2009 DRAFTING REQUEST

Received By: agary

Bill

Received: 01/23/2009

Wanted: As time permits					Identical to LRB:				
For: Michael Sheridan (608) 266-7503					By/Representing: Lisa Lundquist				
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO					Drafter: agary				
May Con	tact:				Addl. Drafters:	rnelson2			
Subject:		t int. rates/lo - miscellaneous			Extra Copies:	MDK			
Submit vi	ia email: YES								
Requester	r's email:	Rep.Sherid	lan@legis.v	visconsin.gov					
Carbon co	opy (CC:) to:	aaron.gary robert.nels	_	consin.gov visconsin.gov					
Pre Topi	c:								
No specif	ic pre topic gi	ven							
Topic:									
First mor	tgage loan defa	ault notices and	foreclosure	es					
Instructi	ons:			***************************************					
See Attac	hed								
Drafting	History:								
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required		
/? /P1	agary 02/02/2009 rnelson2 02/02/2009	nnatzke 02/02/2009	rschluet 02/02/200)9	cduerst 02/02/2009				
/P2	rnelson2 02/05/2009 agary	nnatzke 02/16/2009	mduchek 02/16/200)9	mbarman 02/17/2009				

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	<u>Typed</u>	Proofed	<u>Submitted</u>	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
	02/13/2009 agary 02/26/2009						
/1	rnelson2 02/27/2009	nnatzke 03/03/2009	phenry 03/04/2009	9	cduerst 03/04/2009		
/2	agary 03/20/2009	nnatzke 03/20/2009	jfrantze 03/23/200	9	mbarman 03/23/2009	sbasford 03/23/2009	

FE Sent For:

> Not Needed

<END>

2009 DRAFTING REQUEST

Received By: agary

Identical to LRB:

Bill

Received: 01/23/2009

Wanted: As time permits

For: Michael Sheridan (608) 266-7503					By/Representing: Lisa Lundquist				
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO					Drafter: agary				
May Contact:				Addl. Drafters:	rnelson2				
Subject:	bject: Fin. Inst int. rates/loans Courts - miscellaneous				Extra Copies:	MDK			
Submit v	ia email: YES								
Requeste	r's email:	Rep.Sherid	lan@legis.v	visconsin.go	v				
Carbon co	opy (CC:) to:		@legis.wise on@legis.w	consin.gov visconsin.gov	,				
Pre Topi	ic: fic pre topic gi	ven							
Topic:	tgage loan def	ault notices and	l foreclosure	25					
Instruction See Attack	ions:								
Drafting	History:								
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required		
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/P2	rnelson2 02/05/2009 agary	nnatzke 02/16/2009	mduchek 02/16/200)9	mbarman 02/17/2009				

LRB-1743

03/23/2009 08:14:12 AM Page 2

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	<u>Typed</u>	Proofed	<u>Submitted</u>	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
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/1	rnelson2 02/27/2009	nnatzke 03/03/2009	phenry 03/04/200	9	cduerst 03/04/2009		
/2	agary 03/20/2009	nnatzke 03/20/2009	jfrantze 03/23/200	9	mbarman 03/23/2009		
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2009 DRAFTING REQUEST

Received By: agary

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Received: 01/23/2009

Wanted: As time permits					Identical to LRB:				
For: Mich	ael Sheridan	(608) 266-750	3		By/Representing: Lisa Lundquist				
This file may be shown to any legislator: NO					Drafter: agary				
May Cont	act:				Addl. Drafters:	rnelson2			
Subject: Fin. Inst int. rates/loans Courts - miscellaneous			Extra Copies:	MDK					
Submit vi	a email: YES								
Requester	's email:	Rep.Sherid	an@legis.w	isconsin.gov	y				
Carbon co	py (CC:) to:	aaron.gary robert.nels		_	,				
Pre Topic	C:					20142			
No specifi	ic pre topic gi	ven							
Topic:									
First mort	gage loan defa	ault notices and	foreclosures	3					
Instruction	ons:								
See Attacl	hed								
Drafting	History:								
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	<u>Typed</u>	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required		
/? /P1	agary 02/02/2009 rnelson2 02/02/2009	nnatzke 02/02/2009	rschluet 02/02/200	9	cduerst 02/02/2009				
/P2	rnelson2 02/05/2009 agary	nnatzke 02/16/2009	mduchek 02/16/200	9 <u> </u>	mbarman 02/17/2009				

LRB-1743 03/04/2009 09:09:18 AM Page 2

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	<u>Submitted</u>	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
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/1	rnelson2 02/27/2009	nnatzke 03/03/2009	phenry 03/04/200	9	cduerst 03/04/2009		
FE Sent I	For:	/2 nmn 3/20		<end></end>			

