



State of Wisconsin
2007 - 2008 LEGISLATURE

2
LRB-1721/1

CMH:cjs:jf

WED
9:00 A.M.

8 hrs

2007 BILL

Reger Cat

1 **AN ACT to renumber and amend** 939.616 (1), 948.21 (1) and 948.53 (2) (b); **to**
2 **amend** 301.45 (1d) (b), 301.48 (1) (e) 1., 939.616 (2), 939.616 (3), 939.74 (2) (a),
3 948.025 (3), 948.03 (2) (a) and 948.08; **to repeal and recreate** 939.74 (2d) (c),
4 948.02 (1), 948.025 (1) and 948.025 (2); and **to create** 301.48 (1) (e) 1m., 301.48
5 (1) (e) 2. d., 939.616 (1g), 939.74 (2d) (d), 948.21 (1) (b), (c) and (d), 948.53 (2) (b)
6 2., 3. and 4. and 972.15 (1m) of the statutes; **relating to:** crimes against
7 children and providing penalties.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill is explained in the NOTES provided by the Joint Legislative Council in the bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

JOINT LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL PREFATORY NOTE: This bill was prepared for the Joint Legislative Council's Special Committee on Review of Crimes Against Children.

Sex offender registry:

BILL

Current law requires sex offender registration following a conviction for a sex offense, as that term is defined in s. 301.45 (1d) (b), stats. "Sex offense" is defined to include all of the types of child enticement offenses under s. 948.07, stats.

Under s. 948.07 (5) and (6), stats., child enticement includes causing or attempting to cause any child under 18 years old to go into any vehicle, building, room, or secluded place, with intent to cause bodily or mental harm to a child or to give or sell a controlled substance or controlled substance analog to a child.

The bill removes these offenses from the list of offenses requiring mandatory sex offender registration.

Reconciliation of 2005 Wisconsin Acts 430, 431, and 437:

The bill reconciles 2005 Wisconsin Acts 430, 431, and 437. The Revisor of Statutes has determined that provisions of these acts are mutually inconsistent.

2005 Wisconsin Act 430 ("Act 430"), commonly referred to as "Jessica's Law", modified the offense of first-degree sexual assault of a child as follows:

- Whoever has sexual intercourse with a person who has not attained the age of 12 years is guilty of a Class B felony and is subject to a mandatory minimum term of confinement in prison of 25 years.
- Whoever has sexual intercourse with a person who has not attained the age of 16 years by the use or threat of force or violence is guilty of a Class B felony and is subject to a mandatory minimum term of confinement in prison of 25 years.
- Whoever has sexual contact with a person who has not attained the age of 16 years by the use or threat of force or violence if the actor is at least 18 years of age when the sexual contact occurs is guilty of a Class B felony and is subject to a mandatory minimum term of confinement in prison of 5 years.
- Whoever has sexual contact with a person who has not attained the age of 13 years is guilty of a Class B felony.

Act 430 also created a new definition of "sexual intercourse" for purposes of the offense of first-degree sexual assault of a child. Under the act, "sexual intercourse" means vulvar penetration as well as cunnilingus, fellatio, or anal intercourse between persons or any intrusion of an inanimate object into the genital or anal opening either by the defendant or upon the defendant's instruction. The emission of semen is not required. Under prior law, "sexual intercourse" for purposes of the offense of first-degree sexual assault of a child was the same as the general definition for other sexual assault crimes and also included the intrusion, however slight, of any part of a person's body into the genital or anal opening either by the defendant or upon the defendant's instruction.

2005 Wisconsin Act 431 ("Act 431"), effective July 1, 2007, requires global positioning system (GPS) tracking for certain sex offenders, including persons found to have committed first-degree sexual assault of a child as follows: (a) the person had sexual intercourse with a person under 12 years of age; (b) the person had sexual intercourse by use or threat of force or violence with a person under 16 years of age; or (c) the person had sexual contact by use or threat of force or violence with a person under 16 years of age and the person was 18 years of age or older at the time of the offense.

2005 Wisconsin Act 437 ("Act 437") modified the offense of first-degree sexual assault of a child so that it is a Class B felony to have sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a person who is under 13 years of age and it is a Class A felony to have sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a person who is under 13 years of age if the sexual contact or sexual intercourse results in great bodily harm.

