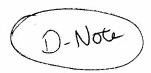


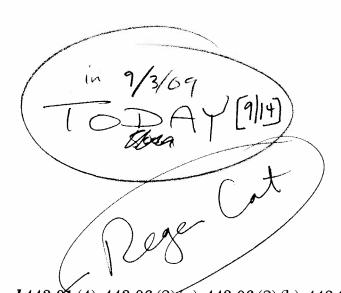
## State of Misconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE



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Inverts

# PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE AMENDMENT,

#### TO 2009 ASSEMBLY BILL 271



SAY

AN ACT to repeal 443.01 (4), 443.06 (2) (a), 443.06 (2) (b), 443.06 (2) (c) and 443.06 (2) (e); to amend 15.405 (2) (intro.), (a) and (b), 26.09 (3) (b) 1., 30.11 (3), 30.13 (3) (a), 59.20 (2) (c), 59.43 (8), 59.45 (1) (a) 2., 59.45 (1) (b), 59.45 (3), 59.46, 59.73 (2), 59.74 (2) (b) 1., 59.74 (2) (c), 59.74 (2) (g), 59.74 (2) (h), 59.74 (2) (j), 59.75, 60.84 (1), 84.095 (5), 157.07 (1), 236.02 (2m), 236.15 (1) (a), 236.15 (1) (d), 236.15 (2), 236.16 (3) (title), 236.16 (4) (title), 236.20 (2) (g), 236.34 (1) (a), 440.03 (13) (b) 34., 440.08 (2) (a) 39., chapter 443 (title), 443.01 (3), 443.02 (4), 443.06 (2) (am), 443.06 (1) (title), 443.06 (1) (a), 443.06 (1) (b), 443.06 (2) (intro.), 443.06 (2) (am), 443.06 (2) (bm), 443.06 (2) (cm), 443.06 (2) (d), 443.06 (2) (em), 443.12 (3), 443.14 (8) (d), 443.14 (8) (d), 443.14 (9), 443.14 (11), 443.18 (2) (a), 443.18 (2) (b), 470.025 (7), 707.215 (5) (intro.), 709.02 (1), 709.07 and

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893.37; and to create 16.967 (3) (f), 59.001 (2k), 93.75, 236.025, 236.20 (6), 443.01 (1g), 443.01 (1r), 443.01 (3b), 443.01 (6s), 443.01 (7m), 443.135, 443.14 (15), 443.14 (16), 895.477 and 943.13 (4m) (d) of the statutes; relating to: professional land surveyors, the practice of professional land surveying, surveying land abutting navigable waters, and granting rule-making authority.

#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, with certain exceptions, a person may not practice land surveying or represent that he or she is a land surveyor unless the land surveyor section (section) of the examining board of architects, landscape architects, professional engineers, designers and land surveyors (board) has issued a certificate of registration or permit to the person. "Land surveying" is defined as determining the location of land boundaries and boundary corners; preparing maps that show the shape and area of tracts of land or subdivisions or the layout of roads, streets, or rights-of-way; or preparing official plats or maps of land in this state.

This substitute amendment replaces "land surveying" with the term "practice of professional land surveying" and defines the term as any of the following:

- 1. Measuring or analyzing a tract of land to determine the location of its boundaries and boundary corners.
- 2. Designing or coordinating designs for the purpose of platting or subdividing land into smaller tracts.
- 3. Placing, replacing, restoring, or perpetuating monuments in or on the ground to evidence the location of a point that is necessary to describe the shape, area, and boundaries of one or more tracts of land or the subdivision or consolidation of one or more tracts of land or that is necessary to describe the boundaries of any of the following interests in real property: a) the layout and rights-of-way of roads or streets; b) air or property rights; or c) public or private easements.

4. Preparing maps that depict any interest in real property identified in item 3. for the purpose of establishing the boundaries of any such interest in real property.

- 5. Preparing any of the following: a) an official map of this state, including an official map established or amended by a city, established or amended by a village, or adopted by a town; b) an assessor's plat; c) a map or plat of cemetery lands; d) a subdivision plat, certified survey map, or correction instrument; e) a condominium plat or correction instrument; or f) a project and time-share plat.
  - 6. Performing cartographic, construction, or geodetic surveying in connection with any of the practices specified in items 1. to 5.

The substitute amendment also replaces the certificate of registration requirement under current law with a licensure requirement. Therefore, under the substitute amendment with certain exceptions, a person may not engage in the

practice of professional land surveying or represent that he or she is a professional land surveyor unless the person is issued a license or permit by the section.

In addition, the substitute amendment changes the name of the section to the professional land surveyor section and changes the name of the board to the examining board of architects, landscape architects, professional engineers, designers and professional land surveyors. The substitute amendment also replaces various references under current law to "registered land surveyor," with "professional land surveyor."

After July 1, 2018, the substitute amendment requires employees of this state and public utilities to obtain a license or permit to engage in the practice of professional land surveying. Such employees are exempt from the certificate of registration and permit requirements under current law.

The substitute amendment creates an exemption from licensure for employees of the Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection (DATCP) who have been certified as provided under the substitute amendment and who are engaged in establishing the boundaries of easements acquired by DATCP under the Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program. The substitute amendment authorizes DATCP to establish by rule a program to train and certify its employees in certain practices related to identifying boundaries of tracts of land and interests in real property. DATCP must establish by rule accuracy standards for employees certified under the program to follow when conducting any of the practices for which training and certification is provided.

The substitute amendment also exempts from licensure persons who prepare the following maps: a) a map used in connection with a regulatory program established by the state or a local unit of government; b) a map showing the boundaries or the shape and area of land designated as managed forest land by the Department of Natural Resources; and c) a map that identifies the boundaries or the shape and area of land or partial interests in real property for purposes unrelated to the transfer of interests in the land or partial interests in real property.

The substitute amendment also exempts from licensure employees of state agencies and local units of government who operate a land information system (LIS) or geographic information system (GIS), provided that every product created by or hosted on the LIS or GIS includes the following disclaimer: "This product is for informational purposes only and may not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes. This product does not represent an on-the-ground survey and represents only the approximate relative location of property boundaries."

