2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 01/31/2006					Received By: mshovers			
Wanted:	As time pern	nits	Identical to LRB:					
For: Joh	n Gard (608)	266-3387	By/Representing	g: Brian Hayes	(1-9482)			
This file	may be shown	n to any legislat	or: NO		Drafter: mshove	ers		
May Cor	ntact:				Addl. Drafters:			
Subject:		Gov't - counties Gov't - misc	6		Extra Copies:			
Submit v	ia email: YES	5						
Requeste	r's email:	Rep.Gard	@legis.state	.wi.us				
Carbon c	opy (CC:) to:							
Pre Top	ic:		W. A				***************************************	
No specia	fic pre topic gi	iven						
Topic:								
Changes	to impact fee	statute						
Instructi	ions:							
See Attac	ched							
Drafting	History:							
Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required	
/?							Local	
/1	mshovers 02/08/2006	lkunkel 02/17/2006	jfrantze 02/17/200	6	sbasford 02/17/2006		Local	
/2	mshovers 02/20/2006 mshovers 02/28/2006	lkunkel 02/28/2006 lkunkel 03/01/2006	rschluet 03/01/200	6	sbasford 03/01/2006	sbasford 03/08/2006		

LRB-4537 03/08/2006 03:11:35 PM Page 2

FE Sent For: at into

<**END>**

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May Cor	ntact:				Addl. Drafters:				
Subject:		Gov't - counties Gov't - misc	S.		Extra Copies:	Extra Copies:			
Submit v	via email: YES	3							
Requeste	er's email:	Rep.Gard	@legis.state.	wi.us					
Carbon c	copy (CC:) to:								
Pre Top	ic:								
No speci	fic pre topic g	iven							
Topic:	***								
Changes	to impact fee	statute							
Instruct	ions:				***************************************				
See Attac	ched								
Drafting	History:								
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required		
/?						**Order square squares	Local		
/1	mshovers 02/08/2006	lkunkel 02/17/2006	jfrantze 02/17/2006	5	sbasford 02/17/2006		Local		
/2	mshovers 02/20/2006 mshovers 02/28/2006	lkunkel 02/28/2006 lkunkel 03/01/2006	rschluet 03/01/2006	5	sbasford 03/01/2006	See ottailed			

FE Sent For:

<END>

2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 01/31/2006	Received By: mshovers
Wanted: As time permits	Identical to LRB:
For: John Gard (608) 266-3387	By/Representing: Brian Hayes (1-9482)
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO	Drafter: mshovers
May Contact:	Addl. Drafters:
Subject: Local Gov't - counties Local Gov't - misc	Extra Copies:
Submit via email: YES	
Requester's email: Rep.Gard@legis.state.wi.us	
Carbon copy (CC:) to:	522 99-368/P/
Pre Topic:	
No specific pre topic given	
Topic:	
Changes to impact fee statute \checkmark	
Instructions:	
See Attached	
Drafting History:	
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Brian Hayes 19482

Drafting instructions:

The intent of the proposed legislation is to be more prescriptive on the transparency, duration, uses and timing of impact fees that municipalities use to recompense the cost of new development. To the greatest extent possible, impact fees should be limited to the development for which they are intended. To that end:

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Require impact fees to be used within ten years of the date of collection (currently unlimited). If there is no construction within ten years, then the fees should be refunded to the individual, with applicable interest.

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public fac'

pub

Require impact fees to be used for **specified** facilities (courts have interpreted that **similar** facilities are acceptable). For example, fees for a swimming pool cannot be switched to a spray park.

Require standardized accounting and reporting of all fees (currently only minimal standards are applied to impact fees but not to other municipal fees). Require yearly reporting and publishing.

Make the definition of public facilities more precise – limited to "bricks and mortar" physical facilities maintained by the fee-levying municipality with a nexus to the value of the property.

Ale sub (4) (a) (b) (c) + (f)

5) Limit fees as a condition of subdivision plat approval. Building permit or occupancy permit approval is a more probative point to assess fees. Specify timing of assessment and payment within 14 days of one of these points.

6) Remove the ability of counties to assess impact fees. (It's my understanding that none currently do.)

exparent, of use of the country of accounting est

0.66.0617(6)(g

Shovers, Marc

From:

Hayes, Brian

Sent:

Friday, January 06, 2006 10:36 AM Shovers, Marc

To: Subject:

Impact fee draft.doc

Attachments:

Impact fee draft.doc

Marc

I've tried to focus and clarify the drafting request we discussed this morning in the attached document. We can talk the first of next week.

Thanks for your help.

Brian Hayes Policy Director Office of the Speaker (608) 261-9482



Impact fee draft.doc (27 KB)



State of Misconsin **2005 – 2006 LEGISLATURE**

LRB-45

Thursday requester Preliminary Draft - Not Ready For Introduction

AN ACT ...; relating to: changes to the impact fee law.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a city, village, town, or county (political subdivision) may impose an impact fee on a developer to pay for the capital costs to construct certain public facilities that are necessary to accommodate land development. The definition of "public facilities" includes highways; facilities for treating sewage, storm waters, and surface waters; facilities for pumping, storing, and distributing water; parks; playgrounds; fire protection, emergency medical, and law enforcement facilities; and libraries. Also under current law, an impact fee ordinance must require that an impact fee that is imposed and collected by a political subdivision, but not used within a reasonable time after it is collected, be refunded to the current owner of the property with regard to which the impact fee was imposed.

Under this bill, an impact fee may only be imposed by a municipality (a city, village, or town), and must be used within 10 years of its collection or it must be

returned, with interest, to the current owner of the property.

Currently, impact fees must be placed in a segregated, interest-bearing account, and must be accounted for separately from other funds of the political subdivision. Under the bill, a municipality must use generally accepted accounting principals to keep track of each particular impact fee, and each such impact fee must be kept in a separate account. Annually, the bill requires a municipality to issue a report on the amount of impact fees collected and the uses to which the fees are being put. ✓

Under current law, an impact fee must be paid by a developer to a political subdivision, either in full or in installments, before a building permit may be issued

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or other required approval may be given by the political subdivision. Under the bill, a developer must pay an impact fee in full to a municipality within 14 days of the municipality's issuance of a building permit or an occupancy permit.

Sux > PE DE GETSY)

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 66.0617 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (1) (a) "Capital costs" means the capital costs to construct, expand or improve public facilities, including the cost of land, and including legal, engineering and design costs to construct, expand or improve public facilities, except that not more than 10% of capital costs may consist of legal, engineering and design costs unless the political subdivision municipality can demonstrate that its legal, engineering and design costs which relate directly to the public improvement for which the impact fees were imposed exceed 10% of capital costs. "Capital costs" does not include other noncapital costs to construct, expand or improve public facilities or the costs of equipment to construct, expand or improve public facilities.

History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617.

SECTION 2. 66.0617 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (1) (c) "Impact fees" means cash contributions, contributions of land or interests in land or any other items of value that are imposed on a developer by a political subdivision municipality under this section.

History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617.

SECTION 3. 66.0617 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (1) (d) "Land development" means the construction or modification of improvements to real property that creates additional residential dwelling units within applitude subdivision municipality or that results in nonresidential uses that

1	create a need for new, expanded or improved public facilities within a political
2	subdivision municipality.
3	History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617. SECTION 4. 66.0617 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	66.0617 (1) (e) "Political subdivision" "Municipality" means a city, village, town
(5	or county or town.
6	History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617. SECTION 5. 66.0617 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	66.0617 (1) (f) "Public facilities" means highways, as defined in s. 340.01 (22),
8	and other transportation facilities, traffic control devices, facilities for collecting and
9	treating sewage, facilities for collecting and treating storm and surface waters,
10	facilities for pumping, storing, and distributing water, parks, playgrounds, and other
11	recreational facilities, solid waste and recycling facilities, fire protection facilities,
\bigcirc 12	law enforcement facilities, emergency medical facilities and libraries except that,
13	with regard to counties, "public facilities" does not include highways, as defined in
14	s. 340.01 (22), other transportation facilities or traffic control devices. "Public
15	facilities" does not include facilities owned by a school district.
16	History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617. SECTION 6. 66.0617 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	66.0617 (1) (g) "Service area" means a geographic area delineated by applitical
18	subdivision municipality within which there are public facilities.
19	History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617. SECTION 7. 66.0617 (1) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	66.0617 (1) (h) "Service standard" means a certain quantity or quality of public
21	facilities relative to a certain number of persons, parcels of land or other appropriate
22	measure, as specified by the political subdivision municipality.
23	History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617. SECTION 8. 66.0617 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

