1	SECTION 4. 281.344 of the statutes is created to read:
2	281.344 Water conservation, reporting, and supply regulation; when
3	compact is not in effect. (1) Definitions. In this section:

- (d) "Community within a straddling county" means any city, village, or town that is not a straddling community and that is located outside the Great Lakes basin but wholly within a county that lies partly within the Great Lakes basin.
- (dm) "Compact" means the Great Lakes—St. Lawrence River Basin Water Resources Compact under s. 281.343.
- (dr) "Compact's effective date" means the effective date of the compact under s. 281.343 (9) (d).
- (e) "Consumptive use" means a use of water that results in the loss of or failure to return some or all of the water to the basin from which the water is withdrawn due to evaporation, incorporation into products, or other processes.
- (g) "Cumulative impacts" means the impacts on the Great Lakes basin ecosystem that result from incremental effects of all aspects of a withdrawal, interbasin transfer, or consumptive use in addition to other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future withdrawals, interbasin transfers, and consumptive uses regardless of who undertakes the other withdrawals, interbasin transfers, and consumptive uses, including individually minor but collectively significant withdrawals, interbasin transfers, and consumptive uses taking place over a period of time.
- (i) "Environmentally sound and economically feasible water conservation measures" means those measures, methods, or technologies for efficient water use and for reducing water loss and waste or for reducing the amount of a withdrawal, consumptive use, or interbasin transfer that are, taking into account environmental

1	impact, the age and nature of equipment and facilities involved, the processes
2	employed, the energy impacts, and other appropriate factors, all of the following:
3	1. Environmentally sound.
4	2. Reflective of best practices applicable to the water use sector.
5	3. Technically feasible and available.
6	4. Economically feasible and cost-effective based on an analysis that considers
7	direct and avoided economic and environmental costs.
8	(je) "Great Lakes basin" means the watershed of the Great Lakes and the St.
9	Lawrence River upstream from Trois—Rivieres, Quebec.
10	(ji) "Great Lakes basin ecosystem" means the interacting components of air,
11	land, water, and living organisms, including humans, within the Great Lakes basin.
12	(k) "Interbasin transfer" means a transfer of water from the Great Lakes basin
13	into a watershed outside of the Great Lakes basin or from the watershed of one of the
14	Great Lakes into that of another Fixed 46-14
15	(km) "Intrabasin transfer" means the transfer of water from the watershed of
16,	one of the Great Lakes into the watershed of another of the Great Lakes.
17	(pm) "Public water supply" means water distributed to the public through a
18	physically connected system of treatment, storage, and distribution facilities that
19	serve a group of largely residential customers and that may also serve industrial,
20	commercial, and other institutional customers.
21	(q) "Regional body" means the body consisting of the governors of Illinois,
22	Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin and
23	the premiers of Ontario and Quebec, Canada, or their designees, as established by
24	the Great Lakes—St. Lawrence River Basin Sustainable Water Resources
25	Agreement.

Institute (t)

 $\mathbf{2}$

- (t) "Straddling community" means any city, village, or town that is partly within the Great Lakes basin or partly within the watersheds of 2 of the Great Lakes and that is wholly within any county that lies partly or completely within the Great Lakes basin.
- (w) "Water dependent natural resources" means the interacting components of land, water, and living organisms affected by the waters of the Great Lakes basin.
- (wm) "Water loss" means the amount of water that is withheld from or not returned to the basin from which it is withdrawn as a result of an interbasin transfer or consumptive use or both.
- (wr) "Water utility" means a public utility, as defined in s. 196.01 (5), that furnishes water.
- (x) "Waters of the Great Lakes basin" means the Great Lakes and all streams, rivers, lakes, connecting channels, and other bodies of water, including tributary groundwater, within the Great Lakes basin.
 - (y) "Withdraw" means to take water from surface water or groundwater.
 - (z) "Withdrawal" means the taking of water from surface water or groundwater
- (2) Determinations concerning applicability of requirements. (a) Use of surface water divide. For the purposes of this section, the surface water divide is used to determine whether a withdrawal or transfer of surface water or groundwater is from the Great Lakes basin.
- (b) Transfers and withdrawals from more than one source. For the purposes of this section, the interbasin transfer or withdrawal of water from more than one source within the Great Lakes basin to supply a common distribution system is considered one interbasin transfer or withdrawal.

- (c) Water loss. The department shall promulgate rules for determining the amount of water loss from consumptive uses.
- (d) *County boundaries*. For the purposes of sub. (1) (d) and (t), a county's boundaries as of December 13, 2005, shall be used to determine whether a county lies partly within the Great Lakes basin.
- (3) Statewide registration and reporting. (a) 1. Any person who, on the first day of the 36th month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date], or, for a withdrawal from the Great Lakes basin, on the compact's effective date if that is sooner, has a water supply system with the capacity to make a withdrawal from the waters of the state averaging 100,000 gallons per day or more in any 30-day period or is making any interbasin transfer shall register the withdrawal or interbasin transfer with the department by the deadline specified by the department by rule.
- 2. Any person who, after the first day of the 36th month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date], or, if the withdrawal is from the Great Lakes basin, on the compact's effective date if that is sooner, proposes to begin a withdrawal from the waters of the state using a water supply system that will have the capacity to withdraw an average of 100,000 gallons per day or more in any 30-day period, to increase the capacity of a water supply system that existed on the first day of the 36th month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date], or, if the withdrawal is from the Great Lakes basin, on the compact's effective date if that is sooner, so that it will have the capacity to withdraw an average of 100,000 gallons per day or more in any 30-day period, or to begin an interbasin transfer shall register the withdrawal or interbasin transfer with the department.

1	(b) A person to whom par. (a) applies shall register on a form prescribed by the
2	department and provide all of the following information:
3	1. The name and address of the registrant and the date of registration.
4	2. The locations and sources of the withdrawal or interbasin transfer.
5	3. The daily capacity of the withdrawal or interbasin transfer and the daily
6	capacity to withdraw or transfer from each source.
7	4. An estimate of the volume of the withdrawal or interbasin transfer in terms
8	of gallons per day average in any 30-day period.
9	5. The uses made of the water.
10	6. The places at which the water is used.
11	7. The places at which any of the water is discharged.
12	8. Whether the water use is continuous or intermittent.
13	9. Whether the person holds a permit under s. 283.31.
14	10. Other information required by the department by rule.
15	(c) The department shall maintain a registry containing the information
16	provided under par. (b).
17	(cm) The department may consider domestic security concerns when
18	determining whether information regarding locations of with drawals and interbasin
19	transfers contained in the registry under par. (c) may be released to the public.
20	(e) 1. Each person who makes a withdrawal from the waters of the state that
21	averages 100,000 gallons per day or more in any 30-day period or transfers from the
22	Great Lakes basin any amount and who has registered the withdrawal or interbasin
23	transfer under par. (a) shall annually report to the department the monthly volumes

of withdrawal, whether the person ever withdraws at least 1,000,000 gallons per day

- for 30 consecutive days, and, if applicable, the volumes of interbasin transfer and, subject to par. (em), water loss from consumptive use.
- 2. In addition to the information required under subd. 1., the department may, by rule, create different reporting frequencies or require additional information from a person who registers a withdrawal, or interbasin transfer under par. (a) based upon the type or category of water use.
- (em) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., if a person to whom par. (e) 1. applies provides any of the water that the person withdraws to a public water supply system, the person who operates the public water supply system, rather than the person who withdraws the water, shall annually report to the department the volume of water loss from the consumptive use of the water provided to the public water supply system.
- 2. A person who operates a wastewater treatment system, rather than the person who withdraws the water or who operates a public water supply system, shall annually report to the department the volume of water loss from a consumptive use of water that occurs after the treatment of the wastewater by the person who operates the wastewater treatment system.
- (f) The department may require additional information under par. (b) 10. or (e)2. only if the information is necessary to effectuate this section.
- (3e) Determining initial interbasin transfer amounts. (a) Before issuing an automatic approval under sub. (3m) for an interbasin transfer to a person operating a public water supply system, the department shall determine the initial interbasin transfer amount for the interbasin transfer under this subsection.
- (b) The department shall determine the initial interbasin transfer amount under this subsection for a public water supply system to be the amount of water

