

## **ASSEMBLY BILL 1186**

193.725 Allocations and distributions of profits to patron members. (1)
CAPITAL RESERVES. A cooperative may set aside any portion of profits allocated to the
patron membership interests that the board determines is advisable for the purpose
of creating or maintaining a capital reserve.

- (2) OTHER RESERVES. The board may do any of the following with regard to profits allocated to the patron membership interests:
- (a) Set aside an amount not to exceed 5 percent of the annual profits of the cooperative for promoting and encouraging cooperative organization.
- (b) Establish and accumulate reserves for new buildings, machinery and equipment, depreciation, losses, and other proper purposes.
- (3) Patronage distributions. Profits allocated to patron members in excess of dividends on equity and additions to reserves shall be allocated and distributed to patron members on the basis of patronage and, if the bylaws provide, to nonmember patrons as so provided. A cooperative may establish allocation units and pooling arrangements and may account for and distribute profits to patrons on the basis of allocation units and pooling arrangements. A cooperative may offset the losses of an allocation unit or pooling arrangement against the profits of other allocation units or pooling arrangements.
- (4) Frequency of distribution. A cooperative shall make distributions under sub. (3) at least annually.
- (5) FORM OF DISTRIBUTION. A cooperative may make distributions under sub. (3) in the form of cash, capital credits, allocated patronage equities, revolving fund certificates, or its own or other securities.
- (7) PATRONAGE CREDITS FOR INELIGIBLE MEMBERS. If a nonmember patron with patronage credits is not qualified or eligible for membership, the cooperative may

credit to the nonmember patron's account a refund due to the nonmember patron. The board may issue a certificate of interest to reflect any such credit and, after the board issues such a certificate, the patron may receive distributions of profits in the same manner as a patron member.

193.731 Member control agreements. (1) Authorization and execution. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, any person who has entered into a contribution agreement under s. 193.711 or an agreement to purchase cooperative securities, or any member, may enter into a written agreement with the cooperative that relates to the control of or the liquidation, dissolution, or termination of the cooperative, or any phase of the business and affairs of the cooperative. Such an agreement may not take effect unless signed by all persons who are then members and all persons who have entered into contribution agreements. An agreement under this subsection may not relate to patron member voting control under s. 193.545 or patron member allocation and distribution provisions under s. 193.721.

- (2) Same effect as articles and bylaws. Wherever this chapter provides that a particular result may or shall be obtained through a provision in the articles or bylaws, the same result may be accomplished through a provision in an agreement under sub. (1) or a procedure established in such an agreement.
- (3) OTHER AGREEMENTS NOT AFFECTED. This section does not limit the authority of persons to enter into agreements otherwise valid, nor is the procedure set forth in this section the exclusive method of agreement among members or between the members and the cooperative with respect to any of the matters described.
- 193.735 Distribution of unclaimed property. (1) ALTERNATE PROCEDURE TO DISTRIBUTE PROPERTY. Notwithstanding s. 177.17 (4) (a) 2. and (b), a cooperative may distribute any property required to be reported under s. 177.17 (1) to an entity that

- is exempt from taxation under section 501 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. A cooperative making a distribution under this subsection shall file all of the following with the state treasurer before making the distribution:
  - (a) A verified written description and explanation of the distribution.
  - (c) The name, address, and exemption number of the entity to which the property is to be distributed.
    - (d) The approximate date of the distribution.
  - (2) REPORTING PROCEDURE NOT AFFECTED. Subsection (1) does not affect the requirement that a cooperative report property under s. 177.17 (1).
  - (3) Owner's right extinguished on disbursement. The articles or bylaws may provide that a distribution under sub. (1) extinguishes all rights of the owner in and to the distributed property.

## SUBCHAPTER VIII

## MERGER AND CONSOLIDATION

193.801 Merger and consolidation. (1) Authorization. Unless otherwise prohibited and except as otherwise provided in this subsection, a cooperative may merge or consolidate with a business entity by complying with this section and the applicable law of the jurisdiction under whose laws the surviving business entity will be organized. A cooperative may not merge or consolidate with a business entity organized under the laws of this state, other than an association, unless the law governing the business entity specifically authorizes merger or consolidation with a cooperative.

(2) PLAN. To initiate a merger or consolidation, the board shall prepare a written plan stating all of the following:

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- (a) The name of the cooperative and each business entity that is party to the merger or consolidation.
- (b) The name of the business entity that will survive the merger or consolidation.
- (c) The manner and basis of converting membership or ownership interests in the cooperative and each business entity that is party to the merger or consolidation into membership or ownership interests in the surviving business entity, money, or other property.
  - (d) The terms of the merger or consolidation.
- (e) The proposed effect of the merger or consolidation on the members of each association that is party to the merger or consolidation.
- (f) For a consolidation, the contents of the articles or other organizational documents of the surviving business entity which will be filed with the jurisdiction in which the surviving business entity is organized.
- (3) NOTICE. (a) The board shall give notice of the merger or consolidation to each member. The notice shall contain all of the following:
  - 1. The full text of the plan under sub. (2).
  - 2. The time and place of the meeting at which the plan will be considered.
- (b) A cooperative with more than 200 members may provide the notice in the same manner as notice of a regular members' meeting.
- (4) ADOPTION OF PLAN; ARTICLES OF MERGER OR CONSOLIDATION. (a) If a quorum of the members eligible to vote is registered as being present or represented by alternative vote at the meeting specified in the notice under sub. (3), the plan of merger or consolidation may be adopted by the following means, as applicable:
  - 1. By a majority of the votes cast.

- 2. For a cooperative with articles or bylaws requiring more than majority approval or other conditions for approval, by a sufficient vote as required under the articles or bylaws or by satisfying the other conditions for approval.
- (b) If a plan is adopted under par. (a), the chairperson, vice-chairperson, records officer, or documents officer of each association that is party to the merger or consolidation shall execute articles of merger or consolidation which state the plan and the fact that the plan was adopted. The business entity surviving the merger or consolidation shall file the articles of merger with the department. If the business entity surviving the merger or consolidation is organized under the laws of this state, the department shall issue a certificate of organization to the business entity.
- MERGER. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, a parent cooperative that owns at least 90 percent of the outstanding ownership interests of each class and series of a subsidiary business entity, other than ownership interests that, absent this section, would not be entitled to vote on a merger, may merge the subsidiary into the parent or the parent into the subsidiary without a vote of the members of the parent or the members of the subsidiary by complying with this section and the applicable law of the jurisdiction under whose laws the business entity surviving the merger will be organized. Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, a parent cooperative that owns at least 90 percent of the outstanding ownership interests of each class and series of 2 or more subsidiary business entities, other than ownership interests that, absent this section, would not be entitled to vote on a merger, may merge the subsidiaries into one another without a vote of the members of the parent or the members of the subsidiaries by complying with this section and the applicable law of the jurisdiction under whose laws the business entity surviving the merger

- will be organized. This paragraph does not permit a cooperative to merge with a business entity organized under the laws of this state, other than an association, unless the law governing the business entity specifically authorizes merger with a cooperative.
- (b) To initiate a merger under par. (a), the board shall prepare a written plan stating all of the following:
- 1. The name of each subsidiary that is party to the merger, the name of the parent, and the name of the business entity surviving the merger.
- 2. Except as provided in subd. 3., the manner and basis of converting membership or ownership interests in the parent and each subsidiary that is party to the merger, as applicable, into membership or ownership interests in the surviving business entity, money, or other property.
- 3. If the parent is party to the merger but is not the surviving business entity and if the surviving business entity is a cooperative, a provision for the pro rata issuance of membership interests of the surviving business entity to the holders of membership interests in the parent on surrender of any certificates for shares of the parent.
- 4. If the surviving business entity is a subsidiary cooperative, a statement of any amendments to the articles of the surviving business entity that will be part of the merger.
- (c) If the parent is party to the merger but is not the surviving business entity, the plan under par. (b) shall be approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of all membership interests of the parent entitled to vote at a regular or special meeting.

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1	(2) NOTICE. No later than 10 days after the effective date of the merger, the	
2	board of the parent shall give notice of the merger, including a copy of the plan of	
3	merger, to each member of each subsidiary that is party to the merger.	
4	(3) Articles of Merger. The board of the parent shall file with the department	
5	articles of merger, signed by the chairperson or his or her designee, containing all or	
6	the following:	
7	(a) The plan of merger.	
8	(b) The number of outstanding membership interests of each class and series	
9	of each subsidiary that is party to the merger, other than the classes or series that,	
10	absent this section, would not be entitled to vote on a merger, and the number of such	
11	membership interests owned by the parent.	
12	(c) A statement that the plan of merger has been approved by the parent under	
13	this section.	
14	(5) CERTIFICATE. If the business entity surviving the merger is organized under	
15	the laws of this state, the department shall issue a certificate of organization to the	
16	business entity upon receipt of the articles of merger.	
17	(6) RIGHTS OF DISSENTING OWNERS. If, immediately prior to a merger under this	
18	section, a business entity that is party to the merger is owned, at least in part, by	
19	persons other than the parent or an affiliate of the parent, those persons have	
20	dissenters' rights under the law governing that business entity's organization.	
21	(7) Nonexclusivity. Mergers authorized under sub. (1) (a) may instead be	
22	accomplished under s. 193.801, in which case this section does not apply.	

193.807 Effective date; effect of merger or consolidation. (1) Effective

DATE. Unless a later date is provided in the plan of merger or consolidation or is

required under other applicable law, a merger or consolidation is effective when the articles of merger or consolidation are filed with the department.

- (2) EFFECT OF MERGER OR CONSOLIDATION. All of the following occur when a merger or consolidation takes effect:
- (a) All business entities that are party to the merger or consolidation become the business entity surviving the merger or consolidation, as designated in the plan, and the separate existence of every business entity that is party to the merger or consolidation, except the business entity surviving the merger or consolidation, ceases.
- (b) The title to all property owned by each business entity that is party to the merger or consolidation is vested in the surviving business entity without reversion or impairment.
- (c) If, under the laws applicable to a business entity that is a party to the merger or consolidation, one or more of the owners thereof is liable for the debts and obligations of such business entity, such owner or owners shall continue to be liable for the debts and obligations of the business entity, but only for such debts and obligations accrued during the period or periods in which such laws are applicable to such owner or owners. This paragraph does not affect liability under any taxation laws.
- (d) If, under the laws applicable to the surviving business entity, one or more of the owners thereof is liable for the debts and obligations of such business entity, the owner or owners of a business entity that is party to the merger, other than the surviving business entity, who become subject to such laws shall be liable for the debts and obligations of the surviving business entity to the extent provided in such laws, but only for such debts and obligations accrued after the merger or

- consolidation. The owner or owners of the surviving business entity prior to the merger shall continue to be liable for the debts and obligations of the surviving business entity to the extent provided in par. (c). This paragraph does not affect liability under any taxation laws.
- (e) The surviving business entity has all liabilities of each business entity that is party to the merger or consolidation.
- (f) A civil, criminal, administrative, or investigatory proceeding pending by or against any business entity that is a party to the merger or consolidation may be continued as if the merger or consolidation did not occur, or the surviving business entity may be substituted in the proceeding for the business entity whose existence ceased.
- (g) The articles or other similar governing document of the surviving business entity shall be amended to the extent provided in the plan.
- (h) The interests of each business entity that is party to the merger that are to be converted into shares, interests, obligations, or other securities of the surviving business entity or any other business entity or into cash or other property are converted, and the former holders of the interests are entitled only to the rights provided in the articles of merger or consolidation to their dissenters' rights under the laws applicable to each business entity that is party to the merger.
- 193.835 Abandonment of merger. (1) AUTHORITY AND PROCEDURE. A merger may be abandoned before it takes effect by any of the following means:
- (b) An abandonment may be approved at a meeting by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the voting power of the membership interests of each cooperative that is party to the merger who are entitled to vote on the approval of the plan of merger, except that the board of a cooperative that is party to the merger may

approve the abandonment if no members of that cooperative are entitled to vote. In addition to the other requirements of this paragraph, if a business entity other than a cooperative is party to the merger, an abandonment may only be approved by taking any actions to approve the abandonment that are required by the laws under which the business entity is organized.

