March 10, 2005 – Introduced by Representatives Ziegelbauer, Ainsworth, Ballweg, Berceau, Bies, Gottlieb, Gunderson, Hahn, Hines, Hundertmark, Kaufert, LeMahieu, Lothian, Montgomery, Musser, Nass, Ott, Wood and Zepnick, cosponsored by Senators Leibham, Darling, A. Lasee, Lazich, Roessler and Zien. Referred to Committee on Urban and Local Affairs.

1	AN ACT <i>to amend</i> 40.02 (48) (am) 22., 40.02 (48) (c), 60.57 (1) (c), 61.66, 62.09 (1)
2	(a), 62.09 (13) (a), 62.09 (13) (b), 62.13 (3), 62.13 (6) (a) 1., 62.13 (6) (a) 2., 62.13
3	(6) (a) 3., 62.13 (6m) (intro.), 62.13 (7m), 62.13 (7n), 62.13 (10m), 62.13 (11),
4	62.13 (12), 111.70 (1) (a), 891.45 (1) (b), 891.455 (1), 951.01 (3f), 990.01 (7g),
5	990.01 (7m), 990.01 (7r), 990.01 (28g), 990.01 (28m) and 990.01 (28r); and <i>to</i>
6	<i>create</i> 60.55 (1) (a) 5., 60.553, 60.56 (1) (a) 4. and 62.13 (2s) of the statutes;
7	relating to: authorizing cities and towns, and expanding the authority of
8	villages, to create combined protective services departments.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Generally under current law a village with a population of at least 5,000 is required to provide police protection services by creating its own police department, by contracting for police protection services with a city, village, or town, or by creating a joint police department with another city, village, or town. Also under current law, in general, a village with a population of at least 5,500 is required to provide fire protection services by creating its own fire department, by contracting for fire protection services with a city, village, or town, or by creating a joint fire department with another city, village, or town.

Current law also authorizes a village with a population of less than 20,000 to provide police and fire protection services in one of two additional ways. The first

way is by using a combined protective services department, which is neither a police department nor a fire department, which was created before January 1, 1987, and in which the same person may be required to perform police protection and fire protection duties, subject to some limitations on consecutive hours that may be worked in police protection. The second way is by requiring persons in a police department or fire department, alone or in combination with persons designated as police officers or fire fighters, to perform police protection and fire protection duties, subject to some limitations on consecutive hours that may be worked in police protection. In either case, the village may designate any person required to perform police protection and fire protection duties as primarily a police officer or fire fighter for purposes related to presumptions related to certain employment–related diseases.

Generally under current law, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th class cities (presently all cities other than Milwaukee) with populations of at least 4,000 must have police departments and fire departments, and may have joint departments with other cities, villages, or towns. Such cities are generally required to have a board of police and fire commissioners, which appoint the police and fire chiefs who, in turn, appoint subordinates subject to approval by the board.

Under a decision of the Wisconsin Supreme Court, *Local Union No. 487, IAFF–CIO, v. City of Eau Claire*, 147 Wis. 2d 519 (1989), cities may not create combined protective services departments or require persons in a police department or fire department, alone or in combination with persons designated as police officers or fire fighters, to perform police protection and fire protection duties.

This bill authorizes 2nd, 3rd, and 4th class cities, and towns, to provide police and fire protection services in the same two additional ways that certain villages may do so, either by creating a combined protective services department which is neither a police department nor a fire department and in which the same person may be required to perform police protection and fire protection duties, or by requiring persons in a police department or fire department, alone or in combination with persons designated as police officers or fire fighters, to perform police protection and fire protection duties. The bill also removes the limitations on villages such that any village may use a combined protective services department and may require persons in a police department or fire department to perform police protection and fire protection duties.

