Bill

Received: 04/17/2006

Received By: bbalinsk

Wanted: Soon

Identical to LRB:

For: Donald Friske (608) 266-7694

By/Representing: Don Dyke

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: bbalinsk

May Contact:

Addl. Drafters:

Subject:

Courts - costs and fees

Extra Copies:

RPN

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email:

Rep.Friske@legis.wisconsin.gov

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

don.dyke@legis.state.wi.us paul.onsager@legis.state.wi.us

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Payment of costs and attorney fees in action against state

Instructions:

Expand 227.485 and 814.245 to all persons and all income levels

Drafting History:

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	<u>Typed</u>	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
/P1	bbalinsk 09/13/2006	kfollett 09/13/2006	jfrantze 09/14/2006	5	mbarman 09/14/2006		State
/1	bbalinsk 05/22/2007	kfollett 05/22/2007	nnatzke 05/22/2007	7	lparisi 05/22/2007	sbasford 05/23/2007	State

FE Sent For:



<END>

Bill

Received: 04/17/2006

Received By: bbalinsk

Wanted: Soon

Identical to LRB:

For: Donald Friske (608) 266-7694

By/Representing: Don Dyke

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: bbalinsk

May Contact:

Addl. Drafters:

Subject:

Courts - costs and fees

Extra Copies:

RPN

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email:

Rep.Friske@legis.wisconsin.gov

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

don.dyke@legis.state.wi.us paul.onsager@legis.state.wi.us

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Payment of costs and attorney fees in action against state

Instructions:

Expand 227.485 and 814.245 to all persons and all income levels

Drafting History:

Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required
/P1	bbalinsk 09/13/2006	kfollett 09/13/2006	jfrantze 09/14/2006	5	mbarman 09/14/2006		State
/1	bbalinsk 05/22/2007	kfollett 05/22/2007	nnatzke 05/22/2007	7	lparisi 05/22/2007		State

FE Sent For:

Bill

Received: 04/17/2006

Received By: bbalinsk

Wanted: Soon

Identical to LRB:

For: Donald Friske (608) 266-7694

By/Representing: Don Dyke

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: bbalinsk

May Contact:

Addl. Drafters:

Subject:

Courts - costs and fees

Extra Copies:

RPN

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email:

Rep.Friske@legis.state.wi.us

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

don.dyke@legis.state.wi.us paul.onsager@legis.state.wi.us

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Payment of costs and attorney fees in action against state

Instructions:

Expand 227.485 and 814.245 to all persons and all income levels

Drafting History:

Vers. <u>Drafted</u>

Reviewed

Proofed

<u>Submitted</u>

Jacketed

Required

/P1

bbalinsk 09/13/2006

kfollett 09/13/2006

jfrantze _ 09/14/2006

mbarman 09/14/2006 State

FE Sent For:

nun 5/22

Typed

hun 5/22

<END>

Bill

Received: 04/17/2006

Received By: bbalinsk

Wanted: Soon

Identical to LRB:

For: Donald Friske (608) 266-7694

By/Representing: Don Dyke

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: bbalinsk

May Contact:

Addl. Drafters:

Subject:

Courts - costs and fees

Extra Copies:

RPN

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email:

Rep.Friske@legis.state.wi.us

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

don.dyke@legis.state.wi.us paul.onsager@legis.state.wi.us

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Payment of costs and attorney fees in action against state

Instructions:

Expand 227.485 and 814.245 to all persons and all income levels

Drafting History:

Vers.

Drafted

Reviewed

Typed

Proofed

Submitted

Jacketed

Required

/P1

bbalinsk

FE Sent For:

<END>

Nelson, Robert P.

From:

Gary, Tim

Sent:

Thursday, August 24, 2006 12:36 PM

To:

Nelson, Robert P.

Bob,

This session you drafted LRB 4925. Representative Friske respectfully requests you draft up a version for the upcoming legislative session at your earliest convenience.

Please call me if you have any questions.

Tim Gary Research Assistant for Representative Donald R Friske

P 4

Pacl

1,54



State of Misconsin 2007 - 2008 LEGISLATURE

In 9/5/06

LRB-0008/P1

BAB 15F

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

CPS:
Pleasements
for LAW
no norths
components

Regen

2 hot conflete not

AN ACT to repeal 227.485 (2) (b), (c), and (d), 227.485 (7), 814.245 (2) (a), (b), and

(c), and 814.245 (8); and to amend 106.20 (1) (f), 227.485 (1), 227.485 (3),

227.485 (6), 814.245 (3); relating to: awarding costs in administrative agency

4 actions.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

X

2

3

Under current law, if an individual, small nonprofit corporation or a small business is the prevailing party in an administrative agency contested case, in an action brought by an agency or in a judicial review proceeding under s. 227.485 (6), that prevailing party is entitled to an award of costs unless the court finds the agency was substantially justified in taking its position or if such an award would be unjust under the circumstances. If the prevailing party is an individual, that party is not entitled to recover costs if the party's federal adjusted gross income was \$150,000 or more in each of the three years prior to the commencement of the action.

