Fiscal Estimate - 2007 Session

Original Updated	Corre	cted	Supplemental			
LRB Number 07-2824/1	Introduction	on Number S	B-360			
Description A sales and use tax exemption for vitamins						
Fiscal Effect						
Appropriations Re	crease Existing venues crease Existing venues	☑ Increase Costs to absorb within ☑ Yes ☑ Decrease Costs	agency's budget			
Permissive Mandatory Pe	crease Revenue		ts Village Cities Others Stadium districts WTCS Districts			
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS						
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signatu	ıre	Date			
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Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOR 1/14/2008

LRB Number 07-2824/1	Introduction Number	SB-360	Estimate Type	Original				
Description A sales and use tax exemption for vitamins								

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

The bill exempts sales of vitamins from sales and use tax.

According to the U.S. Census, nationwide sales of vitamins, minerals, and other dietary supplements totalled \$13.1 billion in 2002. Of these sales, \$4.5 billion were sold via direct or remote sellers. It is assumed that 50% of direct and remote sales are not curently taxed because they are made by out-of-state sellers that are not liable for Wisconsin sales taxes and the purchasers do not remit Wisconsin use taxes. Thus, estimated nationwide sales adjusted for direct and remote sellers would be \$10.9 billion [\$13.1B - (4.5B x 50%)].

Assuming Wisconsin's share of nationwide sales (adjusted for direct and remote sellers) is its percentage share of U.S. Disposable Personal Income (1.75%), sales of dietary supplements in this state would be \$190.2 million [\$10.9B x 1.75%]. According to DIRECT Magazine, a multichannel marketing paper, vitamins account for more than a third of dietary supplements. Assuming 35% of sales dietary supplements are vitamins, Wisconsin taxable sales of vitamins would be \$66.6 million [\$190.2 x 35%] in 2002. Further assuming Wisconsin sales increase at the same rate as Wisconsin Disposable Personal Income (4.1%), a 95% compliance rate, and that the new exemption would take effect on July 1, 2008, sales and use taxes would decrease by \$4.1 million in FY09 under the bill.

Distributions of county and stadium sales and use taxes were 7.7% of state sales taxes in FY07. Assuming this percentage does not change, distributions of county and stadium sales and use taxes would decrease by \$0.3 million in FY09.

Administrative costs of the department would be absorbed.

Note: Due to rounding, some amounts shown may differ slightly from the calculated amount.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2007 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

\boxtimes	Original		Updated		Corrected		Supplemental		
LRB	Number	07-2824/	' 1	Intro	Introduction Number SB-360				
Descri A sales		exemption fo	r vitamins						
I. One-		or Revenue I		State and/or	Local Gover	nment (do	not include in		
II. Annualized Costs:				Annualized Fiscal Impact on funds from:					
					Increased Co	sts	Decreased Costs		
	te Costs by								
		- Salaries and	d Fringes			\$	\$		
	Position Ch								
		- Other Costs	,						
}	al Assistance								
		s or Organiza							
	OTAL State	Costs by Cat	egory			\$	\$		
		Source of Fu	nds						
GPR									
FED									
	/PRS								
SEG	/SEG-S								
		- Complete t increase, de				e or decrea	ise state		
					Increased R	ev	Decreased Rev		
	Taxes					\$	\$-4,100,000		
 	Earned								
FED									
	/PRS								
\vdash	/SEG-S								
TC	OTAL State I					\$	\$-4,100,000		
		N	IET ANNUAL	IZED FISC					
					<u>Sta</u>		Local		
NET CHANGE IN COSTS				\$	\$				
NET CI	HANGE IN R	EVENUE			\$-4,100,0	00	\$-300,000		
Agene	u/Duomanasi t		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	North and a start	Ni		Date		
Agency/Prepared By Aut				thorized Signature					
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