Received: 01/27/2003

2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received	d: 01/27/2003		Received By: mdsida				
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2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

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2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

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2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

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Received: 01/27/2003

2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

Received By: mdsida

Bill

Wanted: As time permits	Identical to LRB:			
For: Administration-Budget 7-0370	By/Representing: Mukasa			
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO	Drafter: mdsida			
May Contact:	Addl. Drafters:			
Subject: Criminal Law - sentencing Correctional System - misc	Extra Copies:			
Submit via email: YES				
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JIM DOYLE
GOVERNOR

MARC MAROTTA
SECRETARY

Division of Executive Budget and Finance
Post Office Box 7864
Madison, WI 53707-7864
Voice (608) 266-1736

1192

Fax (608) 267-0372 TTY (608) 267-9629

Date:

January 25, 2003

To:

Steve Miller, LRB

Roger Mukasa, DOA

267-0370

Subject:

From:

Sentencing Commission 2003-05 Biennial Budget Request

Statutory Language Drafts

I am forwarding statutory language changes that Governor Doyle would like to include in the budget regarding the Sentencing Commission.

The Governor has proposed to move the Sentencing Commission to the DOC. Please change:

1. Section 15.105(27) to attach the commission to the Department of Corrections.

2. Section 973.30(1) as necessary to ensure that the commission performs the following duties:

a. Develops alternative guidelines to incarceration.

b. Collects sentencing data.

c. Revises and strengthens sentencing guidelines based on: (i) sentencing data; (ii) the most cost effectiveness approach; and (iii) the most effective

means to provide public safety.

d. Makes recommendations to legislature to creates mandatory guidelines for sentences by a certain date: (i) with terms less than five years; (ii) recommending more sentencing options for the courts; (iii) that are initially limited to drug and property offenders; and (iv) if the DOC secretary makes a finding that costs are not coming under control with the other provisions enacted in the budget.

cc: James T. Johnston

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PHE

Dsida, Michael

From:

Dsida, Michael

Sent:

Tuesday, January 28, 2003 10:06 AM

To:

Mukasa, Roger

Subject:

RE: Sentencing Commission

On the first point -- the advisory sentencing guidelines will already cover probation. Are you thinking about other types of diversion, like deferred prosecution agreements or Milwaukee's drug court program?

-----Original Message-----

From:

Mukasa, Roger

Sent:

Tuesday, January 28, 2003 9:54 AM

To: Cc: Dsida, Michael Johnston, James

Subject:

Sentencing Commission

Mike,

Thanks for the e-mail.

Yes to the first question.

For the second question, in addition to gathering general sentencing data, data on referrals to the Challenge Program and data on the earned release program should be gathered. To ensure that these programs' data are gathered, should the current language be modified by a clause, "...including data on referrals to the Challenge and Earned Release Programs...?" Thanks for checking.

On the last question, Jim will let me or you know later today.

Roger

----Original Message----

From:

Dsida, Michael

Sent:

Tuesday, January 28, 2003 9:08 AM

To:

Mukasa, Roger

Subject:

Roger-

In your memo regarding the Sentencing Commission draft, you ask that the commission be required to develop "alternative guidelines to incarceration." Did you mean guidelines for alternatives to incarceration?

In addition, you ask that s. 973.30 (1) be amended to ensure that the commission collect sentencing data, but s. 973.30 (1) (b) already requires that. Please let me know if there is any particular data that you want the commission to collect that may not be covered by that provision.

Finally, you refer in 2.d. to "mandatory guidelines," which seems a contradiction in terms. Given that you refer to the proposals developed by the commission as "recommending ... options for the courts," and given that the guidelines for felony sentences in s. 973.30 (1) (c) are merely advisory, do you want the same treatment for drug and property offense "guidelines"? Or does the objective of controlling costs necessitate making them mandatory? And on that note, what do you mean by "costs ... not coming under control"? Is there a particular percentage increase or decrease that you want the Secretary to use as a benchmark? (By the way, you probably don't have to have one, but I thought you might want to think about it.)

Thanks.

Mike Dsida

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State of Misconsin 2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE

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MGDj...;....

DOA:.....Mukasa – BB0453, Sentencing commission

FOR 2003-05 BUDGET — NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

LPS: check auto refs.

AN ACT ...; relating to: the budget.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a later version.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 15.01 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

15.01 (2) "Commission" means a 3-member governing body in charge of a department or independent agency or of a division or other subunit within a department, except for the Wisconsin waterways commission which shall consist of 5 members, the parole commission which shall consist of 8 members, and the Fox River management commission which shall consist of 7 members. A Wisconsin group created for participation in a continuing interstate body, or the interstate body itself, shall be known as a "commission", but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06.

The parole commission created under s. 15.145 (1) shall be known as a "commission", 1 2 but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06. The sentencing commission created under s. 15.105 (27) 15.145 (4) shall be known as a "commission" but is not a 3 4 commission for purposes of s. 15.06(1) to (4m), (7), and (9). History: 1977 c. 29, 274; 1979 c. 34; 1983 a. 27, 189, 371, 410, 538; 1985 a. 29, 120, 180; 1987 s. 27, 342, 399; 1989 a. 31, 107, 202; 1991 a. 39, 269, 315; 1993 a. 16, 107, 210, 215; 1995 a. 27 ss. 74 and 9145 (1); 1995 a. 442, 462; 1997 a. 27, 237; 2001 a. 16, 105, 109.

SECTION 2. 15.105 (27) of the statutes is renumbered 15.145 (4), and 15.145 (4) 5 6 (a) (intro.), as renumbered, is amended to read: 15.145 (4) (a) (intro.) There is created a sentencing commission that is attached 8 to the department of administration corrections under s. 15.03 and that shall consist 9 of the following members: History: 1971 c. 40, 164, 270; 1973 c. 90, 333; 1975 c. 397; 1977 c. 29 s. 1649; 1977 c. 196 ss. 9, 10; 1977 c. 325, 392, 396, 418, 447; 1981 c. 20, 62, 182, 350, 374; 1983 a. 27, 91; 1983 a. 192 s. 303 (7); 1983 a. 371; 1985 a. 29 ss. 68 to 70, 87, 3202 (27); 1985 a. 180 s. 30m; 1987 a. 27, 142; 1987 a. 147 s. 25; 1987 a. 204, 342; 1989 a. 31, 56, 107, 345; 1991 a. 212, 269; 1993 a. 75, 246, 349, 437, 465, 491; 1995 a. 27 ss. 79 to 118p, 9116 (5), 9126 (19); 1995 a. 221, 225; 1997 a. 3, 27, 247; 1999 a. 9, 105, 185; 2001 10 **SECTION 3.** 20.410 (4) (title) of the statutes is created to read: 20.410 (4) (title) SENTENCING COMMISSION. 11 ****Note: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats. **SECTION 4.** 20.505 (4) (dr) of the statutes is renumbered 20.410 (4) (a). 12 ****Note: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats. 13 **Section 5.** 20.505 (4) (mr) of the statutes is renumbered 20.410 (4) (mr). ****Note: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats. **SECTION 6.** 973.017 (title) of the statutes, as by 2001 Wisconsin Act 15 109, is amended to read: 16 **973.017** (title) Bifurcated sentences; use Use of guidelines; consideration of aggravating and mitigating factors. 17 SECTION 7. 973.017 (1) of the statutes, as created by 2008 Wisconsin Act 109, 19 is amended to read:

973.017 (1) In this section, "sentencing decision" means a decision as to
whether to impose a bifurcated sentence under s. 973.01, whether to impose a jail
sentence, and whether to impose a fine or whether to place a person on probation and
a decision as to the length of a bifurcated sentence, including the length of each
component of the bifurcated sentence, the length of a jail sentence, the amount of a
fine, and the length of a term of probation.

