2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assembly Substitute Amendment (ASA-AB61)

Received	02/26/2003				Received By: mku	ınkel	
Wanted: A	As time perm	its			Identical to LRB:		
For: Phil	Montgomery	(608) 266-584	0		By/Representing:	Rose Smyrski	i
This file r	nay be shown	to any legislato	or: NO		Drafter: mkunkel		
May Con	tact:				Addl. Drafters:		
Subject:	Public I	Util telco			Extra Copies:	RJM	
Submit vi	a email: YES						
Requester	's email:	Rep.Montg	omery@legi	is.state.wi.us	5		
Carbon co	opy (CC:) to:						
Pre Topi	c:						
No specif	ic pre topic gi	ven					
Topic:							
Wireless 9	911 surcharge	and grants					
Instruction	ons:						
See Attacl	hed						
Drafting	History:						
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
/?	mkunkel 02/28/2003	csicilia 02/28/2003					
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Received: 02/26/2003

2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

Received By: mkunkel

Assembly Substitute Amendment (ASA-AB61)

Wanted	: As time perm	its			Identical to LR	B:	
For: Ph	il Montgomery	(608) 266-584	40		By/Representing	g: Rose Smyrsk	i
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Subject	: Public l	Util telco			Extra Copies:	RJM	•
Submit	via email: YES						
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FE Sent For:

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2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assembly Substitute Amendment (ASA-AB61)

Received By: mkunkel
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02/28/2003 02:17:17 PM Page 2

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2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assembly Substitute Amendment (ASA-AB61)

Received: 02/26/2003

Received By: mkunkel

Wanted: As time permits

Identical to LRB:

For: Phil Montgomery (608) 266-5840

By/Representing: Rose Smyrski

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: mkunkel

May Contact:

Addl. Drafters:

Subject:

Public Util. - telco

Extra Copies:

RJM

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email:

Rep.Montgomery@legis.state.wi.us

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Wireless 911 surcharge and grants

Instructions:

See Attached

Drafting History:

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Required

/?

mkunkel

<END>

FE Sent For:

To:

Stolzenberg, John

Subject:

AB 61

John:

1. I haven't found any case law that addresses the issue of whether a statute that is worded like s. 146.70 (7), stats., creates immunity from civil and criminal liability. However, because the statute refers to liability "to any person", you could argue that it is limited to immunity from civil liability. Although "person" could include the state, we normally don't talk about criminal liability in terms of liability "to the state". Instead, crimes are created by providing that a person who does a prohibited act is guilty of a misdemeanor or felony. Is this a "slam dunk" interpretation? Unfortunately, I don't know. The statute is not drafted in the preferred way, which is to specify whether immunity is from civil liability, criminal liability, or both.

2. Regarding adding language that specifies that the bill does not create additional authority of the PSC over wireless providers, I don't think that such language is necessary. The bill does what it does in ch. 146, not ch. 196. Also, the bill doesn't affect the exemption for wireless providers in ch. 196. If push comes to shove, you could include something to the effect that the bill does not authorize the PSC to regulate wireless providers, except to the extent necessary to administer the bill's requirements. However, you really don't need to say that, as we discussed.

Mark D. Kunkel Senior Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau (608) 266-0131

From:

Sent:

Smyrski, Rose Wednesday, February 26, 2003 1:05 PM Kunkel, Mark

To:

Subject:

Sub-Amendment to AB 61 - Wireless 911



Final Sub-amendent issues 2-26...

Proposed Changes to AB 61 (Wireless 911) -- Sub-Amendment concepts

- 1. Change name of program to "federally mandated wireless 911 fee" feet as 911 Mandated 2. Stagger the collecting and ending time of the surcharge to that the program does not
 - sunset before the PSC is able to send out the money collected in the last month
- 3. Modify the Timeline: Program timeline is driven by the completion of the grant and surcharge rules.
 - a. 6 month: draft grant rule to Legislative Council
 - b. 12 month: final grant rule to appropriate Senate and Assembly committees
 - c. 15 month:
 - i. Grant application due
 - ii. County resolution passed and 1 PSAP identified
 - d. 18 month: draft surcharge rule to Legislative Council
 - 20 month: final surcharge rule to appropriate Senate and Assembly committees
 - 21 or 22 month: start collecting surcharge for 36 months
 - g. 24 month: grants start going out to wireless providers and communities
 - h. 58 month: last wireless fee charged on customer bill and collected by PSC
 - Modify the reimbursement of expenses for wireless providers and eligible PSAPs
 - a. Reimburse for actual expenses incurred
 - b. Cap of money received from grants to the estimated value approved by the PSC
- 5. Reimbursement period will begin when fee collection is started
- 6. Add language that if a PSAP receives a grant they must serve the whole county
- 7. Language to address if new entrants in the wireless market come after the program started, they are able to have costs reimbursed. (New entrants are required to collect the surcharge if they do business in Wisconsin)
- 8. Language that ensures that PSAPs may not sell information obtained through the system.

 8. Remove liability language that states that wireless companies are only held harmless for

service provided to eligible PSAPs (pg 8 line 20)

- 10. Rate that PSC produces is a flat fee
- Pre-paid cellular phones issue (language below is still pending... I expect to get details this afternoon)

Blottering?

SOP A

Indiana Code Wireless 911 Program Excerpts

IC 36-8-16.5-14

"Subscriber" defined

Sec. 14. As used in this chapter, "subscriber" refers to a standard subscriber or a prepaid subscriber of CMRS service.

As added by P.L.98-1998, SEC.1. Amended by P.L.16-2002, SEC.2.

IC 36-8-16.5-30c

Emergency wireless enhanced 911 fee; CMRS providers billing

Note: This version of section amended by P.L.156-2002, SEC.2, effective 1-1-2003. See also preceding version of this section added by P.L.98-1998, SEC.1, effective until 8-1-2002, and preceding version of this section amended by P.L.104-2002, SEC.4, effective 8-1-2002.

6 cann-

antuse direction

- a. Sec. 30. Except as provided in section 34 of this chapter, each CMRS provider shall collect the wireless emergency enhanced 911 fee as follows:
 - (1) A CMRS provider shall collect the fee from each standard subscriber as part of its normal monthly billing process and may list the fee as a separate line item on each bill. If a CMRS provider receives a partial payment for a monthly bill from a CMRS standard subscriber, the CMRS provider shall apply the payment against the amount the CMRS standard subscriber owes to the CMRS provider before applying the payment against the fee.
 - (2) A CMRS provider shall collect and remit to the board under section 36 of this chapter fees from its prepaid subscribers in an amount equal to the fee amount multiplied by the number of active prepaid subscriber accounts on the last day of each calendar month.