2009 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 01/23/2009					Received By: agary			
Wanted: As time permits					Identical to LRB:			
For: Mic l	hael Sheridan	(608) 266-750	3		By/Representing:	Lisa Lundqu	ıist	
This file	may be shown	to any legislato	r: NO		Drafter: agary			
May Con	tact:				Addl. Drafters:	rnelson2		
Subject:		t int. rates/lo miscellaneous			Extra Copies:	MDK		
Submit v	ia email: YES							
Requeste	r's email:	Rep.Sherid	an@legis.v	visconsin.go	v			
Carbon c	opy (CC:) to:	aaron.gary robert.nels	_	consin.gov visconsin.gov	,			
Pre Top	ic:		<u> </u>					
No specif	fic pre topic gi	ven						
Topic:								
First mor	tgage loan defa	ault notices and	foreclosure	es				
Instruct	ions:							
See Attac	ched							
Drafting	g History:					, . , . ,		
Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required	
/? /P1	agary 02/02/2009 rnelson2 02/02/2009	nnatzke 02/02/2009	rschluet 02/02/200	09	cduerst 02/02/2009			
/P2	rnelson2 02/05/2009 agary	nnatzke 02/16/2009	mduchek 02/16/200		mbarman 02/17/2009			

LRB-1743 02/17/2009 07:39:20 AM Page 2

Vers.	<u>Drafted</u>	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	<u>Submitted</u>	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required
	02/13/2009	/13/2					
FE Sent F	or:			<end></end>			

2009 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 01/23/2009

Received By: agary

Wanted: As time permits

Identical to LRB:

For: Michael Sheridan (608) 266-7503

By/Representing: Lisa Lundquist

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO**

Drafter: agary

May Contact:

Addl. Drafters:

rnelson2

Subject:

Fin. Inst. - int. rates/loans

Courts - miscellaneous

Extra Copies:

MDK

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email:

Rep.Sheridan@legis.wisconsin.gov

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

aaron.gary@legis.wisconsin.gov

robert.nelson@legis.wisconsin.gov

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

First mortgage loan default notices and foreclosures

Instructions:

See Attached

Drafting History:

Vers. Drafted Reviewed Proofed

Submitted

Jacketed

Required

/? /P1

agary 02/02/2009

nnatzke 02/02/2009 rschluet 02/02/2009

Typed

cduerst 02/02/2009

rnelson2 02/02/2009

FE Sent For:

<END>

2009 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 01/23/2009 Received By: agary

Identical to LRB: Wanted: As time permits

For: Michael Sheridan (608) 266-7503 By/Representing: Lisa Lundquist

This file may be shown to any legislator: NO Drafter: agary

May Contact: Addl. Drafters: rnelson2

Subject: Fin. Inst. - int. rates/loans Extra Copies: **MDK**

Courts - miscellaneous

Requester's email: Rep.Sheridan@legis.wisconsin.gov

Carbon copy (CC:) to: aaron.gary@legis.wisconsin.gov

robert.nelson@legis.wisconsin.gov

Pre Topic:

Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Submit via email: YES

First mortgage loan default notices and foreclosures

Instructions:

See Attached

Drafting History:

Vers. Reviewed **Drafted** Proofed **Submitted** Jacketed Required

/? agary

FE Sent For: <END>

Gary, Aaron

From:

Gary, Aaron

Sent:

Monday, February 02, 2009 1:11 PM

To:

Lundquist, Lisa

Subject:

RE: Drafting Request

Hi Lisa,

I did some work on this draft over the weekend and have passed it along to the other drafter. Hopefully he can get to it soon. I had some additional questions in drafting but decided to just go ahead and put something together for your review, and we tweak it as necessary after you get the preliminary draft.

Aaron

Aaron R. Gary
Attorney, Legislative Reference Bureau
608.261.6926 (voice)
608.264.6948 (fax)
aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

From:

Lundquist, Lisa

Sent:

Monday, February 02, 2009 9:30 AM

To:

Gary, Aaron

Subject:

RE: Drafting Request

Hi Aaron,

Sorry, I know you guys are swamped with the budget but thank you for the e-mail- I gives me a chance to get started on your questions in the meantime. I will get back to you with what I find out.

Thank you again,

Lisa

From:

Gary, Aaron

Sent:

Friday, January 30, 2009 10:10 PM

To: Subject: Lundquist, Lisa RE: Drafting Request

Hi Lisa,

I took another look at this request to try to get a sense of how much time it might take me to do it once I am freed of the budget and can do other work. The draft is not all that simple. I assume by "lender" you also want to include loan servicers. I haven't had time to do any research (and probably won't), but it seems quite possible that this proposed legislation would not be enforceable against national banks. This always leaves the question of whether you want to be able to enforce the legislation against state banks (which disadvantages state banks and gives them an incentive to abandon their state charters for federal charters - which is not good for the state of course). Have you received any opinion on whether this proposed legislation is preempted under federal law as applied to national banks? If so, it might be best to limit the legislation to mortgage bankers (which excludes state banks but includes about 400 non-bank lenders in Wisconsin and also operating subsidiaries of state banks).

The other thing I need to mention is that about half of the draft will not be mine. When I received the request I spoke with the other drafter and he is in the same boat I'm in - unable to work on anything but the budget right now. After I spoke with you earlier this week (yesterday?), I talked to the other drafter again to see if his circumstances had changed and whether he could get started on the draft now - he said his circumstances had not changed.

There is a light at the end of the tunnel for budget work and I am hoping to work on your draft sometime next week. I can't make any promises for the other drafter, though. I understand that the Speaker is anxious for this draft and I am giving it

my top non-budget priority.

