2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 11/06/2002

Received By: jkuesel

Wanted: As time permits

Identical to LRB:

For: Michael Ellis (608) 266-0718

By/Representing: Jay Heck - Common Cause

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: jkuesel

May Contact:

Addl. Drafters:

Subject:

Elections - campaign finance

Extra Copies:

Mike Boerger

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email:

Sen.Ellis@legis.state.wi.us

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

Sen.Erpenbach@legis.state.wi.us

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Campaign finance changes

Instructions:

Delete 2001 Act 109 changes and substitute Engrossed 2001 SB-104. Change reporting of independent disbursements and independent expenditures to require only that obligations be reported within 24 hours after they are incurred. Change nonseverability to include only the reporting and matching of independent disbursements and independent expenditures. Persons subject to independent contribution and expenditure reporting must disclose obligations incurred prior to opening of 60-day window after that window opens. No person who is subject to a registration requirement may may a disbursement or expenditure from money or property received prior to the date of registration.

Drafting	History:
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/2	jkuesel 01/14/2003	kgilfoy 01/14/2003	chaskett 01/14/200)3	lemery 01/14/2003	sbasford 01/16/2003 sbasford 01/16/2003	

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/1			rschluet 12/19/200)2	mbarman 12/19/2002		
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LRB-4786/2

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2001 ASSEMBLY BILL 801

DUF: all amended stats.

February 12, 2002 – Introduced by Representatives Travis, Meyerhofer, Berceau, Black, Boyle, Carpenter, Cullen, Hebl, J. Lehman, Miller, Musser, Plouff, Reynolds, Schooff, Sinicki, Steinbrink, Turner and Kaufert, cosponsored by Senators Ellis, Erpenbach, Cowles, George, M. Meyer, Decker, Harsdorf, Moen, Plache, Robson, Schultz and Wirch. Referred to Committee on Campaigns and Elections.

regenerate to repeal 11.01 (12s), 11.05 (3) (o), 11.26 (9) (c), 11.265, 11.31 (2m), 11.50 1 (2) (h), 11.50 (2) (i) and 11.50 (3); to renumber 11.05 (2r) (title), 11.24 (2), 11.50 (1) (a) 1, and 11.50 (1) (a) 2.; to renumber and amend 11.05 (1), 11.05 (2), 11.05 (2r), 11.12 (6), 11.26 (9) (a), 11.26 (9) (b), 11.50 (9), 19.49 (5) and 19.59 (7); to amend 5.02 (13), 7.08 (2) (c) and (cm), 8.10 (3) (intro.), 8.15 (6) (intro.), 8.20 (4), 5 8.30 (2), 8.35 (4) (a) 1. a, and b., 8.35 (4) (c) and (d), 11.05 (3) (c), 11.05 (5), 11.05 (12) (b), 11.05 (13), 11.06 (1) (intro.), 11.06 (1) (e), 11.06 (2), 11.06 (4) (b), 11.06 7 (5), 11.06 (7m) (a), 11.06 (7m) (c), 11.06 (11) (c), 11.07 (1), 11.07 (5), 11.09 (3), 8 11:10 (1), 11.12 (2), 11.12 (4), 11.12 (5), 11.14 (3), 11.16 (2), 11.16 (5), 11.19 (title) 9 11.19 (1), 11.20 (1), 11.20 (7), 11.20 (9), 11.20 (10) (a), 11.20 (12), 11.21 (2), 11.21 10 (15), 11.21 (16), 11.22 (3), 11.23 (1), 11.23 (2), 11.25 (2) (b), 11.26 (1) (intro.), 11.26 11 12 (2) (intro.), 11.26 (2) (a), 11.26 (4), 11.26 (8), 11.26 (10), 11.26 (12m), 11.31 (1) (intro.), 11.31 (1) (a) to (d), 11.31 (1) (e) and (f), 11.31 (2), 11.31 (3), 11.38 (1) (a) 13 2., 11.38 (6), 11.38 (8) (b), 11.50 (2) (a), 11.50 (2) (b) 5., 11.50 (2) (c), 11.50 (2) (g),

11.50 (5), 11.50 (6), 11.50 (9) (title) 11.50 (11) (a), 11.50 (11) (e), 11.60 (4), 11.61 1 (1) (a), 19.53 (6), 19.59 (8) (c), 20.510 (1) (q), 25.42, 71.10 (3) (a) and 71.10 (3) (b); 2 to repeal and recreate 11.05 (9) (title) and 11.50 (4); and to create 7.08 (2) 3 (cs), 11.001 (2m), 11.01 (16) (a) 3., 11.05 (1) (b), 11.05 (2) (b), 11.05 (3) (m), 11.05 4 (3) (r), 11.06 (2ph) (b) to (d), 11.12 (2m), 11.12 (6) (c) and (d), 11.12 (8) and (9), 5 11.20 (2s), 1.20 (2t), 11.24 (1w), 11.24 (4), 11.26 (2) (ad) to (au), 11.26 (8m), 11.26 6 (9) (a) 1/to 7., 11.26 (9) (b) 1. to 7., 11.31 (1) (de), 11.31 (1m), 11.31 (3p), 11.31 7 (9), 11.50 (1) (a) 1. (intro.), 11.50 (1) (a) 2m., 1.50 (1) (am), 11.50 (1) (bm) and 8 (cm), 11.50 (2) (j), 11.50 (2m), 11.50 (2s), 11.50 (2w), 11.50 (4m), 11.50 (9) (b), (ba) 9 and (bb), 11.50 (14), 11.60 (3s) and (3t), 13.625 (3m), 19.42 (3m), (4g) and (4r), 10 19.45 (13), 19.49 (1m), 19.49 (5) (b), 19.535, 19.59 (1) (br), 19.59 (7) (b), 19.59 (8) 11 (cm) and (cn), 20.855 (4) (ba) and 806.04 (11m) of the statutes; relating to: 12 campaign financing, official action in return for providing or withholding 13 political contributions, services, or other things of value, lobbying regulation, 14 designations for the Wisconsin election campaign fund by individuals filing 15 state income tax returns. staffing of the elections board, providing exemptions from emergency rule procedures, granting rule-making authority, making

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes numerous changes in the campaign financing law. The bill also makes changes to the income tax laws and to the staffing of the elections board. Significant changes include:

FILING OF CAMPAIGN FINANCE REPORTS

Exemptions from registration and reporting

appropriations, and providing penalties.

18

Currently, any individual who accepts contributions, makes disbursements, or incurs obligations, and any committee or group that makes or accepts contributions, makes disbursements, or incurs obligations, in connection with one or more elections for state or local office or one or more state or local referenda exceeding \$25

cumulatively within a calendar year is potentially subject to requirements to register with the appropriate filing officer and to file campaign finance reports.

This bill provides that an individual who accepts contributions, makes disbursements, or incurs obligations or a group that makes or accepts contributions, makes disbursements, or incurs obligations in connection with one or more referenda is not subject to registration and reporting requirements until the individual or group engages in activity exceeding \$100 cumulatively within a calendar year.

The bill also permits an individual or committee to claim an exemption from reporting requirements if the individual or committee does not accept contributions, make disbursements, or incur obligations exceeding \$1,000 cumulatively within a calendar year with respect to an election for state office, and does not accept contributions exceeding \$100 from a single source cumulatively within a calendar year. If an individual or committee does not accept contributions, make disbursements, or incur obligations with respect to an election for any state office but accepts contributions, makes disbursements, or incurs obligations with respect to an election for local office, the bill permits the individual or committee to claim an exemption from reporting requirements only if the individual or committee does not accept contributions, make disbursements, or incur obligations exceeding \$100 cumulatively within a calendar year.

Electronic filing

Currently, reports under the campaign finance law must be filed by certain dates specified by law and must cover time periods specified by law. Candidates for state office or their personal campaign or authorized support committees and other individuals, committees, and groups supporting or opposing candidates for state office or statewide ballot questions file their reports with the state elections board. Each registrant for whom the elections board serves as a filing agency and who or that accepts contributions in a total amount or value of \$20,000 or more during a campaign period, or a biennial period for a registrant other than a candidate or personal campaign or support committee, must file reports with the board electronically. Any registrant who or that files a report electronically must also file a copy of the report recorded on a medium prescribed by the board.

This bill requires each committee that is currently required to file its campaign finance reports electronically to file those reports within 24 hours after a reportable transaction occurs. Under the bill, once a registrant becomes subject to an electronic reporting requirement, the requirement continues to apply until a termination report is filed, regardless of the level of continuing financial activity of the registrant. In accordance with current law, the bill also requires registrants who file electronically to file copies of reports, at the times currently prescribed by law, recorded on a medium prescribed by the board. The change applies effective with reports filed on or after the day on which the bill becomes law.

