

State of Wisconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

2009 ASSEMBLY BILL 486

October 9, 2009 – Introduced by Representative Dexter, cosponsored by Senator JAUCH. Referred to Committee on Children and Families.

AN ACT to repeal 48.21 (5) (d) 2., 48.21 (5) (d) 3., 48.355 (2d) (c) 2., 48.355 (2d) 1 2 (c) 3., 48.357 (2v) (c) 2., 48.357 (2v) (c) 3., 48.365 (2m) (ad) 2., 938.21 (5) (d) 2., 3 938.21 (5) (d) 3., 938.355 (2d) (c) 2., 938.355 (2d) (c) 3., 938.357 (2v) (c) 2., 938.357 (2v) (c) 3. and 938.365 (2m) (ad) 2.; to renumber and amend 48.21 (5) 4 5 (d) 1., 48.355 (2d) (c) 1., 48.357 (2v) (c) 1., 48.365 (2m) (ad) 1., 48.38 (4) (br), 48.38 6 (5m) (c), 48.43 (5) (b), 938.21 (5) (d) 1., 938.355 (2d) (c) 1., 938.357 (2v) (c) 1., 7 938.365 (2m) (ad) 1., 938.38 (4) (br) and 938.38 (5m) (c); to amend 46.238, 48.245 (2) (b), 48.27 (3) (a) 1m., 48.27 (6), 48.32 (1) (b) 1. c., 48.33 (4) (c), 48.335 8 9 (3g) (c), 48.355 (2) (b) 6., 48.355 (2b), 48.357 (2m) (b), 48.357 (2r), 48.363 (1) (b), 10 48.363 (1m), 48.365 (2g) (b) 3., 48.365 (2m) (a) 1., 48.365 (2m) (ag), 48.38 (3), 11 48.38 (4) (fm), 48.38 (4) (h) (intro.), 48.38 (4m) (b) and (d), 48.38 (5) (b), 48.38 12 (5) (bm) 1., 48.38 (5) (c) 6. (intro.), 48.38 (5) (c) 7., 48.38 (5) (d), 48.38 (5) (e), 48.38 13 (5m) (b), 48.38 (5m) (d), 48.385, 48.417 (1) (a), 48.42 (2g) (am), 48.425 (1) (c), 14 48.427 (1m), 48.43 (1) (cm), 48.43 (5) (b) 3., 48.43 (5m), 48.63 (5) (d) 4., 48.834

1	(2), 146.0255 (2), 146.0255 (3) (b), 767.41 (3) (c), 938.27 (3) (a) 1m., 938.27 (6),
2	938.32 (1) (c) 1. c., 938.33 (4) (c), 938.335 (3g) (c), 938.355 (2) (b) 6., 938.355 (2b),
3	938.357 (2r), 938.363 (1) (b), 938.363 (1m), 938.365 (2), 938.365 (2g) (b) 3.,
4	938.365 (2m) (a) 1., 938.365 (2m) (ag), 938.38 (3) (intro.), 938.38 (4) (fm), 938.38
5	(4) (h) (intro.), 938.38 (4m) (b) and (d), 938.38 (5) (b), 938.38 (5) (bm) 1., 938.38
6	(5) (c) 6. (intro.), 938.38 (5) (c) 7., 938.38 (5) (d), 938.38 (5) (e), 938.38 (5m) (b)
7	and 938.38 (5m) (d); <i>to repeal and recreate</i> 48.27 (3) (a) 1m., 48.27 (6), 48.357
8	(2m) (b), 48.357 (2r), 48.363 (1) (b), 48.363 (1m), 48.365 (2g) (b) 3., 48.365 (2m)
9	(ag), 48.38 (5) (b), 48.38 (5) (c) 6. (intro.), 48.38 (5) (e), 48.38 (5m) (b), 48.38 (5m)
10	(c) 1., 48.417 (1) (a), 48.42 (2g) (am), 48.427 (1m), 48.43 (5) (b) 1., 48.43 (5m),
11	767.41 (3) (c), 938.27 (3) (a) 1m., 938.27 (6), 938.357 (2r), 938.363 (1) (b), 938.363
12	(1m), 938.365 (2), 938.365 (2g) (b) 3., 938.365 (2m) (ag), 938.38 (5) (b), 938.38
13	(5) (c) 6. (intro.), 938.38 (5) (e), 938.38 (5m) (b) and 938.38 (5m) (c) 1.; and <i>to</i>
14	<i>create</i> 48.21 (3) (f), 48.21 (5) (b) 2m., 48.21 (5) (e), 48.32 (1) (b) 1m., 48.33 (4)
15	(d), 48.335 (3g) (d), 48.335 (6), 48.355 (2) (b) 6p., 48.355 (2) (cm), 48.357 (1) (c)
16	2m., 48.357 (2m) (bm), 48.357 (2v) (a) 2m., 48.357 (2v) (d), 48.365 (2m) (a) 1m.,
17	48.38 (4) (br) 2., 48.38 (4) (i), 48.38 (4m), 48.38 (5) (bm), 48.38 (5) (c) 8., 48.38
18	(5m) (c) 2., 48.385, 48.43 (5) (b) 2., 48.43 (5) (b) 3., 48.78 (2) (i), 48.78 (2) (j),
19	48.981 (7) (a) 4m., 48.981 (7) (a) 4p., 48.999, 757.69 (1) (g) 14., 938.21 (2) (e),
20	938.21 (3) (f), 938.21 (5) (b) 2m., 938.21 (5) (e), 938.32 (1) (c) 1m., 938.33 (4) (d),
21	938.335 (3g) (d), 938.335 (6), 938.355 (2) (b) 6p., 938.355 (2) (cm), 938.357 (1)
22	(c) 2m., 938.357 (2m) (bm), 938.357 (2v) (a) 2m., 938.357 (2v) (d), 938.365 (2m)
23	(a) 1m., 938.38 (4) (br) 2., 938.38 (4) (i), 938.38 (4m), 938.38 (5) (bm), 938.38 (5)
24	(c) 8., 938.38 (5m) (c) 2., 938.78 (2) (i) and 938.9995 of the statutes; relating to:
25	requiring consultation with a child in determining and reviewing his or her

1	permanency plan; requiring agencies, in making reasonable efforts to place a
2	child in a permanent placement, to include efforts to place the child outside this
3	state; requiring juvenile courts to take certain actions to expedite the interstate
4	placement of children; requiring juvenile courts to give a child's out-of-home
5	care provider the right to be heard in proceedings involving the child; requiring
6	notice to relatives when a child is removed from the home; requiring reasonable
7	efforts to place siblings together or to provide for visitation between siblings;
8	requiring agencies to assist children in developing a plan for transition to
9	independent living; requiring health care providers to report cases of infants
10	with controlled substances in their bodily fluids to the agency responsible for
11	investigating suspected child abuse or neglect; authorizing circuit court
12	commissioners to conduct permanency plan reviews and hearings; specifying
13	certain placements for purposes of calculating how long a child has been placed
14	outside the home for purposes of filing a termination of parental rights petition;
15	and permitting disclosure of information to a relative of a child for purposes of
16	facilitating placement of the child with the relative or to a public or private
17	agency in this state or any other state for purposes of investigating a proposed
18	foster or adoptive placement.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Introduction

Under current federal law, to be eligible for foster care and adoption assistance under Title IV–E of the Social Security Act (Title IV–E), a state must have a state plan that meets certain conditions specified in Title IV–E. Recently, Congress amended Title IV–E by enactment of the Safe and Timely Interstate Placement of Foster Children Act of 2006, the Child and Family Services Improvement Act of 2006, and the Fostering Connections to Success and Increasing Adoptions Act of 2008. This bill amends certain provisions of the Children's Code and the Juvenile Justice

Code relating to permanency planning for children placed in out-of-home care to conform those provisions to the requirements of Title IV-E, as affected by those acts.

Also, under current federal law, to be eligible for a grant under the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act (CAPTA) a state must have in effect a state plan that meets certain conditions specified in CAPTA, including a requirement that a health care provider report to the child protective services system infants who are affected by illegal substance abuse or withdrawal symptoms resulting from prenatal drug exposure. This bill conforms current state law relating to the reporting of infants whose bodily fluids contain a controlled substance to that requirement of CAPTA.

Finally, the bill authorizes a circuit court commissioner assigned to assist in juvenile matters to review a child's permanency plan, which is a plan designed to ensure that the child is reunified with his or her family whenever appropriate or that the child quickly attains a placement or home providing long-term stability; specifies certain placements for purposes of determining whether the child has been placed in an out-of-home placement for 15 of the most recent 22 months, which triggers a requirement that a termination of parental rights (TPR) petition be filed; and permits disclosure of information to a relative of a child for purposes of facilitating placement of the child with the relative or to a public or private agency in this state or any other state for purposes of investigating a proposed foster or adoptive placement.

Permanency planning for children in out-of-home care

Current law. Under current law, for each child living in an out–of–home placement, the county department of human services or social services (county department), the licensed child welfare agency, or, in Milwaukee County, the Department of Children and Families (DCF) that placed the child or arranged the placement of the child or the agency assigned primary responsibility for providing services to the child (collectively "agency") must prepare a permanency plan for the child. A permanency plan must describe, among other things, the goal or goals of the permanency plan, with those goals being either the safe return of the child to the home or placement of the child for adoption, with a guardian, in the home of a relative, or in some other alternative permanent placement.

Under current law, the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under the Children's Code and the Juvenile Justice Code (juvenile court) or a panel appointed by the juvenile court (permanency plan review panel) must review a child's permanency plan every six months to determine, among other things, the continuing necessity for and appropriateness of the placement, the progress being made toward eliminating the causes of the child's placement and returning the child to the home or obtaining a permanent placement for the child, and whether reasonable efforts are being made to achieve the goal of the child's permanency plan (permanency plan review). In addition, the juvenile court must hold a hearing to review a child's permanency plan no later than 12 months after the child is removed from the home and every 12 months after that hearing, which hearing may be held instead of or in addition to the permanency plan review (permanency plan hearing).

Consultation with child. The Child and Family Services Improvement Act of 2006 requires a state's case review system to include procedural safeguards to

assure that the court or administrative body conducting a permanency plan hearing consults, in an age–appropriate manner, with the child regarding the proposed permanency plan for the child.

This bill requires a child's permanency plan to include a statement as to whether the child's age and developmental level are sufficient for the juvenile court to consult with the child at the permanency plan determination hearing or at the permanency plan hearing or for the juvenile court or permanency plan review panel to consult with the child at the permanency plan review. If the child's permanency plan indicates that the child's age and developmental level are sufficient for the juvenile court or permanency plan review panel to consult with the child regarding the child's permanency plan or if the juvenile court or panel otherwise determines that consultation with the child would be in the best interests of the child, the juvenile court or panel must consult with the child, in an age-appropriate and developmentally appropriate manner, regarding the child's permanency plan and any other matters the court or panel finds appropriate. If none of those circumstances apply, the juvenile court may permit the child's caseworker, the child's counsel, or the child's guardian ad litem to make a written or oral statement during the hearing or review, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing or review, expressing the child's wishes, goals, and concerns regarding the permanency plan and those matters. If the juvenile court permits such a written or oral statement to be made or submitted, the juvenile court may nonetheless require the child to be physically present at the hearing or review.

Expediting out-of-state placements. The Safe and Timely Interstate Placement of Foster Children Act of 2006 requires reasonable efforts to be made to place a child in a timely manner in accordance with the child's permanency plan, including, if appropriate, through an interstate placement, requires a permanency plan hearing to consider out-of-state permanent placement options for a child, and requires concurrent reasonable efforts to include identifying appropriate out-of-state placements for adoption or with a legal guardian. That act also provides grants to the highest courts in states receiving assistance under Title IV-E to enable those courts to assess the effect of state laws requiring proceedings to expedite the interstate placement of children, including state laws requiring courts to cooperate in the sharing of information, authorizing courts to obtain information and testimony without requiring interstate travel by agencies and parties, and permitting parents, children, other necessary parties, and attorneys to participate in cases involving interstate placement without requiring their interstate travel.

This bill requires a permanency plan whose goal is to place a child for adoption, with a guardian, with a relative, or in some other alternative permanent placement to include the efforts made to achieve that goal, including, if appropriate, through an out–of–state placement. The bill also requires a juvenile court order placing a child outside the home to include a finding as to whether reasonable efforts have been made to achieve the goal of the child's permanency plan, including, if appropriate, through an out–of–state placement. In addition, the bill requires an agency, in making concurrent reasonable efforts to place a child for adoption, with a guardian, with a relative, or in some other alternative permanent placement, to include

reasonable efforts to identify an appropriate out–of–state placement. Moreover, the bill also requires a juvenile court, at the permanency plan determination hearing, to consider placing the child in a placement outside the state if the juvenile court determines that such a placement would be in the best interests of the child and appropriate to achieving the goal of the child's permanency plan.

Finally, with respect to expediting the out-of-state placement of children, the bill requires the juvenile courts of this state to cooperate with the courts of other states in the sharing of information; obtain, to the greatest extent possible, information and testimony from agencies and parties located in other states without requiring interstate travel by those agencies and parties; and permit parents, children, other necessary parties, attorneys, and guardians ad litem in proceedings involving the interstate placement of a child to participate in those proceedings without requiring interstate travel by those persons.

Right to be heard in proceedings involving children in out-of-home care

The Safe and Timely Interstate Placement of Foster Children Act of 2006 requires a state's case review system to include procedures for assuring that any foster parent or relative providing care for a child is provided *a right* to be heard in any proceeding held with respect to the child. Current state law, however, requires the juvenile court to give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, any relative with whom a child is living, and any other physical custodian of a child *an opportunity* to be heard at any hearing under the Children's Code or the Juvenile Justice Code, involving the child, other than a hearing for which notice need only be provided to the child and his or her counsel, by permitting that person to make a written or oral statement during the hearing or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing.

This bill requires the juvenile court to give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator of a facility in which a child is living, relative with whom a child is living, or other physical custodian of a child *a right* to be heard at any hearing under the Children's Code or the Juvenile Justice Code, involving the child, other than a hearing for which notice need only be provided to the child and his or her counsel.

Notice to relatives when child removed from home

The Fostering Connections to Success and Increasing Adoptions Act of 2008 requires that within 30 days after the removal of a child from the custody of the parent or parents of the child, a state must exercise due diligence to identify and provide notice to all adult grandparents and other adult relatives of the child, including any other adult relatives suggested by the parents, subject to exceptions due to family or domestic violence. The notice must do all of the following:

1. Specify that the child has been or is being removed from the custody of the parent or parents of the child.

2. Explain the options the relative has under federal, state, and local law to participate in the care and placement of the child, including any options that may be lost by failing to respond to the notice.

3. Describe the requirements to become a foster family home and the additional services and supports that are available for children placed in such a home.

This bill requires the juvenile court to request a child's parent to provide the names of three relatives of the child or other individuals 18 years of age or over whose

homes the parent requests the juvenile court to consider as placements for the child. The juvenile court must request that information at the temporary physical custody hearing or, if that information has not been previously requested, at a dispositional hearing or change–in–placement hearing placing the child outside the parent's home. If the parent does not provide that information at the hearing, the agency must permit the parent to provide the information at a later date.

The juvenile court then must order the agency to conduct a diligent search in order to locate and provide notice of certain information specified in the bill to all of the relatives names by the parent and to all adult relatives of the child within 30 days after the hearing. The bill, for purposes of notification, defines "adult relative" as a grandparent, great–grandparent, aunt, uncle, brother, sister, half brother, or half sister of the child who has attained 18 years of age. The bill also permits the juvenile court to order the agency to notify any other individual whose home is recommended as a placement option by the parent. The agency may not provide notice to a person named by a parent or to an adult relative if the agency has reason to believe that it would be dangerous to the child or to the parent if the child were placed with that person or adult relative.

The bill requires the notice to include all of the following:

1. A statement that the child has been removed from the custody of the child's parent.

2. A statement that explains the options that the person notified has under state or federal law to participate in the care and placement of the child, including any options that may be lost by failing to respond to the notice.

3. A description of the requirements to obtain a foster home license or to receive kinship care payments and of the additional services and supports that are available for children placed in a foster home or in the home of a person receiving those payments.

4. A statement advising the person notified that he or she may incur additional expenses if the child is placed in his or her home and that reimbursement for some of those expenses may be available.

5. The name and contact information of the agency that removed the child from the custody of the child's parent.

Placement with siblings

The Fostering Connections to Success and Increasing Adoptions Act of 2008 requires a state plan for foster care and adoption assistance to provide that reasonable efforts shall be made to do all of the following:

1. Place siblings removed from their home in the same foster care or adoptive placement, unless the state documents that such a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or well-being of any of the siblings.

2. In the case of siblings removed from the home who are not jointly placed, provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the siblings, unless the state documents that frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction would be contrary to the safety or well-being of any of the siblings.

This bill requires the permanency plan of a child who has been removed from the home and who has one or more siblings who have also been removed from the

home to include a description of the efforts made to place the child in a placement that enables the sibling group to remain together and, if a decision is made not to place the child and his or her siblings in a joint placement, a statement as to why a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or well–being of the child or any of those siblings and a description of the efforts made to provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the child and those siblings. If a decision is made not to provide for that visitation or interaction, the permanency plan must include a statement as to why that visitation or interaction would be contrary to the safety or well–being of the child or any of those siblings.

The bill also requires an agency, before placing for adoption a child who has one or more siblings who have been adopted or who have been placed for adoption, to make reasonable efforts to place the child for adoption with an adoptive parent or proposed adoptive parent of such a sibling, unless the agency determines that a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the child or any of those siblings, in which case the agency must make reasonable efforts to provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the child and the siblings, unless the agency determines that such visitation or interaction would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the child or any of those siblings.

In addition, the bill requires the juvenile court, when ordering into temporary physical custody a child who has one or more siblings who have been removed from the home or when ordering such a child to be placed outside the home under a dispositional order or a change–in–placement order, to include in the order a finding that reasonable efforts have been made to place the child in a placement that enables the sibling group to remain together, unless the juvenile court determines that a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or well–being of the child or any of those siblings, in which case the juvenile court must order the agency to make reasonable efforts to provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the child and the siblings, unless the juvenile court determines that such visitation or interaction would be contrary to the safety or well–being of the child or any of those siblings.

Plan for transition to independent living

Under current law, a permanency plan for a child 15 years of age or over must include a description of the programs and services that are or will be provided to assist the child in preparing for the transition from out–of–home care to independent living.

The Fostering Connections to Success and Increasing Adoptions Act of 2008 requires a state's case review system to include procedures to assure that during the 90–day period immediately prior to the date on which a child will attain 18 years of age the child is provided with assistance and support in developing a transition plan that is personalized at the direction of the child, includes specific options on housing, health insurance, education, local opportunities for mentors and continuing support services, and workforce supports and employment services, and is as detailed as the child may elect.

This bill requires the agency primarily responsible for providing services to a child who is placed in a foster home, group home, subsidized guardianship home, or

residential care center for children and youth, or in the home of a relative other than a parent to provide the child with assistance and support in developing a plan for making the transition to independent living by no later than 90 days before the child attains 18 years of age or, if the child is under a juvenile court order that terminates after the child attains 18 years of age, by no later than 90 days before the order terminates. The plan must be personalized at the direction of the child, must be as detailed as the child directs, and must include specific options for obtaining housing, health care, education, mentoring and continuing support services, and workforce support and employment services.