- (c) An abandonment may be approved as provided in the plan of merger.
- (d) An abandonment may be approved by adoption, by the board of any cooperative that is party to the merger, of a resolution abandoning the merger, subject to the contract rights of any other person under the plan of merger. If a business entity other than a cooperative is party to the merger, an abandonment may be approved by a resolution of the governing body of the business entity adopted according to the laws under which the business entity is organized, subject to the contract rights of any other person under the plan of merger.
- (2) Articles of abandonment. The board or other governing body of any business entity that approves an abandonment under sub. (1) shall file with the department articles of abandonment that contain all of the following:
  - (a) The names of the business entities that were party to the proposed merger.
- (b) The provisions under sub. (1) under which the proposed merger is abandoned.
- (c) If the proposed merger is abandoned under sub. (1) (d), the text of the resolution approving the abandonment.

## SUBCHAPTER IX

## 23 DISSOLUTION

193.905 Voluntary dissolution; winding up. (1) NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

To initiate a voluntary dissolution the board shall file with the department a notice

of intent to dissolve. The board may not file a notice under this subsection unless the notice is approved by affirmative vote of the members.

- (1m) Collection and payment of debts. After a notice is filed under sub. (1), the board shall proceed as soon as possible to collect, or make provision for the collection of, all unpaid subscriptions for shares and all other debts owing to the cooperative and pay, or make provision for the payment of, all debts, obligations, and liabilities of the cooperative according to the priority accorded to the debts, obligation, and liabilities, by law.
- (2) Transfer of assets. After a notice is filed under sub. (1), the board may lease or dispose of all or substantially all of the property and assets of the cooperative without a vote of the members.
- (3) DISTRIBUTION TO MEMBERS AND FORMER MEMBERS. Any property of the cooperative remaining after discharge of the cooperative's debts, obligations, and liabilities may be distributed to the members and former members as provided in the bylaws.
- (4) Unclaimed assets. (a) If the articles or bylaws so provide, assets distributable in the course of the dissolution of a cooperative that remain unclaimed as provided in this paragraph may be forfeited to the cooperative in the manner set forth in s. 185.03 (10), except that the board, a committee designated by the board to liquidate the cooperative's assets, or a court, trustee, or other person authorized to liquidate the assets of the cooperative may declare the funds forfeited, give the notice, determine the purpose or purposes, and dedicate the funds as provided under s. 185.03 (10) and except that any of these persons may declare the funds forfeited no earlier than 2 years and no later than 5 years after the funds are first made available to their owners in the course of the liquidation of the cooperative.

- (b) Assets distributable in the course of the dissolution of a cooperative that are not forfeited under par. (a) shall be reported and delivered to the state treasurer as provided under ch. 177.
- (5) ARTICLES OF DISSOLUTION. After payment of all debts, obligations, and liabilities of the cooperative has been made or provided for as required under sub. (1m) and the remaining property of the cooperative has been distributed as provided under sub. (3) or otherwise disposed of under sub. (4), the board shall file with the department articles of dissolution. The articles of dissolution shall state all of the following, as applicable:
- (a) That all debts, obligations, and liabilities of the cooperative have been paid or adequate provisions have been made for their payment or time periods during which claims may be made against the cooperative have expired and no other claims are outstanding.
- (b) That the remaining assets of the cooperative have been distributed to the members, pursuant to a liquidation authorized by the members, or as provided under sub. (4).
- (c) That legal, administrative, or arbitration proceedings by or against the cooperative are not pending or adequate provision has been made for the satisfaction of a judgment, order, or decree that may be entered against the cooperative in such a pending proceeding.
- **(6)** Effective date. A cooperative is dissolved upon the filing of the articles of dissolution as required under sub. (5).
- (7) CERTIFICATE. Upon accepting articles of dissolution for filing, the department shall issue to the dissolved cooperative or its legal representative a certificate of dissolution that contains all of the following:

- 1 (a) The name of the dissolved cooperative.
  - (b) The date the articles of dissolution were filed with the department.
    - (c) A statement that the cooperative is dissolved.
  - 193.911 Revocation of dissolution proceedings. (1) AUTHORITY TO REVOKE. Dissolution proceedings under s. 193.905 may be revoked before the articles of dissolution are filed with the department as required under s. 193.905 (5).
  - (2) Revocation by Members. The chairperson may call a members' meeting to submit to the members the question of revoking dissolution proceedings under s. 193.905. The dissolution proceedings are revoked if the proposed revocation is approved at the members' meeting by a majority of the votes cast or, for a cooperative with articles or bylaws requiring more than majority approval or other conditions for approval, by a sufficient vote as required under the articles or bylaws or by satisfying the other conditions for approval.
  - (3) FILING WITH THE DEPARTMENT. The chairperson of the board or the records officer shall file with the department a notice of revocation promptly after the revocation is approved as provided under sub. (2). The revocation is effective upon filing of the notice under this subsection.

