- 422.518 Communication by electronic or other means. (1) In this section:
- (a) "Federal act" means the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 USC 7001 to 7031.
- (b) "Consumer" means an individual who seeks or obtains goods or services that are used primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.
- (2) A provider may satisfy the requirements of s. 422.517, 422.519, or 422.527 by means of the Internet or other electronic means if the provider obtains a consumer's consent in the manner provided by 15 USC 7001 (c) (1).
- (3) The disclosures and materials required by ss. 422.517, 422.519, and 422.527 shall be presented in a form that is capable of being accurately reproduced for later reference.
- (4) With respect to disclosure by means of an Internet Web site, the disclosure of the information required by s. 422.517 (4) must appear on one or more screens that contain no other information and that the individual must see before proceeding to assent to formation of a plan.
- (5) At the time of providing the materials and agreement required by ss. 422.517 (3) and (4), 422.519, and 422.527, a provider shall inform the individual that upon electronic, telephonic, or written request, it will send the individual a written copy of the materials, and shall comply with a request as provided in sub. (6).
- (6) If a provider is requested, before the expiration of 90 days after a plan is completed or terminated, to send a written copy of the materials required by s. 422.517 (3) and (4), 422.519, and 422.527, the provider shall send them at no charge within 3 business days after the request, but the provider need not comply with a request more than once per calendar month or if it reasonably believes the request

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- is made for purposes of harassment. If a request is made more than 90 days after
 a plan is completed or terminated, the provider shall send within a reasonable time
 a written copy of the materials requested.

 (7) A provider that maintains an Internet Web site shall disclose all of the
 - (7) A provider that maintains an Internet Web site shall disclose all of the following on the home page of its Web site or on a page that is clearly and conspicuously connected to the home page by a link that clearly reveals its contents:
 - (a) Its name and all names under which it does business.
 - (b) Its principal business address, telephone number, and electronic-mail address, if any.
 - (c) The names of its principal officers.
 - (8) Subject to sub. (9), if a consumer who has consented to electronic communication in the manner provided by 15 USC 7001 withdraws consent as provided in the federal act, a provider may terminate its agreement with the consumer.
 - (9) If a provider wishes to terminate an agreement with a consumer pursuant to sub. (8), it shall notify the consumer that it will terminate the agreement unless the consumer, within 30 days after receiving the notification, consents to electronic communication in the manner provided in 15 USC 7001 (c). If the consumer consents, the provider may terminate the agreement only as permitted by s. 422.519 (1) (f) 7.
 - **422.519 Form and contents of agreement.** (1) An agreement must satisfy all of the following:
 - (a) Be in a record.
 - (b) Be dated and signed by the provider and the individual.

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(c) Include the name of the individual and the address where the individual 1 2 resides. 3 (d) Include the name, business address, and telephone number of the provider. 4 (e) Be delivered to the individual immediately upon formation of the agreement. 5 6 (f) Disclose all of the following: 7 1. The services to be provided. 8 2. The amount, or method of determining the amount, of all fees, individually 9 itemized, to be paid by the individual. 10 3. The schedule of payments to be made by or on behalf of the individual. 11 including the amount of each payment, the date on which each payment is due, and 12 an estimate of the date of the final payment. 13 4. If a plan provides for regular periodic payments to creditors, all of the following: 14 15 a. Each creditor of the individual to which payment will be made, the amount 16 owed to each creditor, and any concessions the provider reasonably believes each 17 creditor will offer. 18 b. The schedule of expected payments to each creditor, including the amount 19 of each payment and the date on which it will be made. 20 5. Each creditor that the provider believes will not participate in the plan and 21 to which the provider will not direct payment. 22 6. How the provider will comply with its obligations under s. 422.527 (1). 23

7. That the provider may terminate the agreement for good cause, upon return

8. That the individual may cancel the agreement as provided in s. 422.520.

of unexpended money of the individual.

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relating to the trust account.

