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State of Misconsin 2003 - 2004 LEGISLATURE

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2003 BILL

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AN ACT to repeal 5.25 (4) (c), 6.15 (3) (a) (title), 6.15 (3) (b) (title), 6.24 (8), 6.27 (2) to (5), 6.33 (3), 6.35 (2), 6.35 (5) and (6), 6.50 (2m), 6.50 (9), 6.79 (1), 6.79 (5), 6.79 (6) (a) and 120.06 (5); to renumber 5.87 and 6.865; to renumber and amend 6.15 (3) (a) 1., 2. and 3., 6.15 (3) (b), 6.27 (1), 6.79 (intro.) (except 6.79 (title)) and 6.79 (6) (b); to amend 5.02 (17), 5.25 (4) (a), 5.40 (6), 5.55 (title), 6.15 (2) (title), 6.15 (2) (a) (intro.), 6.15 (4) (d), 6.20, 6.24 (3), 6.24 (4) (a), 6.24 (4) (c), 6.275 (1) (b) to (d), 6.28 (2) (b), 6.28 (3), 6.29 (2) (a), 6.29 (2) (b), 6.33 (title), 6.33 (1), 6.33 (2), 6.33 (4), 6.35 (3), 6.36 (2) (a), 6.36 (3), 6.40 (2) (b), 6.47 (2), 6.47 (3), 6.56 (1) (intro.), 6.55 (2) (c) 1., 6.55 (2) (c) 2., 6.55 (2) (d), 6.55 (3), 6.55 (7) (a) (intro.), 6.55 (7) (b), 6.55 (7) (c) (intro.), 6.55 (7) (c) 1., 6.55 (7) (c) 1., 6.55 (7) (c) 2., 6.55 (7) (d), 6.79 (4), 6.82 (1) (a), 6.86 (3) (a) 1., 6.86 (3) (a) 2., 6.86 (3) (b), 6.86 (3) (c), 6.865 (title), 6.87 (3) (d), 6.87 (4), 6.88 (3) (a), 6.94, 6.95, 7.08 (1) (c), 7.10 (1) (b), 7.15 (1) (c), 7.15 (4), 7.23 (1) (c), 7.23 (1) (e), 7.37 (7), 7.51 (2) (a), 7.51 (2) (c), 7.51 (2) (e), 7.51 (3) (a), 7.51 (4)

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	(a), 7.51 (5) (a), 8.17 (1) (a), 9.01 (1) (b) 1., 10.02 (3) (a), 11.30 (title), 12.13 (3)
	(u), 20.510 (1) (h), 51.62 (3m), 59.05 (2), 117.20 (2) and 125.05 (2) (h); to repeal
	and recreate 6.36 (1) and 6.79 (2); and to create 5.02 (6m), 5.02 (24w), 5.05
-	(10) and (11), 5.05 (12) and (13), 5.05 (14), 5.055, 5.056, 5.061, 5.25 (4) (b), 5.35
	(6) (a) 2m., 4., 4a. and 4b., 5.36, 5.87 (2), 5.91 (15) to (18), 6.06, 6.15 (4m), 6.276,
	6.33 (5), 6.36 (2) (c), 6.865 (1), 6.865 (3) and (4), 6.869, 6.96, 6.97, 7.08 (6) and
	(8), 7.10 (7) to (9), 7.10 (10), 7.15 (9) to (13), 15.617, 19.69 (4), 20.002 (11) (d) 2m.,
	20.510 (1) (t), 20.510 (1) (u), 20.510 (1) (v), 20.510 (1) (x), 20.855 (4) (bp), 25.17
	1) (e), 25.425, 51.62 (3) (a) 4. and 85.61 of the statutes; relating to: election
	administration, voter registration and voting requirements and procedures,
•	administration of elections, granting rule-making authority, and making
	appropriations.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes various changes in state law relating to voter registration and voting requirements and procedures and administration of elections. Most of the changes are made for the purpose of implementing numerous federal mandates imposed upon this state under the federal Help America Vote Act of 2002 and enabling receipt of federal aids by this state under that act. Significant provisions include:

STATEWIDE VOTER REGISTRATION

Under current law, voter registration is required in every municipality with a population of greater than 5,000. This bill requires voter registration in every municipality. The bill also establishes a centralized, state—wide voter registration list that is the property and maintained by the state Elections Board. Under the bill, the list must be electronically accessible by any person, but access to certain identifying information is limited to the board and municipal clerks and boards of election commissioners, and no person other than the board or an authorized election official may make a change in the list. The bill also permits the board to make changes to the list with notice to the appropriate municipal clerks or boards of election commissioners. Under the bill, each municipal clerk or board of election commissioners must electronically enter valid registrations or changes of registration and voting record information on the list, except that the bill permits any municipal clerk or board of election commissioners, by mutual consent, to

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board to require all municipalities to use the list in all effections and permits the board to egynire any minicipality to adhere to proceeding to book to be took by the board for proper maintenance of

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delegate this electronic maintenance function to another municipal clerk or board of election commissioners to a county clerk or board of election commissioners, or to the state Elections Board. Each municipality must retain the original registrations or changes of registration as provided under current law. Under the bill, the original forms are controlling whenever there is a discrepancy between the list and the original forms. Currently, municipalities must maintain records of voter participation in elections manually or electronically. Under the bill, municipalities must maintain voter participation records electronically as a part of the state—wide registration list.

REQUIREMENTS FOR REGISTRATION

Currently, if registration is required, any individual who qualifies as an elector of a municipality but who is not registered to vote may register in person at various locations within the applicable municipality or may mail to the appropriate municipal clerk a completed registration form. With certain exceptions, the deadline for voter registration is 5 p.m. on the second Wednesday preceding the election. Registrations made by mail must be delivered to the office of the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners or postmarked not later than this deadline. However, under current law, voters may also register in person at the office of the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners up to 5 p.m. on the day before the election or, in most cases, may register at the proper polling place on election day. In addition, voters may register at any time after the deadline if the municipal clerk determines that the registration list can be revised to incorporate the registration in time for the election. Currently, an individual who makes a late or election day registration must complete a registration form and a certification of eligibility and must present acceptable proof of residence. If an individual attempting to vote under these late registration or election day registration procedures is not able to present acceptable proof of residence, as an alternative, current law permits another qualified elector who resides in the same municipality to corroborate the information contained in the individual's registration form or certification. The corroborating elector must then provide acceptable proof of residence.

This bill requires every elector who registers to vote to provide his or her date of birth and a driver's license number from a valid Wisconsin driver's license, or if the elector does not have a driver's license, the last four digits of the elector's social security number, if the elector has a social security number. The bill also requires the board to assign a registration identification number to every registered elector.

The bill also permits an elector who does not register by the close of registration to register at the office of the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners by 5 p.m. or the close of business, whichever is later, on the day before an election.

IDENTIFICATION REQUIRED TO VOTE

With certain limited exceptions, before being permitted to vote at any polling place, an elector currently must provide his or her name and address. If registration is required in order to vote and the elector is not registered, the elector must provide a specified form of proof of residence in order to register after the close of registration (usually the second Wednesday preceding an election). If an elector at a polling place claims to be registered but his or her name does not appear on the appropriate

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registration list, the elector must complete a certification of eligibility and present acceptable proof of residence in order to vote. In addition, an elector who appears to vote at a polling place may be required to provide acceptable proof of residence even if registration is not required. If an elector is not able to present any required proof of residence, as an alternative, current law permits another qualified elector who resides in the same municipality to corroborate the elector's information. Currently, an elector who votes an absentee ballot and who is registered, if registration is required, is not required to provide acceptable proof of residence.