From:

Smyrski, Rose

Sent:

Thursday, February 27, 2003 11:01 AM

To:

Kunkel, Mark; Lovell, David; Stolzenberg, John

Subject:

RE: New entrants

I checked with Phil and he is ok will that scenario. It would be the same for companies that come into the market after the program ends...they wouldn't receive any cost recovery.

----Original Message-----

From:

Kunkel, Mark

Sent:

Thursday, February 27, 2003 10:56 AM

To:

Smyrski, Rose; Lovell, David; Stolzenberg, John

Subject:

New entrants

One issue that occurs to me as I draft the substitute amendment concerns wireless providers who enter the market after the grant application deadline. If you want to allow them to receive grants, they will only get reimbursed for costs incurred during the 3-year reimbursement period. Therefore, if they enter the market toward the end of that period. they will only get grants for costs incurred during a potentially very short time period, which might not amount to an awful lot.

Is that okay?

Mark D. Kunkel Senior Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau (608) 266-0131

From:

Smyrski, Rose

Sent:

Thursday, February 27, 2003 2:21 PM

To: Subject: Kunkel, Mark RE: Cost effective

If cost-effective is stronger and places more of an emphasis on saving money than I am more inclined to go with "cost-effective system."

-----Original Message-----

From:

Kunkel, Mark

Sent:

Thursday, February 27, 2003 2:10 PM

To:

Smyrski, Rose

Subject:

Cost effective

Rose:

Page 7, line 4 of the bill (LRB-1362/2) requires the PSC to approve an application if the estimated costs are reasonable and are incurred for the purpose of promoting an effective and efficient statewide system.

Is that good enough, or should it refer to a cost-effective system, rather than just an effective system?

Mark D. Kunkel Senior Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau (608) 266-0131

From:

Sent:

Stolzenberg, John Thursday, February 27, 2003 3:50 PM Smyrski, Rose

To:

Kunkel, Mark

Cc: Subject:

Memo on revised AB 61 schedule

Eose,

Per our discussion, here's an electronic copy of the memo on the revised AB 61 schedule.

John



AB 61 - Revised schedule.doc

John Stolzenberg, Legislative Council Staff Scientist Suite 401, One East Main Street PO Box 2536 Madison, WI 53701-2536

Direct: 608-266-2988 Fax: 608-266-3830



WISCONSIN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

Terry C. Anderson, Director Laura D. Rose, Deputy Director

TO:

SENATOR JOE LEIBHAM AND REPRESENTATIVES SCOTT R. JENSEN AND PHIL

MONTGOMERY

FROM:

John Stolzenberg, Staff Scientist

RE:

Revised Schedule for the Wireless 911 Program Under 2003 Assembly Bill 61

DATE:

February 20, 2003

This memorandum presents in the attached chart a revised schedule for the Wireless 911 Program created by 2003 Assembly Bill 61. This schedule is based upon instructions provided by Representatives Jensen's and Montgomery's staff last Tuesday as part of drafting instructions for an Assembly substitute amendment to Assembly Bill 61.

Description of the Schedule

The schedule contains the following three types of dates:

- Deadline in Bill: The deadline is a specified number of months after the effective date of the bill.
- Estimated Date: The chart presents an estimated date for completion of a task relating to rule-making. A specific deadline cannot be prescribed for these tasks because completion of the tasks involve activities out of the control of the Public Service Commission (PSC), the program administrator.
- Relative Deadline: These deadlines are the specified number of months after the effective date of a rule. For example, under the schedule presented in the chart, a county board would have to designate the public safety answering point (PSAP) in the county eligible to receive a grant under the program by two months after the effective date of the PSC's grant rule.

Note that the schedule does not include all of the tasks following enactment of the bill leading up to the awarding of grants under the Wireless 911 Program. For example, public hearings on proposed rules and legislative review of proposed rules are not explicitly identified, though time for these tasks are accounted for in the schedule. In addition, the chart does not identify the "reimbursement period"

under the proposed substitute amendment, as the drafting instructions for the substitute amendment have not yet specified this period. Eligible costs incurred by wireless providers and PSAPs during the reimbursement period are reimbursed in the grants awarded under the program created by the substitute amendment.

Comments on the schedule in the chart are presented below.

Discussion

The chart modifies the schedule developed by your staff in three ways. First, following our meeting last Tuesday, Mark Kunkel, Attorney, Legislative Reference Bureau, reported that standard drafting practice is to base deadlines on the effective date of a rule rather than the publication date of a rule. This necessitated a change in deadlines in the drafting instructions based upon rule publication dates. Under s. 227.22 (2) (intro.), Stats., a rule is, in general, effective on the first day of the month commencing after the date of publication in the Wisconsin Administrative Register. Thus, barring unforeseen delays, it will take about two months once the PSC promulgates a rule for it to become effective.¹

Second, the schedule in the chart provides three months between the time that the PSC submits its proposed surcharge rule to the Legislative Council Rules Clearinghouse and when it promulgates this rule. The instructions had indicated this should occur within two months. However, once the PSC submits the proposed rule to the Rules Clearinghouse, the Rules Clearinghouse has up to one month to review it and then the PSC staff must hold one or more hearings on the rule, make any modifications in the text of the rule, and have the PSC formally act on the rule. Then, the rule must be submitted to the Legislature for standing committee review. Standing committees have a minimum of 30 days to review a rule and can request a 30-day extension. Thus, the three-month period is optimistic, as it assumes that the PSC will be able to promptly conclude its hearings and make any revisions in its proposed rule and that the Legislature will quickly review the rule with no requests for modifications or objections.

Third, the schedule in the chart indicates that wireless providers would start to collect the surcharge one month after the effective date of the surcharge rule rather than two months after publication of the rule under the drafting instructions. Wireless providers will know the amount of the initial surcharge once the PSC promulgates the surcharge rule prior to the rule becoming effective.

If you have any questions on the schedule in the chart, please feel free to direct them to me at the Legislative Council staff offices.