Under the bill, cities, villages, and towns may designate any person who is required to perform police protection and fire protection duties as primarily a police officer or fire fighter for purposes relating to rest days, consecutive hours worked, hours of labor, rules for leaving the city, and presumptions related to certain employment–related diseases. These requirements and limitations that apply to persons designated as primarily a police officer or fire fighter under the bill apply to police officers and fire fighters under current law. If a city creates a combined protective services department, the city must create a chief of the department and must abolish the offices of chief of police and fire chief. The chief of a combined protective services department has the same authority as the chief of police and fire chief had.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1 **SECTION 1.** 40.02 (48) (am) 22. of the statutes is amended to read: 2 40.02 (48) (am) 22. A person employed under s. <u>60.553 (1)</u>, 61.66 (1), or 62.13 3 <u>(2s) (a)</u>. 4 **SECTION 2.** 40.02 (48) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 5 40.02 (48) (c) In s. 40.65, "protective occupation participant" means a 6 participating employee who is a police officer, fire fighter, an individual determined 7 by a participating employer under par. (a) or (bm) to be a protective occupation 8 participant, county undersheriff, deputy sheriff, state probation and parole officer, 9 county traffic police officer, conservation warden, state forest ranger, field 10 conservation employee of the department of natural resources who is subject to call 11 for forest fire control or warden duty, member of the state traffic patrol, state motor 12 vehicle inspector, University of Wisconsin System full-time police officer, guard or 13 any other employee whose principal duties are supervision and discipline of inmates 14 at a state penal institution, excise tax investigator employed by the department of 15 revenue, person employed under s. <u>60.553 (1)</u>, 61.66 (1), or 62.13 (2s) (a), or special 16 criminal investigation agent employed by the department of justice. 17 **SECTION 3.** 60.55 (1) (a) 5. of the statutes is created to read: 18 60.55 (1) (a) 5. Creating a combined protective services department under s. 19 60.553.

SECTION 4. 60.553 of the statutes is created to read:

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60.553 Combined protective services. (1) Any town may provide police and
 fire protection services by any of the following:

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(a) A combined protective services department which is neither a police
department under s. 60.56 (1) (a) nor a fire department under s. 60.55 (1) (a), and in
which the same person may be required to perform police protection and fire
protection duties without being required to perform police protection duties for more
than 8 hours in each 24 hours except in emergency situations, as described under s.
62.13 (7n).

9 (b) Persons in a police department or fire department who, alone or in 10 combination with persons designated as police officers or fire fighters, may be 11 required to perform police protection and fire protection duties without being 12 required to perform police protection duties for more than 8 hours in each 24 hours 13 except in emergency situations, as described under s. 62.13 (7n).

- (2) The governing body of a town acting under sub. (1) may designate any
 person required to perform police protection and fire protection duties under sub. (1)
 as primarily a police officer or fire fighter for purposes described in s. 62.13 (7m), (7n),
 (10m), and (11) and s. 891.45 or 891.455.
- **SECTION 5.** 60.56 (1) (a) 4. of the statutes is created to read:
- 19 60.56 (1) (a) 4. Creating a combined protective services department under s.
 20 60.553.

SECTION 6. 60.57 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.57 (1) (c) If the town has both a police and fire department, <u>or a combined</u>
 protective services department, establish a board of police and fire commissioners.

SECTION 7. 61.66 of the statutes is amended to read:

61.66 Combined protective services. (1) Notwithstanding s. 61.65 (1) (a),
 (2) (a) and (3g) (d) 2., any village with a population of less than 20,000 may provide
 police and fire protection services by any of the following:

(a) A <u>combined protective services</u> department which is neither a police
department under s. 61.65 (1) (a) nor a fire department under s. 61.65 (2) (a), which
was created prior to January 1, 1987, and in which the same person may be required
to perform police protection and fire protection duties without being required to
perform police protection duties for more than 8 hours in each 24 hours except in
emergency situations, as specified <u>described</u> under s. 62.13 (7n).

