2007 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 12/10/2007

Received By: mshovers

Wanted: As time permits

Identical to LRB:

For: Glenn Grothman (608) 266-7513

By/Representing: Sen. Grothman

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO**

Drafter: mshovers

May Contact:

Addl. Drafters:

Extra Copies:

chanaman

Subject:

Local Gov't - misc

Local Gov't - 1st class cities Employ Pub - collective bargain

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email:

Sen.Grothman@legis.wisconsin.gov

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Payment of a police officer's and fire fighter's salary after suspension, terminiation

Instructions:

See Attached. Based on s0193/2, which is based on SB 176 and a0946.

•	. 4	• •		TT.	4		
	100	TITE	a	HIC	r_{Λ}	34W7	
1,			ĸ	His	w	1 V	٠

Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required
/?							S&L
/1	mshovers 12/11/2007	wjackson 12/11/2007	nnatzke 12/11/200	7	mbarman 12/11/2007		S&L
/2	mshovers 01/10/2008	bkraft 01/11/2008	jfrantze 01/11/200	8	mbarman 01/11/2008		S&L
/3	mshovers	bkraft	pgreensl	***************************************	mbarman		S&L

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	<u>Submitted</u>	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
	01/11/2008	01/11/2008	01/11/200	8	01/11/2008		
/4	mshovers 01/16/2008	wjackson 01/21/2008		8	mbarman 01/22/2008	cduerst 02/13/2008	
FE Sent I	For: "/4" ©	gintro.	2-15-08	≷ <end></end>			

2007 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 12/10/2007 Received By: mshovers

Wanted: **As time permits** Identical to LRB:

For: Glenn Grothman (608) 266-7513 By/Representing: Sen. Grothman

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO**Drafter: **mshovers**

May Contact: Addl. Drafters: chanaman

Subject: Local Gov't - misc Extra Copies:

Employ Pub - collective bargain

Requester's email: Sen.Grothman@legis.wisconsin.gov

Local Gov't - 1st class cities

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

Submit via email: YES

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Payment of a police officer's and fire fighter's salary after suspension, terminiation

Instructions:

See Attached. Based on s0193/2, which is based on SB 176 and a0946.

Drafting History:

Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
/?				***************************************			S&L
/1	mshovers 12/11/2007	wjackson 12/11/2007	nnatzke 12/11/200	7	mbarman 12/11/2007		S&L
/2	mshovers 01/10/2008	bkraft 01/11/2008	jfrantze 01/11/2008	8	mbarman 01/11/2008		S&L
/3	mshovers	bkraft	pgreensl	and the second of the second o	mbarman		S&L

LRB-3626 01/22/2008 08:40:43 AM Page 2

Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
	01/11/2008	01/11/2008	01/11/200	8	01/11/2008		
/4	mshovers 01/16/2008	wjackson 01/21/2008	pgreensl 01/22/2008	8	mbarman 01/22/2008		

FE Sent For:

<END>

2007 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received:	12/	10/2	007
-----------	-----	------	-----

Received By: mshovers

Wanted: As time permits

Identical to LRB:

For: Glenn Grothman (608) 266-7513

By/Representing: Sen. Grothman

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO

Drafter: mshovers

May Contact:

Addl. Drafters:

Extra Copies:

chanaman

Subject:

Local Gov't - misc

Local Gov't - 1st class cities Employ Pub - collective bargain

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email:

Sen.Grothman@legis.wisconsin.gov

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Payment of a police officer's and fire fighter's salary after suspension, terminiation

Instructions:

See Attached. Based on s0193/2, which is based on SB 176 and a0946.

Drafting History:

Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required
/?				***************************************			S&L
/1	mshovers 12/11/2007	wjackson 12/11/2007	nnatzke 12/11/2007	7	mbarman 12/11/2007		S&L
/2	mshovers 01/10/2008	bkraft 01/11/2008	jfrantze 01/11/2008	8 //	mbarman 01/11/2008		S&L
/3	mshovers	bkraft	pgreensl	22	mbarman		
(4 1	NES 1/	16/04 14 WLj 1 21	b958	P8/11	つ		

LRB-3626 01/11/2008 01:39:03 PM

Page 2

 Vers.
 Drafted
 Reviewed
 Typed
 Proofed
 Submitted
 Jacketed
 Required

 01/11/2008
 01/11/2008
 01/11/2008
 01/11/2008
 01/11/2008
 01/11/2008

FE Sent For:

<**END>**

2007 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 12/10/2007	Received By: mshovers
-----------------------------	-----------------------

Wanted: As time permits Identical to LRB:

For: Glenn Grothman (608) 266-7513 By/Representing: Sen. Grothman

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO**Drafter: **mshovers**

May Contact: Addl. Drafters: chanaman

Subject: Local Gov't - misc Extra Copies:

Local Gov't - 1st class cities Employ Pub - collective bargain

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email: Sen.Grothman@legis.wisconsin.gov

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Payment of a police officer's salary after suspension, terminiation

Instructions:

See Attached. Based on s0193/2, which is based on SB 176 and a0946.

Drafting History:

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
/?				***************************************			S&L
/1	mshovers 12/11/2007	wjackson 12/11/2007	nnatzke 12/11/200	7	mbarman 12/11/2007		S&L
/2	mshovers 01/10/2008	bkraft 01/11/2008	jfrantze 01/11/200	8	mbarman 01/11/2008		
/3 /	NES /	1/08 13 bj k	1/1/6	8 P81			

FE Sent For:

<END>

2007 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 12/10/2007 Received By: mshovers Identical to LRB: Wanted: As time permits For: Glenn Grothman (608) 266-7513 By/Representing: Sen. Grothman This file may be shown to any legislator: NO Drafter: mshovers May Contact: Addl. Drafters: chanaman Subject: Local Gov't - misc Extra Copies: Local Gov't - 1st class cities **Employ Pub - collective bargain** Submit via email: YES Requester's email: Sen.Grothman@legis.wisconsin.gov Carbon copy (CC:) to: Pre Topic: No specific pre topic given **Topic:** Payment of a police officer's salary after suspension, terminiation **Instructions:** See Attached. Based on s0193/2, which is based on SB 176 and a0946. **Drafting History:** Vers. Drafted Reviewed **Typed** Proofed **Submitted** Jacketed Required

/1

1?

wjackson mshovers 12/11/2007 12/11/2007 nnatzke 12/11/2007 mbarman 12/11/2007 S&L

72 bj k 1/10/08

2007 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 12/10/2007 Received By: mshovers

Wanted: As time permits Identical to LRB:

For: Glenn Grothman (608) 266-7513 By/Representing: Sen. Grothman

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO**Drafter: **mshovers**

May Contact: Addl. Drafters: CMH

Subject: Local Gov't - misc Extra Copies:

Local Gov't - 1st class cities

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email: Sen.Grothman@legis.wisconsin.gov

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Payment of a police officer's salary after suspension, terminiation

Instructions:

See Attached. Based on s0193/2, which is based on SB 176 and a0946.

