Received: 02/18/2004

# 2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

Received By: mkunkel

# **Assembly Substitute Amendment (ASA-AB843)**

Wanted: As time permits  For: Scott Jensen (608) 264-6970				Identical to LRB:  By/Representing: Brett Healy			
							This file
May Cor	ntact:				Addl. Drafters:		
Subject:	Public l	Util energy			Extra Copies:		
Submit v	ria email: <b>YES</b>						
Requeste	er's email:	Rep.Jenser	n@legis.sta	te.wi.us		,	
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Pre Top	ic:						
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Environn	nental trust fin	ancing by energ	gy utilities				
Instruct	ions:						
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Vers.	<b>Drafted</b>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
/?	mkunkel 02/19/2004	wjackson 02/20/2004					
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02/20/2004 11:23:06 AM Page 2

<u>Vers.</u> <u>Drafted</u> <u>Reviewed</u> <u>Typed</u> <u>Proofed</u> <u>Submitted</u> <u>Jacketed</u> <u>Required</u>

FE Sent For:

<END>

## 2003 DRAFTING REQUEST

# **Assembly Substitute Amendment (ASA-AB843)**

Received: 02/18/2004	Received By: mkunkel
Wanted: As time permits	Identical to LRB:
For: Scott Jensen (608) 264-6970	By/Representing: Brett Healy
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO	Drafter: mkunkel
May Contact:	Addl. Drafters:
Subject: Public Util energy	Extra Copies:
Submit via email: YES	
Requester's email: Rep.Jensen@legis.state.wi.us	
Carbon copy (CC:) to: brett.healy@legis.state.wi.us	
Pre Topic:	
No specific pre topic given	
Topic:	-
Environmental trust financing by energy utilities	
Instructions:	
See Attached	
Drafting History:	
Vers. Drafted Reviewed Typed Proofed // ML, 2 20	Submitted Jacketed Required

<END>

FE Sent For:

#### Kunkel, Mark

From:

Healy, Brett

Sent:

Wednesday, February 18, 2004 1:31 PM

To:

Kunkel, Mark

Cc:

Stolzenberg, John; Lovell, David; Stuart, Todd

Subject: feb16 proposed changes. DOC

### **2003 BILL**

We's write-up of changes we discussed based on 4030/3

2/16/04 - 7:00 pm2/17//04 9:30 am

Further Changes added by PSCW @ 4:00 pm

new changes are highlighted and are single underlined

more non-bypassable change PSCW changes added 9:00 am of 2/18/04

Final version – pending approval on non-bypassable

AN ACT to renumber and amend 201.01 (3); and to create 73.13, 196.027 and 201.01 (3) (e) of the statutes; relating to: the issuance of debt by natural gas and electric public utilities to finance certain environmental activities.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill allows certain public utilities, with the approval of the Public Service Commission (PSC), to finance the cost of certain environmental control activities with the proceeds of "environmental trust bonds," which the bill defines as bonds that are secured by charges paid by a public utility's customers. The bill applies to natural gas, steam and electric utilities, which the bill defines as "energy utilities." The bonds may be issued

by an energy utility, or an assignee of the energy utility, including an affiliate that is created with the limited purpose of operating the trust.

An energy utility that applies to the PSC for an order approving the issuance of the bonds must describe the environmental control activities that the energy utility proposes to undertake and the reasons for undertaking the activities. An "environmental control activity" is defined as construction, installation, or otherwise putting in place equipment for controlling environmental pollution in connection with an energy utility plant that has previously been used to provide service to customers. In addition, the energy utility must estimate the costs of proposed activities and indicate whether the energy utility proposes to finance all or only a specified portion of such costs with the bonds. Also, the energy utility must estimate the financing costs of issuing the proposed bonds.

No later than 90-120 days after the PSC receives an application, the PSC must issue an order that rejects or approves the application. The PSC must approve the application if the order will result in lower costs to customers than would alternative methods of financing environmental control activities, the order is otherwise consistent with the public interest, and the order is prudent, reasonable, and appropriate. The bill refers to an order that approves an application as a "financing order." If the PSC issues a financing order, the order must specify the amount of environmental control and financing costs that the energy utility may recover through charges that customers in the energy utility's service territory must pay over a period specified in the order. The bill refers to such charges as "environmental control charges." The PSC may exclude a portion of environmental control costs from recovery as environmental control charges only if the energy utility indicates in the application that it does not propose to finance that portion with bonds. In addition, the order must specify the "environmental control property" that is created and that may be used to secure the bonds. "Environmental control property" is defined as the right, specified in the order, to impose, collect, or receive the environmental control charges. "Environmental control property" is also defined to include all revenues and proceeds arising from such right.

The bill also requires the PSC, without holding a hearing, to adjust the environmental control charges that are approved in a financing order. The order itself must include a formula that the PSC must apply for making adjustments to environmental control charges at apply the formula least annually within 45 days of the anniversary date of the issuance of the bonds. The purpose of the formula is to make any adjustments to the charges that are necessary based on any overcollection or undercollection of the charges or are necessary to ensure the energy utility's or an assignee's timely recover of the environmental control and financing costs. The bill also allows the PSC to issue a subsequent financing order for retiring or refunding the bonds issued pursuant to the original financing order. The PSC may issue a subsequent order if the financing costs of bonds issued pursuant to the subsequent order are lower than the financing costs of the bonds issued pursuant to the original order. The PSC may also issue a subsequent order if retiring or refinancing the bonds issued pursuant to the original order is otherwise in the public interest.

The bill prohibits the PSC from revoking a financing order, except for changes made by a subsequent financing order described above. In addition, the bill provides that a financing order remains in effect until environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order have been paid in full and the financing costs of the bonds have been recovered in full. Also, the bill provides that a financing order issued to an energy utility remains in effect notwithstanding the bankruptcy of the energy utility.

The bill also creates the following limits on the PSC's jurisdiction over an energy utility that is issued a financing order: 1) the PSC may not consider environmental trust bonds to be the debt of the energy utility; 2) the PSC may not consider the environmental control charges paid under the order to be the revenue of the energy utility; and 3) the PSC may not consider the environmental control or financing costs specified in the order to be the costs of the energy utility. In addition, the bill prohibits the PSC from determining that any action taken by an energy utility that is consistent with the order is unjust or unreasonable.

In addition, the bill does all of the following:

- 1. The bill establishes legal characteristics of environmental control property that is created in a financing order and of any sale, assignment, or transfer of such property.
- 2. The bill provides that, with certain specified exceptions, the state's version of article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code governs the granting and enforcing of security interests in environmental control

property created in a financing order.

- 3. The bill provides that the state is not liable on environmental control bonds and that the bonds are not public debt.
- 4. The bill requires an energy utility to place the proceeds of any environmental trust bonds into a separate account and use the proceeds only for paying environmental control and financing costs.
- 5. The bill requires an energy utility that is issued a financing order to provide annual explanations of environmental control charges to its customers.
- 6. The bill provides that requirements under current law that apply to the issuance of securities by energy utilities do not apply to the issuance of environmental trust bonds under the bill.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

#### **SECTION 1.** 73.13 of the statutes is created to read:

73.13 Environmental trust bonds. The department of revenue shall not consider the acquisition, ownership, or disposition of any direct interest in an environmental trust bond, as defined in s. 196.027 (1) (j), for the purpose of determining whether a person is subject to any tax imposed by this state or by a local governmental unit, as defined in s. 16.97 (7).

**SECTION 2.** 196.027 of the statutes is created to read:

### 196.027 Environmental trust financing. (1) Definitions. In this section:

- (a) "Ancillary agreement" means any bond insurance policy or other financial arrangement entered into in connection with the issuance of environmental trust bonds.
- (b) "Assignee" means any person to which an interest in environmental control property is sold, assigned, transferred, or conveyed and any successor to such a person.
- (c) "Energy utility" means a public utility engaged in the transmission, delivery, or furnishing of natural gas by means of pipes or mains, or of heat, light, or power or any successor to such a public utility.
  - (d) "Environmental control activity" means any of the following:
- 1. The construction, installation, or otherwise putting into place environmental control equipment in connection with an energy utility plant that has been used to provide service to customers <u>prior to the effective date of this section</u>. before beginning the construction, installation, or otherwise putting into place of environmental control equipment.
  - 2. The retiring of any existing plant, facility, or other property to reduce, control or eliminate

ironmental pollution in accordance with federal or state law.

1:————(e) "Environmental control charge" means a charge paid by customers of an energy utility or its successors for the energy utility to recover environmental control costs and financing costs.

- (f) "Environmental control cost" means capital cost, including capitalized cost relating to regulatory assets, incurred or expected to be incurred by an energy utility in undertaking an environmental control activity, costs of retiring or refunding the energy utility's existing debt and equity securities in connection with the issuance of environmental trust bonds to the extension securities were issued for the purpose of financing environmental control costs, and, with respect to environmental control activity described in par. (d)(2), includes the unrecovered value of property that is retired including any demolition or similar costs that exceed the salvage value of the property. "Environmental control cost" does not include any monetary penalty, fine, or forfeiture assessed against an energy utility by a government agency or court under a federal or state environmental statute, rule, or regulation.
- (g) "Environmental control equipment" means any device, equipment, structure, process, facility, or technology, owned or controlled by an energy utility, that is designed for the primary purpose of preventing, reducing, or remediating environmental pollution.
  - (h) "Environmental control property" means all of the following:
- 1. The right specified in a financing order to impose, collect, or receive environmental control charges, or to obtain adjustments to such charges as provided in this section, and any interest in such right.
- 2. All revenues and proceeds arising from the right and interests specified in subd. 1.
- (i) "Environmental pollution" means the contamination or rendering unclean or impure of the air, land, or waters of the state, or the making of the same injurious to public health, harmful for commercial or recreational use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal, or plant life.
- (j) "Environmental trust bonds" means bonds, debentures, notes, certificates of participation, certificates of beneficial interest, certificates of ownership, or other evidences of indebtedness that are issued by an energy utility or an assignee, the proceeds of which are used directly or indirectly to recover, finance, or refinance environmental control costs and financing costs, and that are secured by or payable from environmental control property.
  - (k) "Financing cost" means any of the following:
- 1. Debt service, including <u>principal</u>, interest <u>and redemption premium</u>, that is payable on environmental trust bonds.
  - 2. A payment required under an ancillary agreement, including any amount

required to fund a reserve account.