This bill provides that if an elector other than a military or overseas elector, as defined by federal law, registers to vote by mail and has never voted in a federal election in this state, the elector must provide a form of identification specified by federal law in order to be permitted to vote in a federal election. The form of identification used must be either 1) a current and valid piece of identification containing a photograph of the elector; or 2) a copy of a utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, or a check or other document issued by a unit of government that shows the current name and address of the elector. If the elector votes by absentee ballot, the elector must provide a copy of any identification used. If an elector who votes at a polling place is required to provide identification and fails to do so or fails to provide sufficient identification, the elector may vote provisionally. If an elector who fails to provide required identification or sufficient identification votes by absentee ballot, the ballot is treated as a provisional ballot. A provisional ballot is marked by the poll workers, who immediately contact the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners. The clerk or board is then directed to determine whether the individual submitting the ballot is a qualified elector where he or she is attempting to vote. If the clerk or board of election commissioners does not notify the municipal board of canvassers that the elector is qualified before the municipal canvass is completed, the elector's vote is not counted.

COMPLIANCE WITH HELP AMERICA VOTE ACT

Currently, an elector who believes that the action or inaction of an election official concerning nominations, qualification of candidates, voting qualifications, ward division and numbering, recall, ballot preparation, election administration, or the conduct of elections is contrary to law or that the actions or inactions of an election official with respect to any such matter constitute an abuse of discretion, may file a complaint with the Elections Board and the board may order appropriate relief. The decision of the board may be appealed to the courts. Any elector who believes that an election official is acting in violation of the law may request the appropriate district attorney or, in some cases, the attorney general to petition a court for appropriate relief. However, the recount procedure is the exclusive judicial remedy for addressing any alleged irregularity, defect, or mistake committed during the voting or canvassing process.

This bill creates another procedure for addressing alleged noncompliance with any provision of the federal Help America Vote Act relating to voting system standards, provisional voting, voting information, registration procedure and administration, and voter identification. Under the bill, whenever any person (whether an individual or another entity and whether inside or outside this state)

believes that a violation of the act has occurred, is occurring, or is proposed to occur with respect to an election for national office in this state, that person may file a written, sworn complaint with the Elections Board. The board must grant the complainant a formal hearing upon request and must issue a decision on the complaint, together with an order for any appropriate relief, within 89 days. Under the bill, the relief may not include any order affecting the right of any person to hold an elective office or affecting the canvass of an election on or after the date of that election.

VOTING PROCESS

Standards for determining validity of votes

Currently, state law specifies in detail whether particular indications of elector intent shall be counted as votes cast for particular candidates or propositions. The standards for determining the validity of votes are to some degree applicable to votes cast using electronic voting systems. This bill directs the Elections Board to prescribe, by rule, uniform standards for determining the validity of votes cast or attempted to be cast with each electronic voting system that the board approves for use in this state. The rules apply only in situations that are not addressed under current law.

Federal absentee ballot procedures

Currently, when a uniformed service or overseas voter (as defined by federal law) requests an absentee ballot in a timely manner, the voter is sent an absentee ballot for the next election. Under this bill, such a voter may request and receive an absentee ballot for the next two general (national) elections at the same time, unless the voter is subject to a registration requirement and the voter is no longer registered to vote in this state at the time that an absentee ballot would otherwise be transmitted.

The bill also provides that if any municipal clerk or board of election commissioners rejects a request for an absentee ballot from a uniformed service or overseas voter, the clerk or board must promptly inform the voter of the reason for the rejection.

Voting after hours pursuant to federal court order

This bill provides that if a federal court orders that a polling place remain open after the official closing hour of 8 p.m., any electors who vote after hours must vote by ballot and have their ballots marked to indicate that they voted after the official closing hour pursuant to a federal court order. The late ballots are then counted unless the court order is overturned. If the order is overturned after the canvass of the election, the bill requires the canvass to be reopened.

Protection and advocacy activities

Under current law, the state protection and advocacy agency implements a system to protect and advocate for the rights of persons with developmental disabilities or mental illness.

The bill authorizes the protection and advocacy agency to engage in activities to ensure full participation in the electoral process for eligible electors with

developmental disabilities or mental illness and requires the Department of Health and Family Services to distribute federal funding to the agency for these activities.

Voting by new residents

Currently, an individual who has resided in this state for less than ten days at the time of a presidential election may vote for president and vice president only at the office of a municipal clerk or board of election commissioners, by absentee ballot, or at a polling place on election day. This bill provides that such an individual may only vote at the office of a municipal clerk or board of election commissioners or at a polling place on election day.

REVISION OF REGISTRATION LIST

Under current law, municipalities must use either a "negative purge" or a "positive purge" system to maintain their voter registration lists. Under the negative purge procedure, an elector who does not vote for a four—year period and does not respond to a notice by requesting continuation of his or her registration is purged from the list. Under the positive purge procedure, the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners sends a registration verification notice to each elector who does not vote for a four—year period. Each elector whose notice is returned as undeliverable is purged from the list. This bill deletes the "positive purge" procedure.

ELECTION ADMINISTRATION ENHANCEMENT Federal and state financial assistance

Under the federal Help America Vote Act of 2002, this state is eligible to receive federal financial assistance for the purchase of voting equipment, compliance with federal requirements for the conduct of federal elections and other election administration costs, construction of barrier—free polling places, and outreach and training of election officials to enable greater participation of individuals with disabilities in federal elections. To be eligible for most of this federal assistance, this state must make expenditures from state moneys equal to at least 5% of the amount spent by this state for the same purposes for which federal assistance is received.

This bill appropriates to the Elections Board all amounts received by this state from the federal government under this act, together with a sum sufficient amount from general purpose revenue to enable this state to meet minimum federal requirements for continued eligibility for federal assistance. The bill permits the board to use a portion of the federal aid to provide financial assistance to eligible counties and municipalities for election administration purposes authorized by federal law. The bill also establishes a segregated fund, as required by federal law, for disbursement of all federal and state moneys to be expended for election administration purposes under the Help America Vote Act.

Federal and state advisory bodies

In accordance with the Help America Vote Act, the bill creates an Election Administration Council whose members are appointed by the executive director of the board to develop and revise as necessary a proposed state plan for the expenditure of federal moneys under the Help America Vote Act. The bill also directs the board to adopt this plan and revise the plan as necessary. In addition, the bill directs the executive director, in consultation with the Elections Board, to appoint

the bill, all electronic voting systems must enable an elector to privately verify the votes selected by the elector before casting his or her ballot, they must provide the elector with an opportunity to change his or her votes or to obtain a replacement for a spoiled ballot before casting his or her vote, and, unless a ballot is counted at a central counting location, they must include a mechanism for notifying an elector of an overvote for an office and provide an opportunity for the elector to correct his or her ballot or to cast a replacement ballot to eliminate the overvote. The system must also produce a permanent paper record of the vote cast by each elector who uses an electronic voting system at the time the elector casts his or her vote that enables a manual count or recount of the elector's vote.