SECTION 8. 973.017 (2) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2003 Wisconsin Act 109, is renumbered 973.017 (2g) and amended to read:

973.017 (2g) Use of advisory guidelines. If the offense is a felony When a court makes a sentencing decision concerning a person convicted of a felony committed on or after February 1, 2003, the court shall consider the sentencing guidelines adopted by the sentencing commission under s. 973.30 or, if the sentencing commission has not adopted a guideline for the offense, any applicable temporary sentencing guideline adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283. This subsection does not apply if the sentencing commission has adopted mandatory sentencing guidelines for the felony under s. 973.31.

History: 2001 a. 109.

SECTION 9. 973.017 (2r) of the statutes is created to read:

973.017 (2r) USE OF MANDATORY GUIDELINES. If the sentencing commission has adopted mandatory sentencing guidelines for a crime under s. 973.31, the court, when making a sentencing decision concerning a person convicted of that crime, shall impose a sentence of the kind and within the range described in the applicable sentencing guideline unless the court finds that there is an aggravating or mitigating factor that warrants the imposition of a different kind of sentence or a sentence outside of the range described in the guideline.

LRB-1792/?

SECTION 10

, as created by 2001 Wisconsin act 109,

SECTION 10. 973.017 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.017 (10) USE OF ADVISORY GUIDELINES; NO RIGHT TO OR BASIS FOR APPEAL. The requirement under sub. (2) (a) (2g) that a court consider sentencing guidelines adopted by the sentencing commission or the criminal penalties study committee does not require a court to make a sentencing decision that is within any range or consistent with a recommendation specified in the guidelines, and there is no right to appeal a court's sentencing decision based on the court's decision to depart in any way from any guideline. This subsection does not apply to a sentencing decision that is made in connection with a crime for which the sentencing commission has adopted mandatory sentencing guidelines under s. 973.31.

History: 2001 a. 109.

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SECTION 11. 973.30 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.30 (1) (c) Adopt and, as necessary, update advisory sentencing guidelines and guidelines regarding the use of alternatives to incarceration for felonies committed on or after July 30, 2002, to promote public safety in a cost-effective manner, to reflect changes in sentencing practices, and to preserve the integrity of the criminal justice and correctional systems.

History: 2001 a. 109.

Section 12. 973.31 of the statutes is created to read:

- 18 973.31 Mandatory sentencing guidelines. In this section, **(1)** "commission" means the sentencing commission. 19
- (2) If the commission determines in the report required under 2003 Wisconsin 20 2/1 Act (this act), section 9110 (1) that temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 are 22 not adequately promoting the objectives listed in s. 973.30 (1) (c), the commission 23

shall adopt mandatory sentencing guidelines for felonies and misdemeanors for which a court may impose a bifurcated sentence.

- (3) When adopting a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime, the commission, subject to sub. (4), shall assign suggested ranges of punishment to promote the objectives listed in s. 973.30 (1) (c). The ranges of punishment shall be based upon the combination of offense and defendant characteristics in each case. The commission may also include any of the following as part of a mandatory sentencing guideline:
 - (a) Conditions of extended supervision or probation to be imposed.
- (b) The length of a term of imprisonment to be imposed if, after the court withholds a sentence and places a defendant on probation, the court revokes probation.
- (c) Whether penalties should be imposed concurrently or consecutively if the defendant is convicted of more than one crime.
- (4) The commission may not adopt a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime that calls for a range of punishment that conflicts with any provision of the statutes relating to penalties for that crime.
- (5) In general, the commission shall develop mandatory sentencing guidelines for Class G to I felonies, unclassified felonies, and misdemeanors for which a court may impose a bifurcated sentence before developing them for Class B to F felonies. Beginning with the crimes that are committed most frequently, the commission shall develop mandatory sentencing guidelines for crimes based on the frequency with which they are committed.

Section 9110. Nonstatutory provisions; corrections.

(1) REPORT REGARDING TEMPORARY SENTENCING GUIDELINES. No later than
January 1, 2004, the sentencing commission shall analyze whether the temporary
sentencing guidelines adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created
under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 are adequately promoting the objectives listed in
section 973.30 (1) (c) of the statutes and submit a report to the governor, the
legislature, and the supreme court explaining its conclusions.

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DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

Jim and Roger:

- 1. Advisory sentencing guidelines are not treated as rule making under ch. 227. Mandatory sentencing guidelines are. Is that okay?
- 2. This draft amends the definition of "sentencing decision" in s. 973.017 (1) to specify that a court may consider the factors listed in sub. (2) (ad), (ag), (ak), and (b) when deciding whether to impose a fine, whether to impose a jail sentence, and, if the court imposes a jail sentence, the length of that sentence.

Michael Dsida Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–9867

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1792/P1dn MGD:kmg:jf

January 30, 2003

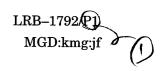
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- 1. Advisory sentencing guidelines are not treated as rule making under ch. 227. Mandatory sentencing guidelines are. Is that okay?
- 2. This draft amends the definition of "sentencing decision" in s. 973.017 (1) to specify that a court may consider the factors listed in sub. (2) (ad), (ag), (ak), and (b) when deciding whether to impose a fine, whether to impose a jail sentence, and, if the court imposes a jail sentence, the length of that sentence.

Michael Dsida Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–9867



State of Misconsin 2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE



DOA:.....Mukasa – BB0453, Sentencing Commission

FOR 2003-05 BUDGET — NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT ..., relating to: the budget.

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Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

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The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

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15.01 (2) "Commission" means a 3-member governing body in charge of a department or independent agency or of a division or other subunit within a department, except for the Wisconsin waterways commission which shall consist of 5 members, the parole commission which shall consist of 8 members, and the Fox River management commission which shall consist of 7 members. A Wisconsin group created for participation in a continuing interstate body, or the interstate body itself, shall be known as a "commission", but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06.