 2

- necessary to provide water for public water supply purposes in the area in at least part of which the public water supply system delivers water to customers before the compact's effective date that is all of the following:
 - 1. Outside of the Great Lakes basin.
- 2. Within a sewer service territory that provides for return of wastewater to the Great Lakes basin and that is specified in the sewer service area provisions of an areawide water quality management plan under s. 283.83 approved by the department before December 31, 2007.
- (c) The department shall use the population and related service projections in the sewer service area provisions described in par. (b) 2. in making the determination under par. (b).
- (3m) Automatic approval for existing interbasin transfers. Before the compact's effective date, the department shall automatically issue an approval for an interbasin transfer that begins before the compact's effective date, to a person who operates a public water supply system that receives water from the interbasin transfer and that delivers water to customers in an area that is outside of the Great Lakes basin and that is within a sewer service territory that provides for return of wastewater to the Great Lakes basin as specified in the sewer service area provisions of an areawide water quality management plan under s. 283.83 approved by the department before December 31, 2007. The department may not issue an automatic approval before the interbasin transfer begins. In the automatic approval, the department shall specify an interbasin transfer amount equal to the amount determined under sub. (3e) and an interbasin transfer area that is the area described in sub. (3e) (b).

 $\mathbf{2}$

- (4) NEW OR INCREASED INTERBASIN TRANSFERS. (a) *Prohibition*. Beginning on the effective date of this paragraph [revisor inserts date], all of the following apply:
- 1. No person may begin an interbasin transfer, other than an interbasin transfer for which the department is required to issue an automatic permit under sub. (3m), unless the interbasin transfer is covered by an approval under par. (c), (d), or (e).
- 2. No person may increase an interbasin transfer over the interbasin transfer amount in an approval issued under this subsection unless the department modifies the approval under par. (c), (d), or (e) to increase the interbasin transfer amount.
- 3. No person may increase an interbasin transfer over the interbasin transfer amount in an approval issued under sub. (3m) or expand the interbasin transfer area beyond the area specified in an approval under sub. (3m) unless the department modifies the approval under par. (c), (d), or (e) to increase the interbasin transfer amount or to expand the interbasin transfer area.
- (b) Application. 1. A person who proposes to begin an interbasin transfer, increase the amount of an interbasin transfer, or expand the interbasin transfer area of an interbasin transfer covered by an approval issued under sub. (3m) shall apply to the department for approval.
- 2. A person may apply under subd. 1. for approval of a new, increased, or expanded interbasin transfer under par. (c) or (e) only if the person operates a public water supply system that receives or would receive water from the new, increased, or expanded interbasin transfer.
- 3. Operators of 2 or more public water supply systems may submit a joint application under subd. 1. for a new, increased, or expanded interbasin transfer under par. (c) or (e).

4. A person who applies under subd. 1. shall provide information about the potential impacts of the interbasin transfer on the waters of the Great Lakes basin and water dependent natural resources and any other information required by the department by rule.

4m. If a person who applies under subd. 1. will not directly withdraw the water proposed to be transferred, the person shall identify the entity that will withdraw the water and provide evidence of any agreement necessary to obtain water from that entity.

4p. If the person who applies under subd. 1. will not directly return the water to the Great Lakes basin, the person shall identify the entity that will return the water and provide evidence of any agreement necessary to have that entity return the water.

4s. If the proposal for which a person applies under subd. 1. is subject to the exception standard under par. (f), the person shall provide documentation of how the physical, chemical, and biological integrity of the receiving water under par. (f) 3. will be protected and sustained as required under ss. 30.12, 281.15, and 283.31, considering the state of the receiving water before the proposal is implemented. If the receiving water is a surface water body that is tributary to one of the Great Lakes, the person shall include a description of the flow of the receiving water before the proposal is implemented, considering both low and high flow conditions.

5. If the proposal for which a person applies under subd. 1. is subject to the exception standard under par. (f), the person shall provide an assessment of the individual impacts of the proposal for the purposes of par. (f) 5. The person may also include a cumulative impact assessment.

24

25

watershed.

1	(bg) Determinations. 1. The department shall determine whether a proposal
2	under par. (b) is subject to par. (c) or (e) as follows:
3	a. If the proposal is to provide a public water supply within a single city, village,
4	or town, the proposal is subject to par. (c) or (e) based on the boundaries of that city,
5	village, or town.
6	b. If the proposal is to provide a public water supply within more than one city,
7	village, or town, any portion of the proposal that provides a public water supply
8	within a straddling community is subject to par. (c) and any portion of the proposal
9	that provides a public water supply within a community within a straddling county
10	is subject to par. (e).
11	2. For the purposes of applying the requirements in pars. (c), (e), and (f) to a
12	proposal under par. (b), the department shall use, as appropriate, the planned
13	service area of the public water supply system receiving water under the proposal.
14	The planned service area is the service area of the system at the end of any planning
15	period authorized by the department in the approved water supply service area plan
16	under s. 281.348 that covers the public water supply system.
17	(c) Straddling communities. The department may approve a proposal under
18	par. (b) to begin an interbasin transfer, increase an interbasin transfer, or expand an
19	interbasin transfer area, to an area within a straddling community but outside the
20	Great Lakes basin or outside the source watershed if the water transferred will be
21	used solely for public water supply purposes in the straddling community and all of
22	the following apply:

1. An amount of water equal to the amount of water withdrawn from the Great

Lakes basin, less an allowance for consumptive use, will be returned to the source

1 2. No surface water or groundwater from outside the source watershed will be 2 returned to the source watershed unless all of the following apply: 3 a. The returned water will be from a water supply or wastewater treatment 4 system that combines water from inside and outside the Great Lakes basin. 5 b. The returned water will be treated to meet applicable permit requirements 6 under s. 283.31 and to prevent the introduction of invasive species into the Great 7 Lakes basin. 8 c. The proposal maximizes the amount of water withdrawn from the Great Lakes basin that will be returned to the source watershed and minimizes the amount 9 10 of water from outside the Great Lakes basin that will be returned to the source 11 watershed. 12 2m. The proposal is consistent with an approved water supply service area plan 13 under s. 281.348 that covers the public water supply system. 14 3. If the proposal would result from a new withdrawal or an increase in a 15 withdrawal that would average 100,000 gallons or more per day in any 90-day 16 period, the proposal meets the exception standard under par. (f). 17 (d) *Intrabasin transfer.* 1. The department may approve a proposal under par. 18 (b) for a new intrabasin transfer or an increase in an intrabasin transfer to which par. (c) does not apply that would average less than 100,000 gallons per day in every 19 90-day period, if the proposal meets the applicable requirements in s. 30.18, 281.34, 20 21 or 281.41 or, if those sections do not apply, any requirements specified by the 22 department by rule and, if the water will be used for public water supply purposes, 23 the proposal is consistent with an approved water supply service area plan under s. 24 281.348 that covers the public water supply system.

2. The department may approve a proposal under par. (b) for a new intrabasin
transfer or an increase in or expansion of an intrabasin transfer to which par. (c) does
not apply that would average more than 100,000 gallons per day in any 90-day
period with a new water loss or an increase in water loss that would average less than
5,000,000 gallons per day in every 90-day period, if all of the following apply:

- a. The proposal meets the exception standard under par. (f), except that the water may be returned to a watershed within the Great Lakes basin other than the source watershed and par. (f) 3m. does not apply.
- b. The applicant demonstrates that there is no feasible, cost-effective, and environmentally sound water supply alternative within the watershed to which the water will be transferred, including conservation of existing water supplies as determined under par. (g).
- c. If the water will be used for public water supply purposes, the proposal is consistent with an approved water supply service area plan under s. 281.348 that covers the public water supply system.
- 3. The department may approve a proposal under par. (b) for a new intrabasin transfer or an increase in an intrabasin transfer to which par. (c) does not apply with a new water loss or an increase in water loss that would average 5,000,000 gallons per day or more in any 90-day period, if all of the following apply:
 - a. The proposal meets the exception standard under par. (f).
- b. The applicant demonstrates that there is no feasible, cost-effective, and environmentally sound water supply alternative within the watershed to which the water will be transferred, including conservation of existing water supplies as determined under par. (g).

- c. If the water will be used for public water supply purposes, the proposal is consistent with an approved water supply service area plan under s. 281.348 that covers the public water supply system.
- (e) *Straddling counties*. 1. The department may approve a proposal under par.

 (b) for a new interbasin transfer or an increase in an interbasin transfer if the water transferred will be used solely for public water supply purposes in a community within a straddling county and all of the following apply:
- a. The community does not have a water supply that is economically and environmentally sustainable in the long term to meet reasonable demands for a water supply, based on considerations of public health, economic feasibility, and direct and avoided environmental impacts.
 - b. The proposal meets the exception standard under par. (f).
- c. The proposal maximizes the amount of water withdrawn from the Great Lakes basin that will be returned to the source watershed and minimizes the amount of water from outside the Great Lakes basin that will be returned to the source watershed.
- d. There is no reasonable water supply alternative within the watershed in which the community is located, including conservation of existing water supplies as determined under par. (g).
- e. The proposal will not endanger the integrity of the Great Lakes basin ecosystem based upon a determination that the proposal will have no significant adverse impact on the Great Lakes basin ecosystem.
- em. The proposal is consistent with an approved water supply service area plan under s. 281.348 that covers the public water supply system.

2. In determining whether to approve a proposal under this paragraph, the
department shall give substantive consideration to whether the applicant provides
sufficient scientifically based evidence that the existing water supply is derived from
groundwater that is hydrologically interconnected to waters of the Great Lakes
basin.

- (f) Exception standard. A proposal meets the exception standard if all of the following apply:
- 1. The need for the proposed interbasin transfer cannot reasonably be avoided through the efficient use and conservation of existing water supplies as determined under par. (g).
- 2. The interbasin transfer is limited to quantities that are reasonable for the purposes for which the interbasin transfer is proposed.
- 3. An amount of water equal to the amount of water withdrawn from the Great Lakes basin will be returned to the source watershed, less an allowance for consumptive use.

3m. The place at which the water is returned to the source watershed is as close as practicable to the place at which the water is withdrawn, unless the applicant demonstrates that returning the water at that place is one of the following:

- a. Not economically feasible.
- b. Not environmentally sound.
- c. Not in the interest of public health.
- 4. No water from outside the Great Lakes basin will be returned to the source watershed unless all of the following apply:
 - a. The returned water is from a water supply or wastewater treatment system that combines water from inside and outside the Great Lakes basin.

 $\mathbf{2}$

- b. The returned water will be treated to meet applicable permit requirements under s. 283.31 and to prevent the introduction of invasive species into the Great Lakes basin and the department has approved the permit under s. 283.31.
- c. The structure used to return the water is designed and will be operated to meet the applicable permit requirements under s. 30.12 and the department has approved the permit under s. 30.12.
- 4m. If water will be returned to the source watershed through a stream tributary to one of the Great Lakes, the physical, chemical, and biological integrity of the receiving water under subd. 3. will be protected and sustained as required under ss. 30.12, 281.15, and 283.31, considering the state of the receiving water before the proposal is implemented and considering both low and high flow conditions.
- 5. The interbasin transfer will result in no significant adverse individual impacts or cumulative impacts to the quantity or quality of the waters of the Great Lakes basin or to water dependent natural resources, including cumulative impacts that might result due to any precedent-setting aspects of the proposed interbasin transfer, based upon a determination that the proposed interbasin transfer will not have any significant adverse impacts on the sustainable management of the waters of the Great Lakes basin.
- 6. The applicant commits to implementing the applicable water conservation measures under sub. (8) (d) that are environmentally sound and economically feasible for the applicant.
- 7. The interbasin transfer will be in compliance with all applicable local, state, and federal laws and interstate and international agreements, including the Boundary Waters Treaty of 1909.

 $\mathbf{2}$

- (g) Conservation and efficient use of existing water supplies. The department shall promulgate rules specifying the requirements for an applicant for a new, increased, or expanded interbasin transfer subject to par. (f) to demonstrate the efficient use and conservation of existing water supplies for the purposes of pars. (d) 2. b. and 3. b., (e) 1. d., and (f) 1., including requiring the applicant to quantify the amount of water conserved through efficiency and conservation measures.
- (i) Interbasin transfer amount. In an approval issued under this subsection or a modification granted under this subsection to increase the amount of an interbasin transfer, the department shall specify an interbasin transfer amount equal to the quantity of water that is reasonable for the purposes for which the interbasin transfer is proposed.
- (4e) Determining initial withdrawal amounts for withdrawals from the Great Lakes basin. (a) Before issuing automatic notice of coverage under a general permit under sub. (4s) or an automatic individual permit under sub. (5) (c) for a withdrawal from the Great Lakes basin for which the department is required to issue automatic notice of coverage under a general permit or an automatic individual permit, the department shall determine the initial withdrawal amount for the withdrawal under this subsection.
- (b) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2. and par. (f), the department shall estimate the initial withdrawal amount for a withdrawal based on the maximum hydraulic capacity of the most restrictive component in the water supply system used for the withdrawal as of the date that the department makes the estimate, based on information available to the department.
- 2. If the department has issued an approval under s. 30.12, 30.18, 281.34, or 281.41, or s. 281.17, 2001 stats., that is required for a withdrawal and the approval

- contains a limit on the amount of water that may be withdrawn, the department shall provide an estimate of the initial withdrawal amount equal to the limit in the approval.

 (c) The department shall provide the estimate under par. (b) for a withdrawal
 - (c) The department shall provide the estimate under par. (b) for a withdrawal to the person making the withdrawal.
 - (d) After receiving an estimate under par. (c), a person making a withdrawal may provide the department with information relating to any of the following:
 - 1. The components of the water supply system used for the withdrawal.
 - 2. Seasonal variations in the amount of water supplied by the water supply system.
 - 3. Plans for expanding the capacity of the water supply system submitted to the department no later than 2 years after the effective date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date].
 - 4. Amounts withdrawn during the 5 years before the year in which the person submits the information.
 - 5. Successful water conservation efforts by persons using the water that is withdrawn.
 - 6. Water loss from consumptive uses of similar types of users compared to the water loss from consumptive use of persons using the water that is withdrawn.
 - 7. Other information that the department considers to be relevant.
 - (e) Except as provided in par. (f), the department shall determine the initial withdrawal amount for a withdrawal based on the estimate under par. (b) and the department's evaluation of any information provided under par. (d). The department may not consider information provided by any other person.

 2

- (f) For a public water supply system that, on the effective date of this paragraph [revisor inserts date], has approval under s. 281.41 to provide water from the Great Lakes basin for public water supply purposes outside of the Great Lakes basin and approval under s. 283.31 to return the associated wastewater to the Great Lakes basin, the department shall determine the initial withdrawal amount to be the amount of water necessary to provide water for public water supply purposes in the service territory specified in the sewer service area provisions of the areawide water quality management plan under s. 283.83 approved by the department before December 31, 2007, based on the population and related service projections in those provisions.
- (g) The department's determination of an initial withdrawal amount under par.(e) or (f) is not subject to administrative review under ch. 227 except at the request of the person making the withdrawal.
- (h) If 2 or more public water supply systems merge after the department determines their initial withdrawal amounts under par. (e) and before the department issues the initial individual permits under sub. (5) (c) for the systems, the initial withdrawal amount for the new system is the sum of the amounts determined under par. (e) for the individual systems.
- (4m) Water use Permits required in the Great Lakes basin. Beginning on the earliest of the following dates, a person may not make a withdrawal from the Great Lakes basin that averages 100,000 gallons per day or more in any 30-day period unless the withdrawal is covered under a general permit under sub. (4s) or an individual permit under sub. (5):
- (a) The first day of the 84th month beginning after the effective date of this paragraph [revisor inserts date].

- (b) The compact's effective date.
- (4s) General water use permits for Great Lakes basin. (a) Department to issue. The department shall issue one or more general permits to cover withdrawals from the Great Lakes basin that average 100,000 gallons per day or more in any 30-day period but that do not equal at least 1,000,000 gallons per day for any 30 consecutive days. The department shall include all of the following in a general permit:
 - 1. Reference to the database of withdrawal amounts under par. (i).
 - 2. Requirements for reporting, metering, and surveillance, as provided in rules promulgated by the department.
 - 3. Requirements for water conservation, as provided in rules promulgated by the department under sub. (8) (d).
 - 4. Other conditions, limitations, or restrictions, as provided in rules promulgated by the department, that the department determines are necessary to protect the environment or public health and safety or to ensure the conservation and proper management of the waters of the Great Lakes basin.
 - (am) Term of general permit. The term of a general permit issued under par.(a) is 10 years.
 - (b) General requirement. Beginning on the earlier of the dates under sub. (4m) (a) and (b), a person who does not hold an individual permit under sub. (5) may not make a withdrawal that averages 100,000 gallons per day or more in any 30-day period, but that does not equal at least 1,000,000 gallons per day for any 30 consecutive days, unless the withdrawal is covered under a general permit. A person to whom the department has issued a notice of coverage under a general permit shall comply with the general permit.

 $\mathbf{2}$

- (c) Automatic notice of coverage for existing withdrawals. The department shall automatically issue a notice of coverage under a general permit to a person who makes a withdrawal from the Great Lakes basin and who reports under sub. (3) (e) before the earlier of the dates under sub. (4m) (a) or (b), if the withdrawal averages 100,000 gallons per day or more in any 30-day period but does not equal at least 1,000,000 gallons per day for any 30 consecutive days. If necessary, the department may request additional information before issuing a notice under this paragraph. The department shall issue a notice under this paragraph no later than the earlier of the dates under sub. (4m) (a) or (b). The department may promulgate a rule under which the department issues automatic notices of coverage under a general permit on a staggered schedule before the earlier of the dates under sub. (4m) (a) or (b). In the notice provided under this paragraph for a withdrawal, the department shall specify a withdrawal amount equal to the initial withdrawal amount determined under sub. (4e) for the withdrawal.
- (d) Coverage under general permit for new or increased withdrawals. 1. A person who proposes to begin a withdrawal from the Great Lakes basin that will average 100,000 gallons per day or more in any 30-day period, or to increase an existing withdrawal so that it will average 100,000 gallons per day or more in any 30-day period, after the first day of the 36th month beginning after the effective date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date], and to whom the department is not required to issue automatic notice of coverage under a general permit under par. (c), but who does not propose to withdraw at least 1,000,000 gallons per day for any 30 consecutive days, shall apply to the department for coverage under a general permit. In the application, the person shall provide the information required by the department by rule.

 $\mathbf{2}$

- 2. After receiving an application under subd. 1., the department shall, within the time limit established by the department by rule, determine whether the withdrawal qualifies for coverage under a general permit or notify the applicant of any additional information needed to determine whether the withdrawal qualifies for coverage under a general permit.
- 3. Except as provided in subd. 3m., if the department determines that a withdrawal qualifies for coverage under a general permit and the department has issued any approvals under s. 30.12, 30.18, 281.34, or 281.41 or s. 281.17, 2001 stats., that are required for the withdrawal, the department shall issue a notice of coverage. In the notice, the department shall specify a withdrawal amount that is equal to the smallest of the following amounts:
- a. The maximum hydraulic capacity of the most restrictive component of the water supply system used for the withdrawal for which the person has approval under s. 30.12, 30.18, 281.34, or 281.41 or s. 281.17, 2001 stats., or, if an approval under one of those provisions is not required for the most restrictive component of the water supply system, the maximum hydraulic capacity of the most restrictive component that the person proposes to use in the water supply system.
- b. If an approval under s. 30.12, 30.18, 281.34, or 281.41 or s. 281.17, 2001 stats., specifies a maximum amount of water that may be withdrawn, that amount.
- 3m. a. The department may not approve an application under subd. 1. for a withdrawal for the purpose of providing water to a public water supply system that is covered by an approved water supply service area plan under s. 281.348, unless the withdrawal is consistent with the water supply service area plan.
- b. If the department approves an application under subd. 1. for a withdrawal for the purpose of providing water to a public water supply system that is covered by

- an approved water supply service area plan under s. 281.348, the department shall issue a notice of coverage. In the notice of coverage the department shall specify a withdrawal amount that is equal to the withdrawal amount in the water supply service area plan.
- 4. If the department determines that a withdrawal does not qualify for coverage under a general permit, the department shall notify the applicant in writing of the reason for that determination.
- (dm) Requiring individual permit. The department may require a person who is making or proposes to make a withdrawal that averages 100,000 gallons per day or more in any 30-day period, but that does not equal at least 1,000,000 gallons per day for any 30 consecutive days, to obtain an individual permit under sub. (5) if the withdrawal is located in a groundwater protection area, as defined in s. 281.34 (1) (a), or a groundwater management area designated under s. 281.34 (9) or if coverage under an individual permit is necessary to protect public health or safety or to ensure the conservation and proper management of the waters of the state.
- (e) Increase in withdrawal amount. 1. Before the effective date of the compact, if a person making a withdrawal that is covered under a general permit proposes to increase the amount of the withdrawal over the withdrawal amount specified in the database under par. (i) for the withdrawal, but does not propose to withdraw at least 1,000,000 gallons per day for any 30 consecutive days, the person shall apply to the department for a modification of the withdrawal amount.
- 3. Except as provided in subd. 3m., if the department has issued any approvals under s. 30.12, 30.18, 281.34, or 281.41 or s. 281.17, 2001 stats., that are required for modifying the withdrawal, the department shall modify the withdrawal amount to an amount equal to the smallest of the following amounts:

- a. The maximum hydraulic capacity of the most restrictive component of the water supply system used for the withdrawal for which the person has approval under s. 30.12, 30.18, 281.34, or 281.41 or s. 281.17, 2001 stats., or, if an approval under one of those provisions is not required for the most restrictive component of the water supply system, the maximum hydraulic capacity of the most restrictive component that the person proposes to use in the water supply system.
- b. If an approval under s. 30.12, 30.18, 281.34, or 281.41 or s. 281.17, 2001 stats., specifies a maximum amount of water that may be withdrawn, that amount.
- 3m. a. The department may not approve an application under subd. 1. for a withdrawal for the purpose of providing water to a public water supply system that is covered by an approved water supply service area plan under s. 281.348, unless the withdrawal is consistent with the water supply service area plan.
- b. If the department approves an application under subd. 1. for a withdrawal for the purpose of providing water to a public water supply system that is covered by an approved water supply service area plan under s. 281.348, the department shall modify the withdrawal amount to an amount equal to the withdrawal amount in the water supply service area plan.
- (f) Term of coverage. Coverage under a general permit ends on the date that the term of the general permit under par. (am) ends.
- (g) Redetermination. A person to whom the department has issued a notice of coverage under a general permit shall apply to the department for redetermination of coverage under a new general permit at least 180 days before the end of the term of the current general permit if the person intends to continue to withdraw from the Great Lakes basin an average of 100,000 gallons per day or more in any 30-day period but does not intend to withdraw at least 1,000,000 gallons per day for any 30

consecutive days. If the person is in compliance with the current general permit and
$the \ with drawal\ qualifies\ for\ coverage\ under\ the\ new\ general\ permit,\ the\ department$
shall issue a notice of coverage under the new general permit.

- (h) Suspension and revocation. After an opportunity for a hearing, the department may suspend or revoke coverage under a general permit issued under this subsection for cause, including obtaining coverage under the permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose relevant facts or violating the terms of the permit.
- (i) Database. The department shall maintain a database of the withdrawal amounts for all withdrawals that are covered under general permits under this subsection.
- (5) Individual water use permits for Great Lakes basin. (a) Requirement. Beginning on the earlier of the dates under sub. (4m) (a) or (b), a person may not make a withdrawal from the Great Lakes basin that equals at least 1,000,000 gallons per day for any 30 consecutive days unless the withdrawal is covered by an individual permit. A person to whom the department has issued an individual permit shall comply with the individual permit.
- (b) Content of individual permits. The department shall include all of the following in an individual permit:
- 1. A withdrawal amount as determined under par. (d) 3. or 3m. or (e) 3. or 3m. or sub. (4e).
 - 3. Requirements for reporting, metering, and surveillance, as provided in rules promulgated by the department.
- 4. Requirements for water conservation, as provided in rules promulgated by the department under sub. (8) (d).

- 5. Limits on the location and dates or seasons of the withdrawal and on the allowable uses of the water, as provided in rules promulgated by the department.
- 6. Conditions on any interbasin transfer under sub. (4) made by the person making the withdrawal.
- 7. Other conditions, limitations, or restrictions, as provided in rules promulgated by the department, that the department determines are necessary to protect the environment or public health and safety or to ensure the conservation and proper management of the waters of the Great Lakes basin.
- (c) Automatic issuance of individual permits for existing withdrawals. The department shall automatically issue an individual permit to a person who makes a withdrawal from the Great Lakes basin and who reports under sub. (3) (e) before the earlier of the dates under sub. (4m) (a) or (b), if the withdrawal equals at least 1,000,000 gallons per day for any 30 consecutive days. If necessary, the department may request additional information before issuing a permit under this paragraph. The department shall issue a permit under this paragraph no later than the earlier of the dates under sub. (4m) (a) or (b). In the permit, the department shall specify a withdrawal amount equal to the initial withdrawal amount determined under sub. (4e) for the withdrawal. The department may promulgate a rule under which the department issues automatic individual permits on a staggered schedule before the earlier of the dates under sub. (4m) (a) or (b).
- (d) Individual permit for new or increased unpermitted withdrawals. 1. A person who proposes to begin a withdrawal from the Great Lakes basin that will equal at least 1,000,000 gallons per day for any 30 consecutive days or to modify an existing withdrawal so that it will equal at least 1,000,000 gallons per day for any 30 consecutive days, after the first day of the 36th month beginning after the effective

- date of this subdivision [revisor inserts date], and to whom the department is not required to issue an automatic individual permit under par. (c), shall apply to the department for an individual permit. In the application, the person shall provide the information required by the department by rule.
- 2. After receiving an application under subd. 1., the department shall, within the time limit established by the department by rule, determine whether to approve the application or notify the applicant of any additional information needed to determine whether to approve the application.
- 3. Except as provided in subd. 3m., if the department approves an application under subd. 1. and the department has issued any approvals under s. 30.12, 30.18, 281.34, or 281.41 or s. 281.17, 2001 stats., that are required for the withdrawal, the department shall issue an individual permit. In the permit, the department shall specify a withdrawal amount that is equal to the smallest of the following amounts:
- a. The maximum hydraulic capacity of the most restrictive component of the water supply system used for the withdrawal for which the person has approval under s. 30.12, 30.18, 281.34, or 281.41 or s. 281.17, 2001 stats., or, if an approval under one of those provisions is not required for the most restrictive component of the water supply system, the maximum hydraulic capacity of the most restrictive component that the person proposes to use in the water supply system.
- b. If an approval under s. 30.12, 30.18, 281.34, or 281.41 or s. 281.17, 2001 stats., specifies a maximum amount of water that may be withdrawn, that amount.
- 3m. a. The department may not approve an application under subd. 1. for a withdrawal for the purpose of providing water to a public water supply system that is covered by an approved water supply service area plan under s. 281.348, unless the withdrawal is consistent with the water supply service area plan.

 $\mathbf{2}$

- b. If the department approves an application under subd. 1. for a withdrawal for the purpose of providing water to a public water supply system that is covered by an approved water supply service area plan under s. 281.348, the department shall issue an individual permit. In the permit, the department shall specify a withdrawal amount that is equal to the withdrawal amount in the water supply service area plan.
- 4. If the department disapproves an application under subd. 1., the department shall notify the applicant in writing of the reason for the disapproval.
- (e) Increase in withdrawal amount. 1. Before the effective date of the compact, if a person making a withdrawal that is covered under an individual permit proposes to increase the amount of the withdrawal over the withdrawal amount specified in the permit, the person shall apply to the department for a modification of the permit to increase the withdrawal amount.
- 3. Except as provided in subd. 3m., if the department has issued any approvals under s. 30.12, 30.18, 281.34, or 281.41 or s. 281.17, 2001 stats., that are required for modifying the withdrawal, the department shall modify the withdrawal amount to an amount equal to the smallest of the following amounts:
- a. The maximum hydraulic capacity of the most restrictive component of the water supply system used for the withdrawal for which the person has approval under s. 30.12, 30.18, 281.34, or 281.41 or s. 281.17, 2001 stats., or, if an approval under one of those provisions is not required for the most restrictive component of the water supply system, the maximum hydraulic capacity of the most restrictive component that the person proposes to use in the water supply system.
- b. If an approval under s. 30.12, 30.18, 281.34, or 281.41 or s. 281.17, 2001 stats., specifies a maximum amount of water that may be withdrawn, that amount.

3m. a. The department may not approve an application under subd. 1. for a
withdrawal for the purpose of providing water to a public water supply system that
is covered by an approved water supply service area plan under s. 281.348, unless
the withdrawal is consistent with the water supply service area plan.

- b. If the department approves an application under subd. 1. for a withdrawal for the purpose of providing water to a public water supply system that is covered by an approved water supply service area plan under s. 281.348, the department shall modify the withdrawal amount to an amount equal to the withdrawal amount in the water supply service area plan.
 - (f) Term of coverage. The term of an individual permit is 10 years.
- (g) Reissuance. A person to whom the department has issued an individual permit under this subsection shall apply to the department for reissuance of the individual permit at least 180 days before the end of the term of the permit if the person intends to continue to withdraw from the Great Lakes basin at least 1,000,000 gallons per day for any 30 consecutive days. If the department determines that the person is in compliance with the individual permit and that the withdrawal continues to qualify for an individual permit, the department shall reissue the permit.
- (h) Suspension and revocation. After an opportunity for a hearing, the department may suspend or revoke a permit issued under this subsection for cause, including obtaining the permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose relevant facts or violating the terms of the permit.
 - (i) Permits not transferable. An individual water use permit is not transferable.
- (7) EXEMPTIONS. Subsections (3) to (5) do not apply to withdrawals or interbasin transfers for any of the following purposes:

 $\mathbf{2}$

- (a) To supply vehicles, including vessels and aircraft, for the needs of the persons or animals being transported or for ballast or other needs related to the operation of the vehicles.
- (b) To use in a noncommercial project that lasts no more than 3 months for fire fighting, humanitarian, or emergency response purposes.
- (8) Statewide water conservation and efficiency goals and objectives. The department shall specify water conservation and efficiency goals and objectives for the waters of the state. The department shall specify goals and objectives for the waters of the Great Lakes basin that are consistent with the goals under s. 281.343 (4b) (a) and the objectives identified by the regional body under Article 304 (1) of the Great Lakes—St. Lawrence River Basin Sustainable Water Resources Agreement. In specifying these goals and objectives, the department shall consult with the department of commerce and the public service commission.
- (b) Statewide program. In cooperation with the department of commerce and the public service commission, the department shall develop and implement a statewide water conservation and efficiency program that includes all of the following:
- 1. Promotion of environmentally sound and economically feasible water conservation measures.
- 2. Water conservation and efficiency measures that the public service commission requires or authorizes a water utility to implement under ch. 196.
- 3. Water conservation and efficiency measures that the department of commerce requires or authorizes to be implemented under chs. 101 and 145.
- (d) Water conservation and efficiency measures. The department shall promulgate rules specifying water conservation and efficiency measures for the

 $\mathbf{2}$

purposes of this section. In the rules, the department may not require retrofitting
of existing fixtures, appliances, or equipment. In specifying the measures, the
department shall consider the results of any pilot water conservation program
conducted by the department in cooperation with the regional body.