_	La contraction of the contractio
	66.0617 (2) (a) Subject to par. (am), a political subdivision municipality may
2	enact an ordinance under this section that imposes impact fees on developers to pay
3	for the capital costs that are necessary to accommodate land development.
4	History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617. SECTION 9. 66.0617 (2) (am) of the statutes is repealed.
5	Section 10. 66.0617 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	66.0617 (2) (b) Subject to par. (c), this section does not prohibit or limit the
7	authority of a political subdivision municipality to finance public facilities by any
8	other means authorized by law, except that the amount of an impact fee imposed by
9	a political subdivision municipality shall be reduced, under sub. (6) (d), to
10	compensate for any other costs of public facilities imposed by the political subdivision
11	municipality on developers to provide or pay for capital costs.
12	History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617. SECTION 11. 66.0617 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	66.0617 (2) (c) Beginning on May 1, 1995, a political subdivision municipality
14	may impose and collect impact fees only under this section.
15	History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617. SECTION 12. 66.0617 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	66.0617 (3) PUBLIC HEARING; NOTICE. Before enacting an ordinance that imposes
17	impact fees, or amending an existing ordinance that imposes impact fees, a political
18	subdivision municipality shall hold a public hearing on the proposed ordinance or
19	amendment. Notice of the public hearing shall be published as a class 1 notice under
20	ch. 985, and shall specify where a copy of the proposed ordinance or amendment and

the public facilities needs assessment may be obtained.

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History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617.

SECTION 13. 66.0617 (4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (4) (a) (intro.) Before enacting an ordinance that imposes impact fees
or amending an ordinance that imposes impact fees by revising the amount of the fee
or altering the public facilities for which impact fees may be imposed, a political
subdivision municipality shall prepare a needs assessment for the public facilities
for which it is anticipated that impact fees may be imposed. The public facilities
needs assessment shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
3. A detailed estimate of the capital costs of providing the new public facilities
or the improvements or expansions in existing public facilities identified in subd. 2.,
including an estimate of the effect of recovering these capital costs through impact
fees on the availability of affordable housing within the political subdivision
municipality.
History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617. SECTION 14. 66.0617 (4) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
66.0617 (4) (a) 3. A detailed estimate of the capital costs of providing the new
public facilities or the improvements or expansions in existing public facilities
identified in subd. 2., including an estimate of the effect of recovering these capital
costs through impact fees on the availability of affordable housing within the
political subdivision municipality.
History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617. SECTION 15. 66.0617 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
66.0617 (4) (b) A public facilities needs assessment or revised public facilities
needs assessment that is prepared under this subsection shall be available for public

History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617.

SECTION 16. 66.0617 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

municipality at least 20 days before the hearing under sub. (3).

inspection and copying in the office of the clerk of the political subdivision

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SECTION 16

1	66.0617 (5) (b) An ordinance enacted under this section may delineate
2	geographically defined zones within the political subdivision $\stackrel{\checkmark}{ ext{municipality}}$ and may
3	impose impact fees on land development in a zone that differ from impact fees
4	imposed on land development in other zones within the political subdivision
5	municipality. The public facilities needs assessment that is required under sub. (4)
6	shall explicitly identify the differences, such as land development or the need for
7	those public facilities, which justify the differences between zones in the amount of
8	impact fees imposed.
9	History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617. SECTION 17. 66.0617 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	66.0617 (6) (b) May not exceed the proportionate share of the capital costs that
11	are required to serve land development, as compared to existing uses of land within
12	the political subdivision municipality.
13	History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617. SECTION 18. 66.0617 (6) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	66.0617 (6) (d) Shall be reduced to compensate for other capital costs imposed
15	by the political subdivision municipality with respect to land development to provide
16	or pay for public facilities, including special assessments, special charges, land
17	dedications or fees in lieu of land dedications under ch. 236 or any other items of
18	value.
19	History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617. SECTION 19. 66.0617 (6) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	66.0617 (6) (g) Shall be payable by the developer to the political subdivision,
21	either municipality in full or in installment payments that are approved by the
22	political subdivision, before within 14 days of the issuance of a building permit may

be issued or other required approval may be given within 14 days of the issuance of 1 an occupancy permit by the political subdivision municipality. 2 History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617.