Mass media activities

Currently, individuals who accept contributions, organizations that make or accept contributions, and individuals who or organizations that incur obligations or make disbursements for the purpose of influencing an election for state or local office are generally required to register with the appropriate filing officer and to file

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financial reports with that officer, regardless of whether they act in conjunction with or independently of any candidate who is supported or opposed.

With certain exceptions, this bill imposes registration and reporting requirements, in addition, upon any individual who and organization that, within 60 days of an election and by means of communications media, makes any communication which include a reference to a candidate at that election, an office to be filled at that election, or a political party. The bill, however, does not require registration and reporting if the communication is made by a corporation, cooperative, or nonpolitical voluntary association and is limited to the corporation's, cooperative's or association's members, shareholders, or subscribers.

The first of contained similar but not identical provisions.

Special reporting by certain registrants

Currently, a committee making contributions or a candidate or other individual committee accepting contributions, making disbursements, or incurring obligations in support of or opposition to a candidate is generally required to file a report no later than the eighth day before a primary or election at which the candidate seeks nomination or election to office. The report must disclose contributions made or accepted, disbursements made, and obligations incurred through the 14th day prior to the primary or election. Currently, if a candidate for state office receives one or more contributions from a single contributor aggregating \$500 or more during the 14-day period preceding an election, the candidate must report to the elections board the information currently required to be disclosed pertaining to contributions received by the candidate no later than 24 hours following receipt of any such contribution or contributions.

This bill requires each candidate at the general or a special election for a major state office (the office of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state, state treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, justice of the supreme court, state senator, or representative to the assembly) who does not accept a public grant (see below) and who makes any disbursement after the candidate has accumulated cash in his or her campaign depository or has made disbursements in his or her campaign exceeding a combined total of 75% of the amount of the disbursement limitation for the office that the candidate seeks, to file daily reports, by electronic mail or facsimile transmission, with the elections board and with each candidate whose name appears on the ballot for the office in connection with which the disbursement is made. The daily reports may be filed no later than 24 hours after each disbursement is made, and must include the information that is currently required to be reported pertaining to disbursements made by candidates. The daily reports must be filed during the time period beginning with the later of the date of the disbursement that triggers the requirement or the 7th day after the applicable primary election or the date that a primary would be held, if required, and ending with date of the election at which the candidate seeks office.

This bill also creates additional reporting requirements, applicable to certain special interest committees. Under the bill, reporting may be required of any special interest committee, other than a conduit, that intends to receive any contribution, make any disbursement, or incursany obligation to make a disbursement (as currently defined) independently of a candidate for the purpose of advocating the

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election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate for a major state office at the general or a special election or any applicable primary election. In addition, reporting may be required of any special interest committee, other than a conduit, that intends to receive any contribution, make any disbursement, or incurany obligation to make any other expenditure independently of a candidate for the purpose of making communications, within 60 days of an election and by means of communications media, which include a reference to a candidate at that election, an office to be filled at that election, or a political party. These additional reporting requirements do not apply to communications that are made by a corporation, cooperative, or nonpolitical voluntary association and that are limited to the corporation's, cooperative's, or association's members, shareholders, or subscribers.

Under the bill, the special interest committee must file these additional reports on the 63rd, 42nd, and 21st day prior to the applicable election, and in the case of a special election, on the 21st day prior to that election. The reports must specify the name of each candidate who is supported or whose opponent is opposed and the total amount of contributions to be received, disbursements or other expenditures to be made, and obligations to be incurred for that purpose during the 21-day period following the date on which the report is due to be filed. The bill also requires additional reports to be filed on the 39th and 18th days preceding each general election and the 18th day preceding each special election, itemizing the actual contributions transferred and received disbursements made, and obligations insurred for the applicable 27 day period. Within 24 hours of the area reported to the applicable 27 day period. Within 24 hours of the area reported to the filed on the 39th and 18th days preceding each special election, itemizing the actual contributions transferred and received disbursements made, and obligations insurred for the applicable 27 day period. Within 24 hours of the area reported. Timeliness in filing reports cortain repurpose to occur before a transaction was

Currently, where a requirement is imposed under the campaign finance law for permitted filing of a report by a specified date, the requirement may be satisfied by depositing the report with the U.S. postal service no later than the date provided by law for receipt of the report.

This bill permits satisfaction of the filing requirement only by delivering a report to the appropriate filing officer or agency on or before the date provided by law for receipt of the report or by depositing the report with the U.S. postal service no later than the third day before that date.

DISBURSEMENT LIMITATIONS AND INDEPENDENT DISBURSEMENTS

Under current law, disbursement (expenditure) levels are specified for candidates for various state and local offices. These levels become a binding limitation upon any candidate for state office who accepts a state grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund or who agrees to be bound by the limitation, unless the candidate is opposed by a major opponent who could have qualified for a grant but declines to accept one. A candidate for state office who accepts a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund and who agrees to be bound by the disbursement limit applicable to the office which the candidate seeks may receive a grant equal to 45% of that disbursement limit, less certain committee contributions accepted by the candidate, if there are sufficient moneys in the fund to finance the full amount of grants for which candidates qualify.

Current law also imposes registration and financial reporting requirements on committees and individuals making disbursements independently of a candidate in



support of or in opposition to a candidate for a state or local office. One requirement is the obligation of the committee or individual to file reports with the appropriate filing officer within 24 hours of making such a disbursement, if the disbursement is made less than 15 days before a primary or election and if the cumulative amount of such disbursements exceeds \$20.

This bill foes the following:

1. Revises the current disbursement levels applicable to candidates for the offices shown in the following chart:

0.50	Current	Proposed
Office	Level	Leve1
Governor	\$1,078,200	\$2,000,000
Lieutenant governor	323,475	500,000
Attorney general	539,000	700,000
Secretary of state	215,625	250,000
State treasurer	215,625	250,000
Supreme court justice	215,625	300,000
State superintendent	215,625	250,000
State senator	34,500	100,000
Representative to the assembly	17,250	50,000

Action also in creased discussment limitation for a candidate for partisan office at a general or special election whose name appears on the ballot at a primary election, who receives less than twice as many votes at that election as another candidate for the same office within the same party, and who has an opponent at the general or special election who received at least 6% of the votes cast for all candidates for that office at the primary election. Under the bill, the increased disbursement limitation is 120% of the amount provided for the candidate receiving the greatest number of votes for that office. Action did not include this change.

3. Preates a biennial cost-of-living adjustment that causes the statutory disbursement levels to be adjusted biennially, beginning in 2004, in accordance with a formula tied to the "consumer price index" determined by the U.S. department of labor.

4. Replaces the provision requiring reports of cumulative independent disbursements exceeding \$20 made later than 15 days prior to a primary or election with a provision that requires cumulative independent disbursements or obligations exceeding \$20 during that period to be so reported.

5. Increases the disbursement limitation of any candidate who accepts a public grant by a) an amount equal to any independent disbursements or independent expenditures other than disbursements made by special interest committees in close proximity to the election for the purpose of making certain mass communications that are made to oppose that candidate, or to support that candidate's opponent, if that amount exceeds 10% of the disbursement limitation for the office that the candidate seeks; b) the total amount of disbursements exceeding the amount of the

certain amounts for which matching growts from the Wisconsia election compagn fund are potentially available (see Grant eligibility requirements and amounts, belows).

HARTO9 made similar but not identical changes.

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disbursement limitation for that office made by any opposing candidate who does not accept a public grant; and c) the total amount of contributions intended to be received or received by special interest committees for the purpose of opposing the candidate who accepts the grant or supporting that candidate's opponent.

6. Repeals the procedure by which a candidate who would not otherwise be subject to statutory disbursement limitations may voluntarily agree to comply with these limitations. Het 19 did not include this change.

Repeals the exemption from disbursement limitations that currently applies to any candidate who accepts a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund and who is opposed by a major opponent who could have qualified for a grant but declines to accept one. Under the bill, the candidate accepting the grant remains bound by the applicable disbursement limitations. That 109 did not include this change.

