

## State of Misconsin 2009 - 2010 LEGISLATURE

LRB-4163/P6 MGG&RPN:nwn:md

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

Wed

2009 B.El

Regen.

AN ACT to repeal 23.33 (13) (br); to renumber 30.80 (6) (c); to renumber and amend 23.33 (1) (jm), 23.33 (13) (b) 4., 23.33 (13) (d), 30.50 (9x), 350.01 (10r), 350.11 (3) (a) 4. and 350.11 (3) (c); to amend 23.33 (4c) (a) 3., 23.33 (4c) (a) 4., 23.33 (4c) (b) 3., 23.33 (4t), 23.33 (13) (b) 1., 23.33 (13) (b) 2., 23.33 (13) (b) 3., 23.33 (13) (bg), 23.33 (13) (cm), 23.33 (13) (dm), 30.681 (1) (bn), 30.681 (1) (c), 30.681 (2) (c), 30.681 (2) (d) 1. a., 30.686, 30.74 (1) (bn), 30.80 (6) (a) 1., 30.80 (6) (a) 2., 30.80 (6) (a) 3., 30.80 (6) (a) 4., 30.80 (6) (a) 5., 30.80 (6) (a) 6., 30.80 (6) (e), 59.54 (14) (g), 350.101 (1) (c), 350.101 (1) (d), 350.101 (2) (c), 350.106, 350.11 (3) (a) 1., 350.11 (3) (a) 2., 350.11 (3) (a) 3., 350.11 (3) (bm), 350.11 (3) (cm), 350.12 (4) (bg) 2., 940.09 (1m) (b) and 940.25 (1m) (b); and to create 23.33 (1) (ib), 23.33 (1) (im), 23.33 (1) (jc), 23.33 (1) (jh), 23.33 (1) (jk), 23.33 (13) (d) 2., 23.33 (13) (eg), 30.50 (4n), 30.50 (4v), 30.50 (9m), 30.50 (9s), 30.50 (9t), 30.688, 30.80 (6) (am), 30.80 (6) (ar), 30.80 (6) (bg), 30.80 (6) (bn), 30.80 (6) (c) 2., 30.80 (6) (cm), 350.01 (9b), 350.01 (9j), 350.01 (10p), 350.11 (10q), 350.1075, 350.11

(3) (a) 4b., 350.11 (3) (a) 5., 350.11 (3) (am), 350.11 (3) (ar), 350.11 (3) (bg), 350.11 (3) (c) 2. and 350.11 (3) (e) of the statutes; **relating to:** intoxicated operation of all-terrain vehicles, snowmobiles, motorboats, and motor vehicles, the calculation of the amount of moneys to be expended from the snowmobile account in the conservation fund for certain activities relating to snowmobile trails and routes, and providing penalties.

## insant

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

1

2

3

4

5

6

#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

This is a preliminary draft. An analysis will be provided in a later version.

### The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**Section 1.** 23.33 (1) (ib) of the statutes is created to read:

23.33 (1) (ib) "Intoxicated operating law" means the intoxicated operation of an all-terrain vehicle law, the intoxicated boating law, as defined in s. 30.50 (4m), or the intoxicated snowmobiling law, as defined in s. 350.01 (9c).

**SECTION 2.** 23.33 (1) (im) of the statutes is created to read:

23.33 (1) (im) "Legal drinking age" means 21 years of age.\( \)

**SECTION 3.** 23.33 (1) (jc) of the statutes is created to read:

23.33 (1) (jc) "Public premises" means all premises held out to the public for use of a motor vehicle, including highways, all premises provided by employers to employees for the use of their motor vehicles, and all premises provided to tenants of rental housing in buildings of 4 or more units for the use of their motor vehicles, whether such premises are publicly or privately owned and whether or not a fee is charged for the use of those premises.

**SECTION 4.** 23.33 (1) (jh) of the statutes is created to read:

1	23.33 (1) (jh) "Recreational vehicle" means an all-terrain vehicle, a
2	recreational motorboat as defined in s. 30.50 (9m), or a snowmobile as defined in s.
3	340.01 (58a).
4	<b>Section 5.</b> 23.33 (1) (jk) of the statutes is created to read:
5	23.33 (1) (jk) "Recreational vehicle and boating refusal law" means the
6	all-terrain vehicle refusal law, the boating refusal law, as defined in s. $30.50\ (2c)$ , or
7	the snowmobiling refusal law, as defined in s. 350.01 (15c). $\checkmark$
8	SECTION 6. 23.33 (1) (jm) of the statutes is renumbered 23.33 (1) (br) and
9	amended to read:
10	23.33 (1) (br) "Refusal All-terrain vehicle refusal law" means sub. (4p) (e) or
11	a local ordinance in conformity therewith.
12	<b>Section 7.</b> 23.33 (4c) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
13	23.33 (4c) (a) 3. 'Operating with alcohol concentrations at specified levels;
14	below <u>legal drinking</u> age 19.' If a $\underline{A}$ person who has not attained the <u>legal drinking</u>
15	age of 19, the person may not engage in the operation of an all-terrain vehicle while
16	he or she has an alcohol concentration of more than 0.0 but not more <u>less</u> than 0.08.
17	<b>SECTION 8.</b> 23.33 (4c) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:
18	23.33 (4c) (a) 4. 'Related charges.' A person may be charged with and a
19	prosecutor may proceed upon a complaint based upon a violation of any combination
20	of subd. 1., 2., or 2m. for acts arising out of the same incident or occurrence. If the
21	person is charged with violating any combination of subd. 1., 2., or 2m., the offenses
22	shall be joined. If the person is found guilty of any combination of subd. $1.$ , $2.$ , or $2m$ .
23	for acts arising out of the same incident or occurrence, there shall be a single
24	conviction for purposes of sentencing and for purposes of counting convictions under

sub	. (13) (b	) 2.	and 3. to 5.	Subdivisions	1., 2	., and	l 2m.	each	require	${\bf proof}$	of a	fact
for (	convicti	on v	which the ot	hers do not re	quire	J.						

**SECTION 9.** 23.33 (4c) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:

23.33 (4c) (b) 3. 'Related charges.' A person may be charged with and a prosecutor may proceed upon a complaint based upon a violation of any combination of subd. 1., 2., or 2m. for acts arising out of the same incident or occurrence. If the person is charged with violating any combination of subd. 1., 2., or 2m. in the complaint, the crimes shall be joined under s. 971.12. If the person is found guilty of any combination of subd. 1, 2., or 2m. for acts arising out of the same incident or occurrence, there shall be a single conviction for purposes of sentencing and for purposes of counting convictions under sub. (13) (b) 2. and 3. to 5. Subdivisions 1., 2., and 2m. each require proof of a fact for conviction which the others do not require.'