BILL

The bill also includes the following substantive changes to these provisions, which are described in the notes following the SECTIONS:

- Under the bill, mandatory minimum terms of confinement in prison for first-degree sexual assault of a child do not apply if the offender was under 18 years of age at the time of the violation.
- The bill modifies the offense created by 2005 Wisconsin Act 437 to clarify that the great bodily harm need not result from the sexual intercourse or contact.
- The bill eliminates the definition of "sexual intercourse" that applies only to the offense of first-degree sexual assault of a child but maintains the definition for purposes of GPS tracking requirements.
- The bill makes certain changes for purposes of consistency (e.g., requiring GPS tracking for persons convicted of first-degree sexual assault of a child if the person caused great bodily harm).

Statute of limitations for prosecution of sexual assault of a child:

Current law imposes time limits for commencing prosecution for most crimes. The 2003 Wisconsin statutes required that prosecution for a sexual assault of a child be commenced before the victim reaches the age of 45. However, also under the 2003 statutes, if the state collected deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) evidence in connection with a sexual assault of a child before the time period for commencing prosecution of the sexual assault expired (e.g., before the victim reached the age of 45) and did not match the DNA evidence with an identified person until after the time period expired, the state was permitted to commence prosecution of the person who was the source of the DNA for the sexual assault within one year after making the match.

The statutes were affected by two Wisconsin acts in the 2005-06 legislative session.

2005 Act 60 provides that if the state collects DNA evidence in connection with a sexual assault of a child and does not match the DNA evidence with an identified person, as described above, the one-year extension to the time period for commencing prosecution for the sexual assault applies also to prosecution for a crime that is related to the sexual assault.

2005 Act 276 eliminates all time limits for commencing prosecution for a first-degree sexual assault of a child.

This bill eliminates the time limits for commencing a prosecution of first-degree sexual assault of a child and the various offenses of engaging in repeated acts of first-degree sexual assault of a child.

The bill provides that, within 12 months after a DNA profile is matched to an identified person for a violation of second-degree sexual assault of a child, a prosecution may be brought for the second-degree sexual assault of a child violation or for a crime that is related to the sexual assault violation, or both.

Finally, the bill provides that, within 12 months after a DNA profile is matched to an identified person for a violation of first-degree sexual assault of a child, a prosecution may be brought for a crime that is related to the sexual assault violation.

Offenses that may not be charged with repeated acts of sexual assault of the same child:

Current law prohibits any of the following violations from being charged in the same action as a charge of engaging in repeated acts of sexual assault of the same child unless the other violation occurred outside of the time period in which the repeated acts

BILL

took place: crimes against sexual morality, sexual assault of a child, sexual exploitation of a child, incest with a child, child enticement, use of a computer to facilitate a child sex crime, soliciting a child for prostitution, exposing genital or pubic area, exposing a child to harmful material or harmful descriptions or narrations, or possession of child pornography.

The bill allows prosecution of all of these violations except sexual assault of a child and exposing genitals to a child in the same action as a charge of engaging in repeated acts of sexual assault of the same child, even if the other violation occurred during the time period in which the repeated acts took place.

Physical abuse of a child:

Under current law, it is a Class E felony to intentionally cause great bodily harm to a child. This bill changes this offense to a Class C felony.

Soliciting a child for prostitution:

Under current law, whoever intentionally solicits or causes any child to practice prostitution is guilty of a Class D felony. The bill modifies the offense so that it prohibits soliciting or causing any child to engage in an act of prostitution. As under current law, it is also a violation to establish a child in a place of prostitution under the bill.

Criminal neglect of a child:

Under current law, any person who is responsible for a child's welfare who, through his or her actions or failure to take action, intentionally contributes to the neglect of the child is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor or, if death is a consequence, a Class D felony.

The bill creates offenses for cases in which bodily harm is a consequence of neglect and in which great bodily harm is a consequence of neglect. Under the bill, the offense involving bodily harm is a Class H felony and the offense involving great bodily harm is a Class F felony.