CONTRIBUTION LIMITATIONS

Under current law, committees other than political party committees and legislative campaign committees are subject to limitations on the amount of contributions made cumulatively to a particular candidate. A committee may contribute up to \$43,238 to a candidate for statewide office. Current law also limits the cumulative amount of contributions that a committee may make annually to a particular political party, limits the cumulative amount of contributions that a political party may accept annually from a particular committee, and limits the aggregate total of contributions that a political party may accept during any biennium from all committees. Currently, a committee may annually contribute up to \$6,000 to a particular political party, a political party may annually accept up to \$6,000 from a particular committee, and a political party may accept up to \$150,000in contributions from all committees during any biennium.

This bill establishes specified limitations on committee contributions to candidates for statewide office as follows: a) candidates for governor, \$45,000; b) candidates for lieutenant governor, \$15,000; c) candidates for attorney general, \$25,000; and d) candidates for secretary of state, state treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, or justice of the supreme court, \$10,000. Under the bill, the limitation on committee contributions to a particular political party, and on the annual amount that a political party may accept from a particular committee, is increased to \$18,000, and the aggregate limitation on contributions that a political party may accept during a biennium from all committees is increased to \$450,000.

Under current law, the aggregate contributions accepted by a candidate for state or local office from all committees, when combined with any grant received from the Wisconsin election campaign fund, may not exceed 65% of the disbursement level or limitation for the office that the candidate seeks. In addition, the contributions received by a candidate for state or local office from all committees other than political party or legislative campaign committees, when combined with any grant received from the Wisconsin election campaign fund, may not exceed 45% of the disbursement level or limitation for the office that the candidate seeks. This bill

April 109 included similar changes, but in some cases specifical different

provides instead that the aggregate contributions accepted by a candidate for state or local office from all political party committees may not exceed the following:

○ Office	Maximum Amount	
Governor	\$400,000	
Lieutenant governor	100,000	
Attorney general	100,000	
Secretary of state, state treasurer,	*	
justice of the supreme court or		
superintendent of public instruction	50,000	
State senator	24,000	
Representative to the assembly	12,000	
Any other state or local office	20% of the value of the total dis-	

bursement level for the office thet 109 did not include Mis change, but created other exceptions to this

limai to tion.

In addition, the bill provides that the aggregate contributions received by a candidate for state or local office from all committees other than political party committees may not exceed the following:

Office	Maximum Amount	
Governor	\$485,190	
Lieutenant governor	145,564	
Attorney general	242,550	
Secretary of state, state treasurer,		
justice of the supreme court or	·	
superintendent of public instruction	97,031	
State senator	15,525	
Representative to the assembly	7,763	
Any other state or local office	25% of the value of the total dis-	

De Act 109 made different changes to amounts of This limitation. TREATMENT OF LEGISLATIVE CAMPAIGN COMMITTEES

Currently, the adherents of any political party in either house of the legislature may organize a "legislative campaign committee" to support the candidacy of members of their party for legislative office. Committees other than legislative campaign committees and political party committees are generally subject to a limitation upon the contributions that they may make to candidates for legislative office or to political parties. Legislative campaign committees are subject only to overall limitations on the aggregate contributions that may be accepted by a candidate from entities other than individuals.

This bill eliminates the special status of legislative campaign committees, thus causing them to be treated in the same manner as other special interest committees

for the purpose of contribution limitations.

OTHER CONTRIBUTION RESTRICTIONS

This bill creates the following new prohibitions on contributions:

1. It prohibits contributions to incumbents who are seeking reelection to a partisan state office from the first Monday in January of each odd-numbered year through the enactment of the biennial budget act. The prohibition does not apply to contributions made to an incumbent who is subject to a recall election from the date on which the petition for a recall election is filed until the date of the recall election.

2. It prohibits any committee from making a contribution to any special interest committee. The prohibition does not apply to a committee that is affiliated with a labor organization that transfers a contribution to another committee that is

affiliated with the same labor organization.

 $\overline{3}$. It prohibits an elective state official or personal campaign committee of an elective state official from soliciting a lobbyist or principal (person who employs a obbyist) to arrange for another person to make a contribution to that official or personal campaign committee or to another elective state official or the personal

campaign committee of that official.

Currently, if a registrant receives a contribution, the registrant must deposit the contribution in its campaign depository account no later than the end of the fifth business day commencing after receipt, unless the registrant returns the contribution before that time. A registrant must report the occupation and principal place of employment of any individual who makes any contribution or contributions to a registrant exceeding \$100 in amount or value cumulatively within a calendar year. This bill provides that whenever a registrant receives a contribution in the form of money the registrant must obtain this information from a contributor, if required, before depositing the contributor's contribution in its campaign depository account. Under the bill, if the registrant does not obtain the required information within the period prescribed for making deposits, the registrant must return the

contribution.

ACT/09 did not include this change.

CONTRIBUTIONS THROUGH CONDUITS

Currently, if an individual or organization receives a political contribution consisting of money and transfers the contribution to another individual or organization without exercising discretion as to the amount to be transferred and the individual to whom or the organization to which the transfer is made, the contribution is considered to be made by the original contributor for purposes of reporting by the ultimate recipient. The contribution is also treated as an individual contribution for purposes of determining compliance with contribution limitations and qualifying contributions for public grants. The individual or organization making the transfer is called a "conduit" under the law. In most cases, a conduit is required to register and file campaign finance reports unless the conduit does not transfer any contributions to candidates or to personal campaign, legislative campaign, or political party committees.

containeda similar but not itentical provision'

This bill treats a contribution of money transferred by a conduit as a contribution from the conduit rather than from the individuals contributing to the conduit and applies the same limitations on the amounts of conduit contributions to candidates as apply to committee contributions to candidates. The change does not affect aggregate limitations on the amounts of contributions that candidates may accept from committees. not include this change.

Disposition of residual or excess funds

Under current law, residual funds remaining when a person who is required to register under the campaign financing law disbands or ceases incurring obligations, making disbursements, or accepting contributions or excess funds received by a registrant that may not be legally expended may generally be used for any lawful political purpose, returned to the original contributors, or donated to a charitable organization or the common school fund.

This bill allows residual or excess funds to be transferred to the Wisconsin

election campaign fund.

Phis Change Wisconsin Election CAMPAIGN FUND

Sources and uses of funds

Under current law, the Wisconsin election campaign fund is financed through an individual income tax "checkoff." Every individual filing a state income tax return who has a tax liability or is entitled to a tax refund may direct that \$1 of general purpose revenue be transferred to the fund. Individuals filing a joint return may separately choose whether to direct that the \$1 transfer be made. All moneys transferred to the fund are placed in accounts for specified state offices, and candidates for those offices may qualify for grants from the fund to be used for specified campaign expenses. No moneys in the fund may be used for any other purpose. This billdoes the following:

1. Increases the amount of the individual income tax checkoff for the Wisconsin election campaign fund from \$1 to \$5, effective for tax returns filed for taxable years beginning on or after January 1 following the day on which the bill becomes law. Under the bill, individuals filing a joint return may separately choose whether to make the \$5 checkoff. The bill also permits individuals to determine whether to designate their checkoffs for a "general account," which is distributed to all candidates who qualify for a grant, or for the account of an eligible political party, which is distributed to all candidates representing that party who qualify for a grant. However, if there are insufficient moneys in these accounts to permit any candidate who qualifies for a grant from receiving the full amount for which the candidate qualifies, the bill provides for the deficiency to be drawn from state general purpose

revenue. A Except for the folitical party checked, het 109 did not include 2. Authorizes the state elections hoard to set aside an amount not exceeding 5% the se of the moneys transferred to the Wisconsin election campaign fund in each year, Changes before distributions are made to candidate office accounts, to provide public before distributions are made to candidate office accounts, to provide public before distributions are made to candidate office accounts, to provide public before distributions are made to candidate office accounts, to provide public before distributions are made to candidate office accounts, to provide public before distributions are made to candidate office accounts, to provide public before distributions are made to candidate office accounts, to provide public before distributions are made to candidate office accounts. information concerning the purpose and effect of the fund and the income tax diverse checkoff for the fund. As part of the public information program, the board must prepare an easily understood description of the purpose and effect of the fund and

the tax checkoff. The department of revenue is required to include and highlight the description in its income tax preparation instructions related to the tax checkoff.

