2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received	1: 11/22/2002				Received By: sn	niller		
Wanted: Soon				Identical to LRB:				
For: Administration-Budget					By/Representing: Schaeffer			
This file	may be shown	to any legislat	or: NO		Drafter: agary			
May Contact:					Addl. Drafters:			
Subject: Transportation - highways					Extra Copies: TNF, PJH			
Submit v	ia email: NO							
Pre Top	ic:							
DOA:	Vail - BB022	4,						
Topic:								
Wisconsi	in scenic bywa	ays						
Instruct	ions:							
See Attac	ched							
Drafting	g History:							
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required	
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/1	agary 12/04/2002	kgilfoy 12/04/2002	rschluet 12/05/20	02	amentkow 12/05/2002		S&L	
/2	agary 01/24/2003	kgilfoy 01/24/2003	rschluet 01/27/20	03	mbarman 01/27/2003			
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Received: 11/22/2002

2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

Received By: smiller

Bill

Wanted: Soon			·	Identical to LRI	3:	
For: Administration-I	By/Representing: Schaeffer					
This file may be shown		Drafter: agary				
May Contact:				Addl. Drafters:		
Subject: Transp	ortation - high	ways		Extra Copies:	TNF, PJF	ł
Submit via email: NO						
Pre Topic:		·				
DOA:Vail - BB022	24,					
Topic:	-					
Wisconsin scenic bywa	ays					
Instructions: See Attached						
Drafting History:						
Vers. <u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required
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agary	12-/34/ Kma 103	1-27		*		
FE Sent For:	7		<end></end>			

Gary, Aaron

From:

Grinde, Kirsten

Sent:

Thursday, January 23, 2003 8:03 PM

To:

Gary, Aaron Vail, Benjamin

Cc: Subject:

RE: BB0224 - LRB-0863

Aaron,

Please redraft as you feel necessary.

Thanks,

Kirsten

----Original Message----

From:

Gary, Aaron

Sent:

Thursday, January 23, 2003 2:36 PM

To:

Grinde, Kirsten Vail, Benjamin

Cc: Subject:

BB0224 - LRB-0863

Kirsten,

With regard to the e-mail communications below, I have now had the opportunity to spend more time deciphering state and federal law and comparing it to the draft and Attorney Bird's comments below. Upon doing so, I believe LRB-0863/1 should probably be redrafted. May I proceed to do so? Thanks. Aaron

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau 608.261.6926 (voice) 608.264.6948 (fax) aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

Gary, Aaron

From:

Bird, Barbara

Sent:

Tuesday, December 10, 2002 10:50 AM

To:

Gary, Aaron

Subject:

RE: LRB-0863/1dn draft of changes to 84.30

I spoke with staff in our planning area and they feel the language in the definition of "primary highway" appropriately describes the process by which both the original primary system and the new national highway system were chosen. So I am not recommending any change in that part of your draft. I will get you Paul's comments ASAP. Thanks.

----Original Message----

From:

Gary, Aaron

Sent:

Tuesday, December 10, 2002 10:46 AM

To:

Bird, Barbara; Schaeffer, Carole

Cc:

Kuecker, Karl; Maassen, Joe; Nilsen, Paul

Subject:

RE: LRB-0863/1dn draft of changes to 84.30

Thank you for your comments and analysis. I will wait to hear Paul's suggestions and whether any additional changes need to be made to the definition of "primary highway" before I redraft this.

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau 608.261.6926 (voice) 608.264.6948 (fax) aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

----Original Message-----

From:

Bird, Barbara

Sent:

Friday, December 06, 2002 3:12 PM Schaeffer, Carole; Gary, Aaron

To: Cc:

Kuecker, Karl; Maassen, Joe

Subject: LRB-0863/1dn draft of changes to 84.30

I was asked to review the first draft of changes which DOT suggested be made to s. 84.30, Stats. The draft and the analysis state that the purpose of the draft is to conform to federal law which makes scenic byways subject to the same restrictions on outdoor advertising as are applicable to primary highways. That is not a correct statement of federal law and is not the basis of the DOT's request for amendment of s. 84.30, Stats. If the same restrictions were applicable, I agree with Aaron Gary's comments as to why an amendment would be needed. The problem is that 23 USC 131(s) places more restrictions on the subset of primary highways (and national highway system highways) that are designated as scenic byways. That is why s. 84.30, Stats. must be amended. The simplest way to explain this is to state that some of the sign categories listed in 84.30(3) cannot be built along those primary highways designated as scenic byways. Section 23 USC 131 has two subsections that describe types of signs that may be erected along primary highways. Signs identified in 23 USC 131(c) and 23 USC 131(d) may be constructed along all primary highways. However, only signs identified in 23 USC 131(c) may be built along those primary highways designated as scenic byways. (Conversely, signs identified in 23 USC 131(d) cannot be built along those primary highways designated as scenic byways.) However, our state law (84.30) was not drafted with a parallel structure. In s. 84.30(3), Stats., the signs from both 23 USC 131(c) and 23 USC 131(d) have been thrown together. What we need to do is identify which of the paragraphs of 84.30(3), Stats., correspond to signs identified in 23 USC 131(d) and provide in the simplest and clearest way that those signs can be erected unless the primary highway has been designated as a scenic byway. I will consult with Attorney Paul Nilsen on our DOT staff to see what suggestion Paul may have on how to do this. Paul was until recently worked as an LRB drafter. I hope this note explains more clearly what the DOT is requesting with respect to scenic byways. The current draft does not accomplish what we need to do. If the basis for our request is still not clear, I would be happy to discuss this directly with Attorney Gary. My number is 266-8807.

I may have additional comments which I will provide ASAP with regard to the draft amendment to the definition of "primary highway".

2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

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Received: 11/22/2002 Wanted: Soon				Received By: smiller					
					Identical to LRB:				
For: Ac	lministration-B	Sudget		٠	By/Representing: Schaeffer Drafter: agary Addl. Drafters:				
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Subject	:: Transp	ortation - high	ways		Extra Copies: TNF, PJH, DOV Carol Bu				
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Drafti	ng History:)			
Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required		
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FE Sen	t For:	XX XXY		<end></end>					

2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 11/22/2002	Received By: smiller Identical to LRB:				
Wanted: Soon					
For: Administration-Budget	By/Representing: Schaeffer				
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO	Drafter: agary				
May Contact:	Addl. Drafters:				
Subject: Transportation - highways	Extra Copies: TNF, PJH, DOT (Carol Buck)				
Submit via email: NO					
Pre Topic:					
DOA:Schaeffer - BB0224,					
Topic:					
Wisconsin scenic byways					
Instructions:					
See Attached					
Drafting History:	·				
Vers. Drafted Reviewed Typed Proofed	Submitted Jacketed Required				
FE Sent For:					



SCOTT McCALLUM GOVERNOR GEORGE LIGHTBOURN SECRETARY

Division of Executive Budget and Finance Post Office Box 7864 Madison, WI 53707-7864 Voice (608) 266-1736 Fax (608) 267-0372 TTY (608) 267-9629

> HG BB0224

Date:

November 19, 2002

To:

Stephen R. Miller, Chief

Legislative Reference Bureau

From:

Carole J. Schaeffer

Policy and Budget Analyst

ECR Team

Subject:

Biennial Budget Drafting Request

Agency 395 - Department of Transportation (DOT)

Budget Office Request Title:

Wisconsin scenic byways

Request Description:

Amend Wisconsin scenic byways statutes by providing for effective control of outdoor advertising. Thereby bringing state statutes into conformity with federal law to avoid jeopardizing discretionary funding and incurring a 10% penalty on highway funds apportioned to Wisconsin (compliance interpreted by FHWA). Further description is provided in the attached issue paper prepared by the department.

Department of Transportation 2003-2005 Biennial Budget Request STATUTORY MODIFICATIONS

TOPIC:

Control of Outdoor Advertising on Scenic Byways

DESCRIPTION OF CHANGE:

Amend s. 84.30 Wis. Stats., to bring it into conformity with 23 USC 131(s) and 23 USC 131(t).

Under subsection (s), this federal law prohibits the erection of signs, other than signs described in subsection (c), along any highway on the interstate system or federal aid primary system which is designated as a scenic byway under a state scenic byway program.

Under subsection (t) for purposes of outdoor advertising control, the federal primary system includes highways on the federal aid primary system as of June 1, 1991 and any additional highway not on the primary system at that time but which is on the National Highway System.

