

State of Misconsin 2007 - 2008 LEGISLATURE

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ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT, TO 2007 ASSEMBLY BILL 118

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AN ACT to amend 66.1001 (2) (g) and 88.24 (intro.); and to create 59.69 (5) (g),

60.61 (4) (g), 62.23 (7) (d) 5., 62.23 (7) (d) 6., 74.09 (3) (dm), 88.11 (1) (L), 88.212,

88.24 (4), 88.41 (5), 88.95 and 709.03 (form) C. 28. of the statutes; **relating to:**

requiring local governmental units to consider relationships with drainage

districts in the preparation of comprehensive plans requiring local

governments to provide notice to drainage districts regarding proposals that

affect drainage districts and requiring sellers of real property to disclose the

location of property within drainage districts.

$Analysis\ by\ the\ Legislative\ Reference\ Bureau$

Under the current law commonly known as the "Smart Growth" statute, if a city, village, town, county, or regional planning commission (local governmental unit) creates a development plan or master plan (comprehensive plan) or amends an existing comprehensive plan, the plan must contain certain planning elements. The required planning elements include the following: housing; transportation; utilities and community facilities; agricultural, natural, and cultural resources; economic development; land use; and intergovernmental cooperation.

Beginning on January 1, 2010, under current law, certain actions of a local governmental unit that affect land use must be consistent with that local governmental unit's comprehensive plan. The actions to which this requirement applies are official mapping, local subdivision regulation, and zoning ordinances, including zoning of shorelands or wetlands in shorelands. Also beginning on January 1, 2010, under current law, if a local governmental unit engages in any of these specified actions, the comprehensive plan must contain at least all of the required planning elements.

Current law prohibits any comprehensive plan or amendment to a comprehensive plan from taking effect unless a number of conditions are met, such as, the local governmental unit must enact an ordinance or adopt a resolution that contains all of the required elements, and the local governmental unit must hold at least one public hearing at which the proposed ordinance or resolution is discussed.

Currently, the intergovernmental cooperation element must contain a compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps, and programs for joint planning and decision making with other jurisdictions, including school districts, for siting and building public facilities and sharing public services. Also under this element, a local governmental unit must consider the maps and plans of certain military bases with which it shares common territory.

Under this substitute amendment, the intergovernmental cooperation element adds drainage districts as a jurisdiction with which a local governmental unit must engage. The substitute amendment also requires that, under this element, a local governmental unit must analyze its relationship with a drainage district.

This substitute amendment also requires that, before a city, village, town, or county (political subdivision) or any zoning entity of a political subdivision may take any action that would allow development in a drainage district, or affect the amount of water that a drainage district would have to accommodate, the political subdivision or zoning entity would have to send written notice to the drainage district. The written notice must describe the proposed action, and the time and date of any public hearing at which the proposed action will be discussed. The substitute amendment also allows the drainage district board to request a delay in the hearing so that the drainage board may obtain an engineering report that analyzes the effect of the proposed action.

The substitute amendment requires the Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection (DATCP), in cooperation with the state drainage engineer, to annually produce an educational pamphlet about drainage districts. The pamphlet must be available to drainage district boards, or other persons, who request it.

The substitute amendment also requires a drainage board to provide annual notification to all persons who own property that is located within a drainage district that they own land in such a district and to provide the clerk of every taxation district in which the district is located information about the amount of the drainage board's assessments in the last year. This assessment information must be included on the property tax bill that is currently mailed out in December.

Under current law, a drainage board is required to file an annual report for each district under the board's jurisdiction with DATCP and the county zoning

of a residential, commercial, or industrial property

administrator. The report must contain a financial statement, information on bonds, and information on work done during the preceding year. Under the substitute amendment, the report must include information on each district's practices and policies and must also be sent to zoning or planning officials in each city, village, and town in which a district is located. A political subdivision that receives the report must consider it before making a zoning or planning decision that may affect the district.