Grant eligibility requirements and amounts

Under current law, grants from the Wisconsin election campaign fund are available to finance specified campaign expenses of eligible candidates for the offices of state senator, representative to the assembly, governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, state treasurer, secretary of state, justice of the supreme court, and superintendent of public instruction. To receive a grant, a candidate must file an application with the state elections board no later than the deadline for filing nomination papers. Following the primary election or the date on which a primary would be held, if required, the board determines whether a candidate who applies for a grant meets the following eligibility requirements:

- 1. If the candidate seeks a partisan state office at a general election, the candidate must have received at least 6% of the total votes cast in the primary and have won the primary. If the candidate seeks a partisan state office at a special election, the candidate must either: a) appear on the ballot or in the column of a political party whose candidate for the same office at the preceding general election received at least 6% of the vote; or b) receive at least 6% of the votes cast at the special election.
 - 2. The candidate must have an opponent in the election.
- 3. The candidate must receive, during a specified time period, a specified amount through contributions from individuals of \$100 or less. For a candidate for the office of governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state treasurer, attorney general, justice of the supreme court, or superintendent of public instruction, the amount is 5% of the authorized disbursement level for the office which the candidate seeks. For a candidate for the office of state senator or representative to the assembly, the amount is 10% of the authorized disbursement level for the office which the candidate seeks.

Under current law, a candidate for any office who accepts a grant must comply with statutorily prescribed contribution and disbursement limitations, unless at least one of the candidate's opponents who received at least 6% of the votes cast for all candidates for that office at a partisan primary, if a primary was held, does not accept a grant and does not voluntarily agree to comply with the contribution and disbursement limitations for that office. The maximum grant that a candidate may receive is that amount which, when added to all other contributions accepted from sources other than individuals, political party committees, and legislative campaign committees, is equal to 45% of the authorized disbursement level for the office which the candidate seeks. No grants are available to finance campaign expenses in primary elections.

Currently, the elections board must notify the state treasurer that a candidate has qualified to receive a grant as soon as possible after the board is able to determine that the candidate has qualified to receive the grant. The state treasurer then has three business days to transmit the grant to the candidate.

This billdoes the following:

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ASSEMBLY BILL 801

1. Provides that a candidate for the office of state senator or representative to the assembly must receive contributions equal to only 3% of the authorized disbursement level for the office which the candidate seeks in order to qualify for a grant, but provides that the contributions of \$100 or less from individuals used by a candidate for any state office to determine eligibility for a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund must be made by individuals who reside in this state and, in the case of a candidate for legislative office, by individuals at least 50% of whom reside in a county having territory within the district in which the candidate seeks office. If I also have Chambes to grant from the first in which the candidate seeks

2. Provides that a candidate who applies for a grant may not accept any contribution from any committee other than a political party committee. If the candidate has accepted any contribution from a committee other than a political party committee during the campaign for the office that the candidate is currently seeking, the candidate must return the contribution to the contributor or donate the contribution to a charitable organization or to the Wisconsin election campaign fund or the common school fund before filing an application for a grant. The candidate may, however, later accept a contribution from a committee other than a political party committee if the candidate is determined by the elections board to be ineligible to receive a grant, after the date of that determination.

3. Provides that the maximum grant that a candidate for state office may receive is the lesser of 45% of the authorized disbursement limitation for the office that the candidate seeks, or that amount which, when added to all other contributions accepted by the candidate, is equal to the disbursement limitation for the office that the candidate seeks, unless the candidate qualifies to receive a grant for primary election campaign expenses or a supplemental grant (see below).

4 Permits a candidate who qualifies to receive a grant for a general, spring, or special election campaign, who was opposed at the primary election preceding that election by a candidate whose name appeared on the ballot, and who files double the minimum number of nomination paper signatures currently required for the office that the candidate seeks, to receive a grant to finance specified primary election campaign expenses. This grant, in combination with the grant received by the candidate for the election campaign, is equal the lesser of 55% of the authorized disbursement limitation for the office that the candidate seeks or that amount which, when added to all other contributions accepted by the candidate, is equal to the disbursement limitation for the office that the candidate seeks, unless the candidate qualifies to receive a supplemental grant (see below).

The total amount of any independent disbursements that are made by special interest committees to oppose that candidate, or to support that candidate's opponent and any independent expenditures other than disbursements made by special interest committees in close proximity to the election for the purpose of making certain mass communications to oppose that candidate or to support that candidate's opponent, if the total amount exceeds 10% of the disbursement limitation for the office that the candidate seeks the total amount of disbursements exceeding the amount of the disbursement limitation for that office

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made by an opposing candidate who does not accept a grant; and the total amount of contributions intended to be received or received by special interest committees for the purpose of opposing the candidate who accepts the grant or supporting that candidate's opponent

Requires the elections board and state treasurer to electronically transmit supplemental grants to qualifying candidates who so request within 24 hours after the candidates qualify to receive the supplemental grants.

Act 109 did not include this change.
PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS

Currently, violators of the campaign finance law are subject to a forfeiture (civil penalty) of not more than \$500 for each violation, except that violators of contribution limitations are subject to a forfeiture of not more than treble the amount unlawfully contributed. In addition, currently, any person who is delinquent in filing a report is subject to a forfeiture of not more than \$50 or one percent of the annual salary of the office for which a candidate is being supported or opposed, whichever is greater, for each day of delinquency. Currently, any person who makes an unlawful contribution is subject to a forfeiture of treble the amount of the unlawful contribution.

Currently, whoever intentionally violates certain provisions of the campaign finance law, such as registration requirements, contribution limitations, the prohibition against making contributions in the name of another person, the prohibition against using contributions for most nonpolitical purposes, and the prohibition against filing false reports and statements may be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than six months, or both, if the violation does not exceed \$100 in amount or value, and may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than six months, or both if the violation exceeds \$100 in amount or value.

This bill provides that if any candidate or committee, other than a conduit, accepts a contribution, makes a disbursement, makes any other expenditure for the purpose of making certain mass media communications (see above) or incurs an obligation to make a disbursement to support or oppose a candidate for a major state office (governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state, state treasurer, state superintendent of public instruction, or justice of the supreme court) without first registering and reporting to the extent required under the bill, the offender is subject to a forfeiture (civil penalty) of not more than \$500 for each day of violation. The bill also provides that if any of these candidates or committees accepts one or more contributions, makes one or more disbursements, or incurs one or more obligations to make disbursements for such a purpose in an amount that is more or less than the amount reported by that candidate or committee:

1. By more than 5% but not more than 10%, the candidate or committee must forfeit four times the amount of the difference.

2. By more than 10% but not more than 15%, the candidate or committee must forfeit six times the amount of the difference.

3. By more than 15%, the candidate or committee must forfeit eight times the amount of the difference.

"Act 109 did not include this Change.

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INITIAL APPLICABILITY

All campaign finance changes under the bill apply to elections held on or after the day on which the bill becomes law.

ELECTIONS BOARD

This bill increases the authorized FTE positions for the board by 1.0 GPR campaign finance investigator position and 1.0 GPR auditor position.

OR WITHHOLDING THINGS OF VALUE

Currently, no person may offer or give to a state public official, including a member of the legislature, directly or indirectly, and no state public official may solicit or accept from any person, directly or indirectly, anything of value if it could reasonably be expected to influence the state public official's vote, official actions, or judgment, or could reasonably be considered a reward for any official action or inaction on the part of the state public official.

This bill provides, in addition, that no state or local public official holding an elective office may, directly or by means of an agent, give, or offer or promise to give, or withhold, or offer or promise to withhold, his or her vote or influence, or promise to take or refrain from taking official action with respect to any proposed or pending matter in consideration of or upon condition that any other person make or refrain from making a political contribution, or provide or refrain from providing any service or other thing of value, to or for the benefit of a candidate, a political party, any other person who is subject to a registration requirement under the campaign finance law, or any person making a mass communication that contains a reference to a clearly identified state or local public official or a candidate for state or local public office.

Violators are subject to a forfeiture (civil penalty) of not more than \$5,000 for each violation, and are also subject to a forfeiture in an amount equal to the amount or value of any political contribution, service, or other thing of value that was wrongfully obtained, or if no political contribution, service, or other thing of value was obtained, an amount equal to the maximum contribution that an individual is permitted to make to a candidate for the office sought or held by the official, whichever amount is greater. Intentional violators are guilty of a misdemeanor and are subject to a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$5,000 or imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one year or both.

The bill also provides that, if the ethics board refuses or otherwise fails to authorize an investigation or a district afforney fails to initiate a prosecution with respect to any violation of the prohibition created by the bill within 30 days after receiving a verified complaint alleging such a violation, the person making the complaint may bring a lawsuit to recover a forfeiture on behalf of the state. If the person making the complaint prevails, the bill provides that the court may require the defendant to pay the complainant's attorney fees and costs, but any forfeiture recovered must be paid to the state. If the court finds that a lawsuit was frivolous, the court must award fees and costs to the defendant. The bill provides that no complaint alleging a violation of the prohibition contained in the bill may be filed during the period beginning 120 days before a general or spring election or the date that a special election is ordered and ending on the date of that election against a



candidate who files a declaration of candidacy to have his or her name appear on the ballot at that election.

