section does not impose liability for damages to property on both sides of any street, highway or alley arising from the use, maintenance, and operation of tracks or other public improvement legally laid down, built, or established in any street, highway, or alley prior to April 7, 1889. All rights of in property which would that could entitle the owners an owner to damages for injury thereto under the foregoing provisions this section may be condemned and permanently appropriated by any corporation authorized to use or obstruct any highway, street or alley that is listed in s. 32.02 in the same manner that other property may be condemned and appropriated by such by the corporation.

Note: No substantive change is intended. The special committee decided it was more appropriately placed in ch. 66.

Section 102. 80.48 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 103. 80.64 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1031, and 66.1031 (1), (2) and (3) (intro.) and (b), as renumbered, are amended to read:

village, or town in which a street or highway or part thereof of a street or highway is located, the county board, to promote the general welfare, may establish street and highway widths in excess of the widths in use and adopt plans showing the location and width proposed for any future street or highway, which shall not be subject to s. 80.32 82.19 (2). Streets or highways or plans therefor for streets or highways established or adopted under this section shall be shown on a map showing present and proposed street or highway lines and, except in counties having a population of 500,000 or more, property lines and owners. The map shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds. Notice of the recording shall be published as a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, in the territory any city, village, or town in which the affected streets

- or highways are located. The notice shall briefly set forth the action of the county board. The county board, upon like approval, publication and notice, may from time to time supplement or change the same, and such supplements or changes shall be similarly recorded in the office of the register of deeds.
- (2) The excess width for streets or highways in use for the right-of-way required for those planned, may be acquired at any time either in whole or in part by the state or, county or municipality, city, village, or town in which located; but no part shall be acquired in less than the full extent, in width, of the excess width to be made up of land on the same side of the street or highway, nor for less than the full length of such excess width lying within contiguous land owned by the same owner. Any land so acquired, whether the excess width is acquired for the full length of the street or highway or not, shall at once become available for highway purposes. The power to acquire such right-of-way or additional width in portions as provided herein in this section may be exercised to acquire the land on advantageous terms.
- (3) (intro.) In counties containing a population of 500,000 or more if, subsequent to the establishment of widths on streets or highways by a county board with the approval of the governing body of the municipality in which the streets or highways lie under sub. (2), in conformity with this section or s. 59.69, any area embracing a street or highway upon which a width has been established under this section is annexed to a city or village or becomes a city or village by incorporation, the city or village shall thereafter adhere to the established width, and shall not, subsequent to any annexation or incorporation, except with the approval of the county board, do any of the following:

1	(b) Permit or sanction any construction or development which that will
2	interfere with, prevent, or jeopardize the obtaining of the necessary right-of-way to
3	such established width.
	Note: No substantive change is intended, however, the special committee decided this provision was more appropriately placed in ch. 66.
4	SECTION 104. 80.65 of the statutes is repealed.
5	SECTION 105. Chapter 81 (title) of the statutes is repealed.
6	SECTION 106. 81.01 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (title) and
7	amended to read:
8	82.03 (title) Highways; duties Duties of town board.
9	SECTION 107. 81.01 (intro.) and (1) of the statutes are consolidated,
10	renumbered 82.03 (1) (a) and amended to read:
11	82.03(1)(a) The town board shall have the care and supervision of all highways
12	in the town, except as otherwise provided under the town's jurisdiction, including the
13	highways specified in s. 83.06. The town board shall: (1) Appoint may appoint in
14	writing if it deems advisable a superintendent of highways to supervise, under the
15	board's direction of the board, the construction and, repair of said, and maintenance
16	of the highways and bridges and fix the compensation and the amount of the bond
17	of such superintendent under the town's jurisdiction. Where no superintendent of
18	highways is appointed, it shall be the duty of the town board to perform all of the
19	duties that are prescribed by law for the superintendent of highways to perform.
20	SECTION 108. 81.01 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (1) (d) and amended
21	to read:

passable at all times

82.03 (1) (d) Provide The town board shall provide the superintendent of
highways with necessary forms and books made in compliance with standards
prescribed by the department of transportation.

SECTION 109. 81.01 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (2), and 82.03 (2) (intro.) and (b), as renumbered, are amended to read:

82.03 (2) Funding and Equipment. (intro.) Provide The town board shall provide machinery, implements, material, and equipment needed to construct, maintain, and repair said the highways and bridges under the town's jurisdiction, and for that purpose those purposes may acquire by purchase or by condemnation in the manner provided by under ch. 32 stone, gravel, sand, clay, earth, gravel pits and, stone quarries, but the and interests in land under s. 83.07. The total sum spent under this subsection in any year for construction, maintenance, and repair of highways and bridges may not exceed the product of \$5,000 multiplied by the miles of highway under the jurisdiction of the town measured by the most recent highway mileage for the town, as determined under s. 86.302, unless one of the following occurs:

(b) The town board, by resolution, submits to the electors of the town as a referendum at a general or special town election the question of exceeding the limit set under this subsection. A copy of the resolution shall be filed as provided in s. 8.37. The board shall abide by the majority vote of the electors of the town on the question. The question shall read as follows:

Shall the town of spend up to \$.... over, which is the annual limit of the product of \$5,000 multiplied by the miles of highway under the jurisdiction of the town measured by the most recent highway mileage for the town, as determined

1	under section 86.302 of the Wisconsin Statutes, for the construction, maintenance,
2	and repair of its highways and bridges?
3	FOR SPENDING $\ \square$ AGAINST SPENDING $\ \square$
	Note: In new s. 82.03 (2) (b), the ballot language has been changed. The change in the wording of the ballot makes the ballot include the actual amount that the town is already authorized to spend. Current law seems to only require a statement of the means by which the dollar limit is arrived at. The list of materials in current s. 81.06 has been added to new s. 82.03 (2).
4	SECTION 110. 81.01 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (3) and amended
5	to read:
6	82.03 (3) Oversight of superintendent. Compel The town board shall direct
7	the superintendent of highways from time to time to perform in the performance of
8	the superintendent's official duties.
9	SECTION 111. 81.01 (5), (6), (7) and (9) of the statutes are repealed.
	Note: The special committee decided that s. 81.01 (5, (6), (7), and (9) were obsolete.
10	SECTION 112. 81.01 (8) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (4) and amended
11	to read:
12	82.03 (4) CONTROL OF EXPENDITURES. Direct The town board shall direct when
13	and where all town moneys received from highway taxes and other available
14	
	highway funds shall be expended.
15	highway funds shall be expended. $ \textbf{SECTION 113.} \ \ 81.01 \ (10) \ \ \text{of the statutes is renumbered } 82.03 \ \ (5) \ \ \ (b) \ \ (intro) \ \ \text{and} $
15 16	
	SECTION 113. 81.01 (10) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (5) (b) (intro) and
16	SECTION 113. 81.01 (10) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (5) (b) (intro) and amended to read:
16 17	SECTION 113. 81.01 (10) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (5) (b) (intro) and amended to read: 82.03 (5) (b) (intro.) Enter The town supervisors may enter any private lands

<u>2. </u>	То	erect	or 1	remov	e snow	<u>fences</u>	as m	ay be	necessar	y to	keep	highways
reasona	bly:	free fr	om	snow	and op	en for t	ravel	during	g the winte	er se	eason.	
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Note: The new s. 82.03 (5) is based on current s. 81.01 (3) and the first one—third of current s. 81.06. It gives the supervisors the additional authority to enter private land in order to erect fences on the right—of—way. The new sub. (6) makes it clear that the town will be responsible for any resulting damages.