Enforcement of federal voting system standards

Effective on January 1, 2006, the bill directs the Elections Board to audit the performance of each voting system used in this state, including any paper ballot voting system, following each general election. In the audit, the board must determine the error rate of the system in counting ballots that are validly cast by electors. If the error rate exceeds the rate permitted by the federal government, the bill directs the board to take remedial action and to order affected counties and municipalities to take remedial action. The bill requires counties and municipalities to comply with remedial orders.

Polling place accessibility, equipment and materials

Currently, each polling place in the state is required to be accessible to elderly and handicapped individuals, unless the Elections Board otherwise permits in accordance with guidelines prescribed by rule. This bill requires, effective January 1, 2006, that each polling place in the state be accessible to all individuals with physical or mental disabilities, except individuals who are currently disqualified from voting due to mental disability. The bill also directs the board to ensure that the voting system used at each polling place allows all such individuals to vote without the need for assistance and with the same degree of privacy that is accorded to nondisabled electors voting at the same polling place. In any jurisdiction that is currently subject to federal requirements to provide voting materials in any language other than English, the board must ensure that the voting system used at each polling place in the jurisdiction is in compliance with those requirements. In addition, the bill deletes the authority of the board to waive compliance with accessibility requirements.

Notices posted at polling places

Currently, municipalities are required to post at each polling place relevant voting instructions, a copy of state election fraud laws, two sample ballots, special information concerning voting at partisan primaries, and other information directed to be posted by the Elections Board. This bill requires, in addition, that municipalities post information concerning the date of the election, the hours during which the polling place is open, special instructions for electors who are required to provide identification in order to vote, and general information prescribed by the board concerning voting rights under applicable state and federal laws and federal laws relating to election fraud and misrepresentation in elections.



a representative of this state as a member of the federal Election Assistance Commission standards board, and to supervise the selection by county and municipal clerks and boards of election commissioners in this state of a representative of this state to serve as a member of the standards board.

Voter educational programs and information systems

This bill permits the Elections Board, with the assistance of county and municipal clerks and boards of election commissioners, to conduct or prescribe requirements for educational programs to inform electors about voting procedures, voting rights, and voting technology. However, the bill requires the board to conduct an educational program for the specific purpose of educating electors who cast paper ballots, ballots that are counted at a central counting location, and absentee ballots of the effect of casting excess votes for an office. The bill also permits the board, with the assistance of county and municipal clerks, to maintain one or more toll-free telephone lines for electors to report possible voting fraud and voting rights violations, to obtain general election information and to access information concerning their registration status, current polling place locations, and other information relevant to voting in elections. The bill requires the municipal clerks and boards of election commissioners to maintain a free access system under which electors who vote without providing required identification and electors who vote pursuant to a federal court order after a polling place is scheduled to close may ascertain the status of their votes.

Requirements to match information

In accordance with the Help America Vote Act, the bill requires the secretary of transportation (secretary) to enter into two agreements. First, the secretary and the executive director of the Elections Board must enter into an agreement to match personally identifiable information on the official registration list maintained by the Elections Board with personally identifiable information in driver licensing and vehicle registration records maintained by the Department of Transportation (DOT), for the purpose of verifying voter registration information. Second, the secretary must enter into an agreement with the commissioner of the federal Social Security Administration to match the name, date of birth, and social security number of individuals in DOT's driver licensing and vehicle registration records with such information in the records of the Social Security Administration. This agreement must contain safeguards to maintain the confidentiality of any information disclosed and procedures to allow the secretary to use any information disclosed in maintaining the records of DOT.

Instructions for absentee voters

The bill directs the Elections Board to prescribe uniform instructions for absentee voters. The instructions must include information concerning the procedure for correcting errors in marking a ballot and obtaining a replacement for a spoiled ballot.

Electronic voting system standards

Effective on January 1, 2006, the bill creates new standards for approval by the Elections Board of electronic voting systems for use at elections in this state. Under

Statistical reports

This bill requires each municipal clerk and board of election commissioners to report to the Elections Board, within 30 days after each general election, the number of absentee ballots transmitted to absent uniformed services and overseas voters, as defined by federal law, for that election and the combined number of those ballots that were cast by those electors in that election. The bill then directs the board, within 90 days after each general election, to compile the information received from municipal clerks and boards of election commissioners and transmit the compiled information to the federal Election Assistance Commission. Currently, there is no similar requirement.

The bill also permits the elections board to request that county or municipal clerks or boards of election commissioners provide information to the board relating to election administration, performance of electronic voting systems and voting machines, and use of paper ballots in elections, and directs the clerks and boards to provide the board with any such requested information.

Currently, the Elections Board conducts information and training meetings for election officials and also conducts a training program for chief inspectors (supervising poll workers). This bill directs county and municipal clerks and boards of election commissioners to assist the board in conducting those training programs.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be

printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. 5.02 (6m) of the statutes is created to read:
- 2 5.02 (6m) "Identification" means:
 - (a) In the case of an elector who votes in person, either of the following:
- 1. A current and valid piece of identification containing a photograph of the elector.
- 2. A copy of a utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, or a check or other document issued by a unit of government that shows the current name and address of the elector.
- 9 (b) In the case of an elector who votes by absentee ballot, either of the following:
- 1. A copy of a current and valid piece of identification containing a photograph of the elector.

1	2. A copy of a utility bill, bank statement, paycheck, or a check or other
2	document issued by a unit of government that shows the current name and address
3	of the elector.
4	SECTION 2. 5.02 (17) of the statutes is amended to read:
5 .	5.02 (17) "Registration list" means the list of electors who are properly
6	registered to vote in municipalities in which registration is required.
7	SECTION 3. 5.02 (24w) of the statutes is created to read:
8	5.02 (24w) "Voting system" means:
9	(a) The total combination of mechanical, electromechanical, or electronic
.0	equipment, including the software, hardware, and documentation required to
1	program, control, and support the equipment, that is used to define ballots, to cast
.2	and count votes, to report or display election results, and to maintain and produce
.3	any audit trail information.
.4	(b) The practices and associated documentation for any of the following
.5	purposes:
.6	1. To identify equipment components and versions of such components.
.7	2. To test the equipment during its development and maintenance.
8	3. To maintain records of equipment errors and defects.
.9	4. To determine specific equipment changes to be made after the initial
20.	qualification of the equipment.
21	5. To make available any materials to an elector.
22)	SECTION 4. 5.05 (10) and the statutes are created to read:
23	5.05 (10) STATE ELECTION ADMINISTRATION PLAN. With the assistance of the
24	election administration council, the board shall adopt and modify as necessary a
25	state plan that meets the requirements of P.L. 107-252 to enable participation by

this state in federal financial assistance programs authorized under that law. The board shall adopt the plan and any modifications only after publishing a class I notice under ch. 985 or posting on the Internet a statement describing the proposed plan or modification and receiving public comment thereon.

(11) AIDS TO COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES. From the appropriations under s. 20.510 (1) (t), (v), and (w), the board may provide financial assistance to eligible counties and municipalities for election administration costs in accordance with the plan adopted under sub. (10). As a condition precedent to receipt of assistance under this subsection, the board shall enter into an agreement with the county or municipality receiving the assistance specifying the intended use of the assistance and shall ensure compliance with the terms of the agreement. Each agreement shall provide that if the federal government objects to the use of any assistance moneys provided to the county or municipality under the agreement, the county or municipality shall repay the amount of the assistance provided to the board.

Section 5. 5.05 (12) and (13) of the statutes are created to read:

5.05 (12) Voter education. The board may conduct or prescribe requirements for educational programs to inform electors about voting procedures, voting rights, and voting technology. The board shall conduct an educational program for the purpose of educating electors who cast paper ballots, ballots that are counted at a central counting location, and absentee ballots of the effect of casting excess votes for a single office.