This change was included in Act 109.

Nonseverability

Currently, if any part of an act is found by a court to be invalid, those parts that are valid are severed from the invalid part and the severed parts continue in force. This bill provides that, if any part of the bill relating to the reporting of disbursements by candidates who decline to accept public grants and the provision of supplemental grants to candidates who are opposed or whose opponents are supported by those disbursements is unconstitutional, then the entire bill is void In addition, the bill provides that if any of the following parts of the bill is unconstitutional, then all of the following parts are void: a) parts relating to the reporting of independent expenditures for mass communications; b) parts relating to the provision of supplemental grants to candidates who are opposed or whose opponents are supported by such independent expenditures for his relating to the provision of supplemental grants to candidates who are opposed or whose opponents are supported by such independent expenditures for his relating to the opponents are supported by such independent expenditures or by independent desta disbursements that are reportable under current law; c) parts relating to the reporting of contributions received or intended to be received for the purpose of making such independent expenditures or independent disbursements; and d) parts relating to the provision of supplemental grants to candidates who are intended to be opposed or whose opponents are intended to be supported through the use of such contributions.

> For further information see the state fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

> The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly. do enact as follows:

of by 2001 Wisconsin act 109) SECTION 1. 5.02 (13) of the statutes is amonded to read:

5.02 (13) "Political party" or "party" means a state committee registered under

s. 11.05 and organized exclusively for political purposes under whose name

candidates appear on a ballot at any election, and all county, congressional,

legislative, local and other affiliated committees authorized to operate under the

same name. For purposes of ch. 11, the term does not include a legislative campaign.

sommittee a committee filing an oath under s. 11.06 (7).

repealed and recreafel SECTION 2. 7.08 (2) (c) and (cm) of the statutes are amended to read:

as affected by 2001 Dixonsin act 109,

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7.08 (2) (c) As soon as possible after the canvass of the spring and September primary votes, but no later than the first Tuesday in March and the 4th Tuesday in September, transmit to the state treasurer a certified list of all eligible candidates for state office who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) and who the board determines are eligible to receive payments from the Wisconsin election campaign fund. The board shall also electronically transmit a similar list of candidates who the board determines are eligible to receive a grant under s. 11.50 (9) (b). (ba), or (bb) within 24-hours after any candidate qualifies to receive such a grant. Each list shall contain each candidate's name, the mailing address indicated upon the candidate's registration form, the office for which the individual is a candidate and the party or principle which he or she represents, if any.

the primary would be held, if required, transmit to the state treasurer a certified list of all eligible candidates for state office who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) and who who the board determines to the election. The board shall also transmit a similar list of candidates, if any, who have filed applications under s. 11.50 (2) and who the board determines for are eligible to receive a grant under s. 11.50 (2) and who the board determines for are eligible to receive a grant under s. 11.50 (1) (a) 2. after the special election. The board shall electronically transmit a similar list of candidates who the board determines are eligible to receive a grant under s. 11.50 (9) (b). (ba). or (bb) within 24 hours after any candidate qualifies to receive such a grant. Each list shall contain each candidate's name, the mailing address indicated upon the candidate's registration form, the office for which the individual is a candidate and the party or principle which he or she represents, if any.

Section 3. 7.08 (2) (cs) of the statutes is created to read:

	7.08 (2) (cs) In each even-numbered year, certify to the state treasurer for the
	period beginning with the month following certification and ending with the month
	in which the next certification is made by the board:
	1. No later than July 1, the name of each political party that qualifies under
	s. 11.50 (1) (am) 1. as an eligible political party as of the preceding June 1 and whose
	state chairperson has filed a request to establish an account for the party under s.
	11.50 (2s) (a).
. 1-1	2. No later than December 15, the name of each political party that qualifies
	under s. 11.50 (1) (am) 2. as an eligible political party as of the date of the preceding
	general election and whose state chairperson has filed a written request to establish
	an account for the party under s. 11.50 (2s) (a).
	Section 4. 8.10 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
	8.10 (3) (intro.) The certification of a qualified elector under s. 8.15 (4) (a) shall
	be appended to each nomination paper. The Except as otherwise required under s.
	11.50 (4m) for a candidate who seeks a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign
)	fund, the number of required signatures on nomination papers filed under this section is: as follows
	SECTION 5. 8.15 (6) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
	8.15 (6) (intro.) The Except as otherwise required under s. 11.50 (4m) for a
	candidate who seeks a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund, the number
****	of required signatures on nomination papers shall be as follows:
VV	SECTION 6. 8.20 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:
	8.20 (4) The Except as otherwise required under s. 11.50 (4m) for a candidate
	who seeks a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign fund, the number of
	required signatures on nomination papers for independent candidates shall be the

1		same as the number specified in s. 8.15 (6). For independent presidential electors
2		intending to vote for the same candidates for president and vice president, the
3		number of required signatures shall be not less than 2,000 nor more than 4,000
4 5	/	electors. as affected by all wish with let 19, we pealed and verte at a lection 7/8.30 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
6		/\ 8.30 (2) If no registration statement has been filed by or on behalf of a candidate
\bigcap_{7}		for state or local office in accordance with s. 11.05 (2g) for the applicable
8		deadline for filing nomination papers by the candidate, or the deadline for filing
9		a declaration of candidacy for an office for which nomination papers are not filed, the
10		name of the candidate may not appear on the ballot. This subsection may not be
11		construed to exempt a candidate from applicable penalties if he or she files a
12 OLS 13	ag	registration statement later than the time prescribed in ss. 11.01 (1) and 11.05 (2g). Lecter Macrosin let Of, - and recent week recreated sections 8.35 (4) (a) 1. a. and b. of the statutes are parameted to read:
14		8.35 (4) (a) 1. a. Donated to the former candidate's local or state political party
15	1	If the former candidate was a partisan candidate of donated to the former
16	+	candidate's local or state political party, donated to page a charitable organization
17		
3		the former candidate's choice or the charitable organization chosen or transferred to
18		the former candidate's choice or the charitable organization chosch or transferred to the board for deposit in the Wisconsin election campaign fund, as instructed by the
18 19	The state of the s	
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	the board for deposit in the Wisconsin election campaign fund, as instructed by the
19		the board for deposit in the Wisconsin election campaign fund, as instructed by the former candidate or, if the candidate left no instruction, by the former candidate's
19 20	The second secon	the board for deposit in the Wisconsin election campaign fund, as instructed by the former candidate or, if the candidate left no instruction, by the former candidate's next of kin if the former candidate is deceased, or if no choice is made returned to the
19 20 21		the board for deposit in the Wisconsin election campaign fund, as instructed by the former candidate or, if the candidate left no instruction, by the former candidate's next of kin if the former candidate is deceased, or if no choice is made returned to the denotes on a proportional bast; or
19 20 21 22		the board for deposit in the Wisconsin election campaign fund, as instructed by the former candidate or, if the candidate left no instruction, by the former candidate's next of kin if the former candidate is deceased, or if no choice is made returned to the denote or a proportional basis, or b. If the former candidate was a nonpartisan candidate, donated to
19 20 21 22 23		the board for deposit in the Wisconsin election campaign fund, as instructed by the former candidate or, if the candidate left no instruction, by the former candidate's next of kin if the former candidate is deceased, or if no choice is made returned to the denotes on a proportional bast; or b. If the former candidate was a nonpartisan candidate, donated to the charitable organization of the former candidate's choice or the charitable

instruction, by the former candidate's next of kin if the former candidate SECTION 9. 8.35 (4) (c) and (d) of the statutes are amended to read: 8.35 (4) (c) The transfer to the replacement candidate under par. (b) shall be 4 made and reported to the appropriate filing officer in a special report submitted by 5 the former candidate's campaign treasurer. If the former candidate is deceased and was serving as his or her own campaign treasurer, the former candidate's petitioner 7 or personal representative shall the the transfer tequited by par (b) if and file the report. The report shall be made in the manner provided. 9 under s. 11.21 (16), if applicable, or otherwise at the appropriate interval under s. 10 11.20 (2) or (4) and shall include a complete statement of all contributions, 11 disbursements, and incurred obligations pursuant to s. 11.06 (1) covering the period 12 from the day after the last date covered on the former candidate's most recent report 13 14 to the date of disposition. (d) The newly appointed candidate shall file his or her report in the manner 15 provided under s. 11.21 (16), if applicable, or otherwise at the next appropriate 16 interval under s. 11.20 (2) or (4) after his or her appointment. The appointed candidate shall include any transferred funds moneys in his or her first report. Section 10. 11.001 (2m) of the statutes is kreated to read 11.001 (2m) The legislature finds a compelling justification for minimal 20 21 disclosure of all communications made near the time of an election that include a reference to a candidate at that election, an office to be filled at that election, or a 22 political party in order to permit increased funding for candidates who are affected 23 by those communications. This minimal disclosure burden is outweighed by the need 24