SECTION 114. 81.01 (11) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (7) and amended to read:

82.03 (7) <u>Highway names</u>. By The town board shall, by ordinance, assign a name to each of the roads in the town that are under town board the town's jurisdiction. No road name may be used on more than one road within the jurisdiction of the town.

SECTION 115. 81.02 (title) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 116. 81.02 of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (1) (b) and amended to read:

82.03 (1) (b) The town board may appoint more than one superintendent of highways. If more than one <u>superintendent</u> is appointed, the town board shall divide the town into as many districts as there are superintendents. The districts shall be numbered and a superintendent shall be assigned to each district. The term of office of highway superintendents shall be one year from the date of their appointment. A superintendent of highways may be compensated by a regular salary or by a per diem allowance, to be paid out of the highway fund or out of the general fund of the town. In addition to a salary or per diem compensation the superintendent may be paid out of either of said funds a stated amount for the maintenance and upkeep of a horse or automobile or motor truck. Such superintendent before entering upon the duties of superintendent shall execute an official bond in such sum as the town board

shall require, with sureties to be approved by the board, and file said bond with the

town clerk A superintendent may be a member of the town board.

Note: In new s. 82.03 (1), language was included to state that the superintendent of highways could be a member of the town board. Current s. 60.37 (4) (a) already authorizes this.

SECTION 117. 81.03 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 82.05 (title) and amended to read:

82.05 (title) Superintendent of highways; duties.

SECTION 118. 81.03 of the statutes is renumbered 82.05 (2) and amended to read:

82.05 (2) The superintendent of highways shall supervise the construction and maintenance of all highways in the superintendent's district that are required to be maintained by the town, and keep them passable at all times, and perform such other services in connection with said the highways as the town board requires, and keep a full account of all the superintendent's receipts and disbursements. The superintendent may make such arrangement arrange for the prosecution of the highway work as the superintendent deems considers necessary and appoint such supervisors as any overseers that the highway work requires.

(3) When any highway under the superintendent's charge becomes impassable, the superintendent shall put the same highway in passable condition as soon as practicable. The superintendent shall make a complete and full report of all funds received and disbursed by the superintendent whenever requested so to do by the town board, and shall also make a complete and full report to each annual town meeting. The superintendent, and in the superintendent's absence the town board, shall immediately upon notice of its existence fill or remove Upon actual notice of the existence of any depression, ditch, hump, or embankment which that impedes the

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1	use of any highway in under the superintendent's district charge, the
2	superintendent, or in the absence of a superintendent the chairperson of the town
3	board, shall as soon as practicable take action to make the highway safe for travel,
4	which may include closing the highway.

Note: Current s. 81.03 seemed to contemplate the superintendent having a separate set of accounting books and paying and receiving money. The special committee decided that such a system had the potential for fraud and confusion. Instead, new s. 82.05 (4) simply requires the superintendent to report all actions to the board, and the board can handle making and receiving payments.

In new sub. (3), the language has been changed from "notice" to "actual notice".

- SECTION 119. 81.04 of the statutes is repealed.
- 6 Section 120. 81.05 of the statutes is repealed.

Note: The special committee repealed s. 81.05 because it believed that it was no longer used by towns.

- 7 Section 121. 81.06 (title) of the statutes is repealed.
- SECTION 122. 81.06 of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (5) (a) and amended to read:
 - 82.03 (5) (a) The town board <u>supervisors</u> may enter upon any lands near any highway in the town and there <u>to</u> construct necessary drains or ditches or embankments for the improvement or protection of the highway; and may enter upon any unimproved lands near any highway in the town and take stone, gravel, sand, elay, earth or trees for the purposes of improving any highway, but shall carefully avoid doing any unnecessary injury to the premises; and may take stone, gravel or other suitable materials within the highway of the town to improve any highway therein. No such material shall be removed from any town without the consent of the town board unless the highway on which the same is found is maintained by the county, in which case the county may use the same for any highway purpose.
 - SECTION 123. 81.07 of the statutes is repealed.

Note: The contents of the notice and who must be served with notice have been changed to be consistent with the rest of the new ch. 82. Current s. 80.37 requires that the notice specify the highway "as near as may be" and that the notice be served on all interested parties. New s. 82.33 requires the notice to contain a legal description and scale map. In addition, the notice must be served on the parties specified in new s. 82.10 (4).

SECTION 99. 80.38 to 80.40 of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 100. 80.41 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1006 and amended to read:

resources approval of discontinuance. No resolution, ordinance, order, or similar action of any a town board or county board, or of a committee thereof of a town board or county board, discontinuing any highway, street, alley, or right—of—way that provides public access to any navigable lake or stream shall be effective until such resolution, ordinance, order, or similar action is approved by the department of natural resources.

Note: No substantive change is intended, however, the special committee decided this provision was more appropriately placed in ch. 66.

SECTION 101. 80.47 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1035 and amended to read:

highway, street, or alley shall have a common right in the free and unobstructed use thereof to its of the full width, and no of the highway, street, or alley. No town, village, city, county, company, or corporation shall close up, use, or obstruct any part of the highway, street, or alley so as to materially interfere with its usefulness as a highway or so as to damage abutting property abutting thereon, or permit the same to be done, without due just compensation being made for any resulting damage resulting therefrom to the owners of land upon either side of such highway, street or alley. This

1	SECTION 124. 81.08 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 82.35 (title).
2	SECTION 125. 81.08 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 82.35 (1) (a) and amended
3	to read:
4	82.35 (1) (a) When any highway shall be is practically impassable or be
5	dangerous to travel or when it shall be deemed.
6	(b) When the town board considers it necessary on account of construction or
7	repair work thereon or for other reasons to suspend travel thereon or upon on a
8	highway or on any part of such a highway, the town board may upon its own motion
9	lay out and open temporary highways for the accommodation of public travel through
10	any lands due to construction, repair, or other reasons.
11	(2) (a) The board may contract in writing with the owner or occupant, or both,
12	<u>lessee</u> of any land through which it proposes to lay out such <u>a</u> temporary highways
13	highway, as to the location of the same highway, and the damages that the owner or
14	occupant lessee is to receive, which. The contract shall be filed with the town clerk.
15	(b) In the absence of such \underline{a} contract under par. (a), the board shall determine
16	by the location of the temporary highway and the award of damages. Unless an
17	emergency exists, the board shall serve the landowner with notice of the location of
18	the highway and the award of damages and shall provide the landowner with 48
19	hours to object. The town board shall file a written order filed with the town clerk
20	both specifying the location of the temporary highway and the damages, and may
21	immediately open such temporary highways. Such highways awarded.
22	(4) A temporary highway shall exist only so long as needed and shall be deemed
23	considered vacated and discontinued when the permanent highway is again opened
24	for public travel.

Note: The special committee was concerned that current law does not satisfy due process. Unless there is an emergency, new s. 82.35 requires notice to the landowner and 48 hours to object.