Reporting of infants affected by controlled substances

CAPTA requires a state's state plan to include a requirement that a health care provider involved in the delivery or care of an infant identified as being affected by illegal substance abuse or withdrawal symptoms resulting from prenatal drug exposure to notify the child protective services system of the occurrence of that condition in the infant. Current state law requires a physician who determines that there is a serious risk that an infant's bodily fluids contain a controlled substance to report that information to a county department of human services or social services or, in Milwaukee County, to the county department of community programs or developmental disabilities services. The county department then must offer or make arrangements for the provision of appropriate services and treatment for the infant and the infant's mother.

This bill requires a physician who determines that there is a serious risk that an infant's bodily fluids contain a controlled substance to report that information to the agency that is responsible for investigating reports of suspected child abuse or neglect, which is the county department, DCF in Milwaukee County, or a child welfare agency under contract with a county department or DCF to conduct those investigations. Under the bill, if a county department or a child welfare agency under contract with a county department receives such a report, the county department or child welfare agency must offer or make arrangements for the provision of appropriate services and treatment for the infant and the infant's mother and, if DCF or a child welfare agency must refer the report to the county department of community programs or developmental disabilities services and that county department must offer or make arrangements for the provision of those services and that treatment.

Circuit court commissioner review of permanency plans

Under current law, a circuit court commissioner assigned to assist in juvenile matters may conduct certain proceedings under the Children's Code and the Juvenile Justice Code, including temporary physical custody hearings, plea hearings, and uncontested fact–finding and dispositional hearings. This bill permits a circuit court commissioner to conduct permanency plan reviews and hearings.

Termination of parental rights filing requirements

Under current law, if a child has been placed in an out–of–home placement for 15 of the most recent 22 months, not including any period during which the child was a runaway from the out–of–home placement or the first six months of any period

during which the child was returned to his or her home for a trial home visit, an agency or the district attorney, corporation counsel, or other appropriate official designated by the county board to prosecute TPR proceedings must file a TPR petition with respect to the child or, if a TPR petition with respect to the child has already been filed, must join in the petition.

This bill, for purposes of determining whether a child has been placed outside the home for 15 of the most recent 22 months, only includes periods during which the child was placed in a foster home, treatment foster home, group home, nonsecured residential care center for children and youth, or shelter care facility.

Reasonable efforts to achieve goals of permanency plan

Under current law, a juvenile court order placing a child outside the home must include a finding that reasonable efforts have been made to achieve the goals of the child's permanency plan. This bill requires that finding only if a permanency plan has previously been prepared for the child.

Informal disposition

Under current law, when information is referred to the juvenile court intake worker indicating that a child should be referred to the juvenile court as in need of protection or services, the intake worker may enter into an informal disposition with the child's parent, guardian, and legal custodian and, if the child is 12 years of age or over, the child. An informal disposition may provide that the child attend counseling and abide by certain obligations, but an informal disposition may not include any form of residential placement. This bill provides than an informal disposition may not include any form of out–of–home placement.

Confidentiality of records

Finally, the bill creates an exception to the confidentiality of agency and child abuse and neglect records so that the agency may disclose information to all of the following:

1. A relative of a child who is placed outside his or her home only to the extent necessary to facilitate the establishment of a relationship between the child and the relative or a placement of the child with the relative.

2. A public or private agency in this state or any other state that is investigating a person for purposes of licensing the person to operate a foster home or placing a child for adoption in the home of the person.

For further information see the *state and local* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 46.238 of the statutes is amended to read:

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1	46.238 Infants and unborn children whose mothers abuse controlled
2	substances or controlled substance analogs. If -a county department under s.
3	46.22 or 46.23 or, in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, a county
4	department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 an agency, as defined in s. 48.981 (1) (ag),
5	receives a report under s. 146.0255 (2) <u>and that agency is a county department under</u>
6	<u>s. 46.22 or 46.23 or a licensed child welfare agency under contract with that county</u>
7	department, the county department agency shall offer to provide appropriate
8	services and treatment to the child and the child's mother or to the unborn child, as
9	defined in s. 48.02 (19), and the expectant mother of the unborn child or the $\frac{1}{1000}$
10	department agency shall make arrangements for the provision of appropriate
11	services or <u>and</u> treatment. <u>If an agency receives a report under s. 146.0255 (2) and</u>
12	that agency is the department or a licensed child welfare agency under contract with
13	the department, the agency shall refer the report to the county department under s.
14	51.42 or 51.437 and that county department shall offer to provide, or make
15	arrangements for the provision of, those services and that treatment.
16	SECTION 2. 48.21 (3) (f) of the statutes is created to read:
17	18.21 (3) (f) If present at the bearing the parent shall be requested to provide

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17 48.21 (3) (f) If present at the hearing, the parent shall be requested to provide the names and other identifying information of 3 relatives of the child or other 18 individuals 18 years of age or over whose homes the parent requests the court to 19 20 consider as placements for the child. If the parent does not provide that information 21 at the hearing, the county department, the department in a county having a 22 population of 500,000 or more, or the agency primarily responsible for providing 23 services to the child under the custody order shall permit the parent to provide the 24 information at a later date.

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SECTION 3. 48.21 (5) (b) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:

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1 48.21 (5) (b) 2m. If the child has one or more siblings, as defined in s. 48.38 (4) 2 (br) 1., who have also been removed from the home, a finding as to whether the intake 3 worker has made reasonable efforts to place the child in a placement that enables the 4 sibling group to remain together, unless the judge or circuit court commissioner 5 determines that a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or well-being of 6 the child or any of those siblings, in which case the judge or circuit court 7 commissioner shall order the county department, department in a county having a 8 population of 500,000 or more, or agency primarily responsible for providing services 9 to the child under the custody order to make reasonable efforts to provide for frequent 10 visitation or other ongoing interaction between the child and the siblings, unless the 11 judge or circuit court commissioner determines that such visitation or interaction 12 would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the child or any of those siblings.

13 **SECTION 4.** 48.21 (5) (d) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 48.21 (5) (d) and 14 amended to read:

48.21 (5) (d) If the judge or circuit court commissioner finds that any of the
circumstances specified in s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies with respect to a parent,
the judge or circuit court commissioner shall hold a hearing <u>under s. 48.38 (4m)</u>
within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for
the child. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible for
preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less
than 5 days before the date of the hearing.

SECTION 5. 48.21 (5) (d) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act 28,
is repealed.

SECTION 6. 48.21 (5) (d) 3. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act 28,
is repealed.

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SECTION 7. 48.21 (5) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

48.21 (5) (e) 1. In this paragraph, "adult relative" means a grandparent,
great-grandparent, aunt, uncle, brother, sister, half brother, or half sister of a child,
whether by blood, marriage, or legal adoption, who has attained 18 years of age.

5 2. The court shall order the county department, the department in a county 6 having a population of 500,000 or more, or the agency primarily responsible for 7 providing services to the child under the custody order to conduct a diligent search 8 in order to locate and provide notice of the information specified in this subdivision 9 to all relatives of the child named under sub. (3) (f) and to all adult relatives of the 10 child within 30 days after the child is removed from the custody of the child's parent 11 unless the child is returned to his or her home within that period. The court may also 12 order the county department, department, or agency to conduct a diligent search in 13 order to locate and provide notice of the information specified in this subdivision to 14 all other adult individuals named under sub. (3) (f) within 30 days after the child is 15 removed from the custody of the child's parent unless the child is returned to his or 16 her home within that period. The county department, department, or agency may 17 not provide that notice to a person named under sub. (3) (f) or to an adult relative if 18 the county department, department, or agency has reason to believe that it would be 19 dangerous to the child or to the parent if the child were placed with that person or 20 adult relative. The notice shall include all of the following:

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22

a. A statement that the child has been removed from the custody of the child's parent.

b. A statement that explains the options that the person provided with the
notice has under state or federal law to participate in the care and placement of the
child, including any options that may be lost by failing to respond to the notice.

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1	c. A description of the requirements to obtain a foster home license under s.
2	48.62 or to receive kinship care or long-term kinship care payments under s. 48.57
3	(3m) or (3n) and of the additional services and supports that are available for
4	children placed in a foster home or in the home of a person receiving those payments.
5	d. A statement advising the person provided with the notice that he or she may
6	incur additional expenses if the child is placed in his or her home and that
7	reimbursement for some of those expenses may be available.
8	e. The name and contact information of the agency that removed the child from
9	the custody of the child's parent.
10	SECTION 8. 48.245 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	48.245 (2) (b) Informal disposition may not include any form of residential
12	out-of-home placement and may not exceed 6 months, except as provided under sub.
13	(2r).
14	SECTION 9. 48.27 (3) (a) 1m. of the statutes is amended to read:
15	48.27 (3) (a) 1m. The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent.
16	or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under
17	
	subd. 1. an opportunity <u>a right</u> to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster
18	subd. 1. an opportunity <u>a right</u> to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written or oral
18	parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written or oral
18 19	parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing,
18 19 20	parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be determined at the hearing. A foster parent, treatment
18 19 20 21	parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be determined at the hearing. A foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who receives a

– 14 –

SECTION 10. 48.27 (3) (a) 1m. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts
28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:
48.27 (3) (a) 1m. The court shall give a foster parent or other physical custodian
described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under subd. 1. a right to be heard
at the hearing by permitting the foster parent or other physical custodian to make
a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement

7 prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be determined at the hearing. A foster 8 parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who receives a notice of 9 a hearing under subd. 1. and a right to be heard under this subdivision does not 10 become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of 11 receiving that notice and right to be heard.

12

SECTION 11. 48.27 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 48.27 (6) When a proceeding is initiated under s. 48.14, all interested parties 14 shall receive notice and appropriate summons shall be issued in a manner specified 15 by the court, consistent with applicable governing statutes. In addition, if. If the 16 child who is the subject of the proceeding is in the care of a foster parent, treatment 17 foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), the court shall give 18 the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian notice and an 19 opportunity a right to be heard as provided in sub. (3) (a).

20 **SECTION 12.** 48.27 (6) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts 28 and 21 (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

48.27 (6) When a proceeding is initiated under s. 48.14, all interested parties shall receive notice and appropriate summons shall be issued in a manner specified by the court. If the child who is the subject of the proceeding is in the care of a foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), the court shall give the

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foster parent or other physical custodian notice and a right to be heard as provided
 in sub. (3) (a).

- 16 -

SECTION 13. 48.32 (1) (b) 1. c. of the statutes is amended to read:
48.32 (1) (b) 1. c. A If a permanency plan has previously been prepared for the
child, a finding as to whether the county department, department, or agency has
made reasonable efforts to achieve the goal of the child's permanency plan, including,
if appropriate, through an out-of-state placement, unless return of the child to the
home is the goal of the permanency plan and the judge or circuit court commissioner
finds that any of the circumstances specified in s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies.

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SECTION 14. 48.32 (1) (b) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

11 48.32 (1) (b) 1m. If the child has one or more siblings, as defined in s. 48.38 (4) 12 (br) 1., who have also been removed from the home, the consent decree shall include 13 a finding as to whether the county department, department in a county having a 14 population of 500,000 or more, or agency primarily responsible for providing services 15 to the child has made reasonable efforts to place the child in a placement that enables 16 the sibling group to remain together, unless the judge or circuit court commissioner 17 determines that a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or well-being of 18 the child or any of those siblings, in which case the judge or circuit court 19 commissioner shall order the county department, department, or agency to make 20 reasonable efforts to provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction 21 between the child and the siblings, unless the judge or circuit court commissioner 22 determines that such visitation or interaction would be contrary to the safety or 23 well-being of the child or any of those siblings.

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SECTION 15. 48.33 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

1 48.33 (4) (c) Specific information showing that continued placement of the child 2 in his or her home would be contrary to the welfare of the child, specific information 3 showing that the county department, the department, in a county having a 4 population of 500,000 or more, or the agency primarily responsible for providing 5 services to the child has made reasonable efforts to prevent the removal of the child 6 from the home, while assuring that the child's health and safety are the paramount 7 concerns, unless any of the circumstances specified in s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. 8 applies, and, if a permanency plan has previously been prepared for the child, 9 specific information showing that the county department, department, or agency has 10 made reasonable efforts to achieve the goal of the child's permanency plan, including, 11 <u>if appropriate, through an out–of–state placement</u>, unless return of the child to the 12 home is the goal of the permanency plan and any of the circumstances specified in 13 s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies.

14

SECTION 16. 48.33 (4) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

48.33 (4) (d) 1. If the child has one or more siblings, as defined in s. 48.38 (4) 15 16 (br) 1., who have been removed from the home or for whom an out-of-home 17 placement is recommended, specific information showing that the county 18 department, department in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, or 19 agency primarily responsible for providing services to the child has made reasonable 20 efforts to place the child in a placement that enables the sibling group to remain 21 together, unless the county department, department, or agency recommends that the 22 child and his or her siblings not be placed in a joint placement, in which case the 23 report shall include specific information showing that a joint placement would be 24 contrary to the safety or well-being of the child or any of those siblings and the 25 specific information required under subd. 2.

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1 2. If a recommendation is made that the child and his or her siblings not be 2 placed in a joint placement, specific information showing that the county 3 department, department, or agency has made reasonable efforts to provide for 4 frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the child and the siblings, 5 unless the county department, department, or agency recommends that such 6 visitation or interaction not be provided, in which case the report shall include 7 specific information showing that such visitation or interaction would be contrary to 8 the safety or well-being of the child or any of those siblings.

9 SECTION 17. 48.335 (3g) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.335 (3g) (c) That, if a permanency plan has previously been prepared for the
child, the county department, department, or agency has made reasonable efforts to
achieve the goal of the child's permanency plan, including, if appropriate, through
an out-of-state placement, unless return of the child to the home is the goal of the
permanency plan and any of the circumstances specified in s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5.
applies.

16

SECTION 18. 48.335 (3g) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

17 48.335 (3g) (d) 1. If the child has one or more siblings, as defined in s. 48.38 (4) 18 (br) 1., who have been removed from the home or for whom an out-of-home 19 placement is recommended, that the county department, department, or agency has 20 made reasonable efforts to place the child in a placement that enables the sibling 21 group to remain together, unless the county department, department, or agency 22 recommends that the child and his or her siblings not be placed in a joint placement, 23 in which case the county department, department, or agency shall present as 24 evidence specific information showing that a joint placement would be contrary to

the safety or well-being of the child or any of those siblings and the specific
 information required under subd. 2.

0

3 2. If a recommendation is made that the child and his or her siblings not be 4 placed in a joint placement, that the county department, department, or agency has 5 made reasonable efforts to provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing 6 interaction between the child and the siblings, unless the county department, 7 department, or agency recommends that such visitation or interaction not be 8 provided, in which case the county department, department, or agency shall present 9 as evidence specific information showing that such visitation or interaction would be 10 contrary to the safety or well-being of the child or any of those siblings.

11

SECTION 19. 48.335 (6) of the statutes is created to read:

12 48.335 (6) If the dispositional order places the child outside the home, the 13 parent, if present at the hearing, shall be requested to provide the names and other 14 identifying information of 3 relatives of the child or other individuals 18 years of age 15 or over whose homes the parent requests the court to consider as placements for the 16 child, unless that information has previously been provided under s. 48.21 (3) (f). If 17 the parent does not provide that information at the hearing, the county department, 18 the department in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, or the agency 19 primarily responsible for providing services to the child under the dispositional order 20 shall permit the parent to provide the information at a later date.

21

SECTION 20. 48.355 (2) (b) 6. of the statutes is amended to read:

48.355 (2) (b) 6. If the child is placed outside the home, a finding that continued
placement of the child in his or her home would be contrary to the welfare of the child,
a finding as to whether the county department, the department, in a county having
a population of 500,000 or more, or the agency primarily responsible for providing

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1 services under a court order has made reasonable efforts to prevent the removal of 2 the child from the home, while assuring that the child's health and safety are the 3 paramount concerns, unless the court finds that any of the circumstances specified 4 in sub. (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies, and, if a permanency plan has previously been 5 prepared for the child, a finding as to whether the county department, department, 6 or agency has made reasonable efforts to achieve the goal of the child's permanency 7 plan, including, if appropriate, through an out-of-state placement, unless return of 8 the child to the home is the goal of the permanency plan and the court finds that any 9 of the circumstances specified in sub. (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies. The court shall make 10 the findings specified in this subdivision on a case-by-case basis based on 11 circumstances specific to the child and shall document or reference the specific 12 information on which those findings are based in the court order. A court order that 13 merely references this subdivision without documenting or referencing that specific 14 information in the court order or an amended court order that retroactively corrects 15 an earlier court order that does not comply with this subdivision is not sufficient to 16 comply with this subdivision.

17

SECTION 21. 48.355 (2) (b) 6p. of the statutes is created to read:

18 48.355 (2) (b) 6p. If the child is placed outside the home and if the child has one 19 or more siblings, as defined in s. 48.38 (4) (br) 1., who have also been placed outside 20 the home, a finding as to whether the county department, the department in a county 21 having a population of 500,000 or more, or the agency primarily responsible for 22 providing services under a court order has made reasonable efforts to place the child 23 in a placement that enables the sibling group to remain together, unless the court 24 determines that a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or well-being of 25 the child or any of those siblings, in which case the court shall order the county

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department, department, or agency to make reasonable efforts to provide for
 frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the child and the siblings,
 unless the court determines that such visitation or interaction would be contrary to
 the safety or well-being of the child or any of those siblings.

5

SECTION 22. 48.355 (2) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:

6 48.355 (2) (cm) 1. Subject to subd. 2., the court shall order the county 7 department, the department in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, or 8 the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the child under the 9 dispositional order to conduct a diligent search in order to locate and provide notice 10 of the information specified in s. 48.21 (5) (e) 2. a. to e. to all relatives of the child 11 named under s. 48.335 (6) and to all adult relatives, as defined in s. 48.21 (5) (e) 1., 12 of the child within 30 days after the child is removed from the custody of the child's 13 parent unless the child is returned to his or her home within that period. The court 14 may also order the county department, department, or agency to conduct a diligent 15 search in order to locate and provide notice of that information to all other adult 16 individuals named under s. 48.335 (6) within 30 days after the child is removed from 17 the custody of the child's parent unless the child is returned to his or her home within 18 that period. The county department, department, or agency may not provide that 19 notice to a person named under s. 48.335 (6) or to an adult relative if the county 20 department, department, or agency has reason to believe that it would be dangerous 21 to the child or to the parent if the child were placed with that person or adult relative.

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2. Subdivision 1. does not apply if the search required under subd. 1. was previously conducted and the notice required under subd. 1. was previously provided under s. 48.21 (5) (e) 2.