1	9. That the individual may contact the administrator with any questions or
2	complaints regarding the provider.
3	10. The address, telephone number, and Internet address or Web site of the
4	administrator.
5	(2) For purposes of sub. (1) (e), delivery of an electronic record occurs when it
6	is made available in a format in which the individual may retrieve, save, and print
7	it and the individual is notified that it is available.
8	(3) If the administrator supplies the provider with any information required
9	under sub. (1) (f) 10., the provider may comply with that requirement only by
10	disclosing the information supplied by the administrator.
11	(4) An agreement must provide all of the following:
12	(a) That the individual has a right to terminate the agreement at any time
13	without penalty or obligation, by giving the provider written or electronic notice, in
14	which event all of the following apply:
15	1. The provider will refund all unexpended money that the provider or its agent
16	has received from or on behalf of the individual for the reduction or satisfaction of
17	the individual's debt.
18	2. With respect to an agreement that contemplates that creditors will settle
19	debts for less than the principal amount of debt, the provider will refund 65 percent
20	of any portion of the set-up fee that has not been credited against the settlement fee.
21	3. All powers of attorney granted by the individual to the provider are revoked
22	and ineffective.
23	(b) That the individual authorizes any bank in which the provider or its agent
24	has established a trust account to disclose to the administrator any financial records

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- (c) That the provider will notify the individual within 5 days after learning of a creditor's decision to reject or withdraw from a plan and that this notice will include all of the following:
 - 1. The identity of the creditor.
 - 2. The right of the individual to modify or terminate the agreement.
- (5) An agreement may confer on a provider a power of attorney to settle the individual's debt for no more than 50 percent of the principal amount of the debt. An agreement may not confer a power of attorney to settle a debt for more than 50 percent of that amount, but may confer a power of attorney to negotiate with creditors of the individual on behalf of the individual. An agreement must provide that the provider will obtain the assent of the individual after a creditor has assented to a settlement for more than 50 percent of the principal amount of the debt.
 - (6) An agreement may not do any of the following:
- (a) Provide for application of the law of any jurisdiction other than the United States and this state.
- (b) Except as permitted by 9 USC 2 or ch. 788, contain a provision that modifies or limits otherwise available forums or procedural rights, including the right to trial by jury, that are generally available to the individual under law other than this subchapter.
- (c) Contain a provision that restricts the individual's remedies under this subchapter or law other than this subchapter.
 - (d) Contain a provision that does any of the following:
- 1. Limits or releases the liability of any person for not performing the agreement or for violating this subchapter.

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2. Indemnifies any person for liability arising under the agreement or this

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2	subchapter.
3	(7) All rights and obligations specified in sub. (4) and s. 422.520 exist even if
4	not provided in the agreement. A provision in an agreement which violates sub. (4),
5	(5), or (6) is void.
6	422.520 Cancellation of agreement; waiver. (1) An individual may cancel
7	an agreement before midnight of the 3rd business day after the individual assents
8	to it, unless the agreement does not comply with sub. (2) or s. 422.519 or 422.528, in
9	which event the individual may cancel the agreement within 30 days after the
10	individual assents to it. To exercise the right to cancel, the individual must give
11	notice in a record to the provider. Notice by mail is given when mailed.
12	(2) An agreement must be accompanied by a form that contains all of the
13	following in bold-face type, surrounded by bold black lines:
14	Notice of Right to Cancel
15	You may cancel this agreement, without any penalty or obligation, at any time
16	before midnight of the 3rd business day that begins the day after you agree to it by
17	electronic communication or by signing it.
18	To cancel this agreement during this period, send an e-mail to:
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20	$E ext{-}mail\ address\ of\ provider$
21	or mail or deliver a signed, dated copy of this notice, or any other written notice to:
22	at
23	$Name\ of\ provider$ $Address\ of\ provider$
24	before midnight on:
25	Date