1	The parole commission created under s. 15.145 (1) shall be known as a "commission",
2	but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06. The sentencing commission created
3	under s. 15.105 (27) 15.145 (4) shall be known as a "commission" but is not a
4	commission for purposes of s. 15.06 (1) to (4m), (7), and (9).
. 5	SECTION 2. 15.105 (27) of the statutes is renumbered 15.145 (4), and 15.145 (4)
6	(a) (intro.), as renumbered, is amended to read:
7	15.145 (4) (a) Creation; membership. (intro.) There is created a sentencing
8	commission that is attached to the department of administration corrections under
9	s. 15.03 and that shall consist of the following members:
10	SECTION 3. 20.410 (4) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
11	20.410 (4) (title) SENTENCING COMMISSION.
	****Note: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats.
12	SECTION 4. 20.505 (4) (dr) of the statutes is renumbered 20.410 (4) (a).
	****NOTE: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats.
13	Section 5. 20.505 (4) (mr) of the statutes is renumbered 20.410 (4) (mr).
	****Note: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats.
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15	is amended to read:
16	973.017 (title) Bifurcated sentences; use <u>Use</u> of guidelines;
17	consideration of aggravating and mitigating factors.
18	SECTION 7. 973.017 (1) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
19	is amended to read:
20	973.017 (1) In this section, "sentencing decision" means a decision as to
21	whether to impose a bifurcated sentence under s. 973.01, whether to impose a jail

sentence, and whether to impose a fine or whether to place a person on probation and a decision as to the length of a bifurcated sentence, including the length of each component of the bifurcated sentence, the length of a jail sentence, the amount of a fine, and the length of a term of probation.

SECTION 8. 973.017 (2) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is renumbered 973.017 (2g) and amended to read:

973.017 (2g) <u>Use of advisory guidelines</u>. If the offense is a felony <u>When a court makes a sentencing decision concerning a person convicted of a felony committed on or after February 1, 2003</u>, the court shall consider the sentencing guidelines adopted by the sentencing commission under s. 973.30 or, if the sentencing commission has not adopted a guideline for the offense, any applicable temporary sentencing guideline adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283. <u>This subsection does not apply if the sentencing commission has adopted mandatory sentencing guidelines for the felony under s. 973.31.</u>

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SECTION 10. 973.017 (10) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is amended to read:

973.017 (10) Use of <u>Advisory</u> Guidelines; no right to or basis for Appeal. The
requirement under sub. (2) (a) $(2g)$ that a court consider sentencing guidelines
adopted by the sentencing commission or the criminal penalties study committee
does not require a court to make a sentencing decision that is within any range or
consistent with a recommendation specified in the guidelines, and there is no right
to appeal a court's sentencing decision based on the court's decision to depart in any
way from any guideline. This subsection does not apply to a sentencing decision that
is made in connection with a crime for which the sentencing commission has adopted
mandatory sentencing guidelines under s. 973.31.

SECTION 11. 973.30 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.30 (1) (c) Adopt and, as necessary, update advisory sentencing guidelines and guidelines regarding the use of alternatives to incarceration for felonies committed on or after July 30, 2002, to promote public safety in a cost-effective manner, to reflect changes in sentencing practices, and to preserve the integrity of the criminal justice and correctional systems.

Section 12. 973.31 of the statutes is created to read:

- 973.31 Mandatory sentencing guidelines. (1) In this section, "commission" means the sentencing commission.
- (2) If the commission determines in the report required under 2003 Wisconsin Act (this act), section 9110 (1) that temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 are not adequately promoting the objectives listed in s. 973.30 (1) (c), the commission shall adopt mandatory sentencing guidelines for felonies and misdemeanors for which a court may impose a bifurcated sentence.

- (3) When adopting a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime, the commission, subject to sub. (4), shall assign suggested ranges of punishment to promote the objectives listed in s. 973.30 (1) (c). The ranges of punishment shall be based upon the combination of offense and defendant characteristics in each case. The commission may also include any of the following as part of a mandatory sentencing guideline:
 - (a) Conditions of extended supervision or probation to be imposed.
- (b) The length of a term of imprisonment to be imposed if, after the court withholds a sentence and places a defendant on probation, the court revokes probation.
- (c) Whether penalties should be imposed concurrently or consecutively if the defendant is convicted of more than one crime.
- (4) The commission may not adopt a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime that calls for a range of punishment that conflicts with any provision of the statutes relating to penalties for that crime.
- (5) In general, the commission shall develop mandatory sentencing guidelines for Class G to I felonies, unclassified felonies, and misdemeanors for which a court may impose a bifurcated sentence before developing them for Class B to F felonies. Beginning with the crimes that are committed most frequently, the commission shall develop mandatory sentencing guidelines for crimes based on the frequency with which they are committed.

Section 9110. Nonstatutory provisions; corrections.

(1) Report regarding temporary sentencing guidelines. No later than January 1, 2004, the sentencing commission shall analyze whether the temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created

under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 are adequately promoting the objectives listed in	1	under	1997	Wisconsin	Act 28	3 are	adequately	promoting	the	objectives	listed	in
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- section 973.30 (1) (c) of the statutes and submit a report to the governor, the
- 3 legislature, and the supreme court explaining its conclusions.

(END)

2003–2004 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

ANALYSIS INSERT

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CRIMES

The Sentencing Commission is attached to DOA. Under current law, the commission is required to collect and disseminate information about sentencing practices in criminal cases. The commission must also develop advisory sentencing guidelines for felonies to promote public safety, to reflect changes in sentencing practices, and to preserve the integrity of the criminal justice and correctional systems. As of the date of this bill's introduction, however, the Sentencing Commission has not adopted any sentencing guidelines.

When a court sentences a person who, on or after February 1, 2003, committed a felony, the court must consider any advisory sentencing guidelines that the Sentencing Commission develops for that offense. If the Sentencing Commission has not adopted guidelines, the court must consider any temporary advisory sentencing guidelines developed by the Criminal Penalties Study Committee (CPSC) for that offense. The court, however, is not required to make a sentencing decision that is consistent with applicable guidelines, and a defendant may not appeal a court's sentencing decision based on the court's decision to depart from a guideline.

Under this bill, by January 1, 2004, the Sentencing Commission must analyze whether the temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by the CPSC are adequately promoting public safety in a cost-effective manner, whether they reflect changes in sentencing practices, and whether they are preserving the integrity of the criminal justice and correctional systems. If the commission determines that the temporary guidelines are not adequately promoting these objectives, it must adopt mandatory sentencing guidelines for felonies and any other crimes for which a person may be sentenced to a state prison, other than those for which the penalty is life imprisonment. The mandatory sentencing guidelines for an offense must assign suggested ranges of punishment based upon the combination of offense and defendant characteristics in each case, but the range of punishment must be consistent with the penalty provided for that crime under current law.

If the commission adopts a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime, a court, in sentencing a person convicted of that crime, must impose a sentence of the kind and within the range described in the guideline, unless the court finds that there is an aggravating or mitigating factor that warrants a different sentence. In addition, the prohibition on appeals based on a departure from an advisory guideline does not apply to a departure from a mandatory guideline.

This bill also requires the Sentencing Commission to adopt guidelines regarding the use of alternatives to incarceration for felonies. It also detaches the commission from DOA and attaches it to DOA.

DOC



State of Misconsin 2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1792/J MGD:kmg:pg

DOA:.....Mukasa – BB0453, Sentencing Commission

FOR 2003-05 BUDGET — NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT ...; relating to: the budget.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau CRIMES

The Sentencing Commission is attached to DOA. Under current law, the commission is required to collect and disseminate information about sentencing practices in criminal cases. The commission must also develop advisory sentencing guidelines for felonies to promote public safety, to reflect changes in sentencing practices, and to preserve the integrity of the criminal justice and correctional systems. As of the date of this bill's introduction, however, the Sentencing Commission has not adopted any sentencing guidelines.