193.925 Court-supervised voluntary dissolution. After a notice of intent to dissolve is filed as required under s. 193.905 (1) and before a certificate of dissolution is issued under s. 193.905 (7), the cooperative or, for good cause shown, a member or creditor of the cooperative may petition the circuit court for the county where the registered address of the cooperative is located to have the dissolution conducted under the supervision of the court. Section 193.905 does not apply to a dissolution conducted under the supervision of the court under this section. Section 193.911 applies to a dissolution conducted under the supervision of the court under

this section. The court may grant equitable relief that it deems appropriate in a
dissolution conducted under its supervision under this section, if the supervision
resulted from an application by the cooperative.

193.931 Involuntary dissolution. (1) Causes of action. (a) A member may bring an action against a cooperative for dissolution, liquidation, and equitable relief if any of the following apply:

- 1. The directors or the persons having the authority otherwise vested in the board are deadlocked in the management of the cooperative's affairs and the members are unable to break the deadlock.
- 2. The directors or those in control of the cooperative have acted fraudulently, illegally, or in a manner unfairly prejudicial toward one or more members in their capacities as members, directors, or officers.
- 3. For a period that includes the time when 2 consecutive regular members' meetings were held, the members failed to elect successors to directors whose terms expired or would have expired upon the election and qualification of their successors.
  - 4. The cooperative's assets are being misapplied or wasted.
- 5. The cooperative's period of duration as provided in the articles has expired and has not been lawfully extended.
- (b) A creditor may bring an action against a cooperative for dissolution, liquidation, and equitable relief if any of the following apply:
- 1. The creditor has obtained a money judgment against the cooperative and an execution on that judgment has been returned unsatisfied.
- 2. The cooperative has admitted in writing that a claim of the creditor against the cooperative is due and owing and that the cooperative is unable to pay its debts in the ordinary course of business.

- (c) Except as provided in sub. (1m), the attorney general may bring an action against a cooperative for dissolution and liquidation, and for equitable relief for persons other than the attorney general, if any of the following apply:
- 1. The articles and certificate of organization of the cooperative were procured through fraud.
- 2. The cooperative was organized for a purpose prohibited by state law or not permitted by this chapter.
- 3. The cooperative has knowingly, with intentional disregard of the harm that the provision is intended to avert, violated a provision of this chapter, has violated a provision of this chapter more than once, or has violated more than one provision of this chapter.
- 4. The actions of the cooperative, or its failure to act, constitutes surrender or abandonment of the business of the cooperative.
- (1m) Notice to cooperative by attorney general. The attorney general may not commence an action under sub. (1) (c) until 30 days after giving notice to the cooperative of the reason for the action. If the reason for the action is an act that the cooperative has done or failed to do and the act or omission may be corrected by amending the articles or bylaws or by performing or abstaining from the act, the attorney general shall give the cooperative 30 additional days to make the correction before filing the action. If the cooperative makes the correction before the expiration of the 30 additional days, the attorney general may not bring an action under sub. (1) (c) based upon that act or omission.
- (2) FINANCIAL CONDITION OF COOPERATIVE. In determining whether to order a remedy in an action under sub. (1), the court shall consider the financial condition

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1	of the cooperative. The court may not refuse to order a remedy solely on the ground	
2	that the cooperative has accumulated operating profits or current operating profits.	
3	(3) ALTERNATIVE REMEDIES. In deciding whether to order dissolution in an action	
4	under sub. (1), the court shall consider whether other relief suggested by one or more	
5	parties would permanently remedy the cause of the action and, if so, may order such	
6	other relief.	
7	(4) Expenses. If the court finds that a party to an action under sub. (1) has acted	
8	arbitrarily, vexatiously, or in bad faith, the court may award reasonable expenses,	
9	including attorney fees and disbursements, to any of the other parties.	
10	(5) VENUE. An action under sub. (1) shall be brought in the circuit court for the	
11	county where the registered address of the cooperative is located.	
12	(6) Parties. It is not necessary to make members parties to an action under sub.	
13	(1).	
14	193.935 Procedure in involuntary or court-supervised voluntary	
15	dissolution. (1) ACTION BEFORE HEARING. In a dissolution conducted under the	
16	supervision of a court under s. 193.925 or in any action under s. 193.931 (1) the court	
17	may take any of the following actions before an initial hearing is completed:	
18	(a) Issue injunctions.	
19	(b) Appoint receivers temporarily, until the conclusion of a hearing under sub.	
20	(2), with all powers and duties that the court directs.	
21	(c) Take actions required to preserve the cooperative's assets wherever located.	
22	(d) Carry on the business of the cooperative.	
23	(2) APPOINTMENT OF RECEIVER. In a dissolution conducted under the supervision	

of a court under s. 193.925 or in any action under s. 193.931(1) the court may appoint

a receiver after a hearing is completed, following notice to the parties as directed by

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- the court. The receiver shall collect the cooperative's assets and amounts owing to the cooperative by subscribers on account of an unpaid portion of the consideration for the issuance of shares. Subject to the order of the court, the receiver may continue the business of the cooperative and lease or dispose of the property and assets of the cooperative at public or private sale.
- (3) DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS. In a dissolution conducted under the supervision of a court under s. 193.925 or in any action under s. 193.931 (1), the court shall apply the assets of the cooperative and the proceeds resulting from the lease or disposition of the cooperative's property by following all of the following steps, in alphanumerical order:
- (a) Applying the assets and proceeds to cover attorney fees and disbursements made in connection with the proceedings and the other costs and expenses of the proceedings.
- (b) Applying the assets and proceeds to cover debts, taxes, and assessments owing to the United States, this state, and other states, in that order.
- (c) Applying the assets and proceeds to cover worker's compensation claims for which the cooperative is liable under ch. 102, except that this paragraph does not apply to a claim if, at the time of injury, as defined in s. 102.01 (2) (g), the cooperative had in force a policy of worker's compensation insurance as required under s. 102.28 (2) (a).
- (d) Applying the assets and proceeds to cover claims of employees for services performed within 3 months preceding the appointment of the receiver, if any.
  - (e) Applying the assets and proceeds to cover other claims proved and allowed.
- (f) Distributing the assets and proceeds to the members or pursuant to a liquidation plan approved by the members.