**SECTION 10.** 23.33 (4t) of the statutes is amended to read:

23.33 (4t) Report arrests to department. If a law enforcement officer arrests a person for a violation of the intoxicated operation of an all-terrain vehicle law or the <u>all-terrain vehicle</u> refusal law, the law enforcement officer shall notify the department of the arrest as soon as practicable.

**SECTION 11.** 23.33 (4y) of the statutes is created to read:

23.33 (4y) Suspension or revocation of operating privileges. (a) Orders to suspend or revoke. 1. If a court imposes a penalty for a violation of the intoxicated operation of an all-terrain vehicle law or the all-terrain vehicle refusal law, the court shall order the suspension of the person's privilege to operate a recreational vehicle for a period of not less than 12 months and not more than 16 months. Whenever a court suspends an operating privilege under this subdivision, the court shall notify the department of that action.

1	2. In addition to the order under subd. 1., the court shall also order the
2	revocation of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on a public premises
3	if the person, within 5 years prior to the arrest for the current violation of the
4	intoxicated operation of an all-terrain vehicle law or the all-terrain vehicle refusal
(5)	law, was previously found in violation of the intoxicated operating law or the
6	recreational vehicle and boating refusal law. The period of revocation shall be not
7	less than 6 months and not more than 12 months. Whenever a court revokes an
8	operating privilege under this subdivision, the court may take possession of the
9	revoked license. If the court takes possession of the revoked license, the court shall
10	destroy the license. The court shall forward to the department of transportation the
11	record of the conviction and notice of revocation. ✓
12	(b) Operating while suspended or revoked. 1. No person may operate a
13	recreational vehicle in violation of a suspension order imposed under par. (a) $1.$
14	2. No person may operate an all-terrain vehicle during the time that the
15	person's motor vehicle operating privilege is suspended or revoked for a conviction
16	counted under s. 343.307 (1).
17	<b>Section 12.</b> 23.33 (13) (b) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
18	23.33 (13) (b) 1. Except as provided under subds. 2. and 3. $\underline{\text{to 5.}}$ , a person who
19	violates sub. (4c) (a) 1., 2., or 2m. or (4p) (e) shall forfeit not less than $\$150$ $\$400$ nor
20	more than \$300 <u>\$550</u> .
21	<b>Section 13.</b> 23.33 (13) (b) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
22	$23.33$ (13) (b) 2. Except as provided under subd. 3., a $\underline{A}$ person who violates sub.
23	(4c) (a) 1., 2., or 2m. or (4p) (e) and who, within 5 years prior to the arrest for the
24	current violation, was convicted one time previously under the intoxicated operation

 $\underline{of\ an\ all-terrain\ vehicle\ operating\ law\ or\ the\ \underline{recreational\ vehicle\ and\ boating\ refusal}}$ 

24

25

1	law shall be fined not less than \$300 nor more than \$1,100 and shall be imprisoned
2	not less than 5 days nor more than 6 months one year in the county jail.
3	<b>SECTION 14.</b> 23.33 (13) (b) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
4	23.33 (13) (b) 3. A person who violates sub. (4c) (a) 1., 2., or 2m. or (4p) (e) and
5	who, within 5 years prior to the arrest for the current violation, was convicted 2 or
6	more times previously under the intoxicated operation of an all-terrain vehicle
7	operating law or, the recreational vehicle and boating refusal law, or a combination
8	of these laws, shall be fined not less than \$600 nor more than \$2,000 and shall be
9	imprisoned not less than 30 days nor more than one year in the county jail.
10	<b>SECTION 15.</b> 23.33 (13) (b) 4. of the statutes is renumbered 23.33 (13) (b) 6. and
11	amended to read:
12	23.33 (13) (b) 6. A person who violates sub. (4c) (a) 3. or who violates (4p) (e)
13	and who has not attained the <u>legal drinking</u> age of 19 shall forfeit <del>not more than</del> \$50.
14	<b>Section 16.</b> 23.33 (13) (b) 4b. of the statutes is created to read:
15	23.33 (13) (b) 4b. A person who violates sub. (4c) (a) 1., 2., or 2m. or (4p) (e) and
16	who, within 5 years prior to the arrest for the current violation, was convicted 3 times
17	previously under the intoxicated operating law, the recreational vehicle and boating
18	refusal law, or any combination of these laws, shall be fined not less than \$600 nor
19	more than \$2,000 and shall be imprisoned not less than 60 days nor more than one
20	year in the county jail.
21	SECTION 17. 23.33 (13) (b) 5. of the statutes is created to read:
22	23.33 (13) (b) 5. A person who violates sub. (4c) (a) 1., 2., or 2m. or (4p) (e) and

23.33 (13) (b) 5. A person who violates sub. (4c) (a) 1., 2., or 2m. or (4p) (e) and who, within 5 years prior to the arrest for the current violation, was convicted 4 or more times previously under the intoxicated operating law, the recreational vehicle and boating refusal law, or any combination of these laws, shall be fined not less than

\$600 nor more than \$2,000 and shall be imprisoned not less than 6 months nor more than one year in the county jail.

**SECTION 18.** 23.33 (13) (bg) of the statutes is amended to read:

23.33 (13) (bg) Penalties related to intoxicated operation of an all-terrain vehicle; underage passengers. If there is a passenger under 16 years of age on the all-terrain vehicle at the time of a violation that gives rise to a conviction under sub. (4c) (a) 1. er, 2., or 2m. or (4p) (e), the applicable minimum and maximum forfeitures, fines, and terms of imprisonment under pars. par. (b) 1., 2., and, 3., 4b., and 5. for the conviction are doubled.

**SECTION 19.** 23.33 (13) (bm) of the statutes is created to read:

23.33 (13) (bm) Alcohol and drug treatment alternatives. 1. In any county that opts to offer a reduced minimum period of imprisonment for the successful completion of a probation period that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, if the number of suspensions, revocations, and convictions for a violation of the intoxicated operation of an all-terrain vehicle law or of the all-terrain vehicle refusal law within a 5-year period, equals 2, except that suspensions, revocations, or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be counted as one, the fine shall be the same as under par. (b) 2., but the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 5 days, except that if the person successfully completes a period of probation that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 5 nor more than 7 days.

2. In any county that opts to offer a reduced minimum period of imprisonment for the successful completion of a probation period that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, if the number of suspensions, revocations, and convictions for a violation of the intoxicated operation of an all-terrain vehicle law or of the -8-

all-terrain vehicle refusal law within a 5-year period equals 3, except that suspensions, revocations, or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be counted as one, the fine shall be the same as under par. (b) 3., but the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 30 days, except that if the person successfully completes a period of probation that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 14 days.

- 3. In any county that opts to offer a reduced minimum period of imprisonment for the successful completion of a probation period that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, if the number of suspensions, revocations, and convictions for a violation of the intoxicated operation of an all-terrain vehicle law or of the all-terrain vehicle refusal law within a 5-year period equals 4, except that suspensions, revocations, or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be counted as one, the fine shall be the same as under par. (b) 4b., but the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 60 days, except that if the person successfully completes a period of probation that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 29 days.
- 4. A person may be sentenced under this paragraph or under s. 30.80~(6)~(ar) or 350.11~(3)~(ar) once in his or her lifetime.

SECTION 20. 23.33 (13) (br) of the statutes is repealed.

**SECTION 21.** 23.33 (13) (ce) of the statutes is created to read:

23.33 (13) (ce) Penalties related to suspension; intoxication. 1. A person who operates a recreational vehicle in violation of sub. (4y) (b) 1. is subject to a forfeiture of not less than \$50 nor more than \$250. In addition, for each violation under this subdivision, the court may suspend the person's privilege to operate a recreational vehicle for a period of not more than 6 months. Whenever a court suspends an

1	operating privilege under this subdivision, the court shall notify the department of
2	that action.
3	2. A person who operates an all-terrain vehicle in violation of sub. (4y) (b) 2.
4	is subject to a forfeiture of not less than \$150 nor more than \$300. In addition, the
5	court may suspend the person's privilege to operate a recreational vehicle for a period
6	of not more than 6 months. Whenever a court suspends an operating privilege under
7	this subdivision, the court shall notify the department of that action.
8	SECTION 22. 23.33 (13) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:
9	23.33 (13) (cm) Sentence of detention. The legislature intends that courts use
10	the sentencing option under s. 973.03 (4) whenever appropriate for persons subject
11	to par. (b) 2. or, 3., 4b., or 5., or (c). The use of this option can result in significant cost
12	savings for the state and local governments.
13	<b>Section 23.</b> 23.33 (13) (d) of the statutes is renumbered 23.33 (13) (d) 1. and
14	amended to read:
15	23.33 (13) (d) 1. In determining the number of previous convictions under par.
16	(b) 2. and 3. to 5., convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be
17	counted as one previous conviction.
18	SECTION 24. 23.33 (13) (d) 2. of the statutes is created to read:
19	23.33 (13) (d) 2. In determining the number of previous convictions under par.
20	(b) 2. to 5., previous convictions under the intoxicated operation of an all-terrain
21	vehicle law or under the all-terrain vehicle refusal law that occurred before, on, or
22	after the effective date of this subdivision [LRB inserts date], and previous
23	convictions under the intoxicated boating law, as defined in s. $30.50(4\text{m})$ , the boating
24	refusal law, as defined in s. 30.50 (2c), the intoxicated snowmobiling law, as defined

in s. 350.01 (9c), or the snowmobiling refusal law, as defined in s. 350.01 (15c), that

occur after the effective date of this subdivision [LRB inserts date], shall count a
previous convictions.

**SECTION 25.** 23.33 (13) (dm) of the statutes is amended to read:

23.33 (13) (dm) Reporting convictions to the department. Whenever a person is convicted of a violation of the intoxicated operation of an all-terrain vehicle law or the all-terrain vehicle refusal law, the elerk of the court in which the conviction occurred, or the justice, judge or magistrate of a court not having a clerk, shall forward to the department the record of such conviction. The record of conviction forwarded to the department shall state whether the offender was involved in an accident at the time of the offense.

**Section 26.** 23.33 (13) (eg) of the statutes is created to read:

23.33 (13) (eg) Certificate of completion of safety program. In addition to any other penalty or order, a person who for the first time violates the intoxicated operation of an all-terrain vehicle law or the all-terrain vehicle refusal law, shall be ordered by the court to obtain a certificate of satisfactory completion of a safety program established under s. 23.33 (5) (d). If the person has a valid certificate at the time that the court imposes sentence for such a violation, the court shall permanently revoke the certificate and order the person to obtain another certificate of satisfactory completion of the safety program.

**Section 27.** 30.50 (4n) of the statutes is created to read:

30.50 **(4n)** "Intoxicated operating law" means the intoxicated operation of an all-terrain vehicle law, as defined in s. 23.33 (1) (ic), the intoxicated boating law, or the intoxicated snowmobiling law, as defined in s. 350.01 (9c).

**Section 28.** 30.50 (4v) of the statutes is created to read:

30.50 (**4v**) "Legal drinking age" means 21 years of age. ✓

1	<b>Section 29.</b> 30.50 (9m) of the statutes is created to read:
2	30.50 (9m) "Recreational motorboat" means a motorboat that is not a
3	commercial motorboat.
4	<b>SECTION 30.</b> 30.50 (9s) of the statutes is created to read:
5	30.50 (9s) "Recreational vehicle" means an all-terrain vehicle, as defined in s.
6	340.01 (2g), a recreational motorboat, or a snowmobile as defined in s. 340.01 (58a).
7	<b>SECTION 31.</b> 30.50 (9t) of the statutes is created to read:
8	$30.50(\mathbf{9t})$ "Recreational vehicle and boating refusal law" means the all-terrain
9	vehicle refusal law, as defined in s. 23.33 (1) (br), the boating refusal law, or the
10	snowmobiling refusal law, as defined in s. 350.01 (15c).
11	SECTION 32. 30.50 (9x) of the statutes is renumbered 30.50 (2c) and amended
12	to read:
13	30.50 (2c) "Refusal Boating refusal law" means s. 30.684 (5) or a local ordinance
14	in conformity with that subsection.
15	<b>Section 33.</b> 30.681 (1) (bn) of the statutes is amended to read:
16	$30.681(1)(\mathrm{bn})$ Operating with alcohol concentrations at specified levels; below
17	legal drinking age. A person who has not attained the legal drinking age, as defined
18	in s. 125.02 (8m), may not engage in the operation of a motorboat while he or she has
19	a blood an alcohol concentration of more than 0.0 but less than $0.08$ .
20	<b>Section 34.</b> 30.681 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
21	30.681 (1) (c) Related charges. A person may be charged with and a prosecutor
22	may proceed upon a complaint based upon a violation of any combination of par. (a)
23	or (b) 1., 1m., or 2. for acts arising out of the same incident or occurrence. If the person
24	is charged with violating any combination of par. (a) or (b) 1., 1m., or 2., the offenses
25	shall be joined. If the person is found guilty of any combination of par. (a) or (b) 1.,

1m., or 2. for acts arising out of the same incident or occurrence, there shall be a single conviction for purposes of sentencing and for purposes of counting convictions under s. 30.80 (6) (a) 2. and 3. to 5. Paragraphs (a) and (b) 1., 1m., and 2. each require proof of a fact for conviction which the others do not require.

**SECTION 35.** 30.681 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

30.681 (2) (c) Related charges. A person may be charged with and a prosecutor may proceed upon a complaint based upon a violation of any combination of par. (a) or (b) 1., 1m., or 2. for acts arising out of the same incident or occurrence. If the person is charged with violating any combination of par. (a) or (b) 1., 1m., or 2. in the complaint, the crimes shall be joined under s. 971.12. If the person is found guilty of any combination of par. (a) or (b) 1., 1m., or 2. for acts arising out of the same incident or occurrence, there shall be a single conviction for purposes of sentencing and for purposes of counting convictions under s. 30.80 (6) (a) 2. and 3. to 5. Paragraphs (a) and (b) 1., 1m., and 2. each require proof of a fact for conviction which the others do not require.

**SECTION 36.** 30.681 (2) (d) 1. a. of the statutes is amended to read:

30.681 (2) (d) 1. a. In an action under this subsection for a violation of the intoxicated boating law where the defendant was operating a recreational motorboat that is not a commercial motorboat, the defendant has a defense if he or she proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the injury would have occurred even if he or she had been exercising due care and he or she had not been under the influence of an intoxicant or did not have an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more or a detectable amount of a restricted controlled substance in his or her blood.

**SECTION 37.** 30.686 of the statutes is amended to read:

30.686 Report arrest to department. If a law enforcement officer arrests
a person for a violation of the intoxicated boating law or the boating refusal law, the
law enforcement officer shall notify the department of the arrest as soon as
practicable. V

**Section 38.** 30.688 of the statutes is created to read:

30.688 Suspension or revocation of operating privileges. (1) ORDERS TO SUSPEND OR REVOKE. (a) If a court imposes a penalty for a violation of the intoxicated boating law or the boating refusal law and if the violation involved the operation of a recreational motorboat, the court shall order the suspension of the person's privilege to operate a recreational vehicle for a period of not less than 12 months and not more than 16 months. Whenever a court suspends an operating privilege under this paragraph, the court shall notify the department of that action.

(b) In addition to the order under par. (a), the court shall also order the

- revocation of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on public premises, as defined in s. 23.33 (1) (jc), if the person, within 5 years prior to the arrest for the current violation subject to the order under par. (a), was previously found in violation of the intoxicated operating law or the recreational vehicle and boating refusal law. The period of revocation shall be not less than 6 months and not more than 12 months. Whenever a court revokes an operating privilege under this paragraph, the court may take possession of the revoked license. If the court takes possession of the revoked license, the court shall destroy the license. The court shall forward to the department of transportation the record of the conviction and notice of revocation.
- (2) OPERATING WHILE SUSPENDED OR REVOKED. (a) No person may operate a recreational vehicle in violation of a suspension order imposed under sub. (1) (a).

1	(b) No person may operate a recreational motorboat during the time that the
2	person's motor vehicle operating privilege is suspended or revoked for a conviction
3	counted under s. 343.307 (1).
4	<b>SECTION 39.</b> 30.74 (1) (bn) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	30.74 (1) (bn) A certificate issued to a person under this subsection is valid for
6	life unless the certificate or the person's privilege to operate a motorboat is
7	suspended or revoked by a court under s. 30.688 (1) (a), 30.80 (2m) or (6) (e), or
8	938.343 (5).
9	<b>Section 40.</b> 30.80 (6) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
10	30.80 (6) (a) 1. Except as provided under subds. 2. to 5., a person who violates
11	s. $30.681(1)(a)$ or $(b)$ , a local ordinance in conformity with s. $30.681(1)(a)$ or $(b)$ or
12	the refusal law $30.684$ (5) shall forfeit not less than \$150 $$400$ nor more than \$300
13	<u>\$550</u> .
14	<b>Section 41.</b> 30.80 (6) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
15	30.80 (6) (a) 2. A person who violates s. 30.681 (1) (a) or (b), a local ordinance
16	in conformity with s. 30.681 (1) (a) or (b) or the refusal law or 30.684 (5) and who,
17	within 5 years prior to the arrest for the current violation, was convicted one time
18	previously under the intoxicated boating operating law or the recreational vehicle
19	and boating refusal law shall be fined not less than \$300 nor more than $\$1,000$ $\$1,100$
20	and shall be imprisoned for not less than 5 days nor more than 6 months one year
21	in the county jail.
22	<b>Section 42.</b> 30.80 (6) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:
23	30.80 (6) (a) 3. A person who violates s. 30.681 (1) (a) or (b), a local ordinance
24	in conformity with s. 30.681 (1) (a) or (b) or the refusal law or 30.684 (5) and who,
25	within 5 years prior to the arrest for the current violation, was convicted 2 times

previously under the intoxicated boating operating law or, the recreational vehicle and boating refusal law, or a combination of these laws, shall be fined not less than \$600 nor more than \$2,000 and shall be imprisoned for not less than 30 days nor more than one year in the county jail.

**SECTION 43.** 30.80 (6) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

30.80 (6) (a) 4. A person who violates s. 30.681 (1) (a) or (b), a local ordinance in conformity with s. 30.681 (1) (a) or (b) or the refusal law or 30.684 (5) and who, within 5 years prior to the arrest for the current violation, was convicted 3 times previously under the intoxicated boating operating law or, the recreational vehicle and boating refusal law, or any combination of these laws, shall be fined not less than \$600 nor more than \$2,000 and shall be imprisoned for not less than 60 days nor more than one year in the county jail.

**Section 44.** 30.80 (6) (a) 5. of the statutes is amended to read:

30.80 (6) (a) 5. A person who violates s. 30.681 (1) (a) or (b), a local ordinance in conformity with s. 30.681 (1) (a) or (b) or the refusal law or 30.684 (5) and who, within 5 years prior to the arrest for the current violation, was convicted 4 or more times previously under the intoxicated boating operating law or, the recreational vehicle and boating refusal law, or any combination of these laws, shall be fined not less than \$600 nor more than \$2,000 and shall be imprisoned for not less than 6 months nor more than one year in the county jail.

**Section 45.** 30.80 (6) (a) 6. of the statutes is amended to read:

30.80 **(6)** (a) 6. A person who violates s. 30.681 (1) (bn) or <u>a local ordinance in conformity with s. 30.681 (1) (bn) who violates 30.684 (5) and has not attained the legal drinking age shall forfeit \$50.</u>

**SECTION 46.** 30.80 (6) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

30.80 (6) (am) Penalties related to operating with underage passengers. If there is a passenger under 16 years of age in a motorboat at the time of a violation that gives rise to a conviction under s. 30.681 (1) (a) or (b) 1. or 1m. or 30.684 (5), the applicable minimum and maximum forfeitures, fines, and terms of imprisonment under par. (a) 1., 2., 3., 4., and 5. for the conviction are doubled.

**Section 47.** 30.80 (6) (ar) of the statutes is created to read:

30.80 (6) (ar) Alcohol and drug treatment alternatives. 1. In any county that opts to offer a reduced minimum period of imprisonment for the successful completion of a probation period that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, if the number of suspensions, revocations, and convictions for a violation of the intoxicated boating law or the boating refusal law within a 5-year period, equals 2, except that suspensions, revocations, or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be counted as one, the fine shall be the same as under par. (a) 2., but the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 5 days, except that if the person successfully completes a period of probation that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 5 nor more than 7 days.

2. In any county that opts to offer a reduced minimum period of imprisonment for the successful completion of a probation period that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, if the number of suspensions, revocations, and convictions for a violation of the intoxicated boating law or the boating refusal law within a 5-year period equals 3, except that suspensions, revocations, or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be counted as one, the fine shall be the same as under par. (a) 3., but the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 30 days, except that if the person successfully completes a period of probation that includes

- alcohol and other drug treatment, the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 14 days.
  - 3. In any county that opts to offer a reduced minimum period of imprisonment for the successful completion of a probation period that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, if the number of suspensions, revocations, and convictions for a violation of the intoxicated boating law or the boating refusal law within a 5-year period equals 4, except that suspensions, revocations, or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be counted as one, the fine shall be the same as under par. (a) 4., but the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 60 days, except that if the person successfully completes a period of probation that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 29 days.
  - 4. A person may be sentenced under this paragraph or under s. 23.33 (13) (bm) or 350.11 (3) (ar) once in his or her lifetime.

**SECTION 48.** 30.80 (6) (bg) of the statutes is created to read:

30.80 (6) (bg) Penalties related to suspension; intoxication. 1. A person who operates a recreational vehicle in violation of s. 30.688 (2) (a) is subject to a forfeiture of not less than \$50 nor more than \$250. In addition, for each violation under this subdivision, the court may suspend the person's privilege to operate a recreational vehicle for a period of not more than 6 months. Whenever a court suspends an operating privilege under this subdivision, the court shall notify the department of that action.

2. A person who operates a recreational motorboat in violation of s. 30.688 (2) (b) is subject to a forfeiture of not less than \$150 nor more than \$300. In addition, the court may suspend the person's privilege to operate a recreational vehicle for a

period of not more than 6 months.	Whenever a court suspends an operating privilege
under this subdivision, the court	shall notify the department of that action.

**SECTION 49.** 30.80 (6) (bn) of the statutes is created to read:

30.80 (6) (bn) Sentence of detention. The legislature intends that courts use the sentencing option under s. 973.03 (4) whenever appropriate for persons subject to par. (a) 2., 3., 4., or 5. or (b). The use of this option can result in significant cost savings for the state and local governments.

**Section 50.** 30.80 (6) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 30.80 (6) (c) 1.

**Section 51.** 30.80 (6) (c) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

30.80 (6) (c) 2. In determining the number of previous convictions under par. (a) 2. to 5., previous convictions under the the intoxicated boating law or the boating refusal law that occurred before, on, or after the effective date of this subdivision .... [LRB inserts date], and previous convictions under the intoxicated operation of an all-terrain vehicle law, as defined ins s. 23.33 (1) (ic), the all-terrain vehicle refusal law, as defined in s. 23.33 (1) (br), the intoxicated snowmobiling law, as defined in s. 350.01 (9c), or the snowmobiling refusal law, as defined in s. 350.01 (15c), that occur after the effective date of this subdivision .... [LRB inserts date], shall count as previous convictions.\footnote{\scalege}

**Section 52.** 30.80 (6) (cm) of the statutes is created to read:

30.80 (6) (cm) Reporting convictions to the department. Whenever a person is convicted of a violation of the intoxicated boating law or the boating refusal law, the court in which the conviction occurred shall forward to the department the record of such conviction. The record of conviction forwarded to the department shall state whether the offender was involved in an accident at the time of the offense.

**SECTION 53.** 30.80 (6) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:

30.80 (6) (e) Certificate of satisfactory completion of safety course. In addition to any other penalty or order, a person who for the first time violates s. 30.681 (1) or (2) or 30.684 (5) or who violates s. 940.09 or 940.25 if the violation involves the operation of a motorboat, the intoxicated boating law or the boating refusal law shall be ordered by the court to obtain a certificate of satisfactory completion of a safety course under s. 30.74 (1). If the person has a valid certificate at the time that the court imposes sentence for a such a violation, the court shall permanently revoke the certificate and order the person to obtain —a—another certificate of satisfactory completion of —a the safety course under s. 30.74 (1).

**SECTION 54.** 59.54 (14) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

59.54 (14) (g) A county may establish extensions of the jail, which need not be at the county seat, to serve as places of temporary confinement. No person may be detained in such an extension for more than 24 consecutive hours, except that a court may order that a person subject to imprisonment under s. 23.33 (13) (b) 2. ef, 3., 4b. or 5. or (c), 30.80 (6) (a) 2., 3., 4., or 5. or (b) or 350.11 (3) (a) 2. ef, 3., 4b., or 5. or (b) be imprisoned for more than 24 consecutive hours in such an extension. Jail extensions shall be subject to plans and specifications approval by the department of corrections and shall conform to other requirements imposed by law on jails, except that cells may be designed and used for multiple occupancy.

**Section 55.** 350.01 (9b) of the statutes is created to read:

350.01 **(9b)** "Intoxicated operating law" means the intoxicated operation of an all-terrain vehicle law, as defined in s. 23.33 (1) (ic), the intoxicated boating law, as defined in s. 30.50 (4m), or the intoxicated snowmobiling law.

SECTION 56. 350.01 (9j) of the statutes is created to read:
350.01 (9j) "Legal drinking age" means 21 years of age.