This bill eliminates financial and entity size limitations for prevailing parties to be eligible to receive costs in administrative agency actions, allowing a award of costs to all persons who are prevailing parties unless the court finds the agency was substantially justified in taking its position or if such an award would be unjust

under the circumstances.

1

2

3

4

5

10

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 106.20 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

106.20 (1) (f) "Small business" has the meaning given in s. 227.485 (2) (e) means a business entity, including its affiliates, which is independently owned and operated, and which employs 25 or fewer full-time employees or which has gross annual sales of less than \$5,000,000.

SECTION 2. 227.485 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.485 (1) The legislature intends that hearing examiners and courts in this state, when interpreting this section, be guided by federal case law, as of November 20, 1985, interpreting substantially similar provisions under the federal equal access to justice act, 5 USC 504.

SECTION 3. 227.485 (2) (b), (c) and (d) of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 4. 227.485 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.485 (3) In any contested case in which an individual, a small nonprofit corporation or a small business a person other than the state is the prevailing party and submits a motion for costs under this section, the hearing examiner shall award the prevailing party the costs incurred in connection with the contested case, unless the hearing examiner finds that the state agency which is the losing party was substantially justified in taking its position or that special circumstances exist that would make the award unjust.

SECTION 5. 227.485 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.485 (6) A final decision under sub. (5) is subject to judicial review under s. 227.52. If the individual, small nonprofit corporation or small business a person other than the state is the prevailing party in the proceeding for judicial review, the court shall make the findings applicable under s. 814.245 and, if appropriate, award costs related to that proceeding under s. 814.245, regardless of who petitions for judicial review. In addition, the court on review may modify the order for payment of costs in the final decision under sub. (5).

SECTION 6. 227.485 (7) of the statutes is repealed.

Section 7. 814.245 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

814.245 (1) The legislature intends that courts in this state, when interpreting this section, be guided by federal case law, as of November 20, 1985, interpreting substantially similar provisions under the federal equal access to justice act, 5 USC 504.

SECTION 8. 814.245 (2) (a), (b) and (c) of the statutes are repealed.

Section 9. 814.245 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

814.245 (3) Except as provided in s. 814.25, if an individual, a small nonprofit corporation or a small business a person other than the state is the prevailing party in any action by a state agency or in any proceeding for judicial review under s. 227.485 (6) and submits a motion for costs under this section, the court shall award costs to the prevailing party, unless the court finds that the state agency was substantially justified in taking its position or that special circumstances exist that text: NS: Mapp 1A would make the award unjust.

SECTION 10. 814.245 (8) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 11. Initial applicability. The treatment of sections 106.20 (1) (f), 227.485 (1), 227.485 (3), 227.485 (6), \$14.245 (1) and 814.245 (3) of the statutes and

15

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

16

17

18

19

20 21

22

23

the repeal of sections 227.485 (2) (b), (c), and (d), 227.485 (7), 814.245 (2) (a), (b), and (c), and 814.245 (8) first apples to administrative agency contested cases, actions by a state agency and judicial review proceedings under s. 227.485 (6), commenced on

change to the effective date of this subsection. (1) Etext*NS: effects A This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th

month beginning after publication.

(END)

LRB-0008/Pldr In 55. 220.485(1) and 814.285(1) legislative intent language that gents. When interpreting the proviscions (Dected by this bill, the courts must - Federal case law as of November 20, 1985, that interpreted substantially provisions under the federal law. In this provision limits our courts to at federal 1 statates. Usually, our state similar to other state and federal court by those decisions; they only provide guidance. Com 2

3

September 1985 Special Session

SENATE BILL 10

October 1, 1985 - Introduced. Referred to Committee on Judiciary and Consumer Affairs.

