or firearm safety course or class.

1	(6) REVIEW BY NOTARY. Before a person submits an application under sub. (7),
2	the person shall display a valid license document or identification card that he or she
3	has been issued under s. 343.17 or 343.50 to the notary who is to notarize the
4	statement required under sub. (7) (b). Before notarizing that statement, the notary
5	shall verify the person's identity using that license document or identification card
6	and verify that the name and state identification card number listed on the license
7	document or identification card are the same as the name and state identification
8	card number listed on the application.
9	(7) Submission of Application. An individual may apply for a license under this
10	section with the department by submitting to the department all of the following:
11	(a) A completed application in the form prescribed under sub. (5) (a).
12	(b) A notarized statement that states that the information that he or she is
13	providing in the application submitted under par. (a) and any document submitted
14	with the application is true and complete to the best of his or her knowledge.
15	(bd) A license fee of \$52.
16	(bh) A fee for a background check of \$8.
17	(bp) A shooting range improvement fee of \$15 written as a separate check,
18	made out to the applicant's county of residence, that the department shall forward
19	to that county on at least a quarterly basis.
20	(d) A training certificate, in the form created by the department under sub. (5)
21	(b), that is completed by the person specified in sub. (3) (h) 2. and that shows that the
22	person is eligible for a license under sub. (3) (b) and (h) 1. This paragraph does not
23	apply to a person certified under sub. (3m) (b) as an instructor of a firearm training

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1	(9) PROCESSING OF APPLICATION. (a) Upon receiving an application submitted
2	under sub. (7), the department shall conduct a background check, as provided under
3	sub. (9g).
4	(b) Subject to par. (c), within 21 days after receiving an application under sub.
5	(7), the department shall do one of the following:
6	1. Issue the license and promptly send the licensee his or her license document
7	by 1st class mail.
8	2. Deny the application, but only if the applicant fails to qualify under the
9	criteria specified in sub. (3). If the department denies the application, the
10	department shall inform the applicant in writing, stating the reason and factual
11	basis for the denial to the extent permitted under federal law.
12	(c) The time period specified in par. (b) (intro.) is tolled during the pendency of
13	any action brought under sub. (10m).
14	(9g) Background checks. (b) The department shall conduct a background
15	check regarding an applicant for a license using the following procedure:
16	1. The department shall create a confirmation number associated with the
17	applicant.
18	2. The department shall use the transaction information for management of
19	enforcement system and the national crime information center system.
20	3. As soon as practicable, the department shall do the following:
21	a. If the background check indicates that the applicant does not qualify for a
22	license under sub. (3) (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (i), (im), (j), (k), (L), (m), (mm), (n), (o), or (r),
23	create a unique nonapproval number for the applicant.

- b. If the completed background check does not indicate that the applicant is disqualified for a license under sub. (3) (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (i), (im), (j), (k), (L), (m), (mm), (n), (o), or (r), create a unique approval number for the applicant.
- c. If the background check indicates that the applicant was the subject of a relevant criminal charge for which there is no recorded disposition or if, in the case of a misdemeanor delinquency adjudication, the background check does not indicate how long the resultant dispositional order was in effect, make all reasonable efforts to obtain the missing information.
- (c) The department shall conduct the background check under par. (b) immediately if the background check is for an applicant for an emergency license under sub. (9r).
- (d) The department shall maintain the record of all completed application forms and a record of all approval or nonapproval numbers regarding background checks under this subsection.
- (e) 1. The department shall check each application form. If the department provided a unique approval number regarding the request, the department shall, except as provided in subd. 2., destroy all records regarding that background check within 30 days after receiving the form.
- 2. The department may maintain records necessary to administer this subsection and, for a period of not more than 15 months after the department issues a unique approval number, a log of dates of background checks under this subsection together with unique approval and nonapproval numbers corresponding to those dates.

- (f) The department shall promulgate rules authorizing it to obtain records necessary to determine an applicant's eligibility under sub. (3) (e), (g) 1., (i), (im), and (j) for a license issued under this section.
- (9r) EMERGENCY LICENSE. (a) Unless the department knows that the person is not qualified for a license under sub. (3) (a) to (g) or (i) to (s), the department shall issue a license under this section to an individual who does not satisfy the requirements under sub. (3) (h) 1. if the department determines that immediate licensure is warranted to protect the individual from death or great bodily harm, as defined in s. 939.22 (14). If the individual has obtained a temporary restraining order or injunction under s. 813.12 or 813.125 or a foreign protection order that meets the requirements of s. 806.247 (2) and that has the same effect as an order issued under s. 813.12 or 813.125, the department shall presume that immediate licensure is warranted to protect the individual from death or great bodily harm. If the department issues a license under this paragraph it shall conduct an immediate background check under sub. (9g).
- (b) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2. and par. (d), a license issued under par. (a) is valid for 120 days from the date on which it is issued and may not be renewed.
- 2. If the department learns that an individual to whom the department has issued a license under par. (a) does not qualify for a license under sub. (3) (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), (i), (im), (j), (k), (L), (m), (mm), (n), (o), or (r), the department shall revoke the license.
- (c) The department may waive the fees that would otherwise be required under sub. (7) (bd), (bh), and (bp) for an individual who is applying for a license under par. (a) if requiring the individual to pay the fees would create a hardship for the individual. The department shall promulgate rules specifying the procedures and

- definitions to apply when determining whether an individual is eligible for a waiver of the fees for an emergency license under this section as provided under this paragraph.
- (d) A person who has been issued a license under par. (a) may obtain a license under sub. (2) if he or she meets the qualifications specified under sub. (3) and completes the application process specified in sub. (7). A license issued to a person under par. (a) is void if the person is issued a license under sub. (2).
- (10) EXEMPTION FROM BACKGROUND CHECK. Notwithstanding subs. (9) (a) and (15) (c), the department shall issue or renew a license under this section to any of the following individuals without requesting a background check:
 - (a) A law enforcement officer.
 - (b) A correctional officer.
 - (c) A probation, parole, and extended supervision agent.
- (d) A person who holds a current certification from the law enforcement standards board under s. 165.85 (3) (c).
- (10m) DISQUALIFICATION PETITION REGARDING CERTAIN MISDEMEANANTS. (a) If the department receives an application for a license under this section from a person who has committed a misdemeanor crime of violence and the person is eligible for a license under sub. (3) (m), the department may file a petition under this subsection asking the circuit court to enter an order barring the person from receiving a license. The department may only file such a petition if the petition alleges that, based on the person's commission of one or more misdemeanor crimes of violence, the person would pose a substantial risk to others if the person were issued a license under this section.

