Section 255. 938.20 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.20 (3) Notification to parent, guardian, legal custodian, Indian custodian of Release. If the juvenile is released under sub. (2) (b) to (d) or (g), the person who took the juvenile into custody shall immediately notify the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian of the time and circumstances of the release and the person, if any, to whom the juvenile was released. If the juvenile is not released under sub. (2), the person who took the juvenile into custody shall arrange in a manner determined by the court and law enforcement agencies for the juvenile to be interviewed by the intake worker under s. 938.067 (2). The person who took the juvenile into custody shall make a statement in writing with supporting facts of the reasons why the juvenile was taken into physical custody and shall give a copy of the statement to the intake worker and to any juvenile 10 years of age or older. If the intake interview is not done in person, the report may be read to the intake worker.

Section 256. 938.20 (7) (c) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.20 (7) (c) 1. To a parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian, or to a responsible adult if the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian is unavailable, unwilling, or unable to provide supervision for the juvenile, counseling or warning the juvenile as may be appropriate; or, if the juvenile is 15 years of age or older, without immediate adult supervision, counseling or warning the juvenile as may be appropriate.

Section 257. 938.20 (7) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.20 **(7)** (d) If the juvenile is released from custody, the intake worker shall immediately notify the juvenile's parent, guardian and, legal custodian, and Indian

according to this subsection.

custodian of the time and circumstances of the release and the person, if any, to whom
the juvenile was released.
Section 258. 938.20 (8) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.20 (8) (a) If a juvenile is held in custody, the intake worker shall notify the
juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian of the reasons
for holding the juvenile in custody and of the juvenile's whereabouts unless there is
reason to believe that notice would present imminent danger to the juvenile. The
parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian shall also be notified of
the time and place of the detention hearing required under s. 938.21, the nature and
possible consequences of the hearing, and the right to present and cross-examine
witnesses at the hearing, and, in the case of a parent or Indian custodian of an Indian
juvenile, the right to counsel under s. 938.028 (4) (b). If the parent, guardian, or legal
custodian, or Indian custodian is not immediately available, the intake worker or
another person designated by the court shall provide notice as soon as possible.
SECTION 259. 938.21 (2) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.21 (2) (title) Proceedings concerning runaway or delinquent juveniles.
Section 260. 938.21 (2) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.21 (2) (ag) Proceedings concerning a juvenile who comes within the
jurisdiction of the court under s. 938.12 or 938.13 (7) or (12) or (14) shall be conducted
according to this subsection.
Section 261. 938.21 (3) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.21 (3) (ag) Proceedings concerning a juvenile who comes within the
jurisdiction of the court under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (14) (7) shall be conducted

Section 262. 938.21 (3) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.21 **(3)** (am) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian may waive his or her right to participate in the hearing under this section. After any waiver, a rehearing shall be granted at the request of the parent, guardian, legal custodian, Indian custodian, or any other interested party for good cause shown.

Section 263. 938.21 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.21 (3) (b) If present at the hearing, a copy of the petition or request shall be given to the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian, and to the juvenile if he or she is 12 years of age or older, before the hearing begins. Prior notice of the hearing shall be given to the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, and Indian custodian and to the juvenile if he or she is 12 years of age or older under s. 938.20 (8).

SECTION 264. 938.21 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.21 (3) (d) Prior to the commencement of the hearing, the court shall inform the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian of the allegations that have been made or may be made, the nature and possible consequences of this hearing as compared to possible future hearings, the right to present, confront, and cross–examine witnesses, and the right to present witnesses and, in the case of a parent or Indian custodian of an Indian juvenile, the right to counsel under s. 938.028 (4) (b).

Section 265. 938.21 (3) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.21 **(3)** (e) If the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, Indian custodian, or the juvenile is not represented by counsel at the hearing and <u>if</u> the juvenile is continued in custody as a result of the hearing, the parent, guardian, legal custodian, Indian custodian, or juvenile may request through counsel subsequently appointed or retained or through a guardian ad litem that the order to hold the juvenile in

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

custody be reheard. If the request is made, a rehearing shall take place as soon as possible. An order to hold the juvenile in custody shall be reheard for good cause, whether or not counsel was present. **Section 266.** 938.21 (5) (d) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.21 (5) (d) and amended to read: 938.21 (5) (d) If the court finds that any of the circumstances specified in s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing under s. 938.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing. **Section 267.** 938.21 (5) (d) 2. of the statutes is repealed. **Section 268.** 938.21 (5) (d) 3. of the statutes is repealed. **Section 269.** 938.23 (2g) of the statutes is created to read: 938.23 (2g) RIGHT OF INDIAN JUVENILE'S PARENT OR INDIAN CUSTODIAN TO COUNSEL. Whenever an Indian juvenile is the subject of a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) involving the removal of the Indian juvenile from his or her home or the placement of the Indian juvenile in an out-of-home care placement, the Indian juvenile's parent or Indian custodian shall have the right to be represented by court–appointed counsel as provided in sub. (4). **Section 270.** 938.23 (4) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.23 (4) Providing counsel. If a juvenile has a right to be represented by counsel or is provided counsel at the discretion of the court under this section and counsel is not knowingly and voluntarily waived, the court shall refer the juvenile to the state public defender and counsel shall be appointed by the state public

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

defender under s. 977.08 without a determination of indigency. In any situation under sub. (2g) in which a parent 18 years of age or over is entitled to representation by counsel; counsel is not knowingly and voluntarily waived; and it appears that the parent is unable to afford counsel in full, or the parent so indicates; the court shall refer the parent to the authority for indigency determinations specified under s. 977.07 (1). In any other situation under this section in which a person has a right to be represented by counsel or is provided counsel at the discretion of the court, competent and independent counsel shall be provided and reimbursed in any manner suitable to the court regardless of the person's ability to pay, except that the court may not order a person who files a petition under s. 813.122 or 813.125 to reimburse counsel for the juvenile who is named as the respondent in that petition. **Section 271.** 938.235 (4) (a) 7. of the statutes is amended to read: 938.235 (4) (a) 7. Petition for relief from a judgment terminating parental rights under s. 48.028 or 48.46. **Section 272.** 938.24 (2r) (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.24 (2r) (title) American Indian Juvenile; notification of tribal court. **Section 273.** 938.24 (2r) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.24 (2r) (a) (intro.) If the intake worker determines as a result of the intake inquiry that the juvenile is an American Indian juvenile who has allegedly committed a delinquent act and that all of the following circumstances apply, the intake worker shall promptly notify the clerk of the tribal court under subd. 1., a person who serves as the tribal juvenile intake worker, or a tribal prosecuting attorney that the juvenile has allegedly committed a delinquent act under those circumstances:

Section 274. 938.24 (2r) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.24 **(2r)** (a) 1. At the time of the delinquent act the juvenile was under an order of a tribe's tribal court, other than a tribal court order relating to adoption, physical placement or visitation with the juvenile's parent, or permanent guardianship.

