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State of Misconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

LRB-3122# TKK:jld:rs RMNR

2009 BILL

8/26/09 Todanj

AN ACT to amend 15.155 (5), 227.114 (7m), 227.14 (2g) (intro.), 227.19 (3m), 227.22 (2) (e), 227.24 (3m) (intro.) and 560.03 (9) of the statutes; relating to: changes to the membership of the Small Business Regulatory Review Board, notification to the Small Business Regulatory Review Board of bills with an economic impact on small businesses, and the role of the small business ombudsman clearinghouse in the Department of Commerce.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes the following changes to the membership of the Small Business Regulatory Review Board (board), the considerations to be made for small businesses by agencies engaging in administrative rule making, the responsibilities of small business regulatory coordinators in each agency, and the structure and functions of the small business ombudsman clearinghouse in the Department of Commerce (Commerce):

Small Business Regulatory Review Board

Currently, the membership of the board in Commerce consists of six representatives of small businesses, the chairpersons of the senate and assembly committees concerned with small businesses, and one representative each from the departments of Administration; Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection; Children and Families; Commerce; Health Services; Natural Resources; Regulation

and Licensing; Revenue; and Workforce Development. Current law defines "small business" as a business entity, including its affiliates, which is independently owned and operated and not dominant in its field, and which employs 25 or fewer full-time employees or which has gross annual sales of less than \$5,000,000.

The board serves small businesses by reviewing administrative rules proposed by and emergency rules promulgated by agencies to determine the fiscal effect of the rules on small businesses. The board also reviews whether an agency has prepared an analysis for each proposed rule and emergency rule, sufficiently considered the effect of a proposed rule on small businesses, and complied with certain other procedural and substantive requirements as it prepared the proposed rule or emergency rule.

This bill eliminates from the board the representatives of all departments. The bill increases the number of representatives of small businesses on the board to seven. The bill also requires representation on the board by one member of the majority party and one member of the minority party of both the senate and assembly committees concerned with small businesses.

Rule making: considerations for small businesses

Under current law, each state agency must submit proposed administrative rules to the Legislative Council for review, prepare an analysis of the proposed rule, and, with certain exceptions, provide notice of and a public hearing regarding the proposed rule. If an agency determines that a proposed administrative rule may have a significant economic impact on small businesses, the agency must forward a copy of the proposed rule to the board.

Under current law, for each proposed rule that will have an effect on small businesses, an agency must prepare a final regulatory flexibility analysis that includes certain information, including a summary of issues raised by small businesses and any changes made to the proposed rule as a result of information and provided by small businesses. A final regulatory flexibility analysis is not required if the agency determines that the rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small businesses.

Under certain circumstances, an agency may promulgate an emergency rule without complying with the notice and public hearing requirements. An agency must file a promulgated emergency rule with the Legislative Reference Bureau (LRB). If the emergency rule may have a significant economic impact on small businesses, the agency must submit a copy of the rule to the board on the same day it files the rule with the LRB.

With certain exceptions, a rule promulgated by an agency takes effect on the first day of the month commencing after the day on which the rule is promulgated. Generally, an emergency rule takes effect upon publication. A rule that has a significant economic impact on small businesses applies to small businesses no earlier that the first day of the third month beginning after the date of publication.

This bill requires an agency to forward a copy of a proposed administrative rule or an emergency rule to the board if the rule may have an economic impact on small businesses, and not just a significant economic impact. A final regulatory flexibility analysis is not required under the bill if the agency determines that the rule will not

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have an economic impact on small businesses, and not just a significant economic impact. A rule promulgated by an agency that has an economic impact on small businesses, and not just a significant economic impact, applies to those businesses on the first day of the third month beginning after the date of publication of the rule.

Small business regulatory coordinators and the small business ombudsman clearinghouse

Under current law, each agency must designate a small business regulatory coordinator to act as a point of contact within the agency for regulatory issues involving small businesses. Current law defines "agency" to mean a board, commission, committee, department, or officer in the state government, except the governor, a district attorney, or a military or judicial officer. Also under current law, Commerce must establish and operate a small business ombudsman clearinghouse to facilitate communication between state agencies and small businesses.

This bill requires each agency to designate one employee to serve as the agency's small business regulatory coordinator and clarifies that the small business regulatory coordinator must work with the small business ombudsman clearinghouse to facilitate communication between small businesses and state agencies.

The bill requires Commerce to model the small business ombudsman clearinghouse on the Office of the National Ombudsman in the U.S. Small Business Administration. The bill also requires Commerce to designate at least one full-time employee whose only responsibilities consist of serving as staff to the small business ombudsman clearinghouse. The staff of the small business ombudsman clearinghouse must, in turn, serve as staff to the board and work together with the small business regulatory coordinator of each agency.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. 15.155 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

15.155 (5) SMALL BUSINESS REGULATORY REVIEW BOARD. There is created a small business regulatory review board, attached to the department of commerce under s. 15.03. The board shall consist of <u>a representative of the department of administration</u>; a representative of the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection; a representative of the department of children and families; a representative of the department of the department.

of health services; a representative of the department of natural resources; a
representative of the department of regulation and licensing; a representative of the
department of revenue; a representative of the department of workforce
development; 6 7 representatives of small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1),
who shall be appointed for 3-year terms; and the chairpersons of one member of the
majority party and one member of the minority party of one senate committee
concerned with small businesses and one member of the majority party and one
member of the minority party of one assembly committee concerned with small
businesses, appointed as are members of standing committees. The representatives
of the departments shall be selected by the secretary of that department.
Section 2. 227.114 (7m) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.114 (7m) The Each agency shall designate a at least one employee to serve as the small business regulatory coordinator to for the agency, and shall publicize that employee's electronic mail address and telephone number. The small business regulatory coordinator shall act as a contact person for small business regulatory issues and shall publicize that person's electronic mail address and telephone number cooperate with the staff of the small business ombudsman clearinghouse under s. 560.03 (9) to accomplish the objectives of this subsection and s. 560.03 (9).