JES:rv:jal;ksm

Attachment

¹ If the PSC promulgates a rule at the beginning of month one and promptly files the rule with the Office of the Secretary of State and the Office of the Revisor of Statutes, the rule will be published in the Wisconsin Administrative Register in month two and take effect on the first day of month three.

Under Assembly Substitute Amendment ___ to 2003 Assembly Bill 61 Based on June 1, 2003 Act Effective Date Wireless 911 Program Schedule - Alternative 1

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	>	Awarding Grants	36 Month Period For	P			PSC Awards Grants
	>						Surcharge
2003 2004 2005	•	narge Collection	6 Month Period For Surch				Wireless Providers Collect
2003 2004 2005 2006 2006 2123456789101112131413161716182224252425252525253525344142434 112345678 9101112131413161716182224252525252525344142434 112345678 91011121314131617161822242525252525344142434 2 Months 2 Months 2 Months 2 Months 2 Months 3 Months (est.) 3 Months (est.)	<i>\$</i> 7	Survey rule	1 north year	ıths ■	2 Mo (est.		PSC Surcharge Rule Effective
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12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1付 1 2 13 14 15 16 17 18 18 20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 3 3		get mile	6th anth	First day of	2 Months		PSC Computes Surcharge & Submits Proposed Surcharge Rule to LC Rules Clearinghouse
12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1付 1 2 3 4 15 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 3 3 3		·		8030			PSAPs & Wireless Providers Submit Grant Applications to PSC
2003 2004 2005 2006 2006 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 12 3 4 15 6 7 18 9 20 1 22 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20		, ,	d worth ge	ristag 8 3%			Counties Designate PSAPs
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 2 3 4 15 16 17 16 15 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20						5 Months (est.)	PSC Promulgates Grant Rule 1/
2003 2004 2005 2006 2005 2006			٠.	n ye John	1s+ a	6 Months 🔷 V	PSC Submits Proposed Grant Rule to LC Rules Clearinghouse
	2008 556575859606162	2007	2006 32334353637383940414243	2005 ede 122222425262728253331	2004 1111213141516171819	2003	TASK

Note: 1. The estimated dates for the PSC to promulgate the two rules under the program are optimistic and could be delayed for a number of reasons, including that a Legislative standing committee reviewing a rule requests an extension of its review period or a modification in the rule.

Prepared by John Stolzenberg, Legislative Council, February 20, 2003.

Deadline In Bill

▼ Estimated Date

Relative Deadline

From:

Sent:

Kunkel, Mark To: Subject: FW: Changes to AB 61 (Wireless 911) ----Original Message-Rep.Montgomery > From: > Sent: Thursday, February 27, 2003 2:58 PM Rep.Jensen; Rep.Powers; Rep.Montgomery; Rep.Friske; > To: > Rep.Fitzgerald; Rep.Gottlieb; Rep.Nischke; Rep.Ziegelbauer; > Rep.Steinbrink; Rep.Krug; Rep.Schooff; Rep.Travis Stolzenberg, John; Lovell, David; Natzke, Ryan; Healy, > Brett; Lindstedt, Daniel; Smyrski, Rose > Subject: Changes to AB 61 (Wireless 911) > Dear Members: > Below is a summary of the changes to AB 61 that will > incorporated in a Substitute Amendment. We are waiting on > the draft and expect to receive on Friday. If you have any > questions, please contact Rose Smyrski in my office and she > will be happy to assist you. > Phil Montgomery > Identified Changes to AB 61 that will be a part of the > Substitute Amendment > 1.Change name of program to "federal wireless 911 mandate fee" Stagger the collecting and ending time of the surcharge > so the program does not sunset before the PSC is able to send > out the money collected in the last month Modify the Timeline: Program timeline is driven by the > passage of the grant and surcharge rules. > a. 6 month: draft grant rule to Legislative Council 12 month: final grant rule to appropriate Senate and > Assembly committees > c. 15 month: > i. Grant applications due County resolution passed and 1 PSAP identified > ii. > d. 18 month: draft surcharge rule to Legislative Council 20 month: final surcharge rule to appropriate Senate > and Assembly committees > f. 21 or 22 month: start collecting surcharge for 36 months 24 month: grants start going out to wireless providers > g. > and communities > h. 58 month: last wireless fee charged on customer bill > and collected by PSC Add the word "cost," which results in requiring the PSC > 4. > to consider cost-effectiveness as well as efficiency in > creating the statewide wireless 911 systems. > 5. Modify the reimbursement of expenses for wireless

Stolzenberg, John

Thursday, February 27, 2003 4:54 PM

> providers and the eligible PSAPs

- > a. Reimburse for actual expenses incurred
- > b. Cap of money received from grants to the estimated
- > value approved by the PSC
- > 6. Reimbursement period will begin when fee collection is started
- > 7. Add language that if a PSAP receives a grant they must
- > serve the whole county
- > 8. Language to address if new entrants in the wireless
- > market come after the program started, they are able to have
- > costs reimbursed. (New entrants are required to collect the
- > surcharge if they do business in Wisconsin)
- > 9. Modify section on liability. Wireless providers will
- > be held harmless for service provided to any PSAPs in the state.
- > 10. Surcharge on customer's bill will be a statewide uniform
- > flat rate.

>

odor de borningo

2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE

D-NOTE

2003 ASSEMBLY BHLL 61

LRB #362/2 MDK:cs:pg

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February 13, 2003 – Introduced by Representatives Montgomery, Jensen, M. Lehman, Pettie, Van Roy, Weber, Porner, J. Fitzgerald, Vrakas and Nischke, cosponsored by Senators Leibham, S. Fitzgerald and Breske. Referred to Committee on Energy and Utilities.

AN ACT to amend 146.70 (7); and to create 20.155 (3), 25.17 (1) (yo), 25.98, 77.51 (4) (b) 8., 77.51 (15) (b) 7. and 146.70 (3m) of the statutes; relating to: creating a wireless 911 fund; imposing a surcharge on wireless telephone customers; making grants for wireless 911 emergency telephone service; providing an exemption from emergency rate procedures granting rule-making authority;

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

and making appropriations.

This bill requires the Public Service Commission (PSC) to make grants to wireless telecommunications providers (wireless providers) and cities, villages, towns, and counties (local governments) for reimbursement of certain costs related to providing wireless 911 emergency telephone service (wireless 911 service) and operating facilities for routing wireless 911 telephone calls (wireless public safety answering points). The grants are funded by a surcharge paid by wireless customers.