JUSTIFICATION:

In 1999 Wisconsin Act 9, the Legislature made the policy decision that Wisconsin should have a scenic byways program that is consistent with federal requirements by adopting s. 84.106 Wis. Stats. Failure to provide for control of outdoor advertising along highways that are designated as scenic byways under s. 84.106 Wis. Stats., will not only jeopardize the eligibility of projects on those highways for discretionary federal funding under the national scenic byways program, but can also affect the amount of annual federal aid highway funds that Wisconsin receives. Failure to provide for the control of outdoor advertising signs along scenic byways is considered by the Federal Highway Administration to be a failure to provide for effective control of outdoor advertising under 23 USC 131(b). This failure subjects the state to a penalty of a reduction equal to 10% of the amount of highway funds which would otherwise be apportioned to the state.

2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE

Gen 12

LRB-0863/1 ARG://....

DOA:.....Schaeffer – BB0224, Wisconsin scenic byways
FOR 2003–05 BUDGET — NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

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1 Note

AN ACT (AT. relating to: outdoor advertising signs along interstate and federal-aid primary highways, highways designated as scenic byways, and the Great River Road.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau TRANSPORTATION

HIGHWAYS

The federal Highway Beautification Act requires states to restrict advertising along interstate and federal—aid primary (primary) highways. Under current state law, no person may erect or maintain an outdoor advertising sign visible from the main—traveled way of an interstate or primary highway unless he or she possesses a license issued by the Department of Transportation DOT, the sign complies with applicable regulations, including restrictions on size and location, and, if DOT has promulgated a rule requiring payment of an annual permit fee for the sign, the person has paid the annual permit fee.

Also under current law, DOT administers a scenic byways program, under which DOT may designate as "scenic byways" highways that have outstanding scenic, historic, cultural, natural, recreational, or archeological qualities. Federal law restricts advertising along scenic byways on the interstate and primary highway system.

Under current law, the Great River Road in Wisconsin consists of a scenic highway route along the Mississippi River that is designated by DOT and approved

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by the federal government. State and federal law restricts advertising along the Great River Road.

This bill changes the definition of primary highway to conform to current federal law, specifies that interstate and primary highways designated as state scenic byways are subject to the same restrictions on outdoor advertising signs that apply to primary highways, and clarifies the restrictions on outdoor advertising signs along the Great River Road.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 84.30 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (1) Legislative findings and purpose. To promote the safety, convenience, and enjoyment of public travel, to preserve the natural beauty of Wisconsin, to aid in the free flow of interstate commerce, to protect the public investment in highways, and to conform to the expressed intent of congress to control the erection and maintenance of outdoor advertising signs, displays, and devices adjacent to the national system of interstate and defense highways, it is hereby declared to be necessary in the public interest to control the erection and maintenance of billboards and other outdoor advertising devices adjacent to said system of interstate and federal—aid primary highways, scenic byways, and the Great River Road.

SECTION 2. 84.30 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (2) (a) "Adjacent area" means an area which is adjacent to and within 660 feet of the nearest edge of the right-of-way of any interstate or primary highway, scenic byway, or the Great River Road, which 660 feet distance shall be measured horizontally along a line normal or perpendicular to the center line of the highway.

Section 3. 84.30 (2) (i) of the statutes is amended to read:

SECTION 3

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84.30 (2) (i) "Primary highway" means any highway, other than an interstate highway, at any time officially designated by the department, and approved by the appropriate authority of the federal government, as a part of the federal-aid primary system by the department and approved by the appropriate authority of the federal government in existence on June 1, 1991 or as a part of the national highway system identified in 23 USC 103 (b). **Section 4.** 84.30 (2) (im) of the statutes is created to read: 84.30 (2) (im) "Scenic byway" means any interstate or primary highway, or portion thereof, designated by the department as a scenic byway under s. 84.106. SECTION 5. 84.30 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 84.30 (3) Signs prohibited. (intro.) No sign visible from the main-traveled way of any interstate or federal-aid primary highway, scenic byway, or the Great River Road may be erected or maintained, except the following: SECTION 6. 84.30 (3) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read: 84.30 (3) (c) 2. Signs that are not effectively shielded as to prevent beams or rays of light from being directed at any portion of the traveled ways of the interstate or federal-aid primary highway, scenic byway, or Great River Road and that are of such intensity or brilliance as to cause glare or to impair the vision of the driver of any motor vehicle, or that otherwise interfere with any driver's operation of a motor vehicle, are prohibited. **SECTION 7.** 84.30 (3) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (3) (h) Signs outside the adjacent area which are not erected with the purpose of their message being read from the main-traveled way of an interstate or primary highway, scenic byway, or the Great River Road.

SECTION 8. 84.30 (4) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

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84.30 (4) (b) 2. Signs which are not effectively shielded as to prevent beams or rays of light from being directed at any portion of the traveled ways of the interstate or federal—aid primary highway, scenic byway, or Great River Road and which are of such intensity or brilliance as to cause glare or to impair the vision of the driver of any motor vehicle, or which otherwise interfere with any driver's operation of a motor vehicle are prohibited.

SECTION 9. 84.30 (4) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (4) (c) 1. On interstate and federal-aid primary highways, scenic byways, and the Great River Road, signs may not be located in such a manner as to obscure, or otherwise physically interfere with the effectiveness of an official traffic sign, signal, or device, obstruct or physically interfere with the driver's view of approaching, merging, or intersecting traffic.

SECTION 10. 84.30 (4) (c) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (4) (c) 3. On nonfreeway federal—aid primary highways outside incorporated villages and cities, scenic byways, and the Great River Road, no 2 structures shall be spaced less than 300 feet apart. Within incorporated villages and cities, no 2 structures shall be spaced less than 100 feet apart.

SECTION 11. 84.30 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 **(6)** (b) Signs lawfully in existence on land adjoining any highway made an interstate or primary highway, scenic byway, or part of the Great River Road after March 18, 1972.

Section 9453. Effective dates; transportation.

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SECTION 9453

and (1) OUTDOOR ADVERTISING SIGNS. The treatment of section 84.30 (1), (2) (a), (i), and (im), (3) (intro.), (c) 2., and (h), (4) (b) 2./(c) 1. and 3., and (6) (b) of the statutes takes effect on the first day of the tourth month beginning after publication. >4 th (END)

D. Note

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0863/1dn ARG:

ATTN: Carole Schaeffer

The attached draft amends s. 84.30 to conform to current federal law by updating the definition of federal—aid primary highway and by specifically including scenic byways within the scope of s. 84.30's general prohibition on outdoor advertising signs along interstate and federal—aid primary highways. As I interpret 23 USC 131 (s), it is not necessary to amend s. 84.30 to specifically refer to scenic byways because 23 USC 131 (s) covers only advertising signs "along any highway on the Interstate System or Federal—aid primary system ... designated as a [state] scenic byways..." Since s. 84.30 already covers all interstate and federal—aid primary highways, it necessarily already covers the subset of such highways that may be designated under s. 84.106 as scenic byways. Nonetheless, pursuant to the drafting instructions and for the sake of clarity, I have amended s. 84.30 to expressly include treatment of scenic byways. I have also limited the treatment to scenic byways on interstate and federal—aid primary highways, as opposed to all scenic byways.

I have also amended s. 84.30 to "clean up" various provisions relating to the Great River Road, which is referenced in several places in s. 84.30 but which does not appear in the operative provision of the statute, s. 84.30 (3) (intro.). (Under 23 USC 148 (a) (4), federal law imposes the outdoor advertising restrictions of 23 USC 131 on the Great River Road.)

I have also included a delayed effective date to allow DOT three months to implement the provisions in the attached draft, particularly those changes that may be necessitated by the change in definition of federal—aid primary highway.

> Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6926

E-mail: aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0863/1dn ARG:kmg:rs

December 4, 2002

ATTN: Carole Schaeffer

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I have also amended s. 84.30 to "clean up" various provisions relating to the Great River Road, which is referenced in several places in s. 84.30 but which does not appear in the operative provision of the statute, s. 84.30 (3) (intro.). (Under 23 USC 148 (a) (4), federal law imposes the outdoor advertising restrictions of 23 USC 131 on the Great River Road.)

I have also included a delayed effective date to allow DOT three months to implement the provisions in the attached draft, particularly those changes that may be necessitated by the change in definition of federal—aid primary highway.

> Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6926

E-mail: aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us



State of Misconsin 2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0863/# Z ARG:kmg:rs

Vail

DOA:.....Schaeffer – BB0224, Wisconsin scenic byways

RMR

FOR 2003-05 BUDGET — NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

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AN ACT C, relating to: outdoor advertising signs along interstate and federal-aid primary highways, high designated as scenic byways, and the circular kiner kiner.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau TRANSPORTATION

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HIGHWAYS

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System. Thin on advertising along the interstate and pinnary highway system severally Under current law, the Great River-Road in Wisconsin-consists of a scenic highway route along the Mississippi River that is designated by DOT and approved

imposes slightly greater restrictions on

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LRB-0863/1 ARG:kmg:rs

to conform to current federal law.