Under current law, for purposes of platting lands or preparing survey maps that involve ordinary high water marks (OHWMs), a professional surveyor may incorporate an ordinary high water mark that has been identified by the Department of Natural Resources or that has otherwise been identified by law or may approximate the ordinary high water mark. The substitute amendment requires that statement be included on the face of plat or man explaining that the land below the OHWM is subject to the public trust doctrine for navigable waters and that exposed land between the OHWM and the water's edge is to be used exclusively by the owner of the adjacent waterfront property, unless otherwise provided by law

Cof a navigable water

-certain plats or maps

INSERT ANALYSIS

or the exercise of police powers

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Finally, the substitute amendment exempts a professional land surveyor and an employee working under the direct supervision of the professional land surveyor from civil liability for trespass occurring during the practice of professional land surveying or damage caused as a result of the surveyor's approximation of an OHWM or of high and low water elevations, provided the action of the surveyor or his or her employee were in good faith and not reckless, wanton, or involving intentional misconduct.

### The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 15.405 (2) (intro.), (a) and (b) of the statutes are amended to read: 15.405 (2) Examining board of architects, landscape architects, professional engineers, designers, and professional land surveyors in the department of regulation and licensing. Any professional member appointed to the examining board shall be registered or licensed to practice architecture, landscape architecture, professional engineering, the design of engineering systems, or the practice of professional land surveying under ch. 443. The examining board shall consist of the following members appointed for 4-year terms: 3 architects, 3 landscape architects, 3 professional engineers, 3 designers, 3 professional land surveyors, and 10 public members.

(a) In operation, the examining board shall be divided into an architect section, a landscape architect section, an engineer section, a designer section, and a professional land surveyor section. Each section shall consist of the 3 members of the named profession appointed to the examining board and 2 public members appointed to the section. The examining board shall elect its own officers, and shall meet at least twice annually.

(b) All matters pertaining to passing upon the qualifications of applicants for
and the granting or revocation of registration or licensure, and all other matters of
interest to either the architect, landscape architect, engineer, designer, or
professional land surveyor section shall be acted upon solely by the interested
section.

**Section 2.** 16.967 (3) (f) of the statutes is created to read:

16.967 (3) (f) Ensure that state agencies and local governmental units with land information responsibilities include on every product created by a land information system or hosted on a land information system the following disclaimer:

"This product is for informational purposes only and may not be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes. This product does not represent an on-the-ground survey and represents only the approximate relative location of property boundaries."

\*\*\*\*NOTE: Is there a conflict between this provision governing disclaimers and the provision under s. 16.967 (7) (a) 1., which seems to refer to maps that would comply with accuracy standards established for professional land surveyors?

\*\*\*\*Note: Is it possible that some of the documents "hosted by" a land information system would be maps and other documents prepared by professional land surveyors? If so, would the disclaimer need to appear on such maps and documents?

**Section 3.** 26.09 (3) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

26.09 (3) (b) 1. A court shall award damages that equal the stumpage value of the raw forest products harvested if the person harvesting the raw forest products or the person giving consent for the harvesting reasonably relied upon a recorded survey that was done by a person who is registered licensed under ch. 443 as a professional land surveyor or who is issued a permit to engage in the practice of professional land surveying under s. 443.06 even if the recorded survey is determined, after the harvesting, to be in error.

**SECTION 4.** 30.11 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

30.11 (3) How established. Whenever any municipality proposes to establish a bulkhead line or to reestablish an existing bulkhead line, the municipality shall indicate both the existing shore and the proposed bulkhead line upon a map and shall file with the department for its approval 6 copies of the map and 6 copies of the ordinance establishing the bulkhead line. The map shall use a scale of not less than 100 feet to an inch or any other scale required by the department. The map and a metes and bounds description of the bulkhead line shall be prepared by a professional land surveyor registered in this state licensed under ch. 443. The department may require the installation of permanent reference markers to the bulkhead line. Upon approval by the department, the municipality shall deliver the map, description, and ordinance to the office of the register of deeds of the county in which the bulkhead line lies, to be recorded by the register of deeds.

**SECTION 5.** 30.13 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

30.13 (3) (a) Any municipality authorized by s. 30.11 to establish a bulkhead line may also establish a pierhead line in the same manner as it is authorized to establish a bulkhead line, except that a metes and bounds legal description is not required nor is the map required to be prepared by a registered professional land surveyor licensed under ch. 443 and except that if the municipality has created a board of harbor commissioners the municipality must obtain the approval of the board concerning the establishment of the pierhead line in addition to obtaining the approval of the department.

**Section 6.** 59.001 (2k) of the statutes is created to read:

59.001 (2k) "Professional land surveyor" means a professional land surveyor licensed under ch. 443.

**SECTION 7.** 59.20 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.20 (2) (c) In counties that elect a surveyor, the surveyor shall be a registered professional land surveyor. In lieu of electing a surveyor in any county having a population of less than 500,000, the board may, by resolution, designate that the duties under ss. 59.45 (1) and 59.74 (2) be performed by any registered professional land surveyor employed by the county. Any surveyor employed by a county having a population of 500,000 or more shall be a professional land surveyor.

**SECTION 8.** 59.43 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.43 (8) REQUIRED SIGNATURE AND SEAL ON SURVEY DOCUMENT FOR FILING OR RECORDING. It is unlawful for the register of deeds of any county or any proper public authority to file or record a map, plat, survey, or other document within the definition of the practice of professional land surveying under s. 443.01 (6s), which does not have impressed thereon, and affixed thereto, the personal signature and seal of a registered professional land surveyor under whose responsible charge the map, plat, survey, or other document was prepared. This subsection does not apply to any deed, contract, or other recordable document prepared by an attorney, or to a transportation project plat that conforms to s. 84.095 and that is prepared by a state agency.

**SECTION 9.** 59.45 (1) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

59.45 (1) (a) 2. Make, personally or by a deputy, a record, in books or on drawings and plats that are kept for that purpose, of all corners that are set and the manner of fixing the corners and of all bearings and the distances of all courses run, of each survey made personally, by deputies or by other <u>professional</u> land surveyors and arrange or index the record so it is an <u>easy to use easy-to-use</u> reference and file and preserve in the office the original field notes and calculation thereof. Within 60



days after completing any survey, the county surveyor shall make a true and correct copy of the foregoing record, in record books or on reproducible papers to be furnished by the county and kept in files in the office of the county surveyor to be provided by the county. In a county with a population of 500,000 or more where there is no county surveyor, a copy of the record shall also be filed in the office of the regional planning commission which acts in the capacity of county surveyor for the county.

**Section 10.** 59.45 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

professional land surveyor who is employed by the parties requiring the services, providing that within 60 days after completing any survey the land surveyor files a true and correct copy of the survey in the office of the county surveyor. In counties with a population of 500,000 or more the copy shall be filed in the office of the register of deeds and in the office of the regional planning commission which acts in the capacity of county surveyor for the county.

**Section 11.** 59.45 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.45 (3) Surveyor; FEES. In addition to the regular fees of <u>professional</u> land surveyors that are received from the parties employing the county surveyor, the county surveyor may receive a salary from the county.

**SECTION 12.** 59.46 of the statutes is amended to read:

**59.46 Penalty for nonfeasance.** Any county surveyor, any city, village, or town engineer, or any <u>professional</u> land surveyor who fails or refuses to perform any duty required of that person by law shall forfeit not less than \$25 nor more than \$50 for each such failure or refusal.

**SECTION 13.** 59.73 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

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59.73 (2) SUBDIVIDING SECTIONS. Whenever a surveyor is required to subdivide a section or smaller subdivision of land established by the United States survey, the surveyor shall proceed according to the statutes of the United States and the rules and regulations made by the secretary of the interior in conformity to the federal statutes. While so engaged a surveyor and the surveyor's assistants shall not be liable as a trespasser and shall be liable only for any actual damage done to land or property.

**SECTION 14.** 59.74 (2) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

59.74 (2) (b) 1. Whenever it becomes necessary to destroy, remove, or cover up in such a way that will make it inaccessible for use, any landmark, monument of survey, or corner post within the meaning of this subsection, the person including employees of governmental agencies who intend to commit such act shall serve written notice at least 30 days prior to the act upon the county surveyor of the county within which the landmark is located. Notice shall also be served upon the municipality's engineer if the landmark is located within the corporate limits of a municipality. The notice shall include a description of the landmark, monument of survey, or corner post and the reason for removing or covering it. In this paragraph, removal of a landmark includes the removal of railroad track by the owner of the track. In a county having a population of less than 500,000 where there is no county surveyor, notice shall be served upon the clerk. In a county with a population of 500,000 or more where there is no county surveyor, notice shall be served upon the executive director of the regional planning commission which acts in the capacity of county surveyor for the county. Notwithstanding par. (c), upon receipt of the notice the clerk shall appoint a registered professional land surveyor to perform the duties of a county surveyor under subd. 2.

**SECTION 15.** 59.74 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.74 (2) (c) In those counties where there are no county surveyors a petition can be made to the board by any resident of this state requesting the board to appoint a professional land surveyor to act in the capacity of the county surveyor. The board, upon receipt of this petition, shall appoint a professional land surveyor to act in the capacity of the county surveyor. In counties with a population of 500,000 or more, the board may appoint a governmental agency to act in the capacity of county surveyor.

**Section 16.** 59.74 (2) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.74 (2) (g) Every <u>professional</u> land surveyor and every officer of the department of natural resources and the district attorney shall enforce this subsection.

**Section 17.** 59.74 (2) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.74 (2) (h) Any registered professional land surveyor employed by the department of transportation or by a county highway department, may, incident to employment as such, assume and perform the duties and act in the capacity of the county surveyor under this subsection with respect to preservation and perpetuation of landmarks, witness monuments, and corner posts upon and along state trunk, county trunk, and town highways. Upon completing a survey and perpetuating landmarks and witness monuments under par. (b) 2., a professional land surveyor employed by the state shall file the field notes and records in the district office or main office of the department of transportation, and a professional land surveyor employed by a county shall file the field notes and records in the office of the county highway commissioner, open to inspection by the public, and in either case a true and correct copy of the field notes and records shall be filed with the county surveyor. In

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a county with a population of 500,000 or more where there is no county surveyor, a
copy of the field notes and records shall also be filed in the office of the regional
planning commission which acts in the capacity of county surveyor for the county

**SECTION 18.** 59.74 (2) (j) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.74 (2) (j) The county surveyor may employ other <u>professional</u> land surveyors to assist in this work and may accept reference checks for these corners from any <u>professional</u> land surveyor.

**SECTION 19.** 59.75 of the statutes is amended to read:

59.75 Certificates and records as evidence. The certificate and also the official record of the county surveyor when produced by the legal custodian thereof, or any of the county surveyor's deputies, when duly signed by the county surveyor in his or her official capacity, shall be admitted as evidence in any court within the state, but the same may be explained or rebutted by other evidence. If any county surveyor or any of his or her deputies are interested in any tract of land a survey of which becomes necessary, such survey may be executed by any professional land surveyor appointed by the board.

**SECTION 20.** 60.84 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

60.84 (1) Survey, Contract for. The town board may contract with the county surveyor or any registered professional land surveyor licensed under ch. 443 to survey all or some of the sections in the town and to erect monuments under this section as directed by the board.

SECTION 21. 84.095 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

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84.095 (5) Surveyore CERTIFICATE. A plat prepared for filing or recording under this section shall include a certificate of a <u>professional</u> land surveyor <u>registered</u> <u>licensed</u> under s. 443.06 that the plat is a correct representation of the project

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1	described and that the identification and location of each parcel can be determined
2	from the plat. This subsection does not apply to plats prepared by the department

**SECTION 22.** 93.75 of the statutes is created to read:

93.75 Training and certification. (1) Subject to sub. (2), the department may by rule establish a training and certification program for employees of the department that includes instruction in any of the following practices:

Placing, replacing, restoring, or perpetuating monuments in or on the ground to evidence the location of a point that is necessary to describe any of the following:

1. The shape, area, and boundaries of one or more tracts of land.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: The language of this subdivision differs from the language under the definition of land surveying. Specifically, this subdivision does not include language related to the subdivision or consolidation of one or more tracts of land. Okay?

- 2. The boundaries of any of the following interests in real property:
- a. The layout and rights-of-way of roads or streets.
- b. Air or property rights.
- c. Public or private easements.
- (b) Preparing maps that depict any interest in real property identified in par.(a) for the purpose of establishing the boundaries of any such interest in real
- property.
  - (2) If the department establishes by rule a training and certification program under sub. (1), the department shall by rule establish accuracy standards for employees certified under this section to follow when conducting any of the practices described in sub. (1) (a) and (b).

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professional land surveyor registered in this state licensed under ch. 443 those portions of the lands that are from time to time required for burial, into cemetery lots, drives and walks, and record a plat or map of the land in the office of the register of deeds. The plat or map may not be recorded unless laid out and platted to the satisfaction of the county board of the county, and the town board of the town in which the land is situated, or, if the land is situated within a 1st class city, then only by the common council of that city.

**SECTION 24.** 236.02 (2m) of the statutes is amended to read:

236.02 (2m) "Correction instrument" means an instrument drafted by a licensed professional land surveyor licensed under ch. 443) that complies with the requirements of s. 236.295 and that, upon recording, corrects a subdivision plat or a certified survey map.

**SECTION 25.** 236.025 of the statutes is created to read:

236.025 Ordinary high water marks. (1) For purposes of ss. 236.15 (1) (a) and (d) and 236.20 (2) (g), a professional land surveyor (icensed under ch. 443) may do any of the following:

- (a) Incorporate into a map, plat, or survey an ordinary high water mark that has been identified by the department of natural resources or otherwise identified pursuant to law.
- (b) Approximate the ordinary high water mark and incorporate that mark into a map, plat, or survey.
- (2) For purposes of sub. (1) (b), the location of the approximate ordinary high water mark shall be the point on the bank of a stream or on the shore of a lake up to which the presence and action of surface water is so continuous as to leave a

distinctive mark by erosion, destruction, prevention of terrestrial vegetation, predominance of aquatic vegetation, or other easily recognized characteristic.

**SECTION 26.** 236.15 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

236.15 (1) (a) The external boundaries of a subdivision shall be monumented in the field by monuments of concrete containing a ferrous rod one-fourth inch in diameter or greater imbedded its full length, not less than 18 inches in length, not less than 4 inches square or 5 inches in diameter, and marked on the top with a cross, brass plug, iron rod, or other durable material securely embedded; or by iron rods or pipes at least 18 inches long and 2 inches in diameter weighing not less than 3.65 pounds per lineal foot. Solid round or square iron bars of equal or greater length or weight per foot may be used in lieu of pipes wherever pipes are specified in this section. These monuments shall be placed at all corners, at each end of all curves, at the point where a curve changes its radius, at all angle points in any line and at all angle points along the meander line, said points to be not less than 20 feet back from the identified or approximated ordinary high water mark of the lake or from the bank of the stream, except that when such corners or points fall within a street, or proposed future street, the monuments shall be placed in the side line of the street.

**Section 27.** 236.15 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

236.15 (1) (d) The lines of lots, outlots, parks and public access and land dedicated to the public that extend to lakes or streams shall be monumented in the field by iron pipes at least 18 inches long and one inch in diameter weighing not less than 1.13 pounds per lineal foot, or by round or square iron bars at least 18 inches long and weighing not less than 1.13 pounds per lineal foot. These monuments shall be placed at the point of intersection of the lake or stream lot line with a meander

1	line established not less than 20 feet back from the identified or approximated
2	ordinary high water mark of the lake or from the bank of the stream.
3	SECTION 28. 236.15 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	236.15 (2) ACCURACY OF SURVEY. The survey shall be performed by a
5	professional land surveyor registered in this state licensed under ch. 443 and if the
6	error in the latitude and departure closure of the survey or any part thereof is greater
7	than the ratio of one in 3,000, the plat may be rejected.
8	<b>SECTION 29.</b> 236.16 (3) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	236.16 (3) (title) Lake and stream shore plats; public access.
10	<b>SECTION 30.</b> 236.16 (4) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	236.16 (4) (title) Lake and stream shore plats: Land between meander line and
12	WATER'S EDGE.
13	SECTION 31. 236.20 (2) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	236.20 (2) (g) All lake or stream shore meander lines established by the
<b>(5)</b>	surveyor in accordance with s. 236.15 (1) (d), the distances and bearings thereof, and
16	the distance between the point of intersection of such meander lines with lot lines
17	and the identified or approximated ordinary high water mark.
18	SECTION 32. 236.20 (6) of the statutes is created to read:
19	236.20 (6) Public trust information. A final plat of a subdivision, or a certified
20	survey map of land, to which s. 236.16 (4) applies shall show on its face the following
21	statement: of a navigable lake or stream
22	"Any land below the ordinary high water mark is subject to the public trust in
23	navigable waters that is established under article IX, section 1, of the state
24	constitution. However, the owner of the real property that abuts such land has
25	exclusive use of that land when it is exposed, except as otherwise provided by law,"
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1		SECTION 33
THIERT 16	1	SECTION 33. 236.34 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
例	2	236.34 (1) (a) The survey shall be performed and the map prepared by a
日	3	professional land surveyor registered in this state licensed under ch. 443. The error
	4	in the latitude and departure closure of the survey may not exceed the ratio of one
10	7 5	in 3,000.
19	6	<b>SECTION 34.</b> 440.03 (13) (b) 34. of the statutes is amended to read:
12	7	440.03 (13) (b) 34. Land surveyor, professional.
TNSERT 16-6	8	SECTION 35. 440.08 (2) (a) 39. of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act
U	9	20, is amended to read:
	10	440.08 (2) (a) 39. Land surveyor, professional: February 1 of each
	11	even-numbered year.
	12	SECTION 36. Chapter 443 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
	13	CHAPTER 443
	14	EXAMINING BOARD OF ARCHITECTS,
	15	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS,

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**2 443** OF ARCHITECTS, CHITECTS, PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS, DESIGNERS, AND PROFESSIONAL

and making maps of "Cartographic surveying" means collecting topographic, 443.01 (**1g**) hydrographic, aerial, anthropologic, forensic, architectural, or mining data that

LAND SURVEYORS

depicts areas and physical features on, below, or above the surface of the earth.

**SECTION 38.** 443.01 (1r) of the statutes is created to read:

**Section 37.** 443.01 (1g) of the statutes is created to read:

443.01 (1r) "Construction surveying" means surveying or mapping in support of infrastructure design, improvements related to private and public boundary lines,

1	construction layout or historic preservation, and establishing any postconstruction
2	documentation related to such surveying or mapping.
3	<b>SECTION 39.</b> 443.01 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	443.01 (3) "Examining board" means the examining board of architects,
5	landscape architects, professional engineers, designers, and professional land
6	surveyors.
7	<b>Section 40.</b> 443.01 (3b) of the statutes is created to read:
8	443.01 (3b) "Geodetic surveying" means surveying to determine the size and
9	shape of the earth or the precise positions of points on the surface of the earth.
10	Section 41. 443.01 (4) of the statutes is repealed.
11	<b>Section 42.</b> 443.01 (6s) of the statutes is created to read:
12	443.01 (6s) (a) Except as provided in par. (b), "practice of professional land
13	surveying" means any of the following:
14	1. Measuring or analyzing a tract of land to determine the location of its
15	boundaries and boundary corners.
16	2. Designing or coordinating designs for the purpose of platting or subdividing
17	land into smaller tracts.
18	3. Placing, replacing, restoring, or perpetuating monuments in or on the
19	ground to evidence the location of a point that is necessary to describe the shape,
20	area, and boundaries of one or more tracts of land or the subdivision or consolidation
21	of one or more tracts of land or to describe the boundaries of any of the following
22	interests in real property:
23	a. The layout and rights-of-way of roads or streets.
24	b. Air or property rights.
25	c. Public or private easements.