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reason for the notification:

(b) The department shall file any such petition in the circuit court of the
person's county of residence. The department may not file the petition more than 30
days after receiving the person's completed application, unless the person was issued
a license under sub. (9r). The court shall allow the person 30 days to file an answer
to the petition. The court may hold an evidentiary hearing on the petition.
(c) If the court determines, by clear and convincing evidence, that the person
would pose a substantial risk to others if the person were issued a license under this
section, the court shall enter an order prohibiting the person from obtaining a license
under this section.
(d) If the court denies the department's petition, the court shall award the
person costs and reasonable attorney fees.
(e) The court shall expedite any proceeding brought under this subsection.
(11) UPDATED INFORMATION. (a) 1. In this paragraph:
a. "Clerk" means the clerk of the circuit court or, if it has enacted a law or an
ordinance in conformity with s. 346.63, the clerk of the court for a federally
recognized American Indian tribe or band in this state, a city, a village, or a town.
b. "Court automated information systems" means the systems under s. 758.19
(4).
2. The court automated information systems, or the clerk or register in probate,
if the information is not contained in or cannot be transmitted by the court
automated information systems, shall promptly notify the department of the name
of any individual with respect to whom any of the following occurs and the specific

a. The individual is charged with a felony, a misdemeanor crime of violence, a

violation of ch. 961, the solicitation, conspiracy, or attempt to commit any violation

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department of the charge.

1 of ch. 961, a violation of s. 941.20 (1) (b), a violation of sub. (17) (c), (d), or (e), or any 2 other crime that, upon conviction, would disqualify the individual from having a 3 license under this section. 4 b. The individual is charged with a drunk driving offense. 5 c. The individual is found by a court to have committed any offense described 6 in subd. 2. a. or b. 7 d. Prosecution of a felony or a misdemeanor crime of violence for which the 8 individual is charged is suspended under a deferred prosecution agreement. 9 e. The individual is found incompetent under s. 971.14. 10 f. The individual is found not guilty of any crime by reason of mental disease 11 or mental defect under s. 971.17. 12 g. The individual is involuntarily committed for treatment under s. 51.20 or 13 51.45. 14 h. The individual is found incompetent under ch. 880. 15 i. The individual becomes subject to an injunction described in s. 941.29 (1) (f) 16 or is ordered not to possess a firearm under s. 813.125 (4m). 17 j. A court has prohibited the individual from possessing a dangerous weapon 18 under s. 969.02 (3) (c). 19 3. Upon receiving a notice under subd. 2., the department shall immediately 20 determine if the individual who is the subject of the notice is a licensee, using the list 21 maintained under sub. (12) (a). 22 (b) 1. Within 10 days after being charged under federal law or the law of

another state with any crime or any drunk driving offense, a licensee shall notify the

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2. No later than 30 days after changing his or her address, a licensee shall inform the department of his or her new address. The department shall include the individual's new address in the list under sub. (12) (a). (12) MAINTENANCE, USE, AND PUBLICATION OF RECORDS BY THE DEPARTMENT. (a) The department shall maintain a computerized record listing the names and the information specified in sub. (2m) (b) of all individuals who have been issued a license under this section. Except as provided in par. (b) 1. and subject to par. (b) 2., neither the department nor any employee of the department may store, maintain, format, sort, or access the information in any way other than by the names, dates of birth, or sex of licensees or by the identification numbers assigned to licensees under sub. (2m) (b) 6. (b) 1. A law enforcement officer who is employed by the department may obtain information regarding a licensee from the department of transportation under s. 341.175 (4). 2. A law enforcement officer who is employed by the department may not request or be provided information maintained by the department under par. (a) concerning a specific licensee except for one of the following purposes: a. To confirm that a license produced by an individual at the request of a law enforcement officer is valid. b. To confirm that an individual holds a valid license under this section, if the individual is going armed with a concealed weapon but is not carrying his or her license document and claims to hold a valid license issued under this section. To investigate whether an individual submitted an intentionally false

notarized statement under sub. (7) (b) or (15) (b) 2., intentionally violated sub. (11)

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1	(b) 1., or intentionally made a false statement to the department in connection with
2	the individual's request for an emergency license under sub. (9r).
3	d. To investigate whether an individual complied with sub. (11) (b) 1. or (14) (b)
4	2.
5	(c) Notwithstanding s. 19.35, neither the department nor any department
6	employee may make information obtained under this section available to the public
7	except in the context of a prosecution for an offense in which the person's status as
8	a licensee is relevant, in the context of a proceeding under sub. (10m), or through a
9	report created under sub. (19).
10	(12g) Providing Licensee information to law enforcement agencies. (a) The
11	department shall provide information concerning a specific licensee to a law
12	enforcement agency, but only if the law enforcement agency is requesting the
13	information for any of the following purposes:
14	1. To confirm that a license produced by an individual at the request of a law
15	enforcement officer is valid.
16	2. To confirm that an individual holds a valid license under this section, if the
17	individual is going armed with a concealed weapon but is not carrying his or her
18	license document and claims to hold a valid license issued under this section.
19	3. To investigate whether an individual submitted an intentionally false
20	notarized statement under sub. (7) (b) or (15) (b) 2., intentionally violated sub. (11)
21	(b) 1., or intentionally made a false statement to the department in connection with
22	the individual's request for an emergency license under sub. (9r).
23	(b) 1. Notwithstanding s. 19.35, neither a law enforcement agency nor any of

its employees may make information regarding an individual that was obtained from

the department under this subsection or from the department of transportation

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under s. 341.175 available to the public except in the context of a prosecution for an offense in which the person's status as a licensee is relevant. 2. Neither a law enforcement agency nor any of its employees may store or maintain information regarding an individual that was obtained from the department under this subsection or from the department of transportation under s. 341.175 based on the individual's status as a licensee. 3. Neither a law enforcement agency nor any of its employees may sort or access information regarding vehicle stops, investigations, civil or criminal offenses, or other activities involving the agency based on the status as licensees of any individuals involved. (12r) Providing Licensee information to the department of transportation. If any of the following happens with respect to a person, the department shall notify the department of transportation of the person's name, date of birth, and sex, the date on which the person was last issued a license under this section, and any vehicle registration number provided by the person on his or her application for that license: (a) The person is issued a license. (b) The person's license is renewed. (c) The person's license expires and is not renewed. (d) The person's license is suspended or revoked. (e) The person's suspended license is reinstated. (13) Lost or destroyed license. No later than 30 days after losing his or her license document or after his or her license document is destroyed, a licensee shall

submit to the department a notarized statement that his or her license document has

been lost or destroyed. The department shall issue a replacement license document