Aaron

Aaron R. Gary Attorney, Legislative Reference Bureau 608.261.6926 (voice) 608.264.6948 (fax) aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

From: Sent:

Lundquist, Lisa

Friday, January 23, 2009 12:12 PM

To: Subject: Gary, Aaron

RE: Drafting Request

Thank you!

From: Sent:

Gary, Aaron

Friday, January 23, 2009 12:10 PM

To: Subject: Lundquist, Lisa

RE: Drafting Request

Hi Lisa,

I will be the primary drafter on this bill. I have entered the request as LRB-1743.

Aaron

From:

Kahler, Pam

Sent:

Friday, January 23, 2009 11:14 AM

To:

Gary, Aaron

Subject:

FW: Drafting Request

From:

Lundquist, Lisa

Sent:

Thursday, January 22, 2009 4:54 PM

To: Subject: Kahler, Pam **Drafting Request**

Hi Pam,

We are looking to get something drafted along the lines of:

Require lenders to provide homeowners with a greater awareness of the available resources and legal options. When a borrower has missed more than one full periodic payment on their first mortgage on their primary residence, a lender is required to provide the borrower with a notice of the default and include in that notice not only information related to the amount that must be paid or performance that must be tendered to cure the default, but also provide a list of adjustment service companies licensed by DFI that officer credit counseling services to homeowners.

In addition, in actions of foreclosures, credit card collection and money judgements in general, plaintiffs will be required to inform defendant(s) that Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) procedures (under 802.12) may be requested by either party. Upon request of either party, the Court will determine whether the case is appropriate for use of a settlement alternative and the judge may order the parties to seek a settlement alternative. Use of the ADR procedure will extend the time for filing a responsive pleading until the applicability of a setlement alternative is determined.

Please let me know of any questions or concerns you have about this.

Thank you,

Lisa Office of Rep. Sheridan 266-3387

Gary, Aaron

From:

Kahler, Pam

Sent:

Friday, January 23, 2009 11:14 AM

To:

Gary, Aaron

Subject:

FW: Drafting Request

From:

Lundquist, Lisa

Sent: To:

Thursday, January 22, 2009 4:54 PM

Kahler, Pam

Subject:

Drafting Request

Hi Pam.

We are looking to get something drafted along the lines of:

Require lenders to provide homeowners with a greater awareness of the available resources and legal options. When a borrower has missed more than one full periodic payment on their first mortgage on their primary residense, a lender is required to provide the borrower with a notice of the default and include in that notice not only information related to the amount that must be paid or performance that must be tendered to cure the default, but also provide a list of adjustment service companies lisensed by DFI that officer credit counseling services to homeowners.

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Please let me know of any questions or concerns you have about this.

Thank you,

Lisa Office of Rep. Sheridan 266-3387

Foreclosure





LRB-1743/P1 ARG&RPN:.\.:...

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Wanted 2/3

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

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Gen.

AN ACT ...; relating to: mortgage loan defaults and notification of alternative dispute resolution options.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a later version.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 138.065 of the statutes is created to read:

138.065 Mortgage loan default notices. (1) Definitions. In this section:

- (a) "First mortgage loan" means a loan that is secured by a first lien real estate mortgage, or equivalent security interest, in a one-family to 4-family dwelling, including individual condominium units, in this state that the borrower uses, or intends to use, as his or her principal place of residence.
- (b) "Mortgage lender" means any person, other than an individual, that originates first mortgage loans initially payable to the person or that services first mortgage loans.'

settlement of the claim.

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1	(c) "Originate," with respect to a first mortgage loan, means to make an
2	underwriting decision on the first mortgage loan and close the loan.
3	$(d) \ \ \hbox{``Services,''} with \ respect to a first mortgage loan, means to receive payments$
4	on a note from the borrower and distribute these payments in accordance with the
5	terms of the note or servicing agreement.
6	(2) Default notice required. (a) If a borrower has failed to make a scheduled
7	payment on a first mortgage loan by the payment due date for 2 consecutive payment
8	periods and the failure to make these payments renders the borrower in default on
9	the first mortgage loan, the mortgage lender shall provide the borrower with notice
10	of the default no later than the payment due date for the next payment period.
11	(b) The notice required under par. (a) shall inform the borrower of all of the
12	following:
13	1. Any action required of the borrower to cure the default on the first mortgage
14	loan, including any amount that must be paid to cure the default and bring the
15	borrower current on the loan, and any date by which such action must be taken.
16	2. The names and addresses of adjustment service companies licensed under
17	s. 218.02 that offer credit counseling services to homeowners.
18	SECTION 2. 802.02 (1) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
19	802.02 (1) (c) If the claim for relief is for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real
20	estate under ch. 846, for the collection of money owed for credit card debt, or for the
21	recovery of money, a statement that either party may request the court to order the
22	parties to select a settlement alternative under s. 802.12 as a means to attempt

Section 3. 802.12 (2) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

802.12 (2) (am) If the action includes a claim for relief for the foreclosure of a
mortgage on real estate under ch. 846, for the collection of money owed for credit card
debt, or for the recovery of money, a party to the action requests the court to order
the parties to select a settlement alternative, and the court determines that the
action or proceeding is appropriate one in which to invoke a settlement alternative,
the time periods for any responsive pleading are tolled until the selected settlement
alternative is concluded.
SECTION 4. Initial applicability.
(1) The treatment of section 138.065 of the statutes first applies to loan defaults
occurring on the effective date of this subsection.
(2) The treatment of sections 802.02 (1) (c) and 802.12 (2) (am) of the statutes
first applies to actions commenced on the effective date of this subsection.