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Under this bill, by January 1, 2004, the Sentencing Commission must analyze whether the temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by the CPSC are adequately promoting public safety in a cost—effective manner, whether they reflect changes in sentencing practices, and whether they are preserving the integrity of the criminal

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This bill also requires the Sentencing Commission to adopt guidelines regarding the use of alternatives to incarceration for felonies. It also detaches the commission from DOA and attaches it to DOC.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 15.01 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

15.01 (2) "Commission" means a 3-member governing body in charge of a department or independent agency or of a division or other subunit within a department, except for the Wisconsin waterways commission which shall consist of 5 members, the parole commission which shall consist of 8 members, and the Fox River management commission which shall consist of 7 members. A Wisconsin group created for participation in a continuing interstate body, or the interstate body itself, shall be known as a "commission", but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06. The parole commission created under s. 15.145 (1) shall be known as a "commission", but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06. The sentencing commission created under s. 15.105 (27) 15.145 (4) shall be known as a "commission" but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06 (1) to (4m), (7), and (9).

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SECTION 6. 973.017 (title) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is amended to read:

973.017 (title) Bifurcated sentences; use <u>Use</u> of guidelines; consideration of aggravating and mitigating factors.

SECTION 7. 973.017 (1) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is amended to read:

973.017 (1) In this section, "sentencing decision" means a decision as to whether to impose a bifurcated sentence under s. 973.01, whether to impose a jail sentence, and whether to impose a fine or whether to place a person on probation and a decision as to the length of a bifurcated sentence, including the length of each component of the bifurcated sentence, the length of a jail sentence, the amount of a fine, and the length of a term of probation.

SECTION 8. 973.017 (2) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is renumbered 973.017 (2g) and amended to read:

973.017 (2g) <u>Use of advisory guidelines</u>. If the offense is a felony <u>When a court makes a sentencing decision concerning a person convicted of a felony committed on or after February 1, 2003</u>, the court shall consider the sentencing guidelines adopted by the sentencing commission under s. 973.30 or, if the sentencing commission has not adopted a guideline for the offense, any applicable temporary sentencing guideline adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283. <u>This subsection does not apply if the sentencing commission has adopted mandatory sentencing guidelines for the felony under s. 973.31.</u>

SECTION 9. 973.017 (2r) of the statutes is created to read:

973.017 (2r) USE OF MANDATORY GUIDELINES. If the sentencing commission has adopted mandatory sentencing guidelines for a crime under s. 973.31, the court, when making a sentencing decision concerning a person convicted of that crime, shall impose a sentence of the kind and within the range described in the applicable sentencing guideline unless the court finds that there is an aggravating or mitigating factor that warrants the imposition of a different kind of sentence or a sentence outside of the range described in the guideline.

SECTION 10. 973.017 (10) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is amended to read:

973.017 (10) Use of <u>Advisory</u> Guidelines; no right to or basis for appeal. The requirement under sub. (2)—(a) (2g) that a court consider sentencing guidelines adopted by the sentencing commission or the criminal penalties study committee does not require a court to make a sentencing decision that is within any range or consistent with a recommendation specified in the guidelines, and there is no right

to appeal a court's sentencing decision based on the court's decision to depart in any
way from any guideline. This subsection does not apply to a sentencing decision that
is made in connection with a crime for which the sentencing commission has adopted
mandatory sentencing guidelines under s. 973.31.

SECTION 11. 973.30 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.30 (1) (c) Adopt and, as necessary, update advisory sentencing guidelines and guidelines regarding the use of alternatives to incarceration for felonies committed on or after July 30, 2002, to promote public safety in a cost-effective manner, to reflect changes in sentencing practices, and to preserve the integrity of the criminal justice and correctional systems.

Section 12. 973.31 of the statutes is created to read:

973.31 Mandatory sentencing guidelines. (1) In this section, "commission" means the sentencing commission.

- (2) If the commission determines in the report required under 2003 Wisconsin Act (this act), section 9110 (1) that temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 are not adequately promoting the objectives listed in s. 973.30 (1) (c), the commission shall adopt mandatory sentencing guidelines for felonies and misdemeanors for which a court may impose a bifurcated sentence.
- (3) When adopting a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime, the commission, subject to sub. (4), shall assign suggested ranges of punishment to promote the objectives listed in s. 973.30 (1) (c). The ranges of punishment shall be based upon the combination of offense and defendant characteristics in each case. The commission may also include any of the following as part of a mandatory sentencing guideline:

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- (a) Conditions of extended supervision or probation to be imposed.
- (b) The length of a term of imprisonment to be imposed if, after the court withholds a sentence and places a defendant on probation, the court revokes probation.
- (c) Whether penalties should be imposed concurrently or consecutively if the defendant is convicted of more than one crime.
- (4) The commission may not adopt a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime that calls for a range of punishment that conflicts with any provision of the statutes relating to penalties for that crime.
- (5) In general, the commission shall develop mandatory sentencing guidelines for Class G to I felonies, unclassified felonies, and misdemeanors for which a court may impose a bifurcated sentence before developing them for Class B to F felonies. Beginning with the crimes that are committed most frequently, the commission shall develop mandatory sentencing guidelines for crimes based on the frequency with which they are committed.

Section 9110. Nonstatutory provisions; corrections.

(1) Report regarding temporary sentencing guidelines. No later than January 1, 2004, the sentencing commission shall analyze whether the temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 are adequately promoting the objectives listed in section 973.30 (1) (c) of the statutes and submit a report to the governor, the legislature, and the supreme court explaining its conclusions.

SEC.#.

AM 20.410(1)(a)

(a) General program operations. The amounts in the schedule to operate institutions and provide field services and administrative services! No payments may be made under this paragraph for payments in accordance with other states party to the interstate corrections compact under s. 302.25.

(b) (1)

(c) Program tions of the angular program operations of the angular program operations of the angular program operations.

sentencing commission

Dsida, Michael

From:

Johnston, James

Sent:

Friday, February 07, 2003 3:16 PM

To:

Dsida, Michael

Subject: RE: DACC earned release

Sorry, for not getting back to you. I greatly appreciate your patience and indulgence in making these changes.

As we just discussed, the criteria for the DACC options should parallel the Boot Camp criteria relating to only allowing the earned release if the judge listing it as an option. SO it would be for future releases after the judges starting using the option.

Listed below is a rough cut at the language I would like for theses sections:

For Draft # 1792. section 9 s. 973.30(1)(c)

Adopt and as necessary, update advisory sentencing guidelines for felonies committed on or after July 30, 2002, to promote public safety in a cost-effective manner, to promote consistency in sentencing practices, and to preserve the integrity of the criminal justice and correctional systems. Develop advisory guidelines regarding the appropriate use of alternatives to incarceration.

Section 10 s.973.31(5)

In general, the commission shall first develop mandatory sentencing guidelines, beginning with the felonies that most frequently result in sentences to a period of confinement.

Many Thanks, Jim

----Original Message----From: Dsida, Michael

Sent: Friday, February 07, 2003 2:27 PM

To: Johnston, James

Subject: RE: DACC earned release

Importance: High

Jim-

I never heard from you about this!

