AN ACT to amend 40.51 (8), 40.51 (8m), 66.0137 (4), 120.13 (2) (g), 185.981 (4t) and 185.983 (1) (intro.); and to create 146.903, 609.71 and 632.798 of the statutes; relating to: disclosure of information by health care providers, insurers, and governmental self-insured plans; requiring acceptance by a health care provider of a payment amount in certain circumstances; and requiring the exercise of rule-making authority.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 20 (the biennial budget act), if an applicant for Medical Assistance (MA) is determined to be eligible for MA retroactively (for three months) and a provider bills the applicant directly for services and benefits rendered during the retroactive period, the provider must submit MA claims for those services and benefits that are covered under MA. Upon receiving MA payment under the claims, the provider must reimburse the MA recipient, or other person who made the prior payment on behalf of the recipient, for services provided to the recipient during the retroactive eligibility period, by the amount of the prior payment made.

This bill restricts payment that a health care provider, as defined in the bill, may accept from certain patients who are uninsured or who do not have public coverage (as defined in the bill). If the patient, within 90 days after receiving a health care service, diagnostic test, procedure or the first treatment or visit of a course of
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treatment as part of a health care service, obtains coverage from an insurer or a self-insured health plan under a contract for not less than one year, the health care provider must accept, as payment from the patient for the service, test, or procedure no more than the insurer’s or plan’s payment amount for that service, test, or procedure. However, the patient may be liable to the health care provider for out-of-pocket costs, finance charges, and collection costs incurred that would not have been covered under the patient’s coverage. The insurer or self-insured health plan that provides coverage must provide to the patient a dollar estimate of the applicable payment amount for the service, test, or procedure the patient received. A health care provider must provide to a patient who is uninsured or does not have public coverage, at the time the health care service, test, or procedure is provided or after the first treatment or visit of a course of treatment, information about this restriction on payment and information about the restriction on acceptance of patient payment for MA applicants who receive retroactive eligibility. Also, under the bill, if a health care provider does not accept patients who are covered by a particular insurer, if a health care service, diagnostic test, or procedure is not covered under a patient’s health care plan, or if the patient’s health care plan only covers services provided by health care providers participating in the plan and this health care provider is not a participating provider, the health care provider shall accept, as payment from the patient for the service, test, or procedure provided to the patient, the average rate paid by insurers or self-insured health plans for the service, test, or procedure or a rate less than the average rate.

Under the bill, if a patient is recommended, referred for service, or prescribed a health care service (including any applicable course of treatment), diagnostic test, or procedure for which the charge exceeds $500 or any higher amount that the Department of Health and Family Services (DHFS) promulgates by rule (the minimum cost), the health care provider must provide an estimate of the charge to the patient, whether insured or uninsured, or the patient’s agent who requests it. The estimate of the charge must be provided at the time of scheduling of the health care service, diagnostic test, procedure, or course of treatment, or within ten business days of the request, whichever is later. The bill specifies numerous requirements for the estimate of charge, except that, in lieu of several of the requirements, a health care provider may provide to the patient or his or her agent an estimate of charge that is a single fixed price estimate of the total cost of the health care service, diagnostic test, or procedure.

The bill requires DHFS, by rule, biennially to adjust the dollar amount that is specified for minimum cost and specifies a procedure, using the consumer price index, by which the adjusted dollar amount must be calculated. DHFS may promulgate the amount as an emergency rule without providing a finding of emergency or complying with certain other standards for promulgating emergency rules.

The bill requires a self-insured health plan of the state or a county, city, village, town, or school district, or an insurer that provides health care coverage under a health care plan, including a defined network plan or a sickness care plan operated by a cooperative association, to provide to an insured under the health care plan or
an enrollee under the self-insured health plan, any of the following if requested by
the insured or enrollee: 1) a description of the coverage, including benefits and
cost-sharing requirements, under the health care plan or self-insured health plan;
2) a description of any pre-certification or other requirements that an insured or
enrollee must complete before any care is approved by the insurer or self-insured
health plan; and 3) a summary of the insured's or enrollee’s coverage with respect to
a specific medical service or course of treatment. The summary of coverage is based
on information relating to an estimate of a charge for a medical service or course of
treatment that was provided by a provider or group of providers to the insured or
enrollee and must include an estimate of the total out-of-pocket costs that the
insured or enrollee may incur, an estimate of the amount that the insurer or
self-insured health plan has paid to the provider or providers, any limits on what the
insurer or self-insured health plan will pay if the service or course of treatment is
received from a nonparticipating or out-of-network provider, and any discounts that
the insurer or self-insured health plan is willing to offer the insured or enrollee if the
service or course of treatment is received from a different provider.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be
printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do
enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 40.51 (8) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 36, is
amended to read:

40.51 (8) Every health care coverage plan offered by the state under sub. (6)
shall comply with ss. 631.89, 631.90, 631.93 (2), 631.95, 632.72 (2), 632.746 (1) to (8)
and (10), 632.747, 632.748, 632.798, 632.83, 632.835, 632.85, 632.853, 632.855,
632.87 (3) to (5) (6), 632.895 (5m) and (8) to (15), and 632.896.

SECTION 2. 40.51 (8m) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 36, is
amended to read:

40.51 (8m) Every health care coverage plan offered by the group insurance
board under sub. (7) shall comply with ss. 631.95, 632.746 (1) to (8) and (10), 632.747,
SECTION 3. 66.0137 (4) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 36, is amended to read:

66.0137 (4) SELF-INSURED HEALTH PLANS. If a city, including a 1st class city, or a village provides health care benefits under its home rule power, or if a town provides health care benefits, to its officers and employees on a self−insured basis, the self−insured plan shall comply with ss. 49.493 (3) (d), 631.89, 631.90, 631.93 (2), 632.746 (10) (a) 2. and (b) 2., 632.747 (3), 632.85, 632.853, 632.855, 632.87 (4) and (5), and (6), 632.895 (9) to (15), 632.896, and 767.25 (4m) (d) 767.513 (4).

SECTION 4. 120.13 (2) (g) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 36, is amended to read:

120.13 (2) (g) Every self−insured plan under par. (b) shall comply with ss. 49.493 (3) (d), 631.89, 631.90, 631.93 (2), 632.746 (10) (a) 2. and (b) 2., 632.747 (3), 632.798, 632.85, 632.853, 632.855, 632.87 (4) and (5), and (6), 632.895 (9) to (15), 632.896, and 767.25 (4m) (d) 767.513 (4).

SECTION 5. 146.903 of the statutes is created to read:

146.903 Disclosures required of health care providers. (1) In this section:

(a) “Ambulatory surgery center” has the meaning given in 42 CFR 416.2.

(b) “Average paid rate” means the average amount that a health care provider currently accepts as payment in full for a health care service, diagnostic test, or procedure, after any discount applicable to certain patients is applied.

(c) “Charged rate” means the average, median, or actual amount that is currently charged by a health care provider to a patient for a health care service, diagnostic test, or procedure.
(d) “Clinic” means a place, other than a residence, that is used primarily for the provision of nursing, medical, podiatric, dental, chiropractic, or optometric care and treatment.

(e) “Course of treatment” means, as part of a health care service, the management and care, including related therapy and rehabilitation, of a patient over time for the purpose of combating disease or disorder or temporarily or permanently relieving symptoms.

(f) “Health care plan” has the meaning given in s. 628.36 (2) (a) 1.

(g) “Health care provider” has the meaning given in s. 146.81 (1) and includes a clinic and an ambulatory surgery center.

(h) “Health care service, diagnostic test, or procedure” includes physical therapy, speech therapy, occupational therapy, chiropractic treatment, or mental therapy, but does not include a prescription drug.

(i) “Insured” means covered under a health care plan offered by an insurer or under a self-insured health plan.

(j) “Insurer” means an insurer that is authorized to do business in this state, in one or more lines of insurance that includes health insurance, and that provides coverage, excluding public coverage, of health care expenses under health care plans covering individuals or groups in this state. The term includes a health maintenance organization, as defined in s. 609.01 (2), a preferred provider plan, as defined in s. 609.01 (4), an insurer operating as a cooperative association organized under ss. 185.981 to 185.985, and a limited service health organization, as defined in s. 609.01 (3).

(k) “Medical Assistance” means aid provided under subch. IV of ch. 49, other than aid under s. 49.471.
(L) “Medicare” means coverage under Part A or Part B of Title XVIII of the federal social security act, 42 USC 1395 to 1395hhh.

(m) “Mental therapy” includes services and treatment for mental illness, developmental disability, alcohol and other drug abuse, and drug dependence.

(n) “Minimum cost” means $500 or any higher amount that is specified by the department by rule.

(p) “Patient’s agent” means the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of a minor patient; the spouse of a patient; an agent of a patient under a valid power of attorney for health care; a guardian of the person, as defined in s. 54.01 (12) of a patient; or any individual who is authorized by the patient to act as his or her agent.

(q) “Prescription drug” has the meaning given in s. 450.01 (20).

(r) “Public coverage” means coverage for health care expenses that is funded in whole or in part under any state-assisted or federally assisted program other than BadgerCare Plus under s. 49.471, including Medical Assistance and Medicare, for which the average reimbursement rate for a health care service, diagnostic test, or procedure is lower than an insurer’s or self-insured health plan’s average paid rate for the identical service, test, or procedure.

(s) “Self-insured health plan” has the meaning given in s. 632.745 (24).

(2) (a) 1. If a patient is not insured or does not have public coverage at the time he or she first receives a particular health care service, diagnostic test, or procedure or the first treatment or visit of a course of treatment and, within 90 days after receipt of the service, test, procedure, or treatment, obtains from an insurer or a self-insured health plan coverage that is under a contract for not less than one year, the health care provider shall accept, as payment from the patient for the service, test, or procedure provided to the patient, no more than the insurer’s or plan’s
payment amount for that service, test, or procedure, except that the patient may be liable to the health care provider for any out-of-pocket costs, finance charges, and collection costs incurred that would not have been covered under the patient’s coverage.

2. The health care provider of a patient who is not insured or who does not have public coverage at the time that a health care service, diagnostic test, or procedure is provided or after the first treatment or visit of a course of treatment shall inform the patient of the requirement under subd. 1. and of the provider’s reimbursement requirement for a recipient of Medical Assistance under s. 49.49 (3m) (a) 2.

3. The insurer or self-insured health plan that provides coverage specified under subd. 1. shall provide to the patient a dollar estimate of the insurer’s or plan’s applicable payment amount for the health care service, diagnostic test, or procedure received by the patient, as specified under subd. 1.

(b) If a health care provider does not accept patients who are covered by a particular insurer, if a health care service, diagnostic test, or procedure is not covered under a patient’s health care plan, or the patient’s health care plan only covers services provided by health care providers participating in the patient’s health care plan and this health care provider is not a participating provider, the health care provider shall accept, as payment from the patient for the service, test, or procedure provided to the patient, the average rate paid by insurers or self-insured health plans for the service, test, or procedure or a rate less than the average rate.

(3) (a) If a patient who is insured or is not insured is recommended to, referred to, or is under the care of a health care provider or group of health care providers for a health care service, including any applicable course of treatment, or diagnostic test or procedure for which the charge exceeds the minimum cost, and if the patient or
the patient’s agent requests an estimate of the charge, the health care provider or
group of health care providers, if applicable, shall provide the patient or the patient’s
agent with an estimate of the charge.

(b) Except as provided in par. (c) 2., for an estimate of the charge that is
provided under par. (a), the health care provider or group of health care providers,
if applicable, shall provide the following, as applicable, at the time of scheduling of
the health care service, diagnostic test, procedure, or course of treatment or within
10 business days of the request, whichever is later:

1. For an inpatient surgical procedure and course of treatment, an estimate of
the charge that shall include all of the following:

   a. The reasonably anticipated services of health care providers who will likely
      provide health care services, during and after the surgical procedure and during any
      related course of treatment.

   b. The reasonably anticipated total charge for hospitalization, daily charge for
      hospitalization, and number of days of hospital stay.

2. For an outpatient surgical procedure and course of treatment, an estimate
of the charge that shall include the reasonably anticipated total charge.

3. For a nonsurgical hospital procedure and course of treatment, an estimate
of the charge that shall include the reasonably anticipated services of health care
providers who will likely provide health care services during and after the procedure
and any related course of treatment.

4. For physical therapy, speech therapy, occupational therapy, chiropractic
treatment, or mental therapy, an estimate of the charge that shall include all of the
following:
a. A proposed treatment plan that describes the number and frequency of visits
of a course of treatment and the anticipated charges for the course of treatment. If
the course of treatment is anticipated to exceed 6 months and if the patient or the
patient’s agent so requests, the health care provider shall provide an estimate of the
charge and course of treatment plan for each anticipated 6 month period.

b. Objective quality data that is related to the health outcome of the proposed
course of treatment, if the health care provider has made public the data.

(c) 1. All of the following applies to an estimate of the charge provided under
this subsection:

   a. The estimate of the charge shall represent the good-faith effort of a health
care provider or group of health care providers, if applicable, to provide accurate
information to the patient or the patient’s agent.

   b. The estimate of the charge shall inform the patient of his or her
responsibilities in complying with any medical requirements for the patient that are
associated with any health care service, diagnostic test, or procedure proposed; and
the potential of cost variances that are due to factors that cannot reasonably be
anticipated.

   c. The estimate of the charge shall indicate how the health status of the patient
may contribute to any charge variances that may reasonably be anticipated.

   d. The estimate of the charge shall include any discounts or financial incentives
the health care provider or group of health care providers, if applicable, are willing
to offer to the patient for obtaining a health care service, diagnostic test, or procedure
that is provided by the health care provider or group of health care providers.

   e. The estimate of the charge shall include a description of the health care
service, diagnostic test, or procedure that includes the appropriate medical code or
codes that will enable the patient or patient’s agent to obtain applicable coverage
payment information under s. 632.798 from an insurer or self-insured health plan.

f. The estimate of the charge shall include the identity of the health care
provider or the individual identities of the group of health care providers, if
applicable, and the address of the applicable facility with which each health care
provider is associated.

g. The estimate of the charge may, if requested by the patient or the patient’s
agent, be issued electronically.

h. The estimate of the change is not a binding contract upon the parties and is
not a guarantee that the amounts estimated will be charged.

2. In lieu of the requirements under par. (b), a health care provider or group of
health care providers, if applicable, may provide to the patient or the patient’s agent
an estimate of the charge that is a single fixed-price estimate of the total cost of the
health care service, diagnostic test, or procedure.

3. All of the following applies to an estimate of the charge provided under this
subsection for a patient who is insured:

a. The health care provider or group of health care providers, if applicable, may
provide the average paid rate paid by insurers and self-insured health plans, the
charged rate billed to insurers and plans, or a rate that is lower than the charged rate
billed to private insurers, if each rate that is provided is clearly labeled in the
estimate of the charge.

b. The estimate of the charge shall contain language that encourages the
patient to review the estimate carefully and to contact his or her insurer or
self-insured health plan for specific coverage information.
4. All of the following applies to an estimate of the charge provided under this subsection for a patient who is not insured:

a. If the health care provider determines, on the basis of preliminary information, that the patient is eligible for Medical Assistance or is eligible for but not enrolled in Medicare and the health care provider accepts recipients of Medical Assistance or beneficiaries of Medicare, the estimate of the charge shall include the average paid rate paid by insurers and self-insured health plans or a rate lower than that rate; shall contain language that encourages the patient to review the estimate carefully and to apply for Medical Assistance or enroll in Medicare, as applicable; and shall inform the patient or the patient’s agent of the requirements of s. 49.49 (3m) (a) 2.

b. If the health care provider cannot determine if the patient is eligible for Medical Assistance or Medicare, the estimate of the charge shall include the average paid rate paid by insurers and self-insured health plans or a rate lower than that rate; shall contain language that encourages the patient to review the estimate carefully and to obtain insurance coverage; and shall inform the patient or the patient’s agent of the terms and conditions under which the average paid rate or another paid rate may be applicable.

(4) (a) In this subsection, “consumer price index” means the average of the consumer price index over each 12-month period, all items, U. S. city average, as determined by the bureau of labor statistics of the U. S. department of labor.

(b) The department shall, by rule, biennially adjust the dollar amount that is specified for minimum cost under sub. (1) (n) by calculating any percentage difference between the consumer price index for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of the most recent odd-numbered year and the consumer price index
for the 12-month period ending on December 31 of the next most recent odd-numbered year and applying that percentage difference, if any, to the most-recently specified dollar amount for minimum cost under this subsection or sub. (1) (n). If a percentage difference exists, the department shall by rule prescribe a revised dollar amount, rounded to the nearest $50 increment, that reflects the percentage difference, which amount shall be in effect until a subsequent rule is promulgated under this subsection. Notwithstanding s. 227.24 (1) (a), (2) (b), or (3), the department is not required to provide evidence that promulgating a rule under this subsection as an emergency rule is necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, safety, or welfare and is not required to provide a finding of emergency for a rule promulgated under this subsection.

Section 6. 185.981 (4t) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 36, is amended to read:

185.981 (4t) A sickness care plan operated by a cooperative association is subject to ss. 252.14, 631.17, 631.89, 631.95, 632.72 (2), 632.745 to 632.749, 632.798, 632.85, 632.853, 632.855, 632.87 (2m), (3), (4), and (5), and 632.895 (10) to (15), and 632.897 (10) and chs. 149 and 155.

Section 7. 185.983 (1) (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 36, is amended to read:

185.983 (1) (intro.) Every such voluntary nonprofit sickness care plan shall be exempt from chs. 600 to 646, with the exception of ss. 601.04, 601.13, 601.31, 601.41, 601.42, 601.43, 601.44, 601.45, 611.67, 619.04, 628.34 (10), 631.17, 631.89, 631.93, 631.95, 632.72 (2), 632.745 to 632.749, 632.775, 632.79, 632.795, 632.798, 632.85, 632.853, 632.855, 632.87 (2m), (3), (4), and (5), and 632.895 (5) and (9) to (15),
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632.896, and 632.897 (10) and chs. 609, 630, 635, 645, and 646, but the sponsoring
association shall:

SECTION 8. 609.71 of the statutes is created to read:

609.71 Disclosure of payments. Limited service health organizations,
preferred provider plans, and defined network plans are subject to s. 632.798.

SECTION 9. 632.798 of the statutes is created to read:

632.798 Disclosure of information. (1) Definitions. In this section:

(a) “Cost-sharing requirements” means copayments, deductibles, coinsurance
percentages, and any other cost-sharing mechanisms that apply under a health care
plan or self-insured health plan.

(b) “Health care plan” has the meaning given in s. 628.36 (2) (a) 1.

(c) “Insured” means a person covered under a health care plan offered by an
insurer or an enrollee under a self-insured health plan.