- 3. Any other <u>reasonable</u> cost related to issuing and servicing environmental trust bonds, including servicing fees, trustee fees, legal fees, administrative fees, placement fees, capitalized interest, and rating agency fees.
- 4. Any taxes and license fees imposed on the revenues generated from the collection of environmental control charges.
- (kl) "Financing order" means an order issued by the commission under sub. (2) that allows for the issuance of environmental trust bonds, the collection of environmental control charges, and the creation of environmental control property.
- (2) FINANCING ORDERS. (a) Applications. An energy utility in its sole discretion may apply to the commission for a financing order. In addition to any other information required by the commission, an energy utility shall do all of the following in an application:
- 1. Describe the environmental control activities that the energy utility proposes to undertake, and which utility service (electric gas or steam) is associated with the activities and the reasons for undertaking the activities.
- 2. Estimate the environmental control costs of the activities described under subd. 1.
- 3. Indicate whether the energy utility proposes to finance all or only a portion of the costs estimated under subd. 2. with environmental trust bonds. If the energy utility proposes to finance a portion of the costs, the energy utility shall identify that portion in the application.
- 4. Estimate the financing costs of the environmental trust bonds proposed under subd. 3.
- 5. Estimate the environmental control charges necessary <u>based on the respective energy utility service involved</u> to recover the environmental control costs and financing costs estimated in the application.
- <u>6. Estimate the cost savings to customers from financing the environmental control activities under this section relative to alternate financing methods.</u>
- (b) Commission powers and duties. 1. No later than 90120 days after receiving an application under par. (a), and after a hearing, the commission shall issue a financing order or an order rejecting the application. The commission shall may issue a financing order if the commission finds that the:
- a. The order will result in lower <u>overall</u> costs to customers than would alternative methods of financing environmental control activities,
- b. The expected structuring and pricing of the environmental trust bonds will result in the lowest environmental control trust charge consistent with market conditions and the terms of the financing order; and
- c. The Order is otherwise consistent with the public interest, and is prudent, reasonable, and appropriate. The Commission may require appropriate conditions in the order that are not otherwise inconsistent with the

other provisions of this section.

- 2. In a financing order issued to an energy utility, the commission shall do all of the following:
- a. Except as provided in subd. 2. c., specify the amount of environmental control costs and financing costs that may be recovered through environmental control charges and the period over which such costs may be recovered.
- b. For the period specified in subd. 2. a. require that, as long as any customer takes distribution service from the energy utility or its successors, the customer shall pay environmental control charges to the energy utility or its assignees regardless of whether the customer obtains other service from a different energy utility or other energy supplier.

For the period specified in subd. 2. a. require that, as long as any customer taking service from the energy utility, the customer shall pay the environmental control charge to the utility or its assignees regardless of whether the customer also obtains a utility service from a different energy company or anther energy supplier. resides in the service territory of the energy utility as that territory exists on the date the financing order is issued, the customer shall pay environmental control charges to the energy utility or its assignees regardless of whether the customer obtains service from a different energy utility or other energy supplier, including a municipality.

- c. Include a formula for making any adjustments in the environmental control charges that customers are required to pay under the order and making any adjustments that are necessary to correct for any overcollection or undercollection of the charges or to otherwise ensure the energy utility's or assignee's timely recovery of environmental control costs and financing costs. The order shall require the commission to apply the formula at least annually within 45 days of the anniversary date that environmental trust bonds are issued pursuant to the order and to approve any adjustments that result from application of the formula within 45 days of the anniversary date that environmental trust bonds are issued. The commission shall apply a formula and make any adjustments under this subd. 2. c. without a hearing after permitting a period not to exceed 30 days for comment by interested persons limited to the appropriate amount of any overcollection or undercollection and the appropriate adjustment.
- d. Specify the environmental control property that is created and that may be used to pay or secure environmental trust bonds.
- e. Determine whether it is appropriate for the environmental trust bonds to include a provision permitting the retirement of the bonds prior to their termination date.
- (f) At least annually, apply the formula in the financing order and make any adjustments to the environmental control charges, based on reasonable estimates of demand and other mathematical factors, necessary to satisfy the purposes of subsection 2 (c) and (f). The adjustment shall be made within 45 days of the anniversary date on which environmental trust bonds are issued, without hearing but after permitting a period not to exceed 30 days for comment by interested parties limited to the appropriate amount of any overcollection or undercollection and the appropriate adjustment.
- 3. A financing order issued to an energy utility may provide that the energy utility's acquisition of environmental control property specified in subd. 2. d. is

conditioned upon, and shall be simultaneous with, the sale of the environmental control property to an assignee and the pledge of the environmental control property to secure environmental trust bonds.

- 4. Except as provided in subd. 2. c., a financing order is irrevocable and the commission may not reduce, impair, or otherwise adjust environmental control charges approved in the order.
- (c) Subsequent orders. The commission may initiate a proceeding and issue a subsequent financing order that provides for retiring or refunding environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the original financing order if permitted under the terms of the environmental trust bonds and if the commission finds that environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the subsequent financing order satisfy the criteria in subd. (2)(b)1, provideds that the subsequent financing order may only permit the retirement and refunding of the Environmental Control charge environmental trust bonds subject to the terms of the original indenture have lower financing costs than the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the original financing order or that retiring or refunding the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the original financing order is otherwise in the public interest.
- (d) *Judicial review*. A financing order or an order rejecting an application under par. (b) 1. is reviewable by the circuit court for Dane County under ch. 227, except that the court shall proceed to hear and determine the action as expeditiously as possible practicable and give the action precedence over other matters not accorded similar precedence by law.
- (e) Effect of orders. 1. A financing order shall remain in effect until the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order have been paid in full and the financing costs of the bonds have been recovered in full.
- 2. A financing order issued to an energy utility shall remain in effect and unabated notwithstanding the bankruptcy of the energy utility.
- 3. An application by an energy utility for a financing order and commission approval of a financing order are in addition to and do not replace or supercede any other review application or approval by the Commission under this chapter that may be required or permitted for environmental control activities.
- (3) EXCEPTIONS TO COMMISSION JURISDICTION. (a.) If the commission issues a financing order to an energy utility, the commission may not, in exercising its powers and carrying out its duties under this chapter, including any power or duty regarding rate making, consider the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order to be the debt of the energy utility, the environmental control charges paid under the order to be the revenue of the energy utility, or the environmental control costs or financing costs specified in the order to be the costs of the energy utility, nor may the commission determine that any action taken by an energy utility that is consistent with the order is unjust or unreasonable. Nothing in this section limits or alters the Commission's authority to

affects?

adjust or reduce an energy utility's revenue requirement pursuant to subd. 4.

- b. Except as provided in subd.2.c. with respect to refinancing, the commission shall not require or otherwise order any energy utility that has not yet applied to the Commission under subd.2.a. to finance any project, addition, plant, facility, extension, capital improvement, environmental control equipment or any other expenditure utilizing environmental trust eentrol bonds under this section.
- (4) ENERGY UTILITY DUTIES. (a) An energy utility shall place the proceeds of any environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to a financing order in a separate account and may use the proceeds only for paying environmental control costs and financing costs. Bond proceeds from this fund account may only be used for the costs of environmental control activities which have been applied for and have been approved as required under Chapter 196 and for costs incurred which the Commission finds to be prudent, reasonable and appropriate. If the Commission finds that the bond proceeds have been used or the costs have been incurred imprudently or unreasonably, the Commission may adjust or reduce the energy utility's revenue requirement in connection with charges other than environmental control charges so that the energy utility's customers do not pay such costs.
- (b) An energy utility shall annually provide to its customers a concise explanation of the environmental control charges approved in a financing order issued to the energy utility. The explanation may be made by bill inserts, Web site information, or other appropriate means.
- (c) The failure of an energy utility to comply with this subsection shall not invalidate, impair, or affect any financing order, environmental control property, environmental control charge, or environmental control bonds.
- (5) Environmental control property that is specified in a financing order shall constitute a present property right notwithstanding that the imposition and collection of environmental control charges depend on the energy utility to which the order is issued performing its servicing functions relating to the collection of environmental control charges and on future energy consumption. Such property is considered to exist whether or not the revenues or proceeds arising from the property have accrued and whether or not the value of the property is dependent on the receipt of service by customers of an energy utility.
- 2. Environmental control property specified in a financing order shall continue to exist until the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order are paid in full and all financing costs of the bonds have been recovered in full.
- 3. Environmental control property specified in a financing order issued to an energy utility may be transferred, sold, conveyed, or assigned to any person, including an excluding an affiliate of the public energy utility except an affiliate of the energy utility created for the limited purpose of facilitating or administering environmental control property or environmental control property or environmental entrol-trust bonds under the financing order, and may be pledged to secure environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order. Each such transfer, sale,

conveyance, assignment, or pledge by an energy utility or affiliate of an energy utility is considered to be a transaction in the ordinary course of business.

- 4. If an energy utility defaults on any required payment of revenues arising from environmental control property specified in a financing order, the commission of a court, upon application by an interested party, and without limiting any other remedies available to the applying party, shall order the sequestration and payment of the revenues. Any such order shall remain in full force and effect notwithstanding any bankruptcy, reorganization, or other insolvency proceedings with respect to the energy utility.
- 5. The interest of an assignee or pledgee in environmental control property specified in a financing order issued to an energy utility, and in the revenue and collections arising from that property, are not subject to setoff, counterclaim, surcharge, or defense by the energy utility or any other person or in connection with the bankruptcy of the energy utility or any other entity.
- 6. Any successor to an energy utility, whether pursuant to any bankruptcy, reorganization, or other insolvency proceeding, or pursuant to any merger or acquisition, sale, or transfer by operation of law, as a result of energy utility restructuring or otherwise, shall perform and satisfy all obligations of, and have the same rights under a financing order as the energy utility under a financing order in the same manner and to the same extent as the energy utility including collecting and paying to the person entitled to receive them revenues with respect to the environmental control property.
- (b) Security interests. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the creation, perfection, and enforcement of security interests in environmental control property to secure environmental trust bonds are governed by ch. 409. Notwithstanding ch. 409, with regard to creating, perfecting, and enforcing a valid security interest in environmental control property to secure environmental trust bonds, all of the following apply:
- 1. The description of environmental control property in a security agreement is sufficient if the description refers to this section and the financing order creating the environmental control property.
- 2. A security interest is created, valid, binding, and perfected at the time a security agreement is made and attaches without any physical delivery of collateral or other act, and the lien of such security interest shall be valid, binding, and perfected against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise against the person granting the security interest, regardless of whether such parties have notice of the lien. The filing or recording of a financial statement or instrument in which such a security interest is created is not required.
- 3. A security interest in environmental control property is a continuously perfected security interest and has priority over any other lien created by operation of law or otherwise, which subsequently attaches to the environmental control

property.