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1	within 14 days of receiving the notarized statement and a replacement license fee of
2	\$15.
3	(14) LICENSE REVOCATION AND SUSPENSION. (a) The department shall revoke a
4	license issued under this section if the licensee no longer meets all of the criteria
5	specified in sub. (3) (b) to (g), (i) to (n), and (p) to (s).
6	(am) 1. If any of the following occurs with respect to a licensee, the department
7	shall suspend the licensee's license:
8	a. The licensee is the subject of a pending civil or criminal case, the disposition
9	of which could require revocation of his or her license under par. (a).
10	b. A court has prohibited the licensee from possessing a dangerous weapon
11	under s. 969.02 (3) (c).
12	2. If the department suspends a license under subd. 1., and, upon disposition
13	of the case, the person to whom the license was issued meets all of the criteria
14	specified in sub. (3), the department shall restore the license within 14 days of
15	receiving the disposition.
16	(b) 1. If the department revokes or suspends a license under this section, the
17	revocation or suspension shall take effect immediately.
18	2. If the department suspends or revokes a license issued under this section,
19	it shall send the individual whose license has been suspended or revoked notice of
20	the suspension or revocation by certified mail within one day after the suspension
21	or revocation. Within 7 days after receiving the notice, the individual whose license
22	has been suspended or revoked shall deliver the license document personally or by
23	certified mail to the department.

(14g) Departmental review. The department shall promulgate rules providing

for the review of any action by the department denying an application for a license

under this section, suspending or revoking a license under this section, or denying certification as an instructor under sub. (3m) (b).

- (14m) APPEALS TO THE CIRCUIT COURT. (a) A person aggrieved by any action by the department denying an application for a license under this section, suspending or revoking a license under this section, or denying certification as an instructor under sub. (3m) (b) may appeal directly to the circuit court of his or her county, but only if the person has completed the review process established under sub. (14g).
- (b) To begin an appeal under this subsection, the aggrieved person shall file a petition for review with the clerk of the applicable circuit court within 30 days after the completion of the review process established under sub. (14g). The petition shall state the substance of the department's action that the person is appealing from and the grounds upon which the person believes the department's action to be improper. The petition may include a copy of any records or documents that are relevant to the grounds upon which the person believes the department's action to be improper.
- (c) A copy of the petition shall be served upon the department either personally or by registered or certified mail within 5 days after the person files his or her petition under par. (b).
- (d) The department shall file an answer within 15 days after being served with the petition under par. (c). The answer shall include a brief statement of the actions taken by the department. A copy of any documents or records on which the department based its action shall be included with the answer when filed.
- (e) The court shall review the petition, the answer, and any records or documents submitted with the petition or the answer. The review under this paragraph shall be conducted by the court without a jury and shall be confined to the petition, the answer, and any records or documents submitted with the petition or

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licensee does all of the following:

1	the answer, except that in cases of alleged irregularities in procedure by the
2	department the court may take testimony that the court determines is appropriate.
3	(f) The court shall affirm the department's action unless the court finds any of
4	the following:
5	1. That the department failed to follow procedure prescribed under this section.
6	2. That the department erroneously interpreted a provision of law and a correct
7	interpretation compels a different action.
8	3. That the department's action depends on a finding of fact that is not
9	supported by substantial evidence in the record.
10	(g) 1. The court's decision shall provide whatever relief is appropriate
11	regardless of the original form of the petition.
12	2. If the court overturns the department's decision under sub. (3m) (b), the court
13	shall order the department to pay the aggrieved person all court costs and reasonable
14	attorney fees.
15	(15) License expiration and renewal. (a) Except as provided in par. (e) and
16	sub. (9r) (b) 1., a license issued under this section is valid for a period of 5 years from
17	the date on which the license is issued unless the license is suspended or revoked
18	under sub. (9g) (e) 1. or (14).
19	(b) The department shall design a notice of expiration form. At least 90 days
20	before the expiration date of a license issued under this section, the department shall
21	mail to the licensee a notice of expiration form and a form for renewing the license.
22	The department shall renew the license if, before the date the license expires, the

1. Submits a renewal application on the form provided by the department.

1	2. Submits a notarized statement reporting that the information provided
2	under subd. 1. is true and complete to the best of his or her knowledge and that he
3	or she is qualified under sub. (3).
4	4. Pays all of the following:
5	a. A \$27 renewal fee.
6	b. A fee for a background check of \$8.
7	c. A shooting range improvement fee of \$15 written as a separate check, made
8	out to the applicant's county of residence, that the department shall forward to that
9	county on at least a quarterly basis.
10	(c) The department shall conduct a background check of a licensee as provided
11	under sub. (9g) before renewing the licensee's license under par. (b).
12	(d) If an individual whose license has expired does not submit a renewal
13	application under par. (b) before 6 months after the expiration date, the license shall
14	permanently expire. An individual whose license has permanently expired may
15	apply for a new license under sub. (7).
16	(e) The license of a member of the U.S. armed forces, a reserve unit of the armed
17	forces, or the national guard who is deployed overseas while on active duty may not
18	expire until at least 90 days after the end of the licensee's overseas deployment
19	unless the license is suspended or revoked under sub. (9g) (e) 1. or (14).
20	(15m) Private employer restrictions. (a) Except as provided in par. (b), a
21	private employer may prohibit a licensee or an out-of-state licensee that it employs
22	from carrying a concealed weapon or a particular type of concealed weapon in the
23	course of the licensee's or out-of-state licensee's employment or during any part of

the licensee's or out-of-state licensee's course of employment.

(3) (a), (b), (c), (cm), or (d).