25

SECTION	E 77
SECTION	อน

1	SECTION 57. 350.01 (10p) of the statutes is created to read:
2	350.01 (10p) "Recreational vehicle" means an all-terrain vehicle, as defined
3	in s. 340.01 (2g), a recreational motorboat, as defined in s. 30.50 (9m), or a
4	snowmobile. $\checkmark$
5	SECTION 58. 350.01 (10q) of the statutes is created to read:
6	350.01 (10q) "Recreational vehicle and boating refusal law" means the
7	all-terrain vehicle refusal law, as defined in s. 23.33 (1) (br), the boating refusal law
8	as defined in s. 30.50 (2c), or the snowmobiling refusal law. $\checkmark$
9	SECTION 59. 350.01 (10r) of the statutes is renumbered 350.01 (15c) and
10	amended to read:
11	350.01 (15c) "Refusal Snowmobiling refusal law" means s. 350.104 (5) or a local
12	ordinance in conformity therewith.
13	Section 60. 350.101 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	350.101 (1) (c) Operating with alcohol concentrations at specified levels; below
15	legal drinking age 19. If a A person who has not attained the legal drinking age of
16	19, the person may not engage in the operation of a snowmobile while he or she has
17	an alcohol concentration of more than 0.0 but not more less than 0.08. $\checkmark$
18	Section 61. 350.101 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	$350.101$ (1) (d) $Related\ charges$ . A person may be charged with and a prosecutor
20	may proceed upon a complaint based upon a violation of any combination of par. (a)
21	(b), or (bm) for acts arising out of the same incident or occurrence. If the person is
22	charged with violating any combination of par. (a), (b), or (bm), the offenses shall be
23	joined. If the person is found guilty of any combination of par. (a), (b), or (bm) for acts

arising out of the same incident or occurrence, there shall be a single conviction for

purposes of sentencing and for purposes of counting convictions under s. 350.11 (3)

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

(a) 2. and 3. to 5. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (bm) each require proof of a fact for conviction which the others do not require.

**SECTION 62.** 350.101 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

350.101 (2) (c) Related charges. A person may be charged with and a prosecutor may proceed upon a complaint based upon a violation of any combination of par. (a), (b), or (bm) for acts arising out of the same incident or occurrence. If the person is charged with violating any combination of par. (a), (b), or (bm) in the complaint, the crimes shall be joined under s. 971.12. If the person is found guilty of any combination of par. (a), (b), or (bm) for acts arising out of the same incident or occurrence, there shall be a single conviction for purposes of sentencing and for purposes of counting convictions under s. 350.11 (3) (a) 2. and 3. to 5. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (bm) each require proof of a fact for conviction which the others do not require.

**SECTION 63.** 350.106 of the statutes is amended to read:

**350.106 Report arrest to department.** If a law enforcement officer arrests a person for a violation of the intoxicated snowmobiling law or the <u>snowmobiling</u> refusal law, the law enforcement officer shall notify the department of the arrest as soon as practicable.

**Section 64.** 350.1075 of the statutes is created to read:

350.1075 Suspension or revocation of operating privileges. (1) Orders to suspend or revoke. (a) If a court imposes a penalty for a violation of the intoxicated snowmobiling law or the snowmobiling refusal law, the court shall order the suspension of the person's privilege to operate a recreational vehicle for a period of not less than 12 months and not more than 16 months. Whenever a court suspends

an operating privilege under this paragraph,	, the court shall notify the department
of that action.	

- (b) In addition to the order under par. (a), the court shall also order the revocation of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle on public premises, as defined in s. 23.33 (1) (jc), if the person, within 5 years prior to the arrest for the current violation of the intoxicated snowmobiling law or the snowmobiling refusal law, was previously found in violation of the intoxicated operating law or the recreational vehicle and boating refusal law. The period of revocation shall be not less than 6 months and not more than 12 months. Whenever a court revokes an operating privilege under this paragraph, the court may take possession of the revoked license. If the court takes possession of the revoked license, the court shall destroy the license. The court shall forward to the department of transportation the record of the conviction and notice of revocation.
- (2) OPERATING WHILE SUSPENDED OR REVOKED. (a) No person may operate a recreational vehicle in violation of a suspension order imposed under sub. (1) (a).
- (b) No person may operate a snowmobile during the time that the person's motor vehicle operating privilege is suspended or revoked for a conviction counted under s. 343.307(1).

**Section 65.** 350.11 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

350.11 (3) (a) 1. Except as provided under subds. 2. and 3. to 5., a person who violates s. 350.101 (1) (a), (b), or (bm) or s. 350.104 (5) shall forfeit not less than \$400 nor more than \$550.

**Section 66.** 350.11 (3) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

350.11 (3) (a) 2. Except as provided under subd. 3., a A person who violates s. 350.101 (1) (a), (b), or (bm) or 350.104 (5) and who, within 5 years prior to the arrest

for the current violation, was convicted one time previously under the intoxicated		
$\underline{snow mobiling\ operating\ law\ or\ the\ \underline{recreational\ vehicle\ and\ boating\ refusal\ law\ shall}}$		
be fined not less than \$300 nor more than $\$1,000$ $\$1,100$ and shall be imprisoned not		
less than 5 days nor more than 6 months one year in the county jail.		
SECTION 67. 350.11 (3) (a) 3. of the statutes is amended to read:		
350.11 (3) (a) 3. A person who violates s. $350.101$ (1) (a), (b), or (bm) or $350.104$		
(5) and who, within 5 years prior to the arrest for the current violation, was convicted		
2 or more times previously under the intoxicated snowmobiling operating law or, the		
recreational vehicle and boating refusal law, or any combination of these laws, shall		
be fined not less than \$600 nor more than \$2,000 and shall be imprisoned not less		
than 30 days nor more than one year in the county jail.		
<b>SECTION 68.</b> 350.11 (3) (a) 4. of the statutes is renumbered 350.11 (3) (a) 6. and		
amended to read:		
350.11 (3) (a) 6. A person who violates s. $350.101$ (1) (c) or <u>who violates</u> $350.104$		
(5) and who has not attained the <u>legal drinking</u> age of 19 shall forfeit not more than		
\$50. V		
SECTION 69. 350.11 (3) (a) 4b. of the statutes is created to read:		
350.11 (3) (a) 4b. A person who violates s. 350.101 (1) (a), (b), or (bm) or 350.104		
(5) and who, within 5 years prior to the arrest for the current violation, was convicted		
3 times previously under the intoxicated operating law, the recreational vehicle and		
boating refusal law, or any combination of these laws, shall be fined not less than		
\$600 nor more than \$2,000 and shall be imprisoned not less than 60 days nor more		
than one year in the county jail.		
SECTION 70. 350.11 (3) (a) 5. of the statutes is created to read:		

350.11 (3) (a) 5. A person who violates s. 350.101 (1) (a), (b), or (bm) or 350.104 (5) and who, within 5 years prior to the arrest for the current violation, was convicted 4 or more times previously under the intoxicated operating law, the recreational vehicle and boating refusal law, or any combination of these laws, shall be fined not less than \$600 nor more than \$2,000 and shall be imprisoned not less than 6 months nor more than one year in the county jail.