10 (b) Persons in a police department or fire department who, alone or in 11 combination with persons designated as police officers or fire fighters, may be 12 required to perform police protection and fire protection duties without being 13 required to perform police protection duties for more than 8 hours in each 24 hours 14 except in emergency situations, as specified described under s. 62.13 (7n), if those 15 persons were required to perform those duties prior to January 1, 1987.

(2) The governing body of a village acting under sub. (1) may designate any
person required to perform police protection and fire protection duties under sub. (1)
as primarily a police officer or fire fighter for purposes of <u>described in s. 62.13 (7m)</u>,
(7n), (10m), and (11) and s. 891.45 or 891.455.

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SECTION 8. 62.09 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.09 (1) (a) The officers shall be a mayor, treasurer, clerk, comptroller, attorney, engineer, one or more assessors unless the city is assessed by a county assessor under s. 70.99, one or more constables as determined by the common council, a local health officer, as defined in s. 250.01 (5), or local board of health, as defined in s. 250.01 (3), street commissioner, board of police and fire commissioners

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except in cities where not applicable, chief of police except in cities where not 1 2 applicable, chief of the fire department except in cities where not applicable, chief of 3 combined protective services department except in cities where not applicable, board 4 of public works, 2 alderpersons from each aldermanic district, and such other officers 5 or boards as are created by law or by the council. If one alderperson from each 6 aldermanic district is provided under s. 66.0211 (1), the council may, by ordinance adopted by a two-thirds vote of all its members and approved by the electors at a 7 8 general or special election, provide that there shall be 2 alderpersons from each 9 aldermanic district. If a city creates a combined protective services department 10 under s. 62.13 (2s) (a) 1., it shall create the office of chief of such a department and 11 shall abolish the offices of chief of police and chief of the fire department.

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SECTION 9. 62.09 (13) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 62.09 (13) (a) The chief of police shall have command of the police force of the 14 city, or the chief of a protective services department created under s. 62.13 (2s) (a) 15 1. shall have command of the combined protective services force, under the direction 16 of the mayor. The chief shall obey all lawful written orders of the mayor or common 17 council. The chief and each police officer or combined protective services officer shall possess the powers, enjoy the privileges and be subject to the liabilities conferred and 18 19 imposed by law upon constables, and be taken as included in all writs and papers 20 addressed to constables; shall arrest with or without process and with reasonable 21 diligence take before the municipal judge or other proper court every person found 22 in the city engaged in any disturbance of the peace or violating any law of the state 23 or ordinance of the city and may command all persons present in that case to assist, 24 and if any person, being so commanded, refuses or neglects to render assistance the 25 person shall forfeit not exceeding \$10. They shall collect the same fees prescribed

for sheriffs in s. 814.70 for similar services, unless a higher fee is applicable under
 s. 814.705 (1) (b).

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3 **SECTION 10.** 62.09 (13) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 62.09 (13) (b) The chief of police, or the chief of a protective services department 5 created under s. 62.13 (2s) (a) 1., shall have charge of all city jails, including that 6 portion of any jail which is used by the city in a joint city-county building. 7 **SECTION 11.** 62.13 (2s) of the statutes is created to read: 8 62.13 (2s) COMBINED PROTECTIVE SERVICES. (a) A city may provide police and fire 9 protection services by any of the following: 10 A combined protective services department which is neither a police 1. 11 department as otherwise constituted under this section nor a fire department as 12 otherwise constituted under this section, in which the same person may be required 13 to perform police protection and fire protection duties without being required to

perform police protection duties for more than 8 hours in each 24 hours except in
emergency situations, as described under s. 62.13 (7n).

2. Persons in a police department or fire department who, alone or in
combination with persons designated as police officers or fire fighters, may be
required to perform police protection and fire protection duties without being
required to perform police protection duties for more than 8 hours in each 24 hours
except in emergency situations, as described under s. 62.13 (7n).