1	(b) A private employer may not prohibit a licensee or an out-of-state licensee,
2	as a condition of employment, from carrying a concealed weapon or a particular type
3	of concealed weapon in the licensee's or out-of-state licensee's own motor vehicle,
4	regardless of whether the motor vehicle is used in the course of employment.
5	(16) PROHIBITED ACTIVITY. (a) Neither a licensee nor an out-of-state licensee
6	may knowingly carry a concealed weapon in any of the following places:
7	1. A place that has been declared a nuisance under ch. 823.
8	2. A police station, sheriff's office, or state patrol station. This subdivision does
9	not prohibit a peace officer who is acting within the scope of his or her employment
10	from carrying a concealed weapon in a police station, sheriff's office, or state patrol
11	station.
12	3. A prison, jail, house of correction, or secured correctional facility.
13	4. A courthouse, except that a judge who is a licensee may carry a concealed
14	weapon in a courthouse in which he or she is presiding in court and may permit in
15	writing any other licensee or out-of-state licensee to carry a concealed weapon in a
16	courthouse in which he or she is presiding in court.
17	5. A place at which a school, college, or professional athletic event is taking
18	place, unless the event is related to firearms and the licensee or out-of-state licensee
19	is a participant in the event.
20	5m. A place at which an organized youth sporting event is taking place.
21	6. A school administration building.
22	7. Any premises for which a Class "B" or "Class B" license or permit has been
23	issued under ch. 125, unless one of the following applies:
24	a. The licensee or the out–of–state licensee is a person described in s. 941.237

b. If the licensee or the out-of-state licensee is carrying a handgun, his or her 1 2 possession of the handgun is described in s. 941.237 (3) (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), or (j). 3 c. The sale of intoxicating liquors or fermented malt beverages or both on those 4 premises accounts for not more than 50 percent of the proprietor's annual gross 5 receipts from those premises. 6 8. A security checkpoint or a place beyond a security checkpoint in an airport, 7 unless the weapon is encased for shipment as baggage to be transported by aircraft. 8 9. A place in which carrying the weapon is prohibited by federal law. 9 10. A kindergarten facility or classroom. 10 11. A child care center licensed under s. 48.65. This subdivision does not apply 11 to the owner of the child care center or, if the child care center is located in a residence, 12 to a person who resides in that residence. 13 12. A building or part of a building that is used for a domestic violence victim 14 services program or by an organization that provides a safe haven for victims of 15 domestic violence. 16 13. A building or part of a building that is used for religious worship or another 17 religious purpose, except that the owner of the building or an authorized 18 representative of the owner may permit a licensee or out-of-state licensee to carry 19 a concealed weapon in the building or a part of the building. 20 14. A health-related facility, except that the director of any health-related 21 facility, or his or her authorized representative, may permit a licensee or 22 out-of-state licensee to carry a concealed weapon in the health-related facility. In 23 this subdivision "health-related facility" means a health care facility, as defined in 24 s. 150.84 (2); a clinic or office that is used by a physician licensed under ch. 448; an

adult family home, as defined in s. 50.01 (1); a residential care apartment complex,

as defined in s. 50.01 (1d); a facility, as defined in s. 50.01 (1m); or a home health agency, as defined in s. 50.49 (1) (a).

- 15. A building located on the campus of a private or public university, college, or technical college, except that the president of a private university or college; the chancellor of an institution, as defined in s. 36.05 (9), except the chancellor of the University of Wisconsin Colleges, as defined in s. 36.05 (14); the dean of a college campus, as defined in s. 36.05 (6m); or the director of a technical college district may permit a licensee or out–of–state licensee to carry a concealed weapon in a building under his or her jurisdiction.
- 16. A building owned by a nonprofit organization, whose primary function is to provide direct services to children or families, in or at which the nonprofit organization provides direct services to children or families.
- (at) Neither a licensee nor an out-of-state licensee may carry a concealed weapon in a building owned or leased by the state or any political subdivision of the state if the building provides electronic screening for weapons at all public entrances to the building and for the locked storage of weapons on the premises while the licensee or out-of-state licensee is in the building. This paragraph does not apply to:
- 1. Peace officers or armed forces or military personnel who go armed in the line of duty.
- 2. A person authorized to carry a weapon in the building by the chief of police of the city, village, or town or the sheriff of the county in which the building is located.
- 3. A person authorized to carry a weapon in the building by the chief of the capitol police, if the building is owned or leased by the state.

1	(b) Neither a licensee nor an out-of-state licensee may knowingly carry a
2	handgun in a school zone, as defined in s. 948.605 (1) (c), unless he or she is not in
3	or on the grounds of a school, as defined in s. 948.61 (1) (b), and one of the following
4	applies:
5	1. The individual is in a motor vehicle or on a snowmobile or bicycle.
6	2. The individual has exited a motor vehicle and is encasing the handgun or
7	storing it in the motor vehicle.
8	3. The individual is traveling directly to any person's private property from his
9	or her place of employment or business, from any person's private property, or from
10	a place outside of the school zone.
11	4. The individual is traveling directly to his or her place of employment or
12	business from another place of his or her employment or business, from any person's
13	private property, or from a place outside of the school zone.
14	5. The individual is traveling directly to a place outside of the school zone from
15	another place outside of the school zone, from any individual's private property, or
16	from his or her place of employment or business.
17	6. The individual's possession of the handgun is described in s. 948.605 (2) (b).
18	(c) Neither a licensee nor an out-of-state licensee may knowingly carry a
19	weapon other than a handgun on school premises, as defined in s. 948.61 (1) (c),
20	unless he or she is a person described in or a person whose conduct is described in
21	s. 948.61 (3).
22	(cm) 1. A person may not carry a concealed weapon if any of the following
23	applies:

a. The person's alcohol concentration exceeds 0.08.

- b. The person is under the influence of an intoxicant to a degree which materially impairs his or her ability to handle the weapon.
- 2. A person may be charged with and a prosecutor may proceed upon a complaint based upon a violation of subd. 1. a. or b. or both for acts arising out of the same incident or occurrence. If the person is charged with violating both subd. 1. a. and b., the offenses shall be joined. Subdivision 1. a. and b. each requires proof of a fact for conviction which the other does not require.
- (d) Paragraphs (a), (at), (b), and (c) do not apply to a peace officer, as defined in s. 939.22 (22).
- (17) PENALTIES. (a) Any person who violates sub. (2g) (b) or (c) may be required to forfeit not more than \$25.
- (ag) Any person who violates sub. (12) or (12g) may be fined not more than \$500 or sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days or both.
- (ar) Any law enforcement officer who uses excessive force based solely on an individual's status as a licensee may be fined not more than \$500 or sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days or both.
- (b) Any person who violates sub. (16) (a), (at), (b), or (c) may be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned for not more than 90 days or both.
- (bm) Any person who violates sub. (2k) (e) or (16) (cm) 1. may be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned for not more than 9 months or both.
- (c) Any person who submits an intentionally false notarized statement under sub. (7) (b) or (15) (b) 2. or who intentionally makes a false statement to the department in requesting or in connection with the issuance of an emergency license under sub. (9r) shall be fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$10,000 and may be imprisoned for not more than 9 months.