- (9) Public Participation. (b) *Public Notice*. 1. The department shall, by rule, create procedures for circulating to interested and potentially interested members of the public notices of each complete application that the department receives under sub. (4). The department shall include, in the rule, at least the following procedures:
 - a. Publication of the notice as a class 1 notice under ch. 985.
- b. Mailing of the notice to any person, group, local governmental unit, or state agency upon request.
- 2. The department shall establish the form and content of a public notice by rule. The department shall include in every public notice concerning an application under sub. (4) at least the following information:
 - a. The name and address of each applicant.
- b. A brief description of the proposal for which the application is made under sub. (4), including the amount of the proposed interbasin transfer.
- c. A brief description of the procedures for the formulation of final determinations on applications, including the 30-day comment period required under par. (c).
- (c) *Public comment*. The department shall receive public comments on a proposal for which it receives an application under sub. (4) for a 30-day period beginning when the department gives notice under par. (b) 1. The department shall retain all written comments submitted during the comment period and shall consider the comments in making its decisions on the application.

 $\mathbf{2}$

- (d) *Public hearing*. 1. The department shall provide an opportunity for any interested person or group of persons, any affected local governmental unit, or any state agency to request a public hearing with respect to a proposal for which the department receives an application under sub. (4). A request for a public hearing shall be filed with the department within 30 days after the department gives notice under par. (b). The party filing a request for a public hearing shall indicate the interest of the party and the reasons why a hearing is warranted. The department shall hold a public hearing on a proposal for which the department receives an application under sub. (4) if the department determines that there is a significant public interest in holding a hearing.
- 2. The department shall promulgate, by rule, procedures for the conduct of public hearings held under this paragraph. A hearing held under this paragraph is not a contested case hearing under ch. 227.
- 3. The department shall circulate public notice of any hearing held under this paragraph in the manner provided under par. (b) 1.
- (e) Public access to information. Any record or other information provided to or obtained by the department regarding a proposal for which an application under sub. (4) is received is a public record as provided in subch. II of ch. 19. The department shall make available to and provide facilities for the public to inspect and copy any records or other information provided to or obtained by the department regarding a proposal for which an application for a new or increased interbasin transfer under sub. (4) is received, except that any record or other information provided to the department may be treated as confidential upon a showing to the secretary that the record or information is entitled to protection as a trade secret, as defined in s. 134.90 (1) (c), or upon a determination by the department that domestic

s. 281.343 (9) (d).

security concerns warrant confidential treatment. Nothing in this subsection
prevents the use of any confidential records or information obtained by the
department in the administration of this section in compiling or publishing genera
analyses or summaries, if the analyses or summaries do not identify a specific owner
or operator.
(14) PENALTIES. (a) Any person who violates this section or any rule
promulgated or approval issued under this section shall forfeit not less than \$10 nor
more than \$10,000 for each violation. Each day of continued violation is a separate
offense.
(c) In addition to the penalties under par. (a), the court may order the defendant
to abate any nuisance, restore a natural resource, or take, or refrain from taking, any
other action as necessary to eliminate or minimize any environmental damage
caused by the defendant.
(15) Sunset. This section does not apply after the compact's effective date.
SECTION 5. 281.346 of the statutes is created to read:
281.346 Water conservations reporting, and supply regulation; after
the compact takes effect. (1) DEFINITIONS. In this section:
(d) "Community within a straddling county" means any city, village, or town
that is not a straddling community and that is located outside the Great Lakes basir
but wholly within a county that lies partly within the Great Lakes basin.
(dm) "Compact" means the Great Lakes—St. Lawrence River Basin Water
Resources Compact under s. 281.343.
(dr) "Compact's effective date" means the effective date of the compact under

 $\mathbf{2}$

- (e) "Consumptive use" means a use of water that results in the loss of or failure to return some or all of the water to the basin from which the water is withdrawn due to evaporation, incorporation into products, or other processes.
- (g) "Cumulative impacts" means the impacts on the Great Lakes basin ecosystem that result from incremental effects of all aspects of a withdrawal, diversion, or consumptive use in addition to other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future withdrawals, diversions, and consumptive uses regardless of who undertakes the other withdrawals, diversions, and consumptive uses, including individually minor but collectively significant withdrawals, diversions, and consumptive uses taking place over a period of time.
- (h) "Diversion" means a transfer of water from the Great Lakes basin into a watershed outside the Great Lakes basin, or from the watershed of one of the Great Lakes into that of another, by any means of transfer, including a pipeline, canal, tunnel, aqueduct, channel, modification of the direction of a water course, tanker ship, tanker truck, or rail tanker except that "diversion" does not include any of the following:
- 1. The transfer of a product produced in the Great Lakes basin or in the watershed of one of the Great Lakes, using waters of the Great Lakes basin, out of the Great Lakes basin or out of that watershed.
- 2. The transmission of water within a line that extends outside the Great Lakes basin as it conveys water from one point to another within the Great Lakes basin if no water is used outside the Great Lakes basin.
- 3. The transfer of bottled water from the Great Lakes basin in containers of 5.7 gallons or less.

(hm) "Divert" means to transfer water from the Great Lakes basin into a
watershed outside the Great Lakes basin, or from the watershed of one of the Great
Lakes into that of another, by any means of transfer, including a pipeline, canal,
tunnel, aqueduct, channel, modification of the direction of a water course, tanker
ship, tanker truck, or rail tanker except that "divert" does not include any of the
following:

- 1. To transfer a product produced in the Great Lakes basin or in the watershed of one of the Great Lakes, using waters of the Great Lakes basin, out of the Great Lakes basin or out of that watershed.
- 2. To transmit water within a line that extends outside the Great Lakes basin as it conveys water from one point to another within the Great Lakes basin if no water is used outside the Great Lakes basin.
- 3. To transfer bottled water from the Great Lakes basin in containers of 5.7 gallons or less.
- (i) "Environmentally sound and economically feasible water conservation measures" means those measures, methods, or technologies for efficient water use and for reducing water loss and waste or for reducing the amount of a withdrawal, consumptive use, or diversion that are, taking into account environmental impact, the age and nature of equipment and facilities involved, the processes employed, the energy impacts, and other appropriate factors, all of the following:
 - 1. Environmentally sound.
 - 2. Reflective of best practices applicable to the water use sector.
 - 3. Technically feasible and available.
- 4. Economically feasible and cost-effective based on an analysis that considers direct and avoided economic and environmental costs.

1	(je) "Great Lakes basin" means the watershed of the Great Lakes and the St.
2	Lawrence River upstream from Trois—Rivieres, Quebec, within the jurisdiction of
3	the parties.
4	(ji) "Great Lakes basin ecosystem" means the interacting components of air,
5	land, water, and living organisms, including humans, within the Great Lakes basin.
6	(jj) "Great Lakes council" means the Great Lakes—St. Lawrence River Basin
7	Water Resources Council, created under s. 281.343 (2) (a).
8	(jm) "Intrabasin transfer" means the transfer of water from the watershed of
9	one of the Great Lakes into the watershed of another of the Great Lakes.
10	(n) "Party" means a state that is a party to the compact.
11	(nm) Notwithstanding s. 281.01 (9), "person" means an individual or other
12	entity, including a government or a nongovernmental organization, including any
13	scientific, professional, business, nonprofit, or public interest organization or
14	association that is neither affiliated with nor under the direction of a government.
15	(o) "Product" means something produced by human or mechanical effort or
16	through agricultural processes and used in manufacturing, commercial, or other
17	processes or intended for intermediate or ultimate consumers, subject to all of the
18	following:
19	1. Water used as part of the packaging of a product is part of the product.
20	2. Other than water used as part of the packaging of a product, water that is
21	used primarily to transport materials in or out of the Great Lakes basin is not a
22	product or part of a product.
23	3. Except as provided in subd. 1., water that is transferred as part of a public

or private supply is not a product or part of a product.

4.			natural				reservoirs,	aquifers,	or
water b	asins, i	s not a	a produc	:t.					