Drafting History:

<u>Vers.</u> <u>Drafted</u> <u>Reviewed</u> <u>Typed</u> <u>Proofed</u> <u>Submitted</u> <u>Jacketed</u> <u>Required</u>

mshovers $||W_j||_{12/11}$ $\frac{nun}{12/11}$

FE Sent For:

<END>



State of Misconsin 2007 - 2008 LEGISLATURE

LRB-3626/2 4 Cm/

wy (RMP)

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

(today)

AN ACT ...; relating to: payment of a police officer's or fire fighter's salary after
being charged with a misdemeanor or felony, or after discharge, and the
adjournment of a trial or investigation relating to charges brought against a lat
class city police officer or fire fighter.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau 🤫

Under current law, no member of the police force of a st class city (presently only Milwaukee) may be suspended or discharged without pay or benefits until the matter that is the subject of the suspension or discharge is disposed of by the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners (1st) class city board) or the time for an appeal passes without an appeal being made. Also under current law, no 1st class city police or fire chief, or fire fighter, may be deprived of compensation during the time he or she is suspended preceding an investigation or trial, unless the charges are sustained. Currently, no member of a police force or fire department of a second, third, or fourth class city may be deprived of compensation while suspended, pending disposition of the charges.

Also under current law, if the 1st class city board's decision upholding the discharge or suspension is reversed, the member must be reinstated to his or her former position in the department and is entitled to pay as if he or she was not suspended or discharged. Similar provisions apply to a second, third, or fourth class city police officer or fire fighter whose suspension or removal is reversed.

Under this bill, if a police officer or fire fighter (subordinate) of any class of city is charged with a misdemeanor or felony, the chief must suspend the subordinate and

(P).

2

3

4

5

6

7

the subordinate is deprived of compensation pending the disposition of the misdemeanor or felony charges. In 1st class cities, the chief may also discharge a subordinate who is so charged. In 2nd, 3rd, and 4th class cities a chief may also seek the removal of a subordinate, by the board of police and fire commissioners (board), who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony. The bill also changes current law such that a 1st class city police or fire chief, as well as a fire fighter, who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony may be deprived of compensation during the period after he or she is charged preceding an investigation or trial.

The bill also provides that if the chief of a 2nd, 3rd, or 4th class city police or fire department communicates in writing to the board that a subordinate be removed and if the board takes no action on the communication, the chief's written communication is considered to be charges filed against the subordinate, and a suspension without pay, on the 181st day following the board's receipt of the written communication.

In all cases under the bill, if the charges filed against a suspended subordinate are dismissed, or if the subordinate is found not guilty of the charges, the subordinate is reinstated and sentitled to back pay.

Currently, if a 1st class city board receives a notice of appeal, it must schedule a trial within 5 and 15 days after service of the notice and copy of the complaint. This bill changes the time frame for scheduling a trial to between 90 and 120 days.

Currently, both the accused and the chief of a st class city department have the right to request up to a 15-day adjournment of the trial or investigation of the charges. Once such a request is made, it is granted automatically. Under the bill, the board may grant an adjournment, for cause, to either party.

This bill also repeals a provision that was enacted as part of the state budget, Wisconsin Act 20, that INS A

Wisconsin Act 20, that $rac{1}{1}$ $rac{1}{1}$ For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 62.13 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.13 (5) (b) Charges may be filed against a subordinate by the chief, by a member of the board, by the board as a body, or by any aggrieved person. Such charges shall be in writing and shall be filed with the president of the board. Pending disposition of such charges, the board or chief may suspend such subordinate. If a chief seeks removal of a subordinate under this subsection for cause, as a result of the subordinate being charged with a misdemeanor or felony, the subordinate may

not receive any compensation following the chief's action, pending disposition of the charges by the board.

SECTION 2. 62.13 (5) (be) of the statutes is created to read:

62.13 (5) (be) If a subordinate is charged with a misdemeanor or felony, he or she shall be suspended by the chief and deprived of compensation pending the disposition of the misdemeanor or felony. If the charges are dismissed or the subordinate is found not guilty of the charges, the subordinate shall be reinstated and entitled to compensation as though in continuous service.

SECTION 3. 62.13 (5) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

62.13 (5) (bm) If a chief communicates in writing to the board that a subordinate be suspended or removed under this subsection for cause, and if the board does not take any action on the communication, on the 181st day following the board's receipt of the communication, the chief's communication shall be considered charges filed against a subordinate under par. (b) and the chief shall suspend the subordinate. The subordinate shall be deprived of compensation at the time of his or her suspension, pending the disposition of the charges.

SECTION 4. 62.13 (5) (h) of the statutes is repealed.

Section 5. 62.50 (11) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.50 (11) DISCHARGE OR SUSPENSION. No member of the police force or fire department may be discharged or suspended for a term exceeding 30 days by the chief of either of the departments except for cause and after trial under this section. A member of either force who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony shall be suspended by the chief, and may be discharged by the chief, under this subsection. A member of either force who is awaiting trial under this section, with regard to the member's suspension or discharge, may not receive any pay or benefits after his or

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

SECTION 5

her suspension or discharge, while he or she is awaiting trial under this section, subject to the disposition of the charges. If the charges described in this subsection or in sub. (13) are dismissed, or if the member is found not guilty of the charges, the member shall be reinstated and entitled to pay as described in sub. (22).