(b) The governing body of a city acting under par. (a) may designate any person
required to perform police protection and fire protection duties under par. (a) as
primarily a police officer or fire fighter for purposes of subs. (7m), (7n), (10m), and
(11) and s. 891.45 or 891.455.

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SECTION 12. 62.13 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	62.13 (3) CHIEFS. The board shall appoint the chief of police and the chief of the
2	fire department or, if applicable, the chief of a protective services department, who
3	shall hold their offices during good behavior, subject to suspension or removal by the
4	board for cause.
5	SECTION 13. 62.13 (6) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
6	62.13 (6) (a) 1. To organize and supervise the fire and police <u>, or combined</u>
7	protective services, departments and to prescribe rules and regulations for their
8	control and management.
9	SECTION 14. 62.13 (6) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
10	62.13 (6) (a) 2. To contract for and purchase all necessary apparatus and
11	supplies for the use of the departments under their supervision, exclusive of the
12	erection and control of the police and, fire station, and combined protective services
13	buildings.
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14	SECTION 15. 62.13 (6) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
14	SECTION 15. 62.13 (6) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
14 15	SECTION 15. 62.13 (6) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6) (a) 3. To audit all bills, claims and expenses of the fire and , police <u>, and</u>
14 15 16	SECTION 15. 62.13 (6) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6) (a) 3. To audit all bills, claims and expenses of the fire and, police, and combined protective services departments before the same are paid by the city
14 15 16 17	SECTION 15. 62.13 (6) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6) (a) 3. To audit all bills, claims and expenses of the fire and, police, and combined protective services departments before the same are paid by the city treasurer.
14 15 16 17 18	 SECTION 15. 62.13 (6) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6) (a) 3. To audit all bills, claims and expenses of the fire and, police, and combined protective services departments before the same are paid by the city treasurer. SECTION 16. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
14 15 16 17 18 19	 SECTION 15. 62.13 (6) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6) (a) 3. To audit all bills, claims and expenses of the fire and, police, and combined protective services departments before the same are paid by the city treasurer. SECTION 16. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6m) (intro.) If a city of less than 4,000 population has not by ordinance
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 SECTION 15. 62.13 (6) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6) (a) 3. To audit all bills, claims and expenses of the fire and, police, and combined protective services departments before the same are paid by the city treasurer. SECTION 16. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6m) (intro.) If a city of less than 4,000 population has not by ordinance applied subs. (1) to (6) to the city, the city may not suspend, reduce, suspend and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 SECTION 15. 62.13 (6) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6) (a) 3. To audit all bills, claims and expenses of the fire and, police, and combined protective services departments before the same are paid by the city treasurer. SECTION 16. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6m) (intro.) If a city of less than 4,000 population has not by ordinance applied subs. (1) to (6) to the city, the city may not suspend, reduce, suspend and reduce, or remove any police chief, protective services chief, or other law enforcement
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	 SECTION 15. 62.13 (6) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6) (a) 3. To audit all bills, claims and expenses of the fire and, police, and combined protective services departments before the same are paid by the city treasurer. SECTION 16. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6m) (intro.) If a city of less than 4,000 population has not by ordinance applied subs. (1) to (6) to the city, the city may not suspend, reduce, suspend and reduce, or remove any police chief, protective services chief, or other law enforcement officer who is not probationary, and for whom there is no valid and enforceable
 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	 SECTION 15. 62.13 (6) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6) (a) 3. To audit all bills, claims and expenses of the fire and, police, and combined protective services departments before the same are paid by the city treasurer. SECTION 16. 62.13 (6m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 62.13 (6m) (intro.) If a city of less than 4,000 population has not by ordinance applied subs. (1) to (6) to the city, the city may not suspend, reduce, suspend and reduce, or remove any police chief, protective services chief, or other law enforcement officer who is not probationary, and for whom there is no valid and enforceable contract of employment or collective bargaining agreement which provides for a fair