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193.941 Receiver qualifications and powers. (1) QUALIFICATIONS. A
receiver appointed under s. 193.935 (1) or (2) shall be an individual, a domestic
business entity, or a foreign business entity authorized to transact business in this
state and shall give a bond as directed by the court with the sureties required by the
court.

(2) Powers. A receiver may bring and defend suits.

193.951 Filing claims in involuntary or court-supervised voluntary dissolution proceedings. (1) FILING UNDER OATH. In a dissolution conducted under the supervision of a court under s. 193.925 or in any action under s. 193.931 (1), the court may require all creditors and claimants of the cooperative to file their claims, under oath and in a form prescribed by the court, with the court or with a receiver appointed under s. 193.935 (1) or (2).

- (2) DATE TO FILE A CLAIM; NOTICE. If the court requires the filing of claims in a dissolution conducted under the supervision of a court under s. 193.925 or in any action under s. 193.931 (1), the court shall do all of the following:
- (a) Set a date at least 120 days after the date the order is filed, as the last day for the filing of claims.
- (b) Prescribe a notice of the fixed date that shall be given to creditors and claimants.
- (3) CLAIMS BARRED; EXTENSION OF TIME FOR FILING. The court may prohibit any person who fails to file a claim before the date established under sub. (2) (a) from claiming an interest in or receiving payment out of the property and assets of the cooperative. At any time before the date established under sub. (2) (a), the court may extend the time for filing claims beyond the date established under sub. (2) (a).

193.955 Discontinuance of court-supervised dissolution proceedings.
A dissolution conducted under the supervision of a court under s. 193.925 or any
action under s. 193.931 (1) may be discontinued at any time during the dissolution
proceedings if it is established that cause for dissolution does not exist. The court
shall dismiss the proceedings and direct the receiver appointed under s. 193.935 (1)
or (2), if any, to deliver to the cooperative its remaining property and assets.

193.961 Order of dissolution. (1) Issuance; Effective Date. After distribution of a cooperative's assets and proceeds under s. 193.935 (3), the court shall issue an order dissolving the cooperative. The dissolution is effective upon issuance of the order.

(2) FILING. After the court issues an order under sub. (1), the court shall file a certified copy of the order with the department. The department may not charge a fee for filing the order.

193.971 Barring of claims. (1) CLAIMS BARRED. Except as provided in s. 193.951 (3), a creditor or claimant who does not file a claim or bring an action during the pendency of the dissolution proceedings or has not brought an action before the commencement of the dissolution proceedings, and all those claiming through or under the creditor or claimant, are forever barred from bringing an action to collect on that claim or otherwise enforcing it, except as provided in this section.

(2) CERTAIN CLAIMS ALLOWED FOR GOOD CAUSE. Except as provided in s. 193.951 (3), within one year after the date on which the articles of dissolution are filed under s. 193.905 (5) or an order of dissolution is issued under s. 193.961, a creditor or claimant who shows good cause for not having previously filed the claim may apply to the circuit court to allow a claim against the cooperative's undistributed assets or, if the undistributed assets are not sufficient to satisfy the claim, against a person to

the extent of the distributions received by that person in the dissolution by virtue of that person's status as a member.

(3) CERTAIN OMITTED CLAIMS ALLOWED. A person to whom is owed a debt, obligation, or liability incurred during an action under s. 193.931 (1), but who is not paid before the distribution of assets and proceeds under s. 193.935 (3) (f), may bring an action to recover on the claim against the officers, directors, or members of the cooperative before the expiration of the applicable statute of limitations.

**SECTION 79.** 196.01 (10) of the statutes is amended to read:

196.01 (10) "Telecommunications utility" means any person, corporation, company, cooperative, <u>unincorporated cooperative association</u>, partnership, association and lessees, trustees or receivers appointed by any court that owns, operates, manages or controls any plant or equipment used to furnish telecommunications services within the state directly or indirectly to the public. "Telecommunications utility" does not include a telecommunications carrier.

**Section 80.** 196.02 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

196.02 (2) Definition; Classification. In this subsection, "public utility" does not include a telecommunications cooperative, an unincorporated telecommunications cooperative association, or a small telecommunications utility except as provided under s. 196.205 or 196.215 (2) and does not include an alternative telecommunications utility. The commission shall provide for a comprehensive classification of service for each public utility. The classification may take into account the quantity used, the time when used, the purpose for which used, and any other reasonable consideration. Each public utility shall conform its schedules of rates, tolls and charges to such classification.

**SECTION 81.** 196.09 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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196.09 (1) In this section, "public utility" does not include a telecommunications cooperative or an unincorporated telecommunications cooperative association except as provided under s. 196.205. In subs. (2) to (7), "public utility" does not include a telecommunications utility. Subsection (9) only applies to a telecommunications utility. Every public utility shall file with the commission, within such time as may be required by the commission, its estimate of the annual rate of depreciation required for each of its classes of fixed capital used for public utility purposes, and of the composite annual rate of depreciation required for such fixed capital as an aggregate, which shall constitute the public utility's estimates of the amount which should be returned to it out of its rates for service, to meet the depreciation of its property.

**Section 82.** 196.11 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

196.11 (2) Any arrangement under this section shall be under the supervision and regulation of the commission. The commission may order any rate, charge or regulation which the commission deems necessary to give effect to the arrangement. The commission may make any change in a rate, charge or regulation as the commission determines is necessary and reasonable and may revoke its approval and amend or rescind all orders relative to any arrangement. This subsection does not apply to telecommunications cooperatives, unincorporated telecommunications cooperative associations, or telecommunications utilities.