1	Section 126. 81.08 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 82.35 (2) (c) and amended
2	to read:
3	82.35 (2) (c) The owner or occupant of any land occupied by such a temporary
4	highway may, at any time after it is opened and within 30 days after it is so vacated
5	or discontinued, apply to the town board to determine the owner's or occupant's
6	damages; and thereafter the same proceedings may be had as in the case of a claim
7	for damages under s. 81.07.
8	Section 127. 81.08 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 82.35 (3) and amended
9	to read:
10	82.35 (3) In case such If a temporary highway is opened in connection with or
11	on account of road and or bridge construction, the damages agreed upon or awarded
12	pursuant to this section may be treated as part of the construction cost and paid out
13	of the construction funds in the customary manner of disbursing the same.
14	SECTION 128. 81.11 (title) and (1) to (4) of the statutes are repealed.
15	SECTION 129. 81.11 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 82.25 and amended to
16	read:
17	82.25 Highway taxes for limited-use road. The Notwithstanding s. 60.10
18	(1) (a) and (2) (a), the town board, upon its own authority and without direction from
19	the annual town meeting, may levy and collect a tax on property located in a recorded
20	and filed plat that existed on January 1, 2003, situated in a town requiring the
21	approval of such town board, and adjoining a private road used by the public located
22	therein, and on property adjoining, where the owner regularly uses such road which
23	is not a portion of any town, county, state, or federal highway system, not exceeding

3 mills for each dollar of assessed valuation thereof. The proceeds of such the tax shall be expended for the improvement and maintenance of any private roads used by the public located within such the recorded and filed plat. The town board shall not expend any of such the funds collected under this section upon a private driveway.

Note: Section 82.25 is based on current s. 81.11 (5). The language was changed to limit its application to plats in existence on January 1, 2003. Subsections (1) through (4) of current s. 81.11 were deleted because the special committee decided that they were obsolete.

Current ss. 81.12 and 81.39, 80.30 (2) through (5), and the 2nd-to-last sentence of s. 80.02 were not carried over into this bill. The special committee decided that these provisions were obsolete or better covered by other parts of the statutes.

SECTION 130. 81.12 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 131. 81.14 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1029 (title) and amended to read:

66.1029 (title) Highways; refusal of town to open; appeal to county board; cost of opening Appeal of the refusal to open or repair a highway or bridge.

SECTION 132. 81.14 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1029 (1) (a) and amended to read:

66.1029 (1) (a) If any town, or towns in case of a town line highway, either by the proper officers, or by a majority vote of the electors voting on such question, refuse, fail or neglect to city, village, or town does not open and put in reasonable condition for travel a highway, within one year from the date when it on which the highway was laid out, or refuse, fail or neglect to does not repair any highway or build or repair any a bridge thereon, in such town or towns, any on a highway, 15 freeholders thereof of the city, village, or town may appeal to the county board of the county in which the highway or bridge is situated located, by notice in writing served

on the chairperson or chairpersons county clerk, with copies delivered to the clerk of the city, village, or town or towns.

- (b) For the purpose of this section all, highways on city, village, or town lines, which shall that have been apportioned between the respective cities, villages, or towns shall be considered as wholly within the city, village, or town to which such the part of said the highway or bridge is apportioned. In case of town highways which are upon If a highway is on county lines and which have has not been apportioned for the purpose of maintenance authority and responsibility, the appeal may be made to the county board of either county. When it is appealed to,
- (c) Upon receipt of an appeal, the county board shall, at the next regular meeting, either by a majority of its members or by a committee of not less than 3, examine such highway or bridge, and if they determine that it ought to be put in reasonable condition for travel or ought to be repaired,. If it determines that the appeal should be granted, the county board shall thereupon appropriate therefor sufficient funds to defray the estimated cost of opening or repairing the highway or building or repairing the bridge, and the chairperson of the county board shall cause the highway to be opened and put in reasonable condition for travel or cause the bridge to be repaired or built, and shall keep an accurate account of the expense thereof, and such. The expense, when audited and allowed by the county board, shall be charged to the town and affected cities, villages, or towns in amounts and proportions that the county board shall determine and shall be added to the next county tax apportioned therete and collected therewith.

Section 133. 81.14 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1029 (2) and amended to read:

agreed to by the city, village, or town, to put any county line highway in reasonable condition for travel any county line highway, the adjoining county may, after not less than 20 30 days' notice in writing given to the county clerk of such the other county, put such the highway in reasonable condition for travel and keep an accurate account of the expense thereof.—Such. The expense, when audited and allowed by the county board, shall be prorated and charged to the county whose duty it is to keep the highway in condition for travel. Such county may then charge the expense to the affected city, village, or town whose duty it is to keep the highway in repair and add it to the next county tax, apportion it thereto and collect it therewith apportioned and collected.

SECTION 134. 81.14 (3) of the statutes is repealed.

Section 135. 81.14 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1029 (3) and amended to read:

between cities, villages, or towns for the purpose of maintenance, and where authority and responsibility, an appeal may be taken to the county board of any county bounded by said the highway, the. The expense incurred in opening and putting in reasonable condition for travel such highway, or in repairing it the highway, or in building or repairing any bridge thereon on the highway, shall be paid primarily by the county to which the appeal is taken, and by said county apportioned. The county to which the appeal is taken shall apportion the expense among all of the counties which that are bounded in whole or in part by such the highway, and the proportionate share of such costs and expense shall be paid by the other counties. The other counties shall pay their apportioned share to the county to which the

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When the expense has been paid by the counties liable therefor it shall be charged by the respective counties to their proper towns and added, the counties shall charge their affected cities, villages, or towns and add the charge to the next county tax apportioned to such the cities, villages, or towns and collected therewith.

Note: Under current s. 81.14, the county's oversight is only over towns. This section expands the county's oversight to cities and villages. Since the county is given the same oversight over cities and villages, the section has been moved to ch. 66.

New s. 66.1029 changes where the application must be delivered. Under current s. 81.14, an appeal is begun by serving notice on the chairperson of town or towns. Since the appeal is to the county, the special committee decided that it would be more appropriate to serve the notice on the county. Thus, new s. 66.1029 requires service on the county clerk and copies to be delivered to the towns.

Current s. 81.14 (3) was deleted. That subsection concerned highways that were laid out by commissioners reversing the decision of the supervisors. The provisions for commissioners reversing supervisors was eliminated in 1995 Wisconsin Act 186.

In new sub. (2), the language about a county failing to aid in putting the highway in reasonable condition was changed to require a plan to put the highway in reasonable condition that is agreed to by the town or village. In addition, new sub. (2) was modified to require 30 rather than 20 days' notice.

SECTION 136. 81.15 of the statutes is renumbered 893.83 (1) and amended to read:

MUNICIPALITY. If damages happen to any person or his or her property by reason of the insufficiency or want of repairs of any highway which that any town, city, or village is bound to keep in repair, the person sustaining the damages has a right to recover the damages from the town, city, or village. If the damages happen by reason of the insufficiency or want of repairs of a highway which that any county by law or by agreement with any town, city, or village is bound to keep in repair, or which that occupies any land owned and controlled by the county, the county is liable for the damages and the claim for damages shall be against the county. If the damages happen by reason of the insufficiency or want of repairs of a bridge erected or maintained at the expense of 2 or more towns, cities, villages, or counties, the action

shall be brought against all of the towns, cities, villages, or counties that are liable for the repairs of the bridge and upon. Upon recovery of judgment, the damages and costs shall be paid by the towns, cities, villages, or counties in the proportion in which they are liable for the repairs; and the. The court may direct the judgment to be collected from each town, city, village, or county for its proportion only. The amount recoverable by any person for any damages so sustained shall not exceed \$50,000. The procedures under s. 893.80 shall apply to the commencement of actions brought under this section subsection. No action may be maintained to recover damages for injuries sustained by reason of an accumulation of snow or ice upon any bridge or highway, unless the accumulation existed for 3 weeks.