) as created by 2001 Wisconsin act L 20 – 2001 – 2002 Legislature LRB-4780/2 JTK&RJM:kmg:jf ASSEMBLY BILL 801 SECTION 10 to establish an effective funding mechanism for affected candidates to effectively respond to communications that may impact an election. Section 11. 11.01 (12s) of the statutes RP; 11.01 (12W); (13) an ECTION 12. 11.01 (16) (a) 3. of the statutes is created to read: 42001 Wisconsin act 109 11 (16) (a) 3. A communication that is made by means of one or more communications media, other than a communication that is exempt from reporting under s. 11.29, that is made during the period beginning on the 60th day preceding an election and ending on the date of that election and that includes a reference to a candidate whose name is certified under s. 7.08 (2) (a) or 8.50 (1) (d) to appear on the ballot at that election, a reference to an office to be filled at that election, or reference to a political part SECTION 13, 11.05 (1) of the statutes is married -, as affected by 200 to read: ommittees and groups. 11.05 (1) (a) Except as provided in s. 9.10 (2) (d), every committee, other than a personal campaign committee, and every political group subject to registration 11.23 which that makes or accepts contributions, incurs obligations or makes disbursements in a calendar year in an aggregate amount in excess of \$25 shall file a statement with the appropriate filing officer giving the information required by sub. (3). In the case of any committee other than a personal campaign

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committee, the statement shall be filed by the treasurer. A personal campaign committee shall register under sub. (2g) of

Section 14. 11.05 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

(b) Every political group subject to registration under s. 11.23 which makes or accepts contributions, incurs obligations, or makes disbursements in a

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1 calendar year in an aggregate amount in excess of \$100 shall file a statement with the appropriate filing officer giving the information required by sub. (3) 2 SECTION 15. 11.05 (2) of the statutes, is tenunbered N.05 (2) (a) and amended to read: 11.05 (2) (a) Except as provided in s. 9.10 (2) (d), every individual, other than a candidate or agent of a candidate, who accepts contributions, incurs obligations, 6 or makes disbursements with respect to one or more elections for state or local office 7 in a calendar year in an aggregate amount in excess of \$25 shall file a statement with 8 the appropriate filing officer giving the information required by sub. (3). An 9 individual who guarantees a loan on which an individual, committee or group subject 10 to a registration requirement defaults is not subject to registration under this 11 subsection solely as a result of such default. SECTION 16. 11.05 (2) (b) of the statutes is created to read: 入.95.(名) (b) Every individual who accepts contributions, incurs obligations, or makes disbursements with respect to one or more referenda in a calendar year in an aggregate amount in excess of \$100 shall file a statement with the appropriate filing 16 17 officer giving the information required by sub. (3). SECTION 17. 11.05 (2r) (title) of the statutes is renumbered 11.06 (2m) (title) 4 2001 Wisconsin a repealed. of the statutes is renumbered 11.06 (2 Lancraded th General reporting exemp 21 11.06 (2m) (a) Any person, committee or group, other than from an 22 individual or committee required to file an oath under s. 11.06 (7), who or which does not anticipate accepting contributions, making disbursements, or incurring 23 obligations in an aggregate amount in excess of \$1,000 in a calendar year and does 24 not anticipate accepting any contribution or contributions from a single source, other 25

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LRB-4780/2 JTK&RJM:kmg:jf SECTION 18

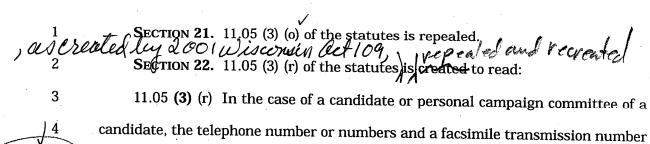
than contributions made by a candidate to his or her own campaign, exceeding \$100 in that year may indicate on its registration statement that the person, committee \mathbf{y} or group will not accept contributions, incur obligations or make disbursements in the aggregate in excess of \$1,000 in any calendar year and will not accept any contribution or contributions from a single source, other than contributions made by a candidate to his or her own campaign, exceeding \$100 in any calendar year. Any registrant making such an indication is not subject to any filing requirement if the statement is true. The registrant need not file a termination report. A registrant not making such an indication on a registration statement is subject to a filing requirement. The indication may be revoked and the registrant is then subject to a filing requirement as of the date of revocation, or the date that aggregate contributions, disbursements or obligations for the calendar year exceed \$1,000, or the date on which the registrant accepts any contribution or contributions exceeding \$100 from a single source, other than contributions made by a candidate to his or her own campaign, during hat any calendar year, whichever is earlier. is not timely the registrant violates . 11.27 (1)

SECTION 19. 11.05 (3) (c) of the statutes is intended to read:

11.05 (3) (c) In the case of a committee, a statement as to whether the committee is a personal campaign committee, a political party committee, for a special interest

committee by 2001 iscensin 109, as Created by 2001 iscensin (09, Section 20. 11.05 (3) (m) of the statutes) is present to read:

11.05 **(3)** (m) In the case of a personal campaign committee, the name of the candidate on whose behalf the committee was formed or intends to operate and the office or offices that the candidate seeks.



or electronic mail address, if any, at which the candidate may be contacted.

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submitted in a statement of registration shall be reported by the registrant to the appropriate filing officer within 10 days following the change. This period does not apply in case of change of an indication made under \$11.06 (2m), which shall be reported no later than the date that a registrant is subject to a filing requirement under \$11.06 (2m). Any such change may be reported only by the individual or by the officer who has succeeded to the position of an individual who signed the original statement; but in the case of a personal campaign committee, a candidate or campaign treasurer may report a change in the statement except as provided in s. 11.10 (2), and in the case of any other committee or group, the chief executive officer or treasurer indicated on the statement may report a change. If a preexisting support committee is adopted by a candidate as his or her personal campaign committee, the candidate shall file an amendment to the committee's statement under this subsection indicating that all information contained in the statement is true, correct and complete.

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SECTION 24. 11.05 (9) (title) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:

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11.05 (9) (title) DEPOSIT OF CONTRIBUTIONS; CONDUITS.

) as affected by acciliation and left 109, Section 25. 11.05 (12) (6) of the statutes is parended to read:

SECTION 25. 11.05 (12) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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report, unless otherwise provided:

	1	11.05 (12) (b) Except as authorized under sub. (13), a committee, group or
	2	individual other than a candidate or agent of a candidate shall comply with sub. (1)
	3	or (2) no later than the 5th business day commencing after receipt of the first
	4	contribution by such committee, group or individual, and before making any
	5	disbursement. No committee, group or individual, other than a candidate or agent
	6	of a candidate, may accept any contribution or contributions exceeding
	7/	the amount specified in sub. (1) or (2) during a calendar year at any time
	8	when the committee, group or individual is not registered under this section except
م ر	9 (10 /)	within the initial 5-day period authorized by this paragraph. **eted Ly 200 Wisconsin act 09 repealed und recreated Section 26. 11.05 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:
	11	11.05 (13) BANK ACCOUNT AND POSTAL BOX, EXEMPTION. An individual, committee,
	12	or group does not violate this section by accepting a contribution and making a
	13	disbursement in the amount required to rent a postal box, or in the minimum amount
	14	required by a bank or trust company to open a checking account, prior to the time of
	15	registration, if the disbursement is properly reported on the first report submitted
	16	under s. 11.20 or 11.21 (16) after the date that the individual, committee or group is
jas	affecte	registered, whenever a reporting requirement applies to the registrant. Ly 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, 14 feet and Ver wented SECTION 27. 11.06 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is larger ded to read:
	19	11.06 (1) CONTENTS OF REPORT. (intro.) Except as provided in subs. (2) (2m)
(20	and and strong (21) and s. 11.19 (2), each registrant under s. 11.05 shall
	21	make full reports, upon a form prescribed by the board and signed by the appropriate
ui ^{de} V	22	individual under sub. (5), of all contributions received, contributions or
	23	disbursements made, and obligations incurred. Each report shall contain the

following information, covering the period since the last date covered on the previous

excess of \$1,000 in any calendar year and will not accept any contribution or contributions from a single source exceeding \$100 in any calendar year. Any registrant making such an indication is not subject to any filing requirement if the statement is true. The registrant need not file a termination report. A registrant not making such an indication on a registration statement is subject to a filing requirement. The indication may be revoked and the registrant is then subject to a filing requirement as of the date of revocation, or the date on which aggregate contributions, disbursements or obligations for the calendar year exceed \$1,000, or the date on which the registrant accepts any contribution or contributions exceeding \$100 from a single source during any calendar year, whichever is earlier.