SECTION 6. 62.50 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:

DISCHARGE OR SUSPENSION: APPEAL. The chief discharging or 62.50 **(13)** suspending for a period exceeding 5 days any member of the force shall give written notice of the discharge or suspension to the member and immediately report the same to the secretary of the board of fire and police commissioners together with a complaint setting forth the reasons for the discharge or suspension and the name of the complainant if other than the chief. A member of either force who is suspended or discharged by the chief under this subsection as a result of being charged with a misdemeanor or felony, who is awaiting trial under this section with regard to his or her suspension or discharge, may not receive any pay or benefits after his or her suspension or discharge while he or she is awaiting trial under this section, subject to the disposition of the charges that led to the officer's discharge. Within 10 days after the date of service of the notice of a discharge or suspension order the members so discharged or suspended may appeal from the order of discharge or suspension or discipline to the board of fire and police commissioners, by filing with the board a notice of appeal in the following or similar form:

To the honorable board of fire and police commissioners:

Please take notice that I appeal from the order or decision of the chief of the department, discharging (or suspending) me from service, which order of discharge (or suspension) was made on the day of, (year).

SECTION 7. 62.50 (14) of the statutes is amended to read:

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

62.50 (14) COMPLAINT. The board, after receiving the notice of appeal shall, within 5 days, serve the appellant with a copy of the complaint and a notice fixing the time and place of trial, which time of trial may not be less than 5 90 days nor more than 15 120 days after service of the notice and a copy of the complaint.

SECTION 8. 62.50 (16) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.50 (16) Trial; adjournment. The board may grant the accused and or the chief shall have the right to an adjournment of the trial or investigation of the charges, for cause, not to exceed 15 days. In the course of any trial or investigation under this section each member of the fire and police commission may administer oaths, secure by its subpoenas both the attendance of witnesses and the production of records relevant to the trial and investigation, and compel witnesses to answer and may punish for contempt in the same manner provided by law in trials before municipal judges for failure to answer or to produce records necessary for the trial. The trial shall be public and all witnesses shall be under oath. The accused shall have full opportunity to be heard in defense and shall be entitled to secure the attendance of all witnesses necessary for the defense at the expense of the city. The accused may appear in person and by attorney. The city in which the department is located may be represented by the city attorney. All evidence shall be taken by a stenographic reporter who first shall be sworn to perform the duties of a stenographic reporter in taking evidence in the matter fully and fairly to the best of his or her ability.

SECTION 9. 62.50 (18) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.50 (18) Salary during suspension. No chief officer of either department or member of the fire department may be deprived of any salary or wages for the period of time suspended preceding an investigation or trial, unless the reason for the

suspension is that the chief or member has been charged with a misdemeanor or
felony, unless the charge is sustained. No member of the police force may be
suspended or discharged under sub. (11) or (13) without pay or benefits, unless the
reason for the suspension is that the officer has been charged with a misdemeanor
or felony, until the matter that is the subject of the suspension or discharge is
disposed of by the board or the time for appeal under sub. (13) passes without an
appeal being made.
Spectron 10 111 70 (4) (c) 2 a of the statutes as affected by 2007 Wisconsin

SECTION 10. 111.70 (4) (c) 2. a. of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 20, is renumbered 111.70 (4) (c) 2.

SECTION 11. 111.70 (4) (c) 2. b. of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsin Act 20, is repealed.

SECTION 12. 111.70 (4) (mc) of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsin Act 20, is repealed.

SECTION 13. Initial applicability.

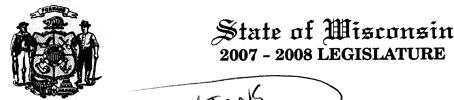
(1) This act first applies to any member of the police force who is covered by a collective bargaining agreement that contains provisions inconsistent with this act on the day on which the collective bargaining agreement expires or is extended, modified, or renewed, whichever occurs first.

(END)

2007-2008 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

1 Insert A

permits a collective bargaining agreement to contain dispute resolution procedures that address suspension, reduction in rank, suspension and reduction in rank, or removal of municipal employers who engage in law enforcement or fire fighting functions.



LRB-3626/1 MES&CMH:wlj:nwn

Sparla 20 2007 BILL

or De work of but not buil,

for what we wis to buil, ray stopps.

John which for the percent of the

AN ACT to repeat 62.13 (5) (h), 111.70 (4) (c) 2. b. and 111.70 (4) (mc); to Mrenumber 111.70 (4) (c) 2. a.; to amend 62.13 (5) (b), 62.50 (11), 62.50 (13), 62.50 (14), 62.50 (16) and 62.50 (18); and to create 62.13 (5) (be) and 62.13 (5) (bm) of the statutes; relating to: payment of a police officer's or fire fighter's salary after being charged with a misdemeanor or felony, or after discharge, and the adjournment of a trial or investigation relating to charges brought against a first class city police officer or fire fighter.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, no member of the police force of a first class city (presently only Milwaukee) may be suspended or discharged without pay or benefits until the matter that is the subject of the suspension or discharge is disposed of by the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners (first class city board) or the time for an appeal passes without an appeal being made. Also under current law, no first class city police chief or fire chief, or fire fighter, may be deprived of compensation during the time he or she is suspended preceding an investigation or trial, unless the charges are sustained. Currently, no member of a police force or fire department of a second, third, or fourth class city may be deprived of compensation while suspended, pending disposition of the charges.

Also under current law, if the first class city board's decision upholding the discharge or suspension is reversed, the member must be reinstated to his or her

1

2

3

4

5 6

7

1

2

3

former position in the department and is entitled to pay as if he or she was not suspended or discharged. Similar provisions apply to a second, third, or fourth class

city police officer or fire fighter whose suspension or removal is reversed.

Under this bill, if a police officer or fire fighter (subordinate) of any class of city is charged with a misdemeanor or felony, the chief must suspend the subordinate, and the subordinate is deprived of compensation pending the disposition of the misdemeanor or felony charges. In first class cities, the chief may also discharge a subordinate who is so charged. In second, third, and fourth class cities, a chief may seek the removal of a subordinate, by the board of police and fire commissioners (board), who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony. The bill also changes current law such that a first class city police or fire chief, as well as a fire fighter, who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony may be deprived of compensation during the period after he or she is charged preceding an investigation or trial.

The bill provides that if the chief of a second, third, or fourth class city police or fire department communicates in writing to the board that a subordinate be suspended or removed and if the board takes no action on the communication, the chief's written communication is considered to be charges filed against the subordinate, and a suspension without pay, on the 181st day following the board's

receipt of the written communication.

In all cases under the bill, if the charges filed against a suspended subordinate are dismissed, or if the subordinate is found not guilty of the charges, the subordinate is reinstated and entitled to back pay.