(END)

Gary, Aaron

From:

Lundquist, Lisa

Sent:

Friday, February 13, 2009 12:45 PM

To:

Gary, Aaron

Subject:

RE: LRB 1743/ P1 drafting comments

Hi Aaron,

I left you a message but I'm sure you're all still busy with budget/ stimulus over there. On that first point, I think we were mistaken in our interpretation. So long story short on that first point- I would just ignore it and leave the language as is but if you need to/ want to talk more about it please give me a call.

Thank you again!

Lisa

From:

Gary, Aaron

Sent:

Thursday, February 12, 2009 2:48 PM

To:

Lundquist, Lisa

Subject:

RE: LRB 1743/ P1 drafting comments

Hi Lisa.

I am making these changes and I am curious about the first change listed below: "exclude 'equivalent security interest'- keep it limited to first lien mortgages." I have heard more than once that the language "equivalent security interest" means a second mortgage, but that is not really accurate. The only case law of which I am aware states that this language does not mean a second mortgage. See Schmidt v. Waukesha State Bank, 204 Wis.2d 426, 440 n. 7 (Wis.App. 1996). It is correct that DFI has a rule (and there is an AG opinion supporting the rule, 63 OAG 557) applicable to a different chapter (ch. 422 in the Wisconsin Consumer Act) that provides, under certain provisions of the WCA, that <u>if</u> a financial institution holds <u>both the first and second</u> mortgages and there are no intervening interests, the second mortgage is treated as a first under the "equivalent security interest" language. Is this the result that you want to avoid by omitting the language "equivalent security interest"? If the people you are talking with have some legal authority that I'm not aware of, I'd be very interested in knowing about it, as this is not the first time the subject has come up.

Thanks!

Aaron

Aaron R. Gary
Attorney, Legislative Reference Bureau
608.261.6926 (voice)
608.264.6948 (fax)
aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

From:

Lundquist, Lisa

Sent:

Wednesday, February 04, 2009 8:18 PM

To:

Gary, Aaron

Subject:

LRB 1743/ P1 drafting comments

Hi Aaron,

First of all, I should note that our timeframe for this proposal has slowed down- we'd of course like to keep working on it but it is not urgent. This is indeed a more complex draft than I anticipated. I do appreciated all of your work to turn this around so quickly. We were hoping to get this out this week but I don't foresee that happening.

After talking it over with some people here, we would agree with your assumptions- to include loan servicers in the

definition of lender and to limit this proposal to mortgage bankers/ exclude federally insured financial institutions.

Additional changes that have been suggested:

Change the definition of "first mortgage loan" on page one beginning at line 6 to exclude "equivalent security interest"-keep it limited to first lien mortgages.

On page 2, beginning at line 9, paragraph (2)(a) where is describes when a default occurs- to be more clear, can we change it to say that the borrower must fail to make a "full" scheduled payment. I believe the intent is really that the borrower must fail to make two full scheduled payments over two consecutive payment periods. For example: "If a borrower has failed to make two full scheduled payments over consecutive payment periods on a first mortgage loan and the failure to make these payments renders the borrower in default pursuant to the terms of the first mortgage loan, the mortgage lender shall provide the borrower with notice of the default no later than 45 days after the due date for the second consecutive payment."

Page 2, line 13 requires the notice to be sent no later than the payment due date for the next payment period. We have heard from creditors that that timeframe would be very difficult for them to meet given that there is a 15 day grace period in section 138.052 for borrowers to be able to make a payment without penalty. Can we change it to read "no later than 45 days after the due date for the second consecutive payment." That way, the lender would still wait the 15 day grace period to make sure no payment has arrived, yet the lender would be left with closer to 30 days to turn the notice around to the borrower.

Expand the definition of default to include other events like, failing to pay property taxes, failing to maintain appropriate insurance, etc/ match the definition of default in the Consumer Protection Act (425.203 (2)c).

On Page 2, beginning at line 21, new Section 802.02(1)(c) is created- it should be clear that this request "must be served on the other party no later than 5 days before an answer would otherwise be due." If a timeframe around this request is not established, the parties could get all the way to a court hearing (or even in the middle of a hearing) and one party could then decide to make this request. In fairness to all parties and the court, a timeframe like what I described above should be placed into the law so everyone understands by when this request must be made.

The requirement in new 802.02(1)(c) and 802.12(2)(am) reach to "credit card debt or for the recovery of money"- I think we want to limit these two new sections to first mortgage loans.

In new Section 802.12(2)(am), page 3 beginning at line 3- can we include a back end timeframe as to how long the settlement alternative can take before it is "concluded" so that one party could not unfairly drag the process on by being unresponsive or uncooperative.

I realize these changes will take some time. Please let me know if you have any questions and thank you again for your help.

Lisa Office of Rep. Sheridan 266-3387



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State of Misconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

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LRB-1743/**V** 77

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PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION



Regen.