2003-2004 Legislature -2
I and imposes additional restrictions on advertising along

by the federal government. State and federal law restrict advertising along the Great River Road.

This bill changes the definition of "primary highway" to conform to current federal law, specifies that interstate and primary highways designated as state scenic byways are subject to the same restrictions on outdoor advertising signs that apply to primary highways, and charifies the restrictions on outdoor advertising signs along the Great River Road.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1 **SECTION 1.** 84.30 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 2 LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND PURPOSE. 84.30 (1) To promote the safety, 3 convenience, and enjoyment of public travel, to preserve the natural beauty of Wisconsin, to aid in the free flow of interstate comparerce, to protect the public 4 5 investment in highways, and to conform to the expressed intent of congress to control the erection and maintenance of outdoor advertising signs, displays, and devices 6 7 adjacent to the national system of interstate and defense highways, it is hereby declared to be necessary in the public interest to control the erection and 8 maintenance of billboards and other outdoor advertising devices adjacent to said 9 system of interstate and federal-aid primary highways, scenic byways, and the 10 Great River Road. 11 SECTION 2. 84.30 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 12 84.30 (2) (a) "Adjacent area" means an area which is adjacent to and within 660 13 feet of the nearest edge of the right-of-way of any interstate or primary highway, any 14 scenic byway, or the Great River Road, which 660 feet distance shall be measured 15 horizontally along a line normal or perpendicular to the center line of the highway. 16

SECTION 84.30 (2) (i) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	84.30 (2) (i) "Primary highway" means any highway, other than an interstate
2	highway, at any time officially designated by the department, and approved by the
3	appropriate authority of the federal government, as a part of the federal-aid primary
4	system by the department and approved by the appropriate authority of the federal
5	government in existence on June 1, 1991, or as a part of the national highway system
6	identified in 23 USC 103 (b).
7	SECTION 4. 84.30 (2) (im) of the statutes is created to read:
8	84.30 (2) (im) "Scenic byway" means any interstate or primary highway, or
9	portion thereof, designated by the department as a scenic byway under s. 84.106.
10)	SECTION 84.30 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	84.30 (3) SIGNS PROHIBITED. (intro.) No sign visible from the main-traveled way
$\widehat{12}$	of any interstate or federal-aid primary highway any secure byway or the Great
	of any interstate of rederal are primary inglinary seems seems of the street
13	River River may be erected or maintained, except the following:
13	River River may be erected or maintained, except the following:
13	River Ross may be erected or maintained, except the following: SECTION 6. 84.30 (3) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
13 14 15	RIMERIAL may be erected or maintained, except the following: SECTION 6. 84.30 (3) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read: 84.30 (3) (c) 2. Signs that are not effectively shielded so as to prevent beams
13 14 15 16	SECTION 6. 84.30 (3) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read: 84.30 (3) (c) 2. Signs that are not effectively shielded so as to prevent beams or rays of light from being directed at any portion of the traveled ways of the
13 14 15 16 17	SECTION 6. 84.30 (3) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read: 84.30 (3) (c) 2. Signs that are not effectively shielded so as to prevent beams or rays of light from being directed at any portion of the traveled ways of the interstate or federal-aid primary highway, scenic byway, or Great River Road and
13 14 15 16 17 18	SECTION 6. 84.30 (3) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read: 84.30 (3) (c) 2. Signs that are not effectively shielded so as to prevent beams or rays of light from being directed at any portion of the traveled ways of the interstate or federal—aid primary highway, scenic byway, or Great River Road and that are of such intensity or brilliance as to cause glare or to impair the vision of the
13 14 15 16 17 18 19	SECTION 6. 84.30 (3) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read: 84.30 (3) (c) 2. Signs that are not effectively shielded so as to prevent beams or rays of light from being directed at any portion of the traveled ways of the interstate or federal—aid primary highway, scenic byway, or Great River Road and that are of such intensity or brilliance as to cause glare or to impair the vision of the driver of any motor vehicle, or that otherwise interfere with any driver's operation
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SECTION 6. 84.30 (3) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read: 84.30 (3) (c) 2. Signs that are not effectively shielded so as to prevent beams or rays of light from being directed at any portion of the traveled ways of the interstate or federal—aid primary highway, scenic byway, or creat River Road and that are of such intensity or brilliance as to cause glare or to impair the vision of the driver of any motor vehicle, or that otherwise interfere with any driver's operation of a motor vehicle, are prohibited.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SECTION 6. 84.30 (3) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read: 84.30 (3) (c) 2. Signs that are not effectively shielded so as to prevent beams or rays of light from being directed at any portion of the traveled ways of the interstate or federal—aid primary highway, scenic byway, or Great River Road and that are of such intensity or brilliance as to cause glare or to impair the vision of the driver of any motor vehicle, or that otherwise interfere with any driver's operation of a motor vehicle, are prohibited. Section 7. 84.30 (3) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:

SECTION 8. 84.30 (4) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

ment 4-1

84.30 (4) (b) 2. Signs which are not effectively shielded so as to prevent beams or rays of light from being directed at any portion of the traveled ways of the interstate or federal—aid primary highway, scenic byway, or Great River Road and which are of such intensity or brilliance as to cause glare or to impair the vision of the driver of any motor vehicle, or which otherwise interfere with any driver's operation of a motor vehicle, are prohibited.

SECTION 9. 84.30 (4) (c) 1 of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (4) (c) 1. On interstate and federal-aid primary highways, scenic byways, and the Great River Road, signs may not be located in such a manner as to obscure, or otherwise physically interfere with the effectiveness of, an official traffic sign, signal, or device, obstruct or physically interfere with the driver's view of approaching, merging, or intersecting traffic.

SECTION 10. 84.30 (4) (c) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (4) (c) 3. On nonfreeway federal—aid primary highways outside incorporated villages and cities, scenic byways, and the Great River Road, no 2 structures shall be spaced less than 300 feet apart. Within incorporated villages and cities, no 2 structures shall be spaced less than 100 feet apart.

SECTION 11. 84.30 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (6) (b) Signs lawfully in existence on land adjoining any highway made an interstate or primary highway, scenic byway, or part of the Great River Road after March 18, 1972.

SECTION 9453. Effective dates; transportation.

(1) OUTDOOR ADVERTISING SIGNS. The treatment of section 84.30 (2) (i), 1 2 takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after publication. 3 4

(END)



INSERT A:

- Current law prohibits, with certain exceptions, the erection or maintenance of outdoor advertising signs within 660 feet of, or beyond 660 feet but visible (and erected for the purpose of being visible) from, the main-traveled way of an interstate or primary highway. The exceptions to this prohibition include (with some restrictions):
- 1. Directional and other official signs, including signs relating to natural wonders and scenic and historical attractions.
 - 2. Landmark signs.
 - 3. Signs advertising the sale or lease of property on which the signs are located.
- 4. Signs advertising activities conducted on the property on which the signs are located.
 - 5. Signs located beyond 660 feet of the highway in urban areas.
- 6. Signs located within 660 feet of the highway in areas zoned for business, industrial, or commercial activities or in unzoned areas used for commercial or industrial activities.
 - 7. Certain signs erected on farm buildings.
 - 8. Certain signs erected by "Crime Stoppers"

INSERT B: \checkmark

Under the bill, exceptions 6., 7., and 8 identified above, applicable generally to outdoor advertising signs along interstate and primary highways, do not apply to outdoor advertising signs along interstate and primary highways designated as scenic byways.

INSERT 4-1: ✓

SECTION 3. 84.30 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (3) (d) Signs located in business areas on March 18, 1972. This paragraph does not apply to a sign in a business area adjoining that portion of an interstate or primary highway designated by the department as a scenic byway under s. 84.106.

SECTION 4. 84.30 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (3) (e) Signs to be erected in business areas subsequent to March 18, 1972 which when erected will comply with sub. (4). This paragraph does not apply to a sign

in a business area adjoining that portion of an interstate or primary highway designated by the department as a scenic byway under s. 84.106.

SECTION 5. 84.30 (3) (i) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (3) (i) Signs on farm buildings which are utilized by owners of the building for agricultural purposes if the signs promote a Wisconsin agricultural product unless prohibited by federal law. This paragraph does not apply to a sign in an adjacent area adjoining that portion of an interstate or primary highway designated by the department as a scenic byway under s. 84.106.

SECTION 6. 84.30 (3) (j) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (3) (j) 1. Signs erected by the Crime Stoppers, the nationwide organization affiliated with local police departments, on or before October 14, 1997, without regard to whether the department has issued a license for the sign. The department may not remove a sign authorized under this paragraph unless the sign does not conform to federal requirements. The requirements under s. 86.19 do not apply to signs described in this subdivision. This subdivision does not apply to a sign in an adjacent area adjoining that portion of an interstate or primary highway designated by the department as a scenic byway under s. 84.106.