Currently, if a first class city board receives a notice of appeal, it must schedule a trial within 5 and 15 days after service of the notice and copy of the complaint. This bill changes the time frame for scheduling a trial to within 90 and 120 days.

Currently, both the accused and the chief of a first class city department have the right to request up to a 15-day adjournment of the trial or investigation of the charges. Once such a request is made, it is granted automatically. Under the bill, the board may grant an adjournment, for cause, to either party.

This bill also repeals a provision that was enacted as part of the state budget, Wisconsin Act 20, that permits a collective bargaining agreement to contain dispute resolution procedures that address suspension, reduction in rank, suspension and reduction in rank, or removal of municipal employees who engage in law enforcement or fire fighting functions.

For further information see the **state** and **local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 62.13 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.13 (5) (b) Charges may be filed against a subordinate by the chief, by a

member of the board, by the board as a body, or by any aggrieved person. Such



2

3

4

5

6

7

State of Misconsin 2007 - 2008 LEGISLATURE

Inserts

LRB-3626/1 MES&CMH:wlj:nwn

2007 BILL





AN ACT to repeal 62.13 (5) (h), 111.70 (4) (c) 2. b. and 111.70 (4) (mc); to renumber 111.70 (4) (c) 2. a.; to amend 62.13 (5) (b), 62.50 (11), 62.50 (13), 62.50 (14), 62.50 (16) and 62.50 (18); and to create 62.13 (5) (be) and 62.13 (5) (bm) of the statutes; relating to: payment of a police officer's or fire fighter's salary after being charged with a misdemeanor or felony, or after discharge, and the adjournment of a trial or investigation relating to charges brought against a first class city police officer or fire fighter.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, no member of the police force of a first class city (presently only Milwaukee) may be suspended or discharged without pay or benefits until the matter that is the subject of the suspension or discharge is disposed of by the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners (first class city board) or the time for an appeal passes without an appeal being made. Also under current law, no first class city police chief or fire chief, or fire fighter, may be deprived of compensation during the time he or she is suspended preceding an investigation or trial, unless the charges are sustained. Currently, no member of a police force or fire department of a second, third, or fourth class city may be deprived of compensation while suspended, pending disposition of the charges.

Also under current law, if the first class city board's decision upholding the discharge or suspension is reversed, the member must be reinstated to his or her

1

2

3

former position in the department and is entitled to pay as if he or she was not suspended or discharged. Similar provisions apply to a second, third, or fourth class city police officer or fire fighter whose suspension or removal is reversed.

Under this bill, if a police officer or fire fighter (subordinate) of any class of city is charged with a misdemeanor or felony, the chief must suspend the subordinate, and the subordinate is deprived of compensation pending the disposition of the misdemeanor of felony charges. In first class cities, the chief may also discharge a subordinate who is so charged. In second, third, and fourth class cities, a chief may seek the removal of a subordinate, by the board of police and fire commissioners (board), who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony. The bill also changes current law such that a first class city police or fire chief, as well as a fire fighter, who is charged with a misdemeanor of felony may be deprived of compensation during the period after he or she is charged preceding an investigation or trial.

The bill provides that if the chief of a second, third, or fourth class city police or fire department communicates in writing to the board that a subordinate be suspended or removed and if the board takes no action on the communication, the chief's written communication is considered to be charges filed against the subordinate, and a suspension without pay, on the 181st day following the board's receipt of the written communication.

In all cases under the bill, if the charges filed against a suspended subordinate

In all cases under the bill, if the charges filed against a suspended subordinate are dismissed, or if the subordinate is found not guilty of the charges, the subordinate is reinstated and entitled to back pay.

Currently, if a first class city board receives a notice of appeal, it must schedule a trial within 5 and 15 days after service of the notice and copy of the complaint. This bill changes the time frame for scheduling a trial to within 90 and 120 days.

Currently, both the accused and the chief of a first class city department have the right to request up to a 15-day adjournment of the trial or investigation of the charges. Once such a request is made, it is granted automatically. Under the bill, the board may grant an adjournment, for cause, to either party.

This bill also repeals a provision that was enacted as part of the state budget, Wisconsin Act 20, that permits a collective bargaining agreement to contain dispute resolution procedures that address suspension, reduction in rank, suspension and reduction in rank, or removal of municipal employees who engage in law enforcement or fire fighting functions.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. 62.13 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.13 (5) (b) Charges may be filed against a subordinate by the chief, by a member of the board, by the board as a body, or by any aggrieved person. Such

25

1	charges shall be in writing and shall be filed with the president of the board. Pending
2	disposition of such charges, the board or chief may suspend such subordinate. If a
3	chief seeks removal of a subordinate under this subsection for cause, as a result of
4	the subordinate being charged with a misdemeanor or felony, the subordinate may
5	not receive any compensation following the chief's action, pending disposition of the
6	charges by the board.
7	SECTION 2. 62.13 (5) (be) of the statutes is created to read:
8	62.13 (5) (be) If a subordinate is charged with a misdemeanor or felony, he or she shall be suspended by the chief and deprived of compensation pending the
10	disposition of the misdemean felony. If the charges are dismissed or the
11	subordinate is found not guilty of the charges, the subordinate shall be reinstated
12	and entitled to compensation as though in continuous service.
13	Section 3. 62.13 (5) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:
14	62.13 (5) (bm) If a chief communicates in writing to the board that a
15	subordinate be suspended or removed under this subsection for cause, and if the
16	board does not take any action on the communication, on the 181st day following the
17	board's receipt of the communication, the chief's communication shall be considered
18	charges filed against a subordinate under par. (b) and the chief shall suspend the
19	subordinate. The subordinate shall be deprived of compensation at the time of his
20	or her suspension, pending the disposition of the charges.
21	SECTION 4. 62.13 (5) (h) of the statutes is repealed.
22	SECTION 5. $62.50 (11)$ of the statutes is amended to read:
23	62.50 (11) DISCHARGE OR SUSPENSION. No member of the police force or fire
24	department may be discharged or suspended for a term exceeding 30 days by the

chief of either of the departments except for cause and after trial under this section.

1

2

3

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

A member of either force who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony shall be suspended by the chief, and may be discharged by the chief, under this subsection.