SECTION 137. 81.17 of the statutes is renumbered 893.83 (2) and amended to read:

damages happen to any person or property by reason of any defect in any highway or other public ground, or from any other cause for which any town, city, village, or county would be liable, and such damages are caused by, or arise from, the wrong, default, or negligence thereof and of any person, or private corporation, such person or private corporation shall be primarily liable therefor; but the. The town, city, village, or county may be sued with the person or private corporation so primarily liable. If the town, city, village, or county denies its primary liability and proves upon whom such liability rests, the judgment shall be against all of the defendants shown by the verdict or finding to be liable for the damages; but judgment. Judgment against the town, city, village, or county shall not be enforceable until execution has been issued against the party found to be primarily liable and returned unsatisfied in whole or in part; on. On such return being made, the defendant town, city, village,

or county shall be bound by the judgment. The unpaid balance shall be collected in the same way as other judgments.

Note: Section 893.83 is based on current ss. 81.15 and 81.17. The special committee decided it was more appropriately placed in ch. 893. Though some of the language has been modified to make it more current, no substantive change is intended.

Section 138. 81.35 of the statutes is renumbered 82.37 and amended to read:
82.37 Tunnel under highway by landowner. The owner of land on both sides of a town highway may construct a tunnel under the highway, and the necessary may erect fences for the passage of stock, and other purposes, in such manner as will that are necessary for the use of the tunnel. The tunnel shall not interfere with or endanger travel on the highway. The tunnel shall not be less than 25 feet in length and shall be maintained by the owner. The owner shall maintain the tunnel and shall be liable for all damages which may be occasioned by that occur as a result of the failure to keep the tunnel in repair. Unless authorized by a town meeting, the tunnel shall not be less than 25 feet in length. The electors of the town at an annual town meeting may authorize the construction of any designated a tunnel not less than that is less than 25 feet, but at least 16 feet in length. The chairperson of the town shall see that all tunnels in the town are made in accordance with this section and that they are kept in good repair.

Section 139. 81.36 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 140. 81.38 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 82.08 (title).

SECTION 141. 81.38 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 82.08 (1) and amended to read:

82.08 (1) <u>Petitions</u>. When any <u>A</u> town <u>that</u> has voted to construct or repair any culvert or bridge <u>or culvert</u> on a highway <u>maintainable maintained</u> by the town, and has provided for such portion of the cost of such construction or repair as is required

- by this section, the town board shall may file a petition with the county board setting forth said facts and for county aid with the county highway commissioner. The petition shall describe the location and size of the culvert or bridge; and bridge or culvert and shall contain a statement that the town has provided the funds required by sub. (3).
- (2) Funding requirements. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), upon receipt of a petition for a bridge or culvert with a 36-inch or greater span, or a structure of equivalent capacity to carry water, the county board, except as herein provided, shall thereupon appropriate such the sum as will, with the money provided by the town, be sufficient to defray the expense of constructing or repairing such culvert or bridge, required by sub. (3) and shall levy a tax therefor, which. The tax, when collected, shall be disbursed on the order of the chairperson of the county board and the county clerk, when the town board and county highway committee files a written notice with the clerk that the work has been completed and accepted held in a separate account administered by the county highway committee.
- (b) If on January 1, 2003, a county has a policy of providing funding only for bridges and culverts larger than the requirement of par. (a), the county may refuse to fund bridges and culverts that do not meet the minimum requirements of that policy. The minimum size bridge or culvert that a county is required to fund under this section may be raised, but not lowered, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the towns in the county. The county board of any county which that has never granted aid under this section may, in its discretion, refuse to make any appropriation all petitions under sub. (1).

Note: Current s. 81.38 requires all petitions for county aid to be granted. The special committee had a number of discussions about whether the county should be

involved in projects that are very small, and about the fact that some counties currently put a minimum size requirement on the bridges and culverts that they fund.

The new s. 80.28 (2) limits the funding requirements to bridges or culverts with a span of 36 inches or greater. However, counties that had a greater size requirement in place on January 1, 2003 can continue to abide by that policy. In addition, the size limit can be raised, but not lowered, by the vote of the majority of towns in the county. Current s. 81.38 also seemed to require the town to apply to the county for aid. That has been changed so that a town "may" apply for aid. Finally, the new sub. (2) requires the tax that the county levies to be held in a separate account.

SECTION 142. 81.38 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 82.08 (3) and amended to read:

\$1,500. The town and county shall each pay one—half of the cost of construction or repair above \$1,500. In determining the cost of construction or repair of any culvert or bridge or culvert, the cost of constructing or repairing any approach not exceeding 100 feet in length shall be included.

NOTE: New sub. (3) changes the way projects are funded. The current law requires the town to pay for the first \$750, the county to pay for the second \$750, and the town and county to split amounts in excess of \$1,500. The new sub. (3) requires a straight 50% split.

SECTION 143. 81.38 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 82.08 (4) and amended to read:

82.08 (4) EMERGENCY PETITION. Whenever the construction or repair of any such culvert or bridge or culvert must be made without delay, the town board may file its petition with the county clerk and the county highway committee, setting forth the facts respecting explaining the necessity for immediate construction or repairs. It shall then be the duty of the town board and the county highway committee to make such construction or repairs with the least possible delay. The town board is authorized to borrow the entire cost of the work, and to include the town's share of such cost in the next tax levy construct or repair the bridge or culvert as soon as practicable. The construction or repair of a culvert or bridge performed and accepted or culvert undertaken pursuant to this subsection shall entitle the town to the same

1	county aid that the town would have been entitled to had it filed its petition with the
2	county board as provided in sub. (1).
3	SECTION 144. 81.38 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 82.08 (5) and amended
4	to read:
5	82.08 (5) Supervision over design, construction, and cost. The county
6	highway committee and the town board shall have full charge of design, sizing,
7	letting, inspecting, and accepting the work construction or repair, but the town board
, 8	may leave the matter entirely in the hands of the county highway committee. The
9	county highway committee and the town board must agree on the cost of the project
10	and must consult each other during construction.
	Note: New sub. (5) adds the requirement that the town and county mutually agree on costs and consult with each other during construction.
11	SECTION 145. 81.38 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 82.08 (6) and amended
12	to read:
13	82.08 (6) Construction requirements. No county order may be drawn under
14	sub. (1) (2) for the construction of an arch, culvert or \underline{a} bridge or culvert unless it is
15	constructed in a workmanlike manner and built of creosoted wood or timber, steel,
16	stone or concrete or a combination thereof, and the design and construction comply
17	with requirements under s. 84.01 (23).
	Note: New sub. (6) does not carry over the language from current s. 82.38 (5) that specified what materials the culvert or bridge should be made of. The special committee decided that the list was unnecessary and that some of the listed materials were outdated.
18	SECTION 146. 81.38 (6) of the statutes is renumbered 61.48 and amended to
19	read:
20	61.48 County aid for construction and repair of bridges and culverts.
21	Any village, by a resolution adopted by a two-thirds majority vote of all members of
22	the village board, may elect to become subject to all of the provisions of this section

Such s. 82.08 by a resolution adopted by a two-thirds majority vote of all of the members of the village board. The election to become subject to s. 82.08 shall be effective when a certified copy of such the resolution is filed with the county board and approved by a majority of the towns and villages in the county that are already subject to s. 82.08 vote of the members of the county board representing towns and representing villages which have become subject to the provisions of this section as provided in this subsection; and thereafter, until such to approve the village's election. Until the village ceases to be subject to the provisions of this section s. 82.08, the words "town" and "town board" as used in this section s. 82.08 shall also apply respectively to such to the village and its village board. A village which that has become subject to the provisions of this section as provided in this subsection s. 82.08 may cease to be subject to such provisions only that section by the adoption of a resolution and its approval by the county board in the same manner and by the same procedure by which a as the village may become became subject to such provisions as provided in this subsection that section.

