ASSEMBLY BILL 59 (LRB -0947)

An Act to renumber and amend 60.61 (2) (a); to amend 59.69 (4) (a) and 62.23 (7) (b); and to create 823.075 of the statutes; relating to: actions against forestry operations and granting rule-making authority.

03-29.	A.	Introduced by Representatives Mursau, Friske, Ainsworth, Albers, Gard, Gronemus, Gunderson,	
		Hahn, McCormick, Montgomery, Musser, Ott, Owens and Vos; cosponsored by Senator Zien.	
01-27.	Á.	Read first time and referred to committee on Forestry	48
03-01.	A.	Public hearing held.	
03-29.	A.	Executive action taken.	
03-29.	A.	Assembly amendment 1 offered by committee on Forestry (LRB a0363)	. 153
04-04.	A.	Report Assembly Amendment 1 adoption recommended by committee on Forestry, Ayes 5, Noes 0	
04-04.	A.	Report passage as amended recommended by committee on Forestry, Ayes 5, Noes 0	
04-04.	A.	Referred to committee on Rules	. 158
04-27.	A.	Placed on calendar 5-3-2005 by committee on Rules.	
05-03.	A.		. 219
05-03.	A.	Assembly amendment 1 adopted	. 219
05-03.	A.	Ordered to a third reading	
05-03.	Α.		. 219
05-03.	A.	Read a third time and passed	. 219
05-03.	A.	Ordered immediately messaged	. 219
05-04.	S.	Received from Assembly	. 197
05-04.	S.	Read first time and referred to committee on Agriculture and Insurance	. 197
06-23.	S.	Public hearing held.	
11-28.	S.	Executive action taken.	
11-29.	S.	Report concurrence recommended by committee on Agriculture and Insurance, Ayes 6, Noes 1	466
11-29.	S.	Available for scheduling.	
12-05.	S.	Placed on calendar 12-6-2005 by committee on Senate Organization.	
12-06.	S.	Read a second time.	
12-06.	S.	Ordered to a third reading.	
12-06.	S.	Rules suspended.	
12-06.	S.	Read a third time and concurred in.	
12-06.	S.	Ordered immediately messaged.	
12-08.	A.	Received from Senate concurred in.	

2005 ENROLLED BILL

05en	B	-5	9	
			Seephone	

Orig [Engr	SubAmdt	05044\[\]/_
endments t	o above (if n	one, write "NONE"):AA/
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			Ma Q
rections - s	show date (if	f none, write "NONI	E"):
			•
		1/o.k	
oic	/ 1	X	
		1/	
		12/9/05	Sell la
		Date	Enrolling Drafter
		Date	Emoning Braiter
CUDONIC	DDACEDID		
CIRONIC	PROCEDUR	ir:	
	4 4 *	anual annalling nr	ocedures in <i>TEXT2000 Referenc</i>

HOUSE OF ORIGIN:

DISTRIBUTION:

- 11 copies plus bill jacket
- Secretary of State's envelope containing 4 copies plus newspaper notice

REVISOR OF STATUTES:

• 5 copies

DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION:

• 2 copies

LRB:

[rev: 1/13/05 2005enroll(fm)]

January 27, 2005 – Introduced by Representatives Mursau, Friske, Ainsworth, Albers, Gard, Gronemus, Gunderson, Hahn, McCormick, Montgomery, Musser, Ott, Owens and Vos, cosponsored by Senator Zien. Referred to Committee on Forestry.

- AN ACT to renumber and amend 60.61(2)(a); to amend 59.69(4)(a) and 62.23
- 2 (7) (b); and *to create* 823.075 of the statutes; **relating to:** actions against forestry operations and granting rule-making authority.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, if a business, property, or action of a person creates a public nuisance, the party damaged by that nuisance can bring an action for the damages caused by the nuisance or to abate the nuisance. A county or municipality may bring an action to abate a public nuisance, such as a place where a controlled substance is illegally distributed, sold, or manufactured. A "nuisance" is generally defined as an action that annoys or disturbs a person in possession of his or her property and makes the use or occupation of that property physically uncomfortable. Currently, nuisances include places where illegal gambling occurs, dilapidated buildings, drug houses, and criminal gang houses.

This bill provides that a forestry operation may not be declared a nuisance if the forestry operation conforms to generally accepted forestry management practices. Under the bill, forestry operations include removal of vegetation or dead trees, noise from forestry equipment, and use of chemicals that are normally used in forestry operations. In addition, the bill provides that a forestry operation that conforms to generally accepted forestry management practices is not a nuisance as a result of any of the following:

- 1. Change in ownership or size of a forest.
- 2. Interruption of forestry operations.

1

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

- 3. Enrollment of part or all of the forest in governmental forestry programs.
- 4. Adoption of new forestry technology.

The bill also allows a person who is alleged to commit the nuisance to receive his or her costs, including attorney fees, if he or she prevails in the action alleging a nuisance.