1	If you cancel this agreement within the 3-day period, we will refund all money
2	you already have paid us.
3	You also may terminate this agreement at any later time, but we are not
4	required to refund fees you have paid us.
5	I cancel this agreement,
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7	Print your name
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9	Signature
10	••••••
11	Date
12	(3) If a personal financial emergency necessitates the disbursement of an
13	individual's money to one or more of the individual's creditors before the expiration
14	of 3 days after an agreement is signed, an individual may waive the right to cancel.
15	To waive the right, the individual must send or deliver a signed, dated statement in
16	the individual's own words describing the circumstances that necessitate a waiver.
17	The waiver must explicitly waive the right to cancel. A waiver by means of a
18	standard-form record is void.
19	422.521 Required language. Unless the administrator, by rule, provides
20	otherwise, the disclosures and documents required by this subchapter must be in
21	English. If a provider communicates with an individual primarily in a language
22	other than English, the provider must furnish a translation into the other language
23	of the disclosures and documents required by this subchapter.
24	422.522 Trust account. (1) All money paid to a provider by or on behalf of
25	an individual pursuant to a plan for distribution to creditors is held in trust. Within

- 2 business days after receipt, the provider shall deposit the money in a trust account established for the benefit of individuals to whom the provider is furnishing debt-management services.
- (2) Money held in trust by a provider is not property of the provider or its designee. The money is not available to creditors of the provider or designee, except an individual from whom or on whose behalf the provider received money, to the extent that the money has not been disbursed to creditors of the individual.
 - (3) A provider shall do all of the following:
- (a) Maintain separate records of account for each individual to whom the provider is furnishing debt-management services.
- (b) Disburse money paid by or on behalf of the individual to creditors of the individual as disclosed in the agreement, except that all of the following apply:
- 1. The provider may delay payment to the extent that a payment by the individual is not final.
- 2. If a plan provides for regular periodic payments to creditors, the disbursement must comply with the due dates established by each creditor.
- (c) Promptly correct any payments that are not made or that are misdirected as a result of an error by the provider or other person in control of the trust account and reimburse the individual for any costs or fees imposed by a creditor as a result of the failure to pay or misdirection.
- (4) A provider may not commingle money in a trust account established for the benefit of individuals to whom the provider is furnishing debt-management services with money of other persons.
- (5) A trust account must at all times have a cash balance equal to the sum of the balances of each individual's account.

- (6) If a provider has established a trust account pursuant to sub. (1), the provider shall reconcile the trust account at least once a month. The reconciliation must compare the cash balance in the trust account with the sum of the balances in each individual's account. If the provider or its designee has more than one trust account, each trust account must be individually reconciled.
- (7) If a provider discovers, or has a reasonable suspicion of, embezzlement or other unlawful appropriation of money held in trust, the provider immediately shall notify the administrator by a method approved by the administrator. Unless the administrator by rule provides otherwise, within 5 days thereafter, the provider shall give notice to the administrator describing the remedial action taken or to be taken.
- (8) If an individual terminates an agreement or it becomes reasonably apparent to a provider that a plan has failed, the provider shall promptly refund to the individual all money paid by or on behalf of the individual which has not been paid to creditors, less fees that are payable to the provider under s. 422.523.
- (9) Before relocating a trust account from one bank to another, a provider shall inform the administrator of the name, business address, and telephone number of the new bank. As soon as practicable, the provider shall inform the administrator of the account number of the trust account at the new bank.
- **422.523** Fees and other charges. (1) A provider may not impose directly or indirectly a fee or other charge on an individual or receive money from or on behalf of an individual for debt-management services except as permitted by this section.
- (2) A provider may not impose charges or receive payment for debt-management services until the provider and the individual have signed an agreement that complies with ss. 422.519 and 422.528.