1 AN ACT to amend 20.865 (1) (a), (g) and (q) and 814.04 (intro.); and to

create 227.115 and 814.245 of the statutes, relating to awards of

costs to individuals and small businesses and making an appropriation.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under present law, costs are generally not awarded in administrative contested case proceedings and costs are subject to certain limitations in court actions. This bill provides procedures for awarding a more complete recovery of actual costs for individuals and small businesses if they prevail in an administrative contested case proceeding or judicial review of a contested case proceeding, regardless of who initiates the proceeding or review, or in a court action brought by a state agency. The small businesses which are covered are those businesses which have fewer than 25 full-time employes or have gross annual sales under \$2,500,000 and the individuals who are covered are those people with a net worth of \$500,000 or less. Costs which are recoverable under the bill include:

1. Expert witness fees which may not exceed the highest rate of compensation paid to expert witnesses by the agency which is the losing party.

2. The reasonable cost of any study, analysis, engineering report, test or project which was necessary for the preparation of the case.

3. Attorney or agent fees, not to exceed \$75 per hour unless a higher fee is justified.

4. Disbursements for service of process, certified copies of official records, copying and correspondence, adverse examinations, plats and photographs, witness fees, mileage and title abstracts.

In the administrative contested case proceeding, the judicial review of a contested case proceeding or the court action, the prevailing individual or small business submits an itemized application for recovery of its costs and the losing agency may dispute any of those items. If an agency is ordered to pay these costs, the payment is made from program supplement funds. Hearing examiners and courts are directed to make partial awards of costs in applicable multiple issue cases. The agency must report annually to the presiding officer of each house of the legislature

regarding orders to pay these costs. Prevailing parties seeking these awards of costs must submit a motion to the hearing examiner or court, as applicable, for the payment. If the hearing examiner or court finds that the motion is frivolous, reasonable costs for responding to the motion may be awarded to the state agency.

This bill applies to contested cases and actions commenced on or after the effective date of this act.

For further information, see the $\underline{\text{state}}$ fiscal estimate which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. 20.865 (1) (a), (g) and (q) of the statutes are amended to
- 2 read:
- 3 20.865 (1) (a) Judgments and legal expenses. A sum sufficient to pay
- for legal expenses under ss. 59.31 and 776.43, for costs under ss. 227.115
- 5 and 814.245 and for the costs of judgments, orders and settlements of
- 6 actions, appeals and complaints under subch. II of ch. 111 or subch. II or
- 7 III of ch. 230, and those judgments, awards, orders and settlements under
- 8 ss. 21.13, 165.25 (6), 775.04 and 895.46 that are not otherwise reimburs-
- 9 able as liability costs under par. (fm). Release of moneys under this
- 10 paragraph pursuant to any settlement agreement, whether or not incorpo-
- 11 rated into an order, is subject to approval of the attorney general.
- 12 (g) Judgments and legal expenses; program revenues. From the appro-
- 13 priate program revenue and program revenue-service accounts, a sum suffi-
- 14 cient to pay for legal expenses under ss. 59.31 and 776.43, for costs
- 15 under ss. 227.115 and 814.245 and for the cost of judgments, orders and
- 16 settlements of actions, appeals and complaints under subch. II of ch. 111
- 17 or subch. II or III of ch. 230, and those judgments, awards, orders and
- 18 settlements under ss. 21.13, 165.25 (6), 775.04 and 895.46 that are not
- 19 otherwise reimbursable as liability costs under par. (fm). Release of
- 20 moneys under this paragraph pursuant to any settlement agreement, whether

- 1 (b) The party or the party's attorney knew, or should have known, t
- 2 the motion was without any reasonable basis in law or equity and could not be a subject to the motion was without any reasonable basis in law or equity and could not be a subject to the motion was without any reasonable basis in law or equity and could not be a subject to the motion was without any reasonable basis in law or equity and could not be a subject to the motion was without any reasonable basis in law or equity and could not be a subject to the motion was without any reasonable basis.
- 3 be supported by a good faith argument for an extension, modification
- 4 reversal of existing law.
- 5 SECTION 3. 814.04 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 6 814.04 ITEMS OF COSTS. (intro.) Except as provided in s. s
- 7 814.025 and 814.245, when allowed costs shall be as follows:
- 8 SECTION 4. 814.245 of the statutes is created to read:
- 9 814.245 ACTIONS BY STATE AGENCIES. (1) The legislature intends th
- 10 courts in this state, when interpreting this section, be guided by feder
- 11 case law, as of the effective date of this subsection [revis
- 12 inserts date], interpreting substantially similar provisions under t
- 13 federal equal access to justice act, P.L. 96-481.
- 14 (2) In this section:
- 15 (a) "Small business" means a business entity, including i
- 16 affiliates, which is independently owned and operated, and which employ
- 17 fewer than 25 full-time employes or which has gross annual sales of le
- 18 than \$2,500,000.
- 19 (b) "State agency" does not include the public intervenor or citizen
- 20 utility board.
- 21 (c) "Substantially justified" means having a reasonable basis in la
- 22 and fact.
- 23 (3) If an individual or a small business is the prevailing party i
- 24 any action by a state agency or in any proceeding for judicial revie
- 25 under s. 227.115 (6) and submits a motion for costs under this section
- 26 the court shall award costs to the prevailing party, unless the cour
- 27 finds that the state agency was substantially justified in taking it