SECTION 7. 84.30 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (6) (b) Signs lawfully in existence on land adjoining any highway made an interstate or primary highway after March 18, 1972 or on land adjoining that portion of an interstate or primary highway designated by the department as a scenic byway under s. 84.106 after the effective date of this paragraph [revisor inserts date].

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0863/2dn ARG://...

MS: make this an in space.

ATTN: Benjamin Vail

The attached "/2" draft makes substantial changes to the "/1" draft based upon the comments of Attorney Bird at DOT and her clarification of DOT's intentions with regard to this drafting request.

Federal law imposes restrictions on advertising along interstate and federal-aid primary (primary) highways, but includes certain exceptions to these restrictions (230) USC 131 (c). Federal law also recognizes additional exceptions to these restrictions for signs located within 660 feet of an interstate or primary highway in zoned or certain unzoned industrial or commercial areas, 23 USC 131 (d)/ Under 23 USC 131 (s), a state that administers a scenic byways program may not allow advertising along an interstate or primary highway designated as a scenic byway unless the advertising is permitted under 23 USC 131 (c). As I interpret 23 USC 131 (s), it is not necessary to amend s. 84.30, stats., to specifically refer to scenic byways because 23 USC 131 (s) covers only advertising signs "along any highway on the Interstate System or Federal-aid primary system ... designated as a [state] scenic byway...." Since s. 84.30 already covers all interstate and federal-aid primary highways, it necessarily already covers the subset of such highways that may be designated under s. 84.106 as scenic byways. However, permissible advertising along interstate and primary highways designated as scenic byways is more restrictive than advertising along interstate and primary highways generally because the exceptions to such advertising under 23 USC 131 (d) (relating to zoned or unzoned industrial or commercial areas) do not apply to advertising along interstate and primary highways designated as scenic byways. The attached draft treats s. 84.30 to reflect the inapplicability of certain advertising exceptions along interstate and primary highways designated as scenic byways.

The attached draft also eliminates treatment of the Great River Road, which was not included in the drafting instructions but was added to the prior draft simply for clarification and to parallel the prior draft's scenic byways provisions; advertising restrictions on the Great River Road already appear in a general but not optimal form in the statutes. (See drafter's note to the "/1" draft and s. 84.30 (1) and (2) (a) and (em).) As I interpret federal law, signs along the Great River Road might be subject to the more restrictive advertising constraints of signs along scenic byways, but this is not clear. See 23 USC 148 (a) (4) (referring to "effective control, as defined in section 131" of advertising signs along the Great River Road; only 23 USC 131 (c), not (d), includes

the operative provision "effective control"). Absent specific instructions to modify state law regarding advertising along the Great River Road, I have omitted such treatment from the attached draft. The attached draft also eliminates the delayed effective date.

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6926

E-mail: aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0863/2dn ARG:kmg:rs

January 27, 2003

ATTN: Benjamin Vail

The attached "/2" draft makes substantial changes to the "/1" draft based upon the comments of Attorney Bird at DOT and her clarification of DOT's intentions with regard to this drafting request.

Federal law imposes restrictions on advertising along interstate and federal-aid primary (primary) highways, but includes certain exceptions to these restrictions (23 USC 131 (c)). Federal law also recognizes additional exceptions to these restrictions for signs located within 660 feet of an interstate or primary highway in zoned or certain unzoned industrial or commercial areas (23 USC 131 (d)). Under 23 USC 131 (s), a state that administers a scenic byways program may not allow advertising along an interstate or primary highway designated as a scenic byway unless the advertising is permitted under 23 USC 131 (c). As I interpret 23 USC 131 (s), it is not necessary to amend s. 84.30, stats., to specifically refer to scenic byways because 23 USC 131 (s) covers only advertising signs "along any highway on the Interstate System or Federal-aid primary system ... designated as a [state] scenic byway...." Since s. 84.30 already covers all interstate and federal-aid primary highways, it necessarily already covers the subset of such highways that may be designated under s. 84.106 as scenic byways. However, permissible advertising along interstate and primary highways designated as scenic byways is more restrictive than advertising along interstate and primary highways generally because the exceptions to such advertising under 23 USC 131 (d) (relating to zoned or unzoned industrial or commercial areas) do not apply to advertising along interstate and primary highways designated as scenic byways. The attached draft treats s. 84.30 to reflect the inapplicability of certain advertising exceptions along interstate and primary highways designated as scenic byways.