A wireless provider is eligible for the grants if it is subject to orders of the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) regarding wireless 911 service. In addition, a wireless provider must apply for the grants no later than nine months after the bill's effective date. An application must include an estimate of the costs that, during the three–year period beginning nine months after the bill's effective date, the wireless provider has incurred or will incur to upgrade, purchase, lease, program, install, test, operate, or maintain all data, hardware, and software

necessary to comply with the FCC orders. The application must also include supporting documentation for the estimate.

For local governments, only the local governments that operate a wireless public safety answering point that is specified in a resolution passed by a county are eligible for the grants. Only one wireless public safety answering point in each county is eligible for the grants. A county has until nine months after the bill's effective date to pass such a resolution. Like wireless providers, local governments must apply for the grants no later than nine months after the bill's effective date. An application must include an estimate of the costs that, during the three-year period beginning nine months after the bill's effective date, the local government has directly and primarily incurred, or will directly and primarily incur, for leasing, purchasing, operating, or maintaining the wireless public safety answering point. Such costs include costs for the following: 1) necessary network equipment, computer hardware and software, database equipment, and radio and telephone equipment, that are located within the wireless public safety answering point; 2) training operators of the wireless public safety answering point; and 3) network costs for delivery of calls to the wireless public safety answering point. The application must also include supporting documentation for the estimate.

For both wireless providers and local governments, the PSC must approve an application if the PSC determines that the estimated costs are reasonable and have been, or will be, incurred for the purpose of promoting an effective and efficient statewide system for responding to wireless 911 telephone calls. In addition, the bill prohibits grants to local governments from being used for specified costs, including certain costs for dispatching emergency services and salaries and benefits for operators of wireless public safety answering points. If the PSC does not approve an application, the PSC must provide the applicant with its reasons and provide an opportunity to resubmit the application.

The bill requires the PSC to promulgate rules for making grants, including criteria for approving estimated costs and record–keeping requirements for ensuring that the grants are used for approved costs. The bill also requires the PSC to promulgate rules for making supplemental grants to counties for the joint operation of a wireless public safety answering point by different counties or local governments in different counties. To be eligible for supplemental grants, the resolution described above for each county must specify the same wireless public safety answering point, which is the only wireless public safety answering point for which local governments in the counties may receive the grants described above.

The funding source for the grants is a uniform monthly surcharge imposed by wireless providers for each customer telephone number that is billed to an address in this state. The surcharge may be imposed only during the three—year period beginning nine months after the bill's effective date. The PSC must promulgate rules that establish the amount of the surcharge, which must be sufficient for the PSC to administer and make grants under the bill. The PSC may promulgate rules to increase or decrease the surcharge, but may increase the surcharge only once per year, and any increase must be uniform statewide. Wireless providers must pay the surcharge to the PSC for deposit into a wireless 911 fund that is created in the bill.

A wireless provider is not liable for surcharges that are not paid by customers. Instead, the bill allows the PSC to bring an action against a customer for an unpaid surcharge.

The bill creates other requirements for the grant program, including the following:

- 1. The PSC must withhold from public inspection any information the PSC receives that would aid the competitor of a wireless provider.
- 2. Local governments and other state agencies are prohibited from requiring wireless telecommunications providers to collect or pay a surcharge or fee related to wireless 911 service.
- 3. Wireless providers must identify the surcharge on customer bills as "Wisconsin Wireless 911 Surcharge"
- 4. Wireless providers are immune from liability to any person who makes an emergency telephone call initially routed to a wireless public safety answering point for which a grant is made under the bill.
 - 5. The surcharge under the bill is exempt from the sales and use taxes.
- 6. The bill's requirements regarding the surcharge and grant program do not apply after three years and nine months after the bill's effective date.

This bill will be referred to the Joint Survey Committee on Tax Exemptions for a detailed analysis, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- Section 1. 20.155 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
- 2 20.155 (3) Wireless 911 Grants. (q) General program operations and grants.
- 3 From the wireless 911 fund, all moneys received under s. 146.70 (3m) (f) 1. to
- 4 administer and make grants under s. 146.70 (3m) (d) and supplemental grants under
- 5 s. 146.70 (3m) (e).
- 6 **Section 2.** 25.17 (1) (yo) of the statutes is created to read:
- 7 25.17 **(1)** (yo) Wireless 911 fund (s. 25.98);
- 8 **Section 3.** 25.98 of the statutes is created to read:

1	25.98 Wireless 911 fund. There is established a separate nonlapsible trust
2	fund designated as the wireless 911 fund, consisting of deposits by the public service
3	commission under s. 146.70 (3m) (f) 1.
4	Section 4. 77.51 (4) (b) 8. of the statutes is created to read:
5	77.51 (4) (b) 8. The surcharge established in rules of the public service
6	commission under s. 146.70 (3m) (f) for customers of wireless providers, as defined
7	in s. 146.70 (3m) (a) 5.
8	Section 5. 77.51 (15) (b) 7. of the statutes is created to read:
9	77.51 (15) (b) 7. The surcharge established in rules of the public service
10	commission under s. 146.70 (3m) (f) for customers of wireless providers, as defined
11	in s. 146.70 (3m) (a) 5.
12	Section 6. 146.70 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:
13	146.70 (3m) Wireless providers. (a) Definitions. In this subsection:
14	1. "Commission" means the public service commission.
15	2. "Federal wireless orders" means the orders of the federal communications
16	commission regarding 911 emergency services for wireless telephone users in FCC
17	docket no. 94–102.
18	3. "Local government" means a city, village, town, or county, or an entity formed
19	by a contract under s. 66.0301 (2) by a city, village, town, or county
20)	4. "Reimbursement period" means the period of time between the first day of
21	the With month heginning after the effective date of this subcivision [revisor
22	inserts date, and the first day of the 40th month after the effective date of this
23	-subdivision [revisor inserts date].
24	5. "Wireless provider" means a commercial mobile radio service provider, as
25	defined in s. 196.01 (2g), that is subject to the federal wireless orders.

6. "Wireless public safety answering point" means a facility to which a call on a wireless provider's system is initially routed for response, and on which a public agency directly dispatches the appropriate emergency service provider, relays a message to the appropriate emergency service provider, or transfers the call to the appropriate emergency services provider.