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Under current law, with certain exceptions, owners selling residential real property must give prospective buyers a form, known as a real estate condition report, on which the owner discloses certain conditions of the real property of which the owner is aware. The substitute amendment requires an owner, beginning in approximately one year from the effective date of the substitute amendment, to disclose on the real estate condition report whether the real property is located within a drainage district. In addition, the substitute amendment requires an owner of property located in a drainage district, regardless of whether the property is residential, to disclose in a separate written notification to a potential buyer or transferee that the land is in a drainage district and subject to assessments for maintenance of the drains. A prospective buyer may rescind the contract without penalty or loss of earnest money within three days after receiving the separate notice, unless the prospective buyer knew the property was in a drainage district when he or she made the offer to purchase. The substitute amendment requires a drainage board, when issuing an assessment, to remind the person receiving the assessment of the notification requirement that is created in this substitute amendment. The substitute amendment also requires that the most recent property tax bill be attached to the meal estate condition report and the separate notice require required, if the property is located in a drainage district.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

| Or residential, commercial, or industrial property

SECTION 1. 59.69 (5) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

59.69 (5) (g) 1. Before the board or the county zoning agency may take any action under this subsection that would allow the development of any structure that either would be located within the boundaries of a drainage district or would likely increase the amount of water that the main drain of a drainage district would have to accommodate, the board or zoning agency shall send written notice to the secretary of the drainage district's board. The secretary shall include the subject matter of that

notice in the agenda of the drainage board's next meeting, which shall be held within 10 business days of the date on which the meeting notice is sent out.

2. The notice described under subd. 1. shall describe the proposed action and the time and date of any public hearing at which the proposal is on the agenda. Within 10 business days after receipt of the notice, the drainage board shall notify the board or county zoning agency, in writing, that it has no objection to the proposed action or that it requests that the hearing be delayed for 90 business days to enable the drainage board to obtain an engineering analysis to analyze the effect of the proposed action on the drainage district. The drainage board may submit the engineering analysis to the county board or to the county zoning agency and may object to the proposed action.

SECTION 2. 60.61 (4) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

60.61 (4) (g) 1. Before the town board or the town zoning committee may take any action under this subsection that would allow the development of any structure that either would be located within the boundaries of a drainage district or would likely increase the amount of water that the main drain of a drainage district would have to accommodate, the board or zoning committee shall send written notice to the secretary of the drainage district's board. The secretary shall include the subject matter of that notice in the agenda of the drainage board's next meeting, which shall be held within 10 business days of the date on which the meeting notice is sent out.

2. The notice described under subd. 1. shall describe the proposed action and the time and date of any public hearing at which the proposal is on the agenda. Within 10 business days after receipt of the notice, the drainage board shall notify the town board or town zoning committee, in writing, that it has no objection to the proposed action or that it requests that the hearing be delayed for 90 business days

to enable the drainage board to obtain an engineering analysis to analyze the effect of the proposed action on the drainage district. The drainage board may submit the engineering analysis to the town board or to the town zoning committee and may object to the proposed action.

Section 3. 62.23 (7) (d) 5. of the statutes is created to read:

take any action under this paragraph that would allow the development of any take any action under this paragraph that would allow the development of any that either would be located within the boundaries of a drainage district or would likely increase the amount of water that the main drain of a drainage district would have to accommodate, the city council, plan commission, or plan committee shall send written notice to the secretary of the drainage district's board. The secretary shall include the subject matter of that notice in the agenda of the drainage board's next meeting, which shall be held within 10 business days of the date on which the meeting notice is sent out.

Section 4. 62.23 (7) (d) 6. of the statutes is created to read:

62.23 (7) (d) 6. The notice described under subd. 5. shall describe the proposed action and the time and date of any public hearing at which the proposal is on the agenda. Within 10 business days after receipt of the notice, the drainage board shall notify the city council, plan commission, or plan committee, in writing, that it has no objection to the proposed action or that it requests that the hearing be delayed for 90 business days to enable the drainage board to obtain an engineering analysis to analyze the effect of the proposed action on the drainage district. The drainage board may submit the engineering analysis to the city council, plan commission, or plan committee and may object to the proposed action.

SECTION 5. 66.1001 (2) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.1001 (2) (g) Intergovernmental cooperation element. A compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps, and programs for joint planning and decision making with other jurisdictions, including school districts, drainage districts, and adjacent local governmental units, for siting and building public facilities and sharing public services. The element shall analyze the relationship of the local governmental unit to school districts, drainage districts, and adjacent local governmental units, and to the region, the state and other governmental units. The element shall consider, to the greatest extent possible, the maps and plans of any military base or installation, with at least 200 assigned military personnel or that contains at least 2,000 acres, with which the local governmental unit shares common territory. The element shall incorporate any plans or agreements to which the local governmental unit is a party under s. 66.0301, 66.0307 or 66.0309. The element shall identify existing or potential conflicts between the local governmental unit and other governmental units that are specified in this paragraph and describe processes to resolve such conflicts.

Section 6. 74.09 (3) (dm) of the statutes is created to read:

74.09 (3) (dm) Indicate the amount of assessment issued by a drainage board, based on the information provided under s. 88.212 (3). If no assessment was issued, the property tax bill shall indicate that information.

SECTION 7. 88.11 (1) (L) of the statutes is created to read:

88.11 (1) (L) In cooperation with the state drainage engineer, annually produce an educational pamphlet that describes the function of drainage districts, costs that may be assessed to persons whose property is located in a drainage district, and contact information for the state drainage engineer. The pamphlet shall be

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1	distributed, upon request, to drainage boards and to any person who requests the
2	pamphlet.
3	SECTION 8. 88.212 of the statutes is created to read:
4	88.212 Required actions for the drainage board. In addition to other
5	powers expressly granted or necessarily implied, the drainage board shall:
6	(1) Annually, beginning on the first day of the 15th month after the effective
7	date of this subsection [revisor inserts date], provide written notice to every
8	person who owns land that is located within the drainage district that such land is
9	in the district. The notice shall also include contact information for every member
10	of the drainage board.
11	(2) Provide contact information for every member of the drainage board to the
12	state drainage engineer and to the clerk of every city, village, town, and county in
13	which the drainage district is located.
14	(3) Not later than December 1, provide the clerk of each taxation district in
15	which the drainage district is located a list of every assessment issued by the
16	drainage board from December 1 of the previous year to November 30 of the current
17	year. The information shall specify the assessment amount for every parcel in the
18	district.
19	SECTION 9. 88.24 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	88.24 Board to file annual report. (intro.) On or before December 1 of each
21	year the board shall file with the department of agriculture, trade and consumer
22	protection; the town board or town zoning committee; the city council, plan
23	commission, or plan committee; and the county zoning administrator, in which

district territory is located, a separate report, for the preceding year ending August

31, on each drainage district under the board's jurisdiction. All local units of

government that receive the report shall consider it before making any zoning or planning decisions that may affect a drainage district that is located within its boundaries. The reports shall constitute part of the records of the districts reported on, shall be verified by the oath of one or more of the board members, and shall contain:

Section 10. 88.24 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

88.24 (4) A statement of the district's practices and policies.

SECTION 11. 88.41 (5) of the statutes is created to read:

88.41 (5) Whenever a drainage board sends out an assessment for costs, as described in this section, the board shall include a notice reminding the person assessed of the requirement under s. 88.95.

SECTION 12. 88.95 of the statutes is created to read:

88.95 Notification requirement for transfer land. (1) An owner of real property that is located within a district who intends to transfer the real property shall, not later than 10 days after acceptance of a contract of sale or option contract, provide written notice to the prospective buyer or transferee that the land is located within a drainage district and is subject to assessments under this chapter for maintenance of the drains. A copy of the most recent property tax bill for the real property shall be attached to the notice.

(2) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), a prospective buyer or transferee who receives a notice under sub. (1) may timely rescind in writing the contract of sale or option contract by reason of the real property's location in a drainage district, without any liability on his or her part. The prospective buyer or transferee is entitled to the return of any deposits or option fees paid in the transaction.

	SECTION 12
	(b) A prospective buyer or transferee may not rescind a contract of sale or option
	contract under par. (a) if he or she was aware, or had written notice, that the real
	property is located in a drainage district at the time the contract of sale or option
	contract was submitted to the owner or the owner's agent.
	(3) Rescissions under sub. (2) (a) are timely if they are delivered to the owner
)	or the owner's agent within 3 business days after the prospective buyer or transfer
	receives a notice under sub. (1).
	(4) An owner under this section shall act in good faith to inform a prospective
	buyer or transferee that the real property is located within a drainage district and
	shall perform each act, and make each disclosure, required by this section in good
	faith with honesty in fact.
	SECTION 13. 709.03 (form) C. 28. of the statutes is created to read.
	709.03 (form)
	C. 28. I am aware that the property is located within ()
	a drainage district. (If "yes," the owner must
	attach to this form a copy of the most recent
	property tax bill for the property.)

SECTION 14. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) REAL ESTATE CONDITION REPORT. Notwithstanding section 709.035 of the statutes, the creation of section 709.03 (form) C. 28. of the statutes does not require a property owner who has furnished to a prospective buyer of the property an original or amended real estate condition report before the effective date of this subsection to submit an amended real estate condition report with respect to the information required by section 709.03 (form) C. 28. of the statutes, as created by this act.

(2) Drainage board requirements.

date of this subsection.

(a) Not later than the first day of the 3rd month beginning after the effective
date of this subsection, a drainage board that is in existence on the effective date of
this subsection, shall meet to develop a plan to notify in writing every person who
owns land that is located within the drainage district that such land is in the district.
(b) Not later than the first day of the 2nd month beginning after the meeting
under paragraph (a) is held, the drainage board shall send to every person who owns
land that is located in the drainage district all of the following:
1. Written notification that the person owns land in the drainage district.
2. Contact information for every member of the drainage board.
3. Contact information for the state drainage engineer.
4. General information about drainage districts.
SECTION 15. Initial applicability.
(1) The treatment of section $66.1001(2)(g)$ of the statutes first applies to a city,
village, town, county, or regional planning commission that begins the process of
creating or amending a comprehensive plan on the effective date of this subsection.

(2) The treatment of sections 59.69 (5) (g), 60.61 (4) (g), and 62.23 (7) (d) 5. and

The treatment of section 88.41 (5) of the statutes first applies to an

(4) The treatment of section 88.95 of the statutes first applies to an accepted

contract of sale or option contract that is received by a property owner on the effective

6. of the statutes first applies to a city, village, town, or county that begins the process

of creating or amending a zoning ordinance on the effective date of this subsection.

assessment that is sent out on the effective date of this subsection.

1	(5) The treatment of section 709.03 (form) C. 28. of the statutes first applies to
2	original real estate condition reports that are furnished on the effective date of this
3	subsection.
4	(#) (6) The treatment of sections 74.09 (3) (dm), 88.212 (3), and 88.24 (intro.) and
5	(4) of the statutes first applies to the year beginning on January 1 of the year in which
6	this subsection takes effect, except that if this subsection takes effect after July 31
7	the treatment of sections $74.09\ (3)\ (dm),\ 88.212\ (3),\ and\ 88.24\ (intro.)$ and (4) of the
8	statutes first applies to the year beginning on January 1 of the year following the
9	year in which this subsection takes effect.
10	SECTION 16. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the day after publication,
11	except as follows:
12	(1) Real estate condition report. The treatment of section 709.03 (form) C. 28.
13	of the statutes and Sections 14 (1) and 15 (5) of this act take effect on the first day
14	of the 13th month beginning after publication.
15	(END)



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State of Misconsin 2007 - 2008 LEGISLATURE

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${\bf ASSEMBLY\ SUBSTITUTE\ AMENDMENT\ ,}$

TO 2007 ASSEMBLY BILL 118



AN ACT to amend 66.1001 (2) (g) and 88.24 (intro.); and to create 59.69 (5) (g), 60.61 (4) (g), 62.23 (7) (d) 5., 62.23 (7) (d) 6., 74.09 (3) (dm), 88.11 (1) (L), 88.212, 88.24 (4), 88.41 (5) and 88.95 of the statutes; relating to: requiring local governmental units to consider relationships with drainage districts in the preparation of comprehensive plans and requiring local governments to provide notice to drainage districts regarding proposals that affect drainage districts.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under the current law commonly known as the "Smart Growth" statute, if a city, village, town, county, or regional planning commission (local governmental unit) creates a development plan or master plan (comprehensive plan) or amends an existing comprehensive plan, the plan must contain certain planning elements. The required planning elements include the following: housing; transportation; utilities and community facilities; agricultural, natural, and cultural resources; economic development; land use; and intergovernmental cooperation.

Beginning on January 1, 2010, under current law, certain actions of a local governmental unit that affect land use must be consistent with that local

governmental unit's comprehensive plan. The actions to which this requirement applies are official mapping, local subdivision regulation, and zoning ordinances, including zoning of shorelands or wetlands in shorelands. Also beginning on January 1, 2010, under current law, if a local governmental unit engages in any of these specified actions, the comprehensive plan must contain at least all of the required planning elements.

Current law prohibits any comprehensive plan or amendment to a comprehensive plan from taking effect unless a number of conditions are met, such as, the local governmental unit must enact an ordinance or adopt a resolution that contains all of the required elements, and the local governmental unit must hold at least one public hearing at which the proposed ordinance or resolution is discussed.

Currently, the intergovernmental cooperation element must contain a compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps, and programs for joint planning and decision making with other jurisdictions, including school districts, for siting and building public facilities and sharing public services. Also under this element, a local governmental unit must consider the maps and plans of certain military bases with which it shares common territory.

Under this substitute amendment, the intergovernmental cooperation element adds drainage districts as a jurisdiction with which a local governmental unit must engage. The substitute amendment also requires that, under this element, a local governmental unit must analyze its relationship with a drainage district.

This substitute amendment also requires that, before a city, village, town, or county (political subdivision) or any zoning entity of a political subdivision may take any action that would allow development of a residential, commercial, or industrial property in a drainage district, or affect the amount of water that a drainage district would have to accommodate, the political subdivision or zoning entity would have to send written notice to the drainage district. The written notice must describe the proposed action, and the time and date of any public hearing at which the proposed action will be discussed. The substitute amendment also allows the drainage district board to request a delay in the hearing so that the drainage board may obtain an engineering report that analyzes the effect of the proposed action.

The substitute amendment requires the Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection (DATCP), in cooperation with the state drainage engineer, to produce in 2009, and every three years thereafter, an educational pamphlet about annually 2009 in roog and every greats, adrainage hoard to the reafers drainage districts. The pamphlet must be available to drainage district boards, or other persons, who request it.

The substitute amendment also requires a drainage board to provide annual notification to all persons who own property that is located within a drainage district that they own land in such a district and to provide the clerk of every taxation district in which the district is located information about the amount of the drainage board's assessments in the last year. This assessment information must be included on the property tax bill that is currently mailed out in December.

Under current law, a drainage board is required to file an annual report for each district under the board's jurisdiction with DATCP and the county zoning administrator. The report must contain a financial statement, information on bonds,

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and information on work done during the preceding year. Under the substitute amendment, the report must include information on each district's practices and policies and must also be sent to zoning or planning officials in each city, village, and town in which a district is located. A political subdivision that receives the report must consider it before making a zoning or planning decision that may affect the district.

In addition, the substitute amendment requires an owner of property located in a drainage district, regardless of whether the property is residential, to disclose in a separate written notification to a potential buyer or transferee that the land is in a drainage district and subject to assessments for maintenance of the drains. A prospective buyer may rescind the contract without penalty or loss of earnest money within three days after receiving the separate notice, unless the prospective buyer knew the property was in a drainage district when he or she made the offer to purchase. The substitute amendment requires a drainage board, when issuing an assessment, to remind the person receiving the assessment of the notification requirement that is created in this substitute amendment. The substitute amendment also requires that the most recent property tax bill be attached to the separate required notice if the property is located in a drainage district.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 59.69 (5) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

59.69 (5) (g) 1. Before the board or the county zoning agency may take any action under this subsection that would allow the development of a residential, commercial, or industrial property that either would be located within the boundaries of a drainage district or would likely increase the amount of water that the main drain of a drainage district would have to accommodate, the board or zoning agency shall send written notice to the secretary of the drainage district's board. The secretary shall include the subject matter of that notice in the agenda of the drainage board's next meeting, which shall be held within 10 business days of the date on which the meeting notice is sent out.

2. The notice described under subd. 1. shall describe the proposed action and the time and date of any public hearing at which the proposal is on the agenda.

Within 10 business days after receipt of the notice, the drainage board shall notify the board or county zoning agency, in writing, that it has no objection to the proposed action or that it requests that the hearing be delayed for 90 business days to enable the drainage board to obtain an engineering analysis to analyze the effect of the proposed action on the drainage district. The drainage board may submit the engineering analysis to the county board or to the county zoning agency and may object to the proposed action.

SECTION 2. 60.61 (4) (g) of the statutes is created to read:

60.61 (4) (g) 1. Before the town board or the town zoning committee may take any action under this subsection that would allow the development of a residential, commercial, or industrial property that either would be located within the boundaries of a drainage district or would likely increase the amount of water that the main drain of a drainage district would have to accommodate, the board or zoning committee shall send written notice to the secretary of the drainage district's board. The secretary shall include the subject matter of that notice in the agenda of the drainage board's next meeting, which shall be held within 10 business days of the date on which the meeting notice is sent out.

2. The notice described under subd. 1. shall describe the proposed action and the time and date of any public hearing at which the proposal is on the agenda. Within 10 business days after receipt of the notice, the drainage board shall notify the town board or town zoning committee, in writing, that it has no objection to the proposed action or that it requests that the hearing be delayed for 90 business days to enable the drainage board to obtain an engineering analysis to analyze the effect of the proposed action on the drainage district. The drainage board may submit the

engineering analysis to the town board or to the town zoning committee and may object to the proposed action.

SECTION 3. 62.23 (7) (d) 5. of the statutes is created to read:

62.23 (7) (d) 5. Before the city council, plan commission, or plan committee may take any action under this paragraph that would allow the development of a residential, commercial, or industrial property that either would be located within the boundaries of a drainage district or would likely increase the amount of water that the main drain of a drainage district would have to accommodate, the city council, plan commission, or plan committee shall send written notice to the secretary of the drainage district's board. The secretary shall include the subject matter of that notice in the agenda of the drainage board's next meeting, which shall be held within 10 business days of the date on which the meeting notice is sent out.

SECTION 4. 62.23 (7) (d) 6. of the statutes is created to read:

62.23 (7) (d) 6. The notice described under subd. 5. shall describe the proposed action and the time and date of any public hearing at which the proposal is on the agenda. Within 10 business days after receipt of the notice, the drainage board shall notify the city council, plan commission, or plan committee, in writing, that it has no objection to the proposed action or that it requests that the hearing be delayed for 90 business days to enable the drainage board to obtain an engineering analysis to analyze the effect of the proposed action on the drainage district. The drainage board may submit the engineering analysis to the city council, plan commission, or plan committee and may object to the proposed action.

SECTION 5. 66.1001 (2) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

66.1001 (2) (g) Intergovernmental cooperation element. A compilation of objectives, policies, goals, maps, and programs for joint planning and decision

making with other jurisdictions, including school districts, drainage districts, and adjacent local governmental units, for siting and building public facilities and sharing public services. The element shall analyze the relationship of the local governmental unit to school districts, drainage districts, and adjacent local governmental units, and to the region, the state and other governmental units. The element shall consider, to the greatest extent possible, the maps and plans of any military base or installation, with at least 200 assigned military personnel or that contains at least 2,000 acres, with which the local governmental unit shares common territory. The element shall incorporate any plans or agreements to which the local governmental unit is a party under s. 66.0301, 66.0307 or 66.0309. The element shall identify existing or potential conflicts between the local governmental unit and other governmental units that are specified in this paragraph and describe processes to resolve such conflicts.

Section 6. 74.09 (3) (dm) of the statutes is created to read:

74.09 (3) (dm) Indicate the amount of assessment issued by a drainage board, based on the information provided under s. 88.212 (3). If no assessment was issued, the property tax bill shall indicate that information.

Section 7. 88.11 (1) (L) of the statutes is created to read:

88.11 (1) (L) In cooperation with the state drainage engineer, produce an educational pamphlet in 2009, and every 3 years thereafter, that describes the function of drainage districts, costs that may be assessed to persons whose property is located in a drainage district, and contact information for the state drainage engineer. The pamphlet shall be distributed, upon request, to drainage boards and to any person who requests the pamphlet.

SECTION 8. 88.212 of the statutes is created to read:

88.212 Required actions for the drainage board. In addition to other powers expressly granted or necessarily implied, the drainage board shall:

(1) Annually beginning on the first day of the 15th month after the effective date of this subsection ... [revisor inserts date], provide written notice to every person who owns land that is located within the drainage district that such land is in the district. The notice shall also include contact information for every member of the drainage board.

(2) Provide contact information for every member of the drainage board to the state drainage engineer and to the clerk of every city, village, town, and county in which the drainage district is located.