(13) TOLL-FREE ELECTION INFORMATION EXCHANGE. (a) The board may maintain one or more toll-free telephone lines for electors to report possible voting fraud and voting rights violations, to obtain general election information, and to access

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information concerning their registration status, current polling place locations, and other information relevant to voting in elections.

(b) The board may maintain a free access system under which an elector who votes under s. 6.96 or 6.97 may ascertain current information concerning whether the elector's vote has been counted, and, if the vote will not be counted, the reason that it will not be counted.

SECTION 6. 5.05 (14) of the statutes is created to read:

(14) Information from county and municipal clerks. The board may request information from county and municipal clerks relating to election administration, performance of electronic voting systems and voting machines, and use of paper ballots in elections.

SECTION 7. 5.055 of the statutes is created to read:

director of the board shall, in consultation with the board, appoint an individual to represent this state as a member of the federal election assistance commission standards board. The executive director shall also conduct and supervise a process for the selection of an election official by county and municipal clerks and boards of election commissioners to represent local election officials of this state as a member of the federal election assistance commission standards board. The executive director shall ensure that the members of the federal election assistance commission standards board representing this state shall at no time be members of the same political party. Upon appointment or election of any new member of the federal election assistance commission standards board representing this state, the executive director shall transmit a notice of that member's appointment or election to the officer or agency designated by federal law.

SECTION 8. 5.056 of the statutes is created to read:

5.056 Matching program with secretary of transportation. The executive director of the board shall enter into the agreement with the secretary of transportation specified under s. 85.61 (1) to match personally identifiable information on the official registration list maintained by the board under s. 6.36 (1) with personally identifiable information maintained by the department of transportation.

SECTION 9. 5.061 of the statutes is created to read:

5.061 Compliance with federal Help America Vote Act. (1) Whenever any person believes that a violation of Title III of P.L. 107–252 has occurred, is occurring, or is proposed to occur with respect to an election for national office in this state, that person may file a written, verified complaint with the board.

- (2) If the board receives more than one complaint under sub. (1) relating to the same subject matter, the board may consolidate the complaints for purposes of this section.
- (3) A complainant under sub. (1) or any of the complainants in a consolidated complaint under sub. (2) may request a hearing and the matter shall then be treated as a contested case under ch. 227, except that the board shall make a final determination with respect to the merits of the complaint and issue a decision within 89 days of the time that the complaint or the earliest of any complaints was filed, unless the complainant, or each of any complainants whose complaints are consolidated, consents to a specified longer period.
- (4) If the board finds the complaint to be without merit, it shall issue a decision dismissing the complaint. If the board finds that the violation alleged in the complaint has occurred, is occurring, or is proposed to occur, the board shall order

appropriate relief, except that the board shall not issue any order under this subsection affecting the right of any person to hold an elective office or affecting the canvass of an election on or after the date of that election.

SECTION 10. 5.25 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

5.25 (4) (a) Each polling place shall be accessible to elderly and handicapped all individuals with disabilities. The board shall ensure that the voting system used at each polling place will permit all individuals with disabilities to vote without the need for assistance and with the same degree of privacy that is accorded to nondisabled electors voting at the same polling place. This paragraph does not apply to any individual who is disqualified from voting under s. 6.03 (1) (a).

SECTION 11. 5.25 (4) (b) of the statutes is created to read:

5.25 (4) (b) In any jurisdiction that is subject to the requirement under 42 USC 1973aa—1a to provide voting materials in any language other than English, the board shall ensure that the voting system used at each polling place in that jurisdiction is in compliance with 42 USC 1973aa—1a.

SECTION 12. 5.25 (4) (c) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 13. 5.35 (6) (a) 2m., 4., 4a. and 4b. of the statutes are created to read: 5.35 (6) (a) 2m. General information prescribed by the board on federal laws relating to election fraud and misrepresentation in federal elections.

- 4. The date of the election and the hours during which the polling place is open.
- 4a. Instructions prescribed by the board for electors for whom identification is required under s. 6.36 (2) (c) 2.
- 4b. General information prescribed by the board concerning voting rights under applicable state and federal laws, including the method of redress for any alleged violations of those rights.

. 1	SECTION 14. 5.36 of the statutes is created to read:
2	5.36 Notice of voting by individuals with disabilities. Any individual
3 (4)	with a disability may notify a municipal clerk that he or she intends to vote at a veguest that a specific the propolling place on election day and may specify the type of accommodation that will
5	facilitate his or her voting.
6	SECTION 15. 5.40 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	5.40 (6) A municipality which utilizes voting machines or an electronic voting
8	system at a polling place may permit use of the machines or system by electors voting
9	under s. 6.15 only as authorized under s. 6.15 (3) (b).
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11	SECTION 16. 5.55 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
	5.55 (title) Ballot identification Information.
12	SECTION 17. 5.87 of the statutes is renumbered 5.87 (1).
13	SECTION 18. 5.87 (2) of the statutes is created to read:
14	5.87 (2) The board shall, by rule, prescribe uniform standards for determining
15	the validity of votes cast or attempted to be cast with each electronic voting system
16	approved for use in this state under s. 5.91. The rules shall apply only to situations
17	that may arise in which the validity of a vote or attempted vote cast by an elector
18	utilizing a particular system cannot be determined under s. 7.50.
19	SECTION 19. 5.91 (15) to (18) of the statutes are created to read:
20	5.91 (15) It permits an elector to privately verify the votes selected by the
21	elector before casting his or her ballot.
22	(16) It provides an elector with the opportunity to change his or her votes and
23	to correct any error or to obtain a replacement for a spoiled ballot prior to casting his
24	or her ballot.

(17) Unless the ballot is counted at a central	counting lo	cation, it incl	udes a
mechanism for notifying an elector who attempts to	o cast an exc	ess number o	f votes
for a single office that his or her votes for that office	will not be co	unted, and pr	rovides
the elector with an opportunity to correct his or he	er ballot or to	receive and	cast a
replacement ballot.			

- (18) It produces a permanent paper record of the vote cast by each elector at the time that it is cast that enables a manual count or recount of the elector's vote.
 - SECTION 20. 6.06 of the statutes is created to read:
- 6.06 Information for uniformed service members. The board is the agency designated by this state under 42 USC 1973ff-1 to provide information regarding voter registration and absentee balloting procedures to absent members of the uniformed services and overseas voters with respect to elections for national office.
 - SECTION 21. 6.15 (2) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 15 6.15 (2) (title) APPLICATION FOR BALLOT PROCEDURE AT CLERK'S OFFICE.
- 16 Section 22. 6.15 (2) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 6.15 (2) (a) (intro.) The elector's request for the application form may be made in person to the proper municipal clerk either in person or in writing any time during the 10-day period in which the elector's residence requirement is incomplete, but not later than the applicable deadline for making application for an absentee ballet of the municipality where the person resides. Application may be made not sooner than 9 days nor later than 5 p.m. on the day before the election, or may be made at the proper polling place in the ward or election district in which the elector resides. The If an elector makes application before election day, the application form shall be returned to the municipal clerk after the affidavit has been signed in the presence

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1 of the clerk or any officer authorized by law to administer oaths. The affidavit shall 2 be in substantially the following form:

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SECTION 23. 6.15 (3) (a) (title) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 24. 6.15 (3) (a) 1., 2. and 3. of the statutes are renumbered 6.15 (2) (d) 5 1r., 2. and 3., and 6.15 (2) (d) 1r., as renumbered, is amended to read:

6.15 (2) (d) 1r. Upon proper completion of the application and cancellation card, the municipal clerk shall inform the elector that he or she may vote for the presidential electors not sooner than 9 days nor later than 5 p.m. on the day before the election at the office of the municipal clerk, or at a specified polling place on election day. When voting at the municipal clerk's office, the applicant shall provide identification and require the elector to provide acceptable proof of residence under s. 6.55 (7). If the elector cannot provide acceptable proof of residence, the elector may have his or her residence corroborated in a statement that is signed by another elector of the municipality and that contains the current street address of the corroborating elector. If the residence is corroborated by another elector, that elector shall then provide proof of residence under s. 6.55 (7). The elector shall then mark the ballot in the clerk's presence in a manner that will not disclose his or her vote. Unless the ballot is utilized with an electronic voting system, the applicant The elector shall then fold the ballot so as to conceal his or her vote. The applicant clerk or elector shall then deposit the ballot and seal it in place the ballot in an envelope furnished by the clerk.

SECTION 25. 6.15 (3) (b) (title) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 26. 6.15 (3) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 6.15 (3) and amended to 23 24 read:

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6.15 (3) VOTING PROCEDURE PROCEDURE AT POLLING PLACE. An eligible elector may appear at the polling place for the ward or election district where he or she resides and make application for a ballot under sub. (2). In such case, the inspector or special registration deputy Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an elector who casts a ballot under this subsection shall follow the same procedure required for casting a ballot at the municipal clerk's office under sub. (2). The inspectors shall perform the duties of the municipal clerk. The elector shall provide identification. If the elector is qualified, he or she shall be permitted to vote, except that the inspectors shall return the cancellation card under sub. (2) (b) to the municipal clerk and the clerk shall forward the card as provided in sub. (2) (c) if required. Upon proper completion of the application and cancellation card and submittal of acceptable proof of residence under s. 6.55 (7) or providing corroboration of residence, the inspectors shall permit the elector to cast his or her ballot for president and vice president. The elector shall mark the ballot and, unless the ballot is utilized with an electronic voting system, the elector shall fold the ballot, and shall deposit the ballot into the ballot box or give it to the inspector. The inspector shall deposit it directly into the ballot box. Voting machines or ballots utilized with electronic voting systems may only be used by electors voting under this section if they permit voting for president and vice president only.

SECTION 27. 6.15 (4) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.15 (4) (d) Upon satisfactory completion of the procedure under pars. (b) and (c) the inspectors shall deposit the ballot in the ballot box. The inspectors shall enter the name of each elector voting under this section on the poll list with an indication that the elector is voting under this section or on a separate list maintained for the purpose under s. 6.79 (2) (c).

1	SECTION 28. 6.15 (4m) of the statutes is created to read:
2	6.15 (4m) REGISTRATION. If an elector voting under this section expects to reside
3	in the ward or election district for at least 10 days, the municipal elerk or inspectors
4	shall offer to provide the elector with a mail registration form under s. 6.30 (4).
5	SECTION 29. 6.20 of the statutes is amended to read:
6	6.20 Absent electors. Any qualified elector of this state who registers where
7	required may vote by absentee ballot under ss. 6.84 to 6.89.
8	SECTION 30. 6.24 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	6.24 (3) REGISTRATION. If registration is required in the municipality where the
10	The overseas elector resided or where the elector's parent resided, the elector shall
11	register in the municipality where he or she was last domiciled or where the overseas
12	elector's parent was last domiciled on a form prescribed by the board designed to
13	ascertain the elector's qualifications under this section. The form shall be
14	substantially similar to the original form under s. 6.33 (1), insofar as applicable.
15	Registration shall be accomplished in accordance with s. 6.30 (4).
16	SECTION 31. 6.24 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	6.24 (4) (a) An overseas elector who is properly registered where registration
18	is required may request an absentee ballot in writing under ss. 6.86 to 6.89.
19	SECTION 32. 6.24 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	6.24 (4) (c) Upon receipt of a timely application from an individual who
21	qualifies as an overseas elector and who has registered to vote in a municipality
22	under sub. (3) whenever registration is required in that municipality, the municipal
23	clerk of the municipality shall send an absentee ballot to the individual for all
24	subsequent elections for national office to be held during the year in which the ballot

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is requested, unless the individual otherwise requests or until the individual no longer qualifies as an overseas elector. SECTION 33. 6.24 (8) of the statutes is repealed. 4 SECTION 34, 6.27 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 6.27 and amended to read: 5 Where elector Elector regist 6.27(1)#6.2 6 Setting in 8 9 SECTION 35. 6.27 (2) to (5) of the statutes are repealed 10 SECTION 36. 6.275 (1) (b) to (d) of the statutes are amended to read: 11 6.275 (1) (b) Where registration applies, the The total number of electors of the 12 municipality residing in that county who were preregistered on the deadline specified in s. 6.28 (1), including valid mail registrations which are postmarked by 13 14 that day. 15 (c) Where registration applies, the The total number of electors of the municipality residing in that county who registered after the close of registration and 16 prior to the day of the primary or election under ss. 6.28 (1), 6.29, and 6.86 (3) (a) 2. 17 18 (d) Where registration applies, the The total number of electors of the 19 municipality residing in that county who registered on the day of the primary or 20 election under ss. 6.55 and 6.86 (3) (a) 2. 21 SECTION 37. 6.276 of the statutes is created to read: 6.276 Federal absentee voting statistics. (1) In this section, "military 22 elector" and "overseas elector" have the meanings given in s. 6.36 (2) (c). 23 24 (2) Within 30 days after each general election, each municipal clerk shall transmit to the board a report of the number of absentee ballots transmitted by the

9 SEC. #. RC; 6.27 required. Each elector shall register in any election, except as 53. 6.155 6.185 and 6.22.

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clerk to absent military electors and overseas electors for that election and the combined number of those ballots that were cast by those electors in that election.

(3) Within 90 days after each general election, the board shall compile the information contained in the reports received from municipal clerks under sub. (2) and transmit the information to the federal Election Assistance Commission.

SECTION 38. 6.28 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.28 **(2)** (b) The municipal clerk of each municipality in which elector registration is required shall notify the school board of each school district in which the municipality is located that high schools shall be used for registration pursuant to par. (a). The school board and the municipal clerk shall agree upon the appointment of at least one qualified elector at each high school as a special school registration deputy. The municipal clerk shall appoint such person as a school registration deputy and explain the person's duties and responsibilities. Students and staff may register at the high school on any day that classes are regularly held. The school registration deputies shall promptly forward properly completed registration forms to the municipal clerk of the municipality in which the registering student or staff member resides. The municipal clerk, upon receiving such registration forms, shall add all those registering electors who have met the registration requirements to the registration list. The municipal clerk may reject any registration form and shall promptly notify the person whose registration is rejected of the rejection and the reason therefor. A person whose registration is rejected may reapply for registration if he or she is qualified. The form of each high school student who is qualified and will be eligible to vote at the next election shall be filed in such a way that when a student attains the age of 18 years the student is

registered to vote automatically. Each school board shall assure that the principal of every high school communicates elector registration information to students.