A member of either force who is awaiting trial under this section, with regard to the member's suspension or discharge, may not receive any pay or benefits after his or her suspension or discharge, while he or she is awaiting trial under this section, subject to the disposition of the charges. If the charges described in this subsection or in sub. (13) are dismissed, or if the member is found not guilty of the charges, the

SECTION 6. 62.50 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:

member shall be reinstated and entitled to pay as described in sub. (22).

The chief discharging or DISCHARGE OR SUSPENSION; APPEAL. 62.50 **(13)** suspending for a period exceeding 5 days any member of the force shall give written notice of the discharge or suspension to the member and immediately report the same to the secretary of the board of fire and police commissioners together with a complaint setting forth the reasons for the discharge or suspension and the name of the complainant if other than the chief. A member of either force who is suspended or discharged by the chief under this subsection as a result of being charged with a misdemeanor felony, who is awaiting trial under this section with regard to his or her suspension or discharge, may not receive any pay or benefits after his or her suspension or discharge while he or she is awaiting trial under this section, subject to the disposition of the charges that led to the officer's discharge. Within 10 days after the date of service of the notice of a discharge or suspension order the members so discharged or suspended may appeal from the order of discharge or suspension or discipline to the board of fire and police commissioners, by filing with the board a notice of appeal in the following or similar form:

To the honorable board of fire and police commissioners:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Please take notice that I appeal from the order or decision of the chief of the department, discharging (or suspending) me from service, which order of discharge (or suspension) was made on the day of, (year).

SECTION 7. 62.50 (14) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.50 (14) COMPLAINT. The board, after receiving the notice of appeal shall, within 5 days, serve the appellant with a copy of the complaint and a notice fixing the time and place of trial, which time of trial may not be less than 5 90 days nor more than 15 120 days after service of the notice and a copy of the complaint.

SECTION 8. 62.50 (16) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.50 (16) TRIAL; ADJOURNMENT. The board may grant the accused and or the chief shall have the right to an adjournment of the trial or investigation of the charges, for cause, not to exceed 15 days. In the course of any trial or investigation under this section each member of the fire and police commission may administer oaths, secure by its subpoenas both the attendance of witnesses and the production of records relevant to the trial and investigation, and compel witnesses to answer and may punish for contempt in the same manner provided by law in trials before municipal judges for failure to answer or to produce records necessary for the trial. The trial shall be public and all witnesses shall be under oath. The accused shall have full opportunity to be heard in defense and shall be entitled to secure the attendance of all witnesses necessary for the defense at the expense of the city. The accused may appear in person and by attorney. The city in which the department is located may be represented by the city attorney. All evidence shall be taken by a stenographic reporter who first shall be sworn to perform the duties of a stenographic reporter in taking evidence in the matter fully and fairly to the best of his or her ability.

SECTION 9. 62.50 (18) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.50 (18) Salary during suspension. No chief officer of either department or member of the fire department may be deprived of any salary or wages for the period of time suspended preceding an investigation or trial, unless the reason for the suspension is that the chief or member has been charged with a misdemeanor or felony, unless the charge is sustained. No member of the police force may be suspended or discharged under sub. (11) or (13) without pay or benefits, unless the reason for the suspension is that the officer has been charged with a misdemeanor or felony, until the matter that is the subject of the suspension or discharge is disposed of by the board or the time for appeal under sub. (13) passes without an appeal being made.

SECTION 10. 111.70 (4) (c) 2. a. of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 20, is renumbered 111.70 (4) (c) 2.

SECTION 11. 111.70 (4) (c) 2. b. of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsin Act 20, is repealed.

SECTION 12. 111.70 (4) (mc) of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsin Act 20, is repealed.

SECTION 13. Initial applicability.

(1) This act first applies to any member of the police force who is covered by a collective bargaining agreement that contains provisions inconsistent with this act on the day on which the collective bargaining agreement expires or is extended, modified, or renewed, whichever occurs first.

(END)

Drope

2007-2008 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

INS ANL

The bill also specifies that, with regard to a first class city, a member of either force who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony and subsequently discharged may not receive any compensation following the discharge, and a member of either force who is discharged for any other reason may not receive any compensation after the discharge is upheld by the board or the time for an appeal passes without an appeal being made. \checkmark

INS 4-6

A member of either force who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony and discharged following a trial under this section may not receive any pay or benefits following his or her discharge. A member of either force who is discharged for any other reason under this section may not receive any pay or benefits after the discharge is upheld by the board or the time for an appeal to the board passes without an appeal being made.

end A inserts

D-Note

MES: Lik:

Sevator Grothman;

9 ± deleted the last sentence in A.62.13.(5) & (bm) g

as it appeared in the 11 version That sentence

deprived a suspended subordinate of pay even though

le or she was not charged with a fellongo so this

Le or she was not charged with a fellongo so this

M38

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-3626/2dn MES:wlj&bk:jf

January 11, 2008

Senator Grothman;

I deleted the last sentence in s. 62.13 (5) (bm), as it appeared in the /1 version. That sentence deprived a suspended subordinate of pay even though he or she was not charged with a felony. Is this OK?

Marc E. Shovers Senior Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266-0129

E-mail: marc.shovers@legis.wisconsin.gov

STATE OF WISCONSIN – LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB

Research (608-266-0341)

Library (608-266-7040)

Legal (608-266-3561)

LRB

Gly Changed my mis or felory & Thief seeks removal, no pay and in chief may puspend
i hiel seeks removal, norman
and in the many propered
(62)
(32) delete
62 Make consist / rules
they that well seg to mysend
A charge may only
Go make consist / ref to suggest with the suggest only in charged - must only in suggest dismission
amerina
12 100 an Hotelest
do for por Dottlieb



State of Misconsin 2007 - 2008 LEGISLATURE

LRB-3626/27 MES&CMH:wlj&bk:i0

Starte (AMR)

2007 BILL

SAV

1

2

3

6

7

WANKel)
WANKel)
Comme

AN ACT to repeal 62.13 (5) (h), 111.70 (4) (c) 2. b. and 111.70 (4) (mc); to renumber 111.70 (4) (c) 2. a.; to amend 62.13 (5) (b), 62.50 (11), 62.50 (13), 62.50 (14), 62.50 (16) and 62.50 (18); and to create 62.13 (5) (be) and 62.13 (5) (bm) of the statutes; relating to: payment of a police officer's or fire fighter's salary after being charged with a misdemeanor or felony of after discharge and the adjournment of a trial or investigation relating to charges brought against a first class city police officer or fire fighter.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, no member of the police force of a first class city (presently only Milwaukee) may be suspended or discharged without pay or benefits until the matter that is the subject of the suspension or discharge is disposed of by the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners (first class city board) or the time for an appeal passes without an appeal being made. Also under current law, no first class city police chief or fire chief, or fire fighter, may be deprived of compensation during the time he or she is suspended preceding an investigation or trial, unless the charges are sustained. Currently, no member of a police force or fire department of a second, third, or fourth class city may be deprived of compensation while suspended, pending disposition of the charges.