Note: Since it concerns villages, the special committee decided current s.81.38 (6) was more appropriately placed in ch. 61. New s. 61.48 changes how the election to be subject to the provisions of new s. 82.08 is approved. The current language in s. 81.38 requires approval "...by a majority vote of the members of the county board representing towns and villages that have become subject to this section". Since the members of the county board no longer represent towns and villages in that manner, new s. 61.48 requires a vote of the majority of the towns and villages that are already subject to s. 82.08.

Section 147. 81.38 (7) of the statutes is renumbered 82.08 (7) and amended to read:

82.08 (7) No TAX. Except as provided in sub. (6) and s. ss. 61.48 and 84.14 (3), nothing herein contained in this section shall authorize the levy of a tax upon the property in any city or village which that is required to maintain its own bridges.

SECTION 148. 81.39 of the statutes is repealed.

1 Section 149. 81.42 (tit.	le) of the statutes is repealed.
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SECTION 150. 81.42 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (8) and amended to read:

82.03 (8) Use of dams as roadways. The town board may contract with the owner of any a dam with that has a roadway thereon on it for the use of such the roadway for highway purposes for such period of time as the board may determine. The contract shall provide that who shall be responsible for keeping the roadway shall at all times be kept in repair by the owner and may be for a period of time that the board determines.

NOTE: The language of current s. 81.42 (1) requires the contract to provide that the owner of the dam keep the roadway in repair at all times. New s. 82.03 (8) changes this language to require only that the contract specify who shall keep the road in repair.

SECTION 151. 81.42 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 82.09 and amended to read:

82.09 County aid for dams used for bridges. Whenever any A town board shall may file its a petition with the county board, setting forth the fact that said stating that the town board has voted to acquire the right to use any such a roadway, designating as near as may be the location of such dam and roadway, and stating on a dam. The petition shall contain a legal description and scale map of the dam and roadway, and shall state the amount agreed to be paid to the owner for the use thereof of the roadway. Upon receipt of a petition, the county board shall appropriate a sum equal to one—half 50 percent of the amount se agreed to be paid for such the use, and. The county board shall, on the order of the chairperson of the county board and county clerk, cause such sum to be paid to the treasurer of said the town on the order of the chairperson of the county board and county clerk whenever the town board

shall notify them notifies the county highway commissioner that a contract for the 1 $\mathbf{2}$ use of such the roadway has been executed. Note: The contents of the petition have been changed. The original language required the petition to designate "as near as may be" the location of the dam and roadway. New s. 82.09 requires a legal description and scale map. SECTION 152. Chapter 82 (title) of the statutes is created to read: 3 4 **CHAPTER 82** 5 TOWN HIGHWAYS 6 Section 153. Subchapter I (title) of chapter 82 [precedes 82.01] of the statutes 7 is created to read: 8 CHAPTER 82 9 SUBCHAPTER I 10 FUNDING AND GOVERNANCE 11 **SECTION 154.** 82.01 (intro.), (1) to (7) and (9) to (11) of the statutes are created 12 to read: 13 82.01 Definitions. (intro.) In this chapter, the following words and phrases 14 have the designated meanings unless specifically noted: (1) "Department" means the department of transportation. 15 (2) "Freeholder" means a person who owns a fee simple or life estate interest 16 17 in land, a person who is a land contract vendee, or a person who has an interest in 18 land arising under ch. 766. (3) "Highway order" means an order laying out, altering, or discontinuing a 19 highway or a part of a highway, that contains a legal description of what the order 20 intends to accomplish and a scale map of the land affected by the order. 21 (4) "Laid out" means any formal act or process by which a municipality 22 23 determines the location of a highway.

(5) "Legal description" means a complete description of land without internal
references to any other document, and shall be described in one of the following ways:
(a) By metes and bounds commencing at a monument at the section or quarter
section corner or at the end of a boundary line of a recorded private claim or federal
reservation in which the annexed land is located and in one of the following ways:
1. By government lot.
2. By recorded private claim.
3. By quarter section, section, township, and range.
(b) If the land is located in a recorded and filed subdivision or in an area that
is subject to a certified survey map, by reference as described in s. 236.28 or 236.34
(3).
(6) "Municipality" means a city, village, or town.
(7) "Opened" means the completion of work on a highway that places the
highway in a condition ready for public use.
(9) "Town line highway" means a highway that runs on or across the boundary
line between a town and another town, a village, or a city.
(10) "Unrecorded highway" means a highway that is not a recorded highway.
(11) "Worked" means action of the town in regularly maintaining a highway
for public use, including hauling gravel, grading, clearing or plowing, and any other
maintenance by or on behalf of the town on the road.
SECTION 155. 82.03 (1) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
82.03 (1) (title) Oversight of highways, superintendent of highways.
SECTION 156. 82.03 (1) (c), (5) (title) and (c), (6) and (9) to (19) of the statutes
are created to read:

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82.03 (1)	(c) Th	ne town bo	ard shall fi	ix th	e compensat	ion a	nd r	nay r	equire a	and
set the amount	of a b	ond of the	superinter	den	t. The town	board	l ma	y rei	mburse	$ ext{the}$
superintendent	for	expenses	incurred	in	performing	his	or	her	duties	as
superintendent	•									
(5) (title)	MAIN	ITENANCE.	(c) To ere	ct oı	n the right—c	f–wa	y fe	nces	other th	ıan

- snow fences.
- (6) LIABILITY. The town shall be responsible for any damage resulting from activities undertaken under the authority granted by sub. (5).
- (9) RUSTIC ROADS. As specified in s. 83.42, the town board shall maintain the rustic roads under its jurisdiction and may apply to have a highway designated as a rustic road or withdrawn from the rustic road system.
- (10) ADDITIONS TO AND DELETIONS FROM COUNTY TRUNK HIGHWAY SYSTEM. The town board shall approve or deny additions to and deletions from the county trunk highway system as provided in s. 83.025 (1).
- (11) EMERGENCY CLOSURE OF COUNTY TRUNK HIGHWAY. The town chairperson may close county trunk highways when they have been rendered dangerous for travel and immediately notify the county highway commissioner under s. 83.09.
- (12) CONTROLLED-ACCESS HIGHWAYS. The town board shall work with the county and other governmental bodies in establishing and maintaining controlled-access highways under s. 83.027.
- (13) COUNTY-CONTROLLED HIGHWAYS IN A TOWN. The town board may contract under s. 83.035 with the county to enable the county to construct and maintain streets and highways in the town.
- (14) PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT. The town board may purchase road building and maintenance supplies from the county under s. 83.018.