SECTION 20. 66.0617 (7) of the statutes is amended to read: 3 4 66.0617 (7) Low-cost housing. An ordinance enacted under this section may provide for an exemption from, or a reduction in the amount of, impact fees on land 5 6 development that provides low-cost housing, except that no amount of an impact fee 7 for which an exemption or reduction is provided under this subsection may be shifted 8 to any other development in the land development in which the low-cost housing is located or to any other land development in the political subdivision municipality. 9 History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617.

SECTION 21. 66.0617 (8) of the statutes is amended to read: 10 REQUIREMENTS FOR AND REPORTING ON IMPACT FEE REVENUES. 11 66.0617 (8) Revenues from each impact fees fee that is imposed shall be placed in a separate and $\langle 12 \rangle$ (13segregated, interest-bearing account and shall be accounted for, in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices, separately from the other funds of the 14 political subdivision municipality. VImpact fee revenues and interest earned on 15 impact fee revenues may be expended only for the particular capital costs for which 16 the impact fees were fee was imposed, unless the fee is refunded under sub. (9). 17 18 Annually, a municipality shall publish, as a class 1 notice under ch. 985, a report that 19 lists each impact fee imposed by the municipality which is in an account described in this subsection and the capital costs for which the fee was spent or is to be spent. 20 21**Section 22.** 66.0617 (9) of the statutes is amended to read: 22 66.0617 (9) REFUND OF IMPACT FEES. An ordinance enacted under this section shall specify that impact fees that are imposed and collected by a political subdivision 23

municipality but are not used, or construction has not started on the public facilities

Section 22

for which the fees were collected, within a reasonable period of time 10 years after they are collected to pay the capital costs for which they were imposed shall be refunded to the current owner of the property with respect to which the impact fees were imposed, along with any interest that has accumulated, as described in sub. (8). The ordinance shall specify, by type of public facility, reasonable time periods within which impact fees must be spent or refunded under this subsection. In determining the length of the time periods under the ordinance, a political subdivision municipality shall consider what are appropriate planning and financing periods for the particular types of public facilities for which the impact fees are imposed.

History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617.

SECTION 23. 66.0617 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (10) APPEAL. A political subdivision municipality that enacts an impact fee ordinance under this section shall, by ordinance, specify a procedure under which a developer upon whom an impact fee is imposed has the right to contest the amount, collection or use of the impact fee to the governing body of the political subdivision municipality.

History: 1993 a. 305; 1997 a. 27; 1999 a. 150 s. 524; Stats. 1999 s. 66.0617.

2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 01/31/2006

Received: 01/31/2006 Wanted: As time permits					Received By: mshovers			
					Identical to LRB:			
For: John	For: John Gard (608) 266-3387 This file may be shown to any legislator: NO					g: Brian Hayes	s (1-9482)	
This file m						ers		
May Conta	act:				Addl. Drafters:			
Subject: Local Gov't - counties Local Gov't - misc				Extra Copies:				
Submit via	email: YES							
Requester's	s email:	Rep.Gard	@legis.state.	wi.us				
Carbon co	py (CC:) to:							
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Topic:								
Changes to	impact fee s	tatute						
Instructio	ns:			Market de la constitución de la				
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Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required	
/ ?				***************************************			Local	
	mshovers $02/08/2006$ $= 2/26$	lkunkel 02/17/2006	jfrantze 02/17/2006	5	sbasford 02/17/2006			
FE Sent Fo	r:	· <i>K</i>		<end></end>				

Shovers, Marc

From:

Haves, Brian

Sent:

Tuesday, February 28, 2006 9:44 AM

To:

Shovers, Marc

Subject:

Impact fees -- LRB-4537/1

Marc

Please draft an amendment to LRB-4537/1 that does the following:

- 1) Inserts the words ": or vehicles" in sec. 66.0617(1)(a) that describes what are not to be included in capital costs -- as we talked about last week.
- (2) Remove the "and other recreational facililities" language in sec. 66.0617(1)(f) -- as we talked about last week.
- 3) Further tighten the window of allowable use of impact fees by allowing for their spending to be used within 10 years of their approval. After ten years, any residual should be sent back to the payee. The language in the bill states that they must be used within ten years of their collection. This will force municipal planning for this revenue.
- 4) Apply the fee reporting language in the bill that is intended to provide a GAAP-type transparent accounting to sec. 66.028

66.0628 Fees imposed by a political subdivision.

- (1) In this section, "political subdivision" means a city, village, town, or county.
- (2) Any fee that is imposed by a political subdivision shall bear a reasonable relationship to the service for which the fee is imposed.

History: 2003 a. 134.

And to the plat fees found in sec.236.12

(7) The department and the state agencies referred to in s. 236.13 (1) may charge reasonable service fees for all or part of the costs of activities and services provided by the department under this section and s. 70.27. A schedule of such fees shall be established by rule by each such agency.

5) Section 19, page 6, line 14 should include "developer or current property owner" language. The property owner gets hung with the cost in any case.

To not include logs

We want to introduce this by Thursday. Call if you have a question. 261-9482 Thanks

Brian Hayes

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State of Misconsin 2005 - 2006 LEGISLATURE

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2005 BILL



 $AN\ ACT\ \textit{to repeal}\ 66.0617\ (2)\ (am);\ and\ \textit{to amend}\ 66.0617\ (1)\ (a),\ 66.0617\ (1)\ (c),$ 1 2 66.0617 (1) (d), 66.0617 (1) (e), 66.0617 (1) (f), 66.0617 (1) (g), 66.0617 (1) (h), 3 66.0617 (2) (a), 66.0617 (2) (b), 66.0617 (2) (c), 66.0617 (3), 66.0617 (4) (a) 4 (intro.), 66.0617 (4) (a) 3., 66.0617 (4) (b), 66.0617 (5) (b), 66.0617 (6) (b), 66.0617 5 (6) (d), 66.0617 (6) (g), 66.0617 (7), 66.0617 (8), 66.0617 (9) and 66.0617 (10) of the statutes; **relating to:** changes to the impact fee law.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

under current law, an impact fee ordinance must that is imposed and collected by a political subdivision, and a reasonable time after it is collected, be refunded to the current under this bill, an impact fee may entry be imposed by a municipality (a city, village, or town), and must be used within 10 years of its collection or it must be returned, with interest, to the current owner of the property. Also under the bill, and impact fee may entry be imposed by a municipality (a city, village, or town), and must be used within 10 years of its collection or it must be returned, with interest, to the current owner of the property. Also under the bill, and a public facilities and one of the property. Also under the bill, and one of the property owner, may only be imposed. Under current law, a city, village, town, or county (political subdivision) may

on the property owner, may only be imposed

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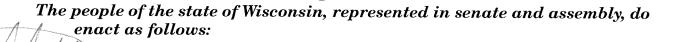
14

a political subdivision for other fees that it

Currently, impact fees must be placed in a segregated, interest-bearing account, and must be accounted for separately from other funds of the political subdivision. Under the bill, a municipality must use generally accepted accounting principals to keep track of each particular impact fee, and each such impact fee must be kept in a separate account. Annually, the bill requires a municipality to issue a report on the amount of impact fees collected and the uses to which the fees are being put. The also imposes these accounts of Apply and reporting requirements

Under current law, an impact fee must be paid by a developer to a political subdivision, either in full or in installments, before a building permit may be issued or other required approval may be given by the political subdivision. Under the bill, a developer must pay an impact fee in full to a municipality within 14 days of the municipality's issuance of a building permit or an occupancy permit.

For further information see the *local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.



SECTION 1. 66.0617 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (1) (a) "Capital costs" means the capital costs to construct, expand or improve public facilities, including the cost of land, and including legal, engineering and design costs to construct, expand or improve public facilities, except that not more than 10% of capital costs may consist of legal, engineering and design costs unless the political subdivision municipality can demonstrate that its legal, engineering and design costs which relate directly to the public improvement for which the impact fees were imposed exceed 10% of capital costs. "Capital costs" does not include other noncapital costs to construct, expand or improve public facilities.