1985 .	<u> </u>	ptombo	09 85	Specie	? Same		
DRAFTING REQUEST	Extra Copies	<u> </u>				1011	
			Jut 7	1150		-14/	
Date rec'd 9/36	Received 1					Orafter	Br.
	3111)	Jt.Res.			Sub.!	Amdt.	Amdt
SUBJECT Conte	al on	nel b	isenone	4		and the state of t	
FOR GOVERNOR		BY/Re	presentin	s Jus	- 60	in .	
BILL INDEX GURTS 9	PROCEDUR	m c.	1 - NAV DE	CUOUN			
		414. 19. 1. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 1 8. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19.			(Sign	iature)	
may contact <u>6 - 80</u>	30K	Juan.					
INSTRUCTIONS:		9			TICH	ur bul	(23-77.º L
					.	int from	
	all					A Comment	
se	ary					ر الرياض فيف الرياض ال	
			\$/7				
			3 MY 1				
/ork/0 /P1 /P2			Net n	2nd	<u>3rd</u>	4th	<u>5th</u>
		Drafted	BF			-	
	- Annie A	Reviewed	X 6/26		American de Companyo de la companyo	THE CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF	***************************************
riginal		Typist 🐙	1 9/26				And the Control of th
to		Proofed W	et ay 26		***	MATERIAL CONTROL CONTROL CONTROL AND AND A SAME	
irafter All "/P" c		Submitted	9/26				
give to dr	after		(FE-S)/L	FE-S/L	FE-S/L	FE-S/L	FE-S/I
E sent for			PUBDEB RETIRE	PUBDEB	PUBDEB	PUBDEB	PUBDEE
B Belly 101			TAXEXM	RETIRE TAXEXM	RETIRE TAXEXM	RETIRE TAXEXM	RETIRE TAXEXN
Requested (Plea DRIGINAL draft:	se sign belo	(Marajusa (m. 1911) Marajusa (m. 1911) Marajusa (m. 1911)	Received				
	2 /1						
	1	The second second					

Irev:09/06/84 1985DFC1(fm)1

MEMORANDUM

Instructions

TO:

Senator Feingold

FROM:

Juan Juan Colas

RE:

45,600

. (**)

. Jestie

Small Business Costs Bill

DATE:

September 26, 1985

After discussions in our office I suggest the following changes in the small business litigation costs bill, draft LRB 4127/2dn:

- 1. As you suggested, have a "Wisconsin sized" limit on individual net worth of \$500,000 rather than \$2 million.
- 2. Add a definition of "substantially justified". I suggest: "substantially justified" means having a reasonable basis in law fact." This is the core of the federal case law on the question and would be incorporated by the section referring to following federal case law, but I think agencies, including DOJ, will be more at ease with an explicit definition. The federal reference can also remain, to make it clear that in applying the statute and the definition, Wisconsin courts should rely on the federal decisions.
 - 3. Require a prevailing party to 'ile a petition seeking award of costs, rather than simply having the examiner make the finding on his own motion. The petition would simply have to allege, without any burden of proof, that the agency's position was not substantially justified. The mere filing of the petition would be enough to impose on the agency the burden of showing its position was substantially justified. Coupled with the penalty for frivolous claims (below) this might calm the agency's fears of a having to demonstrate the justification for their position in every case, while not shifting the burden to the prevailing party.
 - 4. Adopt your suggestion of penalizing frivolous claims for costs. If the examiner or court finds prevailing party's petition for costs was frivolous, as defined in § 814.025(3), the examiner or court could (but would not be required to) award to the agency its costs, including employee time, in responding to the prevailing party's petition for costs.

v 5. 15 days on court vole to.

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-0008/P1dn RPN:kjf:jf

September 14, 2006

Tim:

In ss. 227.485 (1) and 814.245 (1) there is legislative intent language that limits our courts. When interpreting the provisions affected by this bill, the courts must be guided by federal case law as of November 20, 1985, that interpreted substantially similar provisions under the federal law. In effect, this provision limits our courts to looking at federal cases that were decided before November 20,1985, for guidance as to its meaning. This is an unusual provision. I could find nothing similar in the statutes. Usually, our state courts look to other state and federal court decisions when deciding our own cases. They are not bound by those decisions; they only provide guidance. I suggest that you ask experts in this field of law, possibly at the Department of Justice, if removing this unusual provision would cause any problems. If not, I would urge its removal.

