2009 DRAFTING REQUEST

Assembly Amendment (AA-AB193)

Received: 08/24/2009 Wanted: As time permits For: Ann Hraychuck (608) 267-2365					Received By: phurley			
					Identical to LRB: By/Representing: Drafter: phurley Addl. Drafters:			
This file	This file may be shown to any legislator: NO May Contact:							
May Co								
Subject: Courts - immunity liability					Extra Copies: Don Dyke			
Submit	via email: YES							
Request	er's email:	Rep.Hrayc	huck@legi	s.wisconsin.g	ov			
Carbon	copy (CC:) to:							
Pre To	pic:							
No spec	eific pre topic gi	ven						
Topic:								
Civil de	fense if castle d	octrine defense	is successfu	ul				
Instruc	tions:							
See atta	ched							
Draftin	g History:							
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	<u>Typed</u>	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required	
/?	phurley 08/27/2009	jdyer 08/28/2009						
/P1			mduchek 08/31/200		sbasford 08/31/2009			
/1	phurley 10/05/2009	jdyer 10/06/2009	jfrantze 10/06/200	09	lparisi 10/06/2009	lparisi 10/06/2009		

LRBa0615 10/06/2009 11:27:01 AM Page 2

FE Sent For:

<**END>**

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May Contact:	Addl. Drafters:			
Subject: Courts - immunity liability	Extra Copies:	Oon Dyke		
Submit via email: YES				
Requester's email: Rep.Hraychuck@legis.wisconsin.	gov			
Carbon copy (CC:) to:				
Pre Topic:				
No specific pre topic given				
Topic:				
Civil defense if castle doctrine defense is successful				
Instructions:	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A			
See attached				
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ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT,

TO 2009 ASSEMBLY BILL 193

5	895.61 Use of force in response to unlawful and forcible entry into resider
4	SECTION 1. 895.61 of the statutes is created to read:
3	1. Page 2, line 1: before that line insert:
2	At the locations indicated, amend the bill as follows:

895.61 Use of force in response to unlawful and forcible entry into residence; civil liability immunity. (1) IMMUNITY. Except as provided in sub. (3), a person is immune from civil liability for intentionally using force that is intended or likely to cause death or great bodily harm if the person reasonably believed that the force was necessary to prevent imminent death or great bodily harm to himself or herself and either of the following applies:

- (a) The person against whom the force was used was in the process of unlawfully and forcibly entering the actor's residence, the actor was present in the residence, and the actor knew or had reason to believe that an unlawful and forcible entry was occurring.
- (b) The person against whom the force was used was in the actor's residence after unlawfully and forcibly entering, the actor was present in the residence, and the actor knew or had reason to believe the person had unlawfully and forcibly entered the residence.
- (2) PRESUMPTION. An actor is presumed to have reasonably believed that the force was necessary to prevent imminent death or great bodily harm to himself or herself if either sub.

 (1) (a) or (b) applies.

	(3) Executions to tresometion. The presumption under sub. (2) does not apply it
2	either of the following applies:
3	(a) The actor was engaged in an unlawful criminal activity or was using his or her
4	residence to further in unlawful (criminal) activity at the time.
5	(b) The person against whom the force was used was a peace officer who entered or
6	attempted to enter the actor's residence in the performance of his or her official duties and at
7	least one of the following applies:
8	1. The officer identified himself or herself to the actor before the force described in sub.
9	(1) was used by the actor.
10	2. The actor knew or reasonably should have known that the person entering or
11	attempting to enter his or her residence was a peace officer.
12	2. Page 2, line 1: substitute "Section 2" for "Section 1".
13	3. Importal Rea (END)
	3. Instral Am clause Uses of force that occur one effective date

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2009 ASSEMBLY BILL 193

April 2, 2009 – Introduced by Representatives Hraychuck, Danou, Vruwink, Mursau, Friske, Van Roy, Ballweg, Suder, Strachota, Petrowski, Vukmir, Zipperer, Davis, Bies, Kleefisch, Gunderson, Vos, Spanbauer, Kerkman, Nerison, LeMahieu, Kestell, Honadel, Rhoades, Zigmunt, Ripp, Jorgensen, Tauchen, Roth, Kaufert and Huebsch, cosponsored by Senators Holperin, Vinehout, Decker, Plale, Schultz, Lazich, Leibham, Grothman, A. Lasee, Kanavas, Darling, Kapanke, Harsdorf and Hopper. Referred to Committee on Personal Privacy.

AN ACT to create 939.48 (1m) of the statutes; relating to: the privilege of self-defense.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

In general, a person who uses force in self-defense or in the defense of another person may not be convicted of a crime stemming from that use of force. This law applies only when: 1) the amount of force used is reasonable; and 2) the person uses that force to prevent or stop what he or she reasonably believes is an unlawful interference with himself or herself or another person, such as the crime of battery. Current law specifies that a person may use force that is intended or likely to cause the death of or great bodily harm to another individual only if the person reasonably believes that using such force is necessary to prevent the imminent death of or great bodily harm to himself or herself or another person.

Under this bill, if a person used defensive force that was intended or likely to cause death or great bodily harm, the court must presume that the person reasonably believed that the force was necessary to prevent death or great bodily harm if: 1) the individual against whom the force was used was in the process of unlawfully and forcibly entering, or had already unlawfully and forcefully entered, the residence of the person who used the force; 2) the person was present in that residence; and 3) the person knew or had reason to believe that an unlawful and forcible entry was occurring or had occurred. This presumption, however, does not apply if: 1) the person who used the force was engaged in an unlawful activity or was using his or her residence to further an unlawful activity; or 2) the individual against whom the force was used had identified himself or herself as a peace officer (or was or should

ASSEMBLY BILL 193

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have been known to be a peace officer) and was entering the residence in the performance of his or her official duties.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 939.48 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

939.48 (1m) (a) If an actor intentionally used force that was intended or likely to cause death or great bodily harm, the court shall presume that the actor reasonably believed that the force was necessary to prevent imminent death or great bodily harm to himself or herself if the actor makes such a claim under sub. (1) and any of the following applies:

The person against whom the force was used was in the process of unlawfully and forcibly entering the actor's residence, the actor was present in the residence, and the actor knew or had reason to believe that an unlawful and forcible entry was occurring.

The person against whom the force was used was in the actor's residence after unlawfully and forcibly entering it, the actor was present in the residence, and the actor knew or had reason to believe that the person had unlawfully and forcibly entered the residence.

(W). EXCEPTIONS TO PRESUMPTION.

The presumption described in par. (a) does not apply if any of the following applies:

A. The actor was engaged in an unlawful activity or was using his or her residence to further an unlawful activity at the time.

2. The person against whom the force was used was a peace officer who entered or attempted to enter the actor's residence in the performance of his or her official duties. This subdivision applies only if at least one of the following applies:

ASSEMBLY BILL 193

(END)
or attempting to enter his or her residence was a peace officer.
b. The actor knew or reasonably should have known that the person entering
in par. (a) was used by the actor.
a. The officer identified himself or herself to the actor before the force described



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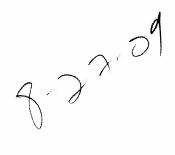
State of Misconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

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PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT,

TO 2009 ASSEMBLY BILL 193



At the locations indicated, amend the bill as follows:

1. Page 2, line 1: before that line insert:

"Section 1m. 895.6 of the statutes is created to read:

895.6 Use of force in response to unlawful and forcible entry into a residence; civil liability immunity. (1) In this section, "actor" means a person who uses force that is intended or likely cause death or great bodily harm to another person.