SECTION 3. 227.14 (2g) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.14 (2g) Review by the small business regulatory review board. (intro.) On the same day that an agency submits to the legislative council staff under s. 227.15 a proposed rule that may have <u>a significant an</u> economic impact on small businesses, the agency shall submit the proposed rule, the analysis required under sub. (2), and a description of its actions taken to comply with s. 227.114 (2) and (3) to the small business regulatory review board. The board may use cost-benefit

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analysis to determine the fiscal effect of the rule on small businesses and shall determine whether the agency has complied with subs. (2) and (2m) and s. 227.114 (2) and (3). Except as provided in subs. (1m) and (1s), each proposed rule shall include provisions detailing how the rule will be enforced. If the board determines that the rule does not include an enforcement provision or that the agency failed to comply with sub. (2) or (2m) or s. 227.114 (2) or (3), the board shall notify the agency of that determination and ask the agency to comply with any of those requirements. In addition, the board may submit suggested changes in the proposed rule to the agency, including proposals to reduce the use of cross-references in the rule. The board shall send a report of those suggestions and of any notice of failure to include enforcement provisions or to comply with sub. (2) or (2m) or s. 227.114 (2) or (3) to the legislative council staff. The notification to the agency may include a request that the agency do any of the following:

SECTION 4. 227.19 (3m) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.19 (3m) ANALYSIS NOT REQUIRED. The final regulatory flexibility analysis specified under sub. (3) (e) is not required for any rule if the agency, after complying with s. 227.114 (1) to (5), determines that the rule will not have <u>a significant an</u> economic impact on <u>a substantial number of small businesses</u>.

SECTION 5. 227.22 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.22 (2) (e) The rule has <u>a significant an</u> economic impact on small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1), in which case the rule applies to small businesses no earlier than the first day of the 3rd month commencing after the date of publication of the rule.

Section 6. 227.24 (3m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

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227.24 (3m) Review by the small business regulatory review board. (intro.) On the same day that the agency files a rule under sub. (3) that may have —a significant an economic impact on small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1), the agency shall submit a copy of the rule to the small business regulatory review board. The board may use cost-benefit analysis to determine the fiscal effect of the emergency rule on small businesses and shall determine whether the agency complied with ss. 227.114 (2) and (3) and 227.14 (2m). If the board determines that the agency failed to comply with s. 227.114 (2) or (3) or 227.14 (2m), the board shall notify the agency of that determination and ask the agency to comply with any of those provisions. In addition, the board may submit suggested changes in the proposed rule to the agency and may include a request that the agency do any of the following:

Section 7. 560.03 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

560.03 (9) Establish and operate a small business ombudsman clearinghouse for business and industry to facilitate the flow of information from other state and federal agencies, to assist state agencies in establishing methods to encourage the participation of small businesses in rule making under s. 227.114 (4), and to serve as ombudsman for small business stationary sources, as defined in s. 285.79 (1), in connection with the implementation of the federal clean air act, 42 USC 7401 to 7671q. The small business ombudsman clearinghouse under this subsection shall be modeled on the Office of the National Ombudsman in the U. S. Small Business Administration and shall be staffed by at least one full-time employee of the department who has no responsibilities other than the responsibilities under this subsection. The staff of the small business ombudsman clearinghouse shall serve as staff to the small business regulatory review board and shall cooperate with the

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1	small business regulatory coordinator designated by each agency under s. 227.114
2	(7m) to accomplish the objectives of this subsection, as appropriate.
3	Section 8. Initial applicability.
4	(1) The treatment of sections 227.14 (2g) (intro.) and 227.22 (2) (e) of the
5	statutes first applies to a proposed administrative rule submitted by an agency to the
6	legislative council staff under section 227.15 of the statutes on the effective date of
7	this subsection.
8	(2) The treatment of section 227.24 (3m) (intro.) of the statutes first applies to
9	an emergency rule filed with the legislative reference bureau on the effective date
10	of this subsection.

(END)

Kuczenski, Tracy

From:

Hurlburt1, Waylon

Sent:

Wednesday, September 02, 2009 8:50 AM

To:

Kuczenski, Tracy

Subject:

Modifications to LRB-3122/2

Attachments: 09-31222.pdf

Tracy,

Can we delete "Office of the National Ombudsman in the U.S. Small Business Administration and" on lines 17 and 18 of page 6 and insert "best practices of both state and federal small business advocate organizations, shall take a proactive role to maintain and economically grow small businesses, and shall have the goal of creating jobs and a healthy small business sector. The small business ombudsman clearinghouse"

Thanks.

Waylon

From: Kuczenski, Tracy

Sent: Wednesday, August 26, 2009 12:52 PM

To: Hurlburt1, Waylon

Subject: RE: Modifications to LRB-3122/1

Sure thing.

Tracy K. Kuczenski Legislative Attorney Wisconsin Legislative Reference Bureau (608) 266-9867 Tracy.Kuczenski@legis.wisconsin.gov

From: Hurlburt1, Waylon

Sent: Wednesday, August 26, 2009 11:54 AM

To: Kuczenski, Tracy

Subject: Modifications to LRB-3122/1

Tracy,

Can we leave the chairpersons of the senate and assembly committees concerned with small businesses that is in current law? Eliminate the minority/majority party member portion of the draft. This would make the membership of the board 9, not 11.

Seen on page 4, lines 5-9.

Thanks,

Waylon

From: Hurlburt, waylon

Sent: Tuesday, August 25, 2009 12:43 PM

To: Kuczenski, Tracy

Subject: Modifications to LRB-3122/P1

Hello Tracy,

Can I get these changes made to LRB-3122 which relates to the Small Business Regulatory Review Board?

- 1. Change the membership of the board to 7 small business owner members and keep the legislative members who are chairs of small business related committees. There would be no agency members or specific interest group members.
- 2. Eliminate the "substantial" on page 6 line 16 so as to be perfectly clear that agencies can't skirt this law by being loose with the definition of "substantial."

Can I get these changes made ASAP?

Thanks Tracy,

Waylon Hurlburt

Legislative Aide
Office of Representative Kevin Petersen
40th Assembly District
P.O. Box 8953
Madison, WI 53708
(608) 266-3794
(888) 947-0040
Fax: (608) 282-3640



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State of Wisconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

LRB-3122/2 TKK:jld:rs insert

2009 BILL

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and Licensing; Revenue; and Workforce Development. Current law defines "small business" as a business entity, including its affiliates, which is independently owned and operated and not dominant in its field, and which employs 25 or fewer full-time employees or which has gross annual sales of less than \$5,000,000.

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businesses, and not just a significant economic impact, applies to those businesses on the first day of the third month beginning after the date of publication of the rule.

Small business regulatory coordinators and the small business ombudsman clearinghouse

Under current law, each agency must designate a small business regulatory coordinator to act as a point of contact within the agency for regulatory issues involving small businesses. Current law defines "agency" to mean a board, commission, committee, department, or officer in the state government, except the governor, a district attorney, or a military or judicial officer. Also under current law, Commerce must establish and operate a small business ombudsman clearinghouse to facilitate communication between state agencies and small businesses.

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For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

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SECTION 1. 15.155 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

15.155 (5) SMALL BUSINESS REGULATORY REVIEW BOARD. There is created a small business regulatory review board, attached to the department of commerce under s.

15.03. The board shall consist of <u>a representative of the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection; a representative of the department of children and families; a representative of the department of the department of the department of the department of health services; a representative of the department of natural resources; a</u>

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representative of the department of regulation and licensing; a representative of the department of revenue; a representative of the department of workforce development; 6 7 representatives of small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1), who shall be appointed for 3-year terms; and the chairpersons of one senate and one assembly committee concerned with small businesses, appointed as are members of standing committees. The representatives of the departments shall be selected by the secretary of that department.

SECTION 2. 227.114 (7m) of the statutes is amended to read:

as the small business regulatory coordinator to for the agency, and shall publicize that employee's electronic mail address and telephone number. The small business regulatory coordinator shall act as a contact person for small business regulatory issues and shall publicize that person's electronic mail address and telephone number cooperate with the staff of the small business ombudsman clearinghouse under s. 560.03 (9) to accomplish the objectives of this subsection and s. 560.03 (9).

SECTION 3. 227.14 (2g) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.14 (2g) Review by the small business regulatory review board. (intro.) On the same day that an agency submits to the legislative council staff under s. 227.15 a proposed rule that may have <u>a significant an</u> economic impact on small businesses, the agency shall submit the proposed rule, the analysis required under sub. (2), and a description of its actions taken to comply with s. 227.114 (2) and (3) to the small business regulatory review board. The board may use cost-benefit analysis to determine the fiscal effect of the rule on small businesses and shall determine whether the agency has complied with subs. (2) and (2m) and s. 227.114 (2) and (3). Except as provided in subs. (1m) and (1s), each proposed rule shall

include provisions detailing how the rule will be enforced. If the board determines that the rule does not include an enforcement provision or that the agency failed to comply with sub. (2) or (2m) or s. 227.114 (2) or (3), the board shall notify the agency of that determination and ask the agency to comply with any of those requirements. In addition, the board may submit suggested changes in the proposed rule to the agency, including proposals to reduce the use of cross-references in the rule. The board shall send a report of those suggestions and of any notice of failure to include enforcement provisions or to comply with sub. (2) or (2m) or s. 227.114 (2) or (3) to the legislative council staff. The notification to the agency may include a request that the agency do any of the following:

SECTION 4. 227.19 (3m) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.19 (3m) ANALYSIS NOT REQUIRED. The final regulatory flexibility analysis specified under sub. (3) (e) is not required for any rule if the agency, after complying with s. 227.114 (1) to (5), determines that the rule will not have <u>a significant an</u> economic impact on <u>a substantial number of small businesses</u>.

SECTION 5. 227.22 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.22 (2) (e) The rule has <u>a significant an</u> economic impact on small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1), in which case the rule applies to small businesses no earlier than the first day of the 3rd month commencing after the date of publication of the rule.