25

SECTION 23. 48.355 (2b) of the statutes is amended to read:

- 21 -

1	48.355 (2b) Concurrent reasonable efforts permitted. A county
2	department, the department, in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, or
3	the agency primarily responsible for providing services to a child under a court order
4	may, at the same time as the county department, department, or agency is making
5	the reasonable efforts required under sub. (2) (b) 6. to prevent the removal of the child
6	from the home or to make it possible for the child to return safely to his or her home,
7	work with the department, a county department under s. 48.57 (1) (e) or (hm), or a
8	child welfare agency licensed under s. 48.61 (5) in making reasonable efforts to place
9	the child for adoption, with a guardian, with a fit and willing relative, or in some
10	other alternative permanent placement <u>, including reasonable efforts to identify an</u>
11	<u>appropriate out-of-state placement</u> .
12	SECTION 24. 48.355 (2d) (c) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 48.355 (2d) (c) and
13	amended to read:
14	48.355 (2d) (c) If the court finds that any of the circumstances specified in par.
15	(b) 1. to 5. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing <u>under s.</u>
15 16	(b) 1. to 5. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing <u>under s.</u> <u>48.38 (4m)</u> within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency
16	<u>48.38 (4m)</u> within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency
16 17	<u>48.38 (4m)</u> within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the child. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible
16 17 18	<u>48.38 (4m)</u> within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the child. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not
16 17 18 19	<u>48.38 (4m)</u> within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the child. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.
16 17 18 19 20	 <u>48.38 (4m)</u> within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the child. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing. SECTION 25. 48.355 (2d) (c) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act
16 17 18 19 20 21	 <u>48.38 (4m)</u> within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the child. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing. SECTION 25. 48.355 (2d) (c) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act 28, is repealed.

- 22 -

1 48.357 (1) (c) 2m. If the court changes the child's placement from a placement 2 in the child's home to a placement outside the child's home, the parent, if present at 3 the hearing, shall be requested to provide the names and other identifying 4 information of 3 relatives of the child or other individuals 18 years of age or over 5 whose homes the parent requests the court to consider as placements for the child, 6 unless that information has previously been provided under this subdivision, sub. 7 (2m) (bm), or s. 48.21 (3) (f) or 48.335 (6). If the parent does not provide that 8 information at the hearing, the county department, the department in a county 9 having a population of 500,000 or more, or the agency primarily responsible for 10 implementing the dispositional order shall permit the parent to provide the 11 information at a later date.

12

SECTION 28. 48.357 (2m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 48.357 (2m) (b) The court shall hold a hearing on the matter prior to ordering 14 any change in placement requested or proposed under par. (a) if the request states 15 that new information is available that affects the advisability of the current 16 placement, unless. A hearing is not required if the requested or proposed change in 17 placement involves any does not involve a change in placement other than a change in placement of a child placed in the home to a placement outside the home and, 18 19 written waivers of objection to the proposed change in placement are signed by all 20 persons entitled to receive notice under sub. (1) (am) 1., other than a court-appointed 21 special advocate, and the court approves. If a hearing is scheduled, the court shall 22 notify the child, the parent, guardian, and legal custodian of the child, any foster 23 parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) 24 of the child, the child's court-appointed special advocate, all parties who are bound 25 by the dispositional order, and, if the child is the expectant mother of an unborn child

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under s. 48.133, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem, or shall
notify the adult expectant mother, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian
ad litem, and all parties who are bound by the dispositional order, at least 3 days prior
to the hearing. A copy of the request or proposal for the change in placement shall
be attached to the notice. If all of the parties consent, the court may proceed
immediately with the hearing.

7 SECTION 29. 48.357 (2m) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts
8 28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

9 48.357 (2m) (b) The court shall hold a hearing on the matter prior to ordering 10 any change in placement requested or proposed under par. (a) if the request states 11 that new information is available that affects the advisability of the current 12 placement. A hearing is not required if the requested or proposed change in 13 placement does not involve a change in placement of a child placed in the home to 14 a placement outside the home, written waivers of objection to the proposed change 15 in placement are signed by all persons entitled to receive notice under sub. (1) (am) 16 1., other than a court-appointed special advocate, and the court approves. If a 17 hearing is scheduled, the court shall notify the child, the parent, guardian, and legal 18 custodian of the child, any foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 19 48.62 (2) of the child, the child's court-appointed special advocate, all parties who are 20 bound by the dispositional order, and, if the child is the expectant mother of an 21 unborn child under s. 48.133, the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad 22 litem, or shall notify the adult expectant mother, the unborn child by the unborn 23 child's guardian ad litem, and all parties who are bound by the dispositional order, 24 at least 3 days prior to the hearing. A copy of the request or proposal for the change

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in placement shall be attached to the notice. If all of the parties consent, the court
 may proceed immediately with the hearing.

3

SECTION 30. 48.357 (2m) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

4 48.357 (2m) (bm) If the court changes the child's placement from a placement 5 in the child's home to a placement outside the child's home, the parent, if present at 6 the hearing, shall be requested to provide the names and other identifying information of 3 relatives of the child or other individuals 18 years of age or over 7 8 whose homes the parent requests the court to consider as placements for the child, 9 unless that information has previously been provided under this paragraph, sub. (1) 10 (c) 2m., or s. 48.21 (3) (f) or 48.335 (6). If the parent does not provide that information 11 at the hearing, the county department, the department in a county having a 12 population of 500,000 or more, or the agency primarily responsible for implementing 13 the dispositional order shall permit the parent to provide the information at a later 14 date.

15

SECTION 31. 48.357 (2r) of the statutes is amended to read:

16 48.357 (2r) If a hearing is held under sub. (1) (am) 2. or (2m) (b) and the change 17 in placement would remove a child from a foster home, treatment foster home, or 18 other placement with a physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), the court shall 19 give the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described 20 in s. 48.62 (2) an opportunity a right to be heard at the hearing by permitting the 21 foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written 22 or oral statement during the hearing or to submit a written statement prior to the 23 hearing relating to the child and the requested change in placement. A foster parent, 24 treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who 25 receives notice of a hearing under sub. (1) (am) 1. or (2m) (b) and an opportunity <u>a</u>

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<u>right</u> to be heard under this subsection does not become a party to the proceeding on
 which the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and opportunity
 <u>right</u> to be heard.

4 SECTION 32. 48.357 (2r) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts 28
5 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

6 48.357 (2r) If a hearing is held under sub. (1) (am) 2. or (2m) (b) and the change 7 in placement would remove a child from a foster home or other placement with a 8 physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), the court shall give the foster parent or 9 other physical custodian a right to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster 10 parent or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the 11 hearing or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing relating to the child and 12 the requested change in placement. A foster parent or other physical custodian 13 described in s. 48.62 (2) who receives notice of a hearing under sub. (1) (am) 1. or (2m) 14 (b) and a right to be heard under this subsection does not become a party to the 15 proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice 16 and right to be heard.

17

SECTION 33. 48.357 (2v) (a) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:

18 48.357 (2v) (a) 2m. If the child has one or more siblings, as defined in s. 48.38 19 (4) (br) 1., who have been placed outside the home or for whom a change in placement 20 to a placement outside the home is requested, a finding as to whether the county 21 department, the department in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, or 22 the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order has made 23 reasonable efforts to place the child in a placement that enables the sibling group to 24 remain together, unless the court determines that a joint placement would be 25 contrary to the safety or well-being of the child or any of those siblings, in which case

1 the court shall order the county department, department, or agency to make 2 reasonable efforts to provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction 3 between the child and the siblings, unless the court determines that such visitation 4 or interaction would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the child or any of those 5 siblings.

6

SECTION 34. 48.357 (2v) (c) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 48.357 (2v) (c) and 7 amended to read:

8 48.357 (2v) (c) If the court finds under par. (a) 3. that any of the circumstances 9 specified in s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall 10 hold a hearing <u>under s. 48.38 (4m)</u> within 30 days after the date of that finding to 11 determine the permanency plan for the child. If a hearing is held under this 12 subdivision, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the 13 permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing. 14 **SECTION 35.** 48.357 (2v) (c) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act 15 28, is repealed.

16 **SECTION 36.** 48.357 (2v) (c) 3. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act 17 28, is repealed.

SECTION 37. 48.357 (2v) (d) of the statutes is created to read: 18

19 48.357 (2v) (d) 1. Subject to subd. 2., the court shall order the county 20 department, the department in a county having a population of 500,000 or more, or 21 the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order to conduct 22 a diligent search in order to locate and provide notice of the information specified in 23 s. 48.21 (5) (e) 2. a. to e. to all relatives of the child named under sub. (1) (c) 2m. or 24 (2m) (bm) and to all adult relatives, as defined in s. 48.21 (5) (e) 1., of the child within 25 30 days after the child is removed from the custody of the child's parent unless the

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1 child is returned to his or her home within that period. The court may also order the 2 county department, department, or agency to conduct a diligent search in order to 3 locate and provide notice of that information to all other adult individuals named 4 under sub. (1) (c) 2m. or (2m) (bm) within 30 days after the child is removed from the 5 custody of the child's parent unless the child is returned to his or her home within 6 that period. The county department, department, or agency may not provide that 7 notice to a person named under sub. (1) (c) 2m. or (2m) (bm) or to an adult relative 8 if the county department, department, or agency has reason to believe that it would 9 be dangerous to the child or to the parent if the child were placed with that person or adult relative. 10

11

2. Subdivision 1. does not apply if the search required under subd. 1. was 12 previously conducted and the notice required under subd. 1. was previously provided 13 under s. 48.21 (5) (e) 2. or 48.355 (2) (cm) 1.

14

SECTION 38. 48.363 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.363 (1) (b) If a hearing is held, <u>at least 3 days prior to the the hearing</u> the 15 16 court shall notify the child, the child's parent, guardian and legal custodian, all 17 parties bound by the dispositional order, the child's foster parent, treatment foster 18 parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), the child's 19 court-appointed special advocate, the district attorney or corporation counsel in the 20 county in which the dispositional order was entered, and, if the child is the expectant 21 mother of an unborn child under s. 48.133, the unborn child by the unborn child's 22 guardian ad litem; or shall notify the adult expectant mother, the unborn child 23 through the unborn child's guardian ad litem, all parties bound by the dispositional 24 order, and the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the 25 dispositional order was entered, at least 3 days prior to the hearing. A copy of the

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request or proposal shall be attached to the notice. If all parties consent, the court
 may proceed immediately with the hearing. No revision may extend the effective
 period of the original order.

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SECTION 39. 48.363 (1) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts
28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

6 48.363 (1) (b) If a hearing is held, at least 3 days prior to the hearing the court 7 shall notify the child, the child's parent, guardian and legal custodian, all parties 8 bound by the dispositional order, the child's foster parent or other physical custodian 9 described in s. 48.62 (2), the child's court–appointed special advocate, the district 10 attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was 11 entered, and, if the child is the expectant mother of an unborn child under s. 48.133, 12 the unborn child by the unborn child's guardian ad litem; or shall notify the adult 13 expectant mother, the unborn child through the unborn child's guardian ad litem, all 14 parties bound by the dispositional order, and the district attorney or corporation 15 counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was entered. A copy of the 16 request or proposal shall be attached to the notice. If all parties consent, the court 17 may proceed immediately with the hearing. No revision may extend the effective 18 period of the original order.

19

SECTION 40. 48.363 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.363 (1m) If a hearing is held under sub. (1) (a), any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of revision of the dispositional order. In addition, the court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the child an opportunity <u>a right</u> to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written

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statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issue of revision. A foster parent,
treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who
receives notice of a hearing under sub. (1) (a) and an opportunity a right to be heard
under this subsection does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing
is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and opportunity right to be heard.
SECTION 41. 48.363 (1m) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts 28
and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

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8 48.363 (1m) If a hearing is held under sub. (1) (a), any party may present 9 evidence relevant to the issue of revision of the dispositional order. In addition, the 10 court shall give a foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) 11 of the child a right to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent or other 12 physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to 13 submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issue of revision. A 14 foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who receives notice 15 of a hearing under sub. (1) (a) and a right to be heard under this subsection does not 16 become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of 17 receiving that notice and right to be heard.

18

SECTION 42. 48.365 (2g) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

19 48.365 (2g) (b) 3. If the child has been placed outside of his or her home in a
20 foster home, treatment foster home, group home, nonsecured residential care center
21 for children and youth, or shelter care facility for 15 of the most recent 22 months,
22 not including any period during which the child was a runaway from the
23 out-of-home placement or the first 6 months of any period during which the child
24 was returned to his or her home for a trial home visit, a statement of whether or not
25 a recommendation has been made to terminate the parental rights of the parents of

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1 the child. If a recommendation for a termination of parental rights has been made, 2 the statement shall indicate the date on which the recommendation was made, any 3 previous progress made to accomplish the termination of parental rights, any 4 barriers to the termination of parental rights, specific steps to overcome the barriers 5 and when the steps will be completed, reasons why adoption would be in the best 6 interest of the child, and whether or not the child should be registered with the 7 adoption information exchange. If a recommendation for termination of parental 8 rights has not been made, the statement shall include an explanation of the reasons 9 why a recommendation for termination of parental rights has not been made. If the 10 lack of appropriate adoptive resources is the primary reason for not recommending 11 a termination of parental rights, the agency shall recommend that the child be 12 registered with the adoption information exchange or report the reason why 13 registering the child is contrary to the best interest of the child.

SECTION 43. 48.365 (2g) (b) 3. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act
.... (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

16 48.365 (2g) (b) 3. If the child has been placed outside of his or her home in a 17 foster home, group home, residential care center for children and youth, or shelter 18 care facility for 15 of the most recent 22 months, not including any period during 19 which the child was a runaway from the out–of–home placement or the first 6 months 20 of any period during which the child was returned to his or her home for a trial home 21 visit, a statement of whether or not a recommendation has been made to terminate 22 the parental rights of the parents of the child. If a recommendation for a termination 23 of parental rights has been made, the statement shall indicate the date on which the 24 recommendation was made, any previous progress made to accomplish the 25 termination of parental rights, any barriers to the termination of parental rights,

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1 specific steps to overcome the barriers and when the steps will be completed, reasons 2 why adoption would be in the best interest of the child, and whether or not the child 3 should be registered with the adoption information exchange. If a recommendation 4 for termination of parental rights has not been made, the statement shall include an 5 explanation of the reasons why a recommendation for termination of parental rights 6 has not been made. If the lack of appropriate adoptive resources is the primary 7 reason for not recommending a termination of parental rights, the agency shall 8 recommend that the child be registered with the adoption information exchange or 9 report the reason why registering the child is contrary to the best interest of the child.

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10

SECTION 44. 48.365 (2m) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

11 48.365 (2m) (a) 1. Any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of 12 extension. If the child is placed outside of his or her home, the person or agency 13 primarily responsible for providing services to the child shall present as evidence 14 specific information showing that the agency has made reasonable efforts to achieve 15 the goal of the child's permanency plan, including, if appropriate, through an 16 out-of-state placement, unless return of the child to the home is the goal of the 17 permanency plan and any of the circumstances specified in s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies. The judge shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law based on the 18 19 evidence. The findings of fact shall include a finding as to whether reasonable efforts 20 were made by the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the child to 21 achieve the goal of the child's permanency plan, including, if appropriate, through 22 an out-of-state placement, unless return of the child to the home is the goal of the 23 permanency plan and the judge finds that any of the circumstances specified in s. 24 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies. An order shall be issued under s. 48.355.

25

SECTION 45. 48.365 (2m) (a) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

1 48.365 (2m) (a) 1m. a. If the child is placed outside of his or her home and if the 2 child has one or more siblings, as defined in s. 48.38 (4) (br) 1., who have also been 3 placed outside the home, the person or agency primarily responsible for providing 4 services to the child shall present as evidence specific information showing that the 5 agency has made reasonable efforts to place the child in a placement that enables the 6 sibling group to remain together, unless the court has determined that a joint 7 placement would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the child or any of those 8 siblings, in which case the agency shall present as evidence specific information showing that agency has made reasonable efforts to provide for frequent visitation 9 10 or other ongoing interaction between the child and the siblings, unless the court has 11 determined that such visitation or interaction would be contrary to the safety or 12 well-being of the child or any of those siblings.

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13 b. If the child is placed outside the home and if the child has one or more 14 siblings, as defined in s. 48.38 (4) (br) 1., who have also been placed outside the home, 15 the findings of fact shall include a finding as to whether reasonable efforts have been 16 made by the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the child to place 17 the child in a placement that enables the sibling group to remain together, unless the 18 court has determined that a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or 19 well-being of the child or any of those siblings, in which case the findings of fact shall 20 include a finding as to whether reasonable efforts have been made by the agency to 21 provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the child and the 22 siblings, unless the court has determined that such visitation or interaction would 23 be contrary to the safety or well-being of the child or any of those siblings.

SECTION 46. 48.365 (2m) (ad) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 48.365 (2m) (ad)
and amended to read:

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1	48.365 (2m) (ad) If the judge finds that any of the circumstances specified in
2	s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies with respect to a parent, the judge shall hold a
3	hearing <u>under s. 48.38 (4m)</u> within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine
4	the permanency plan for the child. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the
5	agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency
6	plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.
7	SECTION 47. 48.365 (2m) (ad) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin
8	Act 28, is repealed.
9	SECTION 48. 48.365 (2m) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	48.365 (2m) (ag) The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent,
11	or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under
12	par. (ad) 2. or sub. (2) an opportunity <u>a right</u> to be heard at the hearing by permitting
13	the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a
14	written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior
15	to the hearing, relevant to the issue of extension. A foster parent, treatment foster
16	parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who receives notice of a
17	hearing under par. (ad) 2. or sub. (2) and an opportunity <u>a right</u> to be heard under
18	this paragraph does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is
19	held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and opportunity right to be heard.
20	SECTION 49. 48.365 (2m) (ag) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts
21	28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

48.365 (2m) (ag) The court shall give a foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under sub. (2) a right to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement

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prior to the hearing, relevant to the issue of extension. A foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who receives notice of a hearing under sub. (2) and a right to be heard under this paragraph does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and right to be heard.

6

24

SECTION 50. 48.38 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.38 (3) TIME. Subject to s. 48.355 (2d) (c) 1. sub. (4m) (a), the agency shall file
the permanency plan with the court within 60 days after the date on which the child
was first removed from his or her home, except that if the child is held for less than
60 days in a juvenile detention facility, juvenile portion of a county jail, or a shelter
care facility, no permanency plan is required if the child is returned to his or her home
within that period.

13 SECTION 51. 48.38 (4) (br) of the statutes is renumbered 48.38 (4) (br) 1. and
14 amended to read:

15 48.38 (4) (br) 1. A statement as to the availability of a safe and appropriate 16 placement with a foster parent, adoptive parent, or proposed adoptive parent of a 17 sibling of the child and, if a decision is made not to place the child with an available 18 foster parent, adoptive parent, or proposed adoptive parent of a sibling, a statement 19 as to why placement with the foster parent, adoptive parent, or proposed adoptive 20 parent of a sibling is not safe or appropriate. In this paragraph, "sibling" means a 21 person who is a brother or sister of the child, whether by blood, marriage, or adoption, 22 including a person who was a brother or sister of a child before the person was 23 adopted or parental rights to the person were terminated.