1 (d) Any person who intentionally violates sub. (11) (b) 1. shall be fined not less 2 than \$500 nor more than \$10,000 and may be imprisoned for not more than 9 months. 3 (e) Any person required under sub. (14) (b) 2. to relinquish or deliver a license 4 document to the department who intentionally violates the requirements of that 5 subdivision shall be fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$10,000 and may be 6 imprisoned for not more than 9 months. 7 (19) STATISTICAL REPORT. By March 1 of each year, the department shall submit 8 a statistical report to the legislature under s. 13.172 (2) and to the governor that 9 indicates the number of licenses applied for, issued, denied, suspended, and revoked 10 under this section during the previous calendar year. For the licenses denied, the 11 report shall indicate the reasons for the denials and the part of the application 12 process in which the reasons for denial were discovered. For the licenses suspended 13 or revoked, the report shall indicate the reasons for the suspensions and revocations. 14 (20m) Grants for shooting ranges. (a) Using the fees collected under subs. 15 (7) (bp) and (15) (b) 4. c., a county shall award grants to persons for construction or 16 improvement of shooting ranges. 17 (b) A grant awarded under this subsection may be for up to 50 percent of the 18 cost of the construction or improvement of the shooting range. A grant awarded 19 under this subsection may not be used to pay for any of the following: 20 1. The construction of clubhouses and facilities that are not essential to the 21 operation of the shooting range. 22 2. The operation and maintenance of the shooting range. 23 (c) In order to receive a grant under this subsection, the person creating or 24 improving a shooting range shall agree to provide the facility for a firearm safety 25 course or class that meets the requirements under sub. (3m) (a).

(d) In determining whether to make a grant under this subsection to a
particular applicant, the county shall consider the potential of the project to meet the
needs of firearm safety courses or classes that meet the requirements under sub.
(3m) in the area served by the shooting range relative to the proposed cost of the
construction or improvement.
(21) Immunity. (a) The department and its employees, clerks, as defined in sub.
(11) (a) 1. a., and their staff, and court automated information systems, as defined
under sub. (11) (a) 1. b., and their employees are immune from liability arising from
any act or omission under this section, if done in good faith.
(b) A person providing a firearm safety or firearm training course or class in
good faith is immune from liability arising from any act or omission related to the
course or class if the course or class is one described in sub. (3) (h) 1.

- (c) A person that permits an individual to carry a concealed weapon on property that the person owns or occupies is immune from any liability arising from its decision to do so, if done in good faith.
- (d) An employer that permits any of its employees to carry a concealed weapon under sub. (15m) is immune from any liability arising from its decision to do so, if done in good faith.

Section 38. 341.175 of the statutes is created to read:

- **341.175 Department to maintain records. (1)** In this section, "licensee" has the meaning given in s. 175.50 (1) (d).
- (2) Using the information provided under s. 175.50 (12r) and obtained through rules promulgated under sub. (3), the department shall maintain a record of each owner who is a licensee. If its records indicate that an owner of a vehicle is a licensee, the department shall, in its registration records for that vehicle, include a

1	confidential entry that informs a law enforcement officer who requests information
2	regarding that vehicle that the owner is a licensee.
3	(3) The department, in consultation with the department of justice, shall
4	promulgate rules specifying how it shall obtain the vehicle registration number for
5	a licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (d), if there was no motor vehicle registered to
6	the person when he or she became a licensee.
7	(4) A law enforcement officer may request information maintained by the
8	department under sub. (2) only if he or she is conducting a vehicle stop that meets
9	the requirements of s. 349.02 (2) (a).
10	(5) (a) Notwithstanding s. 19.35, neither the department nor any of its
11	employees may make information maintained under sub. (2) available to the public.
12	(b) Neither the department nor any of its employees may store, maintain,
13	format, sort, or access information regarding licensees based on their status as
14	licensees.
15	(6) A person who violates sub. (4) or (5) may be fined not more than \$500 or
16	sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not more than 30 days or both.
17	S ECTION 39. 440.26 (3m) of the statutes is renumbered 440.26 (3m) (intro.) and
18	amended to read:
19	440.26 (3m) Rules concerning dangerous weapons. (intro.) The department
20	shall promulgate rules relating to the carrying of dangerous weapons by a person
21	who holds a license or permit issued under this section or who is employed by a
22	person licensed under this section. The rules shall meet the minimum requirements
23	specified in 15 USC 5902 (b)- and shall allow all of the following:
24	Section 40. 440.26 (3m) (a) of the statutes is created to read:

1	440.26 (3m) (a) A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as
2	a law enforcement officer to carry a concealed firearm if s. 941.23 (1) (e) 2. to 5. and
3	(2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
4	Section 41. 440.26 (3m) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
5	440.26 (3m) (b) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in
6	s. 941.23 (1) (e), to carry a concealed firearm if s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
7	Section 42. 440.26 (3m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
8	440.26 (3m) (c) A retired law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (f),
9	to carry a concealed firearm if s. 941.23 (2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.
10	Section 43. 440.26 (3m) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
11	440.26 (3m) (d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (d), or an out-of-state
12	licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (g), to go armed with a concealed weapon as
13	permitted under s. 175.50.
14	Section 44. 813.12 (6) (am) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
15	813.12 (6) (am) 1. If an injunction is issued or extended under sub. (4) or if a
16	tribal injunction is filed under s. 806.247 (3), the clerk of the circuit court shall notify
17	the department of justice of the injunction and shall provide the department of
18	justice with information concerning the period during which the injunction is in
19	effect and information necessary to identify the respondent for purposes of a firearms
20	restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g) (c) or a background check under s.
21	<u>175.50 (9g) (b)</u> .
22	Section 45. 813.122 (9) (am) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
23	813.122 (9) (am) 1. If an injunction is issued or extended under sub. (5), the
24	clerk of the circuit court shall notify the department of justice of the injunction and
25	shall provide the department of justice with information concerning the period

during which the injunction is in effect and information necessary to identify the respondent for purposes of a firearms restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g) (c) or a background check under s. 175.50 (9g) (b).

SECTION **46.** 813.125 (5r) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

813.125 (5r) (a) If an order prohibiting a respondent from possessing a firearm is issued under sub. (4m), the clerk of the circuit court shall notify the department of justice of the existence of the order prohibiting a respondent from possessing a firearm and shall provide the department of justice with information concerning the period during which the order is in effect and information necessary to identify the respondent for purposes of a firearms restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g) (c) or a background check under s. 175.50 (9g) (b).