- 4. The priority of a security interest created under this paragraph is not affected by the commingling of proceeds arising from environmental control property with other amounts.
- 5. Any changes that the commission makes to a financing order that creates the environmental control property does not affect the validity, perfection, or priority of a security interest in the environmental control property.
- (c) *Sales*. The sale, assignment, and transfer of environmental control property are governed by this paragraph. All of the following apply to a sale, assignment, or transfer under this paragraph:
- 1. The sale, assignment, or transfer is an absolute transfer of, and not a pledge of or secured transaction relating to, the seller's right, title, and interest in, to, and under the environmental control property, if the documents governing the transaction expressly state that the transaction is a sale or other absolute transfer. After such a transaction, the environmental control property is not subject to any claims of the seller or the seller's creditors, other than creditors holding a prior security interest in the environmental control property perfected under par. (b).
- 2. The characterization of the sale, assignment, or transfer as an absolute transfer under subd. 1. and the corresponding characterization of the purchaser's property interest is not affected by any of the following factors:
- a. Commingling of amounts arising with respect to the environmental control property with other amounts.
- b. The retention by the seller of a partial or residual interest, including an equity interest, in the environmental control property, whether direct or indirect, or whether subordinate or otherwise.
  - c. Any recourse that the purchaser may have against the seller.
- d. Any indemnifications, obligations, or repurchase rights made or provided by the seller.
  - e. The responsibility of the seller to collect environmental control charges.
- f. The treatment of the sale, assignment, or transfer for tax, financial reporting, or other purposes.
- (6) ENVIRONMENTAL TRUST BONDS NOT PUBLIC DEBT. The state is not liable on environmental trust bonds and the bonds are not a debt of the state. An issue of environmental trust bonds does not, directly or indirectly or contingently, obligate the state or a political subdivision of the state to levy any tax or make any appropriation for payment of the bonds.
- (7) Environmental trust bonds as legal investments. Any of the following may legally invest any sinking funds, moneys, or other funds belonging to them or

under their control in environmental trust bonds:

- (a) The state, the investment board, public officers except Public Service Commissioners, municipal corporations, political subdivisions, and public bodies.
- (b) Banks and bankers, savings and loan associations, credit unions, trust companies, savings banks and institutions, investment companies, insurance companies, insurance associations, and other persons carrying on a banking or insurance business.
  - (c) Personal representatives, guardians, trustees, and other fiduciaries.
- (8) STATE PLEDGE. (a) In this subsection, "bondholder" means a person who holds an environmental trust bond.
- (b) The state pledges to and agrees with bondholders that the state will not do any of the following:
- 1. Take or permit any action that impairs the value of environmental control property.
- 2. Except as allowed under this section, reduce, alter, or impair environmental control charges that are imposed, collected, and remitted for the benefit of the bondholders until any principal, interest, premium, or other charge incurred, or contract to be performed, in connection with environmental trust bonds held by the bondholders are paid or performed in full.
- (c) Any person who issues environmental trust bonds is allowed to include the pledge specified in par. (a)(b) in the bonds and relating documentation.
- (9) CONFLICTS. In the event of conflict between this section and any other law regarding the attachment, assignment, or perfection, or the effect of perfection, or priority of any security interest in environmental control property, this section to the extent of the conflict shall govern.
- (10) EFFECT OF INVALIDITY ON ACTIONS. Effective on the date that environmental trust bonds are first issued under this section, if any provision of this section is held to be invalid or is invalidated, superseded, replaced, repealed, or expires for any reason, that occurrence shall not affect any action allowed under this section that is taken by an energy utility, an assignee, a collection agent, or a party to a transaction and any such action shall remain in full force and effect.

**SECTION 3.** 201.01 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 201.01 (3) (intro.) and amended to read:

- 201.01 (3) (intro.) "Securities" means capital stock and evidences of indebtedness of a public service corporation, not including, however, (a) any but do not include any of the following:
- (a) Any obligation of a public service corporation which is not a public utility as defined in the federal power act Power Act, falling due one year or less after its

date and bearing date not later than the day of sale; or (b) any.

- (b) Any evidence of indebtedness of a public service corporation which is a public utility as defined in the federal power act Power Act, the issuance, renewal or assumption of which is exempt from see. section 204 (a) of the federal power act Power Act by the provisions of see. section 204 (e) thereof; or (e) any.
- (c) Any obligation issued to the United States of America in connection with loans for rural telecommunications facilities made pursuant to the <del>rural</del> electrification aet Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, or (d) any.
- (d) Any securities issued by a corporation organized under ch. 185 for the purpose of furnishing telecommunications service in rural areas.

SECTION 4. 201.01 (3) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

201.01 (3) (e) Any environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to a financing order of the commission under s. 196.027 (2).

(END)

#### Kunkel, Mark

From:

Stuart, Todd

Sent:

Wednesday, February 18, 2004 11:12 AM

To:

Stolzenberg, John; Lovell, David; Kunkel, Mark

Subject: FW: Environmental Trust Financing legislation

Here's the latest. I still need to review to see if it meets what Cowles & Jensen are looking for.

----Original Message-

From: Haubrich.Joel [mailto:Joel.Haubrich@we-energies.com]

Sent: Wednesday, February 18, 2004 10:54 AM

To: Brett Healy (E-mail); Todd Stuart (E-mail); dan.ebert@psc.state.wi.us

Cc: 'Lee Cullen'; Haubrich.Joel; mmay@boardmanlawfirm.com; Hanson.Heather; Schubilske.Jim; Salustro.Larry;

Mulroy.Molly; Draba.Roman; rthilly@wppisys.org; edgar1@centurytel.net

Subject: Environmental Trust Financing legislation

#### Dear Brett and Todd:

On behalf of the folks at We Energies I am forwarding you what we think is a final external draft of the ETF legislation. We have worked with the the PSCW, CF!C and the other timidities to make changes that alleviate the previously expressed concerns. We've also vetted the draft with out bond counsel and they too have signed off.

I hope you will find these changes constructive.

Thanks again for your patience. We are available to go over the changes.

### Joel M. Haubrich

We Energies - Government Affairs 231 W. Michigan St. P.O. Box 2046 Milwaukee, WI 53203 414-221-4102 (MKE office) 414-221-3814 (MKE fax) 608-283-3004 (MDSN office) 608-283-0973 (MDSN fax) joel.haubrich@we-energies.com

### **2003 BILL**

We's write-up of changes we discussed based on 4030/3

2/16/04 7:00 pm2/17//04 9:30 am

Further Changes added by PSCW @ 4:00 pm

new changes are highlighted and are single underlined

more non-bypassable change PSCW changes added 9:00

am of 2/18/04

Final version – pending approval on non-bypassable

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- 2 201.01 (3) (e) of the statutes; **relating to:** the issuance of debt by natural gas
- 3 and electric public utilities to finance certain environmental activities.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill allows certain public utilities, with the approval of the Public Service Commission (PSC), to finance the cost of certain environmental control activities with the proceeds of "environmental trust bonds," which the bill defines as bonds that are secured by charges paid by a public utility's customers. The bill applies to natural gas, steam and electric utilities, which the bill defines as "energy utilities." The bonds may be issued by an energy utility, or an assignee of the energy utility, including an affiliate that is created with the limited purpose of operating the trust.

An energy utility that applies to the PSC for an order approving the issuance of the bonds must describe the environmental control activities that the energy utility proposes to undertake and the reasons for undertaking the activities. An "environmental control activity" is defined as construction, installation, or otherwise putting in place equipment for controlling environmental pollution in connection with an energy utility plant that has previously been used to provide service to customers. In addition, the energy utility must estimate the costs of proposed activities and indicate whether the energy utility proposes to finance all or only a specified portion of such costs with the bonds. Also, the energy utility must estimate the financing costs of issuing the proposed bonds.

No later than 90-120 days after the PSC receives an application, the PSC must issue an order that rejects or approves the application. The PSC must approve the application if the order will result in lower costs to customers than would alternative methods of financing environmental control activities, the order is otherwise consistent with the public interest, and the order is prudent, reasonable, and appropriate. The bill refers to an order that approves an application as a "financing order." If the PSC issues a financing order, the order must specify the amount of environmental control and financing costs that the energy utility may recover through charges that customers in the energy utility's service territory must pay over a period specified in the order. The bill refers to such charges as "environmental control charges." The PSC may exclude a portion of environmental control costs from recovery as environmental control charges only if the energy utility indicates in the application that it does not propose to finance that portion with bonds. In addition, the order must specify the "environmental control property" that is created and that may be used to secure the bonds. "Environmental control property" is defined as the right, specified in the order, to impose, collect, or receive the environmental control charges. "Environmental control property" is also defined to include all revenues and proceeds arising from such right.

The bill also requires the PSC, without holding a hearing, to adjust the environmental control charges that are approved in a financing order. The order itself must include a formula that the PSC must apply for making adjustments to environmental control charges at apply the formula least annually within 45 days of the anniversary date of the issuance of the bonds. The purpose of the formula is to make any adjustments to the charges that are necessary based on any overcollection or undercollection of the charges or are necessary to ensure the energy utility's or an assignee's timely recover of the environmental control and financing costs. The bill also allows the PSC to issue a subsequent financing order for retiring or refunding the bonds issued pursuant to the original financing costs of bonds issued pursuant to the subsequent order are lower than the financing costs of the bonds issued pursuant to the original order. The PSC may also issue a subsequent order if retiring or refinancing the bonds issued pursuant to the original order is otherwise in the public interest.

The bill prohibits the PSC from revoking a financing order, except for changes made by a subsequent financing order described above. In addition, the bill provides that a financing order remains in effect until environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the

order have been paid in full and the financing costs of the bonds have been recovered in full. Also, the bill provides that a financing order issued to an energy utility remains in effect notwithstanding the bankruptcy of the energy utility.

The bill also creates the following limits on the PSC's jurisdiction over an energy utility that is issued a financing order: 1) the PSC may not consider environmental trust bonds to be the debt of the energy utility; 2) the PSC may not consider the environmental control charges paid under the order to be the revenue of the energy utility; and 3) the PSC may not consider the environmental control or financing costs specified in the order to be the costs of the energy utility. In addition, the bill prohibits the PSC from determining that any action taken by an energy utility that is consistent with the order is unjust or unreasonable.