Also under current law, a person responsible for a child's welfare while the child is being transported in a child care vehicle may not leave the child unattended at any time from the time the child is placed in the care of that person to the time the child is placed in the care of another person responsible for the child's welfare. A person who violates this provision is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor or, if death is a consequence, a Class G felony.

The bill creates offenses for cases in which bodily harm is a consequence of leaving a child unattended in a child care vehicle and in which great bodily harm is a consequence. Under the bill, the offense involving bodily harm is a Class I felony and the offense involving great bodily harm is a Class H felony.

Presentence investigation:

The bill requires the court to order a presentence investigation report that includes an assessment of the risk of the defendant committing another sex-related crime against a child in cases in which there is a conviction for a felony requiring sex offender registration listed under s. 301.45 (1d) (b), stats., and the victim was under the age of 18 at the time of the offense, unless the court finds that the report would not materially benefit the department of corrections or the court.

- 1 **SECTION 1.** 301.45 (1d) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
2 301.45 (1d) (b) "Sex offense" means a violation, or the solicitation, conspiracy,
3 or attempt to commit a violation, of s. 940.22 (2), 940.225 (1), (2) or (3), 944.06, 948.02

BILL

1 (1) or (2), 948.025, 948.05, 948.055, 948.06, 948.07 (1) to (4), 948.075, 948.08, 948.085,
2 948.095, 948.11 (2) (a) or (am), 948.12, 948.13, or 948.30, or of s. 940.30 or 940.31 if
3 the victim was a minor and the person who committed the violation was not the
4 victim's parent.

MS
4-5
5 **SECTION 2.** 301.48 (1) (e) 1. of the statutes, as created by 2005 Wisconsin Act
6 431, is amended to read:

7 301.48 (1) (e) 1. Section 948.02 (1) ~~(b), (c), (am)~~ or (d) or 948.025 (1) (a) ~~or (ag)~~.

NOTE: This SECTION expands the GPS tracking requirements so that they apply to a person found to have committed first-degree sexual assault of a child if the offender caused great bodily harm to the child.

8 **SECTION 3.** 301.48 (1) (e) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

9 301.48 (1) (e) 1m. Section 948.02 (1) (b) or (c) or 948.025 (1) (b) or (c) if the
10 offense involved sexual intercourse.

NOTE: This SECTION provides that, if a person is convicted under s. 948.02 (1) (b) or (c) or 948.025 (1) (b) or (c) of having sexual intercourse with a person under 12 years of age or of having sexual intercourse with a person under 16 years of age by the use or threat of force or violence, the person is subject to GPS tracking requirements if the offense involved sexual intercourse as defined for s. 301.48. Under that section, "sexual intercourse" is defined as vulvar penetration as well as cunnilingus, fellatio, or anal intercourse between persons or any intrusion of any inanimate object into the genital or anal opening either by the defendant or upon the defendant's instruction. The emission of semen is not required.

This definition applies to the offenses under ss. 948.02 (1) (b) and (c) and 948.025 (1) (b) and (c) under current law. This bill repeals that definition from s. 948.02. Therefore, under this SECTION, GPS tracking requirements under current law for the offenses described above are not affected.

11 **SECTION 4.** 301.48 (1) (e) 2. d. of the statutes is created to read:

12 301.48 (1) (e) 2. d. The actor has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a
13 person who has not attained the age of 13 years and causes great bodily harm, as
14 defined in s. 939.22 (14), to the person.

NOTE: This SECTION requires GPS tracking for a person found to have committed first-degree sexual assault of a child under the 2003 statutes if the actor had sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a person under the age of 13 years and the offender caused great bodily harm to the person.

BILL

1 **SECTION 5.** 939.616 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 939.616 (1r) and amended
2 to read:

3 **939.616 (1r)** If a person is convicted of a violation of s. 948.02 (1) (b) or (c) or
4 948.025 (1) (~~a~~) (b), the court shall impose a bifurcated sentence under s. 973.01. The
5 term of confinement in prison portion of the bifurcated sentence shall be at least 25
6 years. Otherwise the penalties for the crime apply, subject to any applicable penalty
7 enhancement.

NOTE: This SECTION changes a cross-reference to reflect the renumbering of s.
948.025 (1) in the bill.

8 **SECTION 6.** 939.616 (1g) of the statutes is created to read:

9 **939.616 (1g)** If a person is convicted of a violation of s. 948.02 (1) (am) or
10 948.025 (1) (a), notwithstanding s. 973.014 (1g) (a) 1. and 2., the court may not make
11 an extended supervision eligibility date determination on a date that will occur
12 before the person has served a 25-year term of confinement in prison.

NOTE: This SECTION provides that if a person is convicted of having sexual
intercourse or sexual contact with a person who is under 13 years of age and causing great
bodily harm to the person or having repeatedly committed such an act, the court must
order a term of confinement in prison of at least 25 years. The underlying offense is a
Class A felony.

13 **SECTION 7.** 939.616 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 **939.616 (2)** If a person is convicted of a violation of s. 948.02 (1) (d) or 948.025
15 (1) (~~ag~~) (c), the court shall impose a bifurcated sentence under s. 973.01. The term
16 of confinement in prison portion of the bifurcated sentence shall be at least 5 years.
17 Otherwise the penalties for the crime apply, subject to any applicable penalty
18 enhancement.

NOTE: This SECTION changes a cross-reference to reflect the renumbering of s.
948.025 (1) in the bill.

19 **SECTION 8.** 939.616 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

BILL

1 939.616 (3) This section does not apply if s. 939.62 (2m) (c) applies. The
2 mandatory minimum sentences in this section do not apply to an offender who was
3 under 18 years of age when the violation occurred.

NOTE: This SECTION provides that mandatory minimum terms of prison confinement for first-degree sexual assault of a child do not apply if the offender was under 18 years of age when the violation occurred.

4 **SECTION 9.** 939.74 (2) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2005 Wisconsin Act 276,
5 is amended to read:

6 939.74 (2) (a) A prosecution under s. 940.01, 940.02, 940.03, 940.05, 948.02 (1),
7 or 948.025 (1) (a), (b), (c), or (d) may be commenced at any time.

NOTE: This SECTION adds cross-references to additional offenses of engaging in repeated acts of first-degree sexual assault of the same child to include all offenses of engaging in repeated acts of sexual assault of the same child. Under this SECTION, there is no time limitation for prosecuting any first-degree sexual assault of a child offense.

8 **SECTION 10.** 939.74 (2d) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2005 Wisconsin Acts
9 60 and 276, is repealed and recreated to read:

10 939.74 (2d) (c) If before the time limitation under sub. (2) (c) expired, the state
11 collected biological material that is evidence of the identity of the person who
12 committed a violation of s. 948.02 (2) or 948.025 (1) (e), the state identified a
13 deoxyribonucleic acid profile from the biological material, and comparisons of that
14 deoxyribonucleic acid profile to deoxyribonucleic acid profiles of known persons did
15 not result in a probable identification of the person who is the source of the biological
16 material, the state may commence prosecution of the person who is the source of the
17 biological material for the violation of s. 948.02 (2) or 948.025 (1) (e) or a crime that
18 is related to the violation or both within 12 months after comparison of the
19 deoxyribonucleic acid profile relating to the violation results in a probable
20 identification of the person.

NOTE: This SECTION provides that, within 12 months after a DNA profile is matched to an identified person for a violation of second-degree sexual assault of a child, a

BILL

prosecution may be brought for the second-degree sexual assault of a child violation or for a crime that is related to the sexual assault violation, or both.

Under current law, crimes are related if they are committed against the same victim, are proximate in time, and are committed with the same intent, purpose, or opportunity so as to be part of the same course of conduct.

1 **SECTION 11.** 939.74 (2d) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

2 939.74 **(2d)** (d) If a crime is related to a violation of s. 948.02 (1) or 948.025 (1)
3 (a), (b), (c), or (d) and if, before the time limitation for prosecution of that related
4 crime expired, the state collected biological material that is evidence of the identity
5 of the person who committed the violation of s. 948.02 (1) or 948.025 (1) (a), (b), (c),
6 or (d), the state identified a deoxyribonucleic acid profile from the biological material,
7 and comparisons of that deoxyribonucleic acid profile to deoxyribonucleic acid
8 profiles of known persons did not result in a probable identification of the person who
9 is the source of the biological material, the state may commence prosecution of the
10 person who is the source of the biological material for the related crime within 12
11 months after comparison of that deoxyribonucleic acid profile results in a probable
12 identification of the person.

NOTE: This SECTION provides that, within 12 months after a DNA profile is matched to an identified person for a violation of first-degree sexual assault of a child, a prosecution may be brought for a crime that is related to the sexual assault violation if the state collected DNA evidence before the statute of limitations for the prosecution of the related crime expired.

13 **SECTION 12.** 948.02 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2005 Wisconsin Acts 430
14 and 437, is repealed and recreated to read:

15 948.02 **(1)** FIRST DEGREE SEXUAL ASSAULT. (am) Whoever has sexual contact or
16 sexual intercourse with a person who has not attained the age of 13 years and causes
17 great bodily harm to the person is guilty of a Class A felony.

18 (b) Whoever has sexual intercourse with a person who has not attained the age
19 of 12 years is guilty of a Class B felony.

BILL

1 (c) Whoever has sexual intercourse with a person who has not attained the age
2 of 16 years by use or threat of force or violence is guilty of a Class B felony.

3 (d) Whoever has sexual contact with a person who has not attained the age of
4 16 years by use or threat of force or violence is guilty of a Class B felony if the actor
5 is at least 18 years of age when the sexual contact occurs.

6 (e) Whoever has sexual contact with a person who has not attained the age of
7 13 years is guilty of a Class B felony.

NOTE: This SECTION recreates the offense of first-degree sexual assault of a child to reflect the changes made in Acts 430 and 437.

This SECTION deletes the separate definition of "sexual intercourse" so that the general definition for ch. 948 applies to the offense of first-degree sexual assault of a child.

Also under this SECTION, the wording par. (am) is amended to remove a requirement under Act 430 that the great bodily harm result from the sexual contact or sexual intercourse. This change is intended to allow conviction under par. (am) if the great bodily harm was caused by the defendant during the course of conduct that immediately preceded, was concurrent with, or immediately followed the act of sexual assault. See, *State v. Schambow*, 176 Wis. 2d 286, 500 N.W.2d 362 (Ct. App. 1993).

8 **SECTION 13.** 948.025 (1) of the statutes, as affected by 2005 Wisconsin Acts 430
9 and 437, is repealed and recreated to read:

10 948.025 (1) Whoever commits 3 or more violations under s. 948.02 (1) or (2)
11 within a specified period of time involving the same child is guilty of:

12 (a) A Class A felony if at least 3 of the violations were violations of s. 948.02 (1)
13 (am).

14 (b) A Class B felony if at least 3 of the violations were violations of s. 948.02 (1)
15 (am), (b), or (c).

16 (c) A Class B felony if at least 3 of the violations were violations of s. 948.02 (1)
17 (am), (b), (c), or (d).

18 (d) A Class B felony if at least 3 of the violations were violations of s. 948.02 (1).

BILL**SECTION 13**

1 (e) A Class C felony if at least 3 of the violations were violations of s. 948.02 (1)
2 or (2).

NOTE: This SECTION restructures the offense of engaging in repeated acts involving the same child. Under current law, for example, par. (c) requires a showing that the defendant committed at least 3 violations of sub. (1) (am), (b), (c), or (d), but that fewer than 3 of the violations were of sub. (am), (b), or (c).

3 **SECTION 14.** 948.025 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2005 Wisconsin Acts 430
4 and 437, is repealed and recreated to read:

5 948.025 (2) (a) If an action under sub. (1) (a) is tried to a jury, in order to find
6 the defendant guilty the members of the jury must unanimously agree that at least
7 3 violations of s. 948.02 (1) (am) occurred within the specified period of time but need
8 not agree on which acts constitute the requisite number.

9 (b) If an action under sub. (1) (b) is tried to a jury, in order to find the defendant
10 guilty the members of the jury must unanimously agree that at least 3 violations of
11 s. 948.02 (1) (am), (b), or (c) occurred within the specified period of time but need not
12 agree on which acts constitute the requisite number and need not agree on whether
13 a particular violation was a violation of s. 948.02 (1) (am), (b), or (c).

14 (c) If an action under sub. (1) (c) is tried to a jury, in order to find the defendant
15 guilty the members of the jury must unanimously agree that at least 3 violations of
16 s. 948.02 (1) (am), (b), (c), or (d) occurred within the specified period of time but need
17 not agree on which acts constitute the requisite number and need not agree on
18 whether a particular violation was a violation of s. 948.02 (1) (am), (b), (c), or (d).

19 (d) If an action under sub. (1) (d) is tried to a jury, in order to find the defendant
20 guilty the members of the jury must unanimously agree that at least 3 violations of
21 s. 948.02 (1) occurred within the specified period of time but need not agree on which
22 acts constitute the requisite number.

BILL

1 (e) If an action under sub. (1) (e) is tried to a jury, in order to find the defendant
2 guilty the members of the jury must unanimously agree that at least 3 violations of
3 s. 948.02 (1) or (2) occurred within the specified period of time but need not agree on
4 which acts constitute the requisite number and need not agree on whether a
5 particular violation was a violation of s. 948.02 (1) or (2).

NOTE: This SECTION reconciles Acts 430 and 437 for the required jury findings to convict a person of repeated acts of sexual assault of the same child. Under this SECTION, in an action alleging that a person committed at least 3 violations that resulted in great bodily harm, the members of the jury must unanimously agree that at least 3 violations resulting in great bodily harm occurred within the specified period of time but need not agree on which acts constitute the requisite number.

For the other actions of repeated sexual assault of the same child, the members of the jury must unanimously agree that at least 3 of the specified violations occurred within the specified period of time but need not agree which acts constitute the requisite number and need not agree on whether a particular violation was a violation of a specific first-degree sexual assault of a child provision (i.e., whether the act involved sexual intercourse with a person under the age of 12 years or involved sexual intercourse with a person under the age of 16 years by use or threat of force or violence).

6 **SECTION 15.** 948.025 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

7 948.025 (3) The state may not charge in the same action a defendant with a
8 violation of this section and with ~~a felony violation involving the same child under~~
9 ~~ch. 944 or a violation involving the same child under s. 948.02, 948.05, 948.06,~~
10 ~~948.07, 948.075, 948.08, or~~ 948.10, 948.11, ~~or 948.12,~~ unless the other violation
11 occurred outside of the time period applicable under sub. (1). This subsection does
12 not prohibit a conviction for an included crime under s. 939.66 when the defendant
13 is charged with a violation of this section.

NOTE: Current law prohibits any of the following violations from being charged in the same action as a charge of engaging in repeated acts of sexual assault of the same child unless the other violation occurred outside of the time period in which the repeated acts took place: crimes against sexual morality [ch. 944, stats.], sexual assault of a child [s. 948.02, stats.], sexual exploitation of a child [s. 948.05, stats.], incest with a child [s. 948.06, stats.], child enticement [s. 948.07, stats.], use of a computer to facilitate a child sex crime [s. 948.075, stats.], soliciting a child for prostitution [s. 948.08, stats.], exposing a genital or pubic area [s. 948.10, stats.], exposing a child to harmful material or harmful descriptions or narrations [s. 948.11, stats.], or possession of child pornography [s. 948.12, stats.].

This SECTION allows prosecution of all of these violations except sexual assault of a child and exposing genitals to a child in the same action as a charge of engaging in

BILL

repeated acts of sexual assault of the same child, even if the other violation occurred during the time period in which the repeated acts took place.

1 **SECTION 16.** 948.03 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 948.03 (2) (a) Whoever intentionally causes great bodily harm to a child is
3 guilty of a Class ~~E~~ ^C felony.

(CS)

(CS)
SECTION

NOTE: This

increases the penalty for intentionally causing great bodily harm to

4 **SECTION 17.** 948.08 of the statutes is amended to read: *a child from a class E to a class C felony.*

use note: std

5 **948.08 Soliciting a child for prostitution.** Whoever intentionally solicits
6 or causes any child to ~~practise~~ engage in an act of prostitution or establishes any child
7 in a place of prostitution is guilty of a Class D felony.