(b) Grant applications; wireless providers. Whireless provider may not receive a grant under par. (d) unless, no later than the first day of the wireless provider the effective date of the wireless provider applies to the commission with an estimate, and supporting documentation, of the costs that it has incurred, or will incur, during the reimbursement period to upgrade, purchase, lease, program, install, test, operate, or maintain all data, hardware, and software necessary to comply with the federal wireless orders.

(NSERT) 11 5-12 12

(c) Grant applications; local governments. 1. A local government that operates a wireless public safety answering point, or local governments that jointly operate a wireless public safety answering point, may not receive a grant under par. (d) unless the requirements under subds. 3. Add are satisfied and, no later than the first day of the month after the effective date of this subdivision. The first day of the month after the effective date of this subdivision. The first day of the local governments is located applies to the commission with an estimate, and supporting documentation, of the costs that the local government or local governments have directly and primarily incurred, or will directly and primarily incur, during the reimbursement period for leasing, purchasing, operating, or maintaining the wireless public safety answering point, including costs for all of the following:

the rules promulgated under AMA (A) (A) 4.

 a. Necessary network equipment, computer ha 	rdware and software, database
equipment, and radio and telephone equipment, that	
public safety answering point. b. Training operators of a wireless public safet	(the rules promulgated 140,000)
b. Training operators of a wireless public safet	y answering point. Under (Crow) (d)

c. Network costs for delivery of calls from a wireless provider to a wireless public safety answering point.

2. If an application under subd. 1. is for the joint operation of a wireless public safety answering point by local governments, the application shall specify the manner in which the estimated costs are apportioned among the local governments.

- 3. A local government that operates a wireless public safety answering point, or local governments that jointly operate a wireless public safety answering point, are not eligible for grants under par. (d) unless, no later than the first day of the month beginning after the effective date of the salidivision inserts date), every county which itself is one of the local governments or in which any of the local governments is located has passed a resolution specifying that the wireless public safety answering point is eligible for the grants. Except as provided in subd. 4., only one wireless public safety answering point in each county is eligible for local governments to receive grants under par. (d).
- 4. If a county or local government in a county jointly operates a wireless public safety answering point with another county or local government in another county, the resolution passed by each county under subd. 3. shall specify the same wireless public safety answering point, and the counties shall submit a joint application under subd. 1. that complies with the requirement under subd. 2. In each county that submits a joint application, only the wireless public safety answering point specified in the resolutions is eligible for local governments to receive grants under par. (d).

1 (NSERT 6-25)

cost-

- (d) Grants; commission approval and rules. 1. The commission shall approve an application under par. (b) or (c) if the commission determines that the costs estimated in the application are reasonable and have been, or will be, incurred for the purpose of promoting the effective and efficient statewide system for responding to wireless emergency 911 telephone calls. If the commission does not approve an application, the commission shall provide the applicant or applicants with the commission's reasons and give the applicant or applicants an opportunity to resubmit the application.
- 2. From the appropriation under s. 20.155 (3) (q), the commission shall make grants to reimburse wireless providers and local governments for costs approved under subd. 1. For applications for the joint operation of a wireless public safety answering point, the commission shall apportion the grants in the manner specified under par. (c) 2.
- 3. No grant to a local government under subd. 2. may be used to reimburse costs for any of the following:
- a. Emergency service dispatch, including personnel, training, equipment, software, records management, radio communications, and mobile data network systems.
 - b. Vehicles and equipment in vehicles.
- c. Communications equipment and software used to communicate with vehicles.
- d. Real estate and improvements to real estate, other than improvements necessary to maintain the security of a wireless public safety answering point.
 - e. Salaries and benefits of operators of a wireless public safety answering point.

1NGERT 8-3

4. The commission shall promulgate rules establishing requirements and procedures for making grants under this paragraph, including criteria for approving estimated costs under subd. 1. The rules shall include record–keeping requirements to ensure that the grants are used to reimburse estimated costs approved by the commission. The rules shall allow the commission to make the grants in installments.

- (e) Supplemental grants. The commission shall promulgate rules for making supplemental grants from the appropriation under s. 20.155 (3) (q) to counties that submit joint applications required under par. (c) 4. The rules shall establish the supplemental grants in amounts that provide an incentive for counties to submit joint applications. The rules may not impose any limits on the use of a supplemental grant and shall allow the commission to make the grants in installments.
- (f) Wireless surcharge. 1. The commission shall promulgate rules requiring each wireless provider to impose the history monthly surcharge for each telephone number of a customer that has a billable address in this state and pay the surcharge to the commission for deposit in the wireless 911 fund. The rules of the surcharge to be imposed which the first day of the wireless of the surcharge to be imposed which the first day of the effective date of this subdivision. I previsor inserts date, or after the first day of the light month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision. I previsor inserts date, or after the first day of the light month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision. I previsor inserts date, or after the first day of the light month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision. I previsor inserts date, or after the first day of the light month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision. I previsor inserts date, or after the first day of the light month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision. I previsor inserts date, or after the first day of the light month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision. I previsor inserts date, or after the first day of the light month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision. I previsor inserts date, or after the first day of the light month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision. I previsor inserts date, or after the first day of the light month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision. I previsor inserts date, or after the first day of the light month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision. I previsor inserts date, or after the effective date of the light month beginning after the effective date of the light month beginning after the effective date of the light month beginning after the effective date of the light month beginning after the effective date of the light month beginning after the effective date of the light month begi
- 2. The commission may promulgate rules that increase or decrease the surcharge, except that the commission may not increase the surcharge more than once per year and any increase must be uniform statewide.

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(Federal wireless 911 mandate fee)

3. A wireless provider shall identify the surcharge on a customer's bill on a separate line that consists of the words "Watch's Wireless 211 Surcharge."