In addition, the bill does all of the following:

- 1. The bill establishes legal characteristics of environmental control property that is created in a financing order and of any sale, assignment, or transfer of such property.
- 2. The bill provides that, with certain specified exceptions, the state's version of article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code governs the granting and enforcing of security interests in environmental control property created in a financing order.
- 3. The bill provides that the state is not liable on environmental control bonds and that the bonds are not public debt.
- 4. The bill requires an energy utility to place the proceeds of any environmental trust bonds into a separate account and use the proceeds only for paying environmental control and financing costs.
- 5. The bill requires an energy utility that is issued a financing order to provide annual explanations of environmental control charges to its customers.
- 6. The bill provides that requirements under current law that apply to the issuance of securities by energy utilities do not apply to the issuance of environmental trust bonds under the bill.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 73.13 of the statutes is created to read:

- 73.13 Environmental trust bonds. The department of revenue shall not
- 3 consider the acquisition, ownership, or disposition of any direct interest in an
- 4 environmental trust bond, as defined in s. 196.027 (1) (j), for the purpose of
- 5 determining whether a person is subject to any tax imposed by this state or by a local
- 6 governmental unit, as defined in s. 16.97 (7).

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1	SECTION 2. 196.027 of the statutes is created to read:
2	196.027 Environmental trust financing. (1) Definitions. In this section:
3	(a) "Ancillary agreement" means any bond insurance policy or other financial
4	arrangement entered into in connection with the issuance of environmental trust
5	bonds.
6	(b) "Assignee" means any person to which an interest in environmental control
7	property is sold, assigned, transferred, or conveyed and any successor to such a
8	person.
9	(c) "Energy utility" means a public utility engaged in the transmission,
10	delivery, or furnishing of natural gas by means of pipes or mains, or of heat, light, or
11	power
12	or any successor to such a public utility.
13	(d) "Environmental control activity" means any of the following:
14 <u>1.</u>	1. The construction, installation, or otherwise putting into place environmental
15	control equipment in connection with an energy utility plant that has been used to provide
16	service to customers prior to the effective date of this section. before beginning the
17	construction, installation, or otherwise putting into place of environmental control
18	equipment.
19 <u>2.</u>	2. The retiring of any existing plant, facility, or other property to reduce,
20	control or eliminate environmental pollution in accordance with federal or state law.
21	(e) "Environmental control charge" means a charge paid by customers of
22	an energy utility or its successors for the energy utility to recover environmental control
23	costs and
24	financing costs.
25	(f) "Environmental control cost" means capital cost, including capitalized cost
26	relating to regulatory assets, incurred or expected to be incurred by an energy utility
27	in undertaking an environmental control activity, costs of retiring or refunding the energy
28	utility's existing debt and equity securities in connection with the issuance of
29	environmental trust bonds, to the extent such securities were issued for the purpose of

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1	financing environmental control costs, and, with respect to environmental control activi	ty
2	described in par (d)(2) includes the unrecovered value of property that is rationally	٠

- including any demolition or similar costs that exceed the salvage value of the property.
- 4 "Environmental control cost" does not include any monetary penalty, fine, or forfeiture 5 assessed against an energy utility by a government agency or court under a federal or state 6 environmental statute, rule, or regulation.
  - (g) "Environmental control equipment" means any device, equipment, structure, process, facility, or technology, owned or controlled by an energy utility, that is designed for the primary purpose of preventing, reducing, or remediating environmental pollution.
    - (h) "Environmental control property" means all of the following:
  - 1. The right specified in a financing order to impose, collect, or receive environmental control charges, or to obtain adjustments to such charges as provided in this section, and any interest in such right.
  - 2. All revenues and proceeds arising from the right and interests specified in subd. 1.
  - (i) "Environmental pollution" means the contamination or rendering unclean or impure of the air, land, or waters of the state, or the making of the same injurious to public health, harmful for commercial or recreational use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal, or plant life.
  - (j) "Environmental trust bonds" means bonds, debentures, notes, certificates of participation, certificates of beneficial interest, certificates of ownership, or other evidences of indebtedness that are issued by an energy utility or an assignee, the proceeds of which are used directly or indirectly to recover, finance, or refinance environmental control costs and financing costs, and that are secured by or payable from environmental control property.
    - (k) "Financing cost" means any of the following:
  - 1. Debt service, including <u>principal</u>, interest<u>and redemption premium</u>, that is payable on environmental trust

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- 2 2. A payment required under an ancillary agreement, including any amount required to fund a reserve account.
  - 3. Any other <u>reasonable</u> cost related to issuing and servicing environmental trust bonds, including servicing fees, trustee fees, legal fees, administrative fees, placement fees, capitalized interest, and rating agency fees.
  - 4. Any taxes and license fees imposed on the revenues generated from the collection of environmental control charges.
  - (kl) "Financing order" means an order issued by the commission under sub. (2) that allows for the issuance of environmental trust bonds, the collection of environmental control charges, and the creation of environmental control property.
  - (2) FINANCING ORDERS. (a) Applications. An energy utility in its sole discretion may apply to the commission for a financing order. In addition to any other information required by the commission, an energy utility shall do all of the following in an application:
  - 1. Describe the environmental control activities that the energy utility proposes to undertake, and which utility service (electric gas or steam) is associated with the activities and the reasons for undertaking the activities.
  - 2. Estimate the environmental control costs of the activities described under subd. 1.
  - 3. Indicate whether the energy utility proposes to finance all or only a portion of the costs estimated under subd. 2. with environmental trust bonds. If the energy utility proposes to finance a portion of the costs, the energy utility shall identify that portion in the application.
  - 4. Estimate the financing costs of the environmental trust bonds proposed under subd. 3.
- 5. Estimate the environmental control charges necessary based on the respective energy utility service involved to recover the
  - environmental control costs and financing costs estimated in the application.

1	6. Estimate the cost savings to customers from financing the environmental
2	control activities under this section relative to alternate financing methods.
3	(b) Commission powers and duties. 1. No later than 90120 days after receiving an
4	application under par. (a), and after a hearing, the commission shall issue a financing order
5	or an order rejecting the application. The commission shall may issue a financing order if
6	the commission finds that the:
7	a. The order will result in lower overall costs to customers than would
8	alternative methods of financing environmental control activities,
9	b. The expected structuring and pricing of the environmental trust bonds will
10	result in the lowest environmental control trust charge consistent with market conditions
11	and the terms of the financing order; and
12	c. The Order is otherwise consistent with the public interest, and is prudent,
13	reasonable, and appropriate. The Commission may require appropriate conditions in the
14	order that are not otherwise inconsistent with the other provisions of this section.
15	2. In a financing order issued to an energy utility, the commission shall do all
16	of the following:
17	a. Except as provided in subd. 2. c., specify the amount of environmental control
18	costs and financing costs that may be recovered through environmental control
19	charges and the period over which such costs may be recovered.
20	b. For the period specified in subd. 2. a. require that, as long as any customer takes
21 22	distribution service from the energy utility or its successors, the customer shall pay environmental control charges to the energy utility or its assignees regardless of whether
23	the customer obtains other service from a different energy utility or other energy supplier.
24	For the period specified in subd. 2. a. require that, as long as any customer taking service
25	from the energy utility, the customer shall pay the environmental control charge to the
26	utility or its assignees regardless of whether the customer also obtains a utility service
27	from a different energy company or anther energy supplier. resides in the service territory
28	of the energy utility as that territory exists on the date the financing order is issued, the
29	customer shall pay environmental control charges to the energy utility or its assignees
30	regardless of whether the customer obtains service from a different energy utility or other

energy supplier, including a municipality.

- c. Include a formula for making any adjustments in the environmental control charges that customers are required to pay under the order and making any adjustments that are necessary to correct for any overcollection or undercollection of the charges or to otherwise ensure the energy utility's or assignee's timely recovery of environmental control costs and financing costs. The order shall require the commission to apply the formula at least annually within 45 days of the anniversary date that environmental trust bonds are issued pursuant to the order and to approve any adjustments that result from application of the formula within 45 days of the anniversary date that environmental trust bonds are issued. The commission shall apply a formula and make any adjustments under this subd. 2. c. without a hearing after permitting a period not to exceed 30 days for comment by interested persons limited to the appropriate amount of any overcollection or undercollection and the appropriate adjustment.
- d. Specify the environmental control property that is created and that may be used to pay or secure environmental trust bonds.
- e. Determine whether it is appropriate for the environmental trust bonds to include a provision permitting the retirement of the bonds prior to their termination date.
- adjustments to the environmental control charges, based on reasonable estimates of demand and other mathematical factors, necessary to satisfy the purposes of subsection 2 (c) and (f). The adjustment shall be made within 45 days of the anniversary date on which environmental trust bonds are issued, without hearing but after permitting a period not to exceed 30 days for comment by interested parties limited to the appropriate amount of any overcollection or undercollection and the appropriate adjustment.
- 3. A financing order issued to an energy utility may provide that the energy utility's acquisition of environmental control property specified in subd. 2. d. is conditioned upon, and shall be simultaneous with, the sale of the environmental control property to an assignee and the pledge of the environmental control property to secure environmental trust bonds.