Section 275. 938.24 (2r) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.24 (2r) (a) 2. At the time of the delinquent act the juvenile was physically outside the boundaries of that tribe's the reservation of the Indian tribe of the tribal court and any off–reservation trust land of either that Indian tribe or a member of that Indian tribe as a direct consequence of a tribal court order under subd. 1., including a tribal court order placing the juvenile in the home of a relative of the juvenile who on or after the date of the tribal court order resides physically outside the boundaries of a reservation and off–reservation trust land.

Section 276. 938.24 (2r) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.24 (2r) (b) If the intake worker is notified by an official of the <u>Indian</u> tribe that a petition relating to the delinquent act has been or may be filed in tribal court, the intake worker shall consult with tribal officials, unless the intake worker determines under sub. (4) that the case should be closed. After the consultation, the intake worker shall determine whether the best interests of the juvenile and of the public would be served by having the matter proceed solely in tribal court. If the intake worker determines that the best interests of the juvenile and of the public would be served by having the matter proceed solely in tribal court, the intake worker shall close the case. If the intake worker determines that the best interests of the juvenile and of the public would not be served by having the matter proceed solely in tribal court, the intake worker shall proceed under sub. (3) or (4).

Section 277. 938.243 (1) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

1 938.243 (1) (e) The right of the juvenile to counsel under s. 938.23. 2 **Section 278.** 938.25 (2g) (title) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.25 (2g) (title) AMERICAN INDIAN JUVENILE; CONSULTATION WITH TRIBAL COURT. 3 **Section 279.** 938.255 (1) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read: 4 938.255 (1) (cm) If the petition is initiating proceedings other than proceedings 5 under s. 938.12, 938.125 or 938.13 (12) under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), whether 6 the juvenile may be subject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1901 to 7 1963, and, if the juvenile may be subject to that act, the names and addresses of the 8 9 juvenile's Indian custodian, if any, and Indian tribe, if known. **Section 280.** 938.255 (1) (cr) 1. a. of the statutes is amended to read: 10 11 938.255 (1) (cr) 1. a. The juvenile is an American Indian juvenile. 12 **Section 281.** 938.255 (1) (cr) 1. b. of the statutes is amended to read: 938.255 (1) (cr) 1. b. At the time of the alleged delinquent act, the juvenile was 13 under an order of a tribe's tribal court, other than a tribal court order relating to 14 15 adoption, physical placement or visitation with the juvenile's parent, or permanent 16 guardianship. **Section 282.** 938.255 (1) (cr) 1. c. of the statutes is amended to read: 17 18 938.255 (1) (cr) 1. c. At the time of the delinquent act the juvenile was 19 physically outside the boundaries of that tribe's the reservation of the Indian tribe 20 of the tribal court and any off-reservation trust land of either that Indian tribe or a 21 member of that <u>Indian</u> tribe as a direct consequence of a tribal court order under 22 subd. 1. b., including a tribal court order placing the juvenile in the home of a relative 23 of the juvenile who on or after the date of the tribal court order resides physically 24 outside the boundaries of a reservation and off-reservation trust land. 25 **Section 283.** 938.255 (1) (cr) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.255 (1) (cr) 2. If the statement under subd. 1. is included in the petition and if the intake worker, district attorney, or corporation counsel has been notified by an official of the <u>Indian</u> tribe that a petition relating to the delinquent act has been or may be filed in tribal court with respect to the alleged delinquent act, a statement to that effect.

Section 284. 938.255 (1) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

938.255 (1) (g) If the juvenile is or may be an Indian juvenile and is alleged to come within the provisions of s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), reliable and credible information showing that continued custody of the juvenile by the juvenile's parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1. and reliable and credible information showing that the person who took the juvenile into custody and the intake worker have made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful. If the juvenile is or may be an Indian juvenile, is alleged to come within the provisions of s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), and is being held in custody outside of his or her home, the petition shall set forth with specificity both the information required under this paragraph and the information required under par. (f).

Section 285. 938.255 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.255 **(2)** If any of the facts in sub. (1) (a) to (cr) and, (f), and (g) are not known or cannot be ascertained by the petitioner, the petition shall so state.

Section 286. 938.255 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.255 **(4)** Copy to Juvenile, Parents, and others. A copy of the petition shall be given to the juvenile and to the parents, guardian, legal custodian and physical custodian. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is alleged to come within the

provisions of s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), a copy of the petition shall also be given to the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe.

Section 287. 938.27 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.27 (3) (a) 1. The court shall notify, under s. 938.273, the juvenile, any parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the juvenile, any foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the juvenile, and any person specified in par. (b) or (d), if applicable, of all hearings involving the juvenile under this subchapter, except hearings on motions for which notice must be provided only to the juvenile and his or her counsel. If parents entitled to notice have the same place of residence, notice to one constitutes notice to the other. The first notice to any interested party, foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) shall be in writing and may have a copy of the petition attached to it. Notices of subsequent hearings may be given by telephone at least 72 hours before the time of the hearing. The person giving telephone notice shall place in the case file a signed statement of the date and time notice was given and the person to whom he or she spoke.

Section 288. 938.27 (3) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

938.27 **(3)** (d) If the petition that was filed relates to facts concerning a situation under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) involving an Indian juvenile, the court shall notify, under s. 938.273, the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe and that Indian custodian or tribe may intervene at any point in the proceeding.