NOTE: This SECTION modifies the offense of soliciting a child for prostitution so that it is a Class D felony to intentionally solicit or cause any child to engage in an act of prostitution, instead of to intentionally solicit or cause any child to practice prostitution.

8 **SECTION 18.** 948.21 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 948.21 (1) (intro.) and
9 amended to read:

10 948.21 (1) (intro.) Any person who is responsible for a child's welfare who,
11 through his or her actions or failure to take action, intentionally contributes to the
12 neglect of the child is guilty of ~~a~~ one of the following:

13 (a) A Class A misdemeanor ~~or, if death is a consequence, a Class D felony.~~

NOTE: The offense for neglect in which death is a consequence is moved to par. (d), in SECTION 19 of the bill.

14 **SECTION 19.** 948.21 (1) (b), (c) and (d) of the statutes are created to read:

15 948.21 (1) (b) A Class H felony if bodily harm is a consequence.

16 (c) A Class F felony if great bodily harm is a consequence.

17 (d) A Class D felony if death is a consequence.

NOTE: This SECTION creates offenses for neglect if bodily harm is a consequence and if great bodily harm is a consequence. The offense involving bodily harm is a Class H felony and the offense involving great bodily harm is a Class F felony.

18 **SECTION 20.** 948.53 (2) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 948.53 (2) (b) (intro.)

19 and amended to read:

BILL

1 948.53 (2) (b) (intro.) Any person who violates par. (a) is guilty of ~~a~~ one of the
2 following:

3 1. A Class A misdemeanor ~~or, if death is a consequence, a Class G felony.~~

4 **SECTION 21.** 948.53 (2) (b) 2., 3. and 4. of the statutes are created to read:

5 948.53 (2) (b) 2. A Class I felony if bodily harm is a consequence.

6 3. A Class H felony if great bodily harm is a consequence.

7 4. A Class G felony if death is a consequence.

NOTE: This SECTION creates offenses for cases in which bodily harm is a consequence of leaving a child unattended in a child care vehicle and in which great bodily harm is a consequence. The offense involving bodily harm is a Class I felony and the offense involving great bodily harm is a Class H felony.

8 **SECTION 22.** 972.15 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

9 972.15 (1m) SEX OFFENSES AGAINST MINORS. If a person is convicted for a felony
10 that requires him or her to register under s. 301.45 and if the victim was under 18
11 years of age at the time of the offense, the court shall order the department to conduct
12 a presentence investigation report to assess whether the person is at risk for
13 committing another sex offense, as defined in s. 301.45 (1d) (b), against a minor,
14 unless the court finds that the report would not materially benefit the court or the
15 department.

16 **SECTION 23. Initial applicability.**

17 (1) This act first applies to offenses the prosecution of which is not barred before
18 the effective date of this subsection.

NOTE: This SECTION provides that the bill's provisions relating to statutes of limitations for prosecution of sexual assault of a child apply to offenses for which the statute of limitations has not expired on the effective date.

19 **SECTION 24. Effective dates.** This act takes effect on the day after publication,
20 except as follows:

INS
13-16

use
note: std

MS
4-5

no B

NOTE: This SECTION modifies the list of offenses for which sex offender registration is required to remove s. 948.07 (5) and (6), stats. (child enticement with intent to cause bodily or mental harm to a child or to give or sell a controlled substance or controlled substance analog to a child).

1 SECTION 2. 301.48 (1) (e) 1. of the statutes, as created by 2005 Wisconsin Act 431, is
2 amended to read:

3 301.48 (1) (e) 1. Section 948.02 (1) ~~(b), (c), (am)~~, or (d) or 948.025 (1) (a) ~~or (ag)~~.

NOTE: This SECTION expands the GPS tracking requirements so that they apply to a person found to have committed 1st-degree sexual assault of a child if the offender caused great bodily harm to the child.

4 SECTION 3. 301.48 (1) (e) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

5 301.48 (1) (e) 1m. Section 948.02 (1) (b) or (c) or 948.025 (1) (b) or (c) if the offense
6 involved sexual intercourse as defined in par. (g).