Section 6. 227.24 (3m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.24 (3m) REVIEW BY THE SMALL BUSINESS REGULATORY REVIEW BOARD. (intro.) On the same day that the agency files a rule under sub. (3) that may have —a significant an economic impact on small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1), the agency shall submit a copy of the rule to the small business regulatory review board.

(17)

The board may use cost-benefit analysis to determine the fiscal effect of the emergency rule on small businesses and shall determine whether the agency complied with ss. 227.114 (2) and (3) and 227.14 (2m). If the board determines that the agency failed to comply with s. 227.114 (2) or (3) or 227.14 (2m), the board shall notify the agency of that determination and ask the agency to comply with any of those provisions. In addition, the board may submit suggested changes in the proposed rule to the agency and may include a request that the agency do any of the following:

SECTION 7. 560.03 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

for business and industry to facilitate the flow of information from other state and federal agencies, to assist state agencies in establishing methods to encourage the participation of small businesses in rule making under s. 227.114 (4), and to serve as ombudsman for small business stationary sources, as defined in s. 285.79 (1), in connection with the implementation of the federal clean air act, 42 USC 7401 to 7671q. The small business ombudsman clearinghouse under this subsection shall be modeled on the Office of the National Ombudsman in the U. S. Small Business Administration and shall be staffed by at least one full-time employee of the department who has no responsibilities other than the responsibilities under this subsection. The staff of the small business ombudsman clearinghouse shall serve as staff to the small business regulatory review board and shall cooperate with the small business regulatory coordinator designated by each agency under s. 227.114 (7m) to accomplish the objectives of this subsection, as appropriate.

SECTION 8. Initial applicability.

J HYSERT Y-17)

(1) The treatment of sections 227.14 (2g) (intro.) and 227.22 (2) (e) of the
statutes first applies to a proposed administrative rule submitted by an agency to the
legislative council staff under section 227.15 of the statutes on the effective date of
this subsection.
(2) The treatment of section $227.24~(3m)~(intro.)$ of the statutes first applies to
an emergency rule filed with the legislative reference bureau on the effective date
of this subsection.

(END)

2009-2010 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

1	INSERT 6-17
2	best practices of both state and federal small business advocate organizations, shall
3	take a proactive role in maintaining and helping small businesses grow economically,
4	and shall have the goal of creating jobs and a healthy small business sector. The
(5)	small business ombudsman clearing house
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Kuczenski, Tracy

From:

Hurlburt, waylon

Sent:

Tuesday, September 15, 2009 2:35 PM

To:

Kuczenski, Tracy

Subject: LRB 09-3122/3 change

Tracy,

Can we get deleted from LRB 3122/3 on page 6 line 22 "who has no responsibilities other than the responsibilities under this subsection."

That should be the last of the changes.

Thanks,

Waylon Hurlburt

Legislative Aide Office of Representative Kevin Petersen 40th Assembly District P.O. Box 8953 Madison, WI 53708 (608) 266-3794 (888) 947-0040



State of Misconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

LRB-3122/2 TKK:jld:jf

2009 BILL

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Under current law, each agency must designate a small business regulatory coordinator to act as a point of contact within the agency for regulatory issues involving small businesses. Current law defines "agency" to mean a board, commission, committee, department, or officer in the state government, except the governor, a district attorney, or a military or judicial officer. Also under current law, Commerce must establish and operate a small business ombudsman clearinghouse to facilitate communication between state agencies and small businesses.

This bill requires each agency to designate one employee to serve as the agency's small business regulatory coordinator and clarifies that the small business regulatory coordinator must work with the small business ombudsman clearinghouse to facilitate communication between small businesses and state agencies.

The bill requires Commerce to model the small business ombudsman clearinghouse on the best practices of state and federal small business advocate organizations, to take a proactive role in maintaining and helping small businesses to grow, and to have the goal of creating jobs and a healthy small business sector. The bill also requires Commerce to designate at least one full-time employee whose only responsibilities consist of serving as staff to the small business ombudsman clearinghouse. The staff of the small business ombudsman clearinghouse must, in turn, serve as staff to the board and work together with the small business regulatory coordinator of each agency.

For further information see the *state* fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. 15.155 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

15.155 (5) SMALL BUSINESS REGULATORY REVIEW BOARD. There is created a small business regulatory review board, attached to the department of commerce under s.

15.03. The board shall consist of <u>a representative of the department of administration</u>; a representative of the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection; a representative of the department of children and families; a representative of the department of commerce; a representative of the department

of health services; a representative of the department of natural resources; a representative of the department of regulation and licensing; a representative of the department of workforce development; 6 7 representatives of small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1), who shall be appointed for 3-year terms; and the chairpersons of one senate and one assembly committee concerned with small businesses, appointed as are members of standing committees. The representatives of the departments shall be selected by the secretary of that department.

Section 2. 227.114 (7m) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.114 (7m) The Each agency shall designate a at least one employee to serve as the small business regulatory coordinator to for the agency, and shall publicize that employee's electronic mail address and telephone number. The small business regulatory coordinator shall act as a contact person for small business regulatory issues and shall publicize that person's electronic mail address and telephone number cooperate with the staff of the small business ombudsman clearinghouse under s. 560.03 (9) to accomplish the objectives of this subsection and s. 560.03 (9).

SECTION 3. 227.14 (2g) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.14 (2g) Review by the small business regulatory review board. (intro.) On the same day that an agency submits to the legislative council staff under s. 227.15 a proposed rule that may have <u>a significant an</u> economic impact on small businesses, the agency shall submit the proposed rule, the analysis required under sub. (2), and a description of its actions taken to comply with s. 227.114 (2) and (3) to the small business regulatory review board. The board may use cost-benefit analysis to determine the fiscal effect of the rule on small businesses and shall determine whether the agency has complied with subs. (2) and (2m) and s. 227.114

(2) and (3). Except as provided in subs. (1m) and (1s), each proposed rule shall include provisions detailing how the rule will be enforced. If the board determines that the rule does not include an enforcement provision or that the agency failed to comply with sub. (2) or (2m) or s. 227.114 (2) or (3), the board shall notify the agency of that determination and ask the agency to comply with any of those requirements. In addition, the board may submit suggested changes in the proposed rule to the agency, including proposals to reduce the use of cross-references in the rule. The board shall send a report of those suggestions and of any notice of failure to include enforcement provisions or to comply with sub. (2) or (2m) or s. 227.114 (2) or (3) to the legislative council staff. The notification to the agency may include a request that the agency do any of the following:

SECTION 4. 227.19 (3m) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.19 (3m) ANALYSIS NOT REQUIRED. The final regulatory flexibility analysis specified under sub. (3) (e) is not required for any rule if the agency, after complying with s. 227.114 (1) to (5), determines that the rule will not have -a significant an economic impact on -a substantial number of small businesses.

SECTION 5. 227.22 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.22 (2) (e) The rule has <u>a significant an</u> economic impact on small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1), in which case the rule applies to small businesses no earlier than the first day of the 3rd month commencing after the date of publication of the rule.

SECTION 6. 227.24 (3m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

227.24 (3m) Review by the small business regulatory review board. (intro.) On the same day that the agency files a rule under sub. (3) that may have —a significant an economic impact on small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1), the

SECTION 6

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agency shall submit a copy of the rule to the small business regulatory review board. The board may use cost-benefit analysis to determine the fiscal effect of the emergency rule on small businesses and shall determine whether the agency complied with ss. 227.114 (2) and (3) and 227.14 (2m). If the board determines that the agency failed to comply with s. 227.114 (2) or (3) or 227.14 (2m), the board shall notify the agency of that determination and ask the agency to comply with any of those provisions. In addition, the board may submit suggested changes in the proposed rule to the agency and may include a request that the agency do any of the following:

SECTION 7. 560.03 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

for business and industry to facilitate the flow of information from other state and federal agencies, to assist state agencies in establishing methods to encourage the participation of small businesses in rule making under s. 227.114 (4), and to serve as ombudsman for small business stationary sources, as defined in s. 285.79 (1), in connection with the implementation of the federal clean air act, 42 USC 7401 to 7671q. The small business ombudsman clearinghouse under this subsection shall be modeled on the best practices of both state and federal small business advocate organizations, shall take a proactive role in maintaining and helping small businesses grow economically, and shall have the goal of creating jobs and a healthy small business sector. The small business ombudsman clearinghouse shall be staffed by at least one full-time employee of the department who has no responsibilities

other than the responsibilities under this subsection. The staff of the small business ombudsman clearinghouse shall serve as staff to the small business regulatory review board and shall cooperate with the small business regulatory coordinator

1	designated by each agency under s. 227.114 (7m) to accomplish the objectives of this
2	subsection, as appropriate.

SECTION 8. Initial applicability.

- (1) The treatment of sections 227.14 (2g) (intro.) and 227.22 (2) (e) of the statutes first applies to a proposed administrative rule submitted by an agency to the legislative council staff under section 227.15 of the statutes on the effective date of this subsection.
- (2) The treatment of section 227.24 (3m) (intro.) of the statutes first applies to an emergency rule filed with the legislative reference bureau on the effective date of this subsection.

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Duerst, Christina

From:

Sent:

To:

Subject:

Hurlburt1, Waylon Friday, September 18, 2009 1:48 PM LRB.Legal Draft Review: LRB 09-3122/4 Topic: changes to small business regulatory review board

Please Jacket LRB 09-3122/4 for the ASSEMBLY.

Kuczenski, Tracy

From:

Hurlburt1, Waylon

Sent:

Sunday, January 24, 2010 1:59 PM

To:

Kuczenski, Tracy

Subject: RE: New Draft Request for LRB 3122/4

Tracy,

Working on a Sunday? The changes in sections 5 and 6 seem like they accomplish what we intend. As far as what the board will do if the rule has a significant or substantial impact it is our intention that they recommend changes to the agency or object to the rules passage completely. I don't think the board has the authority to stop a rule but by giving them the authority to recommend changes or recommend objection that should carry some weight with lawmakers.

I don't know if we have to add any language for them to have this authority but if we do let me know. Let me know if you have any other questions.

Thanks,

Waylon

From: Kuczenski, Tracy

Sent: Sun 1/24/2010 11:42 AM

To: Hurlburt1, Waylon

Subject: RE: New Draft Request for LRB 3122/4

Hi Waylon -

I have made the changes you requested below. Regarding item 3., I have one point of clarification and on question:

- 1. To clarify, item 3 below will result in changes to only two sections of LRB-3122/4:
- a. Section 3 (on page 4, beginning with line 16). Specifically, on page 4, line 24 after the word determine, I am adding: "whether the proposed rule will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small businesses and"
- b. Section 6 (beginning on page 5 with line 21 and continuing onto page 6). Specifically, on p. 6, line 2 after determine I am adding: "whether the emergency rule will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small businesses and"

Is that what you had in mind?