- 4. Except as provided in subd. 2. c., a financing order is irrevocable and the commission may not reduce, impair, or otherwise adjust environmental control charges approved in the order.
- (c) Subsequent orders. The commission may initiate a proceeding and issue a subsequent financing order that provides for retiring or refunding environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the original financing order if permitted under the terms of the environmental trust bonds and if the commission finds that environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the subsequent financing order satisfy the criteria in subd. (2)(b)1, provideds that the subsequent financing order may only permit the retirement and refunding of the Environmental Control chargeenvironmental trust bonds subject to the terms of the original indenture have lower financing costs than the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the original financing order or that retiring or refunding the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the original financing order is otherwise in the public interest.
- (d) *Judicial review*. A financing order or an order rejecting an application under par. (b) 1. is reviewable by the circuit court for Dane County under ch. 227, except that the court shall proceed to hear and determine the action as expeditiously as possible practicable and give the action precedence over other matters not accorded similar precedence by law.
- (e) Effect of orders. 1. A financing order shall remain in effect until the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order have been paid in full and the financing costs of the bonds have been recovered in full.
- 2. A financing order issued to an energy utility shall remain in effect and unabated notwithstanding the bankruptcy of the energy utility.
- 3. An application by an energy utility for a financing order and commission approval of a financing order are in addition to and do not replace <u>or supercede</u> any other <u>review application</u> or approval <u>by the Commission</u> under this chapter that may be required <u>or permitted</u> for environmental control activities.
  - (3) EXCEPTIONS TO COMMISSION JURISDICTION. (a.) If the commission issues a

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1	financing order to an energy utility, the commission may not, in exercising its powers
2	and carrying out its duties under this chapter, including any power or duty regarding
3	rate making, consider the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order
4	to be the debt of the energy utility, the environmental control charges paid under the
5	order to be the revenue of the energy utility, or the environmental control costs or
6	financing costs specified in the order to be the costs of the energy utility, nor may the
7	commission determine that any action taken by an energy utility that is consistent
8	with the order is unjust or unreasonable. Nothing in this section limits or alters the
9	Commission's authority to adjust or reduce an energy utility's revenue requirement
10	pursuant to subd. 4.
11	b. Except as provided in subd.2.c. with respect to refinancing, tThe commission
12	shall not require or otherwise order any energy utility that has not yet applied to the
13	Commission under subd.2.a to finance any project, addition, plant, facility, extension,
14	capital improvement, environmental control equipment or any other expenditure utilizing
15	environmental trust control bonds under this section.
16	(4) ENERGY UTILITY DUTIES. (a) An energy utility shall place the proceeds of any
17	environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to a financing order in a separate
18	account and may use the proceeds only for paying environmental control costs and
19	financing costs. Bond proceeds from this fund account may only be used for the costs of
20	environmental control activities which have been applied for and have been approved as
21	required under Chapter 196 and for costs incurred which the Commission finds to be
22	prudent, reasonable and appropriate. If the Commission finds that the bond proceeds have
23	been used or the costs have been incurred imprudently or unreasonably, the Commission
24	may adjust or reduce the energy utility's revenue requirement in connection with charges
25	other than environmental control charges so that the energy utility's customers do not pay
26	such costs.
27	(b) An energy utility shall annually provide to its customers a concise

(b) An energy utility shall annually provide to its customers a concise explanation of the environmental control charges approved in a financing order issued to the energy utility. The explanation may be made by bill inserts, Web site

- information, or other appropriate means.
- (c) The failure of an energy utility to comply with this subsection shall not invalidate, impair, or affect any financing order, environmental control property, environmental control charge, or environmental control bonds.
- (5) Environmental control property that is specified in a financing order shall constitute a present property right notwithstanding that the imposition and collection of environmental control charges depend on the energy utility to which the order is issued performing its servicing functions relating to the collection of environmental control charges and on future energy consumption. Such property is considered to exist whether or not the revenues or proceeds arising from the property have accrued and whether or not the value of the property is dependent on the receipt of service by customers of an energy utility.
- 2. Environmental control property specified in a financing order shall continue to exist until the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order are paid in full and all financing costs of the bonds have been recovered in full.
- 3. Environmental control property specified in a financing order issued to an energy utility may be transferred, sold, conveyed, or assigned to any person, including an excluding an affiliate of the public energy utility except an affiliate of the energy utility created for the limited purpose of facilitating or administering environmental control property or environmental control trust bonds under the financing order, and may be pledged to secure environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order. Each such transfer, sale, conveyance, assignment, or pledge by an energy utility or affiliate of an energy utility is considered to be a transaction in the ordinary course of business.
- 4. If an energy utility defaults on any required payment of revenues arising from environmental control property specified in a financing order, the commission or a court, upon application by an interested party, and without limiting any other remedies available to the applying party, shall order the sequestration and payment of the revenues. Any such order shall remain in full force and effect notwithstanding

- any bankruptcy, reorganization, or other insolvency proceedings with respect to the energy utility.
  - 5. The interest of an assignee or pledgee in environmental control property specified in a financing order issued to an energy utility, and in the revenue and collections arising from that property, are not subject to setoff, counterclaim, surcharge, or defense by the energy utility or any other person or in connection with the bankruptcy of the energy utility or any other entity.
  - 6. Any successor to an energy utility, whether pursuant to any bankruptcy, reorganization, or other insolvency proceeding, or pursuant to any merger or acquisition, sale, or transfer by operation of law, as a result of energy utility restructuring or otherwise, shall perform and satisfy all obligations of, and have the same rights under a financing order as the energy utility under a financing order in the same manner and to the same extent as the energy utility including collecting and paying to the person entitled to receive them revenues with respect to the environmental control property.
  - (b) Security interests. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the creation, perfection, and enforcement of security interests in environmental control property to secure environmental trust bonds are governed by ch. 409. Notwithstanding ch. 409, with regard to creating, perfecting, and enforcing a valid security interest in environmental control property to secure environmental trust bonds, all of the following apply:
  - 1. The description of environmental control property in a security agreement is sufficient if the description refers to this section and the financing order creating the environmental control property.
  - 2. A security interest is created, valid, binding, and perfected at the time a security agreement is made and attaches without any physical delivery of collateral or other act, and the lien of such security interest shall be valid, binding, and perfected against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise against the person granting the security interest, regardless of whether such parties have notice of the lien. The filing or recording of a financing financial statement or

- instrument in which such a security interest is created is not required.
- 3. A security interest in environmental control property is a continuously perfected security interest and has priority over any other lien created by operation of law or otherwise, which subsequently attaches to the environmental control property.
  - 4. The priority of a security interest created under this paragraph is not affected by the commingling of proceeds arising from environmental control property with other amounts.
    - 5. Any changes that the commission makes to a financing order that creates the environmental control property does not affect the validity, perfection, or priority of a security interest in the environmental control property.
    - (c) Sales. The sale, assignment, and transfer of environmental control property are governed by this paragraph. All of the following apply to a sale, assignment, or transfer under this paragraph:
  - 1. The sale, assignment, or transfer is an absolute transfer of, and not a pledge of or secured transaction relating to, the seller's right, title, and interest in, to, and under the environmental control property, if the documents governing the transaction expressly state that the transaction is a sale or other absolute transfer. After such a transaction, the environmental control property is not subject to any claims of the seller or the seller's creditors, other than creditors holding a prior security interest in the environmental control property perfected under par. (b).
  - 2. The characterization of the sale, assignment, or transfer as an absolute transfer under subd. 1. and the corresponding characterization of the purchaser's property interest is not affected by any of the following factors:
  - a. Commingling of amounts arising with respect to the environmental control property with other amounts.
  - b. The retention by the seller of a partial or residual interest, including an equity interest, in the environmental control property, whether direct or indirect, or whether subordinate or otherwise.

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1	c. Any recourse that the purchaser may have against the seller.
2	d. Any indemnifications, obligations, or repurchase rights made or provided by
3	the seller.
4	e. The responsibility of the seller to collect environmental control charges.
5	f. The treatment of the sale, assignment, or transfer for tax, financial reporting,
6	or other purposes.
7	(6) ENVIRONMENTAL TRUST BONDS NOT PUBLIC DEBT. The state is not liable on
8	environmental trust bonds and the bonds are not a debt of the state. An issue of
9	environmental trust bonds does not, directly or indirectly or contingently, obligate
10	the state or a political subdivision of the state to levy any tax or make any
11	appropriation for payment of the bonds.
12	(7) ENVIRONMENTAL TRUST BONDS AS LEGAL INVESTMENTS. Any of the following
13	may legally invest any sinking funds, moneys, or other funds belonging to them or
14	under their control in environmental trust bonds:
15	(a) The state, the investment board, public officers except Public Service
16	Commissioners, municipal corporations, political subdivisions, and public bodies.
17	(b) Banks and bankers, savings and loan associations, credit unions, trust
18	companies, savings banks and institutions, investment companies, insurance
19	companies, insurance associations, and other persons carrying on a banking or
20	insurance business.
21	(c) Personal representatives, guardians, trustees, and other fiduciaries.
22	(8) STATE PLEDGE. (a) In this subsection, "bondholder" means a person who
23	holds an environmental trust bond.
24	(b) The state pledges to and agrees with bondholders that the state will not do
25	any of the following:
26	1. Take or permit any action that impairs the value of environmental control
27	property.
28	2. Except as allowed under this section, reduce, alter, or impair environmental

control charges that are imposed, collected, and remitted for the benefit of the

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1	bondholders until any principal, interest, premium, or other charge incurred, or
2	contract to be performed, in connection with environmental trust bonds held by the
3	bondholders are paid or performed in full.
4	(c) Any person who issues environmental trust bonds is allowed to include the
5	pledge specified in par.(a)(b) in the bonds and relating documentation.
6	(9) CONFLICTS. In the event of conflict between this section and any other law
7	regarding the attachment, assignment, or perfection, or the effect of perfection, or
8	priority of any security interest in environmental control property, this section to the
9	extent of the conflict shall govern.
10	(10) EFFECT OF INVALIDITY ON ACTIONS. Effective on the date that environmenta
11	trust bonds are first issued under this section, if any provision of this section is held
12	to be invalid or is invalidated, superseded, replaced, repealed, or expires for any

(10) EFFECT OF INVALIDITY ON ACTIONS. Effective on the date that environmental trust bonds are first issued under this section, if any provision of this section is held to be invalid or is invalidated, superseded, replaced, repealed, or expires for any reason, that occurrence shall not affect any action allowed under this section that is taken by an energy utility, an assignee, a collection agent, or a party to a transaction and any such action shall remain in full force and effect.

SECTION 3. 201.01 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 201.01 (3) (intro.) and amended to read:

201.01 (3) (intro.) "Securities" means capital stock and evidences of indebtedness of a public service corporation, not including, however, (a) any but do not include any of the following:

- (a) Any obligation of a public service corporation which is not a public utility as defined in the federal power act Power Act, falling due one year or less after its date and bearing date not later than the day of sale; or (b) any.
- (b) Any evidence of indebtedness of a public service corporation which is a public utility as defined in the federal power act Power Act, the issuance, renewal or assumption of which is exempt from see. section 204 (a) of the federal power act Power Act by the provisions of see. section 204 (e) thereof; or (e) any.
- (c) Any obligation issued to the United States of America in connection with loans for rural telecommunications facilities made pursuant to the rural

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1	electrification act Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, or (d) any.
2	(d) Any securities issued by a corporation organized under ch. 185 for the
3	purpose of furnishing telecommunications service in rural areas.
4	SECTION 4. 201.01 (3) (e) of the statutes is created to read:
5	201.01 (3) (e) Any environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to a financing
6	order of the commission under s. 196.027 (2).
7	(END)
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### Kunkel, Mark

From:

Stuart, Todd

Sent:

Thursday, February 19, 2004 8:41 AM

To:

Kunkel, Mark

Subject:

FW: Change to AB 843; tax considerations

Mark, could you please add this to the list of changes for the latest version of the sub to SB 463 and AB 843 (see below for details):

73.13 Environmental trust bonds. The department of revenue shall not consider the acquisition, ownership, or disposition of any direct interest in an environmental trust bond, as defined in s. 196.027 (1) (j), for the purpose of determining whether a person has nexus with this state for tax purposes.