- 4. The commission may bring an action to collect a surcharge that is not paid by a customer and the customer's wireless provider is not liable for the unpaid surcharge.
- (g) *Confidentiality of information*. The commission shall withhold from public inspection any information received under this subsection that would aid a competitor of a wireless provider in competition with the wireless provider.
- (h) *Other charges prohibited*. No local government or state agency, as defined in s. 16.375 (1), except the commission, may require a wireless provider to collect or pay a surcharge or fee related to wireless emergency telephone service.
- (i) Sunset. This subsection does not apply after the first day of the month beginning after the effective date of this paragraph. [revisor inserts date]
 - **Section 7.** 146.70 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 146.70 **(7)** Telecommunications utility and wireless providers not liable. A telecommunications utility shall not be liable to any person who uses an emergency number system created under this section and a wireless provider, as defined in sub. (3m) (a) 5., shall not be liable to any person who makes an emergency telephone call initially routed to a wireless public safety answering point, as defined in sub. (3m)

(a) 6. Abr which a grant is matie under sub. (3m) (1)

SECTION 8. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) WARELESS DI SURCHARCE RULES.

(a) Emergency rules. The public service commission may, using the procedure under section 227.24 of the statutes, promulgate the rules under section 146.70 (3m)

(1) 1. of the statutes, as created by this act, for the period before permanent rules

the rules promutgated under par. (f) 1

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SECTION 8

become effective, but not to exceed the period authorized under section 227.24 (1) (c) and (2) of the statutes. Notwithstanding section 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), and (3) of the 2 statutes, the commission is not required to provide evidence that promulgating a rule 3 under this paragraph as an emergency rule is necessary for the preservation of the 4 public peace, health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of 5 6 emergency for a rule promulgated under this paragraph.

(b) Proposed rules. The public service commission shall submit in proposed form the rules required under section 146.70 (3m) (f) 1. of the statutes, as created by this act, to the legislative council staff under section 227.15 (1) of the statutes no later than the first day of the with month beginning after the effective date of this / The rules promulgated under section 146. 70 (3m) (d) 4. rof the statutes, as crea

12) Wheeless 91 Crant butes

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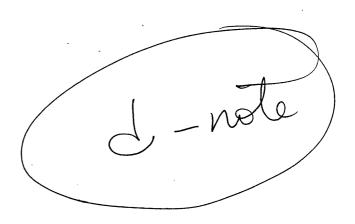
(a) Emergency rules. The public service/commission shall, using the procedure Sunder section 227.24 of the statutes, promulgate the rules under section 146.70 (3m) (d) 4. and (e) of the statutes, as created by this act, for the period before permanent rules become effective, but not to exceed the period authorized under section 227.24 (1) (c) and (2) of the statutes. Notwithstanding section 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), and (3) of the statutes, the commission is not/required to provide evidence that promulgating a rule funder this paragraph as an emergency rule is necessary for the preservation of the public peace health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of emergency for a rule promulgated under this paragraph. The public service commission shall promulgate the rules required under this paragraph no later than the first day of the 7th month beginning after the effective date of this paragraph.

The public service commission shall submit in proposed form the rules required under section 146.70 (3m) (d) 4. and (e) of the statutes, as

- Wireless 911 grant

	created by this act, to the legislative council staff under section 227.15 (1) of the	
2	statutes no later than the first day of the with month beginning after the effective	⁄e
3	date of this paragraph.	V

(END)



2003–2004 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

1	INSERT 4-20:
2	beginning on the first day of the 2nd month beginning after the effective date of the
3	rules promulgated under par. (f) 1
4	INSERT 5-12:
5	2. A wireless provider that does not provide service to customers in this state
6	until beginning after the effective of this subdivision [revisor inserts date] may
7 ·	make an application under subd. 1. after the date specified in subd. 1. pursuant to
8	rules promulgated by the commission under par. (d)4,
9 .	INSERT 6-25:
10	5. A local government that operates, or local governments that jointly operate,
11	a wireless public safety answering point are not eligible for grants under par. (d)
12	unless the wireless public safety answering point serves the entire geographic area
13	of all of the following:
14	a. For each local government that is not a county, each county in which clocal
15	government is located.
16	b. For each local government that is a county, each county itself.
17	INSERT 7-11:
18	that are actually incurred by the wireless providers and local governments, except
19	that no wireless provider or local government may receive a total amount in grants
20	that exceeds the estimated amount approved by the commission under subd. 1. for
21	that wireless provider or local government.
22	INSERT 8–3:

1	The rules shall require the commission to make the grants during the 3-year period
2	beginning on the first day of the 3rd month beginning after the effective date of the
3	rules promulgated under par. (f). 1
4	INSERT 8-6:
5	The rules shall also include requirements for wireless providers specified in par. (b)
6	2. to apply for grants.
7	INSERT 8-20:
8	during the 3-year period beginning on the first day of the 2nd month beginning after
9	the effective date of the rules.

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU



Representative Montgomery:

This substitute amendment is identical to the bill, except for the following:

- 1. The deadlines are changed as described in the chart prepared by John Stolzenberg. Please make sure the deadlines are accurate. Also note the new sunset date, which gives the PSC time to close out the program.
- 2. The surcharge must be identified as the "federal wireless 911 mandate fee". Also, the PSC must require wireless providers to impose the "same" surcharge, rather than a "uniform" surcharge. This approach makes it a clearer that the fee is a "flat fee". (I'm reluctant to use the term "flat fee" because it's not typically used in the statutes.)
- 3. In approving applications, the PSC must determine that costs will be incurred to promote a "cost-effective" system, rather than an "effective" system.
- 4. Grants are limited to actual costs that are incurred and the total amount of grants to an individual recipient may not exceed the estimated costs approved by the PSC. \checkmark
- 5. The exemption from liability for wireless providers is **not** limited to wireless public safety answering points for which grants are made.
- 6. New entrants (i.e., wireless providers that do not begin providing service in this state until after the effective date of the bill) may apply for grants pursuant to rules promulgated by the PSC. Note that a new entrant's grant is limited to costs incurred during the same reimbursement period that applies to other wireless providers. In addition, note that even if a new entrant does not apply for a grant, it must still impose the surcharge because the PSC's rules must require "each wireless provider" to impose the surcharge without distinguishing between new entrants and other wireless providers.

Mark D. Kunkel Senior Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–0131

E-mail: mark.kunkel@legis.state.wi.us

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRBs0019/1dn MDK:cjs:jf

February 28, 2003

Representative Montgomery:

This substitute amendment is identical to the bill, except for the following:

- 1. The deadlines are changed as described in the chart prepared by John Stolzenberg. Please make sure the deadlines are accurate. Also note the new sunset date, which gives the PSC time to close out the program.
- 2. The surcharge must be identified as the "federal wireless 911 mandate fee." Also, the PSC must require wireless providers to impose the "same" surcharge, rather than a "uniform" surcharge. This approach makes it a clearer that the fee is a "flat fee." (I'm reluctant to use the term "flat fee" because it's not typically used in the statutes.)
- 3. In approving applications, the PSC must determine that costs will be incurred to promote a "cost-effective" system, rather than an "effective" system.
- 4. Grants are limited to actual costs that are incurred and the total amount of grants to an individual recipient may not exceed the estimated costs approved by the PSC.
- 5. The exemption from liability for wireless providers is **not** limited to wireless public safety answering points for which grants are made.
- 6. New entrants (i.e., wireless providers that do not begin providing service in this state until after the effective date of the bill) may apply for grants pursuant to rules promulgated by the PSC. Note that a new entrant's grant is limited to costs incurred during the same reimbursement period that applies to other wireless providers. In addition, note that even if a new entrant does not apply for a grant, it must still impose the surcharge because the PSC's rules must require "each wireless provider" to impose the surcharge without distinguishing between new entrants and other wireless providers.

Mark D. Kunkel Senior Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266–0131

E-mail: mark.kunkel@legis.state.wi.us

From:

Smyrski, Rose

Sent:

Friday, February 28, 2003 1:00 PM

To:

Kunkel, Mark

Subject:

Question on PSC oversight of Wireless

Importance:

High

Mark

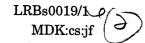
I think I forgot to give you this language the wireless guys wanted on PSC oversight. I understand that it is unnecessary however, unfortunately we have agreed to put it into our bill

Relating to the PSC authority over CMRS providers:

"Nothing in this section limits or alters the restrictions on the Public Service Commission's authority over CMRS providers otherwise found in s. 196.202, Stats."

2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE







ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT, TO 2003 ASSEMBLY BILL 61

AN ACT to amend 146.70 (7); and to create 20.155 (3), 25.17 (1) (yo), 25.98, 77.51 (4) (b) 8., 77.51 (15) (b) 7. and 146.70 (3m) of the statutes; relating to: creating a wireless 911 fund; imposing a surcharge on wireless telephone customers; making grants for wireless 911 emergency telephone service; granting rule—making authority; and making appropriations.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 20.155 (3) of the statutes is created to read:

7 20.155 (3) Wireless 911 Grants. (q) General program operations and grants.

From the wireless 911 fund, all moneys received under s. 146.70 (3m) (f) 1. to

administer and make grants under s. 146.70 (3m) (d) and supplemental grants under

10 s. 146.70 (3m) (e).

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SECTION 2. 25.17 (1) (yo) of the statutes is created to read:

12 25.17 (1) (yo) Wireless 911 fund (s. 25.98);

1	SECTION 3. 25.98 of the statutes is created to read:
2	25.98 Wireless 911 fund. There is established a separate nonlapsible trust
3	fund designated as the wireless 911 fund, consisting of deposits by the public service
4	commission under s. 146.70 (3m) (f) 1.
5	SECTION 4. 77.51 (4) (b) 8. of the statutes is created to read:
6	77.51 (4) (b) 8. The surcharge established in rules of the public service
7	commission under s. 146.70 (3m) (f) for customers of wireless providers, as defined in s. 146.70 (3m) (a) 8.
3	
9	SECTION 5. 77.51 (15) (b) 7. of the statutes is created to read:
10	77.51 (15) (b) 7. The surcharge established in rules of the public service
11_	commission under s. 146.70 (3m) (f) for customers of wireless providers, as defined
î2)	in s. 146.70 (3m) (a) 5. 6
13	SECTION 6. 146.70 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:
14	146.70 (3m) Wireless providers. (a) Definitions. In this subsection:
15	Commission" means the public service commission.
16	3 2. "Federal wireless orders" means the orders of the federal communications
17	commission regarding 911 emergency services for wireless telephone users in FCC
18	docket no. 94–102.
19	48. "Local government" means a city, village, town, or county, or an entity formed
20	by a contract under s. 66.0301 (2) by a city, village, town, or county.
21	(Reimbursement period" means the 3-year period beginning on the first day
22	of the 2nd month beginning after the effective date of the rules promulgated under
23	par. (f) 1.
24	65. "Wireless provider" means a commercial mobile radio service provider
25	defined in s. 196.01 (2g) that is subject to the federal wireless orders

INSERT

- A6. "Wireless public safety answering point" means a facility to which a call on a wireless provider's system is initially routed for response, and on which a public agency directly dispatches the appropriate emergency service provider, relays a message to the appropriate emergency service provider, or transfers the call to the appropriate emergency services provider.
- (b) Grant applications; wireless providers. 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., a wireless provider may not receive a grant under par. (d) unless, no later than the first day of the 3rd month beginning after the effective date of the rules promulgated under par. (d) 4., the wireless provider applies to the commission with an estimate, and supporting documentation, of the costs that it has incurred, or will incur, during the reimbursement period to upgrade, purchase, lease, program, install, test, operate, or maintain all data, hardware, and software necessary to comply with the federal wireless orders.
- 2. A wireless provider that does not provide service to customers in this state prior to the effective date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date], may make an application under subd. 1. after the date specified in subd. 1. pursuant to rules promulgated by the commission under par. (d) 4.
- (c) Grant applications; local governments. 1. A local government that operates a wireless public safety answering point, or local governments that jointly operate a wireless public safety answering point, may not receive a grant under par. (d) unless the requirements under subds. 3. to 5. are satisfied and, no later than the first day of the 3rd month beginning after the effective date of the rules promulgated under par. (d) 4., every county which itself is one of the local governments or in which any of the local governments is located applies to the commission with an estimate, and supporting documentation, of the costs that the local government or local

- governments have directly and primarily incurred, or will directly and primarily incur, during the reimbursement period for leasing, purchasing, operating, or maintaining the wireless public safety answering point, including costs for all of the following:
- a. Necessary network equipment, computer hardware and software, database equipment, and radio and telephone equipment, that are located within the wireless public safety answering point.
 - b. Training operators of a wireless public safety answering point.
- c. Network costs for delivery of calls from a wireless provider to a wireless public safety answering point.
- 2. If an application under subd. 1. is for the joint operation of a wireless public safety answering point by local governments, the application shall specify the manner in which the estimated costs are apportioned among the local governments.
- 3. A local government that operates a wireless public safety answering point, or local governments that jointly operate a wireless public safety answering point, are not eligible for grants under par. (d) unless, no later than the first day of the 3rd month beginning after the effective date of the rules promulgated under par. (d) 4., every county which itself is one of the local governments or in which any of the local governments is located has passed a resolution specifying that the wireless public safety answering point is eligible for the grants. Except as provided in subd. 4., only one wireless public safety answering point in each county is eligible for local governments to receive grants under par. (d).
- 4. If a county or local government in a county jointly operates a wireless public safety answering point with another county or local government in another county, the resolution passed by each county under subd. 3. shall specify the same wireless