Section 2. 66.0617 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (1) (c) "Impact fees" means cash contributions, contributions of land or interests in land or any other items of value that are imposed on a developer by a political subdivision municipality under this section.

1	SECTION 3. 66.0617 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	66.0617 (1) (d) "Land development" means the construction or modification of
3	improvements to real property that creates additional residential dwelling units
4	within a political subdivision municipality or that results in nonresidential uses that
5	create a need for new, expanded or improved public facilities within a political
6	subdivision municipality.
7	SECTION 4. 66.0617 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	66.0617 (1) (e) "Political subdivision" "Municipality" means a city, village, town
9	or county or town.
10	SECTION 5. 66.0617 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	66.0617 (1) (f) "Public facilities" means highways, as defined in s. 340.01 (22),
12	and other transportation facilities, traffic control devices, facilities for collecting and
13	treating sewage, facilities for collecting and treating storm and surface waters,
(14)	facilities for pumping, storing, and distributing water, parks, playgrounds, and other
1 5	recreational facilities, solid waste and recycling facilities, fire protection facilities,
16	law enforcement facilities, emergency medical facilities and libraries except that,
17	with regard to counties, "public facilities" does not include highways, as defined in
18	s. 340.01 (22), other transportation facilities or traffic control devices. "Public
19	facilities" does not include facilities owned by a school district.
20	Section 6. 66.0617 (1) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	66.0617 (1) (g) "Service area" means a geographic area delineated by a political
22	subdivision municipality within which there are public facilities.
23	SECTION 7. 66.0617 (1) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:

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66	6.0617 (1) (h)	"Service standard" means a certain quantity or quality of public
facilitie	es relative to a	a certain number of persons, parcels of land or other appropriate
measur	e, as specifie	d by the political subdivision <u>municipality</u> .

SECTION 8. 66.0617 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (2) (a) Subject to par. (am), a political subdivision A municipality may enact an ordinance under this section that imposes impact fees on developers to pay for the capital costs that are necessary to accommodate land development.

Section 9. 66.0617 (2) (am) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 10. 66.0617 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (2) (b) Subject to par. (c), this section does not prohibit or limit the authority of a political subdivision municipality to finance public facilities by any other means authorized by law, except that the amount of an impact fee imposed by a political subdivision municipality shall be reduced, under sub. (6) (d), to compensate for any other costs of public facilities imposed by the political subdivision municipality on developers to provide or pay for capital costs.

SECTION 11. 66.0617 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (2) (c) Beginning on May 1, 1995, a political subdivision municipality may impose and collect impact fees only under this section.

Section 12. 66.0617 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (3) Public Hearing; Notice. Before enacting an ordinance that imposes impact fees, or amending an existing ordinance that imposes impact fees, a political subdivision municipality shall hold a public hearing on the proposed ordinance or amendment. Notice of the public hearing shall be published as a class 1 notice under ch. 985, and shall specify where a copy of the proposed ordinance or amendment and the public facilities needs assessment may be obtained.

SECTION 13. 66.0617 (4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (4) (a) (intro.) Before enacting an ordinance that imposes impact fees or amending an ordinance that imposes impact fees by revising the amount of the fee or altering the public facilities for which impact fees may be imposed, a political subdivision municipality shall prepare a needs assessment for the public facilities for which it is anticipated that impact fees may be imposed. The public facilities needs assessment shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

SECTION 14. 66.0617 (4) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (4) (a) 3. A detailed estimate of the capital costs of providing the new public facilities or the improvements or expansions in existing public facilities identified in subd. 2., including an estimate of the effect of recovering these capital costs through impact fees on the availability of affordable housing within the political subdivision municipality.

SECTION 15. 66.0617 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (4) (b) A public facilities needs assessment or revised public facilities needs assessment that is prepared under this subsection shall be available for public inspection and copying in the office of the clerk of the political subdivision municipality at least 20 days before the hearing under sub. (3).