(c) Any individual or committee who or which is required to file an oath under s. 11.06 (7) and who or which accepts contributions, makes disbursements or incurs obligations for the purpose of supporting or opposing one or more candidates for local office but not for the purpose of supporting or opposing any candidate for state office and who or which does not anticipate accepting contributions, making disbursements or incurring obligations in an aggregate amount in excess of \$100 in a calendar year may indicate on its registration statement that the individual or committee will not accept contributions, incur obligations or make disbursements in the aggregate in excess of \$100 in any calendar year and will not accept any contribution or contributions from a single source, other than contributions made by a candidate to his or her own campaign, exceeding \$100 in any calendar year. Any registrant making such an indication is not subject to any filing requirement if the statement is true. The registrant need not file a termination report. A registrant not making such an indication on a registration statement is subject to a filing requirement. The indication may be revoked and the registrant is then subject to a

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1 filing requirement as of the date of revocation, or the date that aggregate contributions, disbursements or obligations for the calendar year exceed \$100, 2 3 whichever is earlier. (d) If a revocation by a registrant under this subsection is not timely, the SECTION 31. 11.06 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 11.06 (4) (b) Unless it is returned or donated within 15 days of receipt, a 8 contribution must be reported as received and accepted on the date received. This absection paragraph applies notwithstanding the fact that the contribution is not 9 deposited in the a campaign depository account by the closing date for a reporting 10 period as provided in s. 11.20 (8) or the reporting deadline provided in s. 11.21 (16). SECTION 32. 11.06 (5) of the statutes is amended to read: 11.06 (5) Report must be complete. A registered individual or treasurer of a 13 group or committee shall make a good faith effort to obtain all required information. 14 15. The first report shall commence no later than the date that the first contribution is 16

group or committee shall make a good faith effort to obtain all required information. The first report shall commence no later than the date that the first contribution is received and accepted or the first disbursement is made. Each report shall be filed with the appropriate filing officer on the dates designated in s. 11.20 and, if the registrant files reports under s. 11.21 (16), at the times specified in s. 11.21 (16). The individual or the treasurer of the group or committee shall certify to the correctness of each report. In the case of a candidate, the candidate or treasurer shall certify to the correctness of each report. If a treasurer is unavailable, any person designated as a custodian under s. 11.05 (3) (e) may certify to the correctness of a report

as a custodian under s. 11.05 (3) (e) may certify to the correctness of a report.

After the second of the statutes is amended to read:

11.06 **(7m)** (a) If a committee which was registered under s. 11.05 as a political party committee or legislative campaign committee supporting candidates of a

political party files an oath under sub. (7) affirming that it does not act in cooperation or consultation with any candidate who is nominated to appear on the party ballot of the party at a general or special election, that the committee does not act in concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, such a candidate, that the committee does not act in cooperation or consultation with such a candidate or agent or authorized committee of such a candidate who benefits from a disbursement made in opposition to another candidate, and that the committee does not act in concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, such a candidate or agent or authorized committee of such a candidate who benefits from a disbursement made in opposition to another candidate, the committee filing the oath may not make any contributions in support of any candidate of the party at the general or special election or in opposition to any such candidate's opponents exceeding the amounts specified in s. 11.26 (2), except as authorized in par. (c)

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SECTION 34. 11.06 (7m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.06 (7m) (c) A committee filing an oath under sub. (7) which desires to change its status to a political party committee at legislative campaign committee may do so as of December 31 of any even–numbered year. Section 11.26 does not apply to contributions received by such a committee prior to the date of the change. Such a committee may change its status at other times only by filing a termination statement under s. 11.19 (1) and reregistering as a newly organized committee under

SECTION 35. 11.06 (11) (bm), as created by 2001 Wiscousing Section 35. 11.06 (11) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: Oct 109,

11.06 (11) (c) A contribution of money received from a conduit, accompanied by the information required under par. (a), is considered to be a contribution from the original contributor <u>for the purposes of ss. 11.26 (1) and (4) and 11.50 (2) (b) 5</u>.

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<i></i>	2001 – 2002 degislature – 29 – () 4 LRB-4780/2 JTK&RJM:kmg;jf
	ASSEMBLY BILL 801 SECTION 36
1	SECTION 36. 11.07 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	11.07 (1) Every nonresident committee or group making contributions and
3	every nonresident individual, committee or group making disbursements exceeding
4	\$25 cumulatively the amount specified in s. 11.05 (1) or (2) in a calendar year within
5/	this state shall file the name, mailing and street address and the name and the
6	mailing and street address of a designated agent within the state with the office of
7	the secretary of state. An agent may be any adult individual who is a resident of this
8	state. After any change in the name or address of such agent the new address or
.9	name of the successor agent shall be filed within 30 days. Service of process in any
10	proceeding under this chapter or ch. 12, or service of any other notice or demand may
11	be made upon such agent.
12	SECTION 37. 11.07 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	11.07 (5) Any campaign treasurer or individual who knowingly receives a
14	contribution made by an unregistered nonresident in violation of this section may
15	not use or expend such contribution but shall immediately return it to the source or
16	at the option of the campaign treasurer or individual, donate the contribution to a
17	charitable organization or to the common school fund or transfer the contribution to
18	the board for deposit in the Wisconsin election campaign fund,
19	SECTION 38. 11.09 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	11.09 (3) Each registrant whose filing officer is the board, who or which makes
21	disbursements in connection with elections for offices which serve or referenda
22	which affect only one county or portion thereof, except a candidate, personal
23	campaign committee, political party committee, or other committee making
24	disbursements in support of or in opposition to a candidate for state senator,
25	representative to the assembly, court of appeals judge, or circuit judge, shall file a

	2001 – 2002 Legislature – 50 – LRB-4780/2
	ASSEMBLY BILL 801 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
	ASSEMBLY BILL 801 (as affected by 2001 Wiscond Section 38) due 109
1	duplicate original of each financial report filed with the board with the county clerk
2	or board of election commissioners of the county in which the elections in which the
3	registrant participates are held. Such reports shall be filed no later than the dates
4	specified under s. 11.20 (2) and (4) for the filing of each report with the board. This
5	subsection does not apply to a registrant who or which files reports under s. 11.21
6	(16). repealed and recreated
7	SECTION 39. 11.10 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	11.10 (1) Each candidate in an election shall appoint one campaign treasurer.
9	Except as provided in s. 11.14 (3), each candidate shall designate one campaign
10	depository account within 5 business days after the candidate receives his or her first
11	contribution and before the cardidate makes or authorizes any disbursement in
12	behalf of his or her candidacy. If a candidate adopts a preexisting support committee
13	as his or her personal campaign committee, the candidate shall make such
14	designation within 5 business days of adoption. The person designated as campaign
15	treasurer shall be the treasurer of the candidate's personal campaign committee, if
16	any. The candidate may appoint himself or herself or any other elector as campaign
17	treasurer. A registration statement under s. 11.05 (2g) must be filed jointly
18	by every candidate and his or her campaign treasurer. The candidate does not
19	qualify for ballot placement until this requirement is met. Except as authorized
20	under s. 11.06 (5), the campaign treasurer or candidate shall certify as to the
21	correctness of each report required to be filed, and the candidate bears the
22	responsibility for the accuracy of each report for purposes of civil liability under this

