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8. State senator, 150.

9. Representative to the assembly, 100.

1	<b>Section 45.</b> 11.50 of the statutes is repealed.
2	<b>Section 46.</b> 11.51 of the statutes is created to read:
3	11.51 Clean elections fund grants. (1) Any candidate for a state office, other
4	than the office of court of appeals judge, circuit judge, or district attorney, whose
5	name is certified under s. 7.08 (2) (a) or 8.50 (1) (d) to appear on the ballot at an
6	election may qualify to receive a grant from the clean elections fund by fulfilling the
7	requirements of this section.
8	(2) (a) To qualify to receive a grant from the clean elections fund, a candidate
9	shall obtain and deposit with the state treasurer the number of qualifying
10	contributions specified in this subsection, in the amount of \$5 each, each of which
11	shall be received from an elector of this state and, in the case of a candidate for
12	legislative office, an elector of the district in which the candidate seeks office. The
13	name and address of each elector making a qualifying contribution shall be identified
14	in a report filed with the board as provided in s. 11.06 (1) (a). The number of required
15	qualifying contributions for a candidate for each office is:
16	1. Governor, 3,000.
17	2. Lieutenant governor, 750.
18	3. Attorney general, 1,050.
19	4. State treasurer, 375.
20	5. Secretary of state, 375.
21	6. State superintendent, 375.
22	7. Justice, 450.

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- (b) In addition to the requirements imposed under par. (a), a candidate for a state office does not qualify to receive a grant for a general or partisan special election unless the candidate is the nominee of a recognized political party for that office or the candidate receives at least 1 percent of the total vote cast for all candidates on all ballots for the same office at the September primary, or at a special primary if a special primary is held.
- (3) Prior to notification that a candidate has qualified to receive a grant from the clean elections fund under sub. (7), a candidate may accept seed money contributions from individuals. The total seed money contributions accepted by a candidate from one contributor, including any seed money contributions made by a candidate to his or her own campaign, may not exceed \$100. The total seed money contributions accepted by a candidate during the candidate's campaign, as defined in s. 11.26 (17), may not exceed, in the aggregate, the following amount for the office sought by candidate:
- (a) Governor, \$50,000.
  - (b) Lieutenant governor, \$12,500.
  - (c) Attorney general, \$17,500.
  - (d) State treasurer, \$6,250.
  - (e) Secretary of state, \$6,250.
- 20 (f) State superintendent, \$6,250.
- 21 (g) Justice, \$7,500.
- 22 (h) State senator, \$2,500.
- 23 (i) Representative to the assembly, \$1,500.
- 24 **(4)** A contributor who makes a qualifying contribution may also make a seed money contribution in the full amount authorized under sub. (3).

- (5) A candidate shall remit to the state treasurer all seed money contributions received by the candidate that are unencumbered on the day the candidate receives notification of qualification for a grant under sub. (7). The state treasurer shall deposit all seed money contributions received under this subsection into the clean elections fund.
- **(6)** No candidate who accepts a grant from the clean elections fund may accept any seed money contribution under sub. (3) after receiving notification of qualification for a grant under sub. (7).
- (7) To qualify to receive a grant from the clean elections fund, a candidate shall file an application with the board, no later than a time specified by the board by rule, in which the candidate shall affirm that he or she has not accepted and agrees not to accept a contribution from any source other than a contribution required under sub. (2), a contribution authorized under sub. (3), and the candidate's grant from the clean elections fund during the campaign of the candidate, as defined in s. 11.31 (7). If the candidate desires to receive grant payments by electronic transfer, the candidate shall include in his or her application sufficient information and authorization for the state treasurer to transfer payments to his or her campaign depository account. The board shall notify each candidate who qualifies to receive a grant from the clean elections fund as promptly as possible following qualification.
- (8) (a) The board shall distribute primary election grants from the clean elections fund to each candidate who qualifies to receive a grant under this section as soon as possible preceding the date on which the primary election is held for the office that the candidate seeks or the date on which the primary election would be held if a primary election were required to be held.

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- (b) The board shall distribute grants for the spring, general, and any special election from the clean elections fund to each candidate who qualifies to receive a grant under this section as soon as possible after the date of the primary election for the office sought by the candidate, or the date on which the primary election would be held if a primary election were required to be held.
- (9) A candidate who receives a grant from the clean elections fund shall file with the board reports of all disbursements made in the manner provided under s. 11.06 (1) (g), without regard to the amounts thereof.
- (10) (a) Except as provided in par. (b) and subs. (11) to (13), a candidate who qualifies to receive a grant from the clean elections fund under this section shall receive a grant in the following amount for the office sought by the candidate and for the election specified, less the aggregate amount of contributions accepted by the candidate under sub. (3):

