

2005 ASSEMBLY BILL 485

June 14, 2005 – Introduced by Representatives MONTGOMERY, VAN ROY, MUSSER, FREESE, KERKMAN, HUNDERTMARK, PETROWSKI, KRAWCZYK, F. LASEE, LEHMAN, LEMAHIEU, LOEFFELHOLZ, ALBERS and PETTIS, cosponsored by Senators A. LASEE, LASSA and KANAVAS. Referred to Committee on Small Business.

1 **AN ACT to repeal** 445.105 (2); **to renumber and amend** 445.01 (5) (a); **to amend**
2 30.67 (6) (b), 69.18 (1) (a) 3., 157.067 (1), 252.15 (5) (a) 7., 445.01 (6), 445.04 (1),
3 445.095 (2) (c), 445.105 (1) and 445.15 (1); and **to create** 445.01 (2m), 445.01
4 (6g), 445.01 (9), 445.105 (2m) and 445.145 of the statutes; **relating to:**
5 regulating funeral directors and funeral establishments, regulating cremation
6 and funeral advertising, and providing a penalty.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes various changes to the regulation of funeral establishments and directors and creates requirements for printed advertising for cremation and funeral services.

Funeral establishments and directors

Under current law, a person is prohibited from operating a funeral establishment unless the Funeral Directors Examining Board (board) has issued a permit for the funeral establishment. With certain exceptions, a “funeral establishment” is defined as any building or part of a building that is used for any of the following: 1) the care and preparation for burial or transportation of dead human bodies; or 2) holding or conducting funeral services. In addition, a funeral establishment must have a preparation room for preparing and embalming dead human bodies. Current law prohibits the board from issuing a permit unless a

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funeral director licensed by the board is in full-time charge of the funeral establishment. As a result, a funeral director may be in charge of only one funeral establishment.

Under this bill, a funeral establishment must satisfy the following requirements to receive a permit: 1) the funeral establishment must have a seating capacity of 50 or more persons; 2) the building or structure in which the funeral establishment is located must not contain more than one other business that does not provide goods or services related to funerals, burials, or the final disposition of human remains; and 3) such building or structure must be affixed to real property.

Also, the bill requires a licensed funeral director to be in charge of the funeral establishment. Unlike under current law, the funeral director does not have to be in full-time charge. However, under the bill, the funeral director may be in charge of no more than two other funeral establishments. In addition, at least one of the funeral establishments of which the funeral director is in charge must have a preparation room. Therefore, unlike under current law, a funeral establishment does not have to have a preparation room, provided that the following two conditions are satisfied: 1) no preparation or embalming of dead human bodies takes place at the funeral establishment; and 2) the funeral director in charge of the funeral establishment is also in charge of another funeral establishment that has a preparation room.

The bill also prohibits the board from issuing a funeral establishment permit to a medical care institution, church, synagogue, mosque, or religious organization.

The bill also makes changes regarding the regulation of funeral directors. Under current law, a person may not act as a funeral director unless he or she is licensed by the board, and “funeral director” is defined as a person who conducts, or holds himself or herself out as conducting, embalming or otherwise preparing for, or supervising, the burial or disposal of dead human bodies. In addition, current law requires the business of a funeral director to be conducted in a funeral establishment.

In addition, the bill provides that a person who violates state law regulating funeral establishments or funeral directors may be subject to a fine of no more than \$5,000, imprisonment for no less than 30 days and no more than three months, or both. Under current law, the potential fine is limited to no less than \$50 and no more than \$200.

The bill does not affect the exemptions under current law from funeral establishment and director regulation that apply to the following: 1) certain funeral buildings in cemeteries; 2) certain persons involved in the anatomical study of indigent dead human bodies; 3) public officers and institutions; or 4) the customs or rites of any religious sect in the burial of their dead.