(2) IMMUNITY Except as provided in sub. (4), an actor is immune from civil liability arising out of his or her use of force that is intended or likely to cause death or great bodily harm if the actor reasonably believed that the force was necessary to prevent imminent death or great bodily harm to himself or herself or to another person and either of the following apply:

(1)	(a) The person against whom the force was used was in the process of
$\frac{\mathcal{C}}{2}$	unlawfully and forcibly entering the actor's residence, the actor was present in the
3	residence, and the actor knew or had reason to believe that an unlawful and forcible
4	entry was occurring.
(5)	(b) The person against whom the force was used was in the actor's residence
6	after unlawfully and forcibly entering it, the actor was present in the residence, and
7	the actor knew or had reason to believe that the person had unlawfully and forcibly
8	entered the residence.
9	(3) An actor is presumed to have reasonably believed that the force was
10	necessary to prevent imminent death or great bodily harm to himself or herself or
11	to another person if either sub. (1) (a) or (b) applies.
12	(4) The presumption described in sub. (3) does not apply if any of the following
13	are true:
14	(a) The actor was engaged in an unlawful activity or was using his or her
15	residence to further an unlawful activity at the time he or she used the force
16	described in sub. (2).
$\widehat{17}$	(b) The person against whom the force was used was a peace officer who
18	entered or attempted to enter the actor's residence in the performance of his or her
(19)	official duties. This subdivision applies only if at least one of the following applies:
20	1. The officer identified himself or herself to the actor before the force described
21	in sub. (2) was used by the actor.
22	2. The actor knew or reasonably should have known that the person entering
23	or attempting to enter his or her residence was a peace officer.".
$\widehat{24}$	2. Page 2, line 1: delete 1" and substitute 1r".
	•

1	3. Page 3, line 4: after that line insert:
2	"Section 1v. Initial applicability.
3	(1) This act first applies to a use of force that occurs on the effective date of this
4	subsection.".
5	(END)



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either of the following applies:

State of Misconsin 2009 – 2010 LEGISLATURE

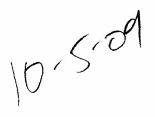
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PRELIMINARY DRAFT NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

ASSEMBLY AMENDMENT,

TO 2009 ASSEMBLY BILL 193



At the locations indicated, amend the bill as follows: 1 2 **1.** Page 2, line 1: before that line insert: 3 **"Section 1m.** 895.62 of the statutes is created to read: 4 895.62 Use of force in response to unlawful and forcible entry into a 5 residence; civil liability immunity. (1) In this section, "actor" means a person who uses force that is intended or likely cause death or great bodily harm to another 6 7 person. 8 (2) Except as provided in sub. (4), an actor is immune from civil liability arising 9 out of his or her use of force that is intended or likely to cause death or great bodily 10 harm if the actor reasonably believed that the force was necessary to prevent

imminent death or great bodily harm to himself or herself or to another person and

1	(a) The person against whom the force was used was in the process of
2	unlawfully and forcibly entering the actor's residence, the actor was present in the
3	residence, and the actor knew or had reason to believe that an unlawful and forcible
4	entry was occurring.
5	(b) The person against whom the force was used was in the actor's residence
6	after unlawfully and forcibly entering it, the actor was present in the residence, and
7	the actor knew or had reason to believe that the person had unlawfully and forcibly
8	entered the residence.
9	(3) An actor is presumed to have reasonably believed that the force was
10	necessary to prevent imminent death or great bodily harm to himself or herself or
11	to another person if either sub. (2) (a) or (b) applies.
12	(4) The presumption described in sub. (3) does not apply if any of the following
13	are true:
(14)	(a) The actor was engaged in an unlawful activity or was using his or her
(5)	residence to further an unlawful activity at the time he or she used the force
16	described in sub. (2).
17	(b) The person against whom the force was used was a peace officer who entered
18	or attempted to enter the actor's residence in the performance of his or her official
19	duties. This paragraph applies only if at least one of the following applies:
20	1. The officer identified himself or herself to the actor before the force described
21	in sub. (2) was used by the actor.
22	2. The actor knew or reasonably should have known that the person entering
23	or attempting to enter his or her residence was a peace officer.".

2. Page 2, line 1: delete "Section 1" and substitute "Section 1r".

3. Page 3, line 4: after that line insert:
 "SECTION 1v. Initial applicability.
 (1) This act first applies to a use of force that occurs on the effective date of this subsection.".

(END)