**SECTION 83.** 196.20 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

196.20 (3) Except as provided in subs. (1m) and (5) (a), this section does not apply to telecommunications cooperatives, unincorporated telecommunications cooperative associations, or small telecommunications utilities unless made subject to this section under s. 196.205 or 196.215 (2).

1	<b>SECTION 84.</b> 196.205 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:	
2	196.205 (1m) A telecommunications cooperative or an unincorporated	
3	telecommunications cooperative association may elect to be subject to ss. 196.28 and	
4	196.37 as they apply to any rate, toll or charge and to ss. 196.02 (2), 196.09 (1), 196.1	
5	(2), 196.20 and 196.26 in any of the following ways:	
6	(a) By amendment of the articles of incorporation of the cooperative under	
7	185.51 or the articles of organization of the association under s. 193.221.	
8	(c) By a majority of the voting members of the board of directors of the	
9	cooperative <u>or association</u> .	
10	<b>Section 85.</b> 196.205 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:	
11	196.205 (2) Notwithstanding sub. (1m), a telecommunications cooperative or	
12	an unincorporated telecommunications cooperative association shall be subject to s.	
13	196.26 if it is a party in a proceeding on a complaint specified in s. $196.26(1)(b)$ or	
14		
15	<b>SECTION 86.</b> 196.26 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:	
16	196.26 (4) (a) This section does not apply to any rate, toll, charge or schedule	
17	of any telecommunications cooperative or unincorporated telecommunications	
18	cooperative association, except as provided under s. 196.205 or unless at least 5% of	
19	the customers of the telecommunications cooperative or association file a complaint	
20	with the commission that the rate, toll, charge or schedule is in any respect	
21	unreasonable, insufficient or unjustly discriminatory.	
22	<b>Section 87.</b> 196.28 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:	
23	196.28 (4) This section does not apply to rates, tolls or charges of a	
24	telecommunications cooperative, an unincorporated telecommunications	

cooperative association, or a small telecommunications utility except as provided in s. 196.205 or 196.215 (2).

**SECTION 88.** 196.37 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

196.37 (4) This section does not apply to rates, tolls or charges of a telecommunications cooperative, an unincorporated telecommunications cooperative association, or a small telecommunications utility except as provided in s. 196.205 or 196.215 (2).

**Section 89.** 196.50 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

196.50 (2) (b) A certificate, franchise, license or permit, indeterminate or otherwise, in effect on September 1, 1994, for a telecommunications utility shall remain in effect and shall have the effect of a certificate of authority. A telecommunications utility is not required to apply for a new certificate of authority to continue offering or providing service to the extent of the prior authorization. Each telecommunications utility, including telecommunications cooperatives and unincorporated telecommunications cooperative associations, shall have on file with the commission under s. 196.19 a tariff that sets forth the rates, terms and conditions for all services provided and a map that defines the geographical limits of the service territory that the telecommunications utility is obliged to serve.

**Section 90.** 196.605 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

196.605 (1) A public utility which is a cooperative association incorporated under ch. 185 or 193 to furnish telecommunications service in rural areas on a nonprofit basis with a telecommunications utility financed in part through a loan from the United States under the rural electrification act of 1936, 7 USC 901 to 950aaa-5, as amended, may require each of its local service telecommunications patrons to deposit with the association the amount of the membership fee or other

form of capital representing the proportional share of the total equity capital of the association required as a condition of federal financing. The membership fee or other form of equity capital attributable to each local service patron may be collected by the association in installments in connection with billings for service. The required deposits of equity capital shall be segregated in the billing from service charges and shall be credited when received on the membership or equity capital account of the patron.

**Section 91.** 196.807 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

196.807 (1) (a) "Affiliate or utility" means a nonutility affiliate, holding company system, public utility or cooperative association organized under ch. 185 or 193.

**SECTION 92.** 199.03 (12) of the statutes is amended to read:

199.03 (12) "Public utility" means any person, except a town, village, city or sanitary district, who owns, operates, manages or controls any plant or equipment or any part of a plant or equipment, within the state for the production, transmission, delivery or furnishing of heat, light, water, telecommunications service or power either directly or indirectly to or for the public. "Public utility" includes any person engaged in the transmission or delivery of natural gas for compensation within this state by means of pipes or mains. "Public utility" does not include a cooperative association organized under ch. 185 for the purpose of generating, distributing, or furnishing electric energy to its members only, or a cooperative organized under ch. 185 or 193 for the purpose of generating, distributing or furnishing telecommunications service or electric energy to its members only.

**SECTION 93.** 201.01 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

201.01 (3) (d) Any securities issued by a corporation organized under ch. 185
or 193 for the purpose of furnishing telecommunications service in rural areas.
<b>SECTION 94.</b> 223.105 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

223.105 (1) (b) "Organization" means any corporation, unincorporated cooperative association, limited liability company, association, partnership or business trust, other than a national bank, state or federal savings and loan association, state or federal savings bank or federal credit union or other than a corporation, limited liability company, association or partnership, all of whose shareholders or members are licensed under SCR 40.02.

**Section 95.** 231.35 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

231.35 (2) (b) A cooperative organized under ch. 185 or 193 that consists of one or more rural hospitals, each with no more than 100 beds.

**Section 96.** 234.59 (1) (d) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

234.59 (1) (d) 3. A dwelling unit in a condominium or, a cooperative, or an unincorporated cooperative association, together with an interest in common areas, if the unit is or will be the principal residence of an applicant.

**Section 97.** 234.622 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

234.622 (7) "Qualifying dwelling unit" means a dwelling unit, not including a mobile home as defined in s. 66.0435, located in this state, habitable as a permanent residence and to which property taxes or special assessments are, or may conveniently be, allocated and up to one acre of land appertaining to it held in the same ownership as the dwelling unit. For purposes of ss. 234.621 to 234.626, "qualifying dwelling unit" includes a unit in a condominium or in a cooperative or an unincorporated cooperative association or in a multi-unit dwelling with 4 or fewer units, but in all of these 3 cases only the portion of taxes or special assessments

1	allocable to the unit lived in by the participant may qualify for loans under ss.			
2	234.621 to 234.626.			
3	SECTION 98. 421.301 (28) of the statutes is amended to read:			
4	421.301 (28) "Organization" means a corporation, government of			
5	governmental subdivision or agency, trust, estate, limited liability company			
6	partnership, cooperative or association other than a cooperative organized under cl			
7	185 or 193 which has gross annual revenues not exceeding \$5 million.			
8	SECTION 99. 445.01 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:			
9	445.01 (8) "Person" includes firm, corporation, partnership, cooperative,			
10	unincorporated cooperative association, and association of individuals.			
11	SECTION 100. 445.12 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:			
12	445.12 (3) (a) The solicitation of memberships or the sale of stock or			
13	memberships in any association organized under ch. 185 or 193 by any person who			
14	is not a licensed funeral director.			
15	SECTION 101. 551.22 (12) of the statutes is amended to read:			
16	551.22 (12) Any securities of a cooperative corporation organized under ch. 185			
17	<u>or 193</u> .			
18	<b>Section 102.</b> 560.16 (1) (c) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:			
19	560.16 (1) (c) (intro.) "Employee-owned business" means a business located in			
20	this state which is organized in a manner determined by the secretary to involve			
21	substantial employee participation or a cooperative organized under ch. 185 or 193			
22	or a corporation in which the employees own the stock of the corporation through an			
23	employee stock ownership plan as defined under 26 USC 4975 (e) (7) and in which:			
24	SECTION 103. 560.17 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:			
25	560.17 (1) (b) "Business" includes cooperatives organized under ch. 185 or 193.			

1	<b>SECTION 104.</b> 560.9801 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	560.9801 (1) (b) A nonprofit cooperative organized under ch. 185 or 193.
3	<b>Section 105.</b> 560.9801 (3) (a) 7. of the statutes is amended to read:
4	560.9801 (3) (a) 7. If the housing is owned and occupied by members of a
5	cooperative or an unincorporated cooperative association, fees paid to a person for
6	managing the housing.
7	Section 106. 560.9804 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	560.9804 (2) (e) A cooperative organized under ch. 185 or 193, if the articles or
9	incorporation, articles of organization, or bylaws of the cooperative limit the rate of
10	dividend that may be paid on all classes of stock.
11	SECTION 107. 600.03 (37m) of the statutes, as affected by 2005 Wisconsin Act
12	(Senate Bill 617), is amended to read:
13	600.03 (37m) "Preferred provider plan" means a health care plan, as defined
14	in s. 628.36 (2) (a) 1., that is offered by an organization established under ch. 185 or
15	193, 611, 613, or 614 or issued a certificate of authority under ch. 618 and that makes
16	available to its enrollees, without referral and for consideration other than
17	predetermined periodic fixed payments, coverage of either comprehensive health
18	care services or a limited range of health care services, regardless of whether the
19	health care services are performed by participating, as defined in s. 609.01 (3m), or
20	nonparticipating providers, as defined in s. 609.01 (5m).
21	<b>SECTION 108.</b> 609.01 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	609.01 (2) "Health maintenance organization" means a health care plan
23	offered by an organization established under ch. 185 or 193, 611, 613 or 614 or issued
24	a certificate of authority under ch. 618 that makes available to its enrollees, in

consideration for predetermined periodic fixed payments, comprehen	nsive	health
care services performed by providers participating in the plan.		

**SECTION 109.** 616.09 (1) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

616.09 (1) (c) 1. Plans authorized under s. 616.06 are subject to ch. 185 or 193, as applicable, except that ss. 185.03 (5) and (6), 185.05 (1) (c), 185.55, 185.61, 185.62, 185.63, 185.64, 185.71 to 185.76 and, 185.81, 193.151, 193.215 (2) (a) 2., 193.225, 193.301 (9), 193.801, 193.805, 193.905 to 193.971, and those provisions applicable to cooperatives or unincorporated cooperative associations with stock do not apply.

**SECTION 110.** 706.05 (2m) (b) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 2005 Wisconsin Act 179, is amended to read:

706.05 (2m) (b) 2. Descriptions of property that is subject to liens granted on property thereafter acquired by a rural electric cooperative <u>organized under ch. 185,</u> or <u>by</u> a telephone cooperative, organized under ch. 185 or 193, by a pipeline company under s. 76.02 (5), by a public utility under s. 196.01 (5) or, by a railroad under s. 195.02 (1), or <u>by</u> a water carrier under s. 195.02 (5).

**Section 111.** 815.18 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

815.18 (2) (c) "Debtor" means an individual. "Debtor" does not include an association, <u>a</u> corporation, <u>a</u> partnership, <u>a</u> cooperative, <u>an unincorporated cooperative association</u>, or a political body.

**SECTION 112.** 893.28 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

893.28 (2) Continuous use of rights in real estate of another for at least 10 years by a domestic corporation organized to furnish telegraph or telecommunications service or transmit heat, power or electric current to the public or for public purposes, or by a cooperative association organized under ch. 185 or 193 to furnish telegraph or telecommunications service, or by a cooperative organized under ch. 185 to

transmit heat, power or electric current to its members, establishes the prescriptive
right to continue the use, except as provided by s. 893.29. A person who has
established a prescriptive right under this subsection may commence an action to
establish prescriptive rights under ch. 843.

**SECTION 113.** 946.69 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

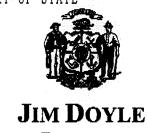
946.69 (1) (c) A cooperative association organized under ch. 185 or 193 to furnish or provide telecommunications service, or a cooperative organized under ch. 185 to furnish or provide gas, electricity, power or water.