Section 289. 938.27 (4) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.27 **(4)** (b) Advise the juvenile <u>and any other party, if applicable,</u> of his or her right to legal counsel regardless of ability to pay.

Section 290. 938.273 (1) (a) of the statutes of the statutes is amended to read:

938.273 (1) (a) Service Except as provided in pars. (ag), (ar), and (b), service of
summons or notice required by s. 938.27 may be made by mailing a copy of the
summons or notice to the persons person summoned or notified. If
(ar) Except as provided in par. (b), if the persons person, other than a person
specified in s. 938.27 (4m), fail fails to appear at the hearing or otherwise to
acknowledge service, a continuance shall be granted, except as provided in par. (b)
and service shall be made personally by delivering to the persons person a copy of the
summons or notice; except that if the court determines that it is impracticable to
serve the summons or notice personally, it the court may order service by certified
mail addressed to the last-known addresses address of the persons person.
SECTION 291. 938.273 (1) (ag) of the statutes is created to read:
938.273 (1) (ag) In a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), service of
summons or notice required by s. 938.27 to an Indian juvenile's parent, Indian
custodian, or tribe shall be made as provided in s. 938.028 (4) (a).
Section 292. 938.273 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.273 (1) (b) The court may refuse to grant a continuance when the juvenile
is being held in secure custody, but if the court so refuses, it the court shall order that
service of notice of the next hearing be made personally or by certified mail to the
last-known address of the person who failed to appear at the hearing.
Section 293. 938.273 (1) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 938.273 (1) (c)
(intro.) and amended to read:
938.273 (1) (c) (intro.) Personal service shall be made at least 72 hours before
the hearing. Mail shall be sent at least 7 days before the hearing, except that when
as follows:

1	1. When the petition is filed under s. 938.13 and the person to be notified lives
2	outside the state, the mail shall be sent at least 14 days before the hearing.
3	Section 294. 938.273 (1) (c) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
4	938.273 (1) (c) 2. When a petition under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) involves
5	an Indian juvenile and the person to be notified is the Indian juvenile's parent,
6	Indian custodian, or tribe, the mail shall be sent so that it is received by the person
7	to be notified at least 10 days before the time of the hearing or by the U.S. secretary
8	of the interior at least 25 days before the time of the hearing.
9	Section 295. 938.299 (6) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	938.299 (6) (d) The court may stay the proceedings under this chapter pending
11	the outcome of the paternity proceedings under subch. IX of ch. 767 if the court
12	determines that the paternity proceedings will not unduly delay the proceedings
13	under this chapter and the determination of paternity is necessary to the court's
14	disposition of the juvenile if the juvenile is found to be in need of protection or services
15	or if the court determines that the paternity proceedings may result in a finding that
16	the juvenile is an Indian juvenile and in a petition by the juvenile's parent. Indian
17	custodian, or tribe for transfer of the proceeding to the jurisdiction of the tribe.
18	Section 296. 938.299 (9) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	938.299 (9) (title) American Indian Juvenile; tribal court involvement.
20	Section 297. 938.299 (9) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	938.299 (9) (a) If a petition under s. 938.12 or 938.13 (12) includes the
22	statement in s. 938.255 (1) (cr) 2. or if the court is informed during a proceeding under
23	s. 938.12 or 938.13 (12) that a petition relating to the delinquent act has been filed
24	in a tribe's tribal court with respect to a juvenile to whom the circumstances specified
25	in s. 938.255 (1) (cr) 1. apply, the court shall stay the proceeding and communicate

with the tribal court in which the other proceeding is or may be pending to discuss which court is the more appropriate forum.

Section 298. 938.299 (10) of the statutes is created to read:

938.299 (10) If at any point in a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) the court determines that the juvenile is or may be an Indian juvenile, the court shall provide notice of the proceeding to the juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). The next hearing in the proceeding may not be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the parent, Indian custodian, and tribe or until at least 25 days after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. On request of the parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for that hearing.

Section 299. 938.30 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.30 (1) Time of Hearing. Except as provided in this subsection and s. 938.299 (10), the hearing to determine the juvenile's plea to a citation or a petition under s. 938.12, 938.125, or 938.13 (12) or (14), or to determine whether any party wishes to contest an allegation that the juvenile is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) or (14) shall take place on a date which allows reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is within 30 days after the filing of a petition or issuance of a citation for a juvenile who is not being held in secure custody or within 10 days after the filing of a petition or issuance of a citation for a juvenile who is being held in secure custody. In a municipal court operated jointly by 2 or more cities, towns or villages under s. 755.01 (4), the hearing to determine the juvenile's plea shall take place within 45 days after the filing of a petition or issuance of a citation for a juvenile who is not being held in secure custody.

Section 300. 938.30 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.30 (2) Information to Juvenile and parents; basic rights; substitution. At or before the commencement of the hearing under this section the juvenile and the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, or Indian custodian shall be advised of their rights as specified in s. 938.243 and shall be informed that the hearing shall be to the court and that a request for a substitution of judge under s. 938.29 must be made before the end of the plea hearing or is waived. Nonpetitioning parties, including the juvenile, shall be granted a continuance of the plea hearing if they wish to consult with an attorney on the request for a substitution of a judge.

Section 301. 938.30 (6) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.30 **(6)** (a) If a petition is not contested, the court, subject to s. 938.299 (10), shall set a date for the dispositional hearing which allows reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is no more than 10 days from the plea hearing for a juvenile who is held in secure custody and no more than 30 days from the plea hearing for a juvenile who is not held in secure custody. If all parties consent the court may proceed immediately with the dispositional hearing. If a citation is not contested, the court may proceed immediately to enter a dispositional order.

Section 302. 938.30 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.30 (7) Contested petitions or citations; date for fact-finding hearing. If the petition or citation is contested, the court, subject to s. 938.299 (10), shall set a date for the fact-finding hearing that allows a reasonable time for the parties to prepare but is no more than 20 days from after the plea hearing for a juvenile who is held in secure custody and no more than 30 days from after the plea hearing for a juvenile who is not held in secure custody.