SECTION 52. 48.38 (4) (br) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

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1	48.38 (4) (br) 2. If the child has one or more siblings who have also been
2	removed from the home, a description of the efforts made to place the child in a
3	placement that enables the sibling group to remain together and, if a decision is made
4	not to place the child and his or her siblings in a joint placement, a statement as to
5	why a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or well–being of the child or
6	any of those siblings and a description of the efforts made to provide for frequent
7	visitation or other ongoing interaction between the child and those siblings. If a
8	decision is made not to provide for that visitation or interaction, the permanency plan
9	shall include a statement as to why that visitation or interaction would be contrary
10	to the safety or well–being of the child or any of those siblings.
11	SECTION 53. 48.38 (4) (fm) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	48.38 (4) (fm) If the goal of the permanency plan is to place the child for
13	adoption, with a guardian, with a fit and willing relative, or in some other alternative
14	permanent placement, the efforts made to achieve that goal <u>, including, if</u>
15	<u>appropriate, through an out–of–state placement</u> .
16	SECTION 54. 48.38 (4) (h) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	48.38 (4) (h) (intro.) If the child is 15 years of age or over, -a description of an
18	independent living plan describing the programs and services that are or will be
19	provided to assist the child in preparing for the transition from out–of–home care to
20	independent living. The description <u>plan</u> shall include all of the following:
21	SECTION 55. 48.38 (4) (i) of the statutes is created to read:
22	48.38 (4) (i) A statement as to whether the child's age and developmental level
23	are sufficient for the court to consult with the child at the permanency plan
24	determination hearing under sub. (4m) (c) or at the permanency plan hearing under
25	sub. (5m) (c) 2. or s. 48.43 (5) (b) 2. or for the court or panel to consult with the child

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at the permanency plan review under sub. (5) (bm) 2. and, if a decision is made that
 it would not be age appropriate or developmentally appropriate for the court or panel
 to consult with the child, a statement as to why consultation with the child would not
 be appropriate.

5

SECTION 56. 48.38 (4m) of the statutes is created to read:

6 48.38 (4m) REASONABLE EFFORTS NOT REQUIRED; PERMANENCY PLAN 7 DETERMINATION HEARING. (a) If in a proceeding under s. 48.21, 48.355, 48.357, or 8 48.365 the court finds that any of the circumstances under s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. 9 applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing within 30 days after 10 the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the child. If a hearing 11 is held under this paragraph, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency 12 plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date 13 of the hearing. At the hearing, the court shall consider placing the child in a 14 placement outside this state if the court determines that such a placement would be in the best interests of the child and appropriate to achieving the goal of the child's 15 16 permanency plan.

17 (b) At least 10 days before the date of the hearing, the court shall notify the 18 child; the child's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; and the child's foster parent 19 or treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the child is living, or 20 the relative with whom the child is living of the time, place, and purpose of the 21 hearing, of the issues to be determined at the hearing, and of the fact that they shall 22 have a right to be heard at the hearing.

(c) If the child's permanency plan includes a statement under sub. (4) (i)
indicating that the child's age and developmental level are sufficient for the court to
consult with the child regarding the child's permanency plan or if, notwithstanding

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1 a decision under sub. (4) (i) that it would not be appropriate for the court to consult 2 with the child, the court determines that consultation with the child would be in the 3 best interests of the child, the court shall consult with the child, in an 4 age-appropriate and developmentally appropriate manner, regarding the child's 5 permanency plan and any other matters the court finds appropriate. If none of those 6 circumstances apply, the court may permit the child's caseworker, the child's counsel, 7 or, subject to s. 48.235 (3) (a), the child's guardian ad litem to make a written or oral 8 statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, 9 expressing the child's wishes, goals, and concerns regarding the permanency plan 10 and those matters. If the court permits such a written or oral statement to be made 11 or submitted, the court may nonetheless require the child to be physically present 12 at the hearing.

13 (d) The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator of a 14 facility, or relative who is notified of a hearing under par. (b) a right to be heard at 15 the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator, or 16 relative to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a 17 written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be determined at the 18 hearing. The foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator of a facility, or relative 19 does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the 20 basis of receiving that notice and right to be heard.

SECTION 57. 48.38 (4m) (b) and (d) of the statutes, as created by 2009 Wisconsin
Act (this act), are amended to read:

48.38 (4m) (b) At least 10 days before the date of the hearing, the court shall
notify the child; the child's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; and the child's
foster parent or treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the child

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is living, or the relative with whom the child is living of the time, place, and purpose
of the hearing, of the issues to be determined at the hearing, and of the fact that they
shall have a right to be heard at the hearing.

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4 (d) The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator of a 5 facility, or relative who is notified of a hearing under par. (b) a right to be heard at 6 the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator, or 7 relative to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a 8 written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be determined at the 9 hearing. The foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator of a facility, or relative 10 does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the 11 basis of receiving that notice and right to be heard.

12

SECTION 58. 48.38 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 48.38 (5) (b) The court or the agency shall notify the parents of the child, the 14 child, if he or she is 12 years of age or older, and: the child's parent, guardian, and 15 legal custodian; and the child's foster parent, the child's or treatment foster parent, 16 the operator of the facility in which the child is living, or the relative with whom the 17 child is living of the date, time, and place, and purpose of the review, of the issues to 18 be determined as part of the review, and of the fact that they may have an opportunity 19 shall have a right to be heard at the review by submitting written comments not less 20 than 10 working days before the review or by participating at the review as provided 21 <u>in par. (bm) 1</u>. The court or agency shall notify the person representing the interests 22 of the public, the child's counsel, the child's guardian ad litem, and the child's 23 court-appointed special advocate of the date time, place, and purpose of the review, 24 of the issues to be determined as part of the review, and of the fact that they may 25 submit written comments not less than 10 working days before the review have an

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1 opportunity to be heard at the review as provided in par. (bm) 1. The notices under 2 this paragraph shall be provided in writing not less than 30 days before the review 3 and copies of the notices shall be filed in the child's case record.

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4 **SECTION 59.** 48.38 (5) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts 28 5 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

6 48.38 (5) (b) The court or the agency shall notify the child; the child's parent, 7 guardian, and legal custodian; and the child's foster parent, the operator of the 8 facility in which the child is living, or the relative with whom the child is living of the 9 time, place, and purpose of the review, of the issues to be determined as part of the 10 review, and of the fact that they shall have a right to be heard at the review as 11 provided in par. (bm) 1. The court or agency shall notify the person representing the 12 interests of the public, the child's counsel, the child's guardian ad litem, and the 13 child's court-appointed special advocate of the time, place, and purpose of the review, 14 of the issues to be determined as part of the review, and of the fact that they may have 15 an opportunity to be heard at the review as provided in par. (bm) 1. The notices under 16 this paragraph shall be provided in writing not less than 30 days before the review 17 and copies of the notices shall be filed in the child's case record.

18

SECTION 60. 48.38 (5) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

19 48.38 (5) (bm) 1. A child, parent, guardian, legal custodian, foster parent, 20 treatment foster parent, operator of a facility, or relative who is provided notice of the 21 review under par. (b) shall have a right to be heard at the review by submitting 22 written comments relevant to the determinations specified in par. (c) not less than 23 10 working days before the date of the review or by participating at the review. A 24 person representing the interests of the public, counsel, guardian ad litem, or 25 court–appointed special advocate who is provided notice of the review under par. (b)

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1 may have an opportunity to be heard at the review by submitting written comments 2 relevant to the determinations specified in par. (c) not less than 10 working days 3 before the date of the review. A foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator of 4 a facility, or relative who receives notice of a review under par. (b) and a right to be 5 heard under this subdivision does not become a party to the proceeding on which the 6 review is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and right to be heard.

7 2. If the child's permanency plan includes a statement under sub. (4) (i) 8 indicating that the child's age and developmental level are sufficient for the court or 9 panel to consult with the child regarding the child's permanency plan or if, 10 notwithstanding a decision under sub. (4) (i) that it would not be appropriate for the 11 court or panel to consult with the child, the court or panel determines that consultation with the child would be in the best interests of the child, the court or 12 13 panel shall consult with the child, in an age-appropriate and developmentally 14 appropriate manner, regarding the child's permanency plan and any other matters 15 the court or panel finds appropriate. If none of those circumstances apply, the court 16 or panel may permit the child's caseworker, the child's counsel, or, subject to s. 48.235 17 (3) (a), the child's guardian ad litem to make a written or oral statement during the 18 review, or to submit a written statement prior to the review, expressing the child's 19 wishes, goals, and concerns regarding the permanency plan and those matters. If 20 the court or panel permits such a written or oral statement to be made or submitted, 21 the court or panel may nonetheless require the child to be physically present at the 22 review.

23 SECTION 61. 48.38 (5) (bm) 1. of the statutes, as created by 2009 Wisconsin Act
24 (this act), is amended to read:

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1 48.38 (5) (bm) 1. A child, parent, guardian, legal custodian, foster parent, 2 treatment foster parent, operator of a facility, or relative who is provided notice of the 3 review under par. (b) shall have a right to be heard at the review by submitting 4 written comments relevant to the determinations specified in par. (c) not less than 5 10 working days before the date of the review or by participating at the review. A 6 person representing the interests of the public, counsel, guardian ad litem, or 7 court–appointed special advocate who is provided notice of the review under par. (b) 8 may have an opportunity to be heard at the review by submitting written comments 9 relevant to the determinations specified in par. (c) not less than 10 working days 10 before the date of the review. A foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator of 11 a facility, or relative who receives notice of a hearing under par. (b) and a right to be 12 heard under this subdivision does not become a party to the proceeding on which the 13 review is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and right to be heard. 14 **SECTION 62.** 48.38 (5) (c) 6. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 15 48.38 (5) (c) 6. (intro.) If the child has been placed outside of his or her home, 16 as described in s. 48.365 (1), in a foster home, treatment foster home, group home, 17 nonsecured residential care center for children and youth, or shelter care facility for 18 15 of the most recent 22 months, not including any period during which the child was 19 a runaway from the out-of-home placement or the first 6 months of any period 20 during which the child was returned to his or her home for a trial home visit, the 21 appropriateness of the permanency plan and the circumstances which prevent the

22 child from any of the following:

23 SECTION 63. 48.38 (5) (c) 6. (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin
24 Act (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

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1	48.38 (5) (c) 6. (intro.) If the child has been placed outside of his or her home,
2	as described in s. 48.365 (1), in a foster home, group home, residential care center for
3	children and youth, or shelter care facility for 15 of the most recent 22 months, not
4	including any period during which the child was a runaway from the out–of–home
5	placement or the first 6 months of any period during which the child was returned
6	to his or her home for a trial home visit, the appropriateness of the permanency plan
7	and the circumstances which prevent the child from any of the following:
8	SECTION 64. 48.38 (5) (c) 7. of the statutes is amended to read:
9	48.38 (5) (c) 7. Whether reasonable efforts were made by the agency to achieve
10	the goal of the permanency plan, <u>including, if appropriate, through an out–of–state</u>
11	<u>placement</u> , unless return of the child to the home is the goal of the permanency plan
12	and any of the circumstances specified in s. 48.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 5. applies.
13	SECTION 65. 48.38 (5) (c) 8. of the statutes is created to read:
14	48.38 (5) (c) 8. If the child has one or more siblings, as defined in s. 48.38 (4)
15	(br) 1., who have also been removed from the home, whether reasonable efforts were
16	made by the agency to place the child in a placement that enables the sibling group
17	to remain together, unless the court or panel determines that a joint placement would
18	be contrary to the safety or well-being of the child or any of those siblings, in which
19	case the court or panel shall determine whether reasonable efforts were made by the
20	agency to provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the
21	child and those siblings, unless the court or panel determines that such visitation or
22	interaction would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the child or any of those
23	siblings.

24

SECTION 66. 48.38 (5) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1 48.38 (5) (d) Notwithstanding s. 48.78 (2) (a), the agency that prepared the 2 permanency plan shall, at least 5 days before a review by a review panel, provide to 3 each person appointed to the review panel, the person representing the interests of 4 the public, the child's counsel, the child's guardian ad litem, and the child's 5 court-appointed special advocate a copy of the permanency plan and any written 6 comments submitted under par. (b) (bm) 1. Notwithstanding s. 48.78 (2) (a), a person 7 appointed to a review panel, the person representing the interests of the public, the 8 child's counsel, the child's guardian ad litem, and the child's court-appointed special 9 advocate may have access to any other records concerning the child for the purpose 10 of participating in the review. A person permitted access to a child's records under 11 this paragraph may not disclose any information from the records to any other 12 person.

13

SECTION 67. 48.38 (5) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

14 48.38 (5) (e) Within 30 days, the agency shall prepare a written summary of 15 the determinations under par. (c) and shall provide a copy to the court that entered 16 the order, the child or the child's counsel or guardian ad litem, the person 17 representing the interests of the public, the child's parent or, guardian, and legal 18 custodian, the child's court–appointed special advocate, and the child's foster parent, 19 the child's or treatment foster parent or, the operator of the facility where the child 20 is living, or the relative with whom the child is living.

21

22

SECTION 68. 48.38 (5) (e) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts 28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

48.38 (5) (e) Within 30 days, the agency shall prepare a written summary of
the determinations under par. (c) and shall provide a copy to the court that entered
the order, the child or the child's counsel or guardian ad litem, the person

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representing the interests of the public, the child's parent, guardian, and legal
 custodian, the child's court-appointed special advocate, and the child's foster parent,
 the operator of the facility where the child is living, or the relative with whom the
 child is living.

5

SECTION 69. 48.38 (5m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 48.38 (5m) (b) Not less than 30 days before the date of the hearing, the court 7 shall notify the child; the child's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; and the 8 child's foster parent or treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which 9 the child is living, or the relative with whom the child is living; of the time, place, and 10 purpose of the hearing, of the issues to be determined at the hearing, and of the fact 11 that they shall have a right to be heard at the hearing as provided in par. (c) 1. and 12 shall notify the child's counsel, the child's guardian ad litem, and the child's 13 court–appointed special advocate; the agency that prepared the permanency plan; 14 and the person representing the interests of the public of the date, time, and place. and purpose of the hearing, of the issues to be determined at the hearing, and of the 15 16 fact that they may have an opportunity to be heard at the hearing as provided in par. 17 <u>(c) 1</u>.

18 SECTION 70. 48.38 (5m) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts
19 28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

48.38 (5m) (b) Not less than 30 days before the date of the hearing, the court shall notify the child; the child's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; and the child's foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the child is living, or the relative with whom the child is living of the time, place, and purpose of the hearing, of the issues to be determined at the hearing, and of the fact that they shall have a right to be heard at the hearing as provided in par. (c) 1. and shall notify the child's

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counsel, the child's guardian ad litem, and the child's court-appointed special
advocate; the agency that prepared the permanency plan; and the person
representing the interests of the public of the time, place, and purpose of the hearing,
of the issues to be determined at the hearing, and of the fact that they may have an
opportunity to be heard at the hearing as provided in par. (c) 1.

6

7

SECTION 71. 48.38 (5m) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 48.38 (5m) (c) 1. and amended to read:

8 48.38 (5m) (c) 1. Any person <u>A child, parent, guardian, legal custodian, foster</u> 9 parent, treatment foster parent, operator of a facility, or relative who is provided 10 notice of the hearing may have an opportunity under par. (b) shall have a right to be 11 heard at the hearing by submitting written comments relevant to the determinations 12 specified in sub. (5) (c) not less than 10 working days before the date of the hearing 13 or by participating at the hearing. A counsel, guardian ad litem, court–appointed 14 special advocate, agency, or person representing the interests of the public who is 15 provided notice of the hearing under par. (b) may have an opportunity to be heard at the hearing by submitting written comments relevant to the determinations 16 17 specified in sub. (5) (c) not less than 10 working days before the date of the hearing 18 or by participating at the hearing. A foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator 19 of a facility in which a child is living, or relative with whom a child is living who 20 receives notice of a hearing under par. (b) and an opportunity a right to be heard 21 under this paragraph subdivision does not become a party to the proceeding on which 22 the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and opportunity right 23 to be heard.

24 SECTION 72. 48.38 (5m) (c) 1. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts
25 28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

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1 48.38 (5m) (c) 1. A child, parent, guardian, legal custodian, foster parent, 2 operator of a facility, or relative who is provided notice of the hearing under par. (b) 3 shall have a right to be heard at the hearing by submitting written comments 4 relevant to the determinations specified in sub. (5) (c) not less than 10 working days 5 before the date of the hearing or by participating at the hearing. A counsel, guardian 6 ad litem, court-appointed special advocate, agency, or person representing the 7 interests of the public who is provided notice of the hearing under par. (b) may have 8 an opportunity to be heard at the hearing by submitting written comments relevant 9 to the determinations specified in sub. (5) (c) not less than 10 working days before 10 the date of the hearing or by participating at the hearing. A foster parent, operator 11 of a facility, or relative who receives notice of a hearing under par. (b) and a right to 12 be heard under this subdivision does not become a party to the proceeding on which 13 the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and right to be heard.

14

SECTION 73. 48.38 (5m) (c) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

15 48.38 (5m) (c) 2. If the child's permanency plan includes a statement under sub. 16 (4) (i) indicating that the child's age and developmental level are sufficient for the 17 court to consult with the child regarding the child's permanency plan or if, 18 notwithstanding a decision under sub. (4) (i) that it would not be appropriate for the 19 court to consult with the child, the court determines that consultation with the child 20 would be in the best interests of the child, the court shall consult with the child, in an age-appropriate and developmentally appropriate manner, regarding the child's 21 22 permanency plan and any other matters the court finds appropriate. If none of those 23 circumstances apply, the court may permit the child's caseworker, the child's counsel, 24 or, subject to s. 48.235 (3) (a), the child's guardian ad litem to make a written or oral 25 statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing,

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expressing the child's wishes, goals, and concerns regarding the permanency plan
 and those matters. If the court permits such a written or oral statement to be made
 or submitted, the court may nonetheless require the child to be physically present
 at the hearing.

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SECTION 74. 48.38 (5m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 48.38 (5m) (d) At least 5 days before the date of the hearing the agency that 7 prepared the permanency plan shall provide a copy of the permanency plan and any 8 written comments submitted under par. (c) <u>1.</u> to the court, to the child's parent, 9 guardian, and legal custodian, to the person representing the interests of the public, 10 to the child's counsel or guardian ad litem, and to the child's court-appointed special 11 advocate. Notwithstanding s. 48.78 (2) (a), the person representing the interests of 12 the public, the child's counsel or guardian ad litem, and the child's court-appointed 13 special advocate may have access to any other records concerning the child for the 14 purpose of participating in the review. A person permitted access to a child's records 15 under this paragraph may not disclose any information from the records to any other 16 person.

17

SECTION 75. 48.385 of the statutes is created to read:

18 **48.385 Plan for transition to independent living.** By no later than 90 days 19 before a child who is placed in a foster home, treatment foster home, group home, 20 subsidized guardianship home under s. 48.62 (5), group home, or residential care 21 center for children and youth or in the home of a relative other than a parent attains 22 18 years of age or, if the child is placed in such a placement under an order under s. 23 48.355, 48.357, 48.365, 938.355, 938.357, or 938.365 that terminates under s. 48.355 24 (4) or 938.355 (4) after the child attains 18 years of age, by no later than 90 days 25 before the termination of the order, the agency primarily responsible for providing

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services to the child under the order shall provide the child with assistance and support in developing a plan for making the transition from out-of-home care to independent living. The transition plan shall be personalized at the direction of the child, shall be as detailed as the child directs, and shall include specific options for obtaining housing, health care, education, mentoring and continuing support services, and workforce support and employment services.