- (pm) "Public water supply" means water distributed to the public through a physically connected system of treatment, storage, and distribution facilities that serve a group of largely residential customers and that may also serve industrial, commercial, and other institutional customers.
- (q) "Regional body" means the body consisting of the governors of the parties and the premiers of Ontario and Quebec, Canada, or their designees as established by the Great Lakes—St. Lawrence River Basin Sustainable Water Resources Agreement.
- (qd) "Regional declaration of finding" means a declaration of finding issued by the regional body under s. 281.343 (4h) (e).
- (qm) "Regional review" means review by the regional body as described in s. 281.343 (4h).
- (r) "Source watershed" means the watershed from which a withdrawal originates. If water is withdrawn directly from a Great Lake or from the St. Lawrence River, then the source watershed is the watershed of that Great Lake or the watershed of the St. Lawrence River, respectively. If water is withdrawn from the watershed of a stream that is a direct tributary to a Great Lake or a direct tributary to the St. Lawrence River, then the source watershed is the watershed of that Great Lake or the watershed of the St. Lawrence River, respectively.
- (t) "Straddling community" means any city, village, or town that, based on its boundary existing as of the compact's effective date, is partly within the Great Lakes basin or partly within the watersheds of 2 of the Great Lakes and that is wholly within any county that lies partly or completely within the Great Lakes basin.

1	(u) "Technical review" means a thorough analysis and evaluation conducted to
2	determine whether a proposal that is subject to regional review under this section
3	meets the criteria for approval under sub. (4), (5), or (6).
4	(um) "Upper Mississippi River basin" means the watershed of the Mississippi
5	River upstream from Cairo, Illinois.
6	(w) "Water dependent natural resources" means the interacting components of
7	land, water, and living organisms affected by the waters of the Great Lakes basin.
8	(wm) "Water loss" means the amount of water that is withheld from or not
9	returned to the basin from which it is withdrawn as a result of a diversion or
10	consumptive use or both.
11	(wr) "Water utility" means a public utility, as defined in s. 196.01 (5), that
12	furnishes water.
13	(x) "Waters of the Great Lakes basin" means the Great Lakes and all streams,
14	rivers, lakes, connecting channels, and other bodies of water, including tributary
15	groundwater, within the Great Lakes basin.
16	(y) "Withdraw" means to take water from surface water or groundwater.
17	(z) "Withdrawal" means the taking of water from surface water or groundwater.
18	(1m) Applicability. This section does not apply before the compact's effective
19	date.
20	(2) Determinations concerning applicability of requirements. (a) Use of
21	$surface\ water\ divide.$ For the purposes of this section, the surface water\ divide is used
22	to determine whether a withdrawal or transfer of surface water or groundwater is
23	from the Great Lakes basin.
24	(b) Diversions and withdrawals from more than one source. For the purposes
25	of this section, the diversion or withdrawal of water from more than one source

 $\mathbf{2}$

within the Great Lakes basin to sup	ply a common	distribution	system is	considered
one diversion or withdrawal.				

- (c) Water loss. The department shall promulgate rules for determining the amount of water loss from consumptive uses.
- (d) *County boundaries*. For the purposes of sub. (1) (d) and (t), a county's boundaries as of December 13, 2005, shall be used to determine whether a county lies partly within the Great Lakes basin.
- (e) Baseline. 1. The baseline for a withdrawal that is covered by a general permit issued under s. 281.344 (4s) on the compact's effective date is the withdrawal amount specified for the withdrawal in the database under s. 281.344 (4s) (i) on the compact's effective date. The baseline for a withdrawal for which the department has issued an individual permit under s. 281.344 (5) before the compact's effective date is the withdrawal amount specified in the permit on the compact's effective date. There is no baseline for any other withdrawal.
- 2. The baseline water loss for a consumptive use for which the department has specified an authorized base level of water loss under s. 281.35 (6) (a) 2. is the amount of that authorized base level on the compact's effective date. There is no baseline water loss for any other consumptive use.
- 4. The baseline volume for a diversion for which the department has issued an approval under s. 281.344 (3m) or (4) before the compact's effective date is the interbasin transfer amount specified in the approval on the compact's effective date. There is no baseline for any other diversion.
- 6. The department shall provide a list of the baseline volumes determined under this paragraph to the Great Lakes council and the regional body no later than 12 months after the compact's effective date.

- (e) Change of ownership. Regional review or Great Lakes council approval is not required when there is a change of ownership of a water supply system that withdraws, diverts, or consumptively uses waters of the Great Lakes basin unless the new owner proposes a change that is otherwise subject to regional review or Great Lakes council approval.
 - (f) *Hydrologic units*. The Lake Michigan and Lake Huron watershed shall be considered to be a single hydrologic unit and watershed.
- (3) Statewide registration and reporting. (a) Any person who proposes to begin a withdrawal from the waters of the state using a water supply system that will have the capacity to withdraw an average of 100,000 gallons per day or more in any 30-day period, to increase the capacity of a water supply system so that it will have the capacity to withdraw an average of 100,000 gallons per day or more in any 30-day period, or to begin a diversion shall register the withdrawal or diversion with the department.
- (b) A person to whom par. (a) applies shall register on a form prescribed by the department and provide all of the following information:
 - 1. The name and address of the registrant and the date of registration.
 - 2. The locations and sources of the withdrawal or diversion.
- 3. The daily capacity of the withdrawal or diversion and the daily capacity to withdraw or divert from each source.
- 4. An estimate of the volume of the withdrawal or diversion in terms of gallons per day average in any 30-day period.
 - 5. The uses made of the water.
 - 6. The places at which the water is used.
 - 7. The places at which any of the water is discharged.

- 8. Whether the water use is continuous or intermittent.
- 9. Whether the person holds a permit under s. 283.31.
 - 10. Other information required by the department by rule.
 - (c) The department shall maintain a registry containing the information provided under par. (b) and s. 281.344 (3) (b).
 - (cm) The department may consider domestic security concerns when determining whether information regarding locations of withdrawals and diversions contained in the registry under par. (c) may be released to the public.
 - (e) 1. Each person who makes a withdrawal from the waters of the state that averages 100,000 gallons per day or more in any 30-day period or diverts any amount and who has registered the withdrawal or diversion under par. (a) or s. 287.344 (3) (a) shall annually report to the department the monthly volumes of withdrawal, whether the person withdraws at least 1,000,000 gallons per day for 30 consecutive days, and, if applicable, the volumes of diversion and, subject to par. (em), water loss from consumptive use.
 - 2. In addition to the information required under subd. 1., the department may, by rule, create different reporting frequencies or require additional information from a person who registers a withdrawal, or diversion under par. (a) or s. 281.344 (3) (a) based upon the type or category of water use.
 - (em) 1. Except as provided in subd. 2., if a person to whom par. (e) 1. applies provides any of the water that the person withdraws to a public water supply system, the person who operates the public water supply system, rather than the person who withdraws the water, shall annually report to the department the volume of water loss from the consumptive use of the water provided to the public water supply system.

- 2. A person who operates a wastewater treatment system, rather than the person who withdraws the water or who operates a public water supply system, shall annually report to the department the volume of water loss from a consumptive use of water that occurs after the treatment of the wastewater by the person who operates the wastewater treatment system.
- (f) The department may require additional information under par. (b) 10. or (e)2. only if the information is related to the purposes of the compact.
- (4) DIVERSIONS. (a) *Prohibition*. Beginning on the compact's effective date, no person may begin a diversion or increase the amount of a diversion over the diversion amount specified in an approval under this subsection or over the interbasin transfer amount specified in an approval issued under s. 281.344 (3m) or (4), except as authorized under par. (c), (d), or (e).
- (b) *Application*. 1. A person who proposes to begin a diversion or to increase the amount of a diversion under par. (c), (d), or (e) shall apply to the department for approval.
- 2. A person may apply under subd. 1. for approval of a new or increased diversion under par. (c) or (e) only if the person operates a public water supply system that receives or would receive water from the new or increased diversion.
- 3. Operators of 2 or more public water supply systems may submit a joint application under subd. 1. for a new or increased diversion under par. (c) or (e).
- 4. A person who applies under subd. 1. shall provide information about the potential impacts of the diversion on the waters of the Great Lakes basin and water dependent natural resources and any other information required by the department by rule.