----Original Message----

From:

Kreye, Joseph

Sent:

Wednesday, February 18, 2004 4:40 PM

To:

Stuart, Todd; Healy, Brett

Subject:

FW: Change to AB 843; tax considerations

#### Todd & Brett;

I spoke to Joel Haubrich about the tax provision (s. 73.13) created in AB 843. Please see the language below which I recommend to clarify the intent.

Joe

#### Joseph T. Kreye

Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau (608) 266-2263

----Original Message-----

Lovell, David

Sent:

Wednesday, February 18, 2004 4:35 PM

To:

Kreve, Joseph

Cc:

Russell, Faith; Renner, Darin; Stolzenberg, John

**Subject:** RE: Change to AB 843; tax considerations

Joe,

Have you shared this with Todd Stuart & Brett Healy? they will need to know.

I am guessing that it was Joel Haubrich you spoke to, WE Energy's Madison lobbyist.

David

David L. Lovell, Senior Analyst Wisconsin Legislative Council Staff 608/266-1537

-----Original Message-----

From:

Kreye, Joseph

Sent:

Wednesday, February 18, 2004 4:31 PM Lovell, David; Russell, Faith; Renner, Darin

To: Subject:

Change to AB 843; tax considerations

I just spoke with one of the people involved with the original drafting of AB 843--although now I can't remember his name. He is amendable to changing section 1 of the bill to clarify the intent. This is what I would recommend:

73.13 Environmental trust bonds. The department of revenue shall not consider the acquisition, ownership, or disposition of any direct interest in an environmental trust bond, as defined in s. 196.027 (1) (j), for the purpose of determining whether a person has nexus with this state for tax purposes.

Joe

Joseph T. Kreye Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau (608) 266-2263 100 N 2/20 2/20

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**2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE** 

ASA to

## 2003 ASSEMBLY BILL 843

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February 16, 2004 — Introduced by Representatives Jensen, Gottleb, Friske, Nischke, Honadel, Rhoades, Stone, Serarti, Musser, Vrakas, M. Lehman, Grothman, Taylor, McCormick, Hahn, Jeskewitz, Johnsrud, Suder, Huebsch, Olsen, Kaufert and Gunderson, cosponsored by Senators Cowles, Plale, Moore, M. Meyer, Kanavas, Wirch and Roessler. Referred to Committee on Energy and Utilities.

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AN ACT to renumber and amend 201.01 (3); and to create 73.13, 196.027 and

201.01 (3) (e) of the statutes; relating to: the issuance of debt by natural gas

and electric public utilities to finance certain environmental activities.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill allows certain public utilities, with the approval of the Public Service Commission (PSC), to finance the cost of certain environmental control activities with the proceeds of "environmental trust bonds," which the bill defines as bonds that are secured by charges paid by a public utility's customers. The bill applies to natural gas and electric utilities, which the bill defines as "energy utilities." The bonds may be issued by an energy utility or an assignee of the energy utility including an affiliate.

An energy utility that applies to the PSC for an order approving the issuance of the bonds must describe the environmental control activities that the energy utility proposes to undertake and the reasons for undertaking the activities. An "environmental control activity" is defined as construction, installation or otherwise putting in place equipment for controlling environmental pollution in connection with an energy utility plant that has previously been used to provide service to customers. In addition, the energy utility must estimate the costs of proposed activities and indicate whether the energy utility proposes to finance all or only a specified portion of such costs with the bonds. Also, the energy utility must estimate the financing costs of issuing the proposed bonds.

No later than 90 days after the PSC receives an application, the PSC must issue an order that rejects or approves the application. The PSC must approve the

#### **ASSEMBLY BILL 843**

application if the order will result in lower costs to customers than would alternative methods of financing environmental control activities, the order is otherwise consistent with the public interest, and the order is prudent, reasonable, and appropriate. The bill refers to an order that approves an application as a financing order." If the PSC issues a financing order, the order must specify the amount of environmental control and financing costs that the energy utility may recover through charges that customers in the energy utility's service territory must pay over a period specified in the order. The bill refers to such charges as "environmental control charges." The PSC may exclude a portion of environmental control costs from recovery as environmental control charges only if the energy utility indicates in the application that it does not propose to finance that portion with bonds. In addition, the order must specify the "environmental control property" that is created and that may be used to secure the bonds. "Environmental control property" is defined as the right, specified in the order, to impose, collect, or requive the environmental control charges. "Environmental control property" is also defined to include all revenues and proceeds arising from such right.

The bill also requires the PSC, without holding a hearing, to adjust the environmental control charges that are approved in a financing order. The order itself must include a formula that the PSC must apply for making adjustments to environmental control charges at least annually within 45 days of the anniversary date of the issuance of the bonds. The purpose of the formula is to make any adjustments to the charges that are necessary based on any overcollection or undercollection of the charges or are necessary to ensure the energy utility's or an assignee's timely recover of the environmental control and financing costs. The bill also allows the PSC to issue a subsequent financing order for retiring or refunding the bonds issued pursuant to the original financing order. The PSC may issue a subsequent order if the financing costs of bonds issued pursuant to the original order. The PSC may also issue a subsequent order if retiring or refinancing the bonds

issued pursuant to the original order is otherwise in the public interest.

The bill prohibits the PSC from revoking afinancing order, except for changes made by a subsequent financing order described above. In addition, the bill provides that a financing order remains in effect until environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order have been paid in full and the financing costs of the bonds have been recovered in full. Also, the bill provides that a financing order issued to an energy utility remains in effect notwithstanding the bank uptcy of the energy utility. The bill also creates the following limits on the PSC's jurisdiction over an energy utility that is issued a financing order: 1) the PSC may not consider environmental trust bonds to be the debt of the energy utility; 2) the PSC may not consider the environmental control charges paid under the order to be the revenue of the energy utility, and 3) the PSC may not consider the environmental control or financing costs specified in the order to be the costs of the energy utility. In addition, the bill prohibits the PSC from determining that any action taken by an energy utility that is consistent with the order is unjust or unreasonable.

In addition, the bill does all of the following:

1. The bill establishes legal characteristics of environmental control property that is created in a financing order and of any sale, assignment, or transfer of such property.

2. The bill provides that, with certain specified exceptions, the state's version of article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code governs the granting and enforcing of security interests in environmental control property created in a financing order.

3. The bill provides that the state is not liable on environmental control bonds

and that the bonds are not public debt.

4. The bill requires an energy utility to place the proceeds of any environmental trust bonds into a separate account and use the proceeds only for paying environmental control and financing costs.

5. The bill requires an energy utility that is issued a financing order to provide

annual explanations of environmental control charges to its customers.

6. The bill provides that requirements under current law that apply to the issuance of securities by energy utilities do not apply to the issuance of environmental trust bonds under the bill.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**Section 1.** 73.13 of the statutes is created to read:

73.13 Environmental trust bonds. The department of revenue shall not consider the acquisition, ownership, or disposition of any direct interest in an environmental trust bond, as defined in s. 196.027 (1) (j), for the purpose of

determining whether a person is subject to any tax imposed by this state or by a local

governmental unit, as defined in s. 16.97 (1).

**SECTION 2.** 196.027 of the statutes is created to read:

196.027 Environmental trust financing. (1) Definitions. In this section:

(a) "Ancillary agreement" means any bond insurance policy or other financial arrangement entered into in connection with the issuance of environmental trust

11 bonds.

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1	(b) "Assignee" means any person to which an interest in environmental control
2	property is sold, assigned, transferred, or conveyed and any successor to such a
3	person. $(a t of)$
4	(c) "Energy utility" means a public utility engaged in the transmission,
5	delivery, or furnishing of natural gas by means of pipes or mains, heat, light, or power
6	or any successor to such a public utility of the following 10
7	(d) "Environmental control activity" means the construction, installation, or
(8)	otherwise putting into place environmental control equipment in connection with an
9	energy utility plant that has been used to provide service to customers
10	beginning the construction, installation, or otherwise putting into place
11	environmental control equipment.
12	(e) "Environmental control charge" means a charge paid by customers of an
(13)	energy utility for the energy utility to recover environmental control costs and
14	financing costs.
15	(f) "Environmental control cost" means capital cost, including capitalized cost
16	relating to regulatory assets, incurred or expected to be incurred by an energy utility
17	in undertaking an environmental control activity "Environmental control cost" does
18	not include any monetary penalty, fine, or forfeiture assessed against an energy
19	utility by a government agency or court under a federal or state environmental
20	statute, rule, or regulation.
21	(g) "Environmental control equipment" means any device, equipment,
22	structure, process, facility, or technology, owned or controlled by an energy utility,
23	that is designed for the primary purpose of preventing, reducing, or remediating
24	environmental pollution.
25	(h) "Environmental control property" means all of the following:

1	1. The right specified in a financing order to impose, collect, or receive	
2	environmental control charges, or to obtain adjustments to such charges as provided	
3	in this section, and any interest in such right.	
4	2. All revenues and proceeds arising from the right and interests specified in	
5	subd. 1.	
6	(i) "Environmental pollution" means the contamination or rendering unclean	
7	or impure of the air, land, or waters of the state, or the making of the same injurious	
8	to public health, harmful for commercial or recreational use, or deleterious to fish,	
9	bird, animal, or plant life.	
10	(j) "Environmental trust bonds" means bonds, debentures, notes, certificates	
11	of participation, certificates of beneficial interest, certificates of ownership, or other	
12	evidences of indebtedness that are issued by an energy utility or an assignee, the	
13	proceeds of which are used directly or indirectly to recover, finance, or refinance	
14	environmental control costs and financing costs, and that are secured by or payable	
15	from environmental control property.	
16	(k) "Financing cost" means any of the following:	
17	1. Debt service, including/interest, that is payable on environmental trust	
18	bonds.	
19	2. A payment required under an ancillary agreement, including any amount	
20_	required to fund a reserve account.	
21	Any other cost related to issuing and servicing environmental trust bonds,	
22	including servicing fees, trustee fees, legal fees, administrative fees, placement fees,	
53	capitalized interest, and rating agency fees.	
24	Any taxes and license fees imposed on the revenues generated from the	
25	collection of environmental control charges.	

$\overline{}$	SECTION 2
$\binom{1}{}$	(k) "Financing order" means an order syled by the commission under sub. (2)
2	that allows for the issuance of environmental trust bonds, the collection of
$\sim$ 3	environmental control charges, and the creation of environmental control property.
4	(2) FINANCING ORDERS. (a) Applications. An energy utility (in As sold discretion)
5	may apply to the commission for a financing order. In addition to any other
6	information required by the commission, an energy utility shall do all of the following
7	in an application: VINSERT 6-9
8	1. Describe the environmental control activities that the energy utility
9	proposes to undertake and the reasons for undertaking the activities.
10	2. Estimate the environmental control costs of the activities described under
11	subd. 1.
12	3. Indicate whether the energy utility proposes to finance all or a portion
13	of the costs estimated under subd. 2. with environmental trust bonds. If the energy
14	utility proposes to finance a portion of the costs, the energy utility shall identify that
15	portion in the application.
16	4. Estimate the financing costs of the environmental trust bonds proposed
17	under subd. 3. All of the following: Dao
18	5. Estimate the environmental control charges necessary to recover the 6-/9
19	environmental control costs and financing costs estimated in the application.
20/	(b) Commission powers and duties. 1. No later than days after receiving an
21	application under par. (a), the commission shall issue a financing order or an order
22	rejecting the application. The commission issue a financing order if the
23	commission finds that the order will result in lower costs to customers than would (6-34)
24	alternative methods of financing environmental control activities is otherwise
25	consistent with the public interest, and is prudent, reasonable, and appropriate.
	[NSENT] Saffer a [Do)

1	2. In a financing order issued to an energy utility, the commission shall do all
2	of the following:
3	of the following:  Solve the following:  a. Except as provided in subd. 2. c. specify the amount of environmental control
4	costs and financing costs that may be recovered through environmental control
5	charges and the period over which such costs may be recovered. $\sqrt{\omega \zeta \bar{c}}$
6	b. For the period specified in subd. 2. a. require that, as long as any customer
7	resides in the service territory of the energy utility as that territory exists on the date
8	the financing order is issued, the customer shall pay environmental control charges
9	to the energy utility or its assignees regardless of whether the customer obtains
10)	service from a different energy utility or other energy supplier including a
11	municipality.
12	c. Include a formula for making any adjustments in the environmental control
13	charges that customers are required to pay under the order and making any
14	adjustments that are necessary to correct for any overcollection or undercollection
15	of the charges or to otherwise ensure the energy utility's or assignee's timely recovery
16	of environmental control costs and financing costs The order shall require the
17	commission to apply the formula at least annually within 45 days of the anniversary
18	date that environmental trust bonds are issued pursuant to the order and to approve
19	any adjustments that result from application of the formula. The complission shall
20	apply a formula and make any adjustments under this subd. 2. c. without a hearing.
21	d. Specify the environmental control property that is created and that may be
22	used to pay or secure environmental trust bonds.
23	3. A financing order issued to an energy utility may provide that the energy
24	utility's acquisition of environmental control property specified in subd. 2. d. is
25	conditioned upon, and shall be simultaneous with, the sale of the environmental

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# **ASSEMBLY BILL 843** INSERT 8-2

control property to an assignee and the pledge of the environmental control property and 40 to secure environmental trust bonds.

Except as provided in subdo2. c/, a financing order is irrevocable and the commission may not reduce, impair, or otherwise adjust environmental control charges approved in the order. commence a proceeding and

(c) Subsequent orders. The commission may/issue a subsequent financing order that provides for retiring or refunding environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the original financing order if on finds that environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the subsequent financing order have lower financing costs than the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the original financing order or that retiring or refunding the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the

(d) Judicial review. A financing order or an order rejecting an application under par. (b) 1. is reviewable by the circuit court for Dane County under ch. 227, except that the court shall proceed to hear and determine the action as expeditiously as possible and give the action precedence over other matters not accorded similar -practicable precedence by law.

original financing order is otherwise in the public interest.

- (e) Effect of orders. 1. A financing order shall remain in effect until the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order have been paid in full and the financing costs of the bonds have been recovered in full.
- 2. A financing order issued to an energy utility shall remain in effect and unabated notwithstanding the bankruptcy of the energy utility.
- 3. An application by an energy utility for a financing order and commission approval of a financing order are in addition to and do not replace any other

2003 - 2004 Legislature LRB-4260/1 -9 -ASSEMBLY BILL 843 by the Commission pulen for approval under this chapter that may be required for environmental control activities. or allowed EXCEPTIONS TO COMMISSION JURISDICTION. I If the commission issues a financing order to an energy utility, the commission may not, in exercising its powers and carrying out its duties that this chapter, including any nower or duty regarding rate making, consider the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order to be the debt of the energy utility, the environmental control charges paid under the order to be the revenue of the energy utility, or the environmental control costs or financing costs specified in the order to be the costs of the energy utility, nor may the commission determine that any action taken by an energy utility that is consistent with the order is unjust or unreasonable.  $\sqrt{\frac{1005 EPT}{9-11}}$ 

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- (4) Energy utility duties. (a) An energy utility shall place the proceeds of any environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to a financing order in a separate n preigy utility account state may use the proceeds only for paying environmental control costs and financing costs
- An energy utility shall annually provide to its customers a concise explanation of the environmental control charges approved in a financing order issued to the energy utility. The explanation may be made by bill inserts, Web site information, or other appropriate means.
- (c) The failure of an energy utility to comply with this subsection shall not invalidate, impair, or affect any financing order, environmental control property, environmental control charge, or environmental control bonds.
- (5) Environmental control property. (a) In general. 1. Environmental control property that is specified in a financing order shall constitute a present property right notwithstanding that the imposition and collection of environmental

17/

control charges depend on the energy utility to which the order is issued performing its servicing functions relating to the collection of environmental control charges and on future energy consumption. Such property is considered to exist whether or not the revenues or proceeds arising from the property have accrued and whether or not the value of the property is dependent on the receipt of service by customers of an energy utility.

- 2. Environmental control property specified in a financing order shall continue to exist until the environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order are paid in full and all financing costs of the bonds have been recovered in full.
- 3. Environmental control property specified in a financing order issued to an energy utility may be transferred, sold, conveyed, or assigned to any person, including an affiliate of the energy utility may be pledged to secure environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to the order. Each such transfer, sale, conveyance, assignment, or pledge by an energy utility or affiliate of an energy utility is considered to be a transaction in the ordinary course of business.
- 4. If an energy utility defaults on any required payment of revenues arising from environmental control property specified in a financing order, the commission a court, upon application by an interested party, and without limiting any other remedies available to the applying party, shall order the sequestration and payment of the revenues. Any such order shall remain in full force and effect notwithstanding any bankruptcy, reorganization, or other insolvency proceedings with respect to the energy utility.
  - 5. The interest of an assignee or pledgee in environmental control property specified in a financing order issued to an energy utility, and in the revenue and collections arising from that property, are not subject to setoff, counterclaim,

surcharge, or defense by the energy utility or any other person or in connection with the bankruptcy of the energy utility or any other entity.

- 6. Any successor to an energy utility, whether pursuant to any bankruptcy, reorganization, or other insolvency proceeding, or pursuant to any merger or acquisition, sale, or transfer by operation of law, as a result of energy utility restructuring or otherwise, shall perform and satisfy all obligations of the energy utility under financing order in the same manner and to the same extent as the energy utility including collecting and paying to the person entitled to receive them revenues with respect to the environmental control property.
- (b) Security interests. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the creation, perfection, and enforcement of security interests in environmental control property to secure environmental trust bonds are governed by ch. 409. Notwithstanding ch. 409, with regard to creating, perfecting, and enforcing a valid security interest in environmental control property to secure environmental trust bonds, all of the following apply:
- 1. The description of environmental control property in a security agreement is sufficient if the description refers to this section and the financing order creating the environmental control property.
- 2. A security interest is created, valid, binding, and perfected at the time a security agreement is made and attaches without any physical delivery of collateral or other act, and the lien of such security interest shall be valid, binding, and perfected against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, or otherwise against the person granting the security interest, regardless of whether such parties have notice of the lien. The filing or recording of a financial statement or instrument in which such a security interest is created is not required.

- 3. A security interest in environmental control property is a continuously perfected security interest and has priority over any other lien created by operation of law or otherwise, which subsequently attaches to the environmental control property.
- 4. The priority of a security interest created under this paragraph is not affected by the commingling of proceeds arising from environmental control property with other amounts.
- 5. Any changes that the commission makes to a financing order that creates the environmental control property does not affect the validity, perfection, or priority of a security interest in the environmental control property.
- (c) *Sales.* The sale, assignment, and transfer of environmental control property are governed by this paragraph. All of the following apply to a sale, assignment, or transfer under this paragraph:
- 1. The sale, assignment, or transfer is an absolute transfer of, and not a pledge of or secured transaction relating to, the seller's right, title, and interest in, to, and under the environmental control property, if the documents governing the transaction expressly state that the transaction is a sale or other absolute transfer. After such a transaction, the environmental control property is not subject to any claims of the seller or the seller's creditors, other than creditors holding a prior security interest in the environmental control property perfected under par. (b).
- 2. The characterization of the sale, assignment, or transfer as an absolute transfer under subd. 1. and the corresponding characterization of the purchaser's property interest is not affected by any of the following factors:
- a. Commingling of amounts arising with respect to the environmental control property with other amounts.

1	b. The retention by the seller of a partial or residual interest, including an
2	equity interest, in the environmental control property, whether direct or indirect, or
3	whether subordinate or otherwise.
4	c. Any recourse that the purchaser may have against the seller.
5	d. Any indemnifications, obligations, or repurchase rights made or provided by
6	the seller.
7	e. The responsibility of the seller to collect environmental control charges.
8	f. The treatment of the sale, assignment, or transfer for tax, financial reporting,
9	or other purposes.
10	(6) Environmental trust bonds not public debt. The state is not liable on
11	environmental trust bonds and the bonds are not a debt of the state. An issue of
12	environmental trust bonds does not, directly or indirectly or contingently, obligate
13	the state or a political subdivision of the state to levy any tax or make any
14	appropriation for payment of the bonds.
15	(7) Environmental trust bonds as legal investments. Any of the following
16	may legally invest any sinking funds, moneys, or other funds belonging to them or
17	under their control in environmental trust bonds:
18	(a) The state, the investment board, problement municipal corporations,
19	political subdivisions, and public bodies. A and public of free except
20	(b) Banks and bankers, savings and loan associations, credit unions, trust
21	companies, savings banks and institutions, investment companies, insurance
22	companies, insurance associations, and other persons carrying on a banking or
23	insurance business.
24	(c) Personal representatives, guardians, trustees, and other fiduciaries.

for public service Commission

(8) State pledge.	(a) In this subsection,	"bondholder"	means a person who
holds an environmental	trust bond.		