7

8

SECTION 76. 48.385 of the statutes, as created by 2009 Wisconsin Act (this act), is amended to read:

9 **48.385 Plan for transition to independent living.** By no later than 90 days 10 before a child who is placed in a foster home, treatment foster home, group home, 11 subsidized guardianship home under s. 48.62 (5), group home, or residential care 12 center for children and youth or in the home of a relative other than a parent attains 13 18 years of age or, if the child is placed in such a placement under an order under s. 14 48.355, 48.357, 48.365, 938.355, 938.357, or 938.365 that terminates under s. 48.355 15 (4) or 938.355 (4) after the child attains 18 years of age, by no later than 90 days 16 before the termination of the order, the agency primarily responsible for providing 17 services to the child under the order shall provide the child with assistance and support in developing a plan for making the transition from out-of-home care to 18 19 independent living. The transition plan shall be personalized at the direction of the 20 child, shall be as detailed as the child directs, and shall include specific options for 21 obtaining housing, health care, education, mentoring and continuing support 22 services, and workforce support and employment services.

23

SECTION 77. 48.417 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.417 (1) (a) The child has been placed outside of his or her home, as described
in s. 48.365 (1) or 938.365 (1), in a foster home, treatment foster home, group home,

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1	nonsecured residential care center for children and youth, or shelter care facility for
2	15 of the most recent 22 months, not including any period during which the child was
3	a runaway from the out-of-home placement or the first 6 months of any period
4	during which the child was returned to his or her home for a trial home visit. If the
5	circumstances specified in this paragraph apply, the petition shall be filed or joined
6	in by the last day of the 15th month, as described in this paragraph, for which the
7	child was placed outside of his or her home.
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8 SECTION 78. 48.417 (1) (a) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act
9 (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

10 48.417 (1) (a) The child has been placed outside of his or her home, as described 11 in s. 48.365 (1) or 938.365 (1), in a foster home, group home, nonsecured residential 12 care center for children and youth, or shelter care facility for 15 of the most recent 13 22 months, not including any period during which the child was a runaway from the 14 out-of-home placement or the first 6 months of any period during which the child 15 was returned to his or her home for a trial home visit. If the circumstances specified 16 in this paragraph apply, the petition shall be filed or joined in by the last day of the 15th month, as described in this paragraph, for which the child was placed outside 17 of his or her home. 18

19

SECTION 79. 48.42 (2g) (am) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.42 (2g) (am) The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under par. (a) an opportunity <u>a right</u> to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be determined at the hearing. A foster parent, treatment

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foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who receives a
notice of a hearing under par. (a) and an opportunity <u>a right</u> to be heard under this
paragraph does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held
solely on the basis of receiving that notice and opportunity <u>right</u> to be heard.

5 SECTION 80. 48.42 (2g) (am) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts
6 28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

7 48.42 (2g) (am) The court shall give a foster parent or other physical custodian 8 described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under par. (a) a right to be heard 9 at the hearing by permitting the foster parent or other physical custodian to make 10 a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement 11 prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be determined at the hearing. A foster 12 parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who receives a notice of 13 a hearing under par. (a) and a right to be heard under this paragraph does not become 14 a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving 15 that notice and right to be heard.

16

SECTION 81. 48.425 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

17 48.425 (1) (c) If the child has been previously adjudicated to be in need of 18 protection and services, a statement of the steps the agency or person responsible for 19 provision of services has taken to remedy the conditions responsible for court 20 intervention and the parent's response to and cooperation with these services. If the 21 child has been removed from the home, the report shall also include a statement of 22 the reasons why the child cannot be returned safely to the family and the steps the 23 person or agency has taken to effect this return. If a permanency plan has previously 24 been prepared for the child, the report shall also include specific information 25 showing that the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the child has

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1 made reasonable efforts to achieve the goal of the child's permanency plan, including, 2 if appropriate, through an out-of-state placement.

3

SECTION 82. 48.427 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 **48.427 (1m)** In addition to any evidence presented under sub. (1), the court 5 shall give the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian 6 described in s. 48.62 (2) of the child an opportunity a right to be heard at the 7 dispositional hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or 8 other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the dispositional 9 hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to disposition, relevant to the issue 10 of disposition. A foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian 11 described in s. 48.62 (2) who receives notice of a hearing under s. 48.42 (2g) (a) and 12 an opportunity <u>a right</u> to be heard under this subsection does not become a party to 13 the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice 14 and opportunity right to be heard.

15

SECTION 83. 48.427 (1m) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts 28 16 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

17 48.427 (1m) In addition to any evidence presented under sub. (1), the court 18 shall give the foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the 19 child a right to be heard at the dispositional hearing by permitting the foster parent 20 or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the 21 dispositional hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to disposition, relevant 22 to the issue of disposition. A foster parent or other physical custodian described in 23 s. 48.62 (2) who receives notice of a hearing under s. 48.42 (2g) (a) and a right to be 24 heard under this subsection does not become a party to the proceeding on which the 25 hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and right to be heard.

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SECTION 84. 48.43 (1) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:

2 48.43 (1) (cm) If a permanency plan has previously been prepared for the child, 3 a finding as to whether the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the 4 child has made reasonable efforts to achieve the goal of the child's permanency plan. 5 including, if appropriate, through an out-of-state placement. The court shall make 6 the findings specified in this paragraph on a case-by-case basis based on circumstances specific to the child and shall document or reference the specific 7 8 information on which those findings are based in the order. An order that merely 9 references this paragraph without documenting or referencing that specific 10 information in the order or an amended order that retroactively corrects an earlier 11 order that does not comply with this paragraph is not sufficient to comply with this 12 paragraph.

13 **SECTION 85.** 48.43 (5) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 48.43 (5) (b) 1. and 14 amended to read:

48.43 (5) (b) 1. The court shall hold a hearing to review the permanency plan
within 30 days after receiving a report under par. (a). At least 10 days before the date
of the hearing, the court shall provide notice of the time, date place, and purpose of
the hearing to the agency that prepared the report, the child's guardian, the child,
if he or she is 12 years of age or over, and the child's foster parent, or treatment foster
parent, other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) or the operator of the facility
in which the child is living, or the relative with whom the child is living.

SECTION 86. 48.43 (5) (b) 1. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts
28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

48.43 (5) (b) 1. The court shall hold a hearing to review the permanency plan
within 30 days after receiving a report under par. (a). At least 10 days before the date

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of the hearing, the court shall provide notice of the time, place, and purpose of the
 hearing to the agency that prepared the report, the child's guardian, the child, and
 the child's foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the child is living, or the
 relative with whom the child is living.

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SECTION 87. 48.43 (5) (b) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

6 48.43 (5) (b) 2. If the child's permanency plan includes a statement under s. 7 48.38 (4) (i) indicating that the child's age and developmental level are sufficient for 8 the court to consult with the child regarding the child's permanency plan or if, notwithstanding a decision under s. 48.38 (4) (i) that it would not be appropriate for 9 10 the court to consult with the child, the court determines that consultation with the 11 child would be in the best interests of the child, the court shall consult with the child, 12 in an age-appropriate and developmentally appropriate manner, regarding the 13 child's permanency plan and any other matters the court finds appropriate. If none 14 of those circumstances apply, the court may permit the child's caseworker, the child's 15 counsel, or, subject to s. 48.235 (3) (a), the child's guardian ad litem to make a written 16 or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, expressing the child's wishes, goals, and concerns regarding the 17 18 permanency plan and those matters. If the court permits such a written or oral 19 statement to be made or submitted, the court may nonetheless require the child's 20 presence at the hearing.

21

SECTION 88. 48.43 (5) (b) 3. of the statutes is created to read:

48.43 (5) (b) 3. The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent,
operator of a facility, or relative who is notified of a hearing under subd. 1. a right to
be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent,
operator, or relative to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to

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submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be
determined at the hearing. The foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator of
a facility, or relative does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing
is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and right to be heard.

5

6

SECTION 89. 48.43 (5) (b) 3. of the statutes, as created by 2009 Wisconsin Act (this act), is amended to read:

7 48.43 (5) (b) 3. The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, 8 operator of a facility, or relative who is notified of a hearing under subd. 1. a right to 9 be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, 10 operator, or relative to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to 11 submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be 12 determined at the hearing. The foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator of 13 a facility, or relative does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing 14 is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and right to be heard.

15

SECTION 90. 48.43 (5m) of the statutes is amended to read:

48.43 (5m) Either the court or the agency that prepared the permanency plan
shall furnish a copy of the original plan and each revised plan to the child, if he or
she is 12 years of age or over, and to the child's foster parent, the child's or treatment
foster parent or, the operator of the facility in which the child is living, or the relative
with whom the child is living.

21 SECTION 91. 48.43 (5m) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts 28
22 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

48.43 (5m) Either the court or the agency that prepared the permanency plan
shall furnish a copy of the original plan and each revised plan to the child, if he or

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she is 12 years of age or over, and to the child's foster parent, the operator of the
 facility in which the child is living, or the relative with whom the child is living.

SECTION 92. 48.63 (5) (d) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

4 48.63 (5) (d) 4. Not less than 10 days before the review, the agency that placed 5 the child or that arranged the placement of the child shall provide a copy of the 6 revised permanency plan or plans and the request for review submitted under subd. 7 3. and notice of the time and place of the review to the child, the parent, guardian, 8 and legal custodian of the child, and the operator of the group home in which the child 9 is placed, together with notice of the issues to be determined as part of the 10 permanency plan review and notice of the fact that those persons may have the 11 opportunity shall have a right to be heard at the review by submitting written 12 comments to that agency or the independent reviewing agency before the review or 13 by participating at the review.

14

22

SECTION 93. 48.78 (2) (i) of the statutes is created to read:

48.78 (2) (i) Paragraph (a) does not prohibit an agency from disclosing
information to a relative of a child placed outside of his or her home only to the extent
necessary to facilitate the establishment of a relationship between the child and the
relative or a placement of the child with the relative or from disclosing information
under s. 48.21 (5) (e), 48.355 (2) (cm), or 48.357 (2v) (d). In this paragraph, "relative"
includes a relative whose relationship is derived through a parent of the child whose
parental rights are terminated.

SECTION 94. 48.78 (2) (j) of the statutes is created to read:

48.78 (2) (j) Paragraph (a) does not prohibit an agency from disclosing
information to any public or private agency in this state or any other state that is

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- 1 investigating a person for purposes of licensing the person to operate a foster home 2 or placing a child for adoption in the home of the person.
- 3 **SECTION 95.** 48.834 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 **48.834 (2)** PLACEMENT WITH SIBLINGS. Before placing If a child who is being 5 placed for adoption under s. 48.833 - a child who has a sibling who has has one or more 6 siblings, as defined in s. 48.38 (4) (br) 1., who have been adopted or has who have been 7 placed for adoption, the department, county department under s. 48.57 (1) (e) or 8 (hm), or child welfare agency making the placement shall consider the availability 9 of a placement make reasonable efforts to place the child for adoption with an 10 adoptive parent or proposed adoptive parent of such a sibling, as defined in s. 48.38 11 (4) (br), of the child who is identified in the child's permanency plan under s. 48.38 12 or 938.38 or who is otherwise known by the department, county department, or child 13 welfare agency, unless the department, county department, or child welfare agency 14 determines that a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or well-being of 15 the child or any of those siblings, in which case the department, county department, or child welfare agency shall make reasonable efforts to provide for frequent 16 17 visitation or other ongoing interaction between the child and the siblings, unless the 18 department, county department, or child welfare agency determines that such visitation or interaction would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the child or 19 20 any of those siblings.

21

SECTION 96. 48.981 (7) (a) 4m. of the statutes is created to read:

22 48.981 (7) (a) 4m. A relative of a child placed outside of his or her home only 23 to the extent necessary to facilitate the establishment of a relationship between the 24 child and the relative or a placement of the child with the relative or to a person 25 provided with the notice under s. 48.21 (5) (e), 48.355 (2) (cm), or 48.357 (2v) (d). In

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1	this subdivision, "relative" includes a relative whose relationship is derived through
2	a parent of the child whose parental rights are terminated.
3	SECTION 97. 48.981 (7) (a) 4p. of the statutes is created to read:
4	48.981 (7) (a) 4p. A public or private agency in this state or any other state that
5	is investigating a person for purposes of licensing the person to operate a foster home
6	or placing a child for adoption in the home of the person.
7	SECTION 98. 48.999 of the statutes is created to read:
8	48.999 Expediting interstate placements of children. The courts of this
9	state shall do all of the following to expedite the interstate placement of children:
10	(1) Subject to ss. 48.396 (2) and 938.396 (2), cooperate with the courts of other
11	states in the sharing of information.
12	(2) To the greatest extent possible, obtain information and testimony from
13	agencies and parties located in other states without requiring interstate travel by
14	those agencies and parties.
15	(3) Permit parents, children, other necessary parties, attorneys, and guardians
16	ad litem in proceedings involving the interstate placement of a child to participate
17	in those proceedings without requiring interstate travel by those persons.
18	SECTION 99. 146.0255 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	146.0255 (2) TESTING. Any hospital employee who provides health care, social
20	worker, or intake worker under ch. 48 may refer an infant or an expectant mother
21	of an unborn child, as defined in s. 48.02 (19), to a physician for testing of the bodily
22	fluids of the infant or expectant mother for controlled substances or controlled
23	substance analogs if the hospital employee who provides health care, social worker,
24	or intake worker suspects that the infant or expectant mother has controlled
25	substances or controlled substance analogs in the bodily fluids of the infant or

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expectant mother because of the use of controlled substances or controlled substance 1 2 analogs by the mother while she was pregnant with the infant or by the expectant 3 mother while she is pregnant with the unborn child. The physician may test the 4 infant or expectant mother to ascertain whether or not the infant or expectant 5 mother has controlled substances or controlled substance analogs in the bodily fluids 6 of the infant or expectant mother, if the physician determines that there is a serious 7 risk that there are controlled substances or controlled substance analogs in the 8 bodily fluids of the infant or expectant mother because of the use of controlled 9 substances or controlled substance analogs by the mother while she was pregnant 10 with the infant or by the expectant mother while she is pregnant with the unborn 11 child and that the health of the infant, the unborn child or the child when born may 12 be adversely affected by the controlled substances or controlled substance analogs. 13 If the results of the test indicate that the infant does have controlled substances or 14 controlled substance analogs in the infant's bodily fluids, the physician shall make 15 a report report the occurrence of that condition in the infant to the agency, as defined in s. 48.981 (1) (ag), that is responsible for conducting child abuse and neglect 16 17 investigations under s. 48.981, and that agency shall offer to provide, or arrange or 18 refer for the provision of, services and treatment for the child and the child's mother as provided under s. 46.238. If the results of the test indicate that the expectant 19 20 mother does have controlled substances or controlled substance analogs in the 21 expectant mother's bodily fluids, the physician may make a report the 22 occurrence of that condition in the expectant mother to the agency, as defined in s. 23 48.981 (1) (ag), that is responsible for conducting unborn child abuse investigations 24 under s. 48.981, and that agency shall offer to provide, or arrange or refer for the provision of, services and treatment for the unborn child and expectant mother as 25

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1	provided under s. 46.238. Under this subsection, no physician may test an expectant
2	mother without first receiving her informed consent to the testing.
3	SECTION 100. 146.0255 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	146.0255 (3) (b) A statement of explanation that the test results of an infant
5	must, and that the test results of an expectant mother may, be disclosed to -a county
6	department under s. 46.22 or 46.23 or, in a county having a population of 500,000 or
7	more, to the county department under s. 51.42 or 51.437 in accordance with s. 46.238
8	an agency under sub. (2) if the test results are positive.
9	SECTION 101. 757.69 (1) (g) 14. of the statutes is created to read:
10	757.69 (1) (g) 14. Conduct permanency plan reviews under s. 48.38 (5) or 938.38
11	(5) and permanency plan hearings under s. 48.38 (5m) or 938.38 (5m).
12	SECTION 102. 767.41 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
13	767.41 (3) (c) The court shall hold a hearing to review the permanency plan
14	within 30 days after receiving a report under par. (b). At least 10 days before the date
15	of the hearing, the court shall provide notice of the time, date <u>place</u>, and purpose of
16	the hearing to the agency that prepared the report , the child; the child's parents, the
17	child, if he or she is 12 years of age or over, and guardian, and legal custodian; and
18	the child's foster parent, or treatment foster parent θr_{i} the operator of the facility in
19	which the child is living, or the relative with whom the child is living.
20	SECTION 103. 767.41 (3) (c) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts
21	28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:
22	767.41 (3) (c) The court shall hold a hearing to review the permanency plan
23	within 30 days after receiving a report under par. (b). At least 10 days before the date
24	of the hearing, the court shall provide notice of the time, place, and purpose of the
25	hearing to the agency that prepared the report; the child; the child's parents,

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guardian, and legal custodian; and the child's foster parent, the operator of the
 facility in which the child is living, or the relative with whom the child is living.

SECTION 104. 938.21 (2) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

938.21 (2) (e) If present at the hearing, the parent shall be requested to provide the names and other identifying information of 3 relatives of the juvenile or other individuals 18 years of age or over whose homes the parent requests the court to consider as placements for the juvenile. If the parent does not provide that information at the hearing, the county department or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile under the custody order shall permit the parent to provide that information at a later date.

11

3

SECTION 105. 938.21 (3) (f) of the statutes is created to read:

938.21 (3) (f) If present at the hearing, the parent shall be requested to provide the names and other identifying information of 3 relatives of the juvenile or other individuals 18 years of age or over whose homes the parent requests the court to consider as placements for the juvenile. If the parent does not provide that information at the hearing, the county department or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile under the custody order shall permit the parent to provide that information at a later date.

19

SECTION 106. 938.21 (5) (b) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:

938.21 (5) (b) 2m. If the juvenile has one or more siblings, as defined in s. 938.38
(4) (br) 1., who have also been removed from the home, a finding as to whether the
intake worker has made reasonable efforts to place the juvenile in a placement that
enables the sibling group to remain together, unless the court determines that a joint
placement would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the juvenile or any of those
siblings, in which case the court shall order the county department or agency

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25

1	primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile under the custody order
2	to make reasonable efforts to provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing
3	interaction between the juvenile and the siblings, unless the court determines that
4	such visitation or interaction would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the
5	juvenile or any of those siblings.
6	SECTION 107. 938.21 (5) (d) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.21 (5) (d) and
7	amended to read:
8	938.21 (5) (d) If the court finds that any of the circumstances specified in s.
9	938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing
10	under s. 938.38 (4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the
11	permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the
12	agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency
13	plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.
14	SECTION 108. 938.21 (5) (d) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act
15	28, is repealed.
16	SECTION 109. 938.21 (5) (d) 3. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Act
17	28, is repealed.
18	SECTION 110. 938.21 (5) (e) of the statutes is created to read:
19	938.21 (5) (e) 1. In this paragraph, "adult relative" means a grandparent,
20	great-grandparent, aunt, uncle, brother, sister, half brother, or half sister of a
21	juvenile, whether by blood, marriage, or legal adoption, who has attained 18 years
22	of age.
23	2. The court shall order the county department or agency primarily responsible
24	for providing services to the juvenile under the custody order to conduct a diligent

search in order to locate and provide notice of the information specified in this

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1 subdivision to all relatives of the juvenile named under sub. (2) (e) or (3) (f) and to 2 all adult relatives of the juvenile within 30 days after the juvenile is removed from 3 the custody of the juvenile's parent unless the juvenile is returned to his or her home 4 within that period. The court may also order the county department or agency to 5 conduct a diligent search in order to locate and provide notice of the information 6 specified in this subdivision to all other adult individuals named under sub. (2) (e) 7 or (3) (f) within 30 days after the juvenile is removed from the custody of the juvenile's 8 parent unless the juvenile is returned to his or her home within that period. The 9 county department or agency may not provide that notice to a person named under 10 sub. (2) (e) or (3) (f) or to an adult relative if the county department or agency has 11 reason to believe that it would be dangerous to the juvenile or to the parent if the 12 juvenile were placed with that person or adult relative. The notice shall include all 13 of the following:

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a. A statement that the juvenile has been removed from the custody of thejuvenile's parent.