**Section 114.** 990.01 (14) of the statutes is amended to read:

990.01 (14) Homestead exemption. "Exempt homestead" means the dwelling, including a building, condominium, mobile home, house trailer or cooperative or an unincorporated cooperative association, and so much of the land surrounding it as is reasonably necessary for its use as a home, but not less than 0.25 acre, if available, and not exceeding 40 acres, within the limitation as to value under s. 815.20, except as to liens attaching or rights of devisees or heirs of persons dying before the effective date of any increase of that limitation as to value.

#### Section 115. Effective date.

(1) This act takes effect on September 1, 2005, or on the day after publication, whichever is later.



## GOVERNOR STATE OF WISCONSIN

May 25, 2006

May. 25. 2006

Ms. Marjorie Ehle Office of the Secretary of State 30 West Mifflin Street, 10th Floor Madison, WI 53703

Re: Assembly 1186

Dear Ms. Ehle:

On May 23, 2006, the Governor approved AB 1186 as 2005 Wisconsin Act 441. As previously discussed, please assign <u>Thursday</u>, <u>May 25, 2006</u>, as the publication date for this act.

Thank you again for your attention to this matter. Should you have any questions, please contact me directly at 266-7887.

Sincerely,

Nate Zolik

Assistant Legal Counsel

# State of Misconsin



Republished

**2005** Assembly Bill **1186** 

Date of enactment: May 23, 2006
Date of publication\*: June 5, 2006
Republication\*: May 25, 2006

# 2005 WISCONSIN ACT 441

AN ACT to amend 11.29 (1), 11.29 (4), 11.38 (1) (a) 1., 11.38 (2) (b), 11.38 (8) (a), 11.38 (8) (b), 13.94 (4) (a) 1., 15.155 (4) (b), 25.17 (3) (dg) 1., 28.02 (4) (b) 5., 30.40 (9), 32.22 (12) (a) (intro.), 36.56 (1), 46.037 (1), 49.45 (21) (d), 49.455 (4) (d) 1., 49.455 (4) (d) 2., 50.90 (2), 59.43 (2) (ag) 1., 62.237 (1) (b), 66.0425 (6), 66.0807 (1), 66.0825 (3) (f), 71.63 (6) (b) 4., 77.51 (10), 77.53 (17r) (f), 91.19 (6), 93.01 (2), 93.06 (4), 93.06 (5), 93.06 (6) (a) to (c), 94.67 (5) (a) (intro.), 96.01 (8), 96.08 (3) (b), 97.32 (1), 97.32 (3), 99.02 (2) (d), 100.201 (1) (b) 2., 100.201 (1) (f) 2., 103.46 (2), 108.02 (2) (dm), 111.01 (2), 126.01 (18), 126.11 (3) (b), 126.26 (2) (b), 126.41 (2) (b), 126.56 (3) (b), 126.56 (9) (h), 126.57 (1) (b) 2., 126.58 (1) (c) 2., 126.59 (1) (c), 126.61 (1) (c) 2., 133.07 (1), 133.09, 134.04 (1), 136.01 (1), 177.015, 178.42 (3) (a), 178.42 (3) (b), 180.0103 (8), 180.0401 (2) (a) 7., 180.0401 (3) (a), 180.1506 (2) (a) 7., 180.1506 (3) (a), 181.0401 (2) (a) 3., 181.0401 (2) (a) 7., 181.0401 (3) (a), 181.1150, 181.1506 (2) (a) 3., 181.1506 (2) (a) 7., 181.1506 (3) (a), 182.01 (3) (intro.), 182.017 (1), 182.025 (1), 183.0103 (2) (a), 183.0103 (2) (b), 183.0103 (2) (c), 183.0103 (4) (a), 196.01 (10), 196.02 (2), 196.09 (1), 196.11 (2), 196.20 (3), 196.205 (1m), 196.205 (2), 196.26 (4) (a), 196.28 (4), 196.37 (4), 196.50 (2) (b), 196.605 (1), 196.807 (1) (a), 199.03 (12), 201.01 (3) (d), 223.105 (1) (b), 231.35 (2) (b), 234.59 (1) (d) 3., 234.622 (7), 421.301 (28), 445.01 (8), 445.12 (3) (a), 551.22 (12), 560.16 (1) (c) (intro.), 560.17 (1) (b), 560.9801 (1) (b), 560.9801 (3) (a) 7., 560.9804 (2) (e), 600.03 (37m), 609.01 (2), 616.09 (1) (c) 1., 706.05 (2m) (b) 2., 815.18 (2) (c), 893.28 (2), 946.69 (1) (c) and 990.01 (14); and to create chapter 193 of the statutes; relating to: unincorporated cooperative associations, granting rule-making authority, and providing a penalty.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 11.29 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.29 (1) Nothing in this chapter restricts any corporation, cooperative unincorporated cooperative association, or voluntary association other than a political party or personal campaign committee from making disbursements for the purpose of communicating only with its members, shareholders or subscribers to the exclusion of all other persons, with respect to endorsements of candi-

dates, positions on a referendum or explanation of its views or interests, without reporting such activity. No such corporation, cooperative, or voluntary association may solicit contributions from persons who are not members, shareholders or subscribers to be used for such purposes.

**SECTION 2.** 11.29 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

11.29 (4) For purposes of this section, the members of a local or regional cooperative or unincorporated cooperative association are deemed to be members of a

<sup>\*</sup> Section 991.11, WISCONSIN STATUTES 2003-04: Effective date of acts. "Every act and every portion of an act enacted by the legislature over the governor's partial veto which does not expressly prescribe the time when it takes effect shall take effect on the day after its date of publication as designated" by the secretary of state [the date of publication may not be more than 10 working days after the date of enactment].