Also under current law, if the first class city board's decision upholding the discharge or suspension is reversed, the member must be reinstated to his or her

if the chief also discharges or seeks to discharge the subordinate

former position in the department and is entitled to pay as if he or she was not suspended or discharged. Similar provisions apply to a second, third, or fourth class city police officer or fire fighter whose suspension or removal is reversed.

- 2 -

Under this bill, if a police officer or fire fighter (subordinate) of any class of city is charged with a misdemeanor or felony, the chief must suspend the subordinate, and the subordinate is deprived of compensation pending the disposition of the charges. In first class cities, the chief may also discharge a subordinate who is so charged. In second, third, and fourth class cities, a chief may seek the removal of a subordinate, by the board of police and fire commissioners (board), who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony. The bill also changes current law such that a first class city police or fire chief, as well as a fire fighter, who is charged with a felony may be deprived of compensation during the period after he or she is charged preceding an investigation or trial. If the individual is also discharged

The bill provides that if the chief of a second, third, or fourth class city police or fire department communicates in writing to the board that a subordinate be suspended or removed and if the board takes no action on the communication, the chief's written communication is considered to be charges filed against the subordinate, and a suspension without pay, on the 181st day following the board's receipt of the written communication.

The bill also specifies that, with regard to a first class city, a member of either force who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony and subsequently discharged may not receive any compensation following the discharge, and a member of either force who is discharged for any other reason may not receive any compensation after the discharge is upheld by the board or the time for an appeal passes without an appeal being made.

In all cases under the bill, if the charges filed against a suspended subordinate are dismissed, or if the subordinate is found not guilty of the charges, the subordinate is reinstated and entitled to back pay.

Currently, if a first class city board receives a notice of appeal, it must schedule a trial within 5 and 15 days after service of the notice and copy of the complaint. This bill changes the time frame for scheduling a trial to within 90 and 120 days.

Currently, both the accused and the chief of a first class city department have the right to request up to a 15-day adjournment of the trial or investigation of the charges. Once such a request is made, it is granted automatically. Under the bill, the board may grant an adjournment, for cause, to either party.

This bill also repeals a provision that was enacted as part of the state budget, Wisconsin Act 20, that permits a collective bargaining agreement to contain dispute resolution procedures that address suspension, reduction in rank, suspension and reduction in rank, or removal of municipal employees who engage in law enforcement or fire fighting functions.

misdeman

1

2

3

4

5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 62.13 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

member of the board, by the board as a body, or by any aggrieved person. Such charges shall be in writing and shall be filed with the president of the board. Pending disposition of such charges, the board or chief may suspend such subordinate. If a chief seeks removal of a subordinate under this subsection for cause, as a result of the subordinate being charged with a felony, the subordinate may not receive any the chief's action, pending disposition of the charges by the and

board.

Section 2. 62.13 (5) (be) of the statutes is created to read:

62.13 (5) (be) If a subordinate is charged with a misdemeanor or felony, he or

she shall be suspended by the chief and, if charged with a felony, deprived of

sompensation pending the disposition of the felony charges If the charges are

dismissed or the subordinate is found not guilty of the charges, the subordinate shall

be reinstated and entitled to compensation as though in continuous service.

SECTION 3. 62.13 (5) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

62.13 **(5)** (bm) If a chief communicates in writing to the board that a subordinate be suspended or removed under this subsection for cause, and if the board does not take any action on the communication, on the 181st day following the board's receipt of the communication, the chief's communication shall be considered

25

1	charges filed against a subordinate under par. (b) and the chief shall suspend the
2	subordinate.
3	SECTION (62.13 (5) (h) of the statutes is repealed.
4	SECTION 5. 62.50 (11) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	62.50 (11) DISCHARGE OR SUSPENSION. No member of the police force or fire
6	department may be discharged or suspended for a term exceeding 30 days by the
7	chief of either of the departments except for cause and after trial under this section.
8	A member of either force who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony shall be
9	suspended by the chief and may be discharged by the chief under this subsection.
10	A member of either force who is awaiting trial under this section, with regard to the
11)	member's suspension discharge, which is related to being charged with a felony,
12	may not receive any pay or benefits after his or her suspension of discharge, while
13	he or she is awaiting trial under this section, subject to the disposition of the
14	charges. A member of either force who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony and
15	discharged following a trial under this section may not receive any pay or benefits
16	following his or her discharge. A member of either force who is discharged for any
17	other reason under this section may not receive any pay or benefits after the
18	discharge is upheld by the board or the time for an appeal to the board passes without
19	an appeal being made. If the charges described in this subsection or in sub. (13) are
20	dismissed, or if the member is found not guilty of the charges, the member shall be
21	reinstated and entitled to pay as described in sub. (22).
22	SECTION 6. 62.50 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	62.50 (13) DISCHARGE OR SUSPENSION; APPEAL. The chief discharging or
24	suspending for a period exceeding 5 days any member of the force shall give written

notice of the discharge or suspension to the member and immediately report the

25

same to the secretary of the board of fire and police commissioners together with a 1 complaint setting forth the reasons for the discharge or suspension and the name of 2 3 the complainant if other than the chief. A member of either force who is suspended on discharged by the chief under this subsection as a result of being charged with a felony, who is awaiting trial under this section with regard to his or her suspension discharge, may not receive any pay or benefits after his or her suspension or 6 7 discharge while he or she is awaiting trial under this section, subject to the disposition of the charges that led to the officer's discharge. Within 10 days after the 8 9 date of service of the notice of a discharge or suspension order the members so 10 discharged or suspended may appeal from the order of discharge or suspension or discipline to the board of fire and police commissioners, by filing with the board a 11 12 notice of appeal in the following or similar form: 13 To the honorable board of fire and police commissioners: 14 Please take notice that I appeal from the order or decision of the chief of the 15 department, discharging (or suspending) me from service, which order of discharge (or suspension) was made on the day of, (year). 16 17 **SECTION 7.** 62.50 (14) of the statutes is amended to read: 18 62.50 (14) COMPLAINT. The board, after receiving the notice of appeal shall, 19 within 5 days, serve the appellant with a copy of the complaint and a notice fixing the time and place of trial, which time of trial may not be less than 5 90 days nor more 20 than 15 120 days after service of the notice and a copy of the complaint. 2122 **SECTION 8.** 62.50 (16) of the statutes is amended to read: 23 62.50 (16) TRIAL; ADJOURNMENT. The board may grant the accused and or the 24 chief shall have the right to an adjournment of the trial or investigation of the