- b. A statement that explains the options that the person provided with the
 notice has under state or federal law to participate in the care and placement of the
 juvenile, including any options that may be lost by failing to respond to the notice.
- c. A description of the requirements to obtain a foster home license under s.
 48.62 or to receive kinship care or long-term kinship care payments under s. 48.57
 (3m) or (3n) and of the additional services and supports that are available for
 juveniles placed in a foster home or in the home of a person receiving those payments.
- d. A statement advising the person provided with the notice that he or she may
 incur additional expenses if the juvenile is placed in his or her home and that
 reimbursement for some of those expenses may be available.

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LRB-3512/1 GMM:cjs:ph **SECTION 110**

- e. The name and contact information of the agency that removed the juvenile
 from the custody of the juvenile's parent.
- **SECTION 111.** 938.27 (3) (a) 1m. of the statutes is amended to read:

4 938.27 (3) (a) 1m. The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, 5 or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under 6 subd. 1. an opportunity a right to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster 7 parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a written or oral 8 statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, 9 relevant to the issues to be determined at the hearing. A foster parent, treatment 10 foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who receives a 11 notice of a hearing under subd. 1. and an opportunity a right to be heard under this 12 subdivision does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held 13 solely on the basis of receiving that notice and opportunity right to be heard.

SECTION 112. 938.27 (3) (a) 1m. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin
 Acts 28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

16 938.27 (3) (a) 1m. The court shall give a foster parent or other physical 17 custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under subd. 1. a right 18 to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent or other physical custodian 19 to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written 20 statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be determined at the hearing. 21 A foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who receives a 22 notice of a hearing under subd. 1. and a right to be heard under this subdivision does 23 not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis 24 of receiving that notice and right to be heard.

SECTION 113. 938.27 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:

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938.27 (6) INTERSTATE COMPACT PROCEEDINGS; NOTICE AND SUMMONS. When a proceeding is initiated under s. 938.14, all interested parties shall receive notice and appropriate summons shall be issued in a manner specified by the court. If the juvenile who is the subject of the proceeding is in the care of a foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), the court shall give the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian notice and an opportunity <u>a right</u> to be heard as provided in sub. (3) (a).

8 SECTION 114. 938.27 (6) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts 28
9 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

938.27 (6) INTERSTATE COMPACT PROCEEDINGS; NOTICE AND SUMMONS. When a proceeding is initiated under s. 938.14, all interested parties shall receive notice and appropriate summons shall be issued in a manner specified by the court. If the juvenile who is the subject of the proceeding is in the care of a foster parent or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), the court shall give the foster parent or other physical custodian notice and a right to be heard as provided in sub. (3) (a).

SECTION 115. 938.32 (1) (c) 1. c. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.32 (1) (c) 1. c. A If a permanency plan has previously been prepared for the
juvenile, a finding as to whether the county department or agency has made
reasonable efforts to achieve the goal of the juvenile's permanency plan, including,
if appropriate, through an out-of-state placement, unless return of the juvenile to
the home is the goal of the permanency plan and the court finds that any of the
circumstances specified in s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies.

23 SECTION 116. 938.32 (1) (c) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

938.32 (1) (c) 1m. If the juvenile has one or more siblings, as defined in s. 938.38
(4) (br) 1., who have also been removed from the home, the consent decree shall

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1 include a finding as to whether the county department or agency primarily 2 responsible for providing services to the juvenile has made reasonable efforts to place 3 the juvenile in a placement that enables the sibling group to remain together, unless 4 the court determines that a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or 5 well-being of the juvenile or any of those siblings, in which case the court shall order 6 the county department or agency to make reasonable efforts to provide for frequent 7 visitation or other ongoing interaction between the child and the siblings, unless the 8 court determines that such visitation or interaction would be contrary to the safety 9 or well-being of the juvenile or any of those siblings.

10

SECTION 117. 938.33 (4) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

11 938.33 (4) (c) Specific information showing that continued placement of the 12 juvenile in his or her home would be contrary to the welfare of the juvenile, specific 13 information showing that the county department or the agency primarily 14 responsible for providing services to the juvenile has made reasonable efforts to 15 prevent the removal of the juvenile from the home, while assuring that the juvenile's 16 health and safety are the paramount concerns, unless any of the circumstances 17 specified in s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies, and, if a permanency plan has 18 previously been prepared for the juvenile, specific information showing that the 19 county department or agency has made reasonable efforts to achieve the goal of the 20 juvenile's permanency plan, including, if appropriate, through an out-of-state 21 <u>placement</u>, unless return of the juvenile to the home is the goal of the permanency 22 plan and any of the circumstances specified in s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies.

23

SECTION 118. 938.33 (4) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

938.33 (4) (d) 1. If the juvenile has one or more siblings, as defined in s. 938.38
(4) (br) 1., who have been removed from the home or for whom an out-of-home

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1 placement is recommended, specific information showing that the county 2 department or agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile has 3 made reasonable efforts to place the juvenile in a placement that enables the sibling 4 group to remain together, unless the county department or agency recommends that 5 the juvenile and his or her siblings not be placed in a joint placement, in which case 6 the report shall include specific information showing that a joint placement would 7 be contrary to the safety or well-being of the juvenile or any of those siblings and the 8 specific information required under subd. 2.

9 2. If a recommendation is made that the juvenile and his or her siblings not be 10 placed in a joint placement, specific information showing that the county department 11 or agency has made reasonable efforts to provide for frequent visitation or other 12 ongoing interaction between the juvenile and the siblings, unless the county 13 department or agency recommends that such visitation or interaction not be 14 provided, in which case the report shall include specific information showing that 15 such visitation or interaction would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the 16 juvenile or any of those siblings.

17

SECTION 119. 938.335 (3g) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.335 (3g) (c) That, if a permanency plan has previously been prepared for
the juvenile, the county department or agency has made reasonable efforts to achieve
the goal of the juvenile's permanency plan, including, if appropriate, through an
out-of-state placement, unless return of the juvenile to the home is the goal of the
permanency plan and any of the circumstances specified in s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to
4. applies.

24

SECTION 120. 938.335 (3g) (d) of the statutes is created to read:

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1 938.335 (3g) (d) 1. If the juvenile has one or more siblings, as defined in s. 2 938.38 (4) (br) 1., who have been removed from the home or for whom an out-of-home 3 placement is recommended, that the county department or agency has made 4 reasonable efforts to place the juvenile in a placement that enables the sibling group 5 to remain together, unless the county department or agency recommends that the 6 juvenile and his or her siblings not be placed in a joint placement, in which case the 7 county department or agency shall present as evidence specific information showing 8 that a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the juvenile 9 or any of those siblings and the specific information required under subd. 2.

10 2. If a recommendation is made that the juvenile and his or her siblings not be 11 placed in a joint placement, that the county department or agency has made 12 reasonable efforts to provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction 13 between the juvenile and the siblings, unless the county department or agency 14 recommends that such visitation or interaction not be provided, in which case the 15 county department or agency shall present as evidence specific information showing 16 that such visitation or interaction would be contrary to the safety or well-being of 17 the juvenile or any of those siblings.

18

SECTION 121. 938.335 (6) of the statutes is created to read:

19 938.335 (6) JUVENILE PLACED OUTSIDE THE HOME. If the dispositional order places 20 the juvenile outside the home, the parent, if present at the hearing, shall be 21 requested to provide the names and other identifying information of 3 relatives of the 22 juvenile or other individuals 18 years of age or over whose homes the parent requests 23 the court to consider as placements for the juvenile, unless that information has 24 previously been provided under s. 938.21 (2) (e) or (3) (f). If the parent does not 25 provide that information at the hearing, the county department or the agency

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primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile under the dispositional
 order shall permit the parent to provide the information at a later date.

SECTION 122. 938.355 (2) (b) 6. of the statutes is amended to read:

4 938.355 (2) (b) 6. If the juvenile is placed outside the home, a finding that 5 continued placement of the juvenile in his or her home would be contrary to the 6 welfare of the juvenile or, if the juvenile has been adjudicated delinquent and is 7 placed outside the home under s. 938.34 (3) (a), (c), (cm), or (d) or (4d), a finding that 8 the juvenile's current residence will not safeguard the welfare of the juvenile or the 9 community due to the serious nature of the act for which the juvenile was adjudicated 10 delinquent. The court order shall also contain a finding as to whether the county 11 department or the agency primarily responsible for providing services under a court 12 order has made reasonable efforts to prevent the removal of the juvenile from the 13 home, while assuring that the juvenile's health and safety are the paramount 14 concerns, unless the court finds that any of the circumstances under sub. (2d) (b) 1. 15 to 4. applies, and, if a permanency plan has previously been prepared for the juvenile, 16 a finding as to whether the county department or agency has made reasonable efforts 17 to achieve the goal of the juvenile's permanency plan, including, if appropriate, 18 through an out-of-state placement, unless return of the juvenile to the home is the 19 goal of the permanency plan and the court finds that any of the circumstances under 20 sub. (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies. The court shall make the findings specified in this 21 subdivision on a case-by-case basis based on circumstances specific to the juvenile 22 and shall document or reference the specific information on which those findings are 23 based in the court order. A court order that merely references this subdivision 24 without documenting or referencing that specific information in the court order or

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an amended court order that retroactively corrects an earlier court order that does
 not comply with this subdivision is not sufficient to comply with this subdivision.

SECTION 123. 938.355 (2) (b) 6p. of the statutes is created to read:

4 938.355 (2) (b) 6p. If the juvenile is placed outside the home and if the juvenile 5 has one or more siblings, as defined in s. 938.38 (4) (br) 1., who have also been placed 6 outside the home, a finding as to whether the county department or the agency 7 primarily responsible for providing services under a court order has made reasonable 8 efforts to place the juvenile in a placement that enables the sibling group to remain 9 together, unless the court determines that a joint placement would be contrary to the 10 safety or well-being of the juvenile or any of those siblings, in which case the court 11 shall order the county department or agency to make reasonable efforts to provide 12 for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the juvenile and the 13 siblings, unless the court determines that such visitation or interaction would be 14 contrary to the safety or well-being of the juvenile or any of those siblings.

15

SECTION 124. 938.355 (2) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:

16 938.355 (2) (cm) 1. Subject to subd. 2., the court shall order the county 17 department or the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile 18 under the dispositional order to conduct a diligent search in order to locate and 19 provide notice of the information specified in s. 938.21 (5) (e) 2. a. to e. to all relatives 20 of the juvenile named under s. 938.335 (6) and to all adult relatives, as defined in s. 21 938.21 (5) (e) 1., of the juvenile within 30 days after the juvenile is removed from the 22 custody of the juvenile's parent unless the juvenile is returned to his or her home 23 within that period. The court may also order the county department or agency to 24 conduct a diligent search in order to locate and provide notice of that information to 25 all other adult individuals named under s. 938.335 (6) within 30 days after the

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juvenile is removed from the custody of the juvenile's parent unless the juvenile is returned to his or her home within that period. The county department or agency may not provide that notice to a person named under s. 938.335 (6) or to an adult relative if the county department or agency has reason to believe that it would be dangerous to the juvenile or to the parent if the juvenile were placed with that person or adult relative.

2. Subdivision 1. does not apply if the search required under subd. 1. was
previously conducted and the notice required under subd. 1. was previously provided
under s. 938.21 (5) (e) 2.

10

SECTION 125. 938.355 (2b) of the statutes is amended to read:

11 CONCURRENT REASONABLE EFFORTS PERMITTED. 938.355 (**2b**) A county 12 department or the agency primarily responsible for providing services to a juvenile 13 under a court order may, at the same time as the county department or agency is 14 making the reasonable efforts required under sub. (2) (b) 6. to prevent the removal 15 of the juvenile from the home or to make it possible for the juvenile to return safely 16 to his or her home, work with the department of children and families, a county 17 department under s. 48.57 (1) (e) or (hm), or a child welfare agency licensed under 18 s. 48.61 (5) in making reasonable efforts to place the juvenile for adoption, with a 19 guardian, with a fit and willing relative, or in some other alternative permanent 20 placement, including reasonable efforts to identify an appropriate out-of-state 21 placement.

22

23

SECTION 126. 938.355 (2d) (c) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.355 (2d) (c) and amended to read:

938.355 (2d) (c) If the court finds that any of the circumstances under par. (b)
1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing <u>under s. 938.38</u>

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24

1	(4m) within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan
2	for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the agency responsible
3	for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not
4	less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.
5	SECTION 127. 938.355 (2d) (c) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin
6	Act 28, is repealed.
7	SECTION 128. 938.355 (2d) (c) 3. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin
8	Act 28, is repealed.
9	SECTION 129. 938.357 (1) (c) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:
10	938.357 (1) (c) 2m. If the court changes the juvenile's placement from a
11	placement in the juvenile's home to a placement outside the juvenile's home, the
12	parent, if present at the hearing, shall be requested to provide the names and other
13	identifying information of 3 relatives of the juvenile or other individuals 18 years of
14	age or over whose homes the parent requests the court to consider as placements for
15	the juvenile, unless that information has previously been provided under this
16	subdivision, sub. (2m) (bm), or s. 938.21 (2) (e) or (3) (f) or 938.335 (6). If the parent
17	does not provide that information at the hearing, the county department or the
18	agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional order shall permit
19	the parent to provide the information at a later date.
20	SECTION 130. 938.357 (2m) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:
21	938.357 (2m) (bm) Juvenile placed outside the home. If the court changes the
22	juvenile's placement from a placement in the juvenile's home to a placement outside
23	the juvenile's home, the parent, if present at the hearing, shall be requested to

provide the names and other identifying information of 3 relatives of the juvenile or other individuals 18 years of age or over whose homes the parent requests the court 25

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1 to consider as placements for the juvenile, unless that information has previously 2 been provided under this paragraph, sub. (1) (c) 2m., or s. 938.21 (2) (e) or (3) (f) or 3 938.335 (6). If the parent does not provide that information at the hearing, the 4 county department or the agency primarily responsible for implementing the 5 dispositional order shall permit the parent to provide the information at a later date. 6

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SECTION 131. 938.357 (2r) of the statutes is amended to read:

7 938.357 (2r) REMOVAL FROM FOSTER HOME OR PHYSICAL CUSTODIAN. If a hearing 8 is held under sub. (1) (am) 2. or (2m) (b) and the change in placement would remove 9 a juvenile from a foster home, treatment foster home, or other placement with a 10 physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), the court shall give the foster parent, 11 treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian an opportunity <u>a right</u> to be 12 heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or 13 other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing or 14 to submit a written statement prior to the hearing relating to the juvenile and the 15 requested change in placement. A foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other 16 physical custodian who receives notice of a hearing under sub. (1) (am) 1. or (2m) (b) 17 and an opportunity a right to be heard under this subsection does not become a party 18 to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that 19 notice and opportunity right to be heard.

20

SECTION 132. 938.357 (2r) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts 21 28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

22 938.357 (2r) REMOVAL FROM FOSTER HOME OR PHYSICAL CUSTODIAN. If a hearing 23 is held under sub. (1) (am) 2. or (2m) (b) and the change in placement would remove 24 a juvenile from a foster home or other placement with a physical custodian described 25 in s. 48.62 (2), the court shall give the foster parent or other physical custodian a right

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to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the hearing or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing relating to the juvenile and the requested change in placement. A foster parent or other physical custodian who receives notice of a hearing under sub. (1) (am) 1. or (2m) (b) and a right to be heard under this subsection does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and right to be heard.

8

SECTION 133. 938.357 (2v) (a) 2m. of the statutes is created to read:

938.357 (2v) (a) 2m. If the juvenile has one or more siblings, as defined in s. 9 10 938.38 (4) (br) 1., who have been placed outside the home or for whom a change in 11 placement to a placement outside the home is requested, a finding as to whether the 12 county department or the agency primarily responsible for implementing the 13 dispositional order has made reasonable efforts to place the juvenile in a placement 14 that enables the sibling group to remain together, unless the court determines that 15 a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the juvenile or any 16 of those siblings, in which case the court shall order the county department or agency 17 to make reasonable efforts to provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing 18 interaction between the juvenile and the siblings, unless the court determines that 19 such visitation or interaction would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the 20 juvenile or any of those siblings.

21

22

SECTION 134. 938.357 (2v) (c) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.357 (2v) (c) and amended to read:

938.357 (2v) (c) If the court finds under par. (a) 3. that any of the circumstances
under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold
a hearing <u>under s. 938.38 (4m)</u> within 30 days after the date of that finding to

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determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this
paragraph, the agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the
permanency plan with the court at least 5 days before the date of the hearing.
SECTION 135. 938.357 (2v) (c) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin
Act 28, is repealed.
SECTION 136. 938.357 (2v) (c) 3. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin
Act 28, is repealed.
SECTION 137. 938.357 (2v) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
938.357 (2v) (d) 1. Subject to subd. 2., the court shall order the county
department or the agency primarily responsible for implementing the dispositional
order to conduct a diligent search in order to locate and provide notice of the
information specified in s. 938.21 (5) (e) 2. a. to e. to all relatives of the juvenile named
under sub. (1) (c) 2m. or (2m) (bm) and to all adult relatives, as defined in s. 938.21
(5) (e) 1., of the juvenile within 30 days after the juvenile is removed from the custody
of the juvenile's parent unless the juvenile is returned to his or her home within that
period. The court may also order the county department or agency to conduct a
diligent search in order to locate and provide notice of that information to all other
adult individuals named under sub. (1) (c) 2m. or (2m) (bm) within 30 days after the
juvenile is removed from the custody of the juvenile's parent unless the juvenile is
returned to his or her home within that period. The county department or agency
may not provide that notice to a person named under sub. (1) (c) 2m. or (2m) (bm) or
to an adult relative if the county department or agency has reason to believe that it
would be dangerous to the juvenile or to the parent if the juvenile were placed with
that person or adult relative.

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Subdivision 1. does not apply if the search required under subd. 1. was
 previously conducted and the notice required under subd. 1. was previously provided
 under s. 938.21 (5) (e) 2. or 938.355 (2) (cm) 1.

