Fiscal Estimate - 2005 Session

	Original		Updated	C	orrected		Supplemental			
LRB	Number	05-2035/3	}	Introdu	ction Numb	er A	B-969			
	Description Applying cash deposited for bail to restitution payments or to recompense ordered in criminal cases									
Fiscal	Effect									
Local:	No Local Gov Indeterminate	Existing Existing Existing tions ew Appropriation vernment Costs	Reven Decre	ase Existing lues	to absorbed to absorbe to absorbed to absorbed to absorbed to absorbe to absorbed to absorbe to absorbed to absorbe to absorbed to absorbe to absorbe to absorbe to absorbe to absorbe to absorbe to absorbed to absorbe to absor	orb within Yes ase Costs of Local ment Unit	ts Affected			
,	2. Decreas	se Costs sive Mandato	<u></u>	ase Revenue ssive Manda	Cou		Others WTCS Districts			
Fund Sources Affected GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS										
Agenc	y/Prepared	Ву	A	uthorized Sig	nature		Date			
CTS/ Nancy Rottier (608) 267-9733 Na			lancy Rottier (6	cy Rottier (608) 267-9733						

Fiscal Estimate Narratives CTS 2/20/2006

LRB Number 05-2035/3	Introduction Number AB	969 Estimate	Type Original					
Description Applying cash deposited for bail to restitution payments or to recompense ordered in criminal cases								
Applying cash deposited for ball to restitution payments of to recompense ordered in criminal cases								

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This bill establishes additional requirements and procedures for criminal actions in which a cash bail is posted. Under current law, if a person charged with a crime pays a cash bond, then fails to fulfill the conditions of the bond (usually by failing to appear at a specified court appearance), the cash bond is forfeited and used to pay costs and any judgment of forfeiture that is entered.

Under this bill, a forfeited cash bond would be first applied to the payment of any restitution ordered under s. 973.20.

In addition, the bill creates a new category of obligation called recompense for any victim or victim's estate. The court is required to determine the recompense amount in the same manner that it would determine a restitution amount under s. 973.20. The bill then requires that if a cash bond is forfeited for failure to fulfill the conditions of the bond, the forfeited bond would first be applied to the payment of any recompense until paid in full, then to the payment of costs.

The bill further requires that, at the time of sentencing, the court inquire whether any ordered recompense has been paid out of a forfeited bond. The bill requires that if recompense has been made and the amount of restitution ordered is less than or equal to the recompense, then "the restitution shall be paid only to the general fund." In the event the amount of restitution ordered is greater than the recompense, then "the general fund shall receive an amount equal to the recompense and the balance shall be paid to the victim."

It would appear the state general fund would receive additional payments under this bill to which it is currently not entitled (under Section 12 of the bill). It is impossible to accurately estimate what amount of additional payments may be made to the general fund because the amount is dependent on a number of variables, including the following:

- --The amounts of recompense ordered by courts and how those amounts compare to the amounts of restitution subsequently ordered.
- --The number of defendants who will forfeit cash bond because they have failed to fulfill the conditions of the bond
- -- The extent to which amounts of restitution ordered under s. 973.20 are collected from defendants.

In addition, it may be necessary for the court to conduct additional hearings to determine an amount of recompense. Additional court proceedings require additional judge, court reporter, court staff and juror time. These costs are borne by the state and the county

Long-Range Fiscal Implications