 2

4m. If a person who applies under subd. 1. will not directly withdraw the water
proposed to be diverted, the person shall identify the entity that will withdraw the
water and provide evidence of any agreement necessary to obtain water from that
entity.

4p. If the person who applies under subd. 1. will not directly return the water to the Great Lakes basin, the person shall identify the entity that will return the water and provide evidence of any agreement necessary to have that entity return the water.

4s. If the proposal for which a person applies under subd. 1. is subject to the exception standard under par. (f), the person shall provide documentation of how the physical, chemical, and biological integrity of the receiving water under par. (f) 3. will be protected and sustained as required under ss. 30.12, 281.15, and 283.31, considering the state of the receiving water before the proposal is implemented. If the receiving water is a surface water body that is tributary to one of the Great Lakes, the person shall include a description of the flow of the receiving water before the proposal is implemented, considering both low and high flow conditions.

- 5. If the proposal for which a person applies under subd. 1. is subject to the exception standard under par. (f), the person shall provide an assessment of the individual impacts of the proposal for the purposes of par. (f) 5. The person may also include a cumulative impact assessment.
- (bg) *Determinations*. 1. The department shall determine whether a proposal under par. (b) is subject to par. (c) or (e) as follows:
- a. If the proposal is to provide a public water supply within a single city, village, or town, the proposal is subject to par. (c) or (e) based on the boundaries of that city, village, or town.

- b. If the proposal is to provide a public water supply within more than one city, village, or town, any portion of the proposal that provides a public water supply within a straddling community is subject to par. (c) and any portion of the proposal that provides a public water supply within a community within a straddling county is subject to par. (e).
- 2. For the purposes of applying the requirements in pars. (c), (e), and (f) to a proposal under par. (b), the department shall use, as appropriate, the current or planned service area of the public water supply system receiving water under the proposal. The planned service area is the service area of the system at the end of any planning period authorized by the department in the approved water supply service area plan under s. 281.348 that covers the public water supply system.
- (c) Straddling communities. The department may approve a proposal under par. (b) to begin a diversion, or to increase the amount of a diversion, to an area within a straddling community but outside the Great Lakes basin or outside the source watershed if the water diverted will be used solely for public water supply purposes in the straddling community and all of the following apply:
- 1. An amount of water equal to the amount of water withdrawn from the Great Lakes basin, less an allowance for consumptive use, will be returned to the source watershed.
- 2. No surface water or groundwater from outside the source watershed will be returned to the source watershed unless all of the following apply:
- a. The returned water will be from a water supply or wastewater treatment system that combines water from inside and outside the Great Lakes basin.

1	b. The returned water will be treated to meet applicable permit requirements
2	under s. 283.31 and to prevent the introduction of invasive species into the Great
3	Lakes basin.
4	c. The proposal maximizes the amount of water withdrawn from the Great
5	Lakes basin that will be returned to the source watershed and minimizes the amount
6	of water from outside the Great Lakes basin that will be returned to the source
7	watershed.
8	2m. The proposal is consistent with an approved water supply service area plan
9	under s. 281.348 that covers the public water supply system.
10	3. If the proposal would result from a new withdrawal or an increase in a
11	withdrawal that would average 100,000 gallons or more per day in any 90-day
12	period, the proposal meets the exception standard under par. (f).
13	4. If the proposal would result in a new water loss or an increase in a water loss
14	from consumptive use that would average 5,000,000 gallons or more per day in any
15	90-day period, all of the following apply:
16	a. The department conducts a technical review.
17	b. The department notifies the regional body as required in s. 281.343 (4h) (b)
18	1.
19	c. The proposal undergoes regional review.
20	d. The department considers the regional declaration of finding in determining
21	whether to approve the proposal.
22	(d) Intrabasin transfer. 1. The department may approve a proposal under par.
23	(b) for a new intrabasin transfer or an increase in an intrabasin transfer to which par.
24	(c) does not apply that would average less than 100,000 gallons per day in every
$\widehat{25}$	90-day period, if the proposal meets the applicable requirements in \$30.18, 281.34

- or 281.41 or, if those sections do not apply, any requirements specified by the department by rule and, if the water will be used for public water supply purposes, the proposal is consistent with an approved water supply service area plan under s. 281.348 that covers the public water supply system.
- 2. The department may approve a proposal under par. (b) for a new intrabasin transfer or an increase in an intrabasin transfer to which par. (c) does not apply that would average more than 100,000 gallons per day in any 90-day period with a new water loss or an increase in water loss that would average less than 5,000,000 gallons per day in every 90-day period, if all of the following apply:
- a. The proposal meets the exception standard under par. (f), except that the water may be returned to a watershed within the Great Lakes basin other than the source watershed and par. (f) 3m. does not apply.
- b. The applicant demonstrates that there is no feasible, cost-effective, and environmentally sound water supply alternative within the watershed to which the water will be transferred, including conservation of existing water supplies as determined under par. (g).
- c. If the water will be used for public water supply purposes, the proposal is consistent with an approved water supply service area plan under s. 281.348 that covers the public water supply system.
 - d. The department provides notice of the proposal to the other parties.
- 3. The department may approve a proposal under par. (b) for a new intrabasin transfer or an increase in an intrabasin transfer to which par. (c) does not apply with a new water loss or an increase in water loss that would average 5,000,000 gallons per day or more in any 90-day period, if all of the following apply:
 - a. The proposal meets the exception standard under par. (f).

25

1	b. The applicant demonstrates that there is no feasible, cost-effective, and
2	environmentally sound water supply alternative within the watershed to which the
3	water will be transferred, including conservation of existing water supplies as
4	determined under par. (g).
5	c. If the water will be used for public water supply purposes, the proposal is
6	consistent with an approved water supply service area plan under s. 281.348 that
7	covers the public water supply system.
8	d. The department conducts a technical review.
9	e. The department notifies the regional body as required in s. 281.343 (4h) (b)
10	1.
11	f. The proposal undergoes regional review.
12	g. The department considers the regional declaration of finding in determining
13	whether to approve the proposal.
14	h. The proposal is approved by the Great Lakes council.
15	(e) $Straddling\ counties.$ 1. The department may approve a proposal under par.
16	(b) for a new diversion or an increase in a diversion if the water diverted will be used
17	solely for public water supply purposes in a community within a straddling county
18	and all of the following apply:
19	a. The community does not have a water supply that is economically and
20	environmentally sustainable in the long term to meet reasonable demands for a
21	water supply, based on considerations of public health, economic feasibility, and
22	direct and avoided environmental impacts.
23	b. The proposal meets the exception standard under par. (f).

c. The proposal maximizes the amount of water withdrawn from the Great

Lakes basin that will be returned to the source watershed and minimizes the amount

following apply:

of water from outside the Great Lakes basin that will be returned to the source 1 2 watershed. 3 d. There is no reasonable water supply alternative within the watershed in 4 which the community is located, including conservation of existing water supplies as determined under par. (g). 5 6 The proposal will not endanger the integrity of the Great Lakes basin 7 ecosystem based upon a determination that the proposal will have no significant 8 adverse impact on the Great Lakes basin ecosystem. 9 em. The proposal is consistent with an approved water supply service area plan 10 under s. 281.348 that covers the public water supply system. 11 f. The department conducts a technical review. 12 g. The department notifies the regional body as required in s. 281.343 (4h) (b) 13 1. h. The proposal undergoes regional review. 14 15 i. The department considers the regional declaration of finding in determining 16 whether to approve the proposal. 17 j. The proposal is approved by the Great Lakes council. 18 2. In determining whether to approve a proposal under this paragraph, the 19 department shall give substantive consideration to whether the applicant provides 20 sufficient scientifically based evidence that the existing water supply is derived from 21groundwater that is hydrologically interconnected to waters of the Great Lakes 22 basin. 23 (f) Exception standard. A proposal meets the exception standard if all of the