Fiscal Estimate - 2007 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected Supple	emental				
LRB Number 07-1857/1	Introduction Number AB-015	51				
Description Relating to: making a postsecondary student whe manufacture, distribute, or deliver, or of manufacontrolled substance analog based on conduct to postsecondary student was receiving any state and granting rule-making authority	cturing, distributing, or delivering, a controlled so that occurred during a period of enrollment for w	ubstance or hich the				
Fiscal Effect						
Appropriations Reversible Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Permissive Appropriations Reversible Permissive Mandatory Permiscolar Permissive Appropriations Reversible Permiscolar Pe	pease Existing penues rease Existing rease Existing rease Existing rease Existing To absorb within agency rease Costs Yes	y's budget No No sted Cities				
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations						
GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS						
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date				
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Fiscal Estimate Narratives UWS 3/19/2007

LRB Number	07-1857/1	Introduction Number	AB-0151	Estimate Type	Original
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Description

Relating to: making a postsecondary student who has been convicted of possessing, with intent to manufacture, distribute, or deliver, or of manufacturing, distributing, or delivering, a controlled substance or controlled substance analog based on conduct that occurred during a period of enrollment for which the postsecondary student was receiving any state financial assistance ineligible for state financial assistance and granting rule-making authority

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This proposed legislation makes any college student convicted of various drug offenses ineligible for state financial aid under certain circumstances. This would mirror parts of federal law. Conviction status of this nature is determined by a self-reported response on the federal financial aid application (FAFSA). It is assumed that, for state financial aid purposes, the FAFSA will be used as well. Since financial aid officers already review the FAFSA in making financial determinations, one can assume that there will be no additional work involved to determine state eligibility in this regard.

On most UW System campuses, the present federal injunction affects very few students per year, who have self-reported a conviction status. It is estimated that approximately 50 students per year might be affected. It is assumed that these individuals would also become ineligible for state financial aid in this case. On average, the state grant per student is between \$1000 and \$2,000. It is assumed that the state dollars which would not be disbursed for the affected students could be used for other students on campus. Therefore, there would be no significant savings of state aid dollars.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

There is some activity on the federal level to rescind the legislation which denies financial aid to those convicted of these drug offenses. If this is the case, then the FAFSA would no longer be a useful tool to determine eligibility for state financial aid. If the state law remained in effect, under such circumstances, there will be an increased fiscal effect in implementing this legislation on the state level.