14		Primary	Spring, General,
15	Office	Election	or Special Election
16	1. Governor	\$1,000,000	\$2,000,000
17	2. Lieutenant governor	250,000	500,000
18	3. Attorney general	350,000	700,000
19	4. State treasurer	125,000	250,000
20	5. Secretary of state	125,000	250,000
21	6. State superintendent	125,000	250,000
22	7. Justice	150,000	300,000
23	8. State senator	50,000	100,000
24	9. Representative to the assembly	25,000	50,000

(b) If a candidate does not have an opponent who has qualified to have his or her name appear on the ballot at the election for which a grant is to be applied, the candidate shall receive a grant for a primary election equal to the average total

disbursements made per candidate in primary election campaign periods, as determined by the board from reports filed by or on behalf of those candidates in accordance with s. 11.31 (5), for the office that the candidate seeks during the 4–year period preceding the date of the primary election, or a grant for a spring, general, or special election equal to the average total disbursements made per candidate in general and special election campaign periods, as determined by the board from reports filed by or on behalf of those candidates in accordance with s. 11.31 (5), for the office that the candidate seeks during the 4–year period preceding the date of the spring, general, or special election, except that a candidate for the office of governor shall receive a grant of \$100,000 for a primary election and a grant of \$200,000 for a general election.

- (11) (a) In this subsection, "consumer price index" means the average of the consumer price index over each 12-month period, all items, U.S. city average, as determined by the bureau of labor statistics of the U.S. department of labor.
- (b) The dollar amounts of the grants specified in sub. (10) (a) and the grants specified for the office of governor in sub. (10) (b) are subject to a biennial cost—of—living adjustment to be determined by rule of the board in accordance with this paragraph. To determine the adjustment, the board shall, as soon as possible after the end of each odd—numbered year, calculate the percentage difference between the consumer price index for the 12—month period ending on December 31 of the preceding year and the consumer price index for calendar year 2009. For each biennium, the board shall multiply the amount of each grant specified in sub. (10) by the percentage difference in the consumer price indexes. The board shall then add that product to the applicable grant amount under sub. (10), round each sum to the nearest multiple of \$5, and adjust the amount of each grant to substitute the

resulting amount. The amount so determined shall then be in effect until a subsequent rule is promulgated under this paragraph. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), and (3), determinations under this paragraph may be promulgated as an emergency rule under s. 227.24 without providing evidence that the emergency rule is necessary for the public peace, health, safety, or welfare, and without a finding of emergency.

- (12) If any disbursement is made or any obligation to make a disbursement is incurred to make a communication identified in s. 11.01 (16) (a) 3. by any person in opposition to a candidate who receives a grant from the clean elections fund or in support of an opponent of such a candidate whose name is certified to appear on the same ballot, then the candidate who receives a grant shall receive an additional grant in the total amount of the obligations incurred and the disbursements made that were not previously reported as obligations, as reported to the appropriate filing officer under s. 11.12 (6) (b), but not to exceed, in combination with any additional grant payable to that candidate under sub. (13), 2.5 times the amount payable to the candidate under sub. (10), as adjusted under sub. (11).
- (13) If a candidate who receives a grant from the clean elections fund is opposed on a primary or election ballot by another candidate who does not receive a grant or by another candidate who the board determines has violated his or her agreement under sub. (7), the candidate who receives a grant shall receive an additional grant in the amount by which the disbursements made by the other candidate exceed the amount of the grant payable for the office sought by the candidate in that election under sub. (10), as adjusted under sub. (11), but not to exceed, in combination with any additional grant payable to that candidate under sub. (12), 2.5 times the amount payable to the candidate under sub. (10), as adjusted under sub. (11). If a candidate

.... (this act), is amended to read:

who receives a grant from the clean elections fund is opposed on a primary or election			
ballot by more than one candidate who does not receive a grant or who the board			
determines has violated his or her agreement under sub. (7), the amount of the grant			
payable under this subsection is the largest amount that would be payable by reason			
of any candidate's opposition.			
(14) If a candidate who makes an agreement under sub. (7) does not adhere to			
the agreement, the candidate shall forfeit an amount equivalent to any grant from			
the clean elections fund that is provided to the candidate and the candidate may be			
fined not more than 3 times the amount of any contributions received by the			
candidate in his or her campaign, as defined in s. 11.26 (17), exclusive of the amount			
of any grant or any contributions deposited under sub. (2) or received under sub. (3).			
(15) No later than the first day of the first month beginning at least 15 days			
after an election at which a candidate receives a grant from the clean elections fund,			
the candidate shall return to the state treasurer any amount of the grant remaining			
in the candidate's campaign depository account, except that a candidate who receives			
a grant at a primary election need not return any amount under this subsection if			
the candidate qualifies to receive a grant at the succeeding spring, general, or special			
election.			
(16) The board may promulgate rules required to implement this section.			
<b>Section 47.</b> 14.58 (20) of the statutes is amended to read:			
14.58 (20) ELECTION CAMPAIGN CLEAN ELECTIONS FUND. Make disbursements to			
each candidate certified under s. 7.08 (2) (c) or (cm) by the elections board as eligible			
to receive moneys a grant from the Wisconsin election campaign clean elections fund.			
Section 48. 14.58 (20) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Acts 1 and			

