## Fiscal Estimate - 2003 Session

	Original		Updated		Corre	ected		Supple	emental		
LRB	Number	03-4219/		Intro	ductic	on Numb	er S	B-500			
Subject  Technology development grants and tax exemptions for renewable energy technology											
Fiscal	Effect										
	No State Fisc ndeterminate Increase I Appropria Decrease Appropria Create Ne	e Existing tions Existing	Reveni Decrea Reveni	ase Existing	1		orb within Yes	agency	e possible 's budget \to No		
2	Indeterminate  I. Increase Permiss  Z. Decrease Permiss	e Costs sive Mandato se Costs sive Mandato	3. Increas	sive Mar se Revenu	ndatory e ndatory	Affected Tow Cou	ment Unit I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Village Others WTCS Districts			
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations  GPR FED PRS SEG SEGS 20.835 (4) (g), (gb) and (ge)											
Agency	y/Prepared i	<u></u> Зу	A	uthorized S	Signatu	ire			Date		
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# Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOR 3/8/2004

LRB Number <b>03-4219/1</b>	Introduction Number	SB-500	Estimate Type	Original							
Subject											
Technology development grants and tax exemptions for renewable energy technology											

### **Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate**

Under current law, a "resource" is a source of energy used to generate electric power. A "renewable resource" is a resource [source of energy] that derives electricity from tidal or wave action, solar thermal electric or photovoltaic energy, wind power, geothermal technology, wood or plant material, biological waste, crops grown for use as a resource, landfill gases, or a fuel cell that uses a renewable fuel. Also under current law, the production of electricity is manufacturing and, therefore, machinery and equipment exclusively and directly used to produce electricity is exempt from sales and use tax.

The bill creates two exemptions from sales and use tax. Under the bill, the sale, storage, use or other consumption of a renewable resource [source of energy] would be exempt. In addition, the sale, storage, use or other consumption of any item of tangible personal property that uses a renewable resource as a power source would be exempt under the bill.

The bill also creates a technology development grant and loan program under which the Development Finance Board attached to the Department Of Commerce would award no more than a total of \$400,000 in each biennium for research, development, or commercialization projects related to renewable resources. The bill does not provide an appropriation to fund the program.

#### EXEMPTION OF RENEWABLE RESOURCES.

Most electric generating equipment, including generating equipment powered by renewable resources, is exempt manufacturing machinery and equipment under current law. In addition, fuel cells and photovoltaic batteries are typically components of products and, hence, exempt purchases for resale or manufacturing inputs. To the extent taxable sales of fuel cells and other renewable resources occur, the decrease in sales taxes is likely to be minimal.

EXEMPTION OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY POWERED BY RENEWABLE RESOURCES. Wisconsin's electric supply is produced using a mix of technologies and fuels, including renewable resources such as wind power. Since the exemption under the bill does not require direct or exclusive use of power generated using a renewable resource, sales of most, if not all, items of tangible personal property that use electricity would be exempt under the bill. Thus, for example, sales of computers and other office equipment, home electronics, air conditioners, and lighting fixtures would be exempt under the bill. An accurate estimate of the decrease in sales taxes from such broad exemption is not feasible but it would be very substantial. Moreover, based on discussions with the author's staff, it is not the author's intent to create such a broad exemption.

County and stadium district sales taxes were about 7.5% of state sales and use taxes in 2003.

Administrative costs of the bill are minimal and would be absorbed by the department.

### Long-Range Fiscal Implications