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the date of their appointment.

1	(15) AGREEMENTS WITH OTHER GOVERNMENTAL BODIES. The town board, under s.								
2	83.027 (9), may enter into agreements with other governmental bodies respecting the								
3	financing, planning, establishment, improvement, maintenance, use, regulation, or								
4	vacation of controlled-access highways or other public ways in their respective								
5	jurisdictions.								
6	(16) COUNTY AID HIGHWAYS. The town board may improve county aid highway								
7	under s. 83.14.								
8	(17) HIGHWAY LIGHTING. The town board may provide lighting for highways								
9	located in the town under s. 60.50 (4).								
10	(18) SOLID WASTE TRANSPORTATION. The town board may designate highways on								
11	which solid waste may be transported under s. 60.54.								
12	(19) TUNNELS UNDER HIGHWAYS. The town board shall ensure that all tunnels								
13	constructed pursuant to s. 82.37 are constructed in accordance with the								
14	requirements of s. 82.37 and are kept in good repair by the landowner.								
	Note: Current s. 81.02 requires the superintendent to file a bond before assuming office. The special committee discussed this requirement and concluded that town boards rarely require such bonds. As a result, s. 82.03 (1) gives the board discretion over whether to require a bond. Current s. 81.02 specifies what fund the superintendent may be paid from. The special committee discussed this requirement and decided it should be left to the town board's discretion. New s. 82.03 (9) through (18) are simply cross—references to sections outside of this chapter. They have been added to create a more comprehensive list of the duties of the town board in relation to the highways under its jurisdiction. New s. 82.03 (19) is based on the last sentence of current s. 81.35. No substantive change is intended.								
15	Section 157. 82.05 (1) of the statutes is created to read:								

82.05 (1) The term of office of highway superintendents shall be one year from

Section 158. 82.05 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

1	82.05 (4) The superintendent shall routinely notify the town board of all
2	highway work.
3	SECTION 159. 82.08 (8) of the statutes is created to read:
4	82.08 (8) ADMINISTRATION CHARGE. The county may charge the towns that apply
5	for aid under this section an administration charge. The administration charge shall
6	be fixed as a percentage of the total costs of administering aid under this section and
7	the percentage shall be no more than the percentage that the county charges the
8	state for records and reports.
9	SECTION 160. Subchapter II (title) of chapter 82 [precedes 82.10] of the statutes
10	is created to read:
11	CHAPTER 82
12	SUBCHAPTER II
13	BASIC PROCEDURES
14	SECTION 161. 82.10 (title), (1) (b), (2), (4) (title) and (b) and (5) of the statutes
15	are created to read:
16	82.10 (title) Initiation of procedures.
17	(1) (b) A scale map of the land that would be affected by the application.
18	(2) RESOLUTION. Notwithstanding sub. (1), the town board may initiate the
19	process of laying out, altering, or discontinuing a town highway by the introduction
20	of a resolution. The resolution shall contain all of the following:
21	(a) A legal description of the highway to be discontinued or of the proposed
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	highway to be laid out or altered.
23	highway to be laid out or altered. (b) A scale map of the land that would be affected by the resolution.

1	(b) If procedures are begun under sub. (1), the applicants shall bear the cost of
2	publication. If the procedures are begun under sub. (2), the town shall bear the cost
3	of publication.
4	(5) LIS PENDENS. In the case of an application under sub. (1), the applicant shall
5	file a lis pendens under s. 840.11. In the case of a resolution under sub. (2), the board
6	shall file a lis pendens within 10 days of the introduction of the resolution.
	Note: Current s. 80.02 seemed to require the petition of 6 resident freeholders to lay, alter, or discontinue a highway. Section 82.10 now allows the board to lay, alter, or discontinue a highway on its own initiative by the introduction of a resolution. After introduction, the resolution is treated the same as an application.
7	SECTION 162. 82.11 (title) of the statutes is created to read:
8	82.11 (title) Meeting.
9	SECTION 163. 82.12 (title) of the statutes is created to read:
10	82.12 (title) Highway order.
11	SECTION 164. 82.14 (title), (1) and (3) of the statutes are created to read:
12	82.14 (title) Acquiring rights to land; damages from discontinuance.
13	(1) Unless the acquisition can be made by mutual agreement, the town board shall
14	utilize the procedures under s. 32.05 to acquire rights to land for the purpose of laying
15	out or altering a town highway.
16	(3) An owner of property abutting on a discontinued highway whose property
17	is damaged by the discontinuance may recover damages as provided in ch. 32.
	Note: The special committee decided to eliminate the provisions for acquiring land in chs. 80 and 81 in favor of requiring the town to utilize the procedures under s. 32.05. As a result, the following provisions were not carried over into this bill: ss. 80.09, 80.10, 80.30 (1), and 80.24 through 80.29. New s. 82.14 (3) is based on language that appears in current ss. 66.1003 (4) and s. 62.73 (3).
18	SECTION 165. 82.15 of the statutes is created to read:
19	82.15 Appeal of a highway order. Any person aggrieved by a highway order,
20	or a refusal to issue such an order, may seek judicial review under s. 68.13. If the

highway is on the line between 2 counties, the appeal may be in the circuit court of 1 2 either county. Note: Section 82.15 is based on current s. 80.17. Current s. 80.17 states that the failure to act on an application within 60 days shall be deemed a refusal. The special committee decided that the town board should have to consider the application and affirmatively make a decision. New s. 82.12 creates a 90-day timeline for the board to act, and the failure to act shall not be deemed a refusal. 3 **SECTION 166.** 82.16 (3) of the statutes is created to read: 82.16 (3) It shall be presumed that a release was given by the owners of the 4 5 lands over which the highway was laid out and the public shall be entitled to use the 6 full width of the highway, as laid out, without further compensation if all of the 7 following apply: (a) An order laying out the highway has been filed for more than 30 years. 8 (b) No award of damages or agreement or release has been filed. 9 (c) The highway, or a part of the highway, has been used by the public and public 10 11 money has been expended on the highway for at least 5 years. Note: New s. 82.16 (3) is based on the last sentence of current s. 80.07 (1). No substantive change is intended. 12 **SECTION 167.** 82.19 (2) (b) 1. of the statutes is created to read: 82.19 (2) (b) 1. In this paragraph, "vehicular travel" means travel using any 13 motor vehicle required to be registered under ch. 341 or exempt from registration 14 15 under s. 341.05. SECTION 168. Subchapter III (title) of chapter 82 [precedes 82.21] of the 16 17 statutes is created to read: 18 CHAPTER 82 19 SUBCHAPTER III 20 SPECIAL PROCEDURES

1	Section 169. 82.21 (1) (a) and (b), (4) (title) and (5) (title) of the statutes are
2	created to read:
3	82.21 (1) (a) Six resident freeholders of the town, city, or village deliver an
4	application to lay out, alter, or discontinue a town line highway to the clerk of every
5	town, city, or village that would be affected by the proposal.
6	(b) The town board, city council, or village board introduces a resolution to lay
7	out, alter, or discontinue a town line highway.
8	(4) (title) Apportionment of authority and responsibility.
9	(5) (title) APPEAL OF APPORTIONMENT.
10	SECTION 170. 82.27 (title), (1), (5) (c) and (d), (9) and (10) of the statutes are
11	created to read:
12	82.27 (title) Landlocked property and property with insufficient
13	highway access. (1) Definition. In this section, "advantages" means the greater
14	of the following:
15	(a) The increase in value of the landlocked property after the highway is laid
16	out or the way or road is widened.
17	(b) The administrative costs under sub. (5), and the estimated cost of
18	constructing or widening the highway, including both the cost of constructing a
19	turnaround, if one is necessary, and the damages paid to the owner of the land over
20	which the highway is laid out or the way or road is widened.
21	(5) (c) Administrative costs such as clerical costs and publication costs.
22	(d) If special meetings are held only for the purpose of considering the
23	application, per diem compensation for the supervisors.

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(9) LIMIT ON APPLICATIONS. The determination to deny an application under this
section shall be final for the term of 3 years. No application to lay out a highway to
the same property shall be considered within 3 years from the date of the refusal.

(10) HIGHWAY TO REMAIN PUBLIC FOR AT LEAST 2 YEARS. A highway laid out under this section shall be a public road and shall remain and be maintained as a public road for at least 2 years from the date of the order.

Note: The definition of "advantages" in s. 82.27 (1) is new. Under current s. 80.13, the term "advantages" is not defined. In *Roberts v. Town of Springvale*, 204 Wis. 2d 110, 552 N.W.2d 898, the court held that advantages ". . . refers to how much of a financial benefit has inured to the applicant or the enhancement in value of the applicant's land as a result of the town's decision to lay the highway". While the special committee agreed that this was a reasonable construction of the statutory language, it decided that the costs should be allocated differently. Constructing a highway could increase the value of the landlocked property by a far smaller amount than the cost of construction. The result would be that the town would pay the difference between the construction cost and the increased property value. The special committee decided that since the highway would primarily benefit the landowner, the landowner should bear the cost. The new s. 82.27 retains the term "advantages", but defines it as the greater of the increased value of the property or the estimated cost of constructing the highway and the damages paid to the owner.

Section 82.27 (9) and (10) are new. The special committee discussed the fact that landlocked property owners sometimes file repeated applications to wear down the town board. Thus, new sub. (9) puts a 3-year limit on filing a new application. The special committee also discussed the potential problem of a town constructing the highway and then immediately giving the highway back to the applicant. New sub. (10) requires the highway to remain a public highway for at least 2 years.

SECTION 171. Subchapter IV (title) of chapter 82 [precedes 82.31] of the statutes is created to read:

9 CHAPTER 82

10 SUBCHAPTER IV

11 EXISTING HIGHWAYS

SECTION 172. 82.35 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is created to read:

82.35 (1) (intro.) The town board, upon its own motion, may lay out and open temporary highways through any lands in the following situations:

SECTION 173. 83.015 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

83.015 (2) (b) In any county with a highway commissioner appointed under s. 83.01 (1) (b) or (c), the county highway committee shall be only a policy—making body determining the broad outlines and principles governing administration and the county highway commissioner shall have the administrative powers and duties prescribed for the county highway committee under par. (a), sub. (3) (a) and ss. 27.065 (4) (b) and (13), 32.05 (1) (a), 81.38 (1), (3) and (4), 82.08, 83.01 (6), 83.013, 83.018, 83.025 (1) and (3), 83.026, 83.035, 83.04, 83.05 (1), 83.07 to 83.09, 83.12, 83.14 (6), 83.17, 83.18, 83.42 (3) and (4), 84.01 (5), 84.06 (3), 84.07 (1) and (2), 84.09 (1), (3) (a) to (c) and (4), 84.10 (1), 86.04 (1) and (2), 86.07 (2), 86.19 (3), 86.34 (1), 114.33 (5), 349.07 (2), 349.11 (4) and (10) and 349.15 (2). No statutory power, duty or function specified elsewhere for the county highway commissioner may be deemed impliedly repealed for the sole reason that reference to it has been omitted in this paragraph.

SECTION 174. 83.09 of the statutes is amended to read:

83.09 Emergency repairs of county trunk highways. Whenever a flood or other casualty renders any county trunk highway dangerous for travel, the town chairperson shall may immediately close it and notify the county highway commissioner thereof, and the commissioner shall promptly make repairs necessary to render the highway safe for travel. If sufficient funds are not available in the county maintenance fund, the commissioner may, with the consent of the chairperson of the county board or of the county highway committee, make the necessary repairs, and the cost thereof shall be paid as soon as funds are available.

Note: In the course of discussing a cross-reference to current s. 83.09, the special committee discussed that section's use of mandatory language. The special committee concluded that it should be changed to "may". The special committee members had concerns about the mandatory language breeding litigation and about the town using this authority unnecessarily.

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SECTION 176.	83.18 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 83.18 and amended to
read:	

83.18 Entry on lands. For constructing or maintaining any highway by the county, the county highway committee or commissioner shall possess all of the powers to acquire and enter lands conferred upon town boards by s. 81.06 82.03 (2) and (5).

Section 177. 83.18 (2) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 178. 83.19 of the statutes is amended to read:

83.19 Temporary highways and detours. When any highway which is maintained or to be maintained by the county shall be practically impassable or be dangerous to travel or when it shall be deemed necessary on account of construction or repair work thereon or for other reasons to suspend travel upon any part of such highway, the county highway commissioner may lay out and open temporary highways for the accommodation of public travel through any lands, and the county highway commissioner shall possess the powers conferred by s. 81.08 82.35 upon town boards. Said powers shall be exercised by the county highway commissioner in like manner and the procedure shall be the same except that the contract and orders and claim for damages and other papers relating to the matter shall be filed with the county clerk, and claims for damages shall be acted upon by the county board in the manner provided by s. 893.80.

Section 179. 84.02 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.02 (1) DESIGNATION. The system of highways known as the trunk highway system heretofore selected and laid out by the legislature and by the highway commission and by special legislative state trunk highway committees and approved by said highway commission and as revised, altered and changed by and under

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authority vested by law in the highway commission, is hereby validated and confirmed and designated the state trunk highway system but without prejudice to the exercise of the power given to change such system, and all acts by which parts of said system were heretofore adopted or declared to be trunk highways are confirmed and validated. Section 80.32 82.19 (2) does not apply to the state trunk highway system.

Section 180. 84.07 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.07 (1) State expense; when done by county or municipality. The state trunk highway system shall be maintained by the state at state expense. The department shall prescribe by rule specifications for such maintenance and may contract with any county highway committee or municipality to have all or certain parts of the work of maintaining the state trunk highways within or beyond the limits of the county or municipality, including interstate bridges, performed by the county or municipality, and any county or municipality may enter into such contract. General maintenance activities include the application of protective coatings, the removal and control of snow, the removal, treatment and sanding of ice, interim repair of highway surfaces and adjacent structures, and all other operations, activities and processes required on a continuing basis for the preservation of the highways on the state trunk system, and including the care and protection of trees and other roadside vegetation and suitable planting to prevent soil erosion or to beautify highways pursuant to s. 80.01 (3) 66.1037, and all measures deemed necessary to provide adequate traffic service. Special maintenance activities include the restoration, reinforcement, complete repair or other activities which the department deems are necessary on an individual basis for specified portions of the state trunk system. Maintenance activities also include the installation, replacement, rehabilitation, or

maintenance of highway signs, traffic control signals, highway lighting, pavement
markings, and intelligent transportation systems. The department may contract
with a private entity for services or materials or both associated with the installation,
replacement, rehabilitation, or maintenance of highway signs, traffic control signals,
highway lighting, pavement markings, and intelligent transportation systems.
SECTION 181. 84.14 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
84.14 (3) Participation in town bridge construction. Whenever any
municipality has participated in the cost of the construction, reconstruction, or
purchase of a bridge under s. 84.11 or 84.12, the property in such municipality shall
thereafter be subject to taxation by the county for the construction and repair of
bridges within the county under s. 81.38 82.08 .
SECTION 182. 86.26 of the statutes is renumbered 82.50.
SECTION 183. 86.265 of the statutes is renumbered 82.51.
SECTION 184. 86.266 of the statutes is renumbered 82.52.
SECTION 185. 86.315 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
86.315 (3) County forest roads must meet the minimum design standards
under s. 86.26×82.50 (1) (a) 2. and 3. in order to qualify for aids under this section.
Note: This bill renumbers the town road standards, which are currently in ch. 86, and moves them into ch. 82. This section merely changes the cross—reference to reflect that move.