charges, for cause, not to exceed 15 days. In the course of any trial or investigation

under this section each member of the fire and police commission may administer oaths, secure by its subpoenas both the attendance of witnesses and the production of records relevant to the trial and investigation, and compel witnesses to answer and may punish for contempt in the same manner provided by law in trials before municipal judges for failure to answer or to produce records necessary for the trial. The trial shall be public and all witnesses shall be under oath. The accused shall have full opportunity to be heard in defense and shall be entitled to secure the attendance of all witnesses necessary for the defense at the expense of the city. The accused may appear in person and by attorney. The city in which the department is located may be represented by the city attorney. All evidence shall be taken by a stenographic reporter who first shall be sworn to perform the duties of a stenographic reporter in taking evidence in the matter fully and fairly to the best of his or her ability.

Section 9. 62.50 (18) of the statutes is amended to read:

Act 20, is renumbered 111.70 (4) (c) 2.

member of the fire department may be deprived of any salary or wages for the period of time suspended preceding an investigation or trial, unless the reason for the suspension is that the chief or member has been charged with a felony unless the charge is sustained. No member of the police force may be suspended or discharged under sub. (11) or (13) without pay or benefits, unless the reason for the suspension is that the officer has been charged with a felony until the matter that is the subject of the suspension or discharge is disposed of by the board or the time for appeal under sub. (13) passes without an appeal being made.

SECTION 10. 111.70 (4) (c) 2. a. of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin

1	SECTION 11. 111.70 (4) (c) 2. b. of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsin Act
2	20, is repealed. $\sqrt{}$
3	SECTION 12. 111.70 (4) (mc) of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsin Act
4	20, is repealed.
5	SECTION 13. Initial applicability.
6	(1) This act first applies to any member of the police force who is covered by a
7	collective bargaining agreement that contains provisions inconsistent with this act
8	on the day on which the collective bargaining agreement expires or is extended,
9	modified, or renewed, whichever occurs first.
10	(END)



2

3

4

5

6

7

State of Misconsin 2007 - 2008 LEGISLATURE

LRB-3626/3 MES&CMH:wlj&bk:pg

2007 BILL





AN ACT to repeal 62.13 (5) (h), 111.70 (4) (c) 2. b. and 111.70 (4) (mc); to renumber 111.70 (4) (c) 2. a.; to amend 62.13 (5) (b), 62.50 (11), 62.50 (13), 62.50 (14), 62.50 (16) and 62.50 (18); and to create 62.13 (5) (bm) of the statutes; relating to: payment of a police officer's or fire fighter's salary after being charged with a misdemeanor or felony and discharged, and the adjournment of a trial or investigation relating to charges brought against a first class city police officer or fire fighter.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, no member of the police force of a first class city (presently only Milwaukee) may be suspended or discharged without pay or benefits until the matter that is the subject of the suspension or discharge is disposed of by the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners (first class city board) or the time for an appeal passes without an appeal being made. Also under current law, no first class city police chief or fire chief, or fire fighter, may be deprived of compensation during the time he or she is suspended preceding an investigation or trial, unless the charges are sustained. Currently, no member of a police force or fire department of a second, third, or fourth class city may be deprived of compensation while suspended, pending disposition of the charges.

Also under current law, if the first class city board's decision upholding the discharge or suspension is reversed, the member must be reinstated to his or her

former position in the department and is entitled to pay as if he or she was not suspended or discharged. Similar provisions apply to a second, third, or fourth class city police officer or fire fighter whose suspension or removal is reversed.

Under this bill, if a police officer or fire fighter (subordinate) of any class of city is charged with a misdemeanor or felony, the chief must suspend the subordinate if the chief also discharges or seeks to discharge the subordinate, and the subordinate is deprived of compensation pending the disposition of the charges. In second, third, and fourth class cities, a chief may seek the removal of a subordinate, by the board of police and fire commissioners (board), who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony. The bill also changes current law such that a first class city police or fire chief, as well as a fire fighter, who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony may be deprived of compensation during the period after he or she is charged preceding an investigation or trial if the individual is also discharged.

The bill provides that if the chief of a second, third, or fourth class city police or fire department communicates in writing to the board that a subordinate be suspended or removed and if the board takes no action on the communication, the chief's written communication is considered to be charges filed against the subordinate, and a suspension without pay, on the 181st day following the board's receipt of the written communication.

The bill also specifies that, with regard to a first class city, a member of either force who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony and discharged may not receive any compensation following the discharge, and a member of either force who is discharged for any other reason may not receive any compensation after the discharge is upheld by the board or the time for an appeal passes without an appeal being made.

In all cases under the bill, if the charges filed against a suspended subordinate are dismissed, or if the subordinate is found not guilty of the charges, the subordinate is reinstated and entitled to back pay.

Currently, if a first class city board receives a notice of appeal, it must schedule a trial within 5 and 15 days after service of the notice and copy of the complaint. This bill changes the time frame for scheduling a trial to within 90 and 120 days.

Currently, both the accused and the chief of a first class city department have the right to request up to a 15-day adjournment of the trial or investigation of the charges. Once such a request is made, it is granted automatically. Under the bill, the board may grant an adjournment, for cause, to either party.

This bill also repeals a provision that was enacted as part of the state budget, Wisconsin Act 20, that permits a collective bargaining agreement to contain dispute resolution procedures that address suspension, reduction in rank, suspension and reduction in rank, or removal of municipal employees who engage in law enforcement or fire fighting functions.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 62.13 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.13 (5) (b) Charges may be filed against a subordinate by the chief, by a member of the board, by the board as a body, or by any aggrieved person. Such charges shall be in writing and shall be filed with the president of the board. Pending disposition of such charges, the board or chief may suspend such subordinate. If a chief seeks removal of a subordinate under this subsection for cause, as a result of the subordinate being charged with a misdemeanor or felony, the chief shall suspend the subordinate and the subordinate may not receive any compensation following the chief's action, pending disposition of the charges by the board. If the charges are dismissed or the subordinate is found not guilty of the charges, the subordinate shall be reinstated and entitled to compensation as though in continuous service.