Printed advertising

The bill prohibits a person from making an advertisement representing that the person conducts the business of a funeral director or provides any funeral or cremation service, unless the advertisement includes the address of one funeral establishment or place of business at which the person conducts such business or provides such services. This prohibition applies to any advertisement by newspaper,

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periodical, Internet web page, telephone book listing, direct mail, or electronic mail solicitation.

Because this bill creates a new crime or revises a penalty for an existing crime, the Joint Review Committee on Criminal Penalties may be requested to prepare a report concerning the proposed penalty and the costs or savings that are likely to result if the bill is enacted.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

1 **SECTION 1.** 30.67 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 30.67 **(6)** (b) In cases of death involving a boat in which the person died within
3 6 hours of the time of the accident, a blood specimen of at least 10 cc. shall be
4 withdrawn from the body of the decedent within 12 hours after his or her death, by
5 the coroner or medical examiner or by a physician so designated by the coroner or
6 medical examiner or by a qualified person at the direction of the physician. All
7 morticians funeral directors, as defined in s. 445.01 (5), shall obtain a release from
8 the coroner or medical examiner prior to proceeding with embalming any body
9 coming under the scope of this section. The blood so drawn shall be forwarded to a
10 laboratory approved by the state health officer for analysis of the alcoholic content
11 of the blood specimen. The coroner or medical examiner causing the blood to be
12 withdrawn shall be notified of the results of each analysis made and shall forward
13 the results of each analysis to the state health officer. The state health officer shall
14 keep a record of all examinations to be used for statistical purposes only. The
15 cumulative results of the examinations, without identifying the individuals
16 involved, shall be disseminated and made public by the state health officer. The
17 department shall reimburse coroners and medical examiners for the costs incurred

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1 in submitting reports and taking blood specimens and laboratories for the costs
2 incurred in analyzing blood specimens under this section.

3 **SECTION 2.** 69.18 (1) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

4 69.18 (1) (a) 3. A person acting under s. 157.02 or 445.16 (1).

5 **SECTION 3.** 157.067 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 157.067 (1) In this section, “funeral establishment” has the meaning given in
7 s. 445.01 (6), except that “funeral establishment” does not include a building or part
8 of a building that is erected under s. 157.11 (1) for holding or conducting funeral
9 services if dead human bodies are not embalmed, cared for, or prepared for burial or
10 transportation, in the building.

11 **SECTION 4.** 252.15 (5) (a) 7. of the statutes is amended to read:

12 252.15 (5) (a) 7. To a funeral director, as defined under s. 445.01 (5) (a) 1. or 2.
13 or (c) or to other persons who prepare the body of a decedent for burial or other
14 disposition or to a person who performs an autopsy or assists in performing an
15 autopsy.

16 **SECTION 5.** 445.01 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:

17 445.01 (2m) “Compensation” means direct or indirect payment, including the
18 expectation of payment whether or not actually received.

19 **SECTION 6.** 445.01 (5) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 445.01 (5) (a) (intro.)
20 and amended to read:

21 445.01 (5) (a) (intro.) A person engaged in or conducting, or holding himself or
22 herself out, in whole or in part, as being engaged in embalming any of the following:

23 1. Embalming or otherwise preparing for the burial or disposal, ~~or directing of~~
24 dead human bodies.

25 2. Directing and supervising the burial or disposal, of dead human bodies.

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1 **SECTION 7.** 445.01 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 445.01 **(6)** “Funeral establishment” means any building or part of a building
3 used and held out to the public as being used ~~in the care and preparation for caring~~
4 ~~or preparing for the~~ burial or transportation of dead human bodies or for holding or
5 conducting of funeral services. ~~“Funeral establishment” does not include a building~~
6 ~~or part of a building that is erected under s. 157.11 (1) for holding or conducting~~
7 ~~funeral services if dead human bodies are not cared for or prepared for burial or~~
8 ~~transportation in the building. A funeral establishment must contain a preparation~~
9 ~~room equipped with tile, cement or composition floor, necessary drainage and~~
10 ~~ventilation and contain necessary instruments and supplies for the preparation and~~
11 ~~embalming of dead human bodies for burial, transportation or other disposition.~~

12 **SECTION 8.** 445.01 (6g) of the statutes is created to read:

13 445.01 **(6g)** “Funeral services” means ceremonies held in conjunction with the
14 disposition of the dead, including visitation, religious rites, memorials, and
15 graveside services, whether or not a dead human body is present during the
16 ceremonies.