Section 303. 938.305 of the statutes is amended to read:

938.305 Hearing upon the involuntary removal of a juvenile.
Notwithstanding other time periods for hearings under this chapter, if a juvenile is
removed from the physical custody of the juvenile's parent or guardian under s.
938.19 (1) (c) or (d) 5. without the consent of the parent or guardian, the court, subject
to s. 938.299 (10), shall schedule a plea hearing and fact–finding hearing within 30
days after a request from the parent or guardian from whom custody was removed.
The plea hearing and fact-finding hearing may be combined. This time period may
be extended only with the consent of the requesting parent or guardian.
Section 304. 938.31 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.31 (7) (a) At the close of the fact-finding hearing, the court, subject to s.
938.299 (10), shall set a date for the dispositional hearing that allows a reasonable
time for the parties to prepare but is no more than 10 days after the fact-finding
hearing for a juvenile in secure custody and no more than 30 days after the
fact-finding hearing for a juvenile not held in secure custody. If all parties consent,
the court may immediately proceed with a dispositional hearing.
S ECTION 305 . 938.315 (1) (a) 11. of the statutes is created to read:
938.315 (1) (a) 11. A continuance, not to exceed 20 days, granted at the request
of the parent, Indian custodian, or tribe of a juvenile who is or may be an Indian
juvenile to enable the requester to prepare for a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6),
(6m), or (7) involving the juvenile.
Section 306. 938.315 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.315 (2) Continuance for good cause. A continuance may be granted by
the court only upon a showing of good cause in open court or during a telephone
conference under s. 807.13 on the record and only for so long as is necessary, taking

into account the request or consent of the representative of the public under $s.\ 938.09$

or the parties, the request of a person specified in sub. (1) (a) 11., the interests of the victims, and the interest of the public in the prompt disposition of cases.

SECTION 307. 938.32 (1) (d) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.32 (1) (d) and amended to read:

938.32 (1) (d) If the court finds that any of the circumstances specified in s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing under s. 938.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. The agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.

Section 308. 938.32 (1) (d) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

Section 309. 938.32 (1) (d) 3. of the statutes is repealed.

Section 310. 938.33 (4) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

938.33 **(4)** (d) In the case of a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), if the agency knows or has reason to know that the juvenile is an Indian juvenile, a description of any efforts undertaken to determine whether the juvenile is an Indian juvenile; specific information showing that continued custody of the juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile, under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1.; specific information showing that the county department or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful; a statement as to whether the out–of–home care placement recommended is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b); and, if the recommended placement is not in compliance with that order, specific

information showing good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

Section 311. 938.335 (3j) of the statutes is created to read:

- 938.335 (3j) Indian Juvenile; active efforts finding. At hearings under this section involving an Indian juvenile who is the subject of a proceeding under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), if the agency, as defined in s. 938.38 (1) (a), is recommending placement of the Indian juvenile in a foster home, treatment foster home, group home, or residential care center for children and youth or in the home of a relative other than a parent, the agency shall present as evidence specific information showing all of the following:
- (a) That continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the Indian juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1.
- (b) That the county department or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the Indian juvenile has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.
- (c) That the placement recommended is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b) or, if that placement is not in compliance with that order, good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

Section 312. 938.345 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

938.345 (1m) Indian Juvenile; placement preferences. (a) Subject to s. 938.028 (6) (b), if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) and who is being placed in an

out—of—home care placement, as defined in s. 938.028 (2) (c), the court shall designate one of the placements specified in s. 938.028 (6) (a) 1. to 4. as the placement for the Indian juvenile, in the order of preference listed, unless the court finds good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

Section 313. 938.355 (2) (b) 6v. of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 (2) (b) 6v. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 983.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) and who is placed outside the home, a finding supported by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1. and a finding supported by clear and convincing evidence as to whether the county department or agency primarily responsible for providing services under a court order has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful. The findings under this subsection shall be in addition to the findings under subd. 6., except that for the sole purpose of determining whether the cost of providing care for an Indian juvenile is eligible for reimbursement under 42 USC 670 to 679b, the findings under this subdivision and the findings under subd. 6. shall be considered to be the same findings.

Section 314. 938.355 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 **(2)** (d) The court shall provide a copy of the dispositional order to the juvenile's parent, guardian, legal custodian, or trustee and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), to the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe.

1	Section 315. 938.355 (2d) (c) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.355 (2d) (c)
2	and amended to read:
3	938.355 (2d) (c) If the court finds that any of the circumstances under par. (b)
4	1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing <u>under s. 938.38</u>
5	(4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan
6	for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible
7	for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not
8	less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.
9	Section 316. 938.355 (2d) (c) 2. of the statutes is repealed.
10	Section 317. 938.355 (2d) (c) 3. of the statutes is repealed.
11	SECTION 318. 938.355 (2d) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
12	938.355 (2d) (d) This subsection does not affect the requirement under sub. (2)
13	(b) 6v. that the court include in a dispositional order placing an Indian juvenile who
14	is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) outside the
15	home a finding as to whether the county department or agency primarily responsible
16	for providing services under a court order has made active efforts under s. 938.028
17	(4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have
18	proved unsuccessful.
19	Section 319. 938.355 (6) (an) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
20	938.355 (6) (an) 1. If a juvenile who has violated a municipal ordinance, other
21	than an ordinance enacted under s. 118.163 (1m) or (2), violates a condition of a
22	dispositional order imposed by the municipal court, the municipal court may petition
23	the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 to impose
24	on the juvenile the sanction under par. (d) 1. or the sanction under par. (d) 3., with
25	monitoring by an electronic monitoring system. A sanction may be imposed under

this subdivision only if, at the time of the judgment, the municipal court explained the conditions to the juvenile and informed the juvenile of those possible sanctions for a violation or if before the violation the juvenile has acknowledged in writing that he or she has read, or has had read to him or her, those conditions and possible sanctions and that he or she understands those conditions and possible sanctions. The petition shall contain a statement of whether the juvenile may be subject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963, and, if the juvenile may be subject to that act, the names and addresses of the juvenile's Indian custodian, if any, and tribe, if known.

Section 320. 938.355 (6) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 **(6)** (b) *Motion to impose sanction*. A motion for imposition of a sanction may be brought by the person or agency primarily responsible for the provision of dispositional services, the district attorney or corporation counsel, or the court that entered the dispositional order. If the court initiates the motion, that court is disqualified from holding a hearing on the motion. Notice of the motion shall be given to the juvenile, guardian ad litem, counsel, parent, guardian, legal custodian, and all parties present at the original dispositional hearing. The motion shall contain a statement of whether the juvenile may be subject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963 and, if the juvenile may be subject to that act, the names and addresses of the juvenile's Indian custodian, if any, and tribe, if known.

Section 321. 938.355 (6) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 **(6)** (bm) *Indian juvenile; notice*. If the person initiating the motion knows or has reason to know that the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who has been found to be in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) or who has been adjudged to have violated a civil law or ordinance, notice under par. (b) to

the Indian juvenile's parent shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). In like manner, the court shall also notify the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. No hearing may be held under par. (c) until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe or until at least 25 days after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

Section 322. 938.355 (6) (cr) of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 **(6)** (cr) *Indian juvenile; findings*. The court may not order the sanction of placement in a place of nonsecure custody specified in par. (d) 1. for an Indian juvenile who has been found to be in need of protection or services under s. 983.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) or who has been adjudged to have violated a civil law or ordinance unless the court finds by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1. and that the agency primarily responsible for providing services for the Indian juvenile has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful. These findings are not required if they were made in the dispositional order under which the juvenile is being sanctioned. The findings under this paragraph shall be in addition to the findings under par. (cm), except that for the sole purpose of determining whether the cost of providing care for an Indian juvenile is eligible for reimbursement under 42 USC 670 to 679b, the findings under

this paragraph and the findings under par. (cm) shall be considered to be the same findings.

Section 323. 938.355 (6m) (am) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 **(6m)** (am) 1. If a juvenile who has violated a municipal ordinance enacted under s. 118.163 (2) violates a condition of a dispositional order imposed by the municipal court, the municipal court may petition the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 to impose on the juvenile the sanction specified in par. (a) 1g. A sanction may be imposed under this subdivision only if, at the time of the judgment the municipal court explained the conditions to the juvenile and informed the juvenile of that possible sanction or if before the violation the juvenile has acknowledged in writing that he or she has read, or has had read to him or her, those conditions and that possible sanction and that he or she understands those conditions and that possible sanction. The petition shall contain a statement of whether the juvenile may be subject to the federal Indian Child Welfare Act, 25 USC 1911 to 1963, and, if the juvenile may be subject to that act, the names and addresses of the juvenile's Indian custodian, if any, and tribe, if known.

Section 324. 938.355 (6m) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 **(6m)** (bm) *Indian juvenile; notice*. If the person initiating the motion knows or has reason to know that the juvenile is an Indian juvenile, notice under par. (b) to the Indian juvenile's parent shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). In like manner, the court shall also notify the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. No hearing may be held under par. (c) until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe or until at least 25 days after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall

grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

Section 325. 938.355 (6m) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 **(6m)** (c) *Sanction hearing.* Before imposing a sanction under par. (a) or (ag), the court shall hold a hearing at which the juvenile is entitled to be represented by legal counsel and to present evidence. The Except as provided in par. (bm), the hearing shall be held within 15 days after the filing of a motion under par. (b).

Section 326. 938.355 (6m) (cr) of the statutes is created to read:

938.355 **(6m)** (cr) *Indian juvenile; findings.* The court may not order the sanction of placement in a place of nonsecure custody specified in par. (a) 1g. for an Indian juvenile unless the court finds by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1. and that the agency primarily responsible for providing services for the Indian juvenile has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful. These findings are not required if they were made in the dispositional order under which the juvenile is being sanctioned. The findings under this paragraph shall be in addition to the findings under par. (cm), except that for the sole purpose of determining whether the cost of providing care for an Indian juvenile is eligible for reimbursement under 42 USC 670 to 679b, the findings under this paragraph and the findings under par. (cm) shall be considered to be the same findings.

Section 327. 938.357 (1) (am) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (1) (am) 1. If the proposed change in placement involves any change in placement other than a change in placement under par. (c), the person or agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order or the district attorney shall cause written notice of the proposed change in placement to be sent to the juvenile, the parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the juvenile, and any foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the juvenile. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4). (6). (6m). or (7). written notice shall also be sent to the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. The notice shall contain the name and address of the new placement, the reasons for the change in placement, a statement describing why the new placement is preferable to the present placement, and a statement of how the new placement satisfies objectives of the treatment plan ordered by the court.

Section 328. 938.357 (1) (am) 1g. of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (1) (am) 1g. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) and if the proposed change in placement would change the Indian juvenile's placement from a placement outside the home to another placement outside the home, a notice under subd. 1. shall also contain a statement as to whether the new placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b) and, if the new placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

Section 329. 938.357 (1) (am) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 **(1)** (am) 1m. In a proceeding involving an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), notice under subd.

1. to the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). No hearing on the request may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe or until at least 25 days after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

Section 330. 938.357 (1) (am) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (1) (am) 2. Any person receiving the notice under subd. 1. or notice of a specific foster or treatment foster placement under s. 938.355 (2) (b) 2. may obtain a hearing on the matter by filing an objection with the court within 10 days after receipt of the notice. Placements may not be changed until 10 days after that notice is sent to the court unless the parent, guardian, or legal custodian and, or Indian custodian, the juvenile, if 12 or more years of age, and the juvenile's tribe, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4). (6). (6m), or (7), sign written waivers of objection, except that changes in placement that were authorized in the dispositional order may be made immediately if notice is given as required under subd. 1. In addition, a hearing is not required for placement changes authorized in the dispositional order except when an objection filed by a person who received notice alleges that new information is available that affects the advisability of the court's dispositional order.

Section 331. 938.357 (1) (am) 3. of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

938.357 **(1)** (am) 3. If the court changes the juvenile's placement from a placement outside the home to another placement outside the home, the change in

placement order shall contain the applicable order under sub. (2v) (a) 1m. and the applicable statement under sub. (2v) (a) 2. If the court changes the placement of an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4). (6). (6m). or (7) from a placement outside the home to another placement outside the home, the change in placement order shall, in addition, comply with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b), unless the court finds good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

Section 332. 938.357 (1) (c) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (1) (c) 1m. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), a request under subd. 1. shall also contain specific information showing that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1., specific information showing that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful, a statement as to whether the new placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b) and, if the new placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

Section 333. 938.357 (1) (c) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (1) (c) 2. The court shall hold a hearing prior to ordering a change in placement requested under subd. 1. At least 3 days prior to the hearing, the court shall provide notice of the hearing, together with a copy of the request for the change in placement, to the juvenile, the parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the

juvenile, and all parties that are bound by the dispositional order, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. If all parties consent, the court may proceed immediately with the hearing.