AN ACT to create 138.065, 802.02 (1) (c) and 802.12 (2) (am) of the statutes; relating to: mortgage loan defaults and notification of alternative dispute resolution options.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a later version.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

- **Section 1.** 138.065 of the statutes is created to read:
- 138.065 Mortgage loan default notices. (1) Definitions. In this section:
- (a) "First mortgage loan" means a loan that is secured by a first lien real estate mortgage, or equivalent security interest, in a one-family to 4-family dwelling, including individual condominium units, in this state that the borrower uses, or intends to use, as his or her principal place of residence.

 $\widehat{11}$

ARG&RPN:nwn:rs
SECTION 1
banker" has the meaning given in 5. 224.71 (3).
(b) "Mortgage lender" means any person, other than an individual, that
originates first mortgage loans initially payable to the person or that services first
mertgage loans.
(c) "Originate," with respect to a first mortgage loan, means to make an
underwriting decision on the first mortgage loan and close the loan.
(d) "Services," with respect to a first mortgage loan, means to receive payments
on a note from the borrower and distribute these payments in accordance with the
terms of the note or servicing agreement.
(2) DEFAULT NOTICE REQUIRED. (a) If a borrower has failed to make scheduled
payment on a first mortgage loan by the payment due date for 2 consecutive payment
periods and the failure to make these payments renders the borrower in default of - under the terms of banker
the first marter of lean the marter galleton shall provide the homewon with notice
of the default no later than the payment due date for the payment period.
(2) CONTENT OF NOTICE, Sub. (2) The notice required under (parties) shall inform the borrower of all of the
following:
(a) Any action required of the borrower to cure the default on the first mortgage
loan, including any amount that must be paid to cure the default and bring the
borrower current on the loan, and any date by which such action must be taken.
(b) 2 The names and addresses of adjustment service companies licensed under
s. 218.02 that offer credit counseling services to homeowners.
SECTION 2. 802.02 (1) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
802.02 (1) (c) If the claim for relief is for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real
estate under ch. 846, for the collection of money owed for credit card debt, or for the

recovery of money, a statement that either party may request the court to order the

to the comit

1	parties to select a settlement alternative under s. 802.12 as a means to attempt
2	settlement of the claim) of that regulate on the party now Section 3. 802.12 (2) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
3	SECTION 3. 802.12 (2) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
4	802.12 (2) (am) If the action includes a claim for relief for the foreclosure of a
5	mortgage on real estate under ch. 846, for the collection of money owed for credit card
6	debt, or for the recovery of money, a party to the action requests the court to order
7	the parties to select a settlement alternative, and the court determines that the
8	action or proceeding is appropriate one in which to invoke a settlement alternative,
9	the time periods for any responsive pleading are tolled until the selected settlement
10	alternative is concluded. party no later than 5 days before an answer is otherwise Section 4. Initial applicability. due pe
11	SECTION 4. Initial applicability.
12	(1) The treatment of section 138.065 of the statutes first applies to loan defaults
13	occurring on the effective date of this subsection.
14	(2) The treatment of sections 802.02 (1) (c) and 802.12 (2) (am) of the statutes
15	first applies to actions commenced on the effective date of this subsection.
16	(END)
	with the settlement alternatives
alternative a	If a upon notion of either party the court determines that a party to not participating good faith the court shall terminate the settlement alternates and may required that party to pay the other party's costs, including attorney feen incurred while
	participating in the settlement alternatives

LRB-1743/P2ins ARG:...:...

2009-2010 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

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INSERT 2-13:

(b) If a borrower has breached any term of a first mortgage loan, other than a term requiring the borrower to make scheduled periodic payments of principal and interest, and the breach materially impairs the borrower's ability to pay amounts due under the loan and renders the borrower in default on the loan, the mortgage banker shall provide the borrower with notice of the default no later than 45 days after the mortgage banker determines that the borrower is in default on the loan.

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DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU Date

LRB-1743/P2dn ARG:↓.... **n**⊌n

ATTN: Lisa Lundquist

Please review the attached draft carefully to ensure that it is consistent with your intent. The redrafting instructions reference s. 425.103 (2) (c), stats., regarding defaults, but that provision is not a perfect fit here and I was uncertain just how to use that provision as a model for the provisions of this draft. Accordingly, created s. 138.065 (2) (b) in the attached draft may not be what you had in mind.

Please let me know if you would like any changes made to the attached draft or if you have any questions. If the attached draft meets with your approval, let me know and I will convert it to an introducible "/1" draft."

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6926

E-mail: aaron.gary@legis.wisconsin.gov

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1743/P2dn ARG:nwn:md

February 16, 2009

ATTN: Lisa Lundquist

Please review the attached draft carefully to ensure that it is consistent with your intent. The redrafting instructions reference s. 425.103 (2) (c), stats., regarding defaults, but that provision is not a perfect fit here and I was uncertain just how to use that provision as a model for the provisions of this draft. Accordingly, created s. 138.065 (2) (b) in the attached draft may not be what you had in mind.

Please let me know if you would like any changes made to the attached draft or if you have any questions. If the attached draft meets with your approval, let me know and I will convert it to an introducible "/1" draft.