1	14.58 (20) CLEAN ELECTIONS FUND. Make disbursements to each candidate
2	certified under s. 7.08 (2) (c) or (cm) by the elections government accountability board
3	as eligible to receive a grant from the clean elections fund.
4	<b>Section 49.</b> 20.510 (1) (q) of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
5	20.510 (1) (q) Clean elections fund grants. From the clean elections fund, a sum
6	sufficient to make the grants to candidates required under s. 11.51.
7	Section 50. 20.511 (1) (q) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 1,
8	is repealed and recreated to read:
9	20.511 (1) (q) Clean elections fund grants. From the clean elections fund, a sum
10	sufficient to make the grants to candidates required under s. 11.51.
11	Section 51. 20.855 (4) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
12	<b>Section 52.</b> 20.855 (4) (ba) of the statutes is created to read:
13	20.855 (4) (ba) Clean elections fund supplement. A sum sufficient equal to the
14	amounts required to make the grants to candidates required under s. 11.51, to be
15	transferred to the clean elections fund.
16	<b>Section 53.</b> 25.17 (1) (aw) of the statutes is created to read:
17	25.17 <b>(1)</b> (aw) Clean elections fund (s. 25.42);
18	Section 54. 25.17 (1) (ys) of the statutes is repealed.
19	<b>Section 55.</b> 25.42 of the statutes is repealed and recreated to read:
20	<b>25.42 Clean elections fund.</b> All moneys deposited with the state treasurer
21	under s. 11.51 (2) and (5) or returned to the state treasurer under s. 11.51 (15) and
22	all moneys transferred to the clean elections fund under s. 20.855 (4) (ba) constitute
23	the clean elections fund.
24	Section 56. 71.10 (3) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 1, is
25	repealed.

SECTION 57. Initial applicability.
(1) The treatment of section 11.01 (16) (a) 3. of the statutes first applies with
respect to reporting periods that begin on or after the effective date of this subsection
(2) The treatment of sections 11.31 (9) and 11.51 (11) of the statutes first applies
to adjustments for the biennium beginning on January 1, 2012.
Section 58. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the day after publication
except as follows:
(1) The treatment of sections 14.58 (20) (by Section 48) and 20.511 (1) (q) (by
Section 50) of the statutes takes effect on the initiation date specified in 2007
Wisconsin Act 1 section 200 (1)

(END)

# DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

-2400 ldn LRB=0901/1dn JTK:wlj:pg

February 21, 2007

### Representative Pocan:

Proposed s. 11.51 (12) provides public grants to qualifying candidates to match certain disbursements made by opposing candidates who do not accept public grants. It could be asserted that this provision burdens the freedom of speech of opposing candidates in violation of the First Amendment. Although relevant case law has developed regarding this issue in the federal courts of appeal, there is no consensus among these courts on this issue. Compare, for example, *Day v. Holahan*, 34 F.3d 1356, 1360–62 (8th Cir., 1994) with *Daggett v. Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices*, 205 F.3d 445, 463–65, 467–69 (1st Cir., 2000). Due to the unsettled nature of the law in this area, it is not possible to predict how a court would rule if proposed s. 11.51 (12) were challenged.

Jeffery T. Kuesel Managing Attorney Phone: (608) 266–6778

## DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-2400/1dn JTK:wlj&cjs:jf

April 10, 2007

### Representative Pocan:

Proposed s. 11.51 (12) provides public grants to qualifying candidates to match certain disbursements made by opposing candidates who do not accept public grants. It could be asserted that this provision burdens the freedom of speech of opposing candidates in violation of the First Amendment. Although relevant case law has developed regarding this issue in the federal courts of appeal, there is no consensus among these courts on this issue. Compare, for example, *Day v. Holahan*, 34 F.3d 1356, 1360–62 (8th Cir., 1994) with *Daggett v. Commission on Governmental Ethics and Election Practices*, 205 F.3d 445, 463–65, 467–69 (1st Cir., 2000). Due to the unsettled nature of the law in this area, it is not possible to predict how a court would rule if proposed s. 11.51 (12) were challenged.

Jeffery T. Kuesel Managing Attorney Phone: (608) 266-6778

### **Duerst, Christina**

From:

Wavrunek, Glenn

Sent:

Tuesday, April 10, 2007 10:00 AM

To:

LRB.Legal

Subject:

Draft Review: LRB 07-2400/1 Topic: Public financing of campaigns for state office

Please Jacket LRB 07-2400/1 for the SENATE.