SECTION 39. 6.28 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.28 (3) At office of register of deeds. Any person who resides in a municipality requiring registration of electors shall be given an opportunity to register to vote at the office of the register of deeds for the county in which the person's residence is located. An applicant may fill out the required registration form under s. 6.33. Upon receipt of a completed form, the register of deeds shall forward the form within 5 days to the appropriate municipal clerk, or to the board of election commissioners in cities over 500,000 population. The register of deeds shall forward the form immediately whenever registration closes within 5 days of receipt.

SECTION 40. 6.29 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.29 (2) (a) Any qualified elector of a municipality where registration is required who has not previously filed a registration form or whose name does not appear on the registration list of the municipality shall be entitled to vote at the election if he or she delivers to the municipal clerk may register after the close of registration but not later than 5 p.m. or the close of business, whichever is later, on the day before an election at the office of the municipal clerk and at the office of the clerk's agent if the clerk delegates responsibility for electronic maintenance of the registration list to an agent under s. 6.33 (5) (b). The elector shall complete, in the manner provided under s. 6.33 (2), a registration form executed by the elector. The form shall contain a certification by the elector that all statements are true and correct. Alternatively, if the elector cannot obtain a registration form, the elector may deliver a statement, signed by the elector, centaining all of the information required on the registration form containing all information required under s. 6.33

(1). The elector shall present also provide acceptable proof of residence as provided in under s. 6.55 (7). If no proof is presented Alternatively, if the elector is unable to provide acceptable proof of residence under s. 6.55 (7), the information contained in the registration form or the listing of required information shall be substantiated corroborated in a statement that is signed by one any other elector of the municipality, corroborating all the material statements therein and that contains the current street address of the corroborating elector. The corroborating elector shall then provide acceptable proof of residence under s. 6.55 (7). The signing of the form by the registering elector and statement by the corroborating elector shall be done in the presence of the municipal clerk or deputy clerk not later than 5 p.m. of the day before an election.

SECTION 41. 6.29 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.29 (2) (b) Upon Unless the municipal clerk determines that the registration list will be revised to incorporate the registration in time for the election, upon the filing of the registration form required by this section, the municipal clerk or clerk's agent under s. 6.33 (5) (b) shall issue a certificate containing the name and address of the elector addressed to the inspectors of the proper ward or election district directing that the elector be permitted to cast his or her vote, unless the elect determines that the registration list will be revised to incorporate the registration in time for the election if the elector complies with all requirements for voting at the polling place. The certificate shall be numbered serially, prepared in duplicate and one copy preserved in the office of the municipal clerk.

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SECTION 42. 6.33 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.33 (title) Registration forms; manner of completing.

SECTION 43. 6.33 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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6.33 (1) The municipal clerk shall supply sufficient registration forms as prescribed by the board printed on loose-leaf sheets or cards to obtain from each applicant information as to name; date; residence location; citizenship; date of birth; age; the number of a valid operator's license issued to the elector under ch. 343 or the last 4 digits of the elector's social security account number; whether the applicant has resided within the ward or election district for at least 10 days, whether the applicant has lost his or her right to vote; and whether the applicant is currently registered to vote at any other location, and. The forms shall also provide a space for the applicant's signature and the ward and aldermanic district, if any, where the elector resides and any other information required to determine the offices and referenda for which the elector is certified to vote. The forms shall also include a space for the identification serial number of any elector who is issued such a number under s. 6.47 (3) where the clerk may record an indication of whether the form is received by mail and a space where the clerk, for any applicant who possesses a valid voting identification card issued to the person under s. 6.47 (3), may record the identification serial number appearing on the voting identification card. Each register of deeds shall obtain sufficient registration forms at the expense of the unit of government by which he or she is employed for completion by any elector who desires to register to vote at the office of the register of deeds under s. 6.28 (3).

SECTION 44. 6.33 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.33 (2) (a) The All information may be recorded by any person, but the except that the ward and aldermanic district, if any, other geographic information under sub. (1) the indication of whether the registration is received by mail, and any information relating to an applicant's voting identification card shall be recorded by the clerk. Each applicant shall sign his or her own name unless the applicant is

1	unable to sign his or her name due to physical disability. In such case, the applicant
2	may authorize another elector to sign the form on his or her behalf. If the applicant
3	so authorizes, the elector signing the form shall attest to a statement that the
4	application is made upon request and by authorization of a named elector who is
5	unable to sign the form due to physical disability. Ward and aldermanic district
6	information shall be filled in by the clerk.
7	(b) Except as provided under ss. 6.30 (4) and in s. 6.86 (3) (a) 2., the registration
8	form shall be signed by the registering elector and any corroborating elector under
9	s. 6.29 (2) (a) or 6.55 (2) before the clerk, issuing officer or registration deputy. The
10	form shall contain a certification by the registering elector that all statements are
11	true and correct.
12	SECTION 45. 6.33 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
13	SECTION 46. 6.33 (4) of the statutes is amended to read: thanged from eligible
14	6.33 (4) When an individual's registration is canceled, the municipal clerk or stable
15	board of election commissioners shall enter the date and reason for eancellation on
16	the individual's registration form list.
17	SECTION 47. 6.33 (5) of the statutes is created to read:
18	6.33 (5) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), whenever a municipal cherk receives
19	a valid registration or valid change of a name or address under an existing
20	registration and whenever a municipal clerk passes a registration, the municipal clerk
21	clerk shall promptly enter electronically on the list maintained by the board under
22	s. 6.36 (1) the information required under that subsection, except that the municipal
23	clerk may update any entries that change on the date of an election in the
24	municipality within 10 days after that date and the municipal clerk shall provide

to the board informatio	n that is	confidential	under s.	6.47	(2) in	such	manner	as	the
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board prescribes.									·

- (b) The municipal clerk of any municipality may, by mutual consent, designate any other municipal clerk, any county clerk, or the board as the clerk's agent to carry out the functions of the municipal clerk under this section for that municipality. The municipal clerk shall notify the county clerk of each county in which the municipality is located and the board of any such designation in writing. The municipal clerk may, by similar notice to the clerk's agent at least 14 days prior to the effective date of any change, discontinue the designation. If the municipal clerk designates another municipal clerk, a county clerk, or the board as his or her agent, the municipal clerk shall immediately forward all registration changes filed with the clerk and voting record information obtained by the clerk to the clerk's agent for electronic entry on the registration list.
 - SECTION 48. 6.35 (2) of the statutes is repealed.
- 15 Section 49. 6.35 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
 - 6.35 (3) In municipalities employing data processing for keeping of registration records, original Original registration records shall be maintained in the office of the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners at all times.
 - SECTION 50. 6.35 (5) and (6) of the statutes are repealed.
- 20 Section 51. 6.36 (1) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
 - 6.36 (1) (a) The board shall compile and maintain electronically an official registration list. The list shall contain the name and address of each registered elector in the state, the ward and aldermanic district of the elector, if any, and, for each elector, a unique registration identification number assigned by the board, the number of a valid operator's license issued to the elector under ch. 343, if any, or the