Mike Dsida Legislative Reference Bureau 608/266-9867 michael.dsida@state.legis.wi.us ----Original Message----

From: Dsida, Michael

Sent: Monday, February 03, 2003 9:03 AM

To: Johnston, James

Subject: FW: DACC earned release

Jim --

Besides the offense-based eligibility criteria, do any of the other eligibility criteria for boot camp apply to this program? I know that the age restriction does not apply, but I wasn't sure about the others.

Also, will inmates who are in the program on the effective date of the bill be eligible for early release? (The answer to this may depend on your answer to the first question. For example, if the court needs to okay early release at sentencing, a current participant who is serving a bifurcated sentence would not be eligible for early release.)



State of Misconsin 2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1792/27 (3) MGD:kmg:pg

DOA:.....Mukasa – BB0453, Sentencing Commission

FOR 2003-05 BUDGET — NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT ..., relating to: the budget.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau CRIMES

The Sentencing Commission is attached to DOA. Under current law, the commission is required to collect and disseminate information about sentencing practices in criminal cases. The commission must also develop advisory sentencing guidelines for felonies to promote public safety, to reflect changes in sentencing practices, and to preserve the integrity of the criminal justice and correctional systems. As of the date of this bill's introduction, however, the Sentencing Commission has not adopted any sentencing guidelines.

When a court sentences a person who, on or after February 1, 2003, committed a felony, the court must consider any advisory sentencing guidelines that the Sentencing Commission develops for that offense. If the Sentencing Commission has not adopted guidelines, the court must consider any temporary advisory sentencing guidelines developed by the Criminal Penalties Study Committee (CPSC) for that offense. The court, however, is not required to make a sentencing decision that is consistent with applicable guidelines, and a defendant may not appeal a court's sentencing decision based on the court's decision to depart from a guideline.

Under this bill, by January 1, 2004, the Sentencing Commission must analyze whether the temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by the CPSC are adequately promoting public safety in a cost-effective manner, whether they reflect changes in sentencing practices, and whether they are preserving the integrity of the criminal

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If the commission adopts a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime, a court, in sentencing a person convicted of that crime, must impose a sentence of the kind and within the range described in the guideline, unless the court finds that there is an aggravating or mitigating factor that warrants a different sentence. In addition, the prohibition on appeals based on a departure from an advisory guideline does not apply to a departure from a mandatory guideline.

This bill also requires the Sentencing Commission to adopt guidelines regarding the use of alternatives to incarceration for felonies. It also detaches the commission from DOA and attaches it to DOC.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 15.01 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

department or independent agency or of a division or other subunit within a department, except for the Wisconsin waterways commission which shall consist of 5 members, the parole commission which shall consist of 8 members, and the Fox River management commission which shall consist of 7 members. A Wisconsin group created for participation in a continuing interstate body, or the interstate body itself, shall be known as a "commission", but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06. The parole commission created under s. 15.145 (1) shall be known as a "commission", but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06. The sentencing commission created under s. 15.145 (27) 15.145 (4) shall be known as a "commission" but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06 (1) to (4m), (7), and (9).

1	SECTION 2. 15.105 (27) of the statutes is renumbered 15.145 (4), and 15.145 (4)
2	(a) (intro.), as renumbered, is amended to read:
3	15.145 (4) (a) Creation; membership. (intro.) There is created a sentencing
4	commission that is attached to the department of administration corrections under
5	s. 15.03 and that shall consist of the following members:
6	SECTION 3. 20.410 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	20.410 (1) (a) General program operations. The amounts in the schedule to
8	operate institutions and provide field services and administrative services and for
9	the general program operations of the sentencing commission. No payments may be
10	made under this paragraph for payments in accordance with other states party to the
11	interstate corrections compact under s. 302.25.
12	SECTION 4. 973.017 (title) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
13	is amended to read:
14	973.017 (title) Bifurcated sentences; use <u>Use</u> of guidelines;
15	consideration of aggravating and mitigating factors.
16	SECTION 5. 973.017 (1) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
17	is amended to read:
18	973.017 (1) In this section, "sentencing decision" means a decision as to
19	whether to impose a bifurcated sentence under s. 973.01, whether to impose a jail
20	sentence, and whether to impose a fine or whether to place a person on probation and
21	a decision as to the length of a bifurcated sentence, including the length of each
22	component of the bifurcated sentence, the length of a jail sentence, the amount of a
23	fine, and the length of a term of probation.
24	SECTION 6. 973.017 (2) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
25	is renumbered 973 017 (2g) and amended to road:

973.017 (2g) <u>Use of advisory guidelines</u>. If the offense is a felony <u>When a court makes a sentencing decision concerning a person convicted of a felony committed on or after February 1, 2003</u>, the court shall consider the sentencing guidelines adopted by the sentencing commission under s. 973.30 or, if the sentencing commission has not adopted a guideline for the offense, any applicable temporary sentencing guideline adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283. <u>This subsection does not apply if the sentencing commission has adopted mandatory sentencing guidelines for the felony under s. 973.31.</u>

SECTION 7. 973.017 (2r) of the statutes is created to read:

973.017 (2r) USE OF MANDATORY GUIDELINES. If the sentencing commission has adopted mandatory sentencing guidelines for a crime under s. 973.31, the court, when making a sentencing decision concerning a person convicted of that crime, shall impose a sentence of the kind and within the range described in the applicable sentencing guideline unless the court finds that there is an aggravating or mitigating factor that warrants the imposition of a different kind of sentence or a sentence outside of the range described in the guideline.

SECTION 8. 973.017 (10) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is amended to read:

973.017 (10) Use of <u>advisory</u> Guidelines; no right to or basis for appeal. The requirement under sub. (2) (a) (2g) that a court consider sentencing guidelines adopted by the sentencing commission or the criminal penalties study committee does not require a court to make a sentencing decision that is within any range or consistent with a recommendation specified in the guidelines, and there is no right to appeal a court's sentencing decision based on the court's decision to depart in any way from any guideline. This subsection does not apply to a sentencing decision that

	1	is made in connection with a crime for which the sentencing commission has adopted
	2	mandatory sentencing guidelines under s. 973.31.
	3	SECTION 9. 973.30 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
	4	973.30 (1) (c) Adopt and, as necessary, update advisory sentencing guidelines
	5	and guidelines regarding the use of alternatives to incarecration for felonies
	6	committed on or after July 30, 2002, to promote public safety in a cost-effective
	7	manner, to reflect changes in sentencing practices, and to preserve the integrity of
N5	8	the criminal justice and correctional systems.
5/8	9	SECTION 10. 973.31 of the statutes is created to read:
	10	973.31 Mandatory sentencing guidelines. (1) In this section,
	11	"commission" means the sentencing commission.
	12	(2) If the commission determines in the report required under 2003 Wisconsin
	13	Act (this act), section 9110 (1) that temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by
	14	the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 are
	15	not adequately promoting the objectives listed in s. 973.30 (1) (c), the commission
	16	shall adopt mandatory sentencing guidelines for felonies and misdemeanors for
	17	which a court may impose a bifurcated sentence.
	18	(3) When adopting a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime, the
	19	commission, subject to sub. (4), shall assign suggested ranges of punishment to
	20	promote the objectives listed in s. 973.30 (1) (c). The ranges of punishment shall be
	21	based upon the combination of offense and defendant characteristics in each case.
	22	The commission may also include any of the following as part of a mandatory
	23	sentencing guideline:
	24	(a) Conditions of extended supervision or probation to be imposed.

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- (b) The length of a term of imprisonment to be imposed if, after the court withholds a sentence and places a defendant on probation, the court revokes probation.
- (c) Whether penalties should be imposed concurrently or consecutively if the defendant is convicted of more than one crime.
- (4) The commission may not adopt a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime that calls for a range of punishment that conflicts with any provision of the statutes relating to penalties for that crime.
- (5) In general, the commission shall develop mandatory sentencing guidelines for Class G to I felonies, unclassified felonies, and misdemeanors for which a court may impose a bifurcated sentence before developing them for Class B to F felonies. Beginning with the crimes that are committed most frequently, the commission shall develop mandatory sentencing guidelines for crimes based on the frequency with which they are committed.

Section 9110. Nonstatutory provisions; corrections.

(1) Report regarding temporary sentencing guidelines. No later than January 1, 2004, the sentencing commission shall analyze whether the temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 are adequately promoting the objectives listed in section 973.30 (1) (c) of the statutes and submit a report to the governor, the legislature, and the supreme court explaining its conclusions.

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2003–2004 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

1	insert 3/16
2	SECTION 1. 973.017 (1) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
3	is renumbered 973.017 (1) (intro.) and amended to read:
$\sqrt{4}$	973.017 (1) (intro.) DEFINITION. In this section, "sentencing decision" means
5	the following:
6	(a) With respect to a crime for which the court may impose a bifurcated sentence
7	under s. 973.01, a decision as to whether to impose a bifurcated sentence under s.
8	973.01 or place a person on probation and a decision as to the length of a bifurcated
9	sentence, including the length of each component of the bifurcated sentence, the
10	amount of a fine, and the length of a term of probation.
11	History: 2001 a. 109. SECTION 2. 973.017 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
12	973.017 (1) (b) With respect to any other crime, a decision as to whether to
13	impose a jail sentence or place a person on probation and a decision as to the length
14	of a jail sentence, the amount of a fine, and the length of a term of probation.
15	insert 5/8
16	SECTION 3. 973.30 (1) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:
17	973.30 (1) (cm) Develop advisory guidelines regarding the appropriate use of
18	alternatives to incarceration.
19	insert 6/9
20	Note In general, in developing mandatory sentencing guidelines, the commission
21	shall begin with crimes that result in the greatest number of bifurcated sentences
22	being imposed.

DRAFTER'S NOTE
FROM THE
LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1792/3dn

med Kmg

Jim:

In view of Secretary Frank's comments, I deleted "whether to impose a fine" from the definition of "sentencing decision." The reference to the court determining the amount of a fine and the fact that, under nearly all other penalty statutes, the court has the discretion to fine or to not fine a convicted defendant should make it sufficiently clear that that decision as to whether to impose a fine is part of the sentencing decision.

Michael Dsida Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–9867

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1792/3 MGD:kmg:pg

February 7, 2003

Jim:

In view of Secretary Frank's comments, I deleted "whether to impose a fine" from the definition of "sentencing decision." The reference to the court determining the amount of a fine and the fact that, under nearly all other penalty statutes, the court has the discretion to fine or to not fine a convicted defendant should make it sufficiently clear that that decision as to whether to impose a fine is part of the sentencing decision.

Michael Dsida Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–9867

Dsida, Michael

From:

Johnston, James

Sent:

Sunday, February 09, 2003 12:04 PM

To:

Dsida, Michael

Cc:

Mukasa, Roger; Dombrowski, Cynthia; Caucutt, Dan

Subject:

Modification to LRB Draft #1792/3 Sentencing Commission

Mike,

If at all possible, please repeal s.20.505(4)(dr) and s.20.505(4)(mr).

Many Thanks,

Jim

Jim Johnston

State Budget Office -- WI Dept. of Administration 608/266-3420 608/267-0372 (fax) james.johnston@doa.state.wi.us



State of Misconsin 2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1792/S (4) MGD:kmg:pg

DOA:.....Mukasa – BB0453, Sentencing Commission

FOR 2003-05 BUDGET — NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT ...; relating to: the budget.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau CRIMES

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When a court sentences a person who, on or after February 1, 2003, committed a felony, the court must consider any advisory sentencing guidelines that the Sentencing Commission develops for that offense. If the Sentencing Commission has not adopted guidelines, the court must consider any temporary advisory sentencing guidelines developed by the Criminal Penalties Study Committee (CPSC) for that offense. The court, however, is not required to make a sentencing decision that is consistent with applicable guidelines, and a defendant may not appeal a court's sentencing decision based on the court's decision to depart from a guideline.

Under this bill, by January 1, 2004, the Sentencing Commission must analyze whether the temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by the CPSC are adequately promoting public safety in a cost-effective manner, whether they reflect changes in sentencing practices, and whether they are preserving the integrity of the criminal

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justice and correctional systems. If the commission determines that the temporary guidelines are not adequately promoting these objectives, it must adopt mandatory sentencing guidelines for felonies and any other crimes for which a person may be sentenced to a state prison, other than those for which the penalty is life imprisonment. The mandatory sentencing guidelines for an offense must assign suggested ranges of punishment based upon the combination of offense and defendant characteristics in each case, but the range of punishment must be consistent with the penalty provided for that crime under current law.

If the commission adopts a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime, a court, in sentencing a person convicted of that crime, must impose a sentence of the kind and within the range described in the guideline, unless the court finds that there is an aggravating or mitigating factor that warrants a different sentence. In addition, the prohibition on appeals based on a departure from an advisory guideline does not apply to a departure from a mandatory guideline.

This bill also requires the Sentencing Commission to adopt/guidelines regarding the use of alternatives to incarceration for felocity. It also detaches the commission from DOA and attaches it to DOC.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 15.01 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

15.01 (2) "Commission" means a 3-member governing body in charge of a department or independent agency or of a division or other subunit within a department, except for the Wisconsin waterways commission which shall consist of 5 members, the parole commission which shall consist of 8 members, and the Fox River management commission which shall consist of 7 members. A Wisconsin group created for participation in a continuing interstate body, or the interstate body itself, shall be known as a "commission", but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06. The parole commission created under s. 15.145 (1) shall be known as a "commission", but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06. The sentencing commission created under s. 15.105 (27) 15.145 (4) shall be known as a "commission" but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06 (1) to (4m), (7), and (9).