**SECTION 71.** 350.11 (3) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

350.11 (3) (am) Penalties related to operating with underage passengers. If there is a passenger under 16 years of age on a snowmobile at the time of a violation that gives rise to a conviction under s. 350.101 (1) (a), (b), or (bm) or 350.104 (5), the applicable minimum and maximum forfeitures, fines, and terms of imprisonment under par. (a) 1., 2., 3., 4b., and 5. for the conviction are doubled.

**Section 72.** 350.11 (3) (ar) of the statutes is created to read:

350.11 (3) (ar) Alcohol and drug treatment alternatives. 1. In any county that opts to offer a reduced minimum period of imprisonment for the successful completion of a probation period that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, if the number of suspensions, revocations, and convictions for a violation of the intoxicated snowmobiling law or the snowmobiling refusal law within a 5-year period, equals 2, except that suspensions, revocations, or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be counted as one, the fine shall be the same as under par. (a) 2., but the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 5 days, except that if the person successfully completes a period of probation that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 5 nor more than 7 days.

- 2. In any county that opts to offer a reduced minimum period of imprisonment for the successful completion of a probation period that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, if the number of suspensions, revocations, and convictions for a violation of the intoxicated snowmobiling law or the snowmobiling refusal law within a 5-year period equals 3, except that suspensions, revocations, or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be counted as one, the fine shall be the same as under par. (a) 3., but the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 30 days, except that if the person successfully completes a period of probation that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 14 days.
- 3. In any county that opts to offer a reduced minimum period of imprisonment for the successful completion of a probation period that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, if the number of suspensions, revocations, and convictions for a violation of the intoxicated snowmobiling law or the snowmobiling refusal law within a 5-year period equals 4, except that suspensions, revocations, or convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be counted as one, the fine shall be the same as under par. (a) 4b., but the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 60 days, except that if the person successfully completes a period of probation that includes alcohol and other drug treatment, the period of imprisonment shall be not less than 29 days.
- 4. A person may be sentenced under this paragraph or under s. 23.33 (13) (bm) or 30.80 (6) (ar) once in his or her lifetime.

**SECTION 73.** 350.11 (3) (bg) of the statutes is created to read:

350.11 (3) (bg) Penalties related to suspension; intoxication. 1. A person who operates a recreational vehicle in violation of s. 350.1075 (2) (a) is subject to a

forfeiture of not less than \$50 nor more than \$250. In addition, for each violation
under this subdivision, the court may suspend the person's privilege to operate a
recreational vehicle for a period of not more than 6 months. Whenever a court
suspends an operating privilege under this subdivision, the court shall notify the
department of that action.

2. A person who operates a snowmobile in violation of s. 350.1075 (2) (b) is subject to a forfeiture of not less than \$150 nor more than \$300. In addition, the court may suspend the person's privilege to operate a recreational vehicle for a period of not more than 6 months. Whenever a court suspends an operating privilege under this subdivision, the court shall notify the department of that action.

**SECTION 74.** 350.11 (3) (bm) of the statutes is amended to read:

350.11 (3) (bm) Sentence of detention. The legislature intends that courts use the sentencing option under s. 973.03 (4) whenever appropriate for persons subject to par. (a) 2. or, 3., 4b., or 5. or (b). The use of this option can result in significant cost savings for the state and local governments.

**SECTION 75.** 350.11 (3) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 350.11 (3) (c) 1. and amended to read:

350.11 (3) (c) 1. In determining the number of previous convictions under par.

(a) 2. and 3. to 5., convictions arising out of the same incident or occurrence shall be counted as one previous conviction.

**Section 76.** 350.11 (3) (c) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

350.11 (3) (c) 2. In determining the number of previous convictions under par.

(a) 2. to 5., previous convictions under the intoxicated snowmobiling law or the snowmobiling refusal law that occurred before, on, or after the effective date of this subdivision .... [LRB inserts date], and previous convictions under the intoxicated

operation of an all-terrain vehicle law, as defined in s. 23.33 (1) (ic), the all-terrain vehicle refusal law, as defined in s. 23.33 (1) (br), the intoxicated boating law, as defined in s. 30.50 (4m), or the boating refusal law, as defined in s. 30.50 (2c), that occur after the effective date of this subdivision .... [LRB inserts date], shall count as previous convictions.\( \)

**SECTION 77.** 350.11 (3) (cm) of the statutes is amended to read:

350.11 (3) (cm) Reporting convictions to the department. Whenever a person is convicted of a violation of the intoxicated snowmobiling law or the snowmobiling refusal law, the clerk of the court in which the conviction occurred, or the justice, judge or magistrate of a court not having a clerk, shall forward to the department the record of such conviction. The record of conviction forwarded to the department shall state whether the offender was involved in an accident at the time of the offense.

**SECTION 78.** 350.11 (3) (e) of the statutes is created to read:

350.11 (3) (e) Certificate of completion of safety program. In addition to any other penalty or order, a person who for the first time violates the intoxicated snowmobiling law or the snowmobiling refusal law, shall be ordered by the court to obtain a certificate of satisfactory completion of a safety program established under s. 350.055 (1). If the person has a valid certificate at the time that the court imposes sentence for such a violation, the court shall permanently revoke the certificate and order the person to obtain another certificate of satisfactory completion of the safety program.

**Section 79.** 350.12 (4) (bg) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:

350.12 (4) (bg) 2. For fiscal year 2001–02 2009–10, and for each fiscal year thereafter, the department shall calculate an amount equal to the number of trail use stickers issued under sub. (3j) in the previous fiscal year multiplied by \$15 \$32 and

shall credit this amount to the appropriation account under s. 20.370~(5)~(cw). From the appropriation account under s. 20.370~(5)~(cw), the department shall make payments to the department or a county for the purposes specified in par. (b). The department shall make payments under par. (bm) for trail maintenance costs that were incurred in the previous fiscal year and that exceed the maximum specified under par. (b) 1. before making payments for any of the other purposes specified in par. (b).  $\sqrt{\phantom{a}}$ 

**Section 80.** 940.09 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

940.09 (1m) (b) If a person is charged in an information with any of the combinations of crimes referred to in par. (a), the crimes shall be joined under s. 971.12. If the person is found guilty of more than one of the crimes so charged for acts arising out of the same incident or occurrence, there shall be a single conviction for purposes of sentencing and for purposes of counting convictions under s. 23.33 (13) (b) 2. and 3. to 5., under s. 30.80 (6) (a) 2. and 3. to 5., under s. 343.307 (1) or under s. 350.11 (3) (a) 2. and 3. to 5. Subsection (1) (a), (am), (b), (bm), (c), (cm), (d), and (e) each require proof of a fact for conviction which the others do not require, and sub. (1g) (a), (am), (b), (c), (cm), and (d) each require proof of a fact for conviction which the others do not require.

**SECTION 81.** 940.25 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

940.25 (1m) (b) If a person is charged in an information with any of the combinations of crimes referred to in par. (a), the crimes shall be joined under s. 971.12. If the person is found guilty of more than one of the crimes so charged for acts arising out of the same incident or occurrence, there shall be a single conviction for purposes of sentencing and for purposes of counting convictions under s. 23.33 (13) (b) 2. and 3. to 5., under s. 30.80 (6) (a) 2. or 3. to 5., under ss. 343.30 (1q) and

7

1	343.305 or under s. 350.11 (3) (a) 2. and 3. to 5. Subsection (1) (a), (am), (b), (bm), (c),
2	(cm), (d), and (e) each require proof of a fact for conviction which the others do not
3	require.
4	SECTION 82. Effective date.
5	(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after

(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after publication.

(END)

D-note

#### 2009-2010 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

#### Insert ANL & D-N

Under current law, a person may not operate a snowmobile, an all-terrain vehicle (ATV), or a motorboat while under the influence of alcohol or a controlled substance to a degree that he or she cannot operate the vehicle or boat safely. Under current law, a personal watercraft is included in the definition of "motorboat." Current law also prohibits the operation of an ATV, a recreational motorboat, or a snowmobile by a person who has an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more. For motorboats being operated on a commercial basis, the maximum alcohol concentration is 0.04. These laws are respectively referred to under current law as the intoxicated operation of an ATV law, the intoxicated boating law, and the intoxicated snowmobiling law. Under current law, a person who refuses to submit to a legal request for a breath, blood, or urine sample pursuant to an arrest for operating a snowmobile, an ATV, or a recreational motorboat while under the influence is in violation of what is known as the refusal law.

Under current law, in imposing a penalty for a violation of the intoxicated operation of an ATV, the intoxicated boating, or the intoxicated snowmobiling law, a court may, only count as a previous conviction of the same law, or the applicable refusal law. For example, if a person is before the court for violating the intoxicated snowmobiling law or the snowmobile refusal law, the court may count only previous convictions of the intoxicated snowmobiling law and the snowmobile refusal law as prior convictions. Previous convictions of the intoxicated operation of an ATV law, or of the intoxicated boating law or of the applicable refusal laws may not be counted. Under the bill, a court must count previous convictions of any of these intoxicated operation or refusal laws that occurred within the previous five years when imposing

a penalty for a violation of any of these laws.

The bill provides that when counting the number of convictions within the previous 5 years, the previous convictions for intoxicated operation of that same type of recreational vehicle that occurred before the effective date of this bill are counted, but previous convictions for intoxicated operation of the other 2 types of recreational vehicles that occurred before the effective date of this bill are not counted.

The bill also requires a court to enter an order to suspend the person's privilege to operate a snowmobile, an ATV, and, a motorboat for a period of not less than 12 months and not more that 16 months if, the court imposes a penalty for a violation of the intoxicated operation of an ATV, the intoxicated boating, or the intoxicated snowmobiling law or the related refusal law. The bill also provides a forfeiture and additional 6-month period of operating privilege suspension for violating the order of suspension?

If the person is found guilty of a violation of the intoxicated operation of an ATV, the intoxicated boating, or the intoxicated snowmobiling law or the related refusal law and has, within the previous beyears, violated one of these (aw) the bill requires the court to revoke the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle for not less than 6)months and not more than 12 months. (The bill also provides a forfeiture and an

or the related refusal law

five

move

2.

additional 6-month period of operating privilege suspension for violating the order

of suspension.

Under the bill, if a person has had his or her privilege to operate a motor vehicle suspended or revoked for a violation of a prohibition against operating a motor vehicle while intoxicated, the person may not operate a snowmobile, an ATV, or a motorboat during the period of that motor vehicle operating privilege suspension or revocation

Winnebago County who are convicted of certain second or third offenses involving the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicant. Under that act, the period of imprisonment for an offense in Winnebago County involving the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of an intoxicant may be reduced if the violator successfully completes a period of probation that includes alcohol and other drug treatment. A person may complete a treatment program and receive a reduced period of imprisonment only once. 2009 Wisconsin Act 100 expanded the sentencing option to any county that opts to allow a violator to successfully complete a period of probation that includes alcohol and other drug treatment in exchange for a shorter period of imprisonment. This bill allows this option to be used for persons convicted of a violation of the intoxicated operation of an ATV, the intoxicated boating, the intoxicated snowmobiling law, or the applicable refusal law.

The bill makes the provisions of the intoxicated operating of an ATV, the intoxicated boating, and the intoxicated snowmobiling laws more consistent. These changes include:

1. Raising the age of absolute sobriety for the operation of snowmobiles and ATVs to 21. Current law requires absolute sobriety for persons under the age of 19 who are operating snowmobiles and ATVs and for persons under the age of 21 for motorboats.

2. Adopting the higher penalties for various violations where the penalties for violations of the intoxicated operation of an ATV law, the intoxicated boating law, the intoxicated snowmobiling law, and the refusal law conflictor ATV

3. Imposing increased penalties for violating the intoxicating boating law or the intoxicated snowmobiling law if the motorboat or snowmobile is operated with a passenger under 16 years of age. The increased penalty already exists for a violation of the intoxicated operation of an all-terrain vehicle law

4. The bill repeals the provisions that imposed increased penalties for operating an all-terrain vehicle with an alcohol concentration level that is 0.17 or more. Under current law, these increased penalties are not imposed for violations of the intoxicated boating or the intoxicated snowmobiling laws.

A snowmobile trail use sticker issued by the Department of Natural Resources is required on all snowmobiles that are operated in this state but that are not registered in this state. Current law requires that \$15 of each fee collected for a trail use sticker be credited to an appropriation to provide funding for the development and maintenance of snowmobile trails and routes. This bill increases the \$15 of each fee collected to \$32.

More to p. 1

Repealing

CRÎME \_

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

Date Date

LRB/-4163/1dn RPN:nwn:

flease verd the analysis carefully to make sure we followed your intent.

RAL -2

# DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-4163/1dn RPN:nwn:ph

February 24, 2010

Please read the analysis carefully to make sure we followed your intent.

Robert P. Nelson Senior Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 267–7511

E-mail: robert.nelson@legis.wisconsin.gov

#### Basford, Sarah

From:

Sent:

To:

Subject:

Van de Bogert, Abigail Wednesday, February 24, 2010 6:29 PM LRB.Legal Draft Review: LRB 09-4163/1 Topic: Operations of sport recreational vehicles while

intoxicated

Please Jacket LRB 09-4163/1 for the ASSEMBLY.