- (3) If an individual assents to an agreement, a provider may not impose a fee or other charge for educational or counseling services, or the like, except as otherwise provided in this section and s. 422.528 (4). The administrator may authorize a provider to charge a fee based on the nature and extent of the educational or counseling services furnished by the provider.
- (4) Subject to adjustment of dollar amounts pursuant to s. 422.532 (6), all of the following rules apply:
- (a) If an individual assents to a plan that contemplates that creditors will reduce finance charges or fees for late payment, default, or delinquency, the provider may charge all of the following:
- 1. A fee not exceeding \$50 for consultation, obtaining a credit report, setting up an account, and the like.
- 2. A monthly service fee, not to exceed \$10 times the number of creditors remaining in a plan at the time the fee is assessed, but not more than \$50 in any month.
- (b) If an individual assents to a plan that contemplates that creditors will settle debts for less than the principal amount of the debt, a provider may charge all of the following:
- 1. Subject to s. 422.519 (4), a fee for consultation, obtaining a credit report, setting up an account, and the like, in an amount not exceeding the lesser of \$400 and 4 percent of the debt in the plan at the inception of the plan.
- 2. A monthly service fee, not to exceed \$10 times the number of creditors remaining in a plan at the time the fee is assessed, but not more than \$50 in any month.
 - (c) A provider may not impose or receive fees under both pars. (a) and (b).

- (d) Except as otherwise provided in s. 422.528 (4), if an individual does not assent to an agreement, a provider may receive for educational and counseling services it provides to the individual a fee not exceeding \$100 or, with the approval of the administrator, a larger fee. The administrator may approve a fee larger than \$100 if the nature and extent of the educational and counseling services warrant the larger fee.
- (5) If, before the expiration of 90 days after the completion or termination of educational or counseling services, an individual assents to an agreement, the provider shall refund to the individual any fee paid pursuant to sub. (4) (d).
- (6) Except as otherwise provided in subs. (3) and (4), if a plan contemplates that creditors will settle an individual's debts for less than the principal amount of the debt, compensation for services in connection with settling a debt may not exceed, with respect to each debt, 30 percent of the excess of the principal amount of the debt over the amount paid the creditor pursuant to the plan, less the sum of the following, to the extent it has not been credited against an earlier settlement fee:
 - (a) The fee charged pursuant to sub. (4) (b) 1.
 - (b) The aggregate of fees charged pursuant to sub. (4) (b) 2.
- (7) Subject to adjustment of the dollar amount pursuant to s. 422.532 (6), if a payment to a provider by an individual under this subchapter is dishonored, a provider may impose a reasonable charge on the individual, not to exceed the lesser of \$25 and the amount permitted by law other than this subchapter.
- 422.524 Voluntary contributions. A provider may not solicit a voluntary contribution from an individual or an affiliate of the individual for any service provided to the individual. A provider may accept voluntary contributions from an individual but, until 30 days after completion or termination of a plan, the aggregate

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amount of money received from or on behalf of the individual may not exceed the total 1 amount the provider may charge the individual under s. 422.523. 2 422.525 Voidable agreements. (1) If a provider imposes a fee or other charge 3 or receives money or other payments not authorized by s. 422.523 or 422.524, the 4 individual may void the agreement and recover as provided in s. 422.535. 5 (2) If a provider is not registered as required by this subchapter when an 6 individual assents to an agreement, the agreement is voidable by the individual. 7 (3) If an individual voids an agreement under sub. (2), the provider does not 8 have a claim against the individual for breach of contract or for restitution. 9 422.526 Termination of agreements. (1) If an individual who has entered 10 into an agreement fails for 60 days to make payments required by the agreement, a 11 provider may terminate the agreement. 12 (2) If a provider or an individual terminates an agreement, the provider shall 13 immediately return to the individual all of the following: 14 (a) Any money of the individual held in trust for the benefit of the individual. 15 (b) Sixty-five percent of any portion of the set-up fee received pursuant to s. 16 422.523 (4) (b) which has not been credited against settlement fees. 17 422.527 Periodic reports and retention of records. (1) A provider shall 18 provide the accounting required by sub. (2) upon cancellation or termination of an 19 agreement. Before cancellation or termination of any agreement, a provider shall 20 also provide the accounting required by sub. (2) at least once each month and within 21 5 business days after a request by an individual, but the provider need not comply 22with more than one request in any calendar month. 23

(2) A provider, in a record, shall provide each individual for whom it has

established a plan an accounting of all of the following information:

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- (a) The amount of money received from the individual since the last report.
- (b) The amounts and dates of disbursement made on the individual's behalf, or by the individual upon the direction of the provider, since the last report to each creditor listed in the plan.
 - (c) The amounts deducted from the amount received from the individual.
 - (d) The amount held in reserve.
 - (e) If, since the last report, a creditor has agreed to accept as payment in full an amount less than the principal amount of the debt owed by the individual, all of the following:
 - 1. The total amount and terms of the settlement.
 - 2. The amount of the debt when the individual assented to the plan.
 - 3. The amount of the debt when the creditor agreed to the settlement.
 - 4. The calculation of a settlement fee.
 - (3) A provider shall maintain records for each individual for whom it provides debt-management services for 5 years after the final payment made by the individual and produce a copy of them to the individual within a reasonable time after a request for them. The provider may use electronic or other means of storage of the records.
 - 422.528 Prohibited acts and practices. (1) A provider may not, directly or indirectly, do any of the following:
 - (a) Misappropriate or misapply money held in trust.
 - (b) Settle a debt on behalf of an individual for more than 50 percent of the principal amount of the debt owed a creditor, unless the individual assents to the settlement after the creditor has assented.

- (c) Take a power of attorney that authorizes it to settle a debt, unless the power of attorney expressly limits the provider's authority to settle debts for not more than 50 percent of the principal amount of the debt owed a creditor.(d) Exercise or attempt to exercise a power of attorney after an individual has
- (d) Exercise or attempt to exercise a power of attorney after an individual has terminated an agreement.
- (e) Initiate a transfer from an individual's account at a bank or with another person unless the transfer is a return of money to the individual or unless the transfer is before termination of an agreement, properly authorized by the agreement and this subchapter, and for payment to one or more creditors pursuant to a plan or payment of a fee.
- (f) Offer a gift or bonus, premium, reward, or other compensation to an individual for executing an agreement.
- (g) Offer, pay, or give a gift or bonus, premium, reward, or other compensation to a person for referring a prospective customer, if the person making the referral has a financial interest in the outcome of debt-management services provided to the customer, unless neither the provider nor the person making the referral communicates to the prospective customer the identity of the source of the referral.
- (h) Receive a bonus, commission, or other benefit for referring an individual to a person.
- (i) Structure a plan in a manner that would result in a negative amortization of any of an individual's debts, unless a creditor that is owed a negatively amortizing debt agrees to refund or waive the finance charge upon payment of the principal amount of the debt.
- (j) Compensate its employees on the basis of a formula that incorporates the number of individuals the employee induces to enter into agreements.

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- (k) Settle a debt or lead an individual to believe that a payment to a creditor is in settlement of a debt to the creditor unless, at the time of settlement, the individual receives a certification by the creditor that the payment is in full settlement of the debt.
 - (L) Make a representation of any of the following:
 - 1. That the provider will furnish money to pay bills or prevent attachments.
- 2. That payment of a certain amount will permit satisfaction of a certain amount or range of indebtedness.
- 3. That participation in a plan will or may prevent litigation, garnishment, attachment, repossession, foreclosure, eviction, or loss of employment.
- (m) Misrepresent that it is authorized or competent to furnish legal advice or perform legal services.
- (n) Represent that it is a not-for-profit entity unless it is organized and properly operating as a not-for-profit under the law of the state in which it was formed or that it is a tax-exempt entity unless it has received certification of tax-exempt status from the Internal Revenue Service.
- (o) Take a confession of judgment or power of attorney to confess judgment against an individual.
- (p) Employ an unfair, unconscionable, or deceptive act or practice, including the knowing omission of any material information.
- (2) If a provider furnishes debt-management services to an individual, the provider may not, directly or indirectly, do any of the following:
 - (a) Purchase a debt or obligation of the individual.
 - (b) Receive from or on behalf of the individual any of the following:

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1	1. A promissory note or other negotiable instrument other than a check or a
2	demand draft.
3	2. A post-dated check or demand draft.
4	(c) Lend money or provide credit to the individual, except as a deferral of a
5	settlement fee at no additional expense to the individual.
6	(d) Obtain a mortgage or other security interest from any person in connection
7	with the services provided to the individual.
8	(e) Except as permitted by federal law, disclose the identity or identifying
9	information of the individual or the identity of the individual's creditors, except to
10	any of the following:
11	1. The administrator, upon proper demand.
12	2. A creditor of the individual, to the extent necessary to secure the cooperation
13	of the creditor in a plan.
14	3. The extent necessary to administer the plan.
15	(f) Except as otherwise provided in s. 422.523 (6), provide the individual less
16	than the full benefit of a compromise of a debt arranged by the provider.
17	(g) Charge the individual for or provide credit or other insurance, coupons for
18	goods or services, membership in a club, access to computers or the Internet, or any
19	other matter not directly related to debt-management services or educational
20	services concerning personal finance.
21	(h) Furnish legal advice or perform legal services, unless the person furnishing
22	that advice to or performing those services for the individual is licensed to practice
23	law.
24	(3) This subchapter does not authorize any person to engage in the practice of

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- (4) A provider may not receive a gift or bonus, premium, reward, or other compensation, directly or indirectly, for advising, arranging, or assisting an individual in connection with obtaining, an extension of credit or other service from a lender or service provider, except for educational or counseling services required in connection with a government-sponsored program.
 (5) Unless a person supplies goods, services, or facilities generally and supplies them to the provider at a cost no greater than the cost the person generally charges
- them to the provider at a cost no greater than the cost the person generally charges to others, a provider may not purchase goods, services, or facilities from the person if an employee or a person that the provider should reasonably know is an affiliate of the provider owns more than 10 percent of the person or is an employee or affiliate of the person.
- **422.529 Notice of litigation.** No later than 30 days after a provider has been served with notice of a civil action for violation of this subchapter by or on behalf of an individual who resides in this state at either the time of an agreement or the time the notice is served, the provider shall notify the administrator in a record that it has been sued.
- **422.530 Advertising.** A provider that advertises debt-management services shall disclose, in an easily comprehensible manner, the information specified in s. 422.517 (4) (c) and (d).
- 422.531 Liability for the conduct of other persons. If a provider delegates any of its duties or obligations under an agreement or this subchapter to another person, including an independent contractor, the provider is liable for conduct of the person which, if done by the provider, would violate the agreement or this subchapter.

422.532 Powers of administrator. (1) The administrator may act on its own initiative or in response to complaints and may receive complaints, take action to obtain voluntary compliance with this subchapter, refer cases to the attorney general, and seek or provide remedies as provided in this subchapter.

- (2) The administrator may investigate and examine, in this state or elsewhere, by subpoena or otherwise, the activities, books, accounts, and records of a person that provides or offers to provide debt—management services, or a person to which a provider has delegated its obligations under an agreement or this subchapter, to determine compliance with this subchapter. Information that identifies individuals who have agreements with the provider shall not be disclosed to the public. In connection with the investigation, the administrator may do any of the following:
- (a) Charge the person the reasonable expenses necessarily incurred to conduct the examination.
- (b) Require or permit a person to file a statement, verified under oath or affirmation, as to all the facts and circumstances of a matter to be investigated.
- (c) Seek a court order authorizing seizure from a bank at which the person maintains a trust account required by s. 422.522, any or all money, books, records, accounts, and other property of the provider that is in the control of the bank and relates to individuals who reside in this state.
- (3) The administrator may adopt rules to implement the provisions of this subchapter in accordance with subch. II of ch. 227.
- (4) The administrator may enter into cooperative arrangements with any other federal or state agency having authority over providers and may exchange with any of those agencies information about a provider, including information obtained during an examination of the provider.