1	SECTION 2. 15.105 (27) of the statutes is renumbered 15.145 (4), and 15.145 (4)
2	(a) (intro.), as renumbered, is amended to read:
3	15.145 (4) (a) Creation; membership. (intro.) There is created a sentencing
4	commission that is attached to the department of administration corrections under
5	s. 15.03 and that shall consist of the following members:
6	SECTION 3. 20.410 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	20.410 (1) (a) General program operations. The amounts in the schedule to
8	operate institutions and provide field services and administrative services and for
9	the general program operations of the sentencing commission. No payments may be
10	made under this paragraph for payments in accordance with other states party to the
11	interstate corrections compact under s. 302.25.
12	SECTION 4. 973.017 (title) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
13	is amended to read:
14	973.017 (title) Bifurcated sentences; use Use of guidelines;
15	consideration of aggravating and mitigating factors.
16	Section 5. 973.017 (1) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
17	is renumbered 973.017 (1) (intro.) and amended to read:
18	973.017 (1) DEFINITION. (intro.) In this section, "sentencing decision" means
19	the following:
20	(a) With respect to a crime for which the court may impose a bifurcated sentence
21	under s. 973.01, a decision as to whether to impose a bifurcated sentence under s.
22	973.01 or place a person on probation and a decision as to the length of a bifurcated
23	sentence, including the length of each component of the bifurcated sentence, the
24	amount of a fine, and the length of a term of probation.
25	SECTION 6. 973.017 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read: Section #. (P) 20.505 (4) (dr) V Note: bud Note: bud Note: bud

973.017 (1) (b) With respect to any other crime, a decision as to whether t	ю
impose a jail sentence or place a person on probation and a decision as to the lengt	h
of a jail sentence, the amount of a fine, and the length of a term of probation.	

SECTION 7. 973.017 (2) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is renumbered 973.017 (2g) and amended to read:

973.017 (2g) <u>Use of advisory guidelines</u>. If the offense is a felony <u>When a court makes a sentencing decision concerning a person convicted of a felony committed on or after February 1, 2003</u>, the court shall consider the sentencing guidelines adopted by the sentencing commission under s. 973.30 or, if the sentencing commission has not adopted a guideline for the offense, any applicable temporary sentencing guideline adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283. <u>This subsection does not apply if the sentencing commission has adopted mandatory sentencing guidelines for the felony under s. 973.31.</u>

Section 8. 973.017 (2r) of the statutes is created to read:

973.017 (2r) USE OF MANDATORY GUIDELINES. If the sentencing commission has adopted mandatory sentencing guidelines for a crime under s. 973.31, the court, when making a sentencing decision concerning a person convicted of that crime, shall impose a sentence of the kind and within the range described in the applicable sentencing guideline unless the court finds that there is an aggravating or mitigating factor that warrants the imposition of a different kind of sentence or a sentence outside of the range described in the guideline.

SECTION 9. 973.017 (10) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is amended to read:

973.017 (10) USE OF <u>ADVISORY</u> GUIDELINES; NO RIGHT TO OR BASIS FOR APPEAL. The requirement under sub. (2) (a) (2g) that a court consider sentencing guidelines

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adopted by the sentencing commission or the criminal penalties study committee does not require a court to make a sentencing decision that is within any range or consistent with a recommendation specified in the guidelines, and there is no right to appeal a court's sentencing decision based on the court's decision to depart in any way from any guideline. This subsection does not apply to a sentencing decision that is made in connection with a crime for which the sentencing commission has adopted mandatory sentencing guidelines under s. 973.31.

SECTION 10. 973.30 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

973.30 (1) (c) Adopt <u>and</u>, as necessary, update advisory sentencing guidelines for felonies committed on or after July 30, 2002, to promote public safety <u>in a cost-effective manner</u>, to <u>reflect changes promote consistency</u> in sentencing practices, and to preserve the integrity of the criminal justice and correctional systems.

SECTION 11. 973.30 (1) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:

973.30 (1) (cm) Develop advisory guidelines regarding the appropriate use of alternatives to incarceration.

SECTION 12. 973.31 of the statutes is created to read:

- 973.31 Mandatory sentencing guidelines. (1) In this section, "commission" means the sentencing commission.
- (2) If the commission determines in the report required under 2003 Wisconsin Act (this act), section 9110 (1) that temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 are not adequately promoting the objectives listed in s. 973.30 (1) (c), the commission shall adopt mandatory guidelines for sentencing decisions, as defined in s. 973.017

- (1), for felonies and misdemeanors for which a court may impose a bifurcated sentence.
- (3) When adopting a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime, the commission, subject to sub. (4), shall assign suggested ranges of punishment to promote the objectives listed in s. 973.30 (1) (c). The ranges of punishment shall be based upon the combination of offense and defendant characteristics in each case. The commission may also include any of the following as part of a mandatory sentencing guideline:
 - (a) Conditions of extended supervision or probation to be imposed.
- (b) The length of a term of imprisonment to be imposed if, after the court withholds a sentence and places a defendant on probation, the court revokes probation.
- (c) Whether penalties should be imposed concurrently or consecutively if the defendant is convicted of more than one crime.
- (4) The commission may not adopt a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime that calls for a range of punishment that conflicts with any provision of the statutes relating to penalties for that crime.
- (5) In general, in developing mandatory sentencing guidelines, the commission shall begin with crimes that result in the greatest number of bifurcated sentences being imposed. In general, the commission shall develop mandatory sentencing guidelines for Class G to I felonies, unclassified felonies, and misdemeanors for which a court may impose a bifurcated sentence before developing them for Class B to F felonies. Beginning with the crimes that are committed most frequently, the commission shall develop mandatory sentencing guidelines for crimes based on the frequency with which they are committed.

Section 9110. Nonstatutory provisions; corrections.

January 1, 2004, the sentencing commission shall analyze whether the temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 are adequately promoting the objectives listed in section 973.30 (1) (c) of the statutes and submit a report to the governor, the legislature, and the supreme court explaining its conclusions.

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(END)



State of Misconsin 2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1792/4 MGD:kmg:rs

DOA:.....Mukasa – BB0453, Sentencing Commission

FOR 2003-05 BUDGET — NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT ...; relating to: the budget.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau CRIMES

The Sentencing Commission is attached to DOA. Under current law, the commission is required to collect and disseminate information about sentencing practices in criminal cases. The commission must also develop advisory sentencing guidelines for felonies to promote public safety, to reflect changes in sentencing practices, and to preserve the integrity of the criminal justice and correctional systems. As of the date of this bill's introduction, however, the Sentencing Commission has not adopted any sentencing guidelines.

When a court sentences a person who, on or after February 1, 2003, committed a felony, the court must consider any advisory sentencing guidelines that the Sentencing Commission develops for that offense. If the Sentencing Commission has not adopted guidelines, the court must consider any temporary advisory sentencing guidelines developed by the Criminal Penalties Study Committee (CPSC) for that offense. The court, however, is not required to make a sentencing decision that is consistent with applicable guidelines, and a defendant may not appeal a court's sentencing decision based on the court's decision to depart from a guideline.

Under this bill, by January 1, 2004, the Sentencing Commission must analyze whether the temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by the CPSC are adequately promoting public safety in a cost—effective manner, promoting consistency in sentencing practices, and preserving the integrity of the criminal justice and

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correctional systems. If the commission determines that the temporary guidelines are not adequately promoting these objectives, it must adopt mandatory sentencing guidelines for felonies and any other crimes for which a person may be sentenced to a state prison, other than those for which the penalty is life imprisonment. The mandatory sentencing guidelines for an offense must assign suggested ranges of punishment based upon the combination of offense and defendant characteristics in each case, but the range of punishment must be consistent with the penalty provided for that crime under current law.