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261-6926

E-mail: aaron.gary@legis.wisconsin.gov

Gary, Aaron

From: Lundquist, Lisa

Sent: Tuesday, February 24, 2009 7:26 PM

To: Gary, Aaron **Subject:** RE: LRB-1743

Hi Aaron,

I talked over over here and the consensus is to remove that 425.103 (2)(c) reference language and just leave it that default occurs when you miss two consecutive payments. I think you made a very good point that more often than not, property tax and insurance payments and the like are roped in to most homeowners mortgage payments already.

Other than that I think the draft looks good. I am out March 2nd-6th so if anything comes up with this Chris McKinny in Donna Seidel's office has permission to do with the draft anything that needs to be done.

Thank you again for all of the help.

Lisa

From: Gary, Aaron

Sent: Tuesday, February 24, 2009 8:58 AM

To: Lundquist, Lisa **Subject:** LRB-1743

Hi Lisa,

I received your voice mail. I am attaching to this e-mail the second version of the draft and drafter's note. Your memory about the default definition being discussed is probably a recollection of the attached drafter's note (to the latest version). I will call you later today to follow up on your voice mail message.

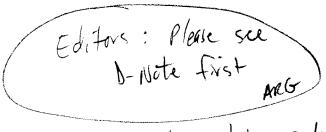
Aaron

Aaron R. Gary
Attorney, Legislative Reference Bureau
608.261.6926 (voice)
608.264.6948 (fax)
aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1743/12 ARG&RPN:nwn:md

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION



Wanted by 3/4
by 10:00 AM

AN ACT to create 138.065, 802.02 (1) (c) and 802.12 (2) (am) of the statutes;

relating to: mortgage loan defaults and notification of alternative dispute resolution options.

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Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a proliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a later dersion.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 138.065 of the statutes is created to read:

138.065 Mortgage loan default notices. (1) Definitions. In this section:

- (a) "First mortgage loan" means a loan that is secured by a first lien real estate mortgage, or equivalent security interest, in a one-family to 4-family dwelling, including individual condominium units, in this state that the borrower uses, or intends to use, as his or her principal place of residence.
 - (b) "Mortgage banker" has the meaning given in s. 224.71 (3).

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1	(2) DEFAULT NOTICE REQUIRED. (a) If a borrower has failed to make full
2	scheduled payments on a first mortgage loan for 2 consecutive payment periods and
3	the failure to make these payments renders the borrower in default under the terms
4	of the first mortgage loan, the mortgage banker shall provide the borrower with
5	notice of the default no later than 45 days after the due date for the 2nd payment
6	period.
7	(b) If a corrower has breached any term of a first mortgage loan, other than a
8	term requiring the borrower to make scheduled periodic payments of principal and
9	interest, and the breach materially impairs the borrower's ability to pay amounts
10	due under the loan and renders the borrower in default on the loan, the mortgage
11	banker shall provide the borrower with notice of the default no later than 45 days
12	after the mortgage banker determines that the borrower is in default on the loan.
13	(3) CONTENT OF NOTICE. The notice required under sub. (2) shall inform the
14	borrower of all of the following:
15	(a) Any action required of the borrower to cure the default on the first mortgage
16	loan, including any amount that must be paid to cure the default and bring the
17	borrower current on the loan, and any date by which such action must be taken.
18	(b) The names and addresses of adjustment service companies licensed under
19	s. 218.02 that offer credit counseling services to homeowners.
20	SECTION 2. 802.02 (1) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
21	802.02 (1) (c) If the claim for relief is for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real
(22)	estate under ch. 846, a statement that either party may request the court order

the parties to select a settlement alternative under s. 802.12 as a means to attempt

settlement of the claim, by submitting a request to the court and serving a copy of

1-Note

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that request on the other party no later than 5 days before an answer is otherwise due.

SECTION 3. 802.12 (2) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

802.12 (2) (am) If the action includes a claim for relief for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real estate under ch. 846, a party to the action requests the court to order the parties to select a settlement alternative and serves that request on the other party no later than 5 days before an answer is otherwise due, and the court determines that the request is timely and the action or proceeding is an appropriate one in which to invoke a settlement alternative, the time periods for any responsive pleading are tolled until the selected settlement alternative is concluded. If, upon motion of either party, the court determines that a party is not participating in good faith with the settlement alternative, the court shall terminate the settlement alternative, and may require that party to pay the other party's costs, including attorney fees, incurred while participating in the settlement alternative.

SECTION 4. Initial applicability.

- (1) The treatment of section 138.065 of the statutes first applies to loan defaults occurring on the effective date of this subsection.
- (2) The treatment of sections 802.02 (1) (c) and 802.12 (2) (am) of the statutes first applies to actions commenced on the effective date of this subsection.

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(END)

2009-2010 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1743/1ins ARG&RPN:...:...

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INSERT ANAL-AG:

Under current law, with exceptions, a mortgage banker is a person that originates certain mortgage loans for itself or others, sells such mortgage loans to others, or services such mortgage loans. Among the exceptions, a mortgage banker generally does not include a financial institution.