The attached draft also eliminates treatment of the Great River Road, which was not included in the drafting instructions but was added to the prior draft simply for clarification and to parallel the prior draft's scenic byways provisions; advertising restrictions on the Great River Road already appear in a general but not optimal form in the statutes. (See the drafter's note to the "/1" draft and s. 84.30 (1) and (2) (a) and (em).) As I interpret federal law, signs along the Great River Road might be subject to the more restrictive advertising constraints of signs along scenic byways, but this is not clear. See 23 USC 148 (a) (4) (referring to "effective control, as defined in section

131" of advertising signs along the Great River Road; only 23 USC 131 (c), not (d), includes the operative provision "effective control"). Absent specific instructions to modify state law regarding advertising along the Great River Road, I have omitted such treatment from the attached draft. The attached draft also eliminates the delayed effective date.

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State of Misconsin 2003 – 2004 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0863/2 ARG:kmg:rs

DOA:.....Vail – BB0224, Wisconsin scenic byways

FOR 2003-05 BUDGET - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

1 AN ACT ...; relating to: outdoor advertising signs along interstate and

federal-aid primary highways designated as scenic byways.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau TRANSPORTATION

HIGHWAYS

The federal Highway Beautification Act requires states to restrict advertising along interstate and federal—aid primary (primary) highways, and current state law incorporates these requirements. Current law prohibits, with certain exceptions, the erection or maintenance of outdoor advertising signs within 660 feet of, or beyond 660 feet but visible (and erected for the purpose of being visible) from, the main—traveled way of an interstate or primary highway. The exceptions to this prohibition include (with some restrictions):

- 1. Directional and other official signs, including signs relating to natural wonders and scenic and historical attractions.
 - 2. Landmark signs.
 - 3. Signs advertising the sale or lease of property on which the signs are located.
- 4. Signs advertising activities conducted on the property on which the signs are located.
 - 5. Signs located beyond 660 feet of the highway in urban areas.
- 6. Signs located within 660 feet of the highway in areas zoned for business, industrial, or commercial activities or in unzoned areas used for commercial or industrial activities.

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- 7. Certain signs erected on farm buildings.
- 8. Certain signs erected by "Crime Stoppers."

Also under current law, DOT administers a Scenic Byways Program, under which DOT may designate as "scenic byways" highways that have outstanding scenic, historic, cultural, natural, recreational, or archeological qualities. Federal law imposes slightly greater restrictions on advertising along scenic byways on the interstate and primary highway system than on advertising along the interstate and primary highway system generally.

This bill changes the definition of "primary highway" to conform to current federal law and imposes additional restrictions on advertising along interstate and primary highways designated as state scenic byways to conform to current federal law. Under the bill, exceptions 6., 7., and 8., identified above, applicable generally to outdoor advertising signs along interstate and primary highways, do not apply to outdoor advertising signs along interstate and primary highways designated as scenic byways.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 84.30 (2) (i) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (2) (i) "Primary highway" means any highway, other than an interstate highway, at any time officially designated by the department, and approved by the appropriate authority of the federal government, as a part of the federal—aid primary system by the department and approved by the appropriate authority of the federal government in existence on June 1, 1991, or as a part of the national highway system identified in 23 USC 103 (b).

Section 2. 84.30 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (3) Signs prohibited. (intro.) No sign visible from the main-traveled way of any interstate or federal-aid primary highway may be erected or maintained, except the following:

SECTION 3. 84.30 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (3) (d)	Signs located in	business area	s on March	18, 1972.	<u>This</u>
paragraph does not	apply to a sign in	a business are	<u>a adjoining t</u>	hat portion	of an
interstate or primar	<u>cy highway design</u>	ated by the d	epartment a	s a scenic b	yway
<u>under s. 84.106.</u>					

Section 4. 84.30 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.30 (3) (e) Signs to be erected in business areas subsequent to March 18, 1972, which when erected will comply with sub. (4). This paragraph does not apply to a sign in a business area adjoining that portion of an interstate or primary highway designated by the department as a scenic byway under s. 84.106.

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SECTION 7. 84.30 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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84.30 (6) (b) Signs lawfully in existence on land adjoining any highway made
an interstate or primary highway after March 18, 1972, or on land adjoining that
portion of an interstate or primary highway designated by the department as a scenic
byway under s. 84.106 after the effective date of this paragraph [revisor inserts
datel.

(END)