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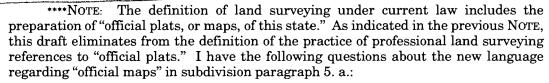
Preparing maps that depict any interest in real property identified in subd.

3 for the purpose of establishing the boundaries of any such interest in real property.

5. Preparing any of the following:

\*\*\*\*Note: The drafting instruction for this paragraph identifies maps and plats prepared under chapters 62 (official maps), 70 (assessor's plats), 157 (cemetery plats), 236 (subdivisions and certified survey maps), 703 (condominiums), and 707 (time share ownership) of the statutes. I eliminated the reference to "official plats" and instead identify, by statutory section or chapter, the plats referenced above. Okay?

a. An official map of this state, including an official map established or amended under s. 62.23 (6), established or amended under the authority of s. 61.35, or adopted under s. 60.61.



- 1. Neither s. 62.23 (6), stats., s. 61.35, stats., nor s. 60.61 (2) (e), stats., specifically require that the official map of a city, village, or town be prepared by a professional land surveyor. Would you like to make that requirement more explicit by amending ss. 60.61 (2) (e) and 62.23 (6)?
- 2. Is it accurate to refer to an "official map of this state," or should this clause be eliminated from the draft? What does the phrase "official map of the state" mean? Does it include a map of all of the agricultural lands or forest lands or park lands in the state that is prepared by an agency? What about a map of all of the school districts in the state prepared by DPI? The state cartographer is authorized under s. 36.25 (12m) (e), stats., to "publish and distribute such special maps and map information as will promote the mapping of the state and preparation and use of maps by individuals, only to the extent, however, that such publication and distribution is not appropriately within the activities of any other state or commercial agency." Is a map prepared under this authority an "official map of the state?" Is the state cartographer necessarily a professional land surveyor? In sum, must any of the maps identified in this particular NOTE be prepared by a professional land surveyor?
- b. An assessor's plat under s. 70.27.
- c. A map or plat of cemetery lands under s. 157.07.
- d. A subdivision plat, certified survey map, or correction instrument under ch.
- 10 236.
- e. A condominium plat or correction instrument under ch. 703.

\*\*\*\*NOTE: Must a removal instrument, as that term is defined in s. 703.02 (14g), stats., be prepared by a professional land surveyor?

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- f. A project and time-share plat under s. 707.215.
- 6. Performing cartographic, construction, or geodetic surveying in connection with any of the practices specified in subds. 1. to 5.
  - (b) "Practice of professional land surveying" does not include the establishment of an ordinary high water mark.

**Section 43.** 443.01 (7m) of the statutes is created to read:

443.01 (7m) "Professional land surveyor" means a person who, by reason of his or her knowledge of law, mathematics, physical sciences, and measurement techniques, acquired by education and practical experience, is granted a license or permit to engage in the practice of professional land surveying under this chapter.

**SECTION 44.** 443.02 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.02 (4) No person may engage in or offer to engage in the practice of professional land surveying in this state or use or advertise any title or description tending to convey the impression that the person is a professional land surveyor or provide or offer to provide or hold himself or herself out as qualified to provide consulting services related to the practice of professional land surveying unless the person has been issued a certificate of registration or granted a license or permit to engage in the practice of professional land surveying under this chapter.

\*\*\*\*Note: This s. 443.02 (4) has been amended to add language regarding performing "consultation services related to the practice of land surveying;" similar language had appeared as part of the definition of the practice of professional land surveying in 2009 AB 271. As amended, s. 443.02 (4) provides that no person may provide consultation services related to the practice of professional land surveying unless the person is licensed by the examining board. I moved the language to this particular section because, under 2009 AB 271, the language occurred in the definition of professional land surveying, resulting in a somewhat circular definition ("the practice of professional land surveying means . . . performing consultation services related to the" practice of professional land surveying).

However, moving the language to this s. 443.02 (4) does not entirely eliminate the problem with this language. The language itself is vague—what exactly are "consultation services <u>related to</u> the practice of professional land surveying?" Does that phrase include, for example, an architectural firm which has chosen to hire a professional land surveyor

as part of its staff? If so, then, regardless of whether the language appears in the definition or in s. 443.02 (4), the person who hires the professional land surveyor is now providing consultation services (in this case architectural consultation services) <u>related to</u> the practice of professional land surveying; thus, the person who hired the professional land surveyor may also be required to have a license issued by DRL. Is there a way to clarify what "consultation services" means?

**Section 45.** 443.06 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.06 (title) Registration Licensure requirements for professional land surveyors.

**SECTION 46.** 443.06 (1) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.06 (1) (title) REGISTRATION LICENSURE, APPLICATION, QUALIFYING EXPERIENCE.

**SECTION 47.** 443.06 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.06 (1) (a) Application for registration as a land surveyor a license or a permit to engage in the practice of professional land surveying shall be made to the section under oath, on forms provided by the department, which shall require the applicant to submit such information as the section deems necessary. The section may require applicants to pass written or oral examinations or both. Applicants who do not have an arrest or conviction record, subject to ss. 111.321, 111.322, and 111.335, shall be entitled to be registered or issued a granted a license or permit to engage in the practice as of professional land surveyors surveying when satisfactory evidence is submitted that the applicant has met one or more of the requirements of sub. (2).

**SECTION 48.** 443.06 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.06 (1) (b) Each year, but not more than 4 years, of work or training completed in a curriculum in the practice of professional land surveying approved by the professional land surveyor section, or of responsible charge of land surveying teaching the practice of professional land surveying may be considered as equivalent to one year of qualifying experience in land surveying work the practice of

professional land surveying, and each year, but not more than 4 years, completed in a curriculum other than the practice of professional land surveying approved by the land surveyor section, may be considered as equivalent to one-half year of qualifying experience.

**SECTION 49.** 443.06 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.06 (2) REQUIREMENTS; CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION LICENSE. (intro.) The section may grant a certificate of registration as a license to engage in the practice of professional land surveyor surveying to any person who has submitted to it an application, the required fees, and one or more of the following:

**SECTION 50.** 443.06 (2) (a) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 51.** 443.06 (2) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.06 (2) (am) Evidence satisfactory to the <u>professional</u> land surveyor section that he or she has received a bachelor's degree in a course in <u>the practice of professional</u> land surveying or a related field that has a duration of not less than 4 years and is approved by the <u>land surveyor</u> section, and that he or she has engaged in <u>the practice of professional land surveying for</u> at least 2 years of <u>land surveying</u> and has demonstrated practice of satisfactory character that indicates that the applicant is competent to <u>engage in the practice of professional</u> land surveying, if the applicant has passed an oral and written or written examination administered by the <u>land surveyor</u> section. This paragraph applies to actions of the <u>land surveyor</u> section on applications for <u>licenses to engage in the practice of professional</u> land <u>surveyors</u>' eertificates <u>surveying</u> that are submitted to the <u>land surveyor</u> section after June 30, 2000.

**Section 52.** 443.06 (2) (b) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 53.** 443.06 (2) (bm) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.06 (2) (bm) Evidence satisfactory to the <u>professional</u> land surveyor section that he or she has received an associate degree in a course in <u>the practice of professional</u> land surveying or a related field that has a duration of not less than 2 years and is approved by the <u>land surveyor</u> section, and that he or she has engaged in <u>the practice of professional land surveying for</u> at least 4 years of <u>land surveying</u> and has demonstrated practice of satisfactory character that indicates that the applicant is competent to <u>engage in the practice of professional</u> land surveying, if the applicant has passed an oral and written or written examination administered by the <u>land surveyor</u> section. This paragraph applies to actions of the <u>land surveyor</u> section on applications for <u>licenses to engage in the practice of professional land surveyors</u>' eertificates <u>surveying</u> that are submitted to the <u>land surveyor</u> section after June 30, 2000.

**SECTION 54.** 443.06 (2) (c) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 55.** 443.06 (2) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.06 (2) (cm) Evidence satisfactory to the <u>professional</u> land surveyor section that he or she has engaged in <u>the practice of professional land surveying for</u> at least 10 years of land surveying and has demonstrated practice of satisfactory character that indicates that the applicant is competent to <u>engage in the practice of licenses to engage in the practice of professional</u> land surveying, if the applicant has passed an oral and written or written examination administered by the <u>land surveyor</u> section. This paragraph applies to actions of the <u>land surveyor</u> section on applications for <u>licenses</u> to <u>engage in the practice of professional</u> land <u>surveyors' certificates</u> surveying that are submitted to the <u>land surveyor</u> section after June 30, 2000.

**SECTION 56.** 443.06 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.06 (2) (d) An unexpired certificate of registration, certificate of certification, or license as a land surveyor or to engage in the practice of professional land surveying issued to the applicant by the proper authority in any state or territory or possession of the United States or in any other country whose requirements meet or exceed the requirement for registration licensure in this subsection, if the applicant has passed an oral and written or written examination administered by the professional land surveyor section.

**SECTION 57.** 443.06 (2) (e) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 58.** 443.06 (2) (em) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.06 (2) (em) Evidence satisfactory to the <u>professional</u> land surveyor section that he or she has completed an apprenticeship training course in <u>the practice of professional</u> land surveying prescribed by the department of workforce development, and has engaged in <u>a the practice of professional land surveying for an additional period of additional land surveying and has demonstrated practice of satisfactory character that indicates that the applicant is competent to <u>engage in the practice of professional</u> land surveying and that, when added to the period of the apprenticeship, totals at least 8 years of land surveying practice of <u>professional land surveying</u>, if the applicant has passed an oral and written or written examination administered by the land surveyor section. This paragraph applies to actions of the land surveyor section on applications for <u>licenses to engage in the practice of professional</u> land surveyors' certificates <u>surveying</u> that are submitted to the land surveyor section after June 30, 2000.</u>

**Section 59.** 443.06 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.06 (3) PERMIT TO PRACTICE. The examining board may grant a permit to engage in the practice of professional land surveying during the time an application

surveyors.

is pending to a person who is not registered licensed in this state, if the person has
submitted an application for registration as a license to engage in the practice of
professional land surveyor surveying and paid the required fee and holds an
unexpired certificate of registration, certificate of certification, or license which in
the opinion of the examining board meets the requirements of sub. (2). The permit
shall be revocable by the section at its pleasure.
SECTION 60. 443.10 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
443.10 (title) Applications, certificates, licenses, rules, and roster.
<b>SECTION 61.</b> $443.10(2)(b)$ of the statutes, as affected by $2007$ Wisconsin Act $20$ ,
is amended to read:
443.10 (2) (b) The fees for examinations and licenses credentials, as defined in
s. 440.01 (2) (a), granted under this chapter are specified in s. 440.05, and the fee for
$renewal \ of \ such \ \underline{licenses} \ \underline{credentials} \ is \ determined \ by \ the \ department \ under \ s. \ 440.03$
(9) (a).
Section 62. 443.10 (5) of the statutes, as affected by 2007 Wisconsin Act 20,
is amended to read:
443.10 (5) FEES; RENEWALS. The professional land surveyor's surveyor section
shall grant a certificate of registration as a license to engage of the practice of
professional land surveyor surveying to any applicant who has met the applicable
requirements of this chapter. The renewal date for the $\underline{\text{certificate}}$ is specified
under s. $440.08$ (2) (a), and the renewal fee for the <u>certificate license</u> is determined
by the department under s. $440.03$ (9) (a).
<b>Section 63.</b> 443.12 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:
443.12 (title) Disciplinary proceedings against professional land

SECTION 64.	443.12 (1)	of the	statutes	is	amended	to	read
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443.12 (1) The section may reprimand a professional land surveyor, or limit, suspend, or revoke the certificate of registration license of any professional land surveyor, for the practice of any fraud or deceit in obtaining the certificate license, or any gross negligence, incompetence, or misconduct in the practice of professional land surveying.

**SECTION 65.** 443.12 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.12 (3) If after a hearing 3 members vote in favor of reprimand or limiting, suspending, or revoking the certificate of registration license of a professional land surveyor, the section shall notify the surveyor to that effect. The surveyor shall return the certificate license to the examining board immediately on receipt of notice of a revocation. The action of the section may be reviewed under ch. 227.

**Section 66.** 443.135 of the statutes is created to read:

443.135 Cartographic, construction, and geodetic surveying; preparation of maps. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit a person who has not been granted a license or permit to engage in the practice of professional land surveying under this chapter from doing any of the following:

- (1) Performing cartographic, construction, or geodetic surveying not in connection with a practice specified in s. 443.01 (6s) (a) 1. to 5.
  - (2) Preparing any of the following:
- (a) A map used in connection with a regulatory program established by the state or a local unit of government, as defined in s. 16.957 (1) (k).
  - (b) A map showing the boundaries or the shape and area of one more tracts of land subject to an order under s. 77.82 (8).

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(c) A map that identifies or depicts the boundaries or the shape and area of one or more tracts of land or one or more interests in real property for purposes unrelated to the transfer of interests in the tracts of land or interests in real property.