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SECTION 17. 62.13 (7m) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 62.13 (7m) REST DAY. (a) The council of every city of the fourth class shall 3 provide for, and the chief of the police department, or the chief of the combined 4 protective services department, shall assign to, each police officer, or each 5 subordinate designated as primarily a police officer under sub. (2s) (b), in the service 6 of such city one full rest day of 24 consecutive hours during each 192 hours, except 7 in cases of positive necessity by some sudden and serious emergency, which, in the 8 judgment of the chief of police, or the chief of the combined protective services 9 department, demands that such day of rest not be given at such time. Arrangements 10 shall be made so that each full rest day may be had at such time or times as will not 11 impair the efficiency of the department.

12 (b) The council of every city of the second or third class shall provide for, and 13 the chief of the police department, or the chief of the combined protective services 14 department, shall assign to, each police officer, or each subordinate designated as primarily a police officer under sub. (2s) (b), in the service of such city 2 full rest days 15 16 of 24 consecutive hours each during each 192 hours, except in cases of positive 17 necessity by some sudden and serious emergency, which, in the judgment of the chief of police, or the chief of the combined protective services department, demands that 18 19 any such day of rest not be given at such time. Arrangements shall be made so that 20 each full rest day may be had at such time or times as will not impair the efficiency 21 of the department. This section shall not apply to villages to which s. 61.65 is 22 applicable.

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SECTION 18. 62.13 (7n) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.13 (7n) HOURS OF LABOR. Except when a labor agreement under subch. IV
of ch. 111 that governs hours of employment exists, the council of every 2nd, 3rd or

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1	4th class city shall provide for a working day of not more than 8 hours in each 24
2	except in cases of positive necessity by some sudden and serious emergency, which,
3	in the judgment of the chief of police, <u>or the chief of the combined protective services.</u>
4	demands that such workday shall be extended beyond the 8-hour period at such
5	time; and, when such emergency ceases to exist, all overtime given during such
6	emergency shall be placed to the credit of such police officer, or each subordinate
7	designated as primarily a police officer under sub. (2s) (b), and compensatory time
8	under s. 103.025 given therefor.
9	SECTION 19. 62.13 (10m) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	62.13 (10m) RULES GOVERNING LEAVING CITY. Subject to approval of the common
11	council the fire chief, or the chief of the combined protective services department,
12	may establish rules requiring fire fighters, or each subordinate designated as
13	primarily a fire fighter under sub. (2s) (b), to obtain permission before leaving the
14	city.
15	SECTION 20. 62.13 (11) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	62.13 (11) FIRE FIGHTERS, REST DAY. The common council of every 4th class city,
17	having a population of 5,000 or more and a fire department, or a combined protective
18	services department, shall provide for, and the chief of the fire department or
19	combined protective services department shall assign to each full paid member
20	thereof of the fire department or subordinate designated as primarily a fire fighter
21	under sub. (2s) (b), a period of 24 consecutive hours off duty during each 72 hours,
22	except in cases of positive necessity by some sudden and serious fire, accident or
23	other peril, which, in the judgment of the chief engineer or other officer in charge
24	demands that the day of rest not be given at that time. The provisions of this section
25	shall not apply to cities having a 2–platoon or double shift system.

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1	SECTION 21. 62.13 (12) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	62.13 (12) LEGISLATIVE INTENT. Section 62.13 and chapter 589, laws of 1921,
3	chapter 423, laws of 1923, and chapter 586, laws of 1911, shall be construed as an
4	enactment of statewide concern for the purpose of providing a uniform regulation of
5	police-and, fire, and combined protective services departments.
6	SECTION 22. 111.70 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	111.70 (1) (a) "Collective bargaining" means the performance of the mutual
8	obligation of a municipal employer, through its officers and agents, and the
9	representative of its municipal employees in a collective bargaining unit, to meet and
10	confer at reasonable times, in good faith, with the intention of reaching an