Section 334. 938.357 (1) (c) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (1) (c) 2m. In a proceeding involving an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), notice under subd. 2. to the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). No hearing on the request may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe or until at least 25 days after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

SECTION 335. 938.357 (1) (c) 3. of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 20, is amended to read:

938.357 (1) (c) 3. If the court changes the juvenile's placement from a placement in the juvenile's home to a placement outside the juvenile's home, the change in placement order shall contain the findings under sub. (2v) (a) 1., the applicable order under sub. (2v) (a) 1m., the applicable statement under sub. (2v) (a) 2., and, if in addition the court finds that any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the determination under sub. (2v) (a) 3. If the court changes the placement of an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4). (6). (6m), or (7) from a placement in the Indian juvenile's home to a placement outside the Indian juvenile's home, the change in placement

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

order shall contain the findings under sub. (2v) (a) 4. and comply with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b), unless the court finds good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

Section 336. 938.357 (2m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (2m) (a) Request; information required. The juvenile, the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the juvenile, or any person or agency primarily bound by the dispositional order, other than the person or agency responsible for implementing the order, or, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian may request a change in placement under this paragraph. The request shall contain the name and address of the new placement requested and shall state what new information is available that affects the advisability of the current placement. If the proposed change in placement would change the placement of a juvenile placed in the juvenile's home to a placement outside the home, the request shall also contain specific information showing that continued placement of the juvenile in the juvenile's home would be contrary to the welfare of the juvenile and, unless any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies, specific information showing that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made reasonable efforts to prevent the removal of the juvenile from the home, while assuring that the juvenile's health and safety are the paramount concerns. The request shall be submitted to the court. The court may also propose a change in placement on its own motion.

Section 337. 938.357 (2m) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (2m) (am) *Indian juvenile; information required.* 1. If the proposed change of placement would change the placement of an Indian juvenile placed in the Indian juvenile's home under s. 938.357 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) to a placement outside the Indian juvenile's home, a request under par. (a) shall also contain specific information showing that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1., specific information showing that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful, a statement as to whether the new placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b) and, if the new placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

2. If the proposed change in placement would change the placement of an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) from a placement outside the home to another placement outside the home, a request under par. (a) shall also contain a statement as to whether the new placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b) and, if the new placement is not in compliance with that order, specific information showing good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

Section 338. 938.357 (2m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (2m) (b) *Hearing; when required.* The court shall hold a hearing prior to ordering any change in placement requested or proposed under par. (a) if the

request states that new information is available that affects the advisability of the current placement. A hearing is not required if the requested or proposed change in placement does not involve a change in placement of a juvenile placed in the juvenile's home to a placement outside the juvenile's home, written waivers of objection to the proposed change in placement are signed by all parties entitled to receive notice under sub. (1) (am) 1. this paragraph, and the court approves. If a hearing is scheduled, not less than 3 days before the hearing the court shall notify the juvenile, the parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the juvenile, any foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the juvenile, and all parties who are bound by the dispositional order at least-3 days prior to the hearing, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4). (6). (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. A copy of the request or proposal for the change in placement shall be attached to the notice. If all of the parties consent, the court may proceed immediately with the hearing.

Section 339. 938.357 (2m) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (2m) (bm) *Indian juvenile; notice.* If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), notice under par. (b) to the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). No hearing on the request or proposal may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe or until at least 25 days after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

SECTION 340. 938.357 (2m) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 20, is renumbered 938.357 (2m) (c) 1. and amended to read:

938.357 **(2m)** (c) *Findings required.* 1. If the court changes the juvenile's placement from a placement in the juvenile's home to a placement outside the juvenile's home, the change in placement order shall contain the findings under sub. (2v) (a) 1., the applicable order under sub. (2v) (a) 1m., the applicable statement under sub. (2v) (a) 2., and, if in addition the court finds that any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the determination under sub. (2v) (a) 3. If the court changes the placement of an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4). (6). (6m). or (7) from a placement in the Indian juvenile's home to a placement outside the Indian juvenile's home, the change in placement order shall, in addition, contain the findings under sub. (2v) (a) 4. and comply with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b), unless the court finds good cause, as described in s. 928.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

2. If the court changes the juvenile's placement from a placement outside the home to another placement outside the home, the change in placement order shall contain the applicable order under sub. (2v) (a) 1m. and the applicable statement under sub. (2v) (a) 2. If the court changes the placement of an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4). (6). (6m). or (7) from a placement outside the Indian juvenile's home to another placement outside the Indian juvenile's home, the change in placement order shall, in addition, comply with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b), unless the court finds good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from the order.

Section 341. 938.357 (2v) (a) 4. of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (2v) (a) 4. If the change in placement order changes the placement of an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7) from a placement in the Indian juvenile's home to a placement outside the Indian juvenile's home, a finding supported by clear and convincing evidence, including the testimony of one or more qualified expert witnesses, that continued custody of the Indian juvenile by the parent or Indian custodian is likely to result in serious emotional or physical damage to the juvenile under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 1. and a finding supported by clear and convincing evidence that the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful. The findings under this subdivision shall be in addition to the findings under subd. 1., except that for the sole purpose of determining whether the cost of providing care for an Indian juvenile is eligible for reimbursement under 42 USC 670 to 679b, the findings under this subdivision and the findings under subd. 1. shall be considered to be the same findings.

SECTION 342. 938.357 (2v) (c) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.357 (2v) (c) and amended to read:

938.357 (2v) (c) If the court finds under par. (a) 3. that any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing under s. 938.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this paragraph, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court at least 5 days before the date of the hearing.

Section 343. 938.357 (2v) (c) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

Section 344. 938.357 (2v) (c) 3. of the statutes is repealed.