Under current law, cities, villages, towns that are authorized to exercise village powers, certain other towns, or counties (political subdivisions) are authorized to enact zoning ordinances that regulate and restrict the height, number of stories, and size of buildings and other structures, the percentage of lot that may be occupied, the size of yards and other open spaces, the density of population, the location and use of buildings, structures, and land for various purposes, and the areas within which activities such as agriculture, forestry, and mining may be conducted.

Under this bill, no political subdivision may enact a zoning ordinance that prohibits forestry operations that are in accordance with generally accepted forestry management practices.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 59.69 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.69 (4) (a) The areas within which agriculture, forestry, industry, mining, trades, business and recreation may be conducted, except that no ordinance enacted under this subsection may prohibit forestry operations that are in accordance with generally accepted forestry management practices, as defined under s. 823.075 (1) (d).

SECTION 2. 60.61 (2) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 60.61 (2) (a) (intro.) and amended to read:

60.61 (2) (a) (intro.) Regulate, restrict and determine: the all of the following:

- 1. The areas within which agriculture, forestry, mining and recreation may be conducted; the, except that no ordinance enacted under this subsection may prohibit forestry operations that are in accordance with generally accepted forestry management practices, as defined under s. 823.075 (1) (d).
 - 2. The location of roads, schools, trades and industries; the.

	3. The location, h	eight, bulk, num	ber of stories and	d size of buildings	and other
stru	ctures ; the .				

- 4. The percentage of a lot which may be occupied; the.
- 4 <u>5. The</u> size of yards, courts and other open spaces; the.
 - 6. The density and distribution of population; the.
 - 7. The location of buildings designed for specified uses; the.
 - 8. The trades, industries or purposes that may be engaged in or subject to regulation; and the.
 - 9. The uses for which buildings may not be erected or altered.
 - **SECTION 3.** 62.23 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.23 (7) (b) Districts. For any and all of said purposes the council may divide the city into districts of such number, shape, and area as may be deemed best suited to carry out the purposes of this section; and within such districts it may regulate and restrict the erection, construction, reconstruction, alteration or use of buildings, structures or land. All such regulations shall be uniform for each class or kind of buildings and for the use of land throughout each district, but the regulations in one district may differ from those in other districts. No ordinance enacted or regulation adopted under this subsection may prohibit forestry operations that are in accordance with generally accepted forestry management practices, as defined under s. 823.075 (1) (d). The council may with the consent of the owners establish special districts, to be called planned development districts, with regulations in each, which in addition to those provided in par. (c), will over a period of time tend to promote the maximum benefit from coordinated area site planning, diversified location of structures and mixed compatible uses. Such regulations shall provide for a safe and efficient system for pedestrian and vehicular traffic, attractive recreation

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

and landscaped open spaces, economic design and location of public and private utilities and community facilities and insure adequate standards of construction and planning. Such regulations may also provide for the development of the land in such districts with one or more principal structures and related accessory uses, and in such districts the regulations need not be uniform.

Section 4. 823.075 of the statutes is created to read:

823.075 Actions against forestry operations. (1) In this section:

- (a) "Department" means the department of natural resources.
- (b) "Forest" means a parcel of land in which at least 80 percent of the parcel is producing or is capable of producing at least 20 cubic feet of merchantable timber, as defined in s. 77.81 (3), per acre per year.
- (c) "Forestry operation" means any activity related to the harvesting, reforestation, and other forest management activities, including thinning, pest control, fertilization, and wildlife management.
- (d) "Generally accepted forestry management practices" means forestry management practices that promote sound management of a forest, as determined by the department by rule.
- (2) A forestry operation is not a nuisance if the forestry operation alleged to be a nuisance conforms to generally accepted forestry management practices.
- (3) A forestry operation that conforms to generally accepted forestry management practices is not a nuisance as a result of any of the following:
 - (a) A change in ownership or size of a forest.
 - (b) Cessation or interruption of forestry operations.
- (c) Enrollment of all or part of the forest in governmental forestry or conservation programs.

1

(d)	Adoption	of new	forestry	technol	ogy.
	-		•		~~

2 (4) In any action in which a forestry operation is alleged to be a nuisance, if the party who was alleged to commit the nuisance prevails, the court may award that party the actual and necessary costs incurred in the action and, notwithstanding s. 814.04 (1), reasonable attorney fees.

6 (END)

ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT 1, TO 2005 ASSEMBLY BILL 59

March 29, 2005 - Offered by Committee on Forestry.

At the locations indicated, amend the bill a	. as follow	S:
--	-------------	----

- 1. Page 4, line 17: after "rule." insert "The rule promulgated by the department may incorporate by reference the most recent version of the department's publication known as Wisconsin Forest Management Guidelines and identified as publication number PUB-FR-226.".
- 6 (END)

1

2

3

4

5