- (5) The administrator, by rule, shall establish reasonable fees to be paid by providers for the expense of administering this subchapter.
- (6) The administrator, by rule, shall adopt dollar amounts instead of those specified in ss. 422.502, 422.505, 422.509, 422.513, 422.523, 422.533, and 422.535 to reflect inflation, as measured by the United States bureau of labor statistics consumer price index for all urban consumers or, if that index is not available, another index adopted by rule by the administrator. The administrator shall adopt a base year and adjust the dollar amounts, effective on July 1 of each year, if the change in the index from the base year, as of December 31 of the preceding year, is at least 10 percent. The dollar amount must be rounded to the nearest \$100, except that the amounts in s. 422.523 must be rounded to the nearest dollar.
- (7) The administrator shall notify registered providers of any change in dollar amounts made pursuant to sub. (6) and make that information available to the public.
- **422.533 Administrative remedies.** (1) The administrator may enforce this subchapter and rules adopted under this subchapter by taking one or more of the following actions:
- (a) Ordering a provider or a director, employee, or other agent of a provider to cease and desist from any violations.
- (b) Ordering a provider or a person that has caused a violation to correct the violation, including making restitution of money or property to a person aggrieved by a violation.
- (c) Subject to adjustment of the dollar amount pursuant to s. 422.532 (6), recovering in a civil action from a provider or a person that has caused a violation a forfeiture not exceeding \$10,000 for each violation.

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1 (d) Prosecuting a civil action to do any of the following: 2 1. Enforce an order. 3 2. Obtain restitution or an injunction or other equitable relief, or both. 4 (e) Intervening in an action brought under s. 422.535. 5 (2) Subject to adjustment of the dollar amount pursuant to s. 422.532 (6), if a person violates or knowingly authorizes, directs, or aids in the violation of a final 6 7 order issued under sub. (1) (a) or (b), the administrator may recover in a civil action a forfeiture not exceeding \$20,000 for each violation. 8 (3) The administrator may maintain an action to enforce this subchapter. 9 10 The administrator may recover the reasonable costs of enforcing the 11 subchapter under subs. (1) to (3), including attorney's fees based on the hours 12 reasonably expended and the hourly rates for attorneys of comparable experience in 13 the community. 14 (5) In determining the amount of a civil penalty to impose under sub. (1) or (2), a court shall consider the seriousness of the violation, the good faith of the violator, 15 any previous violations by the violator, the deleterious effect of the violation on the 16 public, the net worth of the violator, and any other factor the court considers relevant 17 18 to the determination of the civil penalty. 19 422.534 Suspension, revocation, or nonrenewal of registration. (1) In 20 this section, "insolvent" means any of the following: 21 (a) Having generally ceased to pay debts in the ordinary course of business 22 other than as a result of a good-faith dispute. 23 (b) Being unable to pay debts as they become due. 24 (c) Being insolvent within the meaning of the federal bankruptcy law, 11 USC

- (2) The administrator may suspend, revoke, or deny renewal of a provider's registration if any of the following apply:
- (a) A fact or condition exists that, if it had existed when the registrant applied for registration as a provider, would have been a reason for denying registration.
- (b) The provider has committed a material violation of this subchapter or a rule or order of the administrator under this subchapter.
 - (c) The provider is insolvent.
- (d) The provider or an employee, affiliate, or agent of the provider has refused to permit the administrator to make an examination authorized by this subchapter, failed to comply with s. 422.532 (2) (b) within 15 days after request, or made a material misrepresentation or omission in complying with s. 422.532 (2) (b).
- (e) The provider has not responded within a reasonable time and in an appropriate manner to communications from the administrator.
- (3) If a provider does not comply with s. 422.522 (6) or if the administrator otherwise finds that the public health or safety or general welfare requires emergency action, the administrator may order a summary suspension of the provider's registration, effective on the date specified in the order.
- (4) If the administrator suspends, revokes, or denies renewal of the registration of a provider, the administrator may seek a court order authorizing seizure of any or all of the money in a trust account required by s. 422.522, books, records, accounts, and other property of the provider which are located in this state.
- (5) If the administrator suspends or revokes a provider's registration, the provider may appeal and request a hearing pursuant to subch. III of ch. 227.
- **422.535 Private enforcement.** (1) If an individual voids an agreement pursuant to s. 422.525 (2), the individual may recover in a civil action all money paid