- (b) The state pledges to and agrees with bondholders that the state will not do any of the following:
- 1. Take or permit any action that impairs the value of environmental control property.
- 2. Except as allowed under this section, reduce, alter, or impair environmental control charges that are imposed, collected, and remitted for the benefit of the bondholders until any principal, interest, premium, or other charge incurred, or contract to be performed, in connection with environmental trust bonds held by the bondholders are paid or performed in full.
- (c) Any person who issues environmental trust bonds is allowed to include the pledge specified in par. (b) in the bonds and relating documentation.
- **(9)** Conflicts. In the event of conflict between this section and any other law regarding the attachment, assignment, or perfection, or the effect of perfection, or priority of any security interest in environmental control property, this section to the extent of the conflict shall govern.
- (10) EFFECT OF INVALIDITY ON ACTIONS. Effective on the date that environmental trust bonds are first issued under this section, if any provision of this section is held to be invalid or is invalidated, superseded, replaced, repealed, or expires for any reason, that occurrence shall not affect any action allowed under this section that is taken by an energy utility, an assignee, a collection agent, or a party to a transaction and any such action shall remain in full force and effect.
- **SECTION 3.** 201.01 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 201.01 (3) (intro.) and amended to read:

201.01 (3) (intro.) "Securities" means capital stock and evidences of
indebtedness of a public service corporation, not including, however, (a) any but do
not include any of the following:
(a) Any obligation of a public service corporation which is not a public utility
as defined in the federal power act Power Act, falling due one year or less after its
date and bearing date not later than the day of sale; or (b) any.
(b) Any evidence of indebtedness of a public service corporation which is a
public utility as defined in the federal power act Power Act, the issuance, renewal or
assumption of which is exempt from sec. section 204 (a) of the federal power act
Power Act by the provisions of sec. section 204 (e) thereof; or (c) any.
(c) Any obligation issued to the United States of America in connection with
loans for rural telecommunications facilities made pursuant to the rural
electrification act Rural Electrification Act of 1936, as amended, or (d) any.
(d) Any securities issued by a corporation organized under ch. 185 for the
purpose of furnishing telecommunications service in rural areas.
<b>Section 4.</b> 201.01 (3) (e) of the statutes is created to read:
201.01 (3) (e) Any environmental trust bonds issued pursuant to a financing
order of the commission under s. 196.027 (2).
(END)

## 2003–2004 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRBs0366/1ins MDK:...:...

1	INSERT 4-9:
2	, before the effective date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date],
3	INSERT 4-11:
4	2. The retiring of any existing plant, facility, or other property to reduce, control
5	or eliminate environmental pollution in accordance with federal or state law.
6	INSERT 4-17:
7	and, with respect to an environmental control activity described in par. (d) 2.,
8	includes the unrecovered value of property that is retired, including any demolition
9	or similar cost that exceeds the salvage value of the property
10	INSERT 5-20:
11	3. The cost of retiring or refunding an energy utility's existing debt and equity
12	securities in connection with the issuance of environmental trust bonds, but only to
13	the extent the securities were issued for the purpose of financing environmental
14	control costs.
15	INSERT 6-9:
16	, indicate whether the energy utility's electric, natural gas, or steam service is
17	associated with the activities,
18	INSERT 6–19:
19	and indicate whether the environmental control charges are proposed for the energy
20	utility's electric, natural gas, or steam service
21	INSERT 6-20:

1	6. Estimate any cost savings to customers resulting from financing
2	environmental control costs with environmental trust bonds as opposed to
3	alternative financing methods.
4	F. That INSERT 6-24:
5	b. The the proposed structuring and pricing of the environmental trust bonds
6	will result in the lowest environmental control charges that are consistent with
7	market conditions and the terms of the financing order.
8	c. That the financing order
9	INSERT 7-6:
10	obtains distribution service from the energy utility or its successors,
11	INSERT 7-22:
12	e. If considered appropriate by the commission, include a provision allowing for
13	the retirement of environmental trust bonds before their termination date.
14	f. Include any other conditions that the commission considers appropriate and
15	that are not otherwise inconsistent with this section.
16	INSERT 8-2:
17	4. a. If the commission issues a financing order, the commission shall apply, at
18	least annually, the formula specified in subd. 2. c. and, based on reasonable estimates
19	of demand and other mathematical factors, make the adjustments described in subd.
20	2. c. The commission shall make the adjustments within 45 days of the anniversary
21	date on which environmental trust bonds are issued and after expiration of the
22	comment period described in subd. 4. b.
23	b. The commission may not hold a hearing for the purpose of making an
24	adjustment under subd. 4. a., but shall allow interested parties 30 days to make

comments limited to the appropriate amount of any overcollection or undercollection 1 of environmental control charges and the appropriate amount of an adjustment. 2 3 **INSERT 8-8:** the commission included a provision described in par. (b) 2. e. in the original 4 financing order and if the commission finds that the subsequent financing order 5 satisfies all of the criteria specified in par. (b) 1. a., b., and c. 6 7 **INSERT 9-11:** Nothing in this paragraph affects the authority of the commission to adjust or reduce 8 an energy utility's revenue requirements under sub. (4) (a). 9 (b) If an energy utility has not made an application under sub. (2) (a), the 10 11 commission may not order or otherwise require the energy utility to use 12 environmental trust bonds to finance any project, addition, plant, facility, extension, capital improvement, environmental control equipment, or any other expenditure. 13 14 **INSERT 9-15:** 15 that are prudent, reasonable, and appropriate, and only if the energy utility has 16 applied for and obtained all approvals from the commission under this chapter that 17 are required for the environmental control activities for which the environmental 18 control costs are incurred or expected to be incurred. If the commission finds that the proceeds have been used for environmental control costs or financing costs that 19 20 are not prudent, reasonable, or appropriate, the commission may adjust or reduce the energy utility's revenue requirements in connection with charges other than 2122 environmental control charges for the purpose of ensuring that the energy utility's customers do not pay for such costs 23 24

**INSERT 10-12:** 

- created for the limited purpose of facilitating or administering environmental control property or environmental control trust bonds under the financing order and not including any other affiliate of the energy utility. Environmental control property
  - INSERT 11-6:

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6 , and have the same rights under a financing order as,

# DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRBs0366/1dn MDK:../:... WL<sub>1</sub>

Rep. Jensen:

This substitute amendment makes the changes requested in Brett Healy's email to me date February 18, as well as a change to s. 73.13. Please note the following about the substitute amendment:

- 1. The language regarding costs of retiring certain securities is included in the definition of "financing cost" which I think is more logical than including it in the definition of "environmental control cost".
- 2. I did not include "principal" in the definition of "financing cost" because I think it is already covered under "environmental control cost". However, perhaps I don't understand your intent on this issue. Also, I eliminated the reference to "debt service" in the definition of "financing cost", because I think "financing cost" should not refer to principal. (An accounting glossary that I consulted defines "debt service" as principal and interest.)
- 3. The proposed language regarding other appropriate conditions is included in proposed s. 196.027 (2) (b) 2. f.  $\checkmark$
- 4. Note that I added a reference to "subd. 4." in proposed s. 196.027 (2) (b) 2. a. and 5.
- 5. For proposed s. 196.027 (2) (c), the instructions provide that a subsequent financing order "may only permit the retirement and refunding of the environmental trust bonds subject to the terms of the original indenture) I did not include this language because I don't know what it means. "Indenture" is not otherwise used in the bill or substitute amendment. Can you suggest language that is consistent with the rest of the bill or substitute amendment, or, for my benefit, can you be more specific about your intent?
- 6. Proposed s. 196.027 (3) (b) does not include your "except as provided" language because I do not think that the exception is logically necessary.
- 7. Are my changes to proposed s. 196.027 (4) (a) consistent with your intent?
- 8. The last sentence of proposed s. 196.027 (5) (b) 2. refers to a "financial statement"? Is that correct, or should it refer to a "financing statement"?
- 9. Should the definition of "energy utility" be revised to specifically refer to steam?

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### LRBs0366/1dn MDK:wli:rs

# DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

February 20, 2004

#### Rep. Jensen:

This substitute amendment makes the changes requested in Brett Healy's e-mail to me dated February 18, as well as a change to s. 73.13. Please note the following about the substitute amendment:

- 1. The language regarding costs of retiring certain securities is included in the definition of "financing cost," which I think is more logical than including it in the definition of "environmental control cost."
- 2. I did not include "principal" in the definition of "financing cost" because I think it is already covered under "environmental control cost." However, perhaps I don't understand your intent on this issue. Also, I eliminated the reference to "debt service" in the definition of "financing cost," because I think "financing cost" should not refer to principal. (An accounting glossary that I consulted defines "debt service" as principal and interest.)
- 3. The proposed language regarding other appropriate conditions is included in proposed s. 196.027 (2) (b) 2. f.
- 4. Note that I added a reference to "subd. 4." in proposed s. 196.027 (2) (b) 2. a. and 5.
- 5. For proposed s. 196.027 (2) (c), the instructions provide that a subsequent financing order "may only permit the retirement and refunding of the environmental trust bonds subject to the terms of the original indenture." I did not include this language because I don't know what it means. "Indenture" is not otherwise used in the bill or substitute amendment. Can you suggest language that is consistent with the rest of the bill or substitute amendment, or, for my benefit, can you be more specific about your intent?
- 6. Proposed s. 196.027 (3) (b) does not include your "except as provided" language because I do not think that the exception is logically necessary.
- 7. Are my changes to proposed s. 196.027 (4) (a) consistent with your intent?
- 8. The last sentence of proposed s. 196.027 (5) (b) 2. refers to a "financial statement." Is that correct, or should it refer to a "financing statement"?
- 9. Should the definition of "energy utility" be revised to specifically refer to steam?

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