Section 16. 66.0617 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (5) (b) An ordinance enacted under this section may delineate geographically defined zones within the political subdivision municipality and may impose impact fees on land development in a zone that differ from impact fees imposed on land development in other zones within the political subdivision municipality. The public facilities needs assessment that is required under sub. (4) shall explicitly identify the differences, such as land development or the need for

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those public facilities,	which justify the	differences	between	zones in	the amou	nt of
impact fees imposed.						

SECTION 17. 66.0617 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (6) (b) May not exceed the proportionate share of the capital costs that are required to serve land development, as compared to existing uses of land within the political subdivision municipality.

SECTION 18. 66.0617 (6) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (6) (d) Shall be reduced to compensate for other capital costs imposed by the political subdivision municipality with respect to land development to provide or pay for public facilities, including special assessments, special charges, land dedications or fees in lieu of land dedications under ch. 236 or any other items of value.

SECTION 19. 66.0617 (6) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

Or the property owner

66.0617 (6) (g) Shall be payable by the developer to the political subdivision, either municipality in full or in installment payments that are approved by the political subdivision, before within 14 days of the issuance of a building permit may be issued or other required approval may be given within 14 days of the issuance of an occupancy permit by the political subdivision municipality.

Section 20. 66.0617 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (7) Low-cost housing. An ordinance enacted under this section may provide for an exemption from, or a reduction in the amount of, impact fees on land development that provides low-cost housing, except that no amount of an impact fee for which an exemption or reduction is provided under this subsection may be shifted to any other development in the land development in which the low-cost housing is located or to any other land development in the political subdivision municipality.

SECTION 21. 66.0617 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

Revenues from each impact fees fee that is imposed shall be placed in a separate segregated, interest—bearing account and shall be accounted for, in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices, separately from the other funds of the political subdivision municipality. Impact fee revenues and interest earned on impact fee revenues may be expended only for the particular capital costs for which the impact fees were fee was imposed, unless the fee is refunded under sub. (9). Annually, a municipality shall publish, as a class 1 notice under ch. 985, a report that lists each impact fee imposed by the municipality which is in an account described in this subsection and the capital costs for which the fee was spent or is to be spent.

SECTION 22. 66.0617 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

shall specify that impact fees that are imposed and collected by a political subdivision municipality but are not used or construction has not started on the public facilities for which the fees were collected within a reasonable period of time 10 years after they are collected to pay the capital costs for which they were imposed shall be refunded to the current owner of the property with respect to which the impact fees were imposed, along with any interest that has accumulated, as described in sub. (8). The ordinance shall specify, by type of public facility, reasonable time periods within which impact fees must be spent or refunded under this subsection. In determining the length of the time periods under the ordinance, a political subdivision municipality shall consider what are appropriate planning and financing periods for the particular types of public facilities for which the impact fees are imposed.

Section 23. 66.0617 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.0617 (10) APPEAL. A political subdivision municipality that enacts an impact fee ordinance under this section shall, by ordinance, specify a procedure under which a developer upon whom an impact fee is imposed has the right to contest the amount, collection or use of the impact fee to the governing body of the political subdivision municipality.

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Section 1. 66.0628 (3) of the statutes is created to read:

66.0628 (3) Revenues from each fee that is imposed shall be placed in a separate segregated interest-bearing account and shall be accounted for, in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices, separately from the other funds of the political subdivision. Annually, a political subdivision shall publish, as a class 1 notice under ch. 985, a report that lists each fee imposed by the political subdivision which is in an account described in this subsection and the purposes for which the fee was spent or is to be spent.

Basford, Sarah

From:

Shovers, Marc

Sent:

Wednesday, March 08, 2006 2:37 PM

To:

Barman, Mike

Subject:

Please jacket -4537/2 for the Assembly and send the jacket to Rep. Suder

Jacketed & Dert Le Rep. Duden

Anne Emerson of Rep. Suder's office called and said Rep. Gard would like Rep. Suder to take the lead on this and introduce the bill.

Marc E. Shovers

Senior Legislative Attorney Legislative Reference Bureau

Phone: (608) 266-0129 Fax: (608) 264-8522

e-mail: marc.shovers@legis.state.wi.us

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