\*\*\*\*Note: The drafting instructions directed me to include language under this section 443.135 that exempts from licensure persons who create maps that "generally depict the boundary of an interest in property that is established by a legal description." Is it necessary that the interest in property be established by a legal description? If so, what do you mean by "legal description"? Do you mean a metes and bounds legal description? Must the legal description be incorporated onto the map somehow? Must the legal description itself be prepared by a professional land surveyor?

(d) A map having a purpose other than those specified in s. 443.01 (6s) (a) 4.

5 or 5.

\*\*\*\*Note: Is this last, "catch-all" paragraph necessary?

**SECTION 67.** 443.14 (8) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.14 (8) (a) An employee of a <u>professional</u> land surveyor <u>registered in this</u> state or authorized to practice under a permit, while <u>working doing surveying work</u> under the supervision of the employer. Such exempt employee shall not be in responsible charge of <u>the practice of professional</u> land surveying.

**SECTION 68.** 443.14 (8) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.14 (8) (b) Officers and employees of the federal government while engaged in the practice of professional land surveying for the federal government.

**SECTION 69.** 443.14 (8) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.14 (8) (c) Employees of this state while engaged in the practice if professional land surveying for the state. This paragraph does not apply after July 1, 2018.

**Section 70.** 443.14 (8) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	443.14 (8) (d) Employees of public utilities regulated by the public service
2	commission while engaged in the practice of professional land surveying for such
3	utilities. This paragraph does not apply after July 1, 2018.
4	<b>SECTION 71.</b> 443.14 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	443.14 (9) A license or permit shall not be required for an owner to survey his
6	or her own land for purposes other than for sale.
7	SECTION 72. 443.14 (11) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	443.14 (11) Any <u>professional</u> land surveyor <del>registered</del> <u>licensed</u> under s. 443.06
9	who is engaged in the planning, design, installation, or regulation of land and water
10	conservation activities under ch. 92 or s. 281.65.
11	<b>SECTION 73.</b> 443.14 (15) of the statutes is created to read:
12	443.14 (15) An employee of the department of agriculture, trade and consumer
13	protection certified under s. 93.75 who is engaged in determining the boundaries of
14	an easement to be acquired by that department under the conservation reserve and who complies with the requirements under enhancement program under s. 93.70/.  5093670 (Im)
	****Note: This exemption limits the certified person's authority to determining the boundaries of easements to be acquired by DATCP under CREP, but the person's training under the certification program appears to be broader. Is that discrepancy intentional?  Should a person certified under s. 93.75 be authorized to determine the boundaries of easements to be acquired under the purchase of agricultural conservation easements (PACE) program created under s. 93.73, stats., by 2009 Wisconsin Act 28?  Would a person who prepares a map under either CREP or the new PACE program be exempt from licensure under proposed s. 443.135 (2) (a), which exempts from licensure a person who prepares "[a] map used in connection with a regulatory program established
16	by the state or a local unit of government, as defined in s. 16.957 (1) (k)?" In other words, is this exception necessary given the language in proposed s. 443.135 (2) (a)? Is proposed s. 443.135 (2) (a) necessary?  SECTION 74. 443.14 (16) of the statutes is created to read:  \$\int_{(a)}^{50} \frac{13}{6} \frac{172(1)}{1}\$
17) 18)	443.14 (16) An employee of an agency, as defined in 6.16.967 (1) (a) or a local governmental unit, as defined in s. 16.97 (7), who operates a land information

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system, as defined in s. 16.967 (1) (c), or a geographic information system, if any

product hosted on the land information system or geographic information system or

created by the employee using the system includes the disclaimer required under s.

comples with

16/967/(3)/(f).

\*\*\*\*Note: Is the definition of agency at s. 16.967 (1) (a), stats., appropriate? That section reads as follows: "Agency' means an office, department, agency, institution of higher education, association, society or other body in state government created or authorized to be created by the constitution or any law, which is entitled to expend moneys appropriated by law, including the legislature and the courts, but not including an authority."

Note that authorities are not included within this definition of "agency." Is that okay?

\*\*\*\*Note: Is the definition of "local governmental unit" at s. 16.97 (7), stats., appropriate? That section reads as follows: "Local governmental unit' means a political subdivision of this state, a special purpose district in this state, an instrumentality or corporation of such a political subdivision or special purpose district, a combination or subunit of any of the foregoing or an instrumentality of the state and any of the foregoing."

\*\*\*\*Note: Is it possible that some of the documents "hosted by" a land information system would be maps and other documents prepared by professional land surveyors? Is so, would the disclaimer need to appear on such maps and documents?

\*\*\*\*NOTE: In discussions at "stakeholder" meetings held about this bill, it became clear that there is no uniform or uniformly accepted definition for a "geographic information system." However, the absence of a definition for geographic information system is awkward given that land information system is defined. Should the reference to the definition for land information system be eliminated?

Note also that, because land information system is a defined term and geographic information system is not, the language under this subsection is not identical to the disclaimer provision under s. 16.967 (3) (f). Proposed s. 16.967 (3) (f) only requires products created by or hosted on a land information system to contain the disclosure. Is that okay?

**SECTION 75.** 443.18 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.18 (2) (a) If it appears upon complaint to the examining board by any person, or is known to the examining board that any person who is neither registered nor exempt under this chapter nor the holder of an unexpired permit under s. 443.10 (1) (d) is practicing or offering to practice, or is about to practice or to offer to practice, architecture or professional engineering in this state, or is using the title "landscape architect" in this state, the examining board or the attorney general, the department of regulation and licensing, the department of justice, or the district attorney of the

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proper county may investigate and may, in addition to any other remedies, bring
action in the name and on behalf of this the state against any such person to enjoin
the person from practicing or offering to practice architecture or professional
engineering or from using the title "landscape architect".

**SECTION 76.** 443.18 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

443.18 (2) (b) If it appears upon complaint to the examining board by any person, or is known to the section examining board that any person who is not authorized neither licensed nor permitted nor exempt under this chapter is practicing engaged in or offering to engage in the practice of professional land surveying in this state, the section examining board, the department of regulation and licensing, the department of justice, or the district attorney of the proper county may investigate and may, in addition to any other remedies, bring action in the name and on behalf of the state to enjoin the person from practicing engaging in or offering to engage in the practice of professional land surveying.

**Section 77.** 470.025 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

470.025 (7) A professional land surveyor registered licensed under ch. 443 who is engaged in the planning, design, installation, or regulation of land and water conservation activities under ch. 92 or s. 281.65.