(d) “Insured’s agent” means a parent, guardian, or legal custodian of an insured
who is a minor child; the spouse of an insured; an agent of an insured under a valid
power of attorney for health care; a guardian of the person, as defined in s. 54.01 (12),
of an insured; or anyone authorized by an insured to act as his or her agent.

(e) “Insurer” means an insurer that is authorized to do business in this state,
in one or more lines of insurance that includes health insurance, and that provides
coverage, excluding public coverage, of health care expenses under health care plans
covering individuals or groups in this state. The term includes a health maintenance
organization, as defined in s. 609.01 (2), a preferred provider plan, as defined in s.
609.01 (4), an insurer operating as a cooperative association organized under ss.
185.981 to 185.985, and a limited service health organization, as defined in s. 609.01
(3).
(f) “Participating” has the meaning given in s. 609.01 (3m).

(g) “Provider” means a health care provider, as defined in s. 146.81 (1).

(h) “Public coverage” means coverage for health care expenses that is funded in whole or in part under any state-assisted or federally assisted program, including Medical Assistance under subch. IV of ch. 49 and Medicare under 42 USC 1395 to 1395hhh, the average paid rate of which is lower than an insurer’s average paid rate for the same medical service.

(i) “Self-insured health plan” has the meaning given in s. 632.745 (24).

(2) INFORMATION REQUIRED. An insurer or self-insured health plan shall provide any of the following information if requested by an insured or an insured’s agent:

(a) A description of the coverage, including benefits and cost-sharing requirements, under the insured’s health care plan or self-insured health plan.

(b) A description of pre-certification or other requirements, if any, that an insured must complete before any care is approved by the insurer or self-insured health plan.

(c) Based on the information relating to an estimate of the charge that was provided to the insured or insured’s agent under s. 146.903 (3) (a), a summary of the insured’s coverage with respect to a specific medical service or course of treatment, including all of the following information:

1. The estimated total and type of out-of-pocket costs that the insured may incur, including deductibles, copayments, coinsurance, and items and other charges that are not covered by the insurer or self-insured health plan.

2. An estimate of the amount that the insurer or self-insured health plan paid to a provider or providers for the specific medical procedure or course of treatment. The estimate under this subdivision may provide the payment amount or rate in such
a way that protects the insurer’s proprietary pricing, but shall be a reasonably close
estimate of the actual amount or rate paid.

3. Any limits on what the insurer or self-insured health plan will pay if the
service or course of treatment is received from a provider that is not a participating
provider. If the insured provides to the insurer or self-insured health plan the
applicable medical code or codes for the service or course of treatment provided or
proposed to be provided by a provider or providers that are not participating, the
insurer or self-insured health plan shall inform the insured if the cost of the service
or course of treatment exceeds the allowable charge under the insurer’s or
self-insured health plan’s guidelines for payment for the service or course of
treatment under the insured’s health care plan or self-insured health plan.

4. Any discounts or financial incentives that the insurer or self-insured health
plan is willing to offer the insured, including incentives for the insured to obtain care
or a course of treatment from a different provider.

5. That the information in the summary is based on the information relating
to the estimate of the charge that was provided to the insured or insured’s agent
under s. 146.903 (3) (a).

6. That the information in the summary represents only an estimate and is not
a legally binding contract or guarantee of the amounts provided in the summary.

(3) General provisions. (a) The information under sub. (2) may be provided
to the insured in writing, orally, or electronically, whichever is preferred by the
insured.

(b) The insurer or self-insured health plan shall make a good faith effort to
provide accurate information to the insured under sub. (2).

Section 10. Initial applicability.
(1) Disclosure of Information. If a health care plan or a governmental self-insured health plan that is in effect on the effective date of this subsection, or a contract or agreement between a health care provider and a health care plan that is in effect on the effective date of this subsection, contains a provision that is inconsistent with this act, this act first applies to that health care plan, governmental self-insured health plan, or contract or agreement on the date on which it is modified, extended, or renewed.

SECTION 11. Effective date.

(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 19th month beginning after publication.