Section 345. 938.363 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.363 (1) (a) A juvenile, the juvenile's parent, guardian, or legal custodian, any person or agency bound by a dispositional order, or the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered or. if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian may request a revision in the order that does not involve a change in placement, including a revision with respect to the amount of child support to be paid by a parent. The court may also propose a revision. The request or court proposal shall set forth in detail the nature of the proposed revision and what new information is available that affects the advisability of the court's disposition. The request or court proposal shall be submitted to the court. The court shall hold a hearing on the matter prior to any revision of the dispositional order if the request or court proposal indicates that new information is available that affects the advisability of the court's dispositional order, unless written waivers of objections to the revision are signed by all parties entitled to receive notice and the court approves.

Section 346. 938.363 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.363 (1) (b) If a hearing is held, at least 3 days before the hearing the court shall notify the juvenile, the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, all parties bound by the dispositional order, the juvenile's foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), and the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered at least 3 days prior to the hearing and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian

juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. A copy of the request or proposal shall be attached to the notice. If all parties consent, the court may proceed immediately with the hearing. No revision may extend the effective period of the original order, or revise an original order under s. 938.34 (3) (f) or (6) (am) to impose more than a total of 30 days of detention, nonsecure custody, or inpatient treatment on a juvenile.

Section 347. 938.365 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.365 (1m) Request for extension. The parent, juvenile, guardian, legal custodian, any person or agency bound by the dispositional order, the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered, or the court on its own motion, or, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian may request an extension of an order under s. 938.355. The request shall be submitted to the court which that entered the order. An order under s. 938.355 for placement of a juvenile in detention, nonsecure custody, or inpatient treatment under s. 938.34 (3) (f) or (6) (am) may not be extended. Other orders or portions of orders under s. 938.355 may be extended only as provided in this section.

Section 348. 938.365 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.365 **(2)** Notice. No order may be extended without a hearing. The court shall notify provide notice of the time and place of the hearing to the juvenile or the juvenile's guardian ad litem or counsel, the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, all of the parties present at the original hearing, the juvenile's foster parent, treatment foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), and the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered of the time and place of the hearing, and, if the

SECTION 348

juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian.

Section 349. 938.365 (2g) (b) 4. of the statutes is created to read:

938.365 **(2g)** (b) 4. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is placed outside the home under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), specific information showing that active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. have been made to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

SECTION 350. 938.365 (2m) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.365 **(2m)** (a) 1. Any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of extension. If the juvenile is placed outside of his or her home, the person or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile shall present as evidence specific information showing that the <u>person or</u> agency has made reasonable efforts to achieve the goal of the juvenile's permanency plan, unless return of the juvenile to the home is the goal of the permanency plan and any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies. <u>If an Indian juvenile is placed outside the home under s. 938.13 (4). (6). (6m). or (7).</u> the person or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the Indian juvenile shall also present as evidence specific information showing that the person or agency has made active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and that those efforts have proved unsuccessful.

1m. The court shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law based on the evidence. The findings of fact shall include a finding as to whether reasonable efforts were made by the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile to achieve the goal of the juvenile's permanency plan, unless return of the juvenile to the home is the goal of the permanency plan and the court finds that any of the

circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is placed outside the home under s. 938.13 (4). (6). (6m). or (7). the findings of fact shall also include a finding as to whether active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. were made to prevent the breakup of the Indian family and as to whether those efforts have proved unsuccessful. An order shall be issued under s. 938.355.

Section 351. 938.365 (2m) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.365 **(2m)** (a) 3. The court shall make the findings under subd. 1. 1m. relating to reasonable efforts to achieve the goal of the juvenile's permanency plan and the findings under subd. 2. on a case-by-case basis based on circumstances specific to the juvenile and shall document or reference the specific information on which those findings are based in the order issued under s. 938.355. An order that merely references subd. 1. 1m. or 2. without documenting or referencing that specific information in the order or an amended order that retroactively corrects an earlier order that does not comply with this subdivision is not sufficient to comply with this subdivision.

SECTION 352. 938.365 (2m) (ad) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.365 (2m) (ad) and amended to read:

938.365 **(2m)** (ad) If the court finds that any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing under s. 938.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.

Section 353. 938.365 (2m) (ad) 2. of the statutes is repealed.

Section 354. 938.365 (2m) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.365 (2m) (ag) The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under par. (ad) 2. or sub. (2) an opportunity to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issue of extension. A foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian who receives notice of a hearing under par. (ad) 2. or sub. (2) and an opportunity to be heard under this paragraph does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and having the opportunity to be heard.

SECTION 355. 938.38 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 **(3)** TIME. (intro.) Subject to s. 938.355 (2d) (c) 1-, the agency shall file the permanency plan with the court within 60 days after the date on which the juvenile was first removed from his or her home, except under either of the following conditions:

Section 356. 938.38 (4) (i) of the statutes is created to read:

938.38 **(4)** (i) If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), all of the following:

- 1. The name, address, and telephone number of the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe.
- 2. A description of the remedial services and rehabilitation programs offered under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. in an effort to prevent the breakup of the Indian family.
- 3. A statement as to whether the Indian juvenile's placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s.

938.028 (6) (b) and, if the placement is not in compliance with that order, a statement as to whether there is good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

Section 357. 938.38 (4m) of the statutes is created to read:

938.38 **(4m)** Permanency plan determination Hearing. (a) If in a proceeding under s. 938.21, 938.32, 938.355, 938.357, or 938.365 the court finds that any of the circumstances specified in s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this paragraph, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the hearing.

- (b) At least 10 days before the hearing the court shall notify the juvenile, any parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the juvenile, any foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the juvenile and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is or is alleged to be in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe of the time, place, and purpose of the hearing.
- (c) If the court knows or has reason to know that the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is or is alleged to be in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), notice under par. (b) to the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). No hearing may be held under par. (a) until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe or until at least 25 days after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. On request of the Indian

juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

(d) The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under par. (b) an opportunity to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be determined at the hearing. The foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and having the opportunity to be heard.