2. The question: What happens if the board determines that the proposed rule or emergency rule will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small businesses? Must the board or the agency that proposed the rule or emergency rule take any further action?

Tracy

----Original Message----From: Hurlburt1, Waylon Sent: Fri 1/22/2010 8:02 AM

To: Kuczenski, Tracy

Subject: New Draft Request for LRB 3122/4

Hello Tracy,

I have the bill jacket for LRB 3122/4 because I thought the draft was ready to go. Now I find out that we have to make a couple changes before introduction. Here are the changes:

- 1. Delete the term "clearinghouse" after Small Business Ombudsman in the bill draft.
- 2. Change the term "ombudsman" to "advocate" in the draft.
- 3. We need to return the phrase "significant economic impact on a substantial number of small businesses" however make this determination the board's and not the agencies. Please call on this one so we can talk it through. I have ideas how to do this but would like to know what you think.

Should I send the LRB 3122/4 jacket back to you as well? Can we put this draft ahead of any of our others as well?

Thanks for all the help on this one.

Waylon Hurlburt

6-2343

Kuczenski, Tracy

From:

Hurlburt1, Waylon

Sent:

Friday, January 22, 2010 8:02 AM

To:

Kuczenski, Tracy

Subject:

New Draft Request for LRB 3122/4

Attachments: 09-31224.pdf

Hello Tracy,

I have the bill jacket for LRB 3122/4 because I thought the draft was ready to go. Now I find out that we have to make a couple changes before introduction. Here are the changes:

- 1. Delete the term "clearinghouse" after Small Business Ombudsman in the bill draft.
- 2. Change the term "ombudsman" to "advocate" in the draft.
- 3. We need to return the phrase "significant economic impact on a substantial number of small businesses" however make this determination the board's and not the agencies. Please call on this one so we can talk it through. I have ideas how to do this but would like to know what you think.

Should I send the LRB 3122/4 jacket back to you as well? Can we put this draft ahead of any of our others as well?

Thanks for all the help on this one.

Waylon Hurlburt 6-2343

To conf. w/ waylon- impose a two-tier structure? Require agency to forward to board if an economic import,

2. Require Load to determine whether the economic import is significant and substantial?

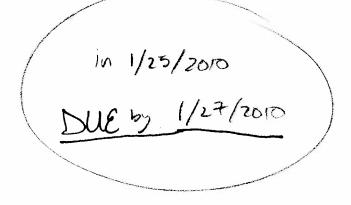
QP: What happens if the board determines that the economic impact of a proposed or emergency she will be significant or substantial?



State of Misconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

LRB-312244
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2009 BILL



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AN ACT to amend 15.155 (5), 227.114 (7m), 227.14 (2g) (intro.), 227.19 (3m),

2 227.22 (2) (e), 227.24 (3m) (intro.) and 560.03 (9) of the statutes; **relating to:**

changes to the membership of the Small Business Regulatory Review Board,

notification to the Small Business Regulatory Review Board of bills with an

economic impact on small businesses, and the role of the small business

ombudsman clearinghouse in the Department of Commerce.

e advocate

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This bill makes the following changes to the membership of the Small Business Regulatory Review Board (board), the considerations to be made for small businesses by agencies engaging in administrative rule making, the responsibilities of small business regulatory coordinators in each agency, and the structure and functions of the small business ombudsman clearinghouse in the Department of Commerce (Commerce):

Small Business Regulatory Review Board

Currently, the membership of the board in Commerce consists of six representatives of small businesses, the chairpersons of the senate and assembly committees concerned with small businesses, and one representative each from the departments of Administration; Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection; Children and Families; Commerce; Health Services; Natural Resources; Regulation

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and Licensing; Revenue; and Workforce Development. Current law defines "small business" as a business entity, including its affiliates, which is independently owned and operated and not dominant in its field, and which employs 25 or fewer full-time employees or which has gross annual sales of less than \$5,000,000.

The board serves small businesses by reviewing administrative rules proposed by and emergency rules promulgated by agencies to determine the fiscal effect of the rules on small businesses. The board also reviews whether an agency has prepared an analysis for each proposed rule and emergency rule, sufficiently considered the effect of a proposed rule on small businesses, and complied with certain other procedural and substantive requirements as it prepared the proposed rule or emergency rule.

This bill eliminates from the board the representatives of all departments and increases the number of representatives of small businesses on the board to seven.

Rule making: considerations for small businesses

Under current law, each state agency must submit proposed administrative rules to the Legislative Council for review, prepare an analysis of the proposed rule, and, with certain exceptions, provide notice of and a public hearing regarding the proposed rule. If an agency determines that a proposed administrative rule may have a significant economic impact on small businesses, the agency must forward a copy of the proposed rule to the board.

Under current law, for each proposed rule that will have an effect on small businesses, an agency must prepare a final regulatory flexibility analysis that includes certain information, including a summary of issues raised by small businesses and any changes made to the proposed rule as a result of information and provided by small businesses. A final regulatory flexibility analysis is not required if the agency determines that the rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small businesses.

Under certain circumstances, an agency may promulgate an emergency rule without complying with the notice and public hearing requirements. An agency must file a promulgated emergency rule with the Legislative Reference Bureau (LRB). If the emergency rule may have a significant economic impact on small businesses, the agency must submit a copy of the rule to the board on the same day it files the rule with the LRB.

With certain exceptions, a rule promulgated by an agency takes effect on the first day of the month commencing after the day on which the rule is promulgated. Generally, an emergency rule takes effect upon publication. A rule that has a significant economic impact on small businesses applies to small businesses no earlier that the first day of the third month beginning after the date of publication.

This bill requires an agency to forward a copy of a proposed administrative rule or an emergency rule to the board if the rule may have an economic impact on small businesses, and not just a significant economic impact. A final regulatory flexibility analysis is not required under the bill if the agency determines that the rule will not have ap economic impact on small businesses, and not just a significant economic impact.

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businesses, and not just a significant economic impact, applies to those businesses on the first day of the third month beginning after the date of publication of the rule.

Small business regulatory coordinators and the small business ombudsman clearinghouse

Under current law, each agency must designate a small business regulatory coordinator to act as a point of contact within the agency for regulatory issues involving small businesses. Current law defines "agency" to mean a board, commission, committee, department, or officer in the state government, except the governor, a district attorney, or a military or judicial officer. Also under current law, Commerce must establish and operate a small business ombudsman clearinghouse to facilitate communication between state agencies and small businesses.

This bill requires each agency to designate one employee to serve as the agency's small business regulatory coordinator and clarifies that the small business regulatory coordinator must work with the small business ombudsman clearinghouse to facilitate communication between small businesses and state agencies.

The bill requires Commerce to model the small business ombudsman clearinghouse on the best practices of state and federal small business advocate organizations, to take a proactive role in maintaining and helping small businesses to grow, and to have the goal of creating jobs and a healthy small business sector. The bill also requires Commerce to designate at least one full-time employee to serve as staff to the small business ombudsman clearinghouse. The staff of the small business ombudsman clearinghouse must, in turn, serve as staff to the board and work together with the small business regulatory coordinator of each agency.

For further information see the **state** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 15.155 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

15.155 (5) SMALL BUSINESS REGULATORY REVIEW BOARD. There is created a small business regulatory review board, attached to the department of commerce under s.

15.03. The board shall consist of a representative of the department of administration; a representative of the department of agriculture, trade and consumer protection; a representative of the department of children and families; a representative of the department of natural resources; a

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representative of the department of regulation and licensing; a representative of the department of workforce development; 6.7 representatives of small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1), who shall be appointed for 3-year terms; and the chairpersons of one senate and one assembly committee concerned with small businesses, appointed as are members of standing committees. The representatives of the departments shall be selected by the secretary of that department.

Section 2. 227.114 (7m) of the statutes is amended to read:

as the small business regulatory coordinator to for the agency, and shall publicize that employee's electronic mail address and telephone number. The small business regulatory coordinator shall act as a contact person for small business regulatory issues and shall publicize that person's electronic mail address and telephone of the advice of the number cooperate with the staff of the small business ombudsman clearinghouse under s. 560.03 (9) to accomplish the objectives of this subsection and s. 560.03 (9).

SECTION 3. 227.14 (2g) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

On the same day that an agency submits to the legislative council staff under s. 227.15 a proposed rule that may have <u>a significant an</u> economic impact on small businesses, the agency shall submit the proposed rule, the analysis required under sub. (2), and a description of its actions taken to comply with s. 227.114 (2) and (3) to the small business regulatory review board. The board may use cost-benefit analysis to determine the fiscal effect of the rule on small businesses and shall determine whether the agency has complied with subs. (2) and (2m) and s. 227.114 (2) and (3). Except as provided in subs. (1m) and (1s), each proposed rule shall

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include provisions detailing how the rule will be enforced. If the board determines that the rule does not include an enforcement provision or that the agency failed to comply with sub. (2) or (2m) or s. 227.114 (2) or (3), the board shall notify the agency of that determination and ask the agency to comply with any of those requirements. In addition, the board may submit/suggested changes in the proposed rule to the agency, including proposals to reduce the use of cross-references in the rule. The board shall send a report of those suggestions and of any notice of failure to include enforcement provisions or to comply with sub. (2) or (2m) or s. 227.114 (2) or (3) to the legislative council staff. The notification to the agency may include a request that the agency do any of the following: **Section 4.** 227.19 (3m) of the statutes is amended to read: 227.19 (3m) ANALYSIS NOT REQUIRED. The final regulatory flexibility analysis specified under sub. (3) (e) is not required for any rule if the agency, after comply (1) to (5), determines that the rule will not have (a significant economic impact on (a substantial number of small businesses. **Section 5.** 227.22 (2) (e) of the statutes is amended to read: 227.22 (2) (e) The rule has a significant an economic impact on small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1), in which case the rule applies to small businesses no earlier than the first day of the 3rd month commencing after the date of publication of the rule. **Section 6.** 227.24 (3m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 227.24 (3m) REVIEW BY THE SMALL BUSINESS REGULATORY REVIEW BOARD. (intro.)