SECTION 40. 11.12 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	11.12 (2) Any anonymous contribution exceeding \$10 received by a campaign	
2	or committee treasurer or by an individual under s. 11.06 (7) may not be used or	
3	expended. The contribution shall be donated to the common school fund or to any	
4	charitable organization or transferred to the board for deposit in the Wisconsin	
5	clection campaign fund, at the option of the treasurer.	
6	Section 41. 11.12 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:	
7	11.12 (2m) If the campaign treasurer of a registrant receives a contribution in	
8	the form of money that is made by an individual who has made contributions to the	
9	registrant cumulatively within a calendar year exceeding \$100 in amount or value,	
10	and the contributor has not provided to the treasurer the information required under	
11	s. 11.06 (1) (b), the treasurer shall obtain the information from the contributor before	
12	depositing the contribution in the campaign depository account. If the treasurer does	
13	not receive the information within the period prescribed under s. 11.14 (1), the	
14	treasurer shall return the contribution to the contributor.	
15	SECTION 42. 11.12 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:	
16	11.12 (4) Each registrant shall report contributions, disbursements and	
17/	incurred obligations in accordance with s. 11.20 and, if the registrant files reports	_
18 -	under s. 11.21 (16) in accordance with s. 11.21 (16). Except as permitted under s.	
19	11.06 (2) (2) (2) (3) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4	
20	under s. 11.06 (1). Frepealed and vecnested	
21)	SECTION 43. 11.12 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:	
22	11.12 (5) If any contribution or contributions of \$500 or more cumulatively are	
23	received by a candidate for state office or by a committee or individual from a single	•
24)	contributor later than 15 days prior to a primary or election such that it is not	٢
25	included in the preprimary or preelection report submitted under s. 11.20 (3), the	
}	as affected by 2001 Wisconsin Oct	
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treasurer of the complittee or the individual receiving the contribution shall within 24 hours of receipt inform the appropriate filing officer of the information required under s. 11.06 (1) in such manner as the board may prescribe. The information shall also be included in the treasurer's or individual's next regular report. For purposes of the reporting requirement under this subsection, only contributions received during the period beginning with the day after the last date covered on the preprimary or preelection report, and ending with the day before the primary or election need be reported. This subsection does not apply to a registrant who or which files reports under s. 11.21 (16).

SECTION 44. 11.12 (6) of the statutes is renumbered 11.12 (6) (a) and amende to read: a sufferted by 2001 Wisconsin act 109

a disbursement of more than \$20 cumulatively is made to advocate the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate by an individual or committee later than 15 days prior to a primary or election in which the candidate's name appears on the ballot without cooperation or consultation with a candidate or agent or authorized committee of a candidate who is supported or whose opponent is opposed, and not in concert with or at the request or suggestion of such a candidate, agent or committee, the individual or treasurer of the committee shall, within 24 hours after incurring the obligation or making the disbursement, inform the appropriate filing officer of the information required under s. 11.06 (1) in such manner as the board may prescribe. The information shall also be included in the next regular report of the individual or committee under s. 11.20. For purposes of this subsection, paragraph, obligations and disbursements cumulate beginning with the day after the last date covered on the preprimary or preelection report and ending with the day before the

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primary or election. Upon receipt of a report under this subsection paragraph, the filing officer shall, within 24 hours of receipt, mail a copy of the report to all candidates for any office in support of or opposition to one of whom 🙀 an incurred obligation or disbursement identified in the report is incurred or made. A committee that files a report pertaining to a disbursement under par. (c) is not required to file a report pertaining to the same disbursement under this paragraph. This paragraph does not apply to a committee that files reports under s. 11.21 (16)

Section 45. 11.12 (6) (c) and (d) of the statutes are created to read:

(c) 1. If any committee identified under s. 11.05 (3) (c) as a special interest committee, other than a conduit, interest to receive any contribution, make any disbursement, or incurany obligation to make a disbursement for the purpose of advocating the election or defeat of a clearly identified candidate for a state office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (de), (e), or (f) at the general or a special election, or any such candidate who seeks a nomination for such an office at a primary election, or for a purpose described in s. 11.01 (16) (a) 3., without cooperation or consultation with a candidate or agent or authorized committee of a candidate who is supported or whose opponent is opposed, and not in concert with or at the request or suggestion of such a candidate, agent, or committee, the committee shall report to the board at within 24 hours thereatler the times specified in s. 11.20 (25), in such manner as the board may prescribe, the name of each candidate who is supported or whose opponent is opposed and the total amount of contributions to be received, disbursements to made, and obligations incurred for such a purpose in support or opposition to that candidate during the 21-day period following the date on which the report is due to be filed.)

2. A committee which is required to file reports under this paragraph shall also report to the board, at the times specified in s. 11.20 (24), in such manner as the board

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may prescribe, the amount and date of each contribution received, disbursement made, or obligation incurred for the purpose of advocating the election or defeat of a candidate specified in this paragraph in the manner specified in this paragraph, and the name of the candidate in support of or in opposition to whom the contribution was received, disbursement made, or obligation incurred during the 21-day period ending on each date specified in s. 11.20 (2t).

- 3. A committee which files a report under this paragraph concerning a disbursement is not required to file a report pertaining to the same disbursement under par. (a).
 - (d) All information reported by a registrant under this subsection shall also be

included in the next regular report of the registrant under s. 11.20.

(12) SECTION 46. 11.12 (8) and (9) of the statutes are greated to read:

11.12 **(8)** If a candidate for a state office specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (de), (e), or (f) who does not accept a grant under s. 11.50 makes any disbursement after that candidate has accumulated cash in his or her campaign depository account or has made disbursements during his or her campaign, as defined in s. 11.31 (7), exceeding a combined total of 75% of the amount specified in s. 11.31 (1) (a) to (de), (e), or (f), as adjusted under s. 11.31 (9), for the office that the candidate seeks, that candidate or the candidate's personal campaign committee shall file daily reports with the board and with each candidate whose name is certified to appear on the ballot for the office in connection with which the disbursement is made, by electronic mail or facsimile transmission, on each day beginning with that date or the 7th day after the primary election or the date that a primary would be held, if required, whichever is later, and ending on the date of the election at which the candidate seeks office. Each report shall contain information pertaining to each disbursement made by the

candidate or committee and shall be filed no later than 24 hours after that disbursement is made. Each report shall include the same information concerning each disbursement that is required to be reported for other disbursements under s. 11.06 (1). The information shall also be included in the next regular report of the candidate or committee under s. 11.20.

(9) Whenever a report is required to be filed with a candidate by electronic mail or facsimile transmission under this section, the report shall be filed at the address or number of the candidate or personal campaign committee as shown on the registration statement of the candidate or committee. If no electronic mail address or facsimile transmission number is shown, the report shall be filed at the mailing address shown on the statement.

SECTION 47. 11.14 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.14 (3) Notwithstanding sub. (1), any candidate who serves as his or her own campaign treasurer and who is authorized to make and makes an indication on his or her registration statement under s. (205/24) 11.06 (2m) that he or she will not accept contributions, make disbursements or incur obligations in an aggregate amount exceeding \$1,000 in a calendar year, and will not accept any contribution or contributions from a single source, other than contributions made by the candidate to his or her own campaign, exceeding \$100 in a calendar year, may designate a single personal account as his or her campaign depository account, and may intermingle personal and other funds with campaign funds. If a separate depository account is later established by the candidate, the candidate shall transfer all campaign funds in the personal account to the new depository account. Disbursements made from

such personal account need not be identified in accordance with s. 11.16 (3).

SECTION 48. 11.16 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

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11.16 (2) Limitation on Cash contributions. Every contribution of money exceeding \$50 shall be made by negotiable instrument or evidenced by an itemized credit card receipt bearing on the face the name of the remitter. No treasurer may accept a contribution made in violation of this subsection. The treasurer shall promptly return the contribution, a donate the contribution to the common school fund or to a charitable organization or transfer the contribution to the board for deposit in the Wisconsin election campaign fund in the event that the donor cannot be identified. repealed and vecvented

SECTION 49. 11.16 (5) of the statutes is

11.16 (5) ESCROW AGREEMENTS. Any personal campaign committee or political party committee or legislative campaign committee may, pursuant to a written escrow agreement with more than one candidate, solicit contributions for and conduct a joint fund raising effort or program on behalf of more than one named The agreement shall specify the percentage of the proceeds to be distributed to each candidate by the committee conducting the effort or program. The committee shall include this information in all solicitations for the effort or All contributions received and disbursements made by the committee in program. connection with the effort or program shall be received and disbursed through a separate depository account under s. 11.14 (1) that is identified in the agreement. For purposes of s. 11.06 (1), the committee conducting the effort or program shall prepare a schedule in the form prescribed by the board supplying all required information under s. 11.06 (1) and items qualifying for exclusion under s. 11.31 (6) for the effort or program, and shall transmit a copy of the schedule to each candidate who receives any of the proceeds within the period prescribed in s, 11.06 (4) (c). SECTION 50. 11.19 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

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