Section 358. 938.38 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5) (b) The court or the agency shall notify the parents of the juvenile, the juvenile, if he or she is 10 years of age or older, and; the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; the juvenile's foster parent, the juvenile's treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the juvenile is living, or the relative with whom the juvenile is living; and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe of the date, time, and place of the review, of the issues to be determined as part of the review, and of the fact that they may have an opportunity to be heard at the review by submitting written comments not less than 10 working days before the review or by participating at the review. The court or agency shall notify the person representing the interests of the public, the juvenile's counsel, and the juvenile's guardian ad litem of the date of the review, of the issues to be determined as part of the review, and of the fact that they may submit written

comments not less than 10 working days before the review. The notices under this paragraph shall be provided in writing not less than 30 days before the review and copies of the notices shall be filed in the juvenile's case record.

Section 359. 938.38 (5) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

938.38 (5) (bm) If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), notice under par. (b) to the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). No review may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe or until at least 25 days after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the review.

SECTION 360. 938.38 (5) (c) 8. of the statutes is created to read:

938.38 (5) (c) 8. If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), whether active efforts under s. 938.028 (4) (d) 2. were made by the agency to prevent the breakup of the Indian family, whether those efforts have proved unsuccessful, whether the Indian child's placement is in compliance with the order of placement preference under s. 938.028 (6) (a) or, if applicable, s. 938.028 (6) (b), and, if the placement is not in compliance with that order, whether there is good cause, as described in s. 938.028 (6) (d), for departing from that order.

Section 361. 938.38 (5) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 **(5)** (d) Notwithstanding s. 938.78 (2) (a), the agency that prepared the permanency plan shall, at least 5 days before a review by a review panel, provide to

each person appointed to the review panel, the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, the person representing the interests of the public, the juvenile's counsel and, the juvenile's guardian ad litem, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4). (6). (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe a copy of the permanency plan and any written comments submitted under par. (b). Notwithstanding s. 938.78 (2) (a), a person appointed to a review panel, the person representing the interests of the public, the juvenile's counsel and, the juvenile's guardian ad litem, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4). (6). (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe may have access to any other records concerning the juvenile for the purpose of participating in the review. A person permitted access to a juvenile's records under this paragraph may not disclose any information from the records to any other person.

Section 362. 938.38 (5) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 **(5)** (e) Within 30 days, the agency shall prepare a written summary of the determinations under par. (c) and shall provide a copy to the court that entered the order; the juvenile or the juvenile's counsel or guardian ad litem; the person representing the interests of the public; the juvenile's parent or guardian and, or legal custodian; the juvenile's foster parent, the juvenile's treatment foster parent, or the operator of the facility where the juvenile is living; and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe.

Section 363. 938.38 (5m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 **(5m)** (b) Not less than 30 days before the date of the hearing, the court shall notify the juvenile; the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; the

juvenile's foster parent or treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the juvenile is living, or the relative with whom the juvenile is living; the juvenile's counsel, and the juvenile's guardian ad litem; the agency that prepared the permanency plan; and the person representing the interests of the public; and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe of the date, time, and place of the hearing.

Section 364. 938.38 (5m) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

938.38 (5m) (bm) If the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), notice under par. (b) to the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe shall be provided in the manner specified in s. 938.028 (4) (a). No hearing under par. (a) may be held until at least 10 days after receipt of the notice by the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, and tribe or until at least 25 days after receipt of the notice by the U.S. secretary of the interior. On request of the Indian juvenile's parent, Indian custodian, or tribe, the court shall grant a continuance of up to 20 additional days to enable the requester to prepare for the hearing.

Section 365. 938.38 (5m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 **(5m)** (d) At least 5 days before the date of the hearing the agency that prepared the permanency plan shall provide a copy of the permanency plan and any written comments submitted under par. (c) to the court, to the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, to the person representing the interests of the public, and to the juvenile's counsel or guardian ad litem, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4). (6). (6m), or (7), to the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. Notwithstanding s. 938.78 (2)

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

(a), the person representing the interests of the public and, the juvenile's counsel or guardian ad litem, and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4). (6). (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe may have access to any other records concerning the juvenile for the purpose of participating in the review. A person permitted access to a juvenile's records under this paragraph may not disclose any information from the records to any other person.

SECTION 366. 938.38 (5m) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5m) (e) After the hearing, the court shall make written findings of fact and conclusions of law relating to the determinations under sub. (5) (c) and shall provide a copy of those findings of fact and conclusions of law to the juvenile; the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; the juvenile's foster parent or treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the juvenile is living, or the relative with whom the juvenile is living; the agency that prepared the permanency plan; and the person representing the interests of the public; and, if the juvenile is an Indian juvenile who is in need of protection or services under s. 938.13 (4), (6), (6m), or (7), the Indian juvenile's Indian custodian and tribe. The court shall make the findings specified in sub. (5) (c) 7. on a case-by-case basis based on circumstances specific to the juvenile and shall document or reference the specific information on which those findings are based in the findings of fact and conclusions of law prepared under this paragraph. Findings of fact and conclusions of law that merely reference sub. (5) (c) 7. without documenting or referencing that specific information in the findings of fact and conclusions of law or amended findings of fact and conclusions of law that retroactively correct earlier findings of fact and

1	conclusions of law that do not comply with this paragraph are not sufficient to comply
2	with this paragraph.
3	Section 367. 938.538 (6m) (a) 1. of the statutes is repealed.
4	Section 368. 938.538 (6m) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
5	938.538 (6m) (a) 4. "Minority group member" means a Black, a Hispanic, or an
6	American Indian person.
7	SECTION 369. Initial applicability.
8	(1) Involuntary termination of parental rights. The treatment of sections
9	48.415 (intro.) and (2) (a) 2., 48.42 (1) (e), and 48.424 (1) (b) and (3) of the statutes
10	first applies to a termination of parental rights petition filed on the effective date of
11	this subsection.
12	Section 370. Effective date.
13	(1) This act takes effect on July 1, 2008.
14	(END)

Duerst, Christina

From:

Sent:

Kahn, Carrie Thursday, March 06, 2008 11:21 AM

To:

LRB.Legal

Subject:

Draft Review: LRB 07-0174/4 Topic: Indian Child Welfare Act

Please Jacket LRB 07-0174/4 for the SENATE.

07-4244/1 - companion to -0174