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1	or deposited by or on behalf of the individual pursuant to the agreement, except
2	amounts paid to creditors, in addition to the recovery under sub. (3) (c) and (d).
3	(2) If an individual voids an agreement pursuant to s. 422.525 (1), the
4	individual may recover in a civil action 3 times the total amount of the fees, charges,
5	money, and payments made by the individual to the provider, in addition to the
6	recovery under sub. (3) (d).
7	(3) Subject to sub. (4), an individual with respect to whom a provider violates
8	this subchapter may recover all of the following in a civil action from the provider and
9	any person that caused the violation:
10	(a) Compensatory damages for injury, including noneconomic injury, caused by
11	the violation.
12	(b) Except as otherwise provided in sub. (4) and subject to adjustment of the
13	dollar amount pursuant to s. 422.532 (6), with respect to a violation of s. 422.517,
14	422.519, 422.520, 422.521, 422.522, 422.523, 422.524, 422.527, or 422.528 (1), (2), or
15	(4), the greater of the amount recoverable under par. (a) or \$5,000.
16	(c) Punitive damages.
17	(d) Reasonable attorney's fees and costs.
18	(4) In a class action, except for a violation of s. 422.528 (1) (e), the minimum

(5) In addition to the remedy available under sub. (3), if a provider violates an

(6) A provider is not liable under this section for a violation of this subchapter

individual's rights under s. 422.520, the individual may recover in a civil action all

money paid or deposited by or on behalf of the individual pursuant to the agreement,

if the provider proves that the violation was not intentional and resulted from a

damages provided in sub. (3) (b) do not apply.

except for amounts paid to creditors.

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good-faith error notwithstanding the maintenance of procedures reasonably adapted to avoid the error. An error of legal judgment with respect to a provider's obligations under this subchapter is not a good-faith error. If, in connection with a violation, the provider has received more money than authorized by an agreement or this subchapter, the defense provided by this subsection is not available unless the provider refunds the excess within 2 business days of learning of the violation.

- (7) The administrator shall assist an individual in enforcing a judgment against the surety bond or other security provided under s. 422.513 or 422.514.
- **422.536 Violation of unfair or deceptive practices.** If an act or practice of a provider violates both this subchapter and ch. 100, an individual may not recover under both for the same act or practice.
- **422.537 Statute of limitations.** (1) An action or proceeding brought pursuant to s. 422.533 (1), (2), or (3) must be commenced within 4 years after the conduct that is the basis of the administrator's complaint.
- (2) An action brought pursuant to s. 422.535 must be commenced within 2 years after the latest of the following:
 - (a) The individual's last transmission of money to a provider.
- (b) The individual's last transmission of money to a creditor at the direction of the provider.
 - (c) The provider's last disbursement to a creditor of the individual.
 - (d) The provider's last accounting to the individual pursuant to s. 422.527 (1).
- (e) The date on which the individual discovered or reasonably should have discovered the facts giving rise to the individual's claim.
- (f) Termination of actions or proceedings by the administrator with respect to a violation of the subchapter.

publication.

(3) The period prescribed in sub. (2) (e) is tolled during any period during which
the provider or, if different, the defendant has materially and willfully
misrepresented information required by this subchapter to be disclosed to the
individual, if the information so misrepresented is material to the establishment of
the liability of the defendant under this subchapter.
422.538 Uniformity of application and construction. In applying and
construing this uniform act, consideration must be given to the need to promote
uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact it.
422.539 Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and National
Commerce Act. This subchapter modifies, limits, and supersedes the federal
Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act (15 USC 7001 to 7031)
but does not modify, limit, or supersede 15 USC 7001 (c) or authorize electronic
delivery of any of the notices described in 15 USC 7003 (b).
SECTION 7. 426.102 (3) of the statutes is repealed.
Section 8. Initial applicability.
(1) This act first applies to agreements for the performance of
debt-management services that are entered into, extended, modified, or renewed on
the effective date of this subsection.
Section 9. Effective date.
(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 13th month beginning after

(END)