## Fiscal Estimate - 2009 Session

Original Updated	Corrected Supplemental					
LRB Number <b>09-2099/1</b>	Introduction Number AB-0357					
Description Receiving a stolen firearm and providing a penalty						
Fiscal Effect						
Appropriations Reversible Decrease Existing Decrease Existing Reversible Decrease Existing Reversible Decrease Reversible Decrease New Appropriations  Local:  No Local Government Costs Indeterminate  1. Increase Costs 3. Incre	ase Existing Increase Costs - May be possible to absorb within agency's budget Yes No Decrease Costs  5.Types of Local Government Units Affected Towns Village Cities					
Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Counties Others  2. Decrease Costs 4. Decrease Revenue School WTCS Permissive Mandatory Permissive Mandatory Districts						
Fund Sources Affected  Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations  GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS						
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature Date					
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## Fiscal Estimate Narratives SPD 8/15/2009

LRB Number	09-2099/1	Introduction Number	AB-0357	Estimate Type	Original		
Description							
Receiving a stolen firearm and providing a penalty							

## **Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate**

The State Public Defender (SPD) is statutorily authorized and required to appoint attorneys to represent indigent defendants in criminal proceedings. The SPD plays a major role in ensuring that the Wisconsin justice system complies with the right to counsel provided by both the state and federal constitutions. Any legislation has the potential to increase SPD costs if it creates a new criminal offense, expands the definition of an existing criminal offense, or increases the penalties for an existing offense.

This bill increases the penalties for the criminal offense of receiving a stolen firearm, under certain circumstances. The offense would be a felony in all cases, amending the current law that relies on the firearm's alleged value to differentiate between misdemeanors and felonies. The SPD's average cost to provide representation in a misdemeanor case is \$217.54, calculated on the basis of the SPD's average cost per case in fiscal year 2008. The SPD's average cost per felony was \$544.58. Therefore, the SPD would incur additional costs in cases that would be reclassified as felonies under this bill.

In fiscal year 2009, the SPD appointed attorneys in 257 misdemeanor cases of receiving stolen property. However, the SPD does not have data regarding how many of these cases involved the alleged receipt of stolen firearms. If ten percent of these cases became felonies as a result of this bill, the increased cost for SPD would be approximately \$8500.

Counties are also subject to increased costs when a new crime is created. There are some defendants who, despite exceeding the SPD's statutory financial guidelines, are constitutionally eligible for appointment of counsel because it would be a substantial hardship for them to retain an attorney. The court is required to appoint counsel at county expense for these defendants. Thus, the counties would experience increased costs attributable to the higher classification of some criminal charges resulting from this bill. The counties could also incur additional costs associated with incarceration of defendants, both pending trial and after sentencing.

**Long-Range Fiscal Implications**