Section 47. 885.235 (1g) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

885.235 (1g) (intro.) In any action or proceeding in which it is material to prove that a person was under the influence of an intoxicant or had a prohibited alcohol concentration or a specified alcohol concentration while operating or driving a motor vehicle or, if the vehicle is a commercial motor vehicle, on duty time, while operating a motorboat, except a sailboat operating under sail alone, while operating a snowmobile, while operating an all-terrain vehicle, while going armed with a concealed weapon, or while handling a firearm, evidence of the amount of alcohol in the person's blood at the time in question, as shown by chemical analysis of a sample of the person's blood or urine or evidence of the amount of alcohol in the person's breath, is admissible on the issue of whether he or she was under the influence of an intoxicant or had a prohibited alcohol concentration or a specified alcohol concentration if the sample was taken within 3 hours after the event to be proved.

The chemical analysis shall be given effect as follows without requiring any expert testimony as to its effect:

Section 48. 885.235 (1g) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

885.235 **(1g)** (e) In a case brought under s. 175.50 (16) (cm) 1. a. or b., the fact that the analysis shows that the person had an alcohol concentration of more than 0.0 but less than 0.08 is relevant evidence on the issue of whether the person was intoxicated or had an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more but is not to be given any prima facie effect. In a case brought under s. 175.50 (16) (cm) 1. a., the fact that the analysis shows that the person had an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more is prima facie evidence that he or she had an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more.

Section 49. 938.396 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.396 **(8)** Notwithstanding sub. (2), if a juvenile is adjudged delinquent for an act that would be a felony if committed by an adult, the court clerk shall notify the department of justice of that fact. No other information from the juvenile's court records may be disclosed to the department of justice except by order of the court. The department of justice may disclose any information provided under this subsection only as part of a firearms restrictions record search under s. 175.35 (2g) (c) or a background check under s. 175.50 (9g) (b).

Section 50. 938.396 (8m) of the statutes is created to read:

938.396 **(8m)** (a) Notwithstanding sub. (2), if a juvenile is adjudged delinquent for an act that would be a misdemeanor crime of violence, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (e), if committed by an adult, the court clerk shall notify the department of justice of that fact. Except as provided in par. (b), no other information from the juvenile's court records may be disclosed to the department of justice except by order of the court.

1	(b) If an applicant for a license to carry a concealed weapon under s. 175.50 was
2	adjudicated delinquent as a juvenile in a case covered by par. (a), the department of
3	justice may request permission to review court records relating to the case for the
4	purpose of determining whether the applicant meets the requirement under s.
5	175.50 (3) (m). Upon receiving such a request, the court shall open for inspection by
6	authorized representatives of the department of justice the records of the court
7	relating to that case.
8	(c) The department of justice may disclose information provided or obtained
9	under this subsection only as part of a background check under s. 175.50 (9g) (b).
10	Section 51. 941.23 of the statutes is renumbered 941.23 (2) (intro.) and
11	amended to read:
12	941.23 (2) (intro.) Any person except a peace officer, other than one of the
13	following, who goes armed with a concealed and dangerous weapon is guilty of a
14	Class A misdemeanor:
15	Section 52. 941.23 (1) of the statutes is created to read:
16	941.23 (1) In this section:
17	(a) "Destructive device" has the meaning given in 18 USC 921 (a) (4).
18	(c) "Former employer" has the meaning given in s. 175.49 (1) (b).
19	(d) "Law enforcement officer" has the meaning given in s. 175.49 (1) (c).
20	(e) "Qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer" means a law enforcement
21	officer to whom all of the following apply:
22	1. The person is employed by a state or local government agency in another
23	state.
24	2. The agency has authorized the person to carry a firearm.
25	3. The person is not the subject of any disciplinary action by the agency.

1	4. The person meets all standards established by the agency to qualify the
2	person on a regular basis to use a firearm.
3	5. The person is not prohibited under federal law from possessing a firearm.
4	(f) "Retired law enforcement officer" means a person who, before retiring, was
5	employed as a law enforcement officer with a public agency.
6	SECTION 53. 941.23 (2) (a) of the statutes is created to read:
7	941.23 (2) (a) A peace officer.
8	Section 54. 941.23 (2) (b) of the statutes is created to read:
9	941.23 (2) (b) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer. This paragraph
10	applies only if all of the following apply:
11	1. The weapon is a firearm but is not a machine gun, as defined in s. 941.27 (1),
12	or a destructive device.
13	2. A firearm silencer, as defined in s. 941.298 (1), is not attached to the weapon.
14	3. The officer is not under the influence of an intoxicant.
15	Section 55. 941.23 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
16	941.23 (2) (c) A retired law enforcement officer. This paragraph applies only
17	if all of the following apply:
18	1. The retired officer has been issued a photographic identification document
19	described in s. 941.23 (3) (b) 1. or both of the following:
20	a. A photographic identification document described in s. 941.23 (3) (b) 2.
21	(intro.).
22	b. An identification card described in s. 941.23 (3) (b) 2. a., if the retired officer
23	resides in this state, or a certification described in s. 941.23 (3) (b) 2. b., if the retired
24	officer resides in another state.

1	2. The weapon is a firearm that is of the type described in a photographic
2	identification document described in subd. 1. (intro.) or a certification described in
3	subd. 1. b.
4	3. Within the preceding 12 months, the retired officer met the standards of the
5	state in which he or she resides for training and qualification for active duty law
6	enforcement officers to carry firearms.
7	4. The weapon is not a machine gun, as defined in s. 941.27 (1), or a destructive
8	device.
9	5. A firearm silencer, as defined in s. 941.298 (1), is not attached to the weapon.
10	6. The retired officer is not under the influence of an intoxicant.
11	7. The retired officer is not prohibited under federal law from possessing a
12	firearm.
13	Section 56. 941.23 (2) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
14	941.23 (2) (d) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (d), or an out-of-state
15	licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (g), if the dangerous weapon is a weapon, as
16	defined under s. 175.50 (1) (j). An individual formerly licensed under s. 175.50 whose
17	license has been suspended or revoked under s. 175.50 (14) may not assert his or her
18	refusal to accept a notice of revocation or suspension mailed under s. 175.50 (14) (b)
19	2. as a defense to prosecution under this subsection, regardless of whether the person
20	has complied with s. 175.50 (11) (b).
21	Section 57. 941.23 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read:
22	941.23 (2) (e) An individual who goes armed with a concealed and dangerous
23	weapon, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (j), in his or her own dwelling or place of business
24	or on land that he or she owns, leases, or legally occupies, unless he or she is
25	prohibited under federal or state law from possessing that weapon.