If the commission adopts a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime, a court, in sentencing a person convicted of that crime, must impose a sentence of the kind and within the range described in the guideline, unless the court finds that there is an aggravating or mitigating factor that warrants a different sentence. In addition, the prohibition on appeals based on a departure from an advisory guideline does not apply to a departure from a mandatory guideline.

This bill also requires the Sentencing Commission to adopt advisory guidelines regarding the use of alternatives to incarceration. It also detaches the commission from DOA and attaches it to DOC.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 15.01 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

15.01 (2) "Commission" means a 3-member governing body in charge of a department or independent agency or of a division or other subunit within a department, except for the Wisconsin waterways commission which shall consist of 5 members, the parole commission which shall consist of 8 members, and the Fox River management commission which shall consist of 7 members. A Wisconsin group created for participation in a continuing interstate body, or the interstate body itself, shall be known as a "commission", but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06. The parole commission created under s. 15.145 (1) shall be known as a "commission created under s. 15.105 (27) 15.145 (4) shall be known as a "commission" but is not a commission for purposes of s. 15.06 (1) to (4m), (7), and (9).

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2	(a) (intro.), as renumbered, is amended to read:
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4	commission that is attached to the department of administration corrections under
5	s. 15.03 and that shall consist of the following members:
6	SECTION 3. 20.410 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	20.410 (1) (a) General program operations. The amounts in the schedule to
8	operate institutions and provide field services and administrative services and for
9	the general program operations of the sentencing commission. No payments may be
10	made under this paragraph for payments in accordance with other states party to the
11	interstate corrections compact under s. 302.25.
12	SECTION 4. 20.505 (4) (dr) of the statutes is repealed.
	****NOTE: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats.
13	Section 5. 20.505 (4) (mr) of the statutes is repealed.
	****Note: This Section involves a change in an appropriation that must be reflected in the revised schedule in s. 20.005, stats.
14	SECTION 6. 973.017 (title) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
15	is amended to read:
16	973.017 (title) Bifurcated sentences; use Use of guidelines;
17	consideration of aggravating and mitigating factors.
18	SECTION 7. 973.017 (1) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
19	is renumbered 973.017 (1) (intro.) and amended to read:
20	973.017 (1) DEFINITION. (intro.) In this section, "sentencing decision" means
21	the following:

(a) With respect to a crime for which the court may impose a bifurcated sentence
under s. 973.01, a decision as to whether to impose a bifurcated sentence under s.
973.01 or place a person on probation and a decision as to the length of a bifurcated
sentence, including the length of each component of the bifurcated sentence, the
amount of a fine, and the length of a term of probation.

SECTION 8. 973.017 (1) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

973.017 (1) (b) With respect to any other crime, a decision as to whether to impose a jail sentence or place a person on probation and a decision as to the length of a jail sentence, the amount of a fine, and the length of a term of probation.

SECTION 9. 973.017 (2) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109, is renumbered 973.017 (2g) and amended to read:

973.017 (2g) <u>Use of advisory guidelines</u>. If the offense is a felony When a court makes a sentencing decision concerning a person convicted of a felony committed on or after February 1, 2003, the court shall consider the sentencing guidelines adopted by the sentencing commission under s. 973.30 or, if the sentencing commission has not adopted a guideline for the offense, any applicable temporary sentencing guideline adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283. This subsection does not apply if the sentencing commission has adopted mandatory sentencing guidelines for the felony under s. 973.31.

SECTION 10. 973.017 (2r) of the statutes is created to read:

973.017 (2r) USE OF MANDATORY GUIDELINES. If the sentencing commission has adopted mandatory sentencing guidelines for a crime under s. 973.31, the court, when making a sentencing decision concerning a person convicted of that crime, shall impose a sentence of the kind and within the range described in the applicable sentencing guideline unless the court finds that there is an aggravating or mitigating

1	factor that warrants the imposition of a different kind of sentence or a sentence
2	outside of the range described in the guideline.
3	SECTION 11. 973.017 (10) of the statutes, as created by 2001 Wisconsin Act 109,
4	is amended to read:
5	973.017 (10) Use of <u>advisory</u> guidelines; no right to or basis for appeal. The
6	requirement under sub. (2) (a) (2g) that a court consider sentencing guidelines
7	adopted by the sentencing commission or the criminal penalties study committee
8	does not require a court to make a sentencing decision that is within any range or
9	consistent with a recommendation specified in the guidelines, and there is no right
10	to appeal a court's sentencing decision based on the court's decision to depart in any
11	way from any guideline. This subsection does not apply to a sentencing decision that
12	is made in connection with a crime for which the sentencing commission has adopted
13	mandatory sentencing guidelines under s. 973.31.
14	SECTION 12. 973.30 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
15	973.30 (1) (c) Adopt and, as necessary, update advisory sentencing guidelines
16	for felonies committed on or after July 30, 2002, to promote public safety in a
17	cost-effective manner, to reflect changes promote consistency in sentencing
18	practices, and to preserve the integrity of the criminal justice and correctional
19	systems.
20	SECTION 13. 973.30 (1) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:
21	973.30 (1) (cm) Develop advisory guidelines regarding the appropriate use of
22	alternatives to incarceration.
23	SECTION 14. 973.31 of the statutes is created to read:
24	973.31 Mandatory sentencing guidelines. (1) In this section,

"commission" means the sentencing commission.

(2) If the commission determines in the report required under 2003 Wisconsin
Act (this act), section 9110 (1) that temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by
the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 are
not adequately promoting the objectives listed in s. 973.30 (1) (c), the commission
shall adopt mandatory guidelines for sentencing decisions, as defined in s. 973.017
(1), for felonies and misdemeanors for which a court may impose a bifurcated
sentence.

- (3) When adopting a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime, the commission, subject to sub. (4), shall assign suggested ranges of punishment to promote the objectives listed in s. 973.30 (1) (c). The ranges of punishment shall be based upon the combination of offense and defendant characteristics in each case. The commission may also include any of the following as part of a mandatory sentencing guideline:
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- (c) Whether penalties should be imposed concurrently or consecutively if the defendant is convicted of more than one crime.
- (4) The commission may not adopt a mandatory sentencing guideline for a crime that calls for a range of punishment that conflicts with any provision of the statutes relating to penalties for that crime.
- (5) In general, in developing mandatory sentencing guidelines, the commission shall begin with crimes that result in the greatest number of bifurcated sentences being imposed. In general, the commission shall develop mandatory sentencing

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guidelines for Class G to I felonies, unclassified felonies, and misdemeanors for which a court may impose a bifurcated sentence before developing them for Class B to F felonies. Beginning with the crimes that are committed most frequently, the commission shall develop mandatory sentencing guidelines for crimes based on the frequency with which they are committed.

Section 9110. Nonstatutory provisions; corrections.

(1) Report regarding temporary sentencing guidelines. No later than January 1, 2004, the sentencing commission shall analyze whether the temporary sentencing guidelines adopted by the criminal penalties study committee created under 1997 Wisconsin Act 283 are adequately promoting the objectives listed in section 973.30 (1) (c) of the statutes, as affected by this act, and submit a report to the governor, the legislature, and the supreme court explaining its conclusions.

13 (END)