NOTE: This SECTION provides that, if a person is convicted under s. 948.02 (1) (b) or (c) or 948.025 (1) (b) or (c) of having sexual intercourse with a person under 12 years of age or of having sexual intercourse with a person under 16 years of age by the use or threat of force or violence, the person is subject to GPS tracking requirements if the offense involved sexual intercourse as defined in s. 301.48 (1) (g). Under that section, "sexual intercourse" is defined as vulvar penetration as well as cunnilingus, fellatio, or anal intercourse between persons or any intrusion of any inanimate object into the genital or anal opening either by the defendant or upon the defendant's instruction. The emission of semen is not required.

This definition applies to the offenses under ss. 948.02 (1) (b) and (c) and 948.025 (1) (b) and (c) under current law. This bill draft repeals that definition from s. 948.02. Therefore, under this SECTION, GPS tracking requirements under current law for the offenses described above are not affected.

7 SECTION 4. 301.48 (1) (e) 2. d. of the statutes is created to read:

8 301.48 (1) (e) 2. d. The actor has sexual contact or sexual intercourse with a person who
9 has not attained the age of 13 years and causes great bodily harm, as defined in s. 939.22 (14),
10 to the person.

1 3. Any person who violates par. (a) is guilty of a Class H felony if great bodily harm
2 is a consequence.

3 4. Any person who violates par. (a) is guilty of a Class G felony if death is a
4 consequence.

NOTE: This SECTION creates offenses for cases in which bodily harm is a consequence of leaving a child unattended in a child care vehicle and in which great bodily harm is a consequence. The offense involving bodily harm is a Class I felony and the offense involving great bodily harm is a Class H felony.

5 SECTION 22. 972.15 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

6 972.15 (1m) SEX-RELATED CRIMES AGAINST CHILDREN. After a conviction for a felony
7 that requires sex offender registration under 301.45 (1d) (b), involving a victim who was under
8 18 years of age at the time of the offense, the court shall order a presentence investigation
9 report that includes an assessment of the risk of the defendant committing another sex-related
10 crime against a child, conducted by the department, unless the court finds that the report would
11 not materially benefit the court or the department.

WS
13-16
use note: std

NOTE: This SECTION requires the court to order a presentence investigation report that includes an assessment of the risk of the defendant committing another sex-related crime against a child in cases in which there is a conviction for a felony requiring sex offender registration listed under s. 301.45 (1d) (b), stats., and the victim was under the age of 18 at the time of the offense, unless the court finds that the report would not materially benefit the department of corrections or the court.

12 SECTION 23. Effective date.

13 (1) The treatment of section 301.48 (1) (e) 1. and 2. d. of the statutes takes effect on July
14 1, 2007.

NOTE: This SECTION provides that the treatment of the statutes relating to GPS tracking take effect on July 1, 2007, the effective date of 2005 Wisconsin Act 431.

Parisi, Lori

From: Sappenfield, Anne
Sent: Friday, March 16, 2007 11:24 AM
To: LRB.Legal
Cc: Mautz, Kelly
Subject: Draft Review: LRB 07-1721/2 Topic: Crimes against children--Leg Council revisions

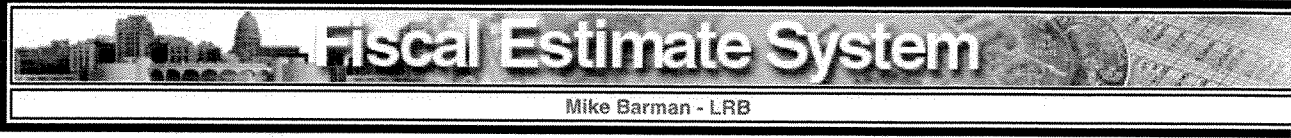
Please Jacket LRB 07-1721/2 for the SENATE.

Miller, Steve

From: Hanaman, Cathlene
Sent: Wednesday, March 28, 2007 4:27 PM
To: Miller, Steve

Anne Sappenfield wants a fiscal requested for AB-209 and SB-103.

OK
JRM
3-29-07



ACTIVE

LRB Number: 07-1721/2

Introduction Number: SB-103

Comment: FE requested by LRB Chief & Primary Author

Request Date: 3/29/2007 8:58:43 AM

Description:

Subject:

PUBLIC DRAFT/BILL and Assignments

Edit the Request

Draft/Bill: Not attached