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4

SECTION 138. 938.363 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

5 938.363 (1) (b) If a hearing is held, at least 3 days prior to the hearing the court 6 shall notify the juvenile, the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, all 7 parties bound by the dispositional order, the juvenile's foster parent, treatment 8 foster parent, or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), and the district 9 attorney or corporation counsel in the county in which the dispositional order was 10 entered at least 3 days prior to the hearing. A copy of the request or proposal shall 11 be attached to the notice. If all parties consent, the court may proceed immediately 12 with the hearing. No revision may extend the effective period of the original order, 13 or revise an original order under s. 938.34 (3) (f) or (6) (am) to impose more than a 14 total of 30 days of detention, nonsecure custody, or inpatient treatment on a juvenile. 15 **SECTION 139.** 938.363 (1) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts 16 28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

17 938.363 (1) (b) If a hearing is held, at least 3 days prior to the hearing the court 18 shall notify the juvenile, the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian, all 19 parties bound by the dispositional order, the juvenile's foster parent or other physical 20 custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), and the district attorney or corporation counsel 21 in the county in which the dispositional order was entered. A copy of the request or 22 proposal shall be attached to the notice. If all parties consent, the court may proceed 23 immediately with the hearing. No revision may extend the effective period of the 24 original order, or revise an original order under s. 938.34 (3) (f) or (6) (am) to impose

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more than a total of 30 days of detention, nonsecure custody, or inpatient treatment
 on a juvenile.

SECTION 140. 938.363 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read:

4 938.363 (1m) EVIDENCE AND STATEMENTS. If a hearing is held under sub. (1) (a), 5 any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of revision of the dispositional 6 order. In addition, the court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, or 7 other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) of the juvenile an opportunity a 8 right to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster 9 parent, or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement during the 10 hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issue 11 of revision. A foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian who 12 receives notice of a hearing under sub. (1) (a) and an opportunity <u>a right</u> to be heard 13 under this subsection does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing 14 is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and opportunity <u>right</u> to be heard. 15 **SECTION 141.** 938.363 (1m) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts 16 28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

17 938.363 (1m) EVIDENCE AND STATEMENTS. If a hearing is held under sub. (1) (a), 18 any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of revision of the dispositional 19 order. In addition, the court shall give a foster parent or other physical custodian 20 described in s. 48.62 (2) of the juvenile a right to be heard at the hearing by permitting 21 the foster parent or other physical custodian to make a written or oral statement 22 during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, relevant 23 to the issue of revision. A foster parent or other physical custodian who receives 24 notice of a hearing under sub. (1) (a) and a right to be heard under this subsection

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does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the
 basis of receiving that notice and right to be heard.

3

SECTION 142. 938.365 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.365 (2) NOTICE. No order may be extended without a hearing. The court
shall notify the juvenile or the juvenile's guardian ad litem or counsel, the juvenile's
parent, guardian, legal custodian, all of the parties present at the original hearing,
the juvenile's foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian
described in s. 48.62 (2), and the district attorney or corporation counsel in the county
in which the dispositional order was entered of the time and place of the hearing.

SECTION 143. 938.365 (2) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts
28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

12 938.365 (2) NOTICE. No order may be extended without a hearing. The court 13 shall notify the juvenile, the juvenile's parent, guardian, legal custodian, all of the 14 parties present at the original hearing, the juvenile's foster parent or other physical 15 custodian described in s. 48.62 (2), and the district attorney or corporation counsel 16 in the county in which the dispositional order was entered of the time and place of 17 the hearing.

SECTION 144. 938.365 (2g) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.365 (2g) (b) 3. If the juvenile has been placed outside of his or her home in a foster home, treatment foster home, group home, nonsecured residential care center for children and youth, or shelter care facility for 15 of the most recent 22 months, not including any period during which the juvenile was a runaway from the out-of-home placement or the first 6 months of any period during which the juvenile was returned to his or her home for a trial home visit, a statement of whether or not a recommendation has been made to terminate the parental rights of the parents of

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1 the juvenile. If a recommendation for a termination of parental rights has been 2 made, the statement shall indicate the date on which the recommendation was made, 3 any previous progress made to accomplish the termination of parental rights, any 4 barriers to the termination of parental rights, specific steps to overcome the barriers 5 and when the steps will be completed, reasons why adoption would be in the best 6 interest of the juvenile and whether or not the juvenile should be registered with the 7 adoption information exchange. If a recommendation for termination of parental 8 rights has not been made, the statement shall include an explanation of the reasons 9 why a recommendation for termination of parental rights has not been made. If the 10 lack of appropriate adoptive resources is the primary reason for not recommending 11 a termination of parental rights, the agency shall recommend that the juvenile be 12 registered with the adoption information exchange or report the reason why 13 registering the juvenile is contrary to the best interest of the juvenile.

SECTION 145. 938.365 (2g) (b) 3. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin
 Act (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

16 938.365 (2g) (b) 3. If the juvenile has been placed outside of his or her home 17 in a foster home, group home, nonsecured residential care center for children and 18 youth, or shelter care facility for 15 of the most recent 22 months, not including any 19 period during which the juvenile was a runaway from the out-of-home placement 20 or the first 6 months of any period during which the juvenile was returned to his or 21 her home for a trial home visit, a statement of whether or not a recommendation has 22 been made to terminate the parental rights of the parents of the juvenile. If a 23 recommendation for a termination of parental rights has been made, the statement 24 shall indicate the date on which the recommendation was made, any previous 25 progress made to accomplish the termination of parental rights, any barriers to the

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1 termination of parental rights, specific steps to overcome the barriers and when the 2 steps will be completed, reasons why adoption would be in the best interest of the 3 juvenile and whether or not the juvenile should be registered with the adoption 4 information exchange. If a recommendation for termination of parental rights has 5 not been made, the statement shall include an explanation of the reasons why a 6 recommendation for termination of parental rights has not been made. If the lack 7 of appropriate adoptive resources is the primary reason for not recommending a 8 termination of parental rights, the agency shall recommend that the juvenile be 9 registered with the adoption information exchange or report the reason why 10 registering the juvenile is contrary to the best interest of the juvenile.

11

SECTION 146. 938.365 (2m) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

12 938.365 (2m) (a) 1. Any party may present evidence relevant to the issue of 13 extension. If the juvenile is placed outside of his or her home, the person or agency 14 primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile shall present as evidence 15 specific information showing that the agency has made reasonable efforts to achieve 16 the goal of the juvenile's permanency plan, including, if appropriate, through an 17 out-of-state placement, unless return of the juvenile to the home is the goal of the permanency plan and any of the circumstances under s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. 18 19 applies. The court shall make findings of fact and conclusions of law based on the 20 evidence. The findings of fact shall include a finding as to whether reasonable efforts 21 were made by the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the juvenile 22 to achieve the goal of the juvenile's permanency plan, including, if appropriate, 23 through an out-of-state placement, unless return of the juvenile to the home is the 24 goal of the permanency plan and the court finds that any of the circumstances under 25 s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies. An order shall be issued under s. 938.355.

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1

SECTION 147. 938.365 (2m) (a) 1m. of the statutes is created to read:

2 938.365 (2m) (a) 1m. a. If the juvenile is placed outside of his or her home and 3 if the juvenile has one or more siblings, as defined in s. 938.38 (4) (br) 1., who have 4 also been placed outside the home, the person or agency primarily responsible for 5 providing services to the juvenile shall present as evidence specific information 6 showing that the agency has made reasonable efforts to place the juvenile in a 7 placement that enables the sibling group to remain together, unless the court has 8 determined that a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or well-being of 9 the juvenile or any of those siblings, in which case the agency shall present as 10 evidence specific information showing that agency has made reasonable efforts to 11 provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction between the juvenile and 12 the siblings, unless the court has determined that such visitation or interaction 13 would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the juvenile or any of those siblings.

14 b. If the juvenile is placed outside the home and if the juvenile has one or more 15 siblings, as defined in s. 938.38 (4) (br) 1., who have also been placed outside the 16 home, the findings of fact shall include a finding as to whether reasonable efforts 17 have been made by the agency primarily responsible for providing services to the 18 juvenile to place the juvenile in a placement that enables the sibling group to remain 19 together, unless the court has determined that a joint placement would be contrary 20 to the safety or well-being of the juvenile or any of those siblings, in which case the 21 findings of fact shall include a finding as to whether reasonable efforts have been 22 made by the agency to provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction 23 between the juvenile and the siblings, unless the court has determined that such 24 visitation or interaction would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the juvenile 25 or any of those siblings.

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SECTION 148. 938.365 (2m) (ad) 1. of the statutes is renumbered 938.365 (2m)
 (ad) and amended to read:

938.365 (2m) (ad) If the court finds that any of the circumstances under s.
938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing
<u>under s. 938.38 (4m)</u> within 30 days after the date of that finding to determine the
permanency plan for the juvenile. If a hearing is held under this subdivision, the
agency responsible for preparing the permanency plan shall file the permanency
plan with the court not less than 5 days before the date of the hearing.

9 SECTION 149. 938.365 (2m) (ad) 2. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin
10 Act 28, is repealed.

11 SECTION 150. 938.365 (2m) (ag) of the statutes is amended to read:

12 938.365 (2m) (ag) The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, 13 or other physical custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under 14 par. (ad) 2. or sub. (2) an opportunity <u>a right</u> to be heard at the hearing by permitting 15 the foster parent, treatment foster parent, or other physical custodian to make a 16 written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written statement prior 17 to the hearing, relevant to the issue of extension. A foster parent, treatment foster 18 parent, or other physical custodian who receives notice of a hearing under par. (ad) 19 2. or sub. (2) and an opportunity <u>a right</u> to be heard under this paragraph does not 20 become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of 21 receiving that notice and opportunity <u>right</u> to be heard.

SECTION 151. 938.365 (2m) (ag) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin
Acts 28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

938.365 (2m) (ag) The court shall give a foster parent or other physical
custodian described in s. 48.62 (2) who is notified of a hearing under sub. (2) a right

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1 to be heard at the hearing by permitting the foster parent or other physical custodian 2 to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written 3 statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issue of extension. A foster parent or 4 other physical custodian who receives notice of a hearing under sub. (2) and a right 5 to be heard under this paragraph does not become a party to the proceeding on which 6 the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and right to be heard. 7 **SECTION 152.** 938.38 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 8 938.38 (3) TIME. (intro.) Subject to s. 938.355 (2d) (c) 1. sub. (4m) (a), the agency 9 shall file the permanency plan with the court within 60 days after the date on which 10 the juvenile was first removed from his or her home, except under either of the 11 following conditions: 12 **SECTION 153.** 938.38 (4) (br) of the statutes is renumbered 938.38 (4) (br) 1. and 13 amended to read:

14 938.38 (4) (br) 1. A statement as to the availability of a safe and appropriate 15 placement with a foster parent, adoptive parent, or proposed adoptive parent of a 16 sibling of the juvenile and, if a decision is made not to place the juvenile with an 17 available foster parent, adoptive parent, or proposed adoptive parent of a sibling, a 18 statement as to why placement with the foster parent, adoptive parent, or proposed adoptive parent of a sibling is not safe or appropriate. In this paragraph, "sibling" 19 20 means a person who is a brother or sister of a juvenile, whether by blood, marriage, 21 or adoption, including a person who has a brother or sister of a juvenile before the 22 person was adopted or parental rights to the person were terminated.

SECTION 154. 938.38 (4) (br) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

23

938.38 (4) (br) 2. If the juvenile has one or more siblings who have also been
removed from the home, a description of the efforts made to place the juvenile in a

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1 placement that enables the sibling group to remain together and, if a decision is made 2 not to place the juvenile and his or her siblings in a joint placement, a statement as 3 to why a joint placement would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the juvenile 4 or any of those siblings and a description of the efforts made to provide for frequent 5 visitation or other ongoing interaction between the juvenile and those siblings. If a 6 decision is made not to provide for that visitation or interaction, the permanency plan 7 shall include a statement as to why that visitation or interaction would be contrary 8 to the safety or well-being of the juvenile or any of those siblings. 9 **SECTION 155.** 938.38 (4) (fm) of the statutes is amended to read: 10 938.38 (4) (fm) If the goal of the permanency plan is to place the juvenile for 11 adoption, with a guardian, with a fit and willing relative, or in some other alternative 12 permanent placement, the efforts made to achieve that goal, including, if 13 appropriate, through an out-of-state placement. 14 **SECTION 156.** 938.38 (4) (h) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 15 938.38 (4) (h) (intro.) If the juvenile is 15 years of age or older, -a description 16 of an independent living plan describing the programs and services that are or will 17 be provided to assist the juvenile in preparing for the transition from out-of-home 18 care to independent living. The description <u>plan</u> shall include all of the following: 19 **SECTION 157.** 938.38 (4) (i) of the statutes is created to read: 20 938.38 (4) (i) A statement as to whether the juvenile's age and developmental 21 level are sufficient for the court to consult with the juvenile at the permanency plan 22 determination hearing under sub. (4m) (c) or at the permanency plan hearing under 23 sub. (5m) (c) 2. or for the court or panel to consult with the juvenile at the permanency 24 plan review under sub. (5) (bm) 2. and, if a decision is made that it would not be age 25 appropriate or developmentally appropriate for the court to consult with the

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3

juvenile, a statement as to why consultation with the juvenile would not be
 appropriate.

SECTION 158. 938.38 (4m) of the statutes is created to read:

4 938.38 (4m) REASONABLE EFFORTS NOT REQUIRED; PERMANENCY PLAN 5 DETERMINATION HEARING. (a) If in a proceeding under s. 938.21, 938.355, 938.357, or 6 938.365 the court finds that any of the circumstances specified in s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 7 1. to 4. applies with respect to a parent, the court shall hold a hearing within 30 days 8 after the date of that finding to determine the permanency plan for the juvenile. If 9 a hearing is held under this paragraph, the agency responsible for preparing the 10 permanency plan shall file the permanency plan with the court not less than 5 days 11 before the date of the hearing. At the hearing, the court shall consider placing the 12 juvenile in a placement outside this state if the court determines that such a 13 placement would be in the best interests of the juvenile and appropriate to achieving 14 the goal of the juvenile's permanency plan.

(b) At least 10 days before the date of the hearing the court shall notify the juvenile; the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; and the juvenile's foster parent or treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the juvenile is living, or the relative with whom the juvenile is living of the time, place, and purpose of the hearing, of the issues to be determined at the hearing, and of the fact that they shall have a right to be heard at the hearing.

(c) If the juvenile's permanency plan includes a statement under sub. (4) (i)
indicating that the juvenile's age and developmental level are sufficient for the court
to consult with the juvenile regarding the juvenile's permanency plan or if,
notwithstanding a decision under sub. (4) (i) that it would not be appropriate for the
court to consult with the juvenile, the court determines that consultation with the

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1 juvenile would be in the best interests of the juvenile, the court shall consult with the 2 juvenile, in an age-appropriate and developmentally appropriate manner, regarding 3 the juvenile's permanency plan and any other matters the court finds appropriate. 4 If none of those circumstances apply, the court may permit the juvenile's caseworker, 5 the juvenile's counsel, or, subject to s. 938.235 (3) (a), the juvenile's guardian ad litem 6 to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a written 7 statement prior to the hearing, expressing the juvenile's wishes, goals, and concerns 8 regarding the permanency plan and those matters. If the court permits such a 9 written or oral statement to be made or submitted, the court may nonetheless require 10 the juvenile to be physically present at the hearing.

11 (d) The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator of a 12 facility, or relative who is notified of a hearing under par. (b) a right to be heard at 13 the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator, or 14 relative to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a 15 written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be determined at the 16 hearing. The foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator of a facility, or relative 17 does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the 18 basis of receiving that notice and right to be heard.

SECTION 159. 938.38 (4m) (b) and (d) of the statutes, as created by 2009 Wisconsin Act (this act), are amended to read:

938.38 (4m) (b) At least 10 days before the date of the hearing the court shall
notify the juvenile; the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; and the
juvenile's foster parent or treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in
which the juvenile is living, or the relative with whom the juvenile is living of the

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time, place, and purpose of the hearing, of the issues to be determined at the hearing,
 and of the fact that they shall have a right to be heard at the hearing.

3 (d) The court shall give a foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator of a 4 facility, or relative who is notified of a hearing under par. (b) a right to be heard at 5 the hearing by permitting the foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator, or 6 relative to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, or to submit a 7 written statement prior to the hearing, relevant to the issues to be determined at the 8 hearing. The foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator of a facility, or relative 9 does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the 10 basis of receiving that notice and right to be heard.

11

SECTION 160. 938.38 (5) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

12 938.38 (5) (b) The court or the agency shall notify the parents of the juvenile, 13 the juvenile, if he or she is 10 years of age or older, and; the juvenile's parent, 14 guardian, and legal custodian; and the juvenile's foster parent, the juvenile's or 15 treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the juvenile is living, 16 or the relative with whom the juvenile is living of the date, time, and place, and 17 <u>purpose</u> of the review, of the issues to be determined as part of the review, and of the 18 fact that they may have an opportunity shall have a right to be heard at the review 19 by submitting written comments not less than 10 working days before the review or 20 by participating at the review as provided in par. (bm) 1. The court or agency shall 21 notify the person representing the interests of the public, the juvenile's counsel, and the juvenile's guardian ad litem of the date time, place, and purpose of the review, 22 23 of the issues to be determined as part of the review, and of the fact that they may 24 submit written comments not less than 10 working days before the review have an 25 <u>opportunity to be heard at the review as provided in par. (bm) 1</u>. The notices under

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this paragraph shall be provided in writing not less than 30 days before the review
 and copies of the notices shall be filed in the juvenile's case record.

3 SECTION 161. 938.38 (5) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts
4 28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

5 938.38 (5) (b) The court or the agency shall notify the juvenile; the juvenile's 6 parent, guardian, and legal custodian; and the juvenile's foster parent, the operator 7 of the facility in which the juvenile is living, or the relative with whom the juvenile 8 is living of the time, place, and purpose of the review, of the issues to be determined 9 as part of the review, and of the fact that they shall have a right to be heard at the 10 review as provided in par. (bm) 1. The court or agency shall notify the person 11 representing the interests of the public, the juvenile's counsel, and the juvenile's 12 guardian ad litem of the time, place, and purpose of the review, of the issues to be 13 determined as part of the review, and of the fact that they may have an opportunity 14 to be heard at the review as provided in par. (bm) 1. The notices under this paragraph 15 shall be provided in writing not less than 30 days before the review and copies of the 16 notices shall be filed in the juvenile's case record.

17

SECTION 162. 938.38 (5) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

18 938.38 (5) (bm) 1. A juvenile, parent, guardian, legal custodian, foster parent, 19 treatment foster parent, operator of a facility, or relative who is provided notice of the 20 review under par. (b) shall have a right to be heard at the review by submitting 21 written comments relevant to the determinations specified in par. (c) not less than 22 10 working days before the date of the review or by participating at the review. A 23 person representing the interests of the public, counsel, or guardian ad litem who is 24 provided notice of the review under par. (b) may have an opportunity to be heard at 25 the review by submitting written comments relevant to the determinations specified

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in par. (c) not less than 10 working days before the date of the review. A foster parent, 1 2 treatment foster parent, operator of a facility, or relative who receives notice of a 3 review under par. (b) and a right to be heard under this subdivision does not become 4 a party to the proceeding on which the review is held solely on the basis of receiving 5 that notice and right to be heard.