1	last 4 digits of the elector's social security account number, if any, any identification
2	serial number issued to the elector under s. 6.47 (3), an indication of whether the
3	elector is an overseas elector, as defined in s. 6,24 (1), an indication of any 5 am indication of the method by which the elector's registration for accommodation required under s. 5.25 (4) (a) to permit voting by the elector, and such
5	other information as may be determined by the board to facilitate administration of
6	elector registration requirements.
7	(b) 1. The list shall be open to public inspection under s. 19.35 (1) and shall be
8	electronically accessible by any person, except that:
9	a. No person other than an employee of the board, a municipal clerk, a deputy
10	clerk, an executive director of a city board of election commissioners, or a deputy
11	designated by the executive director may view the date of birth, registration
12	identification number, operator's license number, or social security account number
13	of an elector, the address of an elector to whom an identification serial number is
14	issued under s. 6.47 (3), or any indication of an accommodation required under s. 5.25
15	(4) (a) to permit voting by an elector.
16	b. No person other than an employee of the board, a municipal clerk, or an
17	election official who is authorized by a municipal clerk may make a change in the list.
18	2. The list shall be electronically accessible by name and shall also be accessible
19	in alphabetical order of the electors' names for the entire state and for each county,
20	municipality, ward, and combination of wards authorized under s. 5.15 (6) (b).
21	(c) The list shall be designed in such a way that the municipal clerk or board
22	of election commissioners of any municipality and any election official who is
23	authorized by the clerk or executive director of the board of election commissioners
24	may, by electronic transmission, add

- '	crossor who resides in, or who the list identifies as residing in, that municipality and
2	no other municipality.
3	(d) Upon receipt of official notification by the appropriate election
4	administrative authority of another state, territory, or possession that an elector
5	whose name appears on the list has registered to vote in that state, territory, or
$\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$	possession, the board or the municipal clerk of the municipality where the elector formerly resided shall remove the name of the elector from the list.
8	(e) If the board adds the name of any elector to the list, the board shall promptly
9	notify the municipal clerk of the municipality where the elector resides. If the board changes the registration of from eligible to in-eligible to the passes of any elector from the history, the board shall promptly notify the 5th 15
1.	municipal clerk of the municipality where the elector resides or, if the elector has
2	changed his or her residence from one municipality to another municipality in this
3	state, shall promptly notify the municipal clerk of the municipality where the elector
5	resided prior to the change. Notification shall be made in writing or by electronic changes the registration eligible to include transmission. If the board removes the name of any elector from the rist, the board shall make an entry on the list giving the date of and the reason for the powerful.
2(9)	If a municipal clerk receives a request from an elector to transfer his or
B	her registration to another municipality in this state, the clerk shall cancel the
.9	elector's registration and shall notify the municipal clerk of the municipality to
20	which the elector is changing his or her residence.
	2, If a municipal clerk receives a request from an elector who is registered in
3 3	another municipality to transfer his or her registration to the municipality served Change he elected a registration and shall by the clerk, the clerk shall notify the municipal clerk of the municipality where the
24	elector formerly resided of the elector's change of residence. Upon receipt of such
25	notification, that municipal clerk shall cancel the elector's registration.

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The board shall make all reasonable efforts to ensure that the list is maintained in a manner that precludes unauthorized persons from making alterations to the list.

SECTION 52. 6.36 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.36 (2) (a) Except as provided in par. pars. (b) and (c), the, each registration lists list prepared for use as a poll list at a polling place shall contain the full name and address of each registered elector; a blank column for the entry of the serial number of the electors when they vote; if the list is prepared for use at an election for national office, an indication next to the name of each elector for whom identification is required under par. (c) 2.; and a form of a certificate bearing the certification of the executive director of the board stating that each the list is a true and complete combined check and registration list of the respective municipality or the ward or wards for which the list is prepared.

SECTION 53. 6.36 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

6.36 (2) (c) 1. In this paragraph:

a. "Military elector" means a member of a uniformed service on active duty who, by reason of that duty, is absent from the residence where the member is otherwise qualified to vote; a member of the merchant marine, as defined in s. 6.22 (1) (a), who by reason of service in the merchant marine, is absent from the residence where the member is otherwise qualified to vote; or the spouse or dependent of any such member who, by reason of the duty or service of the member, is absent from the residence where the spouse or dependent is otherwise qualified to vote.

b. "Overseas elector" means an elector who resides outside the United States and who is qualified under federal law to vote in elections for national office in this state because the elector was last domiciled in this state immediately prior to the elector's departure from the United States.

2. If the registration list is prepared for use at an election for national office, the list shall contain, next to the name of each elector, an indication of whether identification is required for the elector to be permitted to vote. Identification is required if the elector is not a military elector or an overseas elector and the elector registers by mail and has not previously voted in an election for national office in this state.

SECTION 54. 6.36 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.36 (3) Municipalities shall prepare at least 2 copies of the registration list for each ward and bind them in book form. The original registration forms constitute the official registration list and shall be controlling whenever discrepancies occur in entering information from the forms under s. 6.33 (5).

SECTION 55. 6.40 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

municipal clerks may conduct door-to-door and mail registration canvasses at any time. The door-to-door canvass shall consist of both the deletion from the registration list of the names of electors who no longer reside at the address for which they are registered and the addition to the registration list of the names of electors who reside at that address. The mail canvass shall consist of the municipal clerk examining the registration records and canveling the registration of electors after the mailing of notices in accordance with s. 6.50 (1) and (2) or (2m). The mail canvass at may also consist of adding to the registration list the names of eligible electors. Both door-to-door and mail canvasses whenever made shall be made throughout the municipality in a uniform manner. An elector who wishes to obtain a confidential

listing under s. 6.47 (2) shall register at the office of the municipal clerk of the municipality where the elector resides.

SECTION 56. 6.47 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.47 (2) Except as authorized in sub. (8), the board, each municipal clerk, each agent designated under s. 6.33 (5) (b), and each election official shall withhold from public inspection under s. 19.35 (1) the name and address of any eligible individual whose name appears on a poll list or registration list if the individual files provides the municipal clerk with a valid written request with the clerk to protect the individual's confidentiality. To be valid, a request under this subsection must be accompanied by a copy of a protective order that is in effect, an affidavit under sub. (1) (a) 2. that is dated within 30 days of the date of the request or a statement signed by the operator or an authorized agent of the operator of a shelter that is dated within 30 days of the date of the request and that indicates that the operator operates the shelter and that the individual making the request resides in the shelter. A physically disabled individual who appears personally at the office of the municipal clerk accompanied by another elector of this state may designate that elector to make a request under this subsection on his or her behalf.

SECTION 57. 6.47 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.47 (3) Upon listing of receiving a valid written request from an elector under sub. (2), the municipal clerk shall issue to the elector a voting identification card on a form prescribed by the board that shall contain the name of the elector's municipality issuing the card of residence and, in the case of a town, the county in which the town is located, the elector's name, the ward in which the elector resides, if any, and a unique identification serial number issued by the board. The number

issued to an elector under this subsection shall not be changed for so long as the elector continues to qualify for a listing under sub. (2).

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SECTION 58. 6.50 (1) (introv) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.50 (1) Within 90 days following each general election, the municipal clerk or board of election commissioners of each municipality in which registration is required shall examine the registration records and identify each elector who has not voted within the previous 4 years if qualified to do so during that entire period and shall mail a notice to the elector in substantially the following form:

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SECTION 59. 6.50 (2m) of the statutes is repealed.

