SECTION 43. 224.30 (2) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 44. 241.02 (3) of the statutes is created to read:

241.02 (3) (a) In this subsection:

- 1. "Affiliate" of a bank, savings bank, or savings and loan association means a business entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the bank, savings bank, or savings and loan association.
- 2. "Financial institution" means a bank, savings bank, or savings and loan association organized under the laws of this state, another state, or the United States and any affiliate of such a bank, savings bank, or savings and loan association.
- (b) Except as provided in par. (d), no action may be commenced against a financial institution on or in connection with any of the following promises or commitments of the financial institution unless the promise or commitment is in writing, sets forth relevant terms and conditions, and is signed by the financial institution:

25

1	1. A promise or commitment to lend money, grant or extend credit, or make any
2	other financial accommodation.
3	2. A promise or commitment to renew, extend, modify, or permit a delay in
4	repayment or performance of a loan, extension of credit, or other financial
5	accommodation.
6	(c) Except as provided in par. (d), a promise or commitment by a financial
7	institution described in par. (b) may not be enforced under the doctrine of promissory
8	estoppel.
9	(d) Paragraphs (b) and (c) do not apply to credit transactions that are subject
10	to chs. 421 to 427.
11	Section 45. 295.13 (4) of the statutes is created to read:
12	295.13 (4) CREDITING OF FINANCIAL ASSURANCE. If a nonmetallic mining site is
13	subject to a county ordinance under sub. (1) or (2) and the city, village, or town in
14	which a nonmetallic mining site is located required the operator of the mining site
15	to provide financial assurance for nonmetallic mining reclamation of the nonmetallic
16	mining site, the county shall credit the value of the financial assurance provided to
17	the city, village, or town against the amount of financial assurance that the operator
18	is required to provide under the county ordinance.
19	Section 46. 452.05 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
20	452.05 (3) The department may, after consultation with the board, enter into
21	reciprocal agreements with officials of other states or territories of the United States
22	for licensing brokers and salespersons and grant licenses to applicants who are
23	licensed as brokers or salespersons in those states or territories according to the
24	terms of the reciprocal agreements.

Section 47. 452.09 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

16 CO

promulgate permanent rules under section 137.01 (4) (a) of the statutes, as affected by this act, to become effective no later than January 1, 2004.

(4) Energy conservation and efficiency grants; emergency rules. Using the procedure under section 227.24 of the statutes, the public service commission shall promulgate as emergency rules the rules required under section 16.957 (2m) of the statutes, as created by this act. Notwithstanding section 227.24 (1) (c) and (2) of the statutes, the emergency rules promulgated under this subsection may remain in effect until the date on which the permanent rules required under section 16.957 (2m) of the statutes, as created by this act, take effect. Notwithstanding section 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), and (3) of the statutes, the public service commission is not required to provide evidence that promulgating rules under this subsection as emergency rules is necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of emergency for the rules promulgated under this subsection.

SECTION 55. Initial applicability.

treatment of section 241 02 (3) of the statute first applies to actions commenced on the effective date of this subsection.

(2) Partial deregulation of telecommunications. The treatment of section 196.195 (5m) and (10) of the statutes first applies to proceedings initiated by petitions filed with the public service commission, or by notices made on the public service commission's own motion, on the effective date of this subsection.

(3) ENCINEERING PLANS. The treatment of section 196.491 (3) (a) 3. a. of the statutes first applies to engineering plans provided to the department of natural resources on the effective date of this subsection.

Emery, Lynn

From:

Nowak, Ellen

Sent:

Monday, January 05, 2004 1:40 PM

To:

LRB.Legal

Subject:

Draft review: LRB 03-3933/1 Topic: Lawsuits concerning credit agreements

It has been requested by <Nowak, Ellen> that the following draft be jacketed for the ASSEMBLY:

Draft review: LRB 03-3933/1 Topic: Lawsuits concerning credit agreements