Fiscal Estimate - 2005 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Correcte	d	Supplemental		
LRB Number 05-2860/2	Introduction	Number S	B-328		
Subject					
Interest rates for consumer loans					
Fiscal Effect					
Appropriations Rev	ease Existing enues rease Existing enues	Increase Costs to absorb within Yes Decrease Cost	s - May be possible n agency's budget \textsquare No		
Permissive Mandatory Pern	ease Revenue nissive Mandatory rease Revenue	Types of Local Government Un Towns Counties School Districts	its Affected Village Cities Others WTCS Districts		
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS 20.144(1)(g)					
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature		Date		
DFI/ Susan Dietzel (608) 267-0399	Susan Dietzel (608) 267-0399 9/23/200				

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DFI 9/26/2005

LRB Number 05-2860/2	Introduction Number	SB-328	Estimate Type	Original
Subject				
Interest rates for consumer loans				

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

Currently, a lender who charges a finance charge at a rate greater than 18% must be licensed by the Department of Financial Institutions. This bill caps finance rates charged for consumer credit loans at the greater of 18% per year or a rate of 6% in excess of the rate of a six-month Treasury bill, beginning with the effective date of the bill.

Nearly all of the loans made by approximately half of the 883 currently licensed lenders are at rates in excess of the cap amounts in the bill. Therefore, those lenders would no longer be licensed by the Department. Assuming 442 lenders would no longer be licensed with an annual renewal rate of \$500, the Department would experience a revenue reduction of \$221,000 each year. Additionally, the Department estimates revenue reduction of approximately \$32,000 associated with fees from potential new licensees would would not become licensed, for a total of \$253,000.

The bill recognizes that businesses would continue to operate in the state as they may associate with an out-of-state financial institution with pre-emption privileges. Others may operate illegally as unlicensed entities. The bill provides for certain administrative activities for the Department. Consequently, costs associated with these licensees would not measurably be affected as the Department would need to maintain a level of complaint resolution and enforcement associated with this activity.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications