Fiscal Estimate - 2009 Session

Original Updated	Corrected Supplemental						
LRB Number 09-3843/1	Introduction Number AB-0608						
Description Adopting Internal Revenue Code provisions related to individual retirement accounts							
Fiscal Effect							
Appropriations Reversible Permissive Mandatory Decr	ase Existing enues ease Existing enues To absorb within agency's budget Yes Decrease Costs 5.Types of Local Government Units Affected Towns Village Counties Counties Others						
2. Decrease Costs 4. Decrease Costs 4. Perm	ease Revenue School WTCS hissive Mandatory Districts Districts						
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS							
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature Date						
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Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOR 12/14/2009

LRB Number	09-3843/1	Introduction Number	AB-0608	Estimate Type	Original		
Description							
Adopting Internal Revenue Code provisions related to individual retirement accounts							

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This bill adopts a provision from federal law (sec. 512 of Public Law 109-222) for Wisconsin purposes. This law relates to individual retirement accounts (IRAs).

Contributions to traditional IRAs are generally deductible for taxpayers but distributions are taxable. Conversely, contributions to Roth IRAs are not deductible, but distributions are not taxable. For 2009, taxpayers with incomes above \$120,000 (\$176,000 for married joint filers) may not contribute to Roth IRAs. Although taxpayers may contribute to traditional IRAs at any income level, the contributions are only deductible for filers with income below \$65,000 (\$109,000 for married joint filers). Taxpayers may also convert traditional IRAs to Roth IRAs by effectively taking a distribution from the traditional IRA, paying tax on the distribution, and then making a contribution to a Roth IRA.

Prior to this law, taxpayers could convert traditional IRAs to Roth IRAs only if their income did not exceed \$100,000. This law eliminates the \$100,000 limit on traditional IRA to Roth IRA conversions beginning in tax year 2010. This effectively eliminates the income ceiling for Roth IRA contributions insofar as a taxpayer who is otherwise prohibited from contributing to a Roth IRA can make a non-deductible contribution to a traditional IRA and immediately convert the amount to a Roth IRA.

For individuals who convert traditional IRAs to Roth IRAs in 2010, the law also allows them to pay tax on the converted amount over two years rather than paying the full amount in the year the conversion is made.

For Wisconsin purposes, under current law, a taxpayer who takes advantage of the federal law change to convert a traditional IRA to a Roth IRA may be liable for an early distribution penalty (on the traditional IRA) and an excess contribution penalty (on the Roth IRA). In the short term, assuming some taxpayers would convert their IRAs even in the absence of this bill, the bill would reduce revenue by eliminating those penalties. However, assuming some taxpayers would refrain from converting their IRAs in the absence of this bill, the bill would increase revenue to the extent that these taxpayers will report the distributions for the converted IRAs. By making Roth IRAs more available, this bill will reduce revenue in the long term because distributions from Roth IRAs are not taxable.

This bill is expected to increase revenue by \$1.0 million in FY 2011 and \$1.5 million in FY 2012. It is expected to reduce revenue by -\$1.7 million in FY 2013.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

This bill will reduce revenue in the long term because it makes Roth IRAs more available to high income individuals and distributions from Roth IRAs are not taxable.

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2009 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

Original Updated	Corrected	Supplemental		
LRB Number 09-3843/1	Introduction Num	ber AB-0608		
Description Adopting Internal Revenue Code provisions	related to individual retirement	accounts		
I. One-time Costs or Revenue Impacts for annualized fiscal effect):	State and/or Local Governm	ent (do not include in		
II. Annualized Costs:	Annualized Fisc	Annualized Fiscal Impact on funds from		
	Increased Costs	Decreased Costs		
A. State Costs by Category				
State Operations - Salaries and Fringes	\$	\$		
(FTE Position Changes)				
State Operations - Other Costs		L		
Local Assistance]		
Aids to Individuals or Organizations				
TOTAL State Costs by Category	\$	\$		
B. State Costs by Source of Funds				
GPR				
FED				
PRO/PRS				
SEG/SEG-S				
III. State Revenues - Complete this only w revenues (e.g., tax increase, decrease in I		r decrease state		
	Increased Rev	Decreased Rev		
GPR Taxes	\$	\$		
GPR Earned				
FED				
PRO/PRS				
SEG/SEG-S				
TOTAL State Revenues	\$	\$		
NET ANNU	ALIZED FISCAL IMPACT			
	State	Local		
NET CHANGE IN COSTS	\$	\$		
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE	\$SeeText	\$		
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature	Date		
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