17 **SECTION 9.** 445.01 (9) of the statutes is created to read:

18 445.01 **(9)** “Preparation room” means any building or part of a building used
19 for embalming, caring for, or preparing for burial or transportation dead human
20 bodies.

21 **SECTION 10.** 445.04 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

22 445.04 **(1)** ~~The Except for conducting funeral services, the business of a funeral~~
23 ~~director must be conducted in a funeral establishment equipped for the care and~~
24 ~~preparation for burial or transportation of dead human bodies. What shall be~~

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1 deemed “necessary equipment” shall be defined in the rules that has been issued a
2 permit by the examining board.

3 **SECTION 11.** 445.095 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 445.095 (2) (c) Only one funeral director apprenticeship shall be recognized by
5 the examining board at any one funeral establishment in a current year that has had
6 less than 150 funeral services or prepared less than 150 bodies for burial or shipment
7 during the preceding year.

8 **SECTION 12.** 445.105 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

9 445.105 (1) No person shall may conduct, maintain, manage, or operate a any
10 funeral establishment unless the examining board has issued the person a permit
11 for each such the funeral establishment has been issued by the examining board and
12 the permit is conspicuously displayed in such the funeral establishment. ~~In case of,~~
13 except that a permit is not required for funeral services held in any building or part
14 of a building that is erected under s. 157.11 (1), private residence, church, or lodge
15 hall, no permit shall be required if dead human bodies are not embalmed, cared for,
16 or prepared for burial or transportation, in the building, residence, church, or lodge
17 hall.

18 **SECTION 13.** 445.105 (2) of the statutes is repealed.

19 **SECTION 14.** 445.105 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:

20 445.105 (2m) The examining board may not issue a permit to operate a funeral
21 establishment unless all of the following are satisfied:

22 (a) The funeral establishment has a seating capacity of 50 or more persons.

23 (b) The building or structure in which the funeral establishment is located
24 contains no more than one other business that does not provide goods or services
25 related to funerals, burials, or the final disposition of human remains.

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1 (c) The building or structure in which the funeral establishment is located is
2 affixed to real property.

3 (d) A licensed funeral director is in charge of the funeral establishment and the
4 funeral director is also in charge of no more than 2 other funeral establishments and
5 at least one of the funeral establishments of which the funeral director is in charge
6 has a preparation room.

7 (e) If the funeral establishment is used for caring or preparing for burial or
8 transportation of dead human bodies, the funeral establishment has a preparation
9 room; the preparation room is equipped with a tile, cement, or composition floor; and
10 the preparation room has necessary drainage and ventilation and contains
11 necessary equipment, instruments, and supplies for the preparation and embalming
12 of dead human bodies for burial, transportation, or other disposition. The examining
13 board shall promulgate rules specifying the equipment, instruments, and supplies
14 that are necessary for purposes of this paragraph.

15 (f) The operator of the funeral establishment is not an operator of a medical care
16 institution, as defined in s. 610.70 (1) (e), or a church, synagogue, or mosque, or any
17 organization, whether or not organized under ch. 187, that operates under a creed,
18 as defined in s. 111.32 (3m).

19 **SECTION 15.** 445.145 of the statutes is created to read:

20 **445.145 Printed advertising.** A person may not, in any advertisement by
21 newspaper, periodical, Internet web page, telephone book listing, direct mail, or
22 electronic mail solicitation, represent that the person conducts the business of a
23 funeral director or provides any funeral or cremation service, unless the
24 advertisement includes the address of one funeral establishment or place of business
25 at which the person conducts such business or provides such services.