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SECTION 60. 6.50 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

(hange) from eliquide

6.50 (7) When an elector's registration is eanceled, the municipal clerk shall

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make an entry upon on the registration eard list, giving the date of and the cause of for the Change

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SECTION 61. 6.50 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

15 6.50 (8) Any municipal governing body may direct the municipal clerk or board 16 of election commissioners to arrange with the U.S. postal service pursuant to 17 applicable federal regulations, to receive change of address information with respect to individuals residing within the municipality for revision of the elector registration 18 19 If required by the U.S. postal service, the governing body may create a registration commission consisting of the municipal clerk or executive director of the 20 21 board of election commissioners and 2 other electors of the municipality appointed 22 by the clerk or executive director for the purpose of making application for address 23 changes and processing the information received. The municipal clerk or executive 24 director shall act as chairperson of the commission. Any authorization under this 25 subsection shall be for a definite period or until the municipal governing body

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otherwise determines. The procedure shall apply uniformly to the entire
municipality whenever used. The procedure shall provide for receipt of complete
change of address information on an automatic basis, or not less often than once
every 2 years during the 60 days preceding the close of registration for the September
primary. If a municipality adopts the procedure for obtaining address corrections
under this subsection, it need not comply with the procedure for mailing address
verification cards under subs. (1) and (2) or (2m).

SECTION 62. 6.50 (9) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 63. 6.50 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.50 (10) Any qualified elector whose registration is eanseled under this section.

may have his or her registration reinstated by filing a new registration form 512 to reregister as provided under s. 6.28 (1), 6.29 (2), or 6.55 (2).

SECTION 64. 6.55 (2) (a) 1. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.55 (2) (a) 1. (intro.) Except where the procedure under par. (c) or (cm) is employed, any person who qualifies as an elector in the ward or election district where he or she desires to vote, but has not previously filed a registration form, or was registered at another location in a municipality where registration is required, may request permission to vote at the polling place for that ward or election district, or at an alternate polling place assigned under s. 5.25 (5) (b). When a proper request is made, the inspector shall require the person to execute a registration form prescribed by the board that. The registration form shall be completed in the manner provided under s. 6.33 (2) and shall contain all information required under s. 6.33 (1), together with the following certification:

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SECTION 65. 6.55 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

elector shall be required by a special registration form under par. (a), the person elector shall be required by a special registration deputy or inspector to present provide acceptable proof of residence under sub. (7). If the person elector cannot supply such provide acceptable proof of residence, the information contained in the registration form shall be substantiated and signed corroborated in a statement that is signed by one other any elector who resides in the same municipality as the registering elector, corroborating all the material statements therein and that contains the current street address of the corroborating elector. The corroborator shall then provide acceptable proof of residence as provided in sub. (7). The signing by the elector executing the registration form and by any elector who corroborates the information in the form corroborator shall be in the presence of the special registration deputy or inspector. Upon compliance with this procedure, such person shall then be given the right to vote the elector shall be permitted to cast his or her vote, if the elector complies with all other requirements for voting at the polling place.

SECTION 66. 6.55 (2) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

6.55 (2) (c) 1. As an alternative to registration at the polling place under pars.

(a) and (b), the board of election commissioners, or the governing body of any municipality in which registration is required may by resolution require a person who qualifies as an elector and who is not registered and desires to register on the day of an election to do so at another readily accessible location in the same building as the polling place serving the elector's residence or at an alternate polling place assigned under s. 5.25 (5) (b), instead of at the polling place serving the elector's residence. In such case, the municipal clerk shall prominently post a notice of the registration location at the polling place. The municipal clerk, deputy clerk or special

registration deputy at the registration location shall require such person to execute a registration form as prescribed under par. (a) and to provide acceptable proof of residence as provided under sub. (7). If the person elector cannot supply such provide acceptable proof of residence, the information contained in the registration form shall be corroborated in the manner provided in par. (b). The signing by the elector executing the registration form and by any corroborating elector corroborator shall be in the presence of the municipal clerk, deputy clerk or special registration deputy. Upon proper completion of registration, the municipal clerk, deputy clerk or special registration deputy shall serially number the registration and give one copy to the elector for presentation at the polling place serving the elector's residence or an alternate polling place assigned under s. 5.25 (5) (b).

SECTION 67. 6.55 (2) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

6.55 (2) (c) 2. Upon compliance with the procedures under subd. 1., the municipal clerk or deputy clerk shall issue a certificate addressed to the inspectors of the proper polling place directing that the elector be permitted to cast his or her vote if the elector complies with all requirements for voting at the polling place. The clerk shall enter the name and address of the elector on the face of the certificate. If the elector's registration is corroborated, the clerk shall also enter the name and address of the certificate of the certificate shall be numbered serially and prepared in duplicate. The municipal clerk shall preserve one copy in his or her office.

SECTION 68. 6.55 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.55 (2) (d) A registered elector who has changed his or her name but resides at the same address, and has not notified the municipal clerk under s. 6.40 (1) (c), shall notify the inspector of the change before voting. The inspector shall then notify

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the municipal clerk at the time which when materials are returned under s. 6.56 (1). If an elector changes has changed both a name and address, the elector shall complete a registration form register at the polling place or other registration location under pars. (a) and (b).

SECTION 69. 6.55 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

6.55 (3) Any qualified elector in the ward or election district where the elector desires to vote whose name does not appear on the registration list where registration is required but who claims to be registered to vote in the election may request permission to vote at the polling place for that ward or election district. When the request is made, the inspector shall require the person to give his or her name and address. If the elector is not at the polling place which serves the ward or election district where the elector resides, the inspector shall provide the elector with directions to the correct polling place. If the elector is at the correct polling place, the elector shall then execute the following written statement: "I,, hereby certify that to the best of my knowledge, I am a qualified elector, having resided at for at least 10 days immediately preceding this election, and that I am not disqualified on any ground from voting, and I have not voted at this election and am properly registered to vote in this election." The person shall be required to provide acceptable proof of residence as provided under sub. (7) and shall then be given the right to vote. If acceptable proof is presented, the elector need not have the information corroborated by any other elector. If acceptable the elector cannot provide acceptable proof is not presented of residence, the statement shall be certified by the elector and shall be corroborated in a statement that is signed by another any other elector who resides in the municipality and that contains the current street address of the corroborating elector. The corroborator shall then provide acceptable proof of residence as provided

1	in sub. (7). Whenever the question of identity or residence cannot be satisfactorily
2	resolved and the elector cannot be permitted to vote, an inspector shall telephone the
3	office of the municipal clerk to reconcile the records at the polling place with those
4	at the office.
5	SECTION 70. 6.55 (7) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	6.55 (7) (a) (intro.) For purposes of this section, a form of identification an
7.	identifying document constitutes acceptable proof of residence if it includes:
8	SECTION 71. 6.55 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	6.55 (7) (b) If an elector's address has changed since a piece of identification
10	an identifying document was issued, the new information may be typed or printed
11	on the identification document by hand, in ink.
12	SECTION 72. 6.55 (7) (c) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	6.55 (7) (c) (intro.) Forms of identification Identifying documents which
l 4	constitute acceptable proof of residence under this section, when they contain the
15	information specified in par. (a), include the following:
16	SECTION 73. 6.55 (7) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
L7	6.55 (7) (c) 1. A Wisconsin motor vehicle An operator's license issued under ch.
L8	<u>343</u> .
L9	SECTION 74. 6.55 (7) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
20	6.55 (7) (c) 2. A Wisconsin An identification card issued under s. 125.08, 1987
21	stats s. 343.50.
22	SECTION 75. 6.55 (7) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	6.55 (7) (d) Forms of identification Identifying documents specified in par. (c)
24	which are valid for use during a specified period shall be valid on the day of an
25	election in order to constitute acceptable proof of residence at that election.

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