SECTION 186. 236.16 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

236.16 (2) MINIMUM STREET WIDTH. All streets shall be of the width specified on the master plan or official map or of a width at least as great as that of the existing streets if there is no master plan or official map, but no full street shall be less than 60 feet wide unless otherwise permitted by local ordinance. Widths of town roads platted after January 1, 1966, shall, however, comply with minimum standards for

- town roads prescribed by s. 86.26 82.50. Streets or frontage roads auxiliary to and
- 2 located on the side of a full street for service to the abutting property may not after
- 3 January 1, 1966, be less than 49.5 feet wide.

Note: This bill renumbers the town road standards which are currently in ch. 86, and moves them into ch. 82. This section merely changes the cross—reference to reflect that move.

- **SECTION 187.** 756.04 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 5 756.04 (2) Jurors for all circuit courts, except jurors under ch. 80, shall be
- 6 selected under ss. 756.04 to 756.07.

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Note: This bill eliminates all of the provisions in chs. 80 and 81 that concern the selection of juries. Thus, no cross-reference is necessary.

SECTION 188. 893.73 (2) (c) of the statutes is repealed.

NOTE: The special committee decided that, for judicial economy, all challenges to the issuance of or refusal to issue a highway order should be brought in one action. This section deletes the provisions that provide for a different timeline for an action that challenges the regularity of a highway order.

- **Section 189.** 893.83 (title) of the statutes is created to read:
- 9 893.83 (title) Highway defects.
- 10 Section 190. Effective date.
- 11 (1) This act takes effect on January 1, 2005.

Note: The special committee decided on this effective date so that it corresponds with the publication of the new statute books.

The following chart shows where the special committee decided to move the provisions of chs. 80 and 81:

<u>Current</u>	<u>New</u>
80.01 (1)	82.01 (7)
80.01 (1m) and (2)	82.31
80.01 (3)	66.1037
80.01 (4)	66.1033, substantively changed.
80.01 (5)	66.1024, substantively changed.
80.02—first three sentences	82.10 (1) and (2), substantively changed.
80.02—third-to-last sentence	Deleted
80.02—second-to-last sentence	Deleted

<u>Current</u>	<u>New</u>
80.02—last sentence	66.1003 (10)
80.025	82.29
80.03	Deleted
80.04	82.11 (2), substantively changed.
80.05	82.10 (3) and (4), substantively changed.
80.06	82.11 (1), substantively changed.
80.07 (1)—first four sentences	82.12 (1) and (2), substantively changed.
80.07 (1)—last sentence	82.16 (3)
80.07 (2)	82.12 (2)
80.08	82.18, substantively changed.
80.09	Deleted
80.10	Deleted
80.11 (1) through (3), and (5) through (6)	82.21, substantively changed.
80.11 (4)	Deleted
80.11 (7) and (8) (a)	82.23
80.11 (8) (b)	Deleted
80.12 (1), (2), (3) and (5)	82.21, substantively changed.
80.12 (4)	Deleted
80.125	82.28
80.13	82.27, substantively changed.
80.14	82.27
80.15	82.27 (8)
80.16all but second-to-last sentence	82.13
80.16second-to-last sentence	66.1003 (10)
80.17	82.15, substantively changed.
80.22	82.12 (3)
80.23	82.20, substantively changed.
80.24	Deleted
80.25	Deleted
80.26	Deleted

<u>Current</u>	<u>New</u>
80.27	Deleted
80.28	Deleted
80.29	Deleted
80.30	Deleted
80.31 (1) and (2)	Deleted
80.31 (3)	82.14 (2), substantively changed.
80.32 (1)	82.19 (1)
80.32 (2)	82.19 (2)
80.32 (3) and (4)	66.1005
80.33	82.17
80.34	82.16, substantively changed.
80.35	Deleted
80.37	82.33
80.38	Deleted
80.39	Deleted
80.40	Deleted
80.41	66.1006
80.47	66.1035
80.48	Deleted
80.64	66.1031
80.65	Deleted
81.01	82.03, substantively changed.
81.02—first three sentences	82.03 (1), substantively changed.
81.02fourth sentence	82.05 (1)
81.02—everything except the first four sentences	Deleted
81.03	82.05 (2) to (4), substantively changed.
81.04	Deleted
81.05	Deleted
81.06 (first 1/3)	82.03 (5)
81.06 (second 2/3)	82.03 (2)
81.07	Deleted
81.08	82.35, substantively changed.

<u>Current</u>	<u>New</u>
81.11 (5)	82.25, substantively changed.
81.11 (1) through (4)	Deleted
81.12	Deleted
81.14 (1), (2) and (4)	66.1029, substantively changed.
81.14 (3)	Deleted
81.15	893.83 (1)
81.17	893.83 (2)
81.35all but last sentence	82.37
81.35last sentence	82.03 (19)
81.36	Deleted
81.38 (1) through (5)	82.08, substantively changed.
81.38 (6)	61.48, substantively changed.
81.39	Deleted
81.42 (1)	82.03 (13)
81.42 (2)	82.09, substantively changed.

Gary, Aaron

From:

Zavos, Nicholas

Sent:

Monday, November 10, 2003 2:35 PM

To: Subject: Gary, Aaron RE: LRB-2811/P5

Yes, yes and yes.

----Original Message----

From:

Gary, Aaron

Sent:

Monday, November 10, 2003 9:58 AM

To:

Zavos, Nicholas

Subject:

LRB-2811/P5

Hi Nicholas,

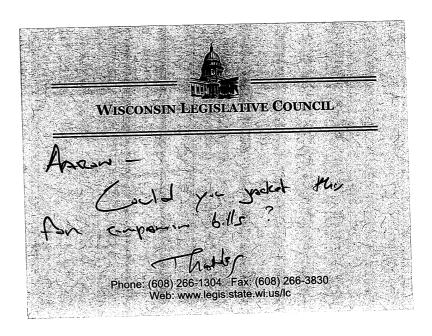
I got the Town Roads package this morning and wasn't sure about the next step.

Did you want me to redraft to make the yellow-tabbed changes? And then jacket it for introduction?

And you want a companion bill also?

Please call or e-mail when you have a chance. Thanks. Aaron

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau 608.261.6926 (voice) 608.264.6948 (fax) aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us



for assembly will