SECTION 78. 707.215 (5) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

(45) PROFESSÍGNAL LAND SURVEYOR'S

707.215 (5) Surveyore CERTIFICATE. (intro.) A plat is sufficient for the purposes of this chapter if attached to or included in the plat is a certificate of a professional land surveyor licensed to practice in this state under ch. 443, and the certificate provides all of the following:

**Section 79.** 709.02 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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709.02 (1) In regard to transfers described in s. 709.01, the owner of the property shall furnish, not later than 10 days after acceptance of a contract of sale or option contract, to the prospective buyer of the property a completed copy of the report under s. 709.03, subject to s. 709.035, except that the owner may substitute for any entry information supplied by a licensed engineer, professional land surveyor licensed under ch. 443, or structural pest control operator, or by an individual who is a qualified 3rd party, as defined in s. 452.23 (2) (b), or by a contractor about matters within the scope of the contractor's occupation if the information is in writing and is furnished on time and if the entry to which it relates is identified, and except that the owner may substitute for any entry information supplied by a public agency, as defined in s. 66.0825 (3) (h). Information that substitutes for an entry on the report under s. 709.03 and that is supplied by a person specified in this section may be submitted and certified on a supplemental report prepared by the person, as long as the information otherwise satisfies the requirements under this section. prospective buyer who does not receive a report within the 10 days may, within 2 business days after the end of that 10-day period, rescind the contract of sale or option contract by delivering a written notice of recision to the owner or to the owner's agent.

\*\*\*\*Note: This subsection refers to a professional land surveyor licensed under ch. 443; because that term is defined in ch. 443 to include persons who hold a permit as a professional land surveyor, this subsection would not authorize an owner to substitute information supplied by a person who is permitted, and not yet licensed, as a professional land surveyor. Is that your intent? See, also, s. 709.07, as amended below.

**SECTION 80.** 709.07 of the statutes is amended to read:

**709.07 Liability precluded.** An owner is not liable for an error or omission in a report under s. 709.03 if the owner had no knowledge of that error or omission, if the error or omission was based on information provided by a public agency, as

reckless, wanton, or intentional misconduct.

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(b) The immunity under sub. (1)(a) does not extend to any actual damage done to land or property resulting from the trespass.

g (2)

\*\*\*\*NOTE: Is it your intent that a person who is permitted as a professional land surveyor, but not yet licensed, will be able to avail him or herself of this liability exemption?

If so:

- 1. The term, "licensed" should be removed from s. 895.477~(1)~(intro.). See, also, the reference to "professional land surveyor licensed under ch. 443" in s. 943.13~(4m)~(d), as amended by this substitute amendment.
- 2. Is it your intent that an <u>employee</u> of a person who is permitted as a professional land surveyor, but not yet licensed, will be able to avail himself or herself of this liability exemption?

**SECTION 83.** 943.13 (4m) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

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943.13 (4m) (d) A professional land surveyor (icensed under ch. 443) or an employee of the professional land surveyor working under the direct supervision of the professional land surveyor who qualifies for immunity under s. 895.477.

SECTION 84. Nonstatutory provisions.

(1) Notwithstanding section 443.02 (4) of the statutes, as affected by this act, on the effective date of this subsection, a person who has been granted a certificate of registration as a land surveyor under section 443.06 (2), 2007 stats., or a permit to practice land surveying under section 443.06 (3), 2007 stats., is considered to be granted a license to engage in the practice of professional land surveying under section 443.06 (2) of the statutes, as affected by this act, or a permit to engage in the practice of professional land surveying under section 443.06 (3) of the statutes, as affected by this act, and the professional land surveyor section of the examining board of architects, landscape architects, professional engineers, designers, and professional land surveyors shall issue to the person, as appropriate, a license to engage in the practice of professional land surveying under section 443.06 (2) of the

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1	statutes, as affected by this act, or a permit to engage in the practice of professional
2	land surveying under section 443.06 (3) of the statutes, as affected by this act.
3	SECTION 85. Initial applicability.
4	(1) The treatment of sections 709.02 (1) and 709.07 of the statutes first applies
5	to original reports furnished on the effective date of this subsection.
6	(2) The treatment of sections 893.37, 895.477, and 943.13 (4m) (d) of the
7	statutes first applies to acts or omissions occurring on the effective date of this
8	subsection.
9	The treatment of section 236.02 (2m) of the statutes first applies to
10	correction instruments that are drafted on the effective date of this subsection.
11	(4) The treatment of sections 236.15 (2) and 236.34 (1) (a) of the statutes first
12	applies to surveys that are performed on the effective date of this subsection.
13	(5) The treatment of section 707.215 (5) (intro.) of the statutes first applies to
14	certifications made on the effective date of this subsection.
15	The treatment of section 236.20 (6) of the statutes first applies to final plats,
16	and to certified survey maps, that are submitted for approval on the effective date

SECTION 86. Effective date.

of this subsection.

(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after publication.

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(END)

#### 2009-2010 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

1	INSERT 28-3
2	includes on the map the following or a substantially similar disclaimer:
3	"This map shows the approximate relative location of property boundaries but
4	was not prepared by a professional land surveyor. This map is provided for
5	informational purposes only and may not be sufficient or appropriate for legal,
6	engineering, or surveying purposes." ) if prepared as described in paro(a)
7	(b) The following maps shall include the disclaimer described in par. (a):
8	1. A map that depicts the boundary of an interest in property.
9	2. A map that will be recorded in the office of one or more county register of
10	deeds.
11	INSERT 29-19B
12	<b>SECTION 1.</b> 703.11 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	703.11 (2) (b) A survey of the property described in the declaration complying
14	with minimum standards for property surveys adopted by the examining board of
15	architects, landscape architects, professional engineers, designers and professional
16	land surveyors and showing the location of any unit or building located or to be
17	located on the property.
18	History: 1977 c. 407; 1983 a. 497; 1993 a. 463, 465, 491; 1997 a. 300, 333; 2003 a. 283; 2005 a. 9, 41.  INSERT 29-19D
19	SECTION 2. 703.115 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	703.115 (1) (b) Provides that a condominium instrument may be rejected only
21	if it fails to comply with the applicable requirements of ss. $703.095,703.11(2)(a),(c)$
22	and (d) and (3), 703.275 (5) and 703.28 (1m) or if the professional land surveyor's
23	certificate under s. 703.11 (4) is not attached to or included in the condominium plat.

1	INSERT X
2	# (0) The treatment of section 157.07 (1) of the statutes first applies to lands
3	surveyed and platted after the effective date of this subsection.
4	INSERT Y
5	(1) The treatment of section 236.32 (1) of the statutes first applies to the
6	placement of monuments by a professional land surveyor, as defined under section
7	443.01 (7m) of the statutes, as affected by this act, after the effective date of this
8	subsection.
	$(\bar{O}N)$