- 6 2. If the juvenile's permanency plan includes a statement under sub. (4) (i) 7 indicating that the juvenile's age and developmental level are sufficient for the court 8 or panel to consult with the juvenile regarding the juvenile's permanency plan or if, 9 notwithstanding a decision under sub. (4) (i) that it would not be appropriate for the 10 court or panel to consult with the juvenile, the court or panel determines that 11 consultation with the juvenile would be in the best interests of the juvenile, the court 12 or panel shall consult with the juvenile, in an age-appropriate and developmentally 13 appropriate manner, regarding the juvenile's permanency plan and any other 14 matters the court or panel finds appropriate. If none of those circumstances apply, 15 the court or panel may permit the juvenile's caseworker, the juvenile's counsel, or, 16 subject to s. 938.235 (3) (a), the juvenile's guardian ad litem to make a written or oral 17 statement during the review, or to submit a written statement prior to the review, 18 expressing the juvenile's wishes, goals, and concerns regarding the permanency plan 19 and those matters. If the court or panel permits such a written or oral statement to 20 be made or submitted, the court or panel may nonetheless require the juvenile to be 21 physically present at the review.
- 22 23

SECTION 163. 938.38 (5) (bm) 1. of the statutes, as created by 2009 Wisconsin Act (this act), is amended to read:

24 938.38 (5) (bm) 1. A juvenile, parent, guardian, legal custodian, foster parent, 25 treatment foster parent, operator of a facility, or relative who is provided notice of the

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1 review under par. (b) shall have a right to be heard at the review by submitting 2 written comments relevant to the determinations specified in par. (c) not less than 3 10 working days before the date of the review or by participating at the review. A 4 person representing the interests of the public, counsel, or guardian ad litem who is 5 provided notice of the review under par. (b) may have an opportunity to be heard at 6 the review by submitting written comments relevant to the determinations specified 7 in par. (c) not less than 10 working days before the date of the review. A foster parent, 8 treatment foster parent, operator of a facility, or relative who receives notice of a 9 hearing under par. (b) and a right to be heard under this subdivision does not become 10 a party to the proceeding on which the review is held solely on the basis of receiving 11 that notice and right to be heard.

12

SECTION 164. 938.38 (5) (c) 6. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

13 938.38 (5) (c) 6. (intro.) If the juvenile has been placed outside of his or her 14 home, as described in s. 938.365 (1), in a foster home, treatment foster home, group 15 home, nonsecured residential care center for children and youth, or shelter care 16 facility for 15 of the most recent 22 months, not including any period during which 17 the juvenile was a runaway from the out-of-home placement or the first 6 months 18 of any period during which the juvenile was returned to his or her home for a trial 19 home visit, the appropriateness of the permanency plan and the circumstances 20 which prevent the juvenile from any of the following:

21 **SECTION 165.** 938.38 (5) (c) 6. (intro.) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 22 Wisconsin Act (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

938.38 (5) (c) 6. (intro.) If the juvenile has been placed outside of his or her
home, as described in s. 938.365 (1), in a foster home, group home, nonsecured
residential care center for children and youth, or shelter care facility for 15 of the

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most recent 22 months, not including any period during which the juvenile was a
runaway from the out-of-home placement or the first 6 months of any period during
which the juvenile was returned to his or her home for a trial home visit, the
appropriateness of the permanency plan and the circumstances which prevent the
juvenile from any of the following:

6

SECTION 166. 938.38 (5) (c) 7. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5) (c) 7. Whether reasonable efforts were made by the agency to achieve
the goal of the permanency plan, <u>including, if appropriate, through an out-of-state</u>
<u>placement, unless return of the juvenile to the home is the goal of the permanency</u>
plan and any of the circumstances specified in s. 938.355 (2d) (b) 1. to 4. applies.

11

SECTION 167. 938.38 (5) (c) 8. of the statutes is created to read:

12 938.38 (5) (c) 8. If the juvenile has one or more siblings, as defined in s. 938.38 13 (4) (br) 1., who have also been removed from the home, whether reasonable efforts 14 were made by the agency to place the juvenile in a placement that enables the sibling 15 group to remain together, unless the court or panel determines that a joint placement 16 would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the juvenile or any of those siblings, 17 in which case the court or panel shall determine whether reasonable efforts were 18 made by the agency to provide for frequent visitation or other ongoing interaction 19 between the juvenile and those siblings, unless the court or panel determines that 20 such visitation or interaction would be contrary to the safety or well-being of the 21 juvenile or any of those siblings.

22

SECTION 168. 938.38 (5) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5) (d) Notwithstanding s. 938.78 (2) (a), the agency that prepared the
permanency plan shall, at least 5 days before a review by a review panel, provide to
each person appointed to the review panel, the person representing the interests of

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1 the public, the juvenile's counsel, and the juvenile's guardian ad litem a copy of the 2 permanency plan and any written comments submitted under par. (b) (bm) 1. 3 Notwithstanding s. 938.78 (2) (a), a person appointed to a review panel, the person 4 representing the interests of the public, the juvenile's counsel, and the juvenile's 5 guardian ad litem may have access to any other records concerning the juvenile for 6 the purpose of participating in the review. A person permitted access to a juvenile's 7 records under this paragraph may not disclose any information from the records to 8 any other person.

9

SECTION 169. 938.38 (5) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.38 (5) (e) Within 30 days, the agency shall prepare a written summary of
the determinations under par. (c) and shall provide a copy to the court that entered
the order, the juvenile or the juvenile's counsel or guardian ad litem, the person
representing the interests of the public, the juvenile's parent or, guardian, and legal
<u>custodian</u>, and the juvenile's foster parent, the juvenile's <u>or</u> treatment foster parent
or, the operator of the facility where the juvenile is living, or the relative with whom
the juvenile is living.

17

18

SECTION 170. 938.38 (5) (e) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts 28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

938.38 (5) (e) Within 30 days, the agency shall prepare a written summary of
the determinations under par. (c) and shall provide a copy to the court that entered
the order, the juvenile or the juvenile's counsel or guardian ad litem, the person
representing the interests of the public, the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal
custodian, and the juvenile's foster parent, the operator of the facility where the
juvenile is living, or the relative with whom the juvenile is living.

SECTION 171. 938.38 (5m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

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938.38 (5m) (b) Not less than 30 days before the date of the hearing, the court 1 2 shall notify the juvenile; the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; and the 3 juvenile's foster parent or treatment foster parent, the operator of the facility in 4 which the juvenile is living, or the relative with whom the juvenile is living; of the 5 time, place, and purpose of the hearing, of the issues to be determined at the hearing, 6 and of the fact that they shall have a right to be heard at the hearing as provided in 7 par. (c) 1. and shall notify the juvenile's counsel, and the juvenile's guardian ad litem; 8 the agency that prepared the permanency plan; and the person representing the 9 interests of the public of the date, time, and place, and purpose of the hearing, of the 10 issues to be determined at the hearing, and of the fact that they may have an 11 opportunity to be heard at the hearing as provided in par. (c) 1.

SECTION 172. 938.38 (5m) (b) of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin Acts
28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

14 938.38 (5m) (b) Not less than 30 days before the date of the hearing, the court 15 shall notify the juvenile; the juvenile's parent, guardian, and legal custodian; and the 16 juvenile's foster parent, the operator of the facility in which the juvenile is living, or 17 the relative with whom the juvenile is living of the time, place, and purpose of the 18 hearing, of the issues to be determined at the hearing, and of the fact that they shall 19 have a right to be heard at the hearing as provided in par. (c) 1. and shall notify the 20 juvenile's counsel, and the juvenile's guardian ad litem; the agency that prepared the 21 permanency plan; and the person representing the interests of the public of the time, 22 place, and purpose of the hearing, of the issues to be determined at the hearing, and 23 of the fact that they may have an opportunity to be heard at the hearing as provided 24 in par. (c) 1.

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SECTION 173. 938.38 (5m) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 938.38 (5m) (c) 1.
 and amended to read:

3 938.38 (5m) (c) 1. Any person A juvenile, parent, guardian, legal custodian, 4 foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator of a facility, or relative who is 5 provided notice of the hearing may have an opportunity under par. (b) shall have a 6 right to be heard at the hearing by submitting written comments relevant to the 7 determinations specified in sub. (5) (c) not less than 10 working days before the date 8 of the hearing or by participating at the hearing. <u>A counsel, guardian ad litem</u>, 9 agency, or person representing the interests of the public who is provided notice of 10 the hearing under par. (b) may have an opportunity to be heard at the hearing by 11 submitting written comments relevant to the determinations specified in sub. (5) (c) 12 not less than 10 working days before the date of the hearing or by participating at 13 the hearing. A foster parent, treatment foster parent, operator of a facility in which 14 a juvenile is living, or relative with whom a juvenile is living who receives notice of 15 a hearing under par. (b) and an opportunity <u>a right</u> to be heard under this paragraph 16 subdivision does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held 17 solely on the basis of receiving that notice and opportunity <u>right</u> to be heard.

18 SECTION 174. 938.38 (5m) (c) 1. of the statutes, as affected by 2009 Wisconsin
19 Acts 28 and (this act), is repealed and recreated to read:

938.38 (5m) (c) 1. A juvenile, parent, guardian, legal custodian, foster parent,
operator of a facility, or relative who is provided notice of the hearing under par. (b)
shall have a right to be heard at the hearing by submitting written comments
relevant to the determinations specified in sub. (5) (c) not less than 10 working days
before the date of the hearing or by participating at the hearing. A counsel, guardian
ad litem, agency, or person representing the interests of the public who is provided

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notice of the hearing under par. (b) may have an opportunity to be heard at the hearing by submitting written comments relevant to the determinations specified in sub. (5) (c) not less than 10 working days before the date of the hearing or by participating at the hearing. A foster parent, operator of a facility, or relative who receives notice of a hearing under par. (b) and a right to be heard under this subdivision does not become a party to the proceeding on which the hearing is held solely on the basis of receiving that notice and right to be heard.

8

SECTION 175. 938.38 (5m) (c) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

9 938.38 (5m) (c) 2. If the juvenile's permanency plan includes a statement under 10 sub. (4) (i) indicating that the juvenile's age and developmental level are sufficient 11 for the court to consult with the juvenile regarding the juvenile's permanency plan 12 or if, notwithstanding a decision under sub. (4) (i) that it would not be appropriate 13 for the court to consult with the juvenile, the court determines that consultation with 14 the juvenile would be in the best interests of the juvenile, the court shall consult with 15 the juvenile, in an age-appropriate and developmentally appropriate manner, 16 regarding the juvenile's permanency plan and any other matters the court finds 17 appropriate. If none of those circumstances apply, the court may permit the 18 juvenile's caseworker, the juvenile's counsel, or, subject to s. 938.235 (3) (a), the 19 juvenile's guardian ad litem to make a written or oral statement during the hearing, 20 or to submit a written statement prior to the hearing, expressing the juvenile's 21 wishes, goals, and concerns regarding the permanency plan and those matters. If 22 the court permits such a written or oral statement to be made or submitted, the court 23 may nonetheless require the juvenile to be physically present at the hearing.

24

SECTION 176. 938.38 (5m) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

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1 938.38 (5m) (d) At least 5 days before the date of the hearing the agency that 2 prepared the permanency plan shall provide a copy of the permanency plan and any 3 written comments submitted under par. (c) <u>1.</u> to the court, to the juvenile's parent, 4 guardian, and legal custodian, to the person representing the interests of the public, 5 and to the juvenile's counsel or guardian ad litem. Notwithstanding s. 938.78 (2) (a), 6 the person representing the interests of the public and the juvenile's counsel or 7 guardian ad litem may have access to any other records concerning the juvenile for 8 the purpose of participating in the review. A person permitted access to a juvenile's 9 records under this paragraph may not disclose any information from the records to 10 any other person. 11 **SECTION 177.** 938.78 (2) (i) of the statutes is created to read: 12 938.78 (2) (i) Paragraph (a) does not prohibit an agency from disclosing

13 information to a relative of a juvenile placed outside of his or her home only to the 14 extent necessary to facilitate the establishment of a relationship between the 15 juvenile and the relative or a placement of the juvenile with the relative or from 16 disclosing information under s. 938.21 (5) (e), 938.355 (2) (cm), or 938.357 (2v) (d). 17 In this paragraph, "relative" includes a relative whose relationship is derived 18 through a parent of the juvenile whose parental rights are terminated.

19

SECTION 178. 938.9995 of the statutes is created to read:

20 938.9995 Expediting interstate placements of juveniles. The courts of 21 this state shall do all of the following to expedite the interstate placement of 22 juveniles:

23 (1) Subject to ss. 48.396 (2) and 938.396 (2), cooperate with the courts of other 24 states in the sharing of information.

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1 (2) To the greatest extent possible, obtain information and testimony from 2 agencies and parties located in other states without requiring interstate travel by 3 those agencies and parties. Permit parents, juveniles, other necessary parties, attorneys, and 4 (3) 5 guardians ad litem in proceedings involving the interstate placement of a juvenile 6 to participate in those proceedings without requiring interstate travel by those 7 persons. 8 **SECTION 179. Initial applicability.** 9 (1) PERMANENCY PLANS. 10 (a) Permanency plan contents. The treatment of sections 48.38 (4) (fm), (h) 11 (intro.) and (i) and 938.38 (4), (fm), (h) (intro.) and (i) of the statutes first applies to 12 permanency plans filed on the effective date of this paragraph. 13 (b) *Permanency plan hearings and reviews.* The treatment of sections 48.38 14 (4m) (a) and (c) and (5) (bm) 2. and (c) 6. (intro.), 7., and 8. and 938.38 (4m) (a) and 15 (c) and (5) (bm) 2. and (c) 6. (intro.), 7., and 8. of the statutes and the creation of 16 sections 48.38 (5m) (c) 2., 48.43 (5) (b) 2., and 938.38 (5m) (c) 2. of the statutes first 17 apply to hearings and reviews for which a permanency plan is filed or provided on 18 the effective date of this paragraph. 19 (2) RIGHT TO BE HEARD. The amendment of sections 48.27 (3) (a) 1m. and (6), 20 48.357 (2m) (b) and (2r), 48.363 (1) (b) and (1m), 48.365 (2m) (ag), 48.38 (5) (b) and 21 (5m) (b), 48.42 (2g) (am), 48.427 (1m), 48.63 (5) (d) 4., 767.41 (3) (c), 938.27 (3) (a) 1m.

and (6), 938.357 (2r), 938.363 (1) (b) and (1m), 938.365 (2) and (2m) (ag), 938.38 (5)
(b) and (5m) (b) of the statutes, the renumbering and amendment of sections 48.38
(5m) (c), 48.43 (5) (b), and 938.38 (5m) (c) of the statutes, and the creation of sections
48.38 (4m) (b) and (d) and (5) (bm) 1., 48.43 (5) (b) 3., and 938.38 (4m) (b) and (d) and

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(5) (bm) 1. of the statutes first apply to hearings for which notice is provided on the
 effective date of this subsection.

3 (3) TESTING INFANTS FOR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES. The treatment of sections
4 46.238 and 146.0255 (2) and (3) (b) of the statutes first applies to tests for controlled
5 substances or controlled substance analogs performed on the effective date of this
6 subsection.

7 (4) JUVENILE COURT REPORTS. The treatment of sections 48.33 (4) (c), 48.365 (2g)
8 (b) 3., 48.425 (1) (c), 938.33 (4) (c), and 938.365 (2g) (b) 3. of the statutes first applies
9 to reports filed with the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under chapters 48 and
10 938 on the effective date of this subsection.

(5) JUVENILE COURT HEARINGS. The treatment of sections 48.21 (3) (f), 48.335 (3g)
(c) and (6), 48.357 (1) (c) 2m. and (2m) (bm), 48.365 (2m) (a) 1., 938.21 (2) (e) and (3)
(f), 938.335 (3g) (c) and (6), 938.357 (1) (c) 2m. and (2m) (bm), and 938.365 (2m) (a)
1. of the statutes first applies to hearings held by the court assigned to exercise
jurisdiction under chapters 48 and 938 on the effective date of this subsection.

(6) JUVENILE COURT ORDERS. The treatment of sections 48.21 (5) (e), 48.32 (1) (b)
1. c., 48.355 (2) (b) 6. and (cm), 48.357 (2v) (d), 48.43 (1) (cm), 938.21 (5) (e), 938.32
(1) (c) 1. c., 938.355 (2) (b) 6. and (cm), and 938.357 (2v) (d) of the statutes first applies
to a temporary physical custody order, consent decree, dispositional order, or change
in placement order entered on the effective date of this subsection.

21

(7) PLACEMENT WITH SIBLING.

(a) *Out-of-home placement.* The treatment of sections 48.21 (5) (b) 2m., 48.33
(4) (d), 48.335 (3g) (d), 48.355 (2) (b) 6p., 48.357 (2v) (a) 2m., 938.21 (5) (b) 2m., 938.33
(4) (d), 938.335 (3g) (d), 938.355 (2) (b) 6p. and 938.357 (2v) (a) 2m. of the statutes, the renumbering and amendment of sections 48.38 (4) (br) and 938.38 (4) (br) of the

1 statutes, and the creation of sections 48.38 (4) (br) 2. and 938.38 (4) (br) 2. of the 2 statutes first apply to a child who is removed from his or her home on the effective 3 date of this subsection. 4 (b) Adoptive placement. The treatment of section 48.834 (2) of the statutes first 5 applies to a child who is placed for adoption on the effective date of this subsection. 6 (8) TRANSITION PLAN. The creation of section 48.385 of the statutes first applies 7 to a child who attains 18 years of age 90 days after the effective date of this subsection 8 or, if a child is subject to an order of the court assigned to exercise jurisdiction under 9 chapters 48 and 938 that terminates after the child attains 18 years of age, to an 10 order that terminates 90 days after the effective date of this subsection. 11 SECTION 180. Effective dates. This act takes effect on January 1, 2010, or on 12 the day after publication, except as follows: 13 (1) TREATMENT FOSTER HOMES. The amendment of sections 48.38 (4m) (b) and 14 (d) and (5) (bm) 1., 48.385, 48.43 (5) (b) 3., and 938.38 (4m) (b) and (d) and (5) (bm) 15 1. of the statutes and the repeal and recreation of sections 48.27 (3) (a) 1m. and (6), 16 48.357 (2m) (b) and (2r), 48.363 (1) (b) and (1m), 48.365 (2g) (b) 3. and (2m) (ag), 48.38 17 (5) (b), (c) 6. (intro.), and (e) and (5m) (b) and (c) 1., 48.417 (1) (a), 48.42 (2g) (am), 18 48.427 (1m), 48.43 (5) (b) 1. and (5m), 767.41 (3) (c), 938.27 (3) (a) 1m. and (6), 938.357 19 (2r), 938.363 (1) (b) and (1m), 938.365 (2), (2g) (b) 3., and (2m) (ag), and 938.38 (5) 20 (b), (c) 6. (intro.), and (e) and (5m) (b) and (c) 1. of the statutes take effect on the date 21 state in the notice provided by the secretary of children and families and published 22 in the Wisconsin Administrative Register under section 48.62 (9) of the statutes, or

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- 23 on the day after publication, whichever is later.
- 24

(END)