Fiscal Estimate - 2005 Session							
Original Dpdated	☑ Corrected ☑ Supple	mental					
LRB Number 05a1124/1	Introduction Number AA2-AE	3347					
Description Property tax credit for veterans who receive 100 percent disability compensation and for their unremarried spouses							
Fiscal Effect							
Appropriations Reve	ease Existing enues rease Existing enues to absorb within agency enues Decrease Costs						
Local: ☐ No Local Government Costs ☐ Indeterminate 1. ☐ Increase Costs ☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory 2. ☐ Decrease Costs ☐ Permissive ☐ Mandatory ☐ Decrease Revenue ☐ Decrease Revenue ☐ School ☐ WTCS ☐ Districts ☐ Districts							
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS 20.835 (3) (c)							
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date					
DOR/ Paul Ziegler (608) 266-5773	Paul Ziegler (608) 266-5773	10/27/2005					

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOR 10/27/2005

LRB Number	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Introduction Number AB347	AA2-	Estimate Type	Corrected		
Description Property tax credit for veterans who receive 100 percent disability compensation and for their unremarried							
spouses							

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Under the bill as amended by AA2, a veteran who receives 100% disability compensation from the U. S. Department of Veterans Affairs due to a service-connected disability and an unremarried surviving spouse of such veteran would be eligible for a property tax credit equal to the property tax on any real property owned by such person, as long as the property is not used for pecuniary gain.

According to the U. S. Department of Veterans Affairs, in 2004 there were 3,809 veterans in Wisconsin receiving 100% service-related disability compensation. Data on the number of unremarried surviving spouses are not available. According to the 2000 U. S. Census, the homeownership rate among households in Wisconsin is 68%. Assuming this homeownership rate and no second or vacation homes, an estimated 2,590 (3,809 X 68%) residential parcels would be eligible for the credit created under the bill. However, assuming a national 55% homeownership rate of people with one to four long-lasting physical conditions such as blindness, deafness, or severe vision or hearing impairment, an estimated 2,095 (3,809 x 55%) residential parcels would be eligible for the credit.

Data from the Wisconsin Department of Revenue indicates that the statewide average market value of an improved residential parcel in 2004 was about \$149,000. Based on this, between \$312 million (\$149,000 x 2,095) and \$385.9 million (\$149,000 X 2,590) in property value would be eligible for the credit created under the amended bill. At the statewide average net tax rate for 2004/05 of \$19.63 per \$1,000 of full value, the total credit would be between \$6.1 million GPR (\$312 million x 0.01963) and \$7.6 million GPR (\$385.9 million X 0.01963).

Under 2005 Act 25, a refundable individual income tax credit was created for property taxes paid on a principal dwelling by certain veterans and their unremarried spouses. Some of the people who could claim the Act 25 credit would also be eligible for the credit created under the amended bill. Since the credit under the amended bill reduces the taxes paid to \$0 and the income tax credit requires payment of the property tax bill before the credit can be claimed, persons eligible for both credits are likely to choose the credit created under the amended bill. This would reduce the cost of the income tax credit, as enacted by Act 25, by \$980,000 or \$1.2 million depending on the homeownership rate. Therefore, the net state cost of property tax credit for disabled veterans created by the amended bill would be between \$5.1 million and \$6.4 million.

State administrative costs for the credit would be absorbed within the Department of Revenue's budget.

Counties and municipalities may have minor increases in costs to administer the credit.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Wisconsin Department of Administration
Division of Executive Budget and Finance

Fiscal Est	timate	Worksheet	- 2005 ·	Sessi	ion
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Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect Supplemental Updated Corrected Original 05a1124/1 Introduction Number **AA2-AB347** LRB Number Description Property tax credit for veterans who receive 100 percent disability compensation and for their unremarried spouses I. One-time Costs or Revenue Impacts for State and/or Local Government (do not include in annualized fiscal effect): **Annualized Fiscal Impact on funds from:** II. Annualized Costs: **Increased Costs Decreased Costs** A. State Costs by Category State Operations - Salaries and Fringes \$ (FTE Position Changes) State Operations - Other Costs Local Assistance Aids to Individuals or Organizations \$ \$ TOTAL State Costs by Category **B. State Costs by Source of Funds GPR FED** PRO/PRS SEG/SEG-S III. State Revenues - Complete this only when proposal will increase or decrease state revenues (e.g., tax increase, decrease in license fee, ets.) Increased Rev **Decreased Rev** \$ \$ **GPR Taxes GPR Earned FED** PRO/PRS SEG/SEG-S \$ \$ **TOTAL State Revenues NET ANNUALIZED FISCAL IMPACT** State Local \$5.1-6.4million(SeeText) \$ **NET CHANGE IN COSTS** \$ NET CHANGE IN REVENUE \$ **Authorized Signature** Date Agency/Prepared By Paul Ziegler (608) 266-5773 10/27/2005 DOR/ Paul Ziegler (608) 266-5773