Section 58. 941.23 (3) of the statutes is created to read:

- 941.23 **(3)** (a) A qualified out–of–state law enforcement officer shall, while carrying a concealed firearm, also carry an identification card that contains his or her photograph and that was issued by the law enforcement agency by which he or she is employed.
- (b) A retired law enforcement officer shall, while carrying a concealed firearm, also carry one of the following:
- 1. A photographic identification document issued by the retired officer's former employer that indicates that, within the 12 months preceding the date on which the retired officer is carrying the concealed firearm, he or she was tested or otherwise found by his or her former employer to meet the standards that it has established for training and qualification for active duty law enforcement officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the firearm that the retired officer is carrying.
- 2. A photographic identification document issued by retired officer's former employer and one of the following:
- a. An identification card issued under s. 175.49 (2), if the retired officer resides in this state.
- b. A certification issued by the state in which the retired officer resides, if the retired officer resides in another state, that indicates that, within the 12 months preceding the date on which the retired officer is carrying the concealed firearm, he or she was tested or otherwise found by that state to meet the state's standards for training and qualification for active duty law enforcement officers to carry a firearm of the same type as the firearm that the retired officer is carrying.
- (c) A person who violates this subsection may be required to forfeit not more than \$25.

1 (d) This subsection does not apply to a licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (d), 2 or an out-of-state licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (g). 3 **SECTION 59.** 941.235 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 941.235 (2) (intro.) and 4 amended to read: 5 941.235 (2) (intro.) This section does not apply to peace any of the following: 6 (a) Peace officers or armed forces or military personnel who go armed in the line 7 of duty or to any. 8 (b) A person duly authorized by the chief of police of any city, village or town, 9 the chief of the capitol police or the sheriff of any county to possess a firearm in any 10 building under sub. (1). 11 **Section 60.** 941.235 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read: 12 941.235 (2) (c) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in 13 s. 941.23 (1) (e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies. 14 **Section 61.** 941.235 (2) (d) of the statutes is created to read: 15 941.235 (2) (d) A retired law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (f). 16 to whom s. 941.23 (2) (c) 1. to 7. applies. 17 **Section 62.** 941.235 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read: 18 941.235 (2) (e) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (d), or an out-of-state 19 licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (g), if the firearm is a handgun, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (bm). 20 21 **Section 63.** 941.237 (3) (cr) of the statutes is created to read: 22 941.237 (3) (cr) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in 23 s. 941.23 (1) (e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies. 24 **Section 64.** 941.237 (3) (ct) of the statutes is created to read:

1	941.237 (3) (ct) A retired law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (f)
2	to whom s. 941.23 (2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.
3	Section 65. 941.237 (3) (cx) of the statutes is created to read:
4	941.237 (3) (cx) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (d), or an out-of-state
5	licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (g).
6	Section 66. 941.29 (11) of the statutes is created to read:
7	941.29 (11) This section does not apply to any of the following:
8	(a) A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a law
9	enforcement officer, to whom s. 941.23 (1) (e) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
10	(b) A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1)
11	(e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
12	(c) A retired law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (f), to whom s.
13	941.23 (2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.
14	Section 67. 941.295 (2) (d) of the statutes is renumbered 941.295 (2) (d) (intro.)
15	and amended to read:
16	941.295 (2) (d) (intro.) Any manufacturer or seller whose of electric weapons
17	are used in this state solely by persons, unless the manufacturer or seller engages
18	in the conduct described in sub. (1) with the intent to provide an electric weapon to
19	someone other than one of the following:
20	1. A person specified in pars. (a) to (c) or sub. (2g) (a).
21	SECTION 68. 941.295 (2) (d) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
22	941.295 (2) (d) 2. A person for use in his or her dwelling or place of business
23	or on land that he or she owns, leases, or legally occupies.

Section 69. 941.295 (2g) of the statutes is created to read:

1 941.295 (2g) The prohibition in sub. (1) on possessing or going armed with an 2 electric weapon does not apply to any of the following: 3 (a) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (d), or an out-of-state licensee, as 4 defined in s. 175.50 (1) (g). 5 (b) An individual who goes armed with an electric weapon in his or her own 6 dwelling or place of business or on land that he or she owns, leases, or legally 7 occupies, unless he or she is prohibited under federal or state law from possessing 8 that weapon. 9 **Section 70.** 941.295 (2r) of the statutes is created to read: 10 941.295 (2r) The prohibition in sub. (1) on transporting an electric weapon does 11 not apply to any of the following: 12 (a) A licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (d), or an out-of-state licensee, as 13 defined in s. 175.50 (1) (g). 14 (b) An individual who transports an electric weapon from any of the following 15 places to any of the following places: 16 1. His or her dwelling. 17 2. His or her own place of business. 18 3. Land that he or she owns, leases, or legally occupies. 19 **Section 71.** 943.13 (1e) (bm) of the statutes is created to read: 20 943.13 (1e) (bm) "Licensee" means a licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (d), or 21 an out-of-state licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (g). 22 **Section 72.** 943.13 (1e) (g) of the statutes is created to read: 23 943.13 (1e) (g) "Weapon" has the meaning given in s. 175.50 (1) (j). 24 **Section 73.** 943.13 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

943.13 **(1m)** (b) Enters or remains on any land of another after having been notified by the owner or occupant not to enter or remain on the premises. This paragraph does not apply to a licensee if the owner's or occupant's intent is to prevent the licensee from going armed with a concealed weapon on the owner's or occupant's land.

Section 74. 943.13 (1m) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

943.13 (1m) (c) 1. While going armed with a concealed weapon, enters or remains at a residence that the person does not own or occupy after the owner of the residence, if he or she has not leased it to another person, or the occupant of the residence has notified the actor not to enter or remain at the residence while going armed with a concealed weapon or with that type of concealed weapon. In this subdivision, "residence," with respect to a single–family residence, includes all of the premises, and "residence," with respect to a residence that is not a single–family residence, does not include any common area of the building in which the residence is located.