Section 2. 62.13 (5) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

62.13 (5) (bm) If a chief communicates in writing to the board that a subordinate be suspended or removed under this subsection for cause, and if the board does not take any action on the communication, on the 181st day following the board's receipt of the communication, the chief's communication shall be considered charges filed against a subordinate under par. (b) and the chief shall suspend the subordinate.

SECTION 3. 62.13 (5) (h) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 4. 62.50 (11) of the statutes is amended to read:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

62.50 (11) DISCHARGE OR SUSPENSION. No member of the police force or fire department may be discharged or suspended for a term exceeding 30 days by the chief of either of the departments except for cause and after trial under this section. A member of either force who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony shall be suspended by the chief if the chief discharges the subordinate under this subsection. A member of either force who is awaiting trial under this section, with regard to the member's suspension and discharge, which is related to being charged with a misdemeanor or felony, may not receive any pay or benefits after his or her suspension and discharge, while he or she is awaiting trial under this section, subject to the disposition of the charges. A member of either force who is charged with a misdemeanor or felony and discharged following a trial under this section may not receive any pay or benefits following his or her discharge. A member of either force who is discharged for any other reason under this section may not receive any pay or benefits after the discharge is upheld by the board or the time for an appeal to the board passes without an appeal being made. If the charges described in this subsection or in sub. (13) are dismissed, or if the member is found not guilty of the charges, the member shall be reinstated and entitled to pay as described in sub. (22).

Section 5. 62.50 (13) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.50 (13) DISCHARGE OR SUSPENSION; APPEAL. The chief discharging or suspending for a period exceeding 5 days any member of the force shall give written notice of the discharge or suspension to the member and immediately report the same to the secretary of the board of fire and police commissioners together with a complaint setting forth the reasons for the discharge or suspension and the name of the complainant if other than the chief. A member of either force who is suspended and discharged by the chief under this subsection as a result of being charged with

a misdemeanor or felony, who is awaiting trial under this section with regard to his or her suspension and discharge, may not receive any pay or benefits after his or her suspension and discharge while he or she is awaiting trial under this section, subject to the disposition of the charges that led to the officer's discharge. Within 10 days after the date of service of the notice of a discharge or suspension order the members so discharged or suspended may appeal from the order of discharge or suspension or discipline to the board of fire and police commissioners, by filing with the board a notice of appeal in the following or similar form:

To the honorable board of fire and police commissioners:

Please take notice that I appeal from the order or decision of the chief of the department, discharging (or suspending) me from service, which order of discharge (or suspension) was made on the day of, (year).

SECTION 6. 62.50 (14) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.50 (14) COMPLAINT. The board, after receiving the notice of appeal shall, within 5 days, serve the appellant with a copy of the complaint and a notice fixing the time and place of trial, which time of trial may not be less than 5 90 days nor more than 15 120 days after service of the notice and a copy of the complaint.

SECTION 7. 62.50 (16) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.50 (16) Trial; adjournment. The <u>board may grant the</u> accused <u>and or</u> the chief <u>shall have the right to</u> an adjournment of the trial or investigation of the charges, <u>for cause</u>, not to exceed 15 days. In the course of any trial or investigation under this section each member of the fire and police commission may administer oaths, secure by its subpoenas both the attendance of witnesses and the production of records relevant to the trial and investigation, and compel witnesses to answer and may punish for contempt in the same manner provided by law in trials before

municipal judges for failure to answer or to produce records necessary for the trial. The trial shall be public and all witnesses shall be under oath. The accused shall have full opportunity to be heard in defense and shall be entitled to secure the attendance of all witnesses necessary for the defense at the expense of the city. The accused may appear in person and by attorney. The city in which the department is located may be represented by the city attorney. All evidence shall be taken by a stenographic reporter who first shall be sworn to perform the duties of a stenographic reporter in taking evidence in the matter fully and fairly to the best of his or her ability.

SECTION 8. 62.50 (18) of the statutes is amended to read:

62.50 (18) SALARY DURING SUSPENSION. No chief officer of either department or member of the fire department may be deprived of any salary or wages for the period of time suspended preceding an investigation or trial, unless the reason for the suspension is that the chief or member has been charged with a misdemeanor or felony and the chief or fire fighter is discharged, or unless the charge is sustained. No member of the police force may be suspended or discharged under sub. (11) or (13) without pay or benefits, unless the reason for the suspension is that the officer has been charged with a misdemeanor or felony, and the officer is discharged, until the matter that is the subject of the suspension or discharge is disposed of by the board or the time for appeal under sub. (13) passes without an appeal being made.

SECTION 9. 111.70 (4) (c) 2. a. of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 20, is renumbered 111.70 (4) (c) 2.

SECTION 10. 111.70 (4) (c) 2. b. of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsin Act 20, is repealed.

or fire department

BILL

1

2

3

4

5

6

8

Section 11.	111.70 (4) (mc) of the statutes, as created by 2007 Wisconsi	n Act
20, is repealed.		

SECTION 12. Initial applicability.

(1) This act first applies to any member of the police force who is covered by a collective bargaining agreement that contains provisions inconsistent with this act on the day on which the collective bargaining agreement expires or is extended,

7 modified, or renewed, whichever occurs first.

(END)

Q-NOTE)

Seno brothman ()

(F) This version of the bill corrects an error by adding "Hire department" to the initial applicability provision of the initial applicability provision of

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-3626/4dn MES:wlj&bk:pg

January 22, 2008

Sen. Grothman:

This version of the bill corrects an error by adding "fire department" to the initial applicability provision.

Marc E. Shovers Senior Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 266-0129

E-mail: marc.shovers@legis.wisconsin.gov

Duerst, Christina

From:

Sent:

To:

Subject:

Emerson, James Wednesday, February 13, 2008 12:13 PM LRB.Legal Draft Review: LRB 07-3626/4 Topic: Payment of a police officer's and fire fighter's salary after suspension, terminiation

Please Jacket LRB 07-3626/4 for the SENATE.