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11 agreement, or to resolve questions arising under such an agreement, with respect to 12 wages, hours and conditions of employment, and with respect to a requirement of the 13 municipal employer for a municipal employee to perform law enforcement and fire 14 fighting services under s. <u>60.553 (1)</u>, 61.66, or 62.13 (2s) (a), except as provided in sub. 15 (4) (m) and s. 40.81 (3) and except that a municipal employer shall not meet and 16 confer with respect to any proposal to diminish or abridge the rights guaranteed to 17 municipal employees under ch. 164. The duty to bargain, however, does not compel 18 either party to agree to a proposal or require the making of a concession. Collective 19 bargaining includes the reduction of any agreement reached to a written and signed document. The municipal employer shall not be required to bargain on subjects 20 21 reserved to management and direction of the governmental unit except insofar as the 22 manner of exercise of such functions affects the wages, hours and conditions of 23 employment of the municipal employees in a collective bargaining unit. In creating 24 this subchapter the legislature recognizes that the municipal employer must 25 exercise its powers and responsibilities to act for the government and good order of

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1	the jurisdiction which it serves, its commercial benefit and the health, safety and
2	welfare of the public to assure orderly operations and functions within its
3	jurisdiction, subject to those rights secured to municipal employees by the
4	constitutions of this state and of the United States and by this subchapter.
5	SECTION 23. 891.45 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	891.45 (1) (b) "Municipal fire fighter" includes any person designated as
7	primarily a fire fighter under s. <u>60.553 (2),</u> 61.66 (2) <u>, or 62.13 (2s) (b)</u> and any person
8	under s. <u>60.553.</u> 61.66 <u>. or 62.13 (2s)</u> whose duties as a fire fighter during the 5–year
9	qualifying period took up at least two-thirds of his or her working hours.
10	SECTION 24. 891.455 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	891.455 (1) In this section, "state, county, or municipal fire fighter" means a
12	fire fighter who is covered under s. 891.45 and any person under s. <u>60.553,</u> 61.66 <u>, or</u>
13	62.13 (2s) whose duties as a fire fighter during the 10-year qualifying period
14	specified in sub. (2) took up at least two-thirds of his or her working hours.
15	SECTION 25. 951.01 (3f) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	951.01 (3f) "Fire department" includes a volunteer fire department and a
17	department under s. <u>60.553 (1) (a),</u> 61.66 <u>, or 62.13 (2s) (a) 1</u> .
18	SECTION 26. 990.01 (7g) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	990.01 (7g) FIRE CHIEF. "Fire chief" or "chief of a fire department" includes the
20	chief of a department under s. <u>60.553 (1) (a),</u> 61.66 <u>, or 62.13 (2s) (a) 1</u> .
21	SECTION 27. 990.01 (7m) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	990.01 (7m) FIRE DEPARTMENT. "Fire department" includes a department under
23	s. <u>60.553 (1) (a),</u> 61.66 <u>, or 62.13 (2s) (a) 1</u> .
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24 **SECTION 28.** 990.01 (7r) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	990.01 (7r) FIRE FIGHTER. "Fire fighter" includes a person serving under s.
2	<u>60.553,</u> 61.66 <u>, or 62.13 (2s)</u> .
3	SECTION 29. 990.01 (28g) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	990.01 (28g) POLICE CHIEF. "Police chief" or "chief of a police department"
5	includes the chief of a department under s. <u>60.553 (1) (a),</u> 61.66 <u>, or 62.13 (2s) (a) 1</u> .
6	SECTION 30. 990.01 (28m) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	990.01 (28m) POLICE DEPARTMENT. "Police department" includes a department
8	under s. <u>60.553 (1) (a),</u> 61.66 <u>, or 62.13 (2s) (a) 1</u> .
9	SECTION 31. 990.01 (28r) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	990.01 (28r) POLICE OFFICER. "Police officer" includes a person serving under
11	s. <u>60.553,</u> 61.66 <u>, or 62.13 (2s)</u> .
12	(END)

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