Under this bill, if a borrower has failed to make full scheduled payments on a residential first mortgage loan for two consecutive payment periods and the failure to make these payments renders the borrower in default, a mortgage banker holding or servicing the loan must provide the borrower with notice of the default within 45 days after the due date for the second payment period. The notice must inform the borrower of any action required of the borrower to cure the default and of the names and addresses of adjustment service companies licensed with the Department of Financial Institutions that offer credit counseling services to homeowners.

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INSERT 2-19:

SECTION 1. 138.065 (1) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2009 Wisconsin Act ... (this act), is amended to read:

as defined in s. 224.71 (14), that is secured by a first lien real estate mortgage, or equivalent security interest, in a one-family to 4-family dwelling, including individual condominium units, in this state on a dwelling or residential real property that the borrower uses, or intends to use, as his or her principal place of residence.

INSERT 3-20:

- **Section 2. Effective dates.** This act takes effect on the day after publication, except as follows:
- (1) The amendment of section 138.065 (1) (a) of the statutes takes effect on January 1, 2010, or on the day after publication, whichever is later.

LRB-1743/1rnins RPN:nwn:md

2009-2010 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

insert anl-rn:

Under this bill, if an action is brought in circuit court for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real estate, the contents of the legal document that make the claim for foreclosure must include a statement that either party to the action may request that the court order the parties to select an alternative method of settling the claim. Current law allows a circuit court to order parties to an action to use an alternative settlement method, such as binding arbitration, mediation, nonbinding arbitration, or direct negotiations. Under the bill, if the court orders the parties to select an alternative method to settle the claim and the court determines that a party is not participating in good faith, the court is required to terminate the settlement alternative and may order that party to pay the other party's costs, including attorney fees, incurred while participating in the settlement alternative.

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pleadings

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU Oate

LRB-1743/1dn ARG:**.լ**.:... **hwn**

ATTN: Lisa Lundquist

Since the last version of this draft, Act 2 was signed into law. Act 2 includes changes to the definition of "mortgage banker" that require adjustments to be made in this draft. I have included these adjustments in this "/1" version.

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6926

E-mail: aaron.gary@legis.wisconsin.gov

DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-1743/1dn ARG:nwn:ph

March 4, 2009

ATTN: Lisa Lundquist

Since the last version of this draft, Act 2 was signed into law. Act 2 includes changes to the definition of "mortgage banker" that require adjustments to be made in this draft. I have included these adjustments in this "/1" version.

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261-6926

E-mail: aaron.gary@legis.wisconsin.gov

STATE OF WISCONSIN – LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB

Research (608-266-0341)

Library (608-266-7040)

Legal (608-266-3561)

LRB

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Gary, Aaron

From:

Gary, Aaron

Sent:

Thursday, February 12, 2009 2:48 PM

To:

Lundquist, Lisa

Subject:

RE: LRB 1743/ P1 drafting comments

Hi Lisa,

I am making these changes and I am curious about the first change listed below: "exclude 'equivalent security interest'- keep it limited to first lien mortgages." I have heard more than once that the language "equivalent security interest" means a second mortgage, but that is not really accurate. The only case law of which I am aware states that this language does not mean a second mortgage. See Schmidt v. Waukesha State Bank, 204 Wis.2d 426, 440 n. 7 (Wis.App. 1996). It is correct that DFI has a rule (and there is an AG opinion supporting the rule, 63 OAG 557) applicable to a different chapter (ch. 422 in the Wisconsin Consumer Act) that provides, under certain provisions of the WCA, that if a financial institution holds both the first and second mortgages and there are no intervening interests, the second mortgage is treated as a first under the "equivalent security interest" language. Is this the result that you want to avoid by omitting the language "equivalent security interest"? If the people you are talking with have some legal authority that I'm not aware of, I'd be very interested in knowing about it, as this is not the first time the subject has come up.

Thanks!

Aaron

Aaron R. Gary Attorney, Legislative Reference Bureau 608.261.6926 (voice) 608.264.6948 (fax) aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

From:

Lundquist, Lisa

Sent:

Wednesday, February 04, 2009 8:18 PM

To: Gary, Aaron

Subject:

LRB 1743/ P1 drafting comments

Hi Aaron,

First of all, I should note that our timeframe for this proposal has slowed down-we'd of course like to keep working on it but it is not urgent. This is indeed a more complex draft than I anticipated. I do appreciated all of your work to turn this around so quickly. We were hoping to get this out this week but I don't foresee that happening.

After talking it over with some people here, we would agree with your assumptions- to include loan servicers in the definition of lender and to limit this proposal to mortgage bankers/ exclude federally insured financial institutions.

Additional changes that have been suggested:

Change the definition of "first mortgage loan" on page one beginning at line 6 to exclude "equivalent security interest"-keep it limited to first lien mortgages.

On page 2, beginning at line 9, paragraph (2)(a) where is describes when a default occurs- to be more clear, can we change it to say that the borrower must fail to make a "full" scheduled payment. I believe the intent is really that the borrower must fail to make two full scheduled payments over two consecutive payment periods. For example: "If a borrower has failed to make two full scheduled payments over consecutive payment periods on a first mortgage loan and the failure to make these payments renders the borrower in default pursuant to the terms of the first mortgage loan, the mortgage lender shall provide the borrower with notice of the default no later than 45 days after the due date for the second consecutive payment."