Robert P. Nelson Senior Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 267–7511

E-mail: robert.nelson@legis.state.wi.us



State of Misconsin 2007 - 2008 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0008/P4 BAB:kjf;if

RMR

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

FN 5/22/07 Need by 5/24/07

(Regen)

AN ACT to repeal 227.485 (2) (b), (c) and (d), 227.485 (7), 814.245 (2) (a), (b) and

(c) and 814.245 (8); and *to amend* 106.20 (1) (f), 227.485 (3), 227.485 (6) and

814.245 (3) of the statutes; relating to: awarding costs in administrative

agency actions.

1

 $\mathbf{2}$

3

4

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, if an individual, small nonprofit corporation, or a small business is the prevailing party in an administrative agency contested case, in an action brought by an agency, or in a judicial review proceeding under s. 227.485 (6), that prevailing party is entitled to an award of costs unless the court finds the agency was substantially justified in taking its position or if such an award would be unjust under the circumstances. If the prevailing party is an individual, that party is not entitled to recover costs if the party's federal adjusted gross income was \$150,000 or more in each of the three years prior to the commencement of the action.

This bill eliminates financial and entity size limitations for prevailing parties to be eligible to receive costs in administrative agency actions, allowing an award of costs to all persons who are prevailing parties unless the court finds the agency was substantially justified in taking its position or if such an award would be unjust under the circumstances.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 106.20 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

106.20 (1) (f) "Small business" has the meaning given in s. 227.485 (2) (e) means a business entity, including its affiliates, which is independently owned and operated, and which employs 25 or fewer full-time employees or which has gross annual sales of less than \$5,000,000.

SECTION 2. 227.485 (2) (b), (c) and (d) of the statutes are repealed.

Section 3. 227.485 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.485 (3) In any contested case in which an individual, a small nonprofit corporation or a small business a person other than the state is the prevailing party and submits a motion for costs under this section, the hearing examiner shall award the prevailing party the costs incurred in connection with the contested case, unless the hearing examiner finds that the state agency which is the losing party was substantially justified in taking its position or that special circumstances exist that would make the award unjust.

Section 4. 227.485 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.485 **(6)** A final decision under sub. (5) is subject to judicial review under s. 227.52. If the individual, small nonprofit corporation or small business a person other than the state is the prevailing party in the proceeding for judicial review, the court shall make the findings applicable under s. 814.245 and, if appropriate, award costs related to that proceeding under s. 814.245, regardless of who petitions for

. 1	judicial review. In addition, the court on review may modify the order for payment
2	of costs in the final decision under sub. (5).
3	SECTION 5. 227.485 (7) of the statutes is repealed.
4	SECTION 6. 814.245 (2) (a), (b) and (c) of the statutes are repealed.
5	SECTION 7. 814.245 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	814.245 (3) Except as provided in s. 814.25, if an individual, a small nonprofit
7	corporation or a small business a person other than the state is the prevailing party
8	in any action by a state agency or in any proceeding for judicial review under s.
9	227.485 (6) and submits a motion for costs under this section, the court shall award
10	costs to the prevailing party, unless the court finds that the state agency was
11	substantially justified in taking its position or that special circumstances exist that
12	would make the award unjust.
13	SECTION 8. 814.245 (8) of the statutes is repealed.
14	Section 9. Initial applicability.
15	(1) The treatment of sections 106.20 (1) (f), 227.485 (3), 227.485 (6), and 814.245 (6), and
16	(3) of the statutes and the repeal of sections 227.485 (2) (b), (c), and (d), 227.485 (7),
17	814.245 (2) (a), (b), and (c), and 814.245 (8) of the statutes first applies to
18	administrative agency contested cases, actions by a state agency and judicial review
19	proceedings under s. 227.485 (6), commenced on the effective date of this subsection.
20	proceedings under s. 227.485 (6), commenced on the effective date of this subsection. SECTION 10. Effective date. This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th
21	month beginning after publication.
22	(END)

Duerst, Christina

From:

Sent:

Gary, Tim Tuesday, May 22, 2007 4:42 PM

To:

LRB.Legal

Subject:

Draft Review: LRB 07-0008/1 Topic: Payment of costs and attorney fees in action

against state

Please Jacket LRB 07-0008/1 for the ASSEMBLY.