2. While going armed with a concealed weapon, enters or remains in any part of a nonresidential building that the person does not own or occupy after the owner of the building, if that part of the building has not been leased to another person, or the occupant of that part of the building has notified the actor not to enter or remain in that part of the building while going armed with a concealed weapon or with that type of concealed weapon. This subdivision does not apply to a part of a building occupied by the state or one of its political subdivisions or to any part of a building used for parking.

SECTION 75. 943.13 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 943.13 (2) (am), and 943.13 (2) (am) (intro.) and 1., as renumbered, are amended to read:

943.13 (2) (am) (intro.) A person has received notice from the owner or occupant
within the meaning of sub. (1m) (b), (e) or (f) if he or she has been notified personally,
either orally or in writing, or if the land is posted. Land is considered to be posted
under this subsection paragraph under either of the following procedures:
1. If a sign at least 11 inches square is placed in at least 2 conspicuous places
for every 40 acres to be protected. The sign must carry an appropriate notice and the
name of the person giving the notice followed by the word "owner" if the person giving
the notice is the holder of legal title to the land and by the word "occupant" if the
person giving the notice is not the holder of legal title but is a lawful occupant of the
land. Proof that appropriate signs as provided in this paragraph <u>subdivision</u> were
erected or in existence upon the premises to be protected prior to the event
complained of shall be prima facie proof that the premises to be protected were posted
as provided in this paragraph <u>subdivision</u> .
Section 76. 943.13 (2) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:
943.13 (2) (bm) 1. In this paragraph, "sign" means a sign that states a
restriction imposed under subd. 2. that is at least 11 inches square.
2. For the purposes of sub. (1m) (c) 2., an owner or occupant of a part of a
nonresidential building has notified an individual not to enter or remain in that part
of the nonresidential building while going armed with a concealed weapon or with
a particular type of concealed weapon if the owner or occupant has done all of the
following:
a. Posted a sign that is located in a prominent place near the primary entrance
to the part of the nonresidential building to which the restriction applies.
a. Posted a sign that is located in a prominent place near the primary entrance

b. Personally and orally notified the individual of the restriction.

Section 77. 943.13 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

943.13 (3) Whoever erects on the land of another signs which are the same as
or similar to those described in sub. (2) (am) without obtaining the express consent
of the lawful occupant of or holder of legal title to such land is subject to a Class C
forfeiture.
Section 78. 946.32 (3) of the statutes is created to read:
946.32 (3) This section does not apply to offenses that may be prosecuted under
s. 175.50 (17) (c).
Section 79. 948.605 (2) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
948.605 (2) (c) Paragraph (a) does not apply to any of the following:
1. A person who is employed in this state by a public agency as a law
enforcement officer and to whom s. 941.23 (1) (e) 2. to 5. and (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
2. A qualified out-of-state law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1)
(e), to whom s. 941.23 (2) (b) 1. to 3. applies.
3. A retired law enforcement officer, as defined in s. 941.23 (1) (f), to whom s.
941.23 (2) (c) 1. to 7. applies.
4. A licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (d), or an out-of-state licensee, as
defined in s. 175.50 (1) (g), if the firearm is a handgun, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (bm).
S ECTION 80. 948.61 (3m) of the statutes is created to read:
948.61 (3m) This section does not apply to the possession of a weapon, as
defined in s. 175.50 (1) (j), other than a handgun, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (bm), by
a licensee, as defined in s. 175.50 (1) (d), or an out-of-state licensee, as defined in s.
175.50 (1) (g).
Section 81. Nonstatutory provisions.
(1) Using the procedure under section 227.24 of the statutes, the department
of justice shall promulgate rules required under section 175.35 (2g) (c) 3. of the

statutes and under sections 165.25 (11) (a) and 175.50 (9g) (f) of the statutes, as
created by this act, for the period before the effective date of the permanent rules
promulgated under those sections, but not to exceed the period authorized under
section 227.24 (1) (c) and (2) of the statutes. Notwithstanding section 227.24 (1) (a)
(2) (b), and (3) of the statutes, the department is not required to provide evidence that
promulgating a rule under this subsection as an emergency rule is necessary for the
preservation of public peace, health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide
a finding of an emergency for a rule promulgated under this subsection.
Section 82. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th
month beginning after publication, except as follows:
(1) The treatment of sections 165.25 (11) (a), 175.49 (4), and 175.50 (2m), (3m)
(b), and (5) of the statutes and Section 81 (1) of this act take effect on the day after
publication.

(END)

- 65 *-*

Barman, Mike

From:

Hanaman, Cathlene

Sent:

Thursday, December 01, 2005 10:27 AM

To:

Barman, Mike

Subject:

RE: a1612 and a1613

Did to oron enything

publishing almost a sintendiments deliminable

Also, s0345 and s0346 will be new subs to AB763 and SB403--made by engrossing the amendments that passed JFC last night into s0288 (a1612, a1628, a1642, a1640). That information is on the request sheet too.

From:

Barman, Mike

Sent:

Thursday, December 01, 2005 9:42 AM

To: Subject: Hanaman, Cathlene RE: a1612 and a1613

Thanks

Mike Barman (Senior Program Assistant)

State of Wisconsin - Legislative Reference Bureau Legal Section - Front Office 1 East Main Street, Suite 200 Madison, WI 53703

(608) 266-3561 / mike.barman@legis.state.wi.us

From:

Hanaman, Cathlene

Sent:

Wednesday, November 30, 2005 10:46 AM

To:

Emery, Lynn; Barman, Mike

Subject:

a1612 and a1613

Are companion amendments to the concealed carry subs. They are compiles. I put the LRB numbers of the drafts I compiled in the info box on the enter request form.

Mike and Lynn: Is that okay?

Thanks, Cathlene



State of Misconsin LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

RESEARCH APPENDIX PLEASE DO NOT REMOVE FROM DRAFTING FILE

Date Transfer Requested: 12/02/2005

(Per: CMH)

The 2005 drafting file for LRB 05s0288 (ASA1-AB763) (introduced-not transfered)
LRBa1612 (transfered)
LRBa1628 (transfered)
LRBa1640 (transfered)
LRBa1642 (transfered)

where used to create ...

LRB 05s0346 (SSA2-SB403)

(same as LRBs0345) (ASA2-AB763)

§3" The attached 2005 draft was incorporated into the new 2005 draft listed above. For research purposes, this cover sheet and the attached drafting file were copied, and added, as a appendix, to the new 2005 drafting file. If introduced this section will be scanned and added, as a separate appendix, to the electronic drafting file folder.

This cover sheet was added to rear of the original 2005 drafting file. The drafting file was then returned, intact, to its folder and filed