Page 2, line 13 requires the notice to be sent no later than the payment due date for the next payment period. We have



State of Misconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1743/# Z

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 $\label{eq:ANACT to amend 138.065 (1) (a); and to create 138.065, 802.02 (1) (c) and 802.12} \\ ANACT \textit{to amend } 138.065 (1) (a); and \textit{to create } 138.065, 802.02 (1) (c) and 802.12$

(2) (am) of the statutes; relating to: mortgage loan defaults and notification of alternative dispute resolution options.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, with exceptions, a mortgage banker is a person that originates certain mortgage loans for itself or others, sells such mortgage loans to others, or services such mortgage loans. Among the exceptions, a mortgage banker generally does not include a financial institution.

Under this bill, if a borrower has failed to make full scheduled payments on a residential first mortgage loan for two consecutive payment periods and the failure to make these payments renders the borrower in default, a mortgage banker holding or servicing the loan must provide the borrower with notice of the default within 45 days after the due date for the second payment period. The notice must inform the borrower of any action required of the borrower to cure the default and of the names and addresses of adjustment service companies licensed with the Department of Financial Institutions that offer credit counseling services to homeowners.

Under this bill, if an action is brought in circuit court for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real estate, the contents of the legal pleadings that make the claim for foreclosure must include a statement that either party to the action may request that the court order the parties to select an alternative method of settling the claim. Current law allows a circuit court to order parties to an action to use an alternative settlement method, such as binding arbitration, mediation, nonbinding arbitration, BILL

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or direct negotiations. Under the bill, if the court orders the parties to select an alternative method to settle the claim and the court determines that a party is not participating in good faith, the court must terminate the settlement alternative and may order that party to pay the other party's costs, including attorney fees, incurred while participating in the settlement alternative.

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SECTION 1. 138.065 of the statutes is created to read:

138.065 Mortgage loan default notices. (1) Definitions. In this section:

- (a) "First mortgage loan" means a loan that is secured by a first lien real estate mortgage, or equivalent security interest, in a one-family to 4-family dwelling, including individual condominium units, in this state that the borrower uses, or intends to use, as his or her principal place of residence.
 - (b) "Mortgage banker" has the meaning given in s. 224.71 (3).
- (2) Default notice required. If a borrower has failed to make full scheduled payments on a first mortgage loan for 2 consecutive payment periods and the failure to make these payments renders the borrower in default under the terms of the first mortgage loan, a mortgage banker holding or servicing the first mortgage loan shall provide the borrower with notice of the default no later than 45 days after the due date for the 2nd payment period.
- (3) CONTENT OF NOTICE. The notice required under sub. (2) shall inform the borrower of all of the following:
- (a) Any action required of the borrower to cure the default on the first mortgage loan, including any amount that must be paid to cure the default and bring the borrower current on the loan, and any date by which such action must be taken.

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(b) The names and addresses of adjustment service companies licensed under
s. 218.02 that offer credit counseling services to homeowners.

Section 2. 138.065 (1) (a) of the statutes, as created by 2009 Wisconsin Act (this act), is amended to read:

138.065 (1) (a) "First mortgage loan" means a <u>residential mortgage</u> loan, as defined in s. 224.71 (14), that is secured by a first lien real estate mortgage or equivalent security interest, in a one-family to 4-family dwelling, including individual condominium units, in this state on a dwelling or residential real property that the borrower uses, or intends to use, as his or her principal place of residence.

SECTION 3. 802.02 (1) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

802.02 (1) (c) If the claim for relief is for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real estate under ch. 846, a statement that either party may request that the court order the parties to select a settlement alternative under s. 802.12 as a means to attempt settlement of the claim, by submitting a request to the court and serving a copy of that request on the other party no later than 5 days before an answer is otherwise due.

SECTION 4. 802.12 (2) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

802.12 (2) (am) If the action includes a claim for relief for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real estate under ch. 846, a party to the action requests the court to order the parties to select a settlement alternative and serves that request on the other party no later than 5 days before an answer is otherwise due, and the court determines that the request is timely and the action or proceeding is an appropriate one in which to invoke a settlement alternative, the time periods for any responsive pleading are tolled until the selected settlement alternative is concluded. If, upon motion of either party, the court determines that a party is not participating in good

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alternative, and may require that party to pay the other party's costs, including
attorney fees, incurred while participating in the settlement alternative.

SECTION 5. Initial applicability.

- (1) The creation of section 138.065 of the statutes first applies to loan defaults occurring on the effective date of this subsection.
- (2) The treatment of sections $802.02\,(1)\,(c)$ and $802.12\,(2)\,(am)$ of the statutes first applies to actions commenced on the effective date of this subsection.
- **SECTION 6. Effective dates.** This act takes effect on the day after publication, except as follows:
- (1) The amendment of section 138.065 (1) (a) of the statutes takes effect on January 1, 2010, or on the day after publication, whichever is later.

13 (END)

Basford, Sarah

From:

Sent:

Lundquist, Lisa Monday, March 23, 2009 11:49 AM LRB.Legal

To:

Subject:

Draft Review: LRB 09-1743/2 Topic: First mortgage loan default notices and foreclosures

Please Jacket LRB 09-1743/2 for the ASSEMBLY.