On the same day that the agency files a rule under sub. (3) that may have -a

significant an economic impact on small businesses, as defined in s. 227.114 (1), the

agency shall submit a copy of the rule to the small business regulatory review board.

following:

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The board may use cost-benefit analysis to determine the fiscal effect of the whether the emergency rule on small businesses and shall determine whether the agency complied with ss. 227.114 (2) and (3) and 227.14 (2m). If the board determines that the agency failed to comply with s. 227.114 (2) or (3) or 227.14 (2m), the board shall notify the agency of that determination and ask the agency to comply with any of there whether the agency to comply with any of there whether the agency of that determination and ask the agency to comply with any of there whether the emergency will have a significant economic whether the agency of that determination and ask the agency to comply with any of the agency of that determination and ask the agency to comply with any of the agency of the

proposed rule to the agency and may include a request that the agency do any of the

SECTION 7. 560.03 (9) of the statutes is amended to read:

560.03 (9) Establish and operate a small business ombudsman clearinghouse for business and industry to facilitate the flow of information from other state and federal agencies, to assist state agencies in establishing methods to encourage the participation of small businesses in rule making under s. 227.114 (4), and to serve as ombudsman for small business stationary sources, as defined in s. 285.79 (1), in connection with the implementation of the federal clean air act, 42 USC 7401 to office of the The small business ombudsman clearinghouse under this subsection shall be modeled on the best practices of both state and federal small business advocate organizations, shall take a proactive role in maintaining and helping small businesses grow economically, and shall have the goal of creating jobs and a healthy office of the The small business ombudsman clearing house shall be staffed by at least one full-time employee of the department. The staff of the clearinghouse shall serve as staff to the small business regulatory advocate review board and shall cooperate with the small business regulatory coordinator designated by each agency under s. 227.114 (7m) to accomplish the objectives of this subsection, as appropriate.



1 Section 8. Initial applicability.

(1) The treatment of section 227.14 (2g) (intro.) and 227.22 (2) (e) of the statutes first applies to a proposed administrative rule submitted by an agency to the legislative council staff under section 227.15 of the statutes on the effective date of this subsection.

(2) The treatment of section 227.24 (3m) (intro.) of the statutes first applies to an emergency rule filed with the legislative reference bureau on the effective date of this subsection.

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2009-2010 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

Insert analysis

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The bill directs the board to determine whether a proposed rule or emergency rule will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small businesses. If the board determines that a proposed rule or emergency rule will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small businesses, the board may submit suggested changes in the proposed rule to minimize the economic impact of the proposed rule or emergency rule, or may recommend that the proposed rule, but not the emergency rule, be withdrawn.

Insert 4-8

SECTION 1. 20.143 (1) (kc) of the statutes is amended to read:

20.143 (1) (kc) Clean air act compliance assistance. From moneys transferred from the appropriation account under s. 20.370 (2) (bg), the amounts in the schedule for assisting the department of natural resources in administering the small business stationary source technical and environmental compliance assistance program under s. 285.79 and for expenses related to serving as ombudsman an advocate for small business stationary sources as required under s. 560.03 (9).

History: 1979 c. 361; 1981 c. 20, 21, 349; 1983 a. 27, 83, 192, 381; 1985 a. 29 ss. 169 to 204, 3202 (14); 1985 a. 120, 332, 334; 1987 a. 27, 109, 317, 318, 399, 403; 1989 a. 31, 185, 237, 317, 325, 335, 336, 342, 359; 1991 a. 39, 259, 261, 269, 315; 1993 a. 5, 16, 75, 110, 232, 437; 1995 a. 27 ss. 483, 505 to 517, 608s, 609g, 609j, 964, 965, 977, 987, 988, 990 to 993, 1080b, 1085b, 1086b, 9116 (5); 1995 a. 116, 119, 216, 227; 1997 a. 9, 27, 35, 215, 237, 252, 310; 1999 a. 9, 84, 106, 185, 186; 2001 a. 16, 109; 2003 a. 33 ss. 292c to 297m, 593 to 600, 602 to 604; 2003 a. 255, 256; 2005 a. 25 ss. 150m to 156t, 331; 2005 a. 45, 358; 2007 a. 20, 125, 225; 2009 a. 2, 16, 28; s. 13.92 (2) (i).

If the board determines that the proposed rule will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small businesses, the board may submit to the agency suggested changes in the proposed rule to minimize the economic impact of the proposed rule, or may recommend the withdrawal of the proposed rule under sub.

(6). Insert 6- (3)

If the board determines that the emergency rule will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small businesses, the board may submit to the



INSERT 6-3 cont

1	agency and to the legislative council staff suggested changes in the emergency rule
2	to minimize the economic impact of the emergency rule. (end ins 6-3)
3	Insert 6-9
4	SECTION 2. 285.79 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	285.79 (3) Assistance program. (intro.) The department shall, in cooperation
6	with the office of the small business ombudsman clearinghouse advocate under s.
7	560.03 (9), develop and administer a small business stationary source technical and
8	environmental compliance assistance program. The program shall include all of the
9	following: (end ins 6-9)
10	History: 1991 a. 302; 1995 a. 227 s. 447 Stats. 1995 s. 28579. SECTION 3. 560.11 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
11	560.11 (2) The employees of the department of commerce who staff the office
12	$\underline{of the}$ small business $\underline{ombudsman}$ clearing house $\underline{advocate}$ under s. 560.03 (9) and the
13	employees of the department of natural resources who staff the small business
14	stationary source technical and environmental compliance assistance program
15	under s. 285.79 shall provide the small business environmental council with the
16	assistance necessary to comply with sub. (1).
	History: 1991 a. 302; 1995 a. 227; 2007 a. 125.