- public safety answering point, and the counties shall submit a joint application under subd. 1. that complies with the requirement under subd. 2. In each county that submits a joint application, only the wireless public safety answering point specified in the resolutions is eligible for local governments to receive grants under par. (d).
- 5. A local government that operates, or local governments that jointly operate, a wireless public safety answering point are not eligible for grants under par. (d) unless the wireless public safety answering point serves the entire geographic area of all of the following:
- a. For each local government that is not a county, each county in which the local government is located.
 - b. For each local government that is a county, the county itself.
- (d) Grants; commission approval and rules. 1. The commission shall approve an application under par. (b) or (c) if the commission determines that the costs estimated in the application are reasonable and have been, or will be, incurred for the purpose of promoting a cost-effective and efficient statewide system for responding to wireless emergency 911 telephone calls. If the commission does not approve an application, the commission shall provide the applicant or applicants with the commission's reasons and give the applicant or applicants an opportunity to resubmit the application.
- 2. From the appropriation under s. 20.155 (3) (q), the commission shall make grants to reimburse wireless providers and local governments for costs approved under subd. 1. that are actually incurred by the wireless providers and local governments, except that no wireless provider or local government may receive a total amount in grants that exceeds the estimated amount approved by the commission under subd. 1. for that wireless provider or local government. For

- applications for the joint operation of a wireless public safety answering point, the commission shall apportion the grants in the manner specified under par. (c) 2.
 - 3. No grant to a local government under subd. 2. may be used to reimburse costs for any of the following:
 - a. Emergency service dispatch, including personnel, training, equipment, software, records management, radio communications, and mobile data network systems.
 - b. Vehicles and equipment in vehicles.
 - c. Communications equipment and software used to communicate with vehicles.
 - d. Real estate and improvements to real estate, other than improvements necessary to maintain the security of a wireless public safety answering point.
 - e. Salaries and benefits of operators of a wireless public safety answering point.
 - 4. The commission shall promulgate rules establishing requirements and procedures for making grants under this paragraph, including criteria for approving estimated costs under subd. 1. The rules shall require the commission to make the grants during the 3-year period beginning on the first day of the 3rd month beginning after the effective date of the rules promulgated under par. (f) 1. The rules shall include record-keeping requirements to ensure that the grants are used to reimburse estimated costs approved by the commission. The rules shall allow the commission to make the grants in installments. The rules shall also include requirements for wireless providers specified in par. (b) 2. to apply for grants.
 - (e) Supplemental grants. The commission shall promulgate rules for making supplemental grants from the appropriation under s. 20.155 (3) (q) to counties that submit joint applications required under par. (c) 4. The rules shall establish the

- supplemental grants in amounts that provide an incentive for counties to submit joint applications. The rules may not impose any limits on the use of a supplemental grant and shall allow the commission to make the grants in installments.
- (f) Wireless surcharge. 1. The commission shall promulgate rules requiring each wireless provider to impose the same monthly surcharge for each telephone number of a customer that has a billable address in this state and pay the surcharge to the commission for deposit in the wireless 911 fund. The rules shall require the surcharge to be imposed during the 3-year period beginning on the first day of the 2nd month beginning after the effective date of the rules. The amount of the surcharge shall be sufficient for the commission to administer and make the grants under par. (d) and the supplemental grants under par. (e).
- 2. The commission may promulgate rules that increase or decrease the surcharge, except that the commission may not increase the surcharge more than once per year and any increase must be uniform statewide.
- 3. A wireless provider shall identify the surcharge on a customer's bill on a separate line that consists of the words "federal wireless 911 mandate fee."
- 4. The commission may bring an action to collect a surcharge that is not paid by a customer and the customer's wireless provider is not liable for the unpaid surcharge.
- (g) Confidentiality of information. The commission shall withhold from public inspection any information received under this subsection that would aid a competitor of a wireless provider in competition with the wireless provider.
- (h) Other charges prohibited. No local government or state agency, as defined in s. 16.375 (1), except the commission, may require a wireless provider to collect or pay a surcharge or fee related to wireless emergency telephone service.

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- INSERT	8-1
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1 (i) Sunset. This subsection does not apply after the first day of the 42nd month beginning after the effective date of the rules promulgated under par. (f) 1.

SECTION 7. 146.70 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

146.70 (7) TELECOMMUNICATIONS UTILITY AND WIRELESS PROVIDERS NOT LIABLE. A telecommunications utility shall not be liable to any person who uses an emergency number system created under this section and a wireless provider, as defined in sub. (3m) (a) 8., shall not be liable to any person who makes an emergency telephone call initially routed to a wireless public safety answering point, as defined in sub. (3m) (a) 8.

SECTION 8. Nonstatutory provisions.

- (1) Proposed rules.
- (a) Wireless 911 surcharge rules. The public service commission shall submit in proposed form the rules required under section 146.70 (3m) (f) 1. of the statutes, as created by this act, to the legislative council staff under section 227.15 (1) of the statutes no later than the 1st day of the 6th month beginning after the effective date of the rules promulgated under section 146.70 (3m) (d) 4. of the statutes, as created by this act.
- (b) Wireless 911 grant rules. The public service commission shall submit in proposed form the rules required under section 146.70 (3m) (d) 4. and (e) of the statutes, as created by this act, to the legislative council staff under section 227.15 (1) of the statutes no later than the first day of the 7th month beginning after the effective date of this paragraph.

2003–2004 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRBs0019/2ins MDK:...:..

1	INSERT 2–15:
2	2. "Commercial mobile radio service provider" has the meaning given in s
3	196.01 (2g).
4	INSERT 8-1:
5	(i) Commission authority. Nothing in this section affects the exemption from
6	commission authority for commercial mobile radio service providers in s. 196.202.