(3) Not later than December 1, provide the clerk of each taxation district in which the drainage district is located a list of every assessment issued by the drainage board from December 1 of the previous year to November 30 of the current year. The information shall specify the assessment amount for every parcel in the district.

SECTION 9. 88.24 (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

88.24 Board to file annual report. (intro.) On or before December 1 of each year the board shall file with the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection; the town board or town zoning committee; the city council, plan commission, or plan committee; and the county zoning administrator, in which district territory is located, a separate report, for the preceding year ending August 31, on each drainage district under the board's jurisdiction. All local units of government that receive the report shall consider it before making any zoning or planning decisions that may affect a drainage district that is located within its boundaries. The reports shall constitute part of the records of the districts reported

on, shall be verified by the oath of one or more of the board members, and shall contain:

SECTION 10. 88.24 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

88.24 (4) A statement of the district's practices and policies.

SECTION 11. 88.41 (5) of the statutes is created to read:

88.41 (5) Whenever a drainage board sends out an assessment for costs, as described in this section, the board shall include a notice reminding the person assessed of the requirement under s. 88.95.

SECTION 12. 88.95 of the statutes is created to read:

- 88.95 Notification requirement for transfer land. (1) An owner of real property that is located within a district who intends to transfer the real property shall, not later than 10 days after acceptance of a contract of sale or option contract, provide written notice to the prospective buyer or transferee that the land is located within a drainage district and is subject to assessments under this chapter for maintenance of the drains. A copy of the most recent property tax bill for the real property shall be attached to the notice.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), a prospective buyer or transferee who receives a notice under sub. (1) may timely rescind in writing the contract of sale or option contract by reason of the real property's location in a drainage district, without any liability on his or her part. The prospective buyer or transferee is entitled to the return of any deposits or option fees paid in the transaction.
- (b) A prospective buyer or transferee may not rescind a contract of sale or option contract under par. (a) if he or she was aware, or had written notice, that the real property is located in a drainage district at the time the contract of sale or option contract was submitted to the owner or the owner's agent.

(3) Rescissions under sub. (2) (a) are timely if they are delivered to the owner
or the owner's agent within 3 business days after the prospective buyer or transferee
receives a notice under sub. (1).
(4) An owner under this section shall act in good faith to inform a prospective
buyer or transferee that the real property is located within a drainage district and
shall perform each act, and make each disclosure, required by this section in good
faith with honesty in fact.
Section 13. Nonstatutory provisions.
(1) Drainage board requirements.
(a) Not later than the first day of the 3rd month beginning after the effective
date of this subsection, a drainage board that is in existence on the effective date of
this subsection, shall meet to develop a plan to notify in writing every person who
owns land that is located within the drainage district that such land is in the district.
(b) Not later than the first day of the 2nd month beginning after the meeting
under paragraph (a) is held, the drainage board shall send to every person who owns
land that is located in the drainage district all of the following:
1. Written notification that the person owns land in the drainage district.
2. Contact information for every member of the drainage board.
3. Contact information for the state drainage engineer.
4. General information about drainage districts.
SECTION 14. Initial applicability.
(1) The treatment of section 66.1001 (2) (g) of the statutes first applies to a city,
village, town, county, or regional planning commission that begins the process of

creating or amending a comprehensive plan on the effective date of this subsection.

- (2) The treatment of sections 59.69 (5) (g), 60.61 (4) (g), and 62.23 (7) (d) 5. and 6. of the statutes first applies to a city, village, town, or county that begins the process of creating or amending a zoning ordinance on the effective date of this subsection.
- (3) The treatment of section 88.41 (5) of the statutes first applies to an assessment that is sent out on the effective date of this subsection.
- (4) The treatment of section 88.95 of the statutes first applies to an accepted contract of sale or option contract that is received by a property owner on the effective date of this subsection.
- (5) The treatment of sections 74.09 (3) (dm), 88.212 (3), and 88.24 (intro.) and (4) of the statutes first applies to the year beginning on January 1 of the year in which this subsection takes effect, except that if this subsection takes effect after July 31 the treatment of sections 74.09 (3) (dm), 88.212 (3), and 88.24 (intro.) and (4) of the statutes first applies to the year beginning on January 1 of the year following the year in which this subsection takes effect.

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