Fiscal Estimate - 2005 Session

Original Updated	Corrected	Supplemental
LRB Number 05-1104/1	Introduction Number	SB-114
Subject Classifying county jailers as protective occupat	ion participants under the Wisconsin	Retirement System
Fiscal Effect		
Appropriations Rev		
Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory 2. Decrease Costs 4. Dec	5.Types of Lo Governmen Governmen Towns Countie School missive Mandatory Mandatory	t Units Affected Village Cities SOUTH OTHERS WITCS
Fund Sources Affected GPR FED PRO PRS	Affected Ch. 20 A	Appropriations
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature Date	
RET/ William Ford (608) 266-0680	William Ford (608) 266-0680 4/4/2005	

Fiscal Estimate Narratives RET 4/4/2005

LRB Number	05-1104/1	Introduction Number	SB-114	Estimate Type	Original		
Subject							
Classifying county jailers as protective occupation participants under the Wisconsin Retirement System							

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

It is estimated that this bill would increase required county payments to the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) by approximately \$2,315,000 annually, based upon the following assumptions and data.

- 1. A 2005 survey of counties conducted by the Wisconsin County Association estimates that there are 1000 county jailers that are not classified as protective occupation participants.
- 2. Based on figures provided by the Wisconsin Professional Police Association, it is estimated that the average salary of county jailers for 2006 (the first year this bill could take effect) is \$37,960.
- 3. For 2005, the fringe benefit rate difference for protective occupation participants as opposed to general employees is 2.5 percent. In addition, employers pay a percentage of payroll for death and disability payments for protective occupation participants. Generally, this percentage ranges from 1.9 percent to 6.6 percent, depending upon the past duty disability claims of the employer. For the purpose of this fiscal estimate, a contribution rate of rate of 3.6 percent